



JEFFERSONIAN REPUBLICAN

Stroudsburg, March 21, 1844.

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FOR PRESIDENT HENRY CLAY, OF KENTUCKY.

Subject to the decision of the Baltimore Convention

FOR GOVERNOR, GEN. JOSEPH MARKLE, OF WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER, SIMEON GUILFORD, OF LEBANON COUNTY.

No paper was issued from this Office last week, in consequence of our not having received a supply of paper, which we had sent for to the City. The badness of the roads, &c. prevented its arrival in time.

Our Candidate.

It will be seen by the proceedings of the Democratic Harrison State Convention, that GENERAL JOSEPH MARKLE, of Westmoreland county, has been nominated by our political friends for Governor of Pennsylvania. Although he was not our first choice, yet we consider the Delegates perfectly justifiable in the course they have taken, in nominating him and shall therefore give him our entire and undivided support—and we have no doubt, that every friend of reform in this county will do the same.

Gen. Markle is a man who rendered his country important services during the late War. When Gen. Harrison made his celebrated appeal to the Volunteers of the West for aid, Capt. Markle raised and fitted out a troop of horse, at his own expense, trusting to the honor of government for repayment. Since the War, he has lived in retirement, upon his farm. He is a man of strict moral integrity and honesty, and is possessed of a sound, discriminating judgment and cultivated intellect. He is in fine, a man around whom our citizens can rally with confidence, and success. We shall allude to him more particularly next week.

Presidential Electors.

ALEXANDER E. BROWN, Esq. of Easton, has been placed on the ticket as Elector of President and Vice President, for this Congressional District. We are glad that this honor has been conferred upon one so eminently deserving thereof. Mr. Brown has laboured long and ardently for the triumph of our principles, and no one has been more successful in his efforts. He will no doubt take the stump, as soon as the campaign fairly opens, and address the people at every prominent point in his District.

The Loco Foco Candidate.

Our opponents have nominated the Rev. Henry A. Muhlenberg, of Berks county, as their Candidate for Governor. Mr. Shunk was the next highest man in the Convention. The nomination has given great dissatisfaction to a large portion of his own party, who declare that they will, under no circumstances support Muhlenberg. The Campaign of 1835 is still fresh in their minds, and the Wolf men remember that he was then the cause of the defeat of their man.

Patriotic Conduct.

Since the nomination of Gen. Markle, his two prominent competitors in the Convention, have magnanimously come forth and declared that they will give him their cordial support. General Irwin, attended a Whig meeting at Harrisburg, the evening after the nomination was made, and in the course of his speech said, that he would sustain the nomination, and use every exertion to secure Markle's election.

The Whigs of Reading, also, held an enthusiastic meeting, on Thursday evening, after which they repaired to the residence of the Hon. John Banks, and gave him three hearty cheers. The Judge then came forth, thanked them for their kindness, and pledged himself cheerfully to abide by the decision, and support the nominee of the Convention.

The Hon. E. Joy Morris, will accept our thanks for valuable public documents.

Borough Election.

The annual election for Borough and Township officers, in Stroudsburg, took place on Friday last, and although the day was cold and disagreeable, there was considerable interest manifested which brought out a large number of voters. For Constable, the struggle was exceedingly animated, and we are glad that the person chosen is a good and responsible man, who no doubt will make an excellent officer. The following persons were elected officers for the ensuing year.

- Constable---John Frankenhield. Judge---Edward Postens. Inspectors---William Rafferty, and William P. Hallock. Overseers of the Poor---Robert Brown, and Anthony Heller. Assessor---Peter B. Flagler. Supervisors---James Burson, and George Phillips. Justice of the Peace---Morris D. Robeson. Town Clerk---Thomas J. Albright. Auditor---Francis J. Smith.

Cabinet Appointments.

The President has appointed John Y. Mason, of Virginia, to be Secretary of the Navy, in the place of the Hon. T. W. Gilmer, killed on board the Princeton, and the Senate has confirmed the appointment.

The Hon. John C. Calhoun, it is said, has accepted the office of Secretary of State, to which he was appointed, on the death of the lamented A. P. Upshur.

Judge of the Supreme Court.

The Hon. Reuben Hyde Walworth, has been appointed, by the President to the Judgeship on the Bench of the Supreme Court, made vacant by the death of Judge Thompson. Mr. Walworth, is a native of New York, an excellent lawyer, and has for some years fulfilled the arduous duties of Chancellor of that State, with distinguished ability.

Associate Judge.

We notice by the Harrisburgh papers, that on Thursday last, Governor Porter sent to the Senate the name of JOHN MERWINE, as an Associate Judge of Monroe county. The nomination is to lay over five days before being acted on.

Texas and the United States.

The latest news from Washington is, that a Treaty for the annexation of Texas to the U. States, has been concluded between the Secretary of State and the Texian Minister, and will be sent by the President to the Senate, in a few days, for its ratification. There are various speculations afloat as to its probable fate, but nothing positive is known. The better opinion, however, appears to be that the Treaty will not be ratified by the Senate.

Whig Triumph in Philadelphia.

The Whigs of Philadelphia, achieved a most splendid victory over the different factions of their opponents, at the Charter election, on Friday last. They have carried every Ward in the City, except Upper Delaware, by an aggregate majority of over two thousand votes. Next fall the majority for Clay and Markle will be at least double that.

The State Legislature.

Our law makers at Harrisburgh, like those at Washington, appear to be unable to do any work. Neither will they agree to adjourn, and thus put an end to the people's expenses. A proposition was made on Saturday last to adjourn on the 4th of April, but after some debate, it was laid on the table till the 2d of April.—So there will be no adjournment at that time.

General Markle.

The nomination of this Old Veteran, for the office of Chief Magistrate of Pennsylvania, is hailed in every direction with an enthusiasm which cannot fail to be the harbinger of victory. The friends of Gen. Harrison, are delighted to have for their candidate a man, who has served his country as faithfully as Joseph Markle has, and who enjoyed the confidence and esteem of their lamented chief, in such an eminent degree. Gen. Markle, together with his own popularity, and the dissatisfaction which prevails in the loco foco ranks, in consequence of the nomination of the Rev. Mr. Muhlenberg, will receive a larger majority of the freemen of Pennsylvania, than has been cast for any Governor for many years.

The two Generals.

The following good story was related at a meeting in Harrisburgh. After the two Conventions had made their nominations, a Whig was accosted by a Loco with, "well, we have now two Generals in the field: General Muhlenberg and Gen. Markle, the one was commissioned to fight the Devil, the other the Indians."—"True" replied the Whig, "and the difference between them is, that General Markle whips the Indians; but the Devil licked General Muhlenberg."

Democratic Whig State Convention.

This Convention met at Harrisburg, on the 4th inst.

The following persons were appointed its officers:—

- President.—WILLIAM MARKS, of Allegheny. Vice Presidents.—JOHN H. EWING, of Washington, JOSEPH SAGER, of Lehigh, JACOB KIRK, of York, BELA BADGER, of Philadelphia, JOSEPH R. CHANDLER, do., MILLER HORTON, of Luzerne, U. V. PENNYPACKER, of Chester, WILLIAM BISHOP, of Bedford, J. C. NEVILLE, of Schuylkill, GEORGE MEANS, of Clarion, GEO. JARRETT, of Franklin, BENJ. HARRISON, of Clearfield, S. S. BELL, of Berks, ROB. ELLIOT, of Perry, JOS. KONGMACHER, of Lancaster. Secretaries.—T. W. Duffield, jr., of Philadelphia, J. B. Salisbury, of Susquehanna, John H. Keller, of Northampton, Tho. Struthers, of Warren, L. A. Mackey, of Clinton, E. Sankey, of Mercer, John Hanson, of Bradford. Several persons were nominated as candidates for nomination for Governor, viz:— Chester Butler, John Banks, Joseph Markle, Ner Middleswain, George W. Toland, James Irvin, and James Cooper. After the balloting commenced some of the candidates were withdrawn.

March 5.

On the 22d ballot, Gen. JOSEPH MARKLE, of Westmoreland, received a majority of the votes, and was declared to be duly nominated.

The following resolution was then offered by Mr. Conrad, and unanimously adopted.

Resolved, That this Convention most cordially and unanimously nominate Gen. JOSEPH MARKLE for Governor of this Commonwealth, and recommend him to all the People of Pennsylvania as a gentleman of sound Democratic Whig principles, a firm friend of American Industry, and in every respect eminently qualified to promote the interests of our State.

Mr. REED, from the committee appointed on the subject, reported the following able and spirited resolutions, which were read, and were greeted with unbounded and heart-cheering applause:

This Convention, representing the Party which in 1840 yielded the minor differences to a patriotic determination to change and reform the administration of the General Government, and triumphed in the election of Harrison, deems it a duty on the eve of a still greater contest, to announce publicly and distinctly, the principles which have guided their deliberations, and for which, before the people of Pennsylvania, they and their candidates are pledged. They have therefore unanimously

Resolved, 1. That the Government of the United States in accordance with the designs of the framers of the Constitution should be administered in a spirit of wise and generous beneficence, to be strictly confined within the limits which are prescribed to its action, and yet made in its relation to the States and to the People, where no express limits are prescribed, to effect the greatest good to the greatest number, and to make this not only an united but a prosperous Nation.

2. That strong in this faith—a faith authorized and sustained by the authority of those who, having framed it, best knew what the Constitution meant—this Convention and the party it represents, utterly rejects that theory of the Government which denies all power to encourage and sustain the great interests of the people, Agriculture, Commerce and Manufactures, for the protection of which, more than any other object, the Constitution was framed and the Union established.

3. That we reject that policy of Government, which assuming the power to exist, to give to every branch of industry its due protection, neglects or refuses to exercise it, and exhibits the incongruous and humiliating spectacle of a Government failing to discharge functions which it is admitted in spirit and in letter to possess.

4. That the present Tariff of duties enacted by a Whig Congress, and proudly claimed as a monument of Whig statesmanship, embodying the principle of protection to Domestic Industry, so far as it affects the interests of Pennsylvania, ought to be sustained. It has stimulated industry, given new and active occupation to thousands, opened home markets to agriculture, and developed vast mineral resources, on which our Pennsylvania prosperity so much depends, and appeals to the honest pride of Pennsylvania for its support.

5. That when Martin Van Buren wrote to the Editors of the Richmond Inquirer the memorable words, "I have at no time nor any where hesitated to express my decided disapprobation of the Tariff of 1842, AS WELL IN RESPECT TO THE PRINCIPLE UPON WHICH IT IS FOUNDED AS TO ITS DETAILS," he forfeited all claim to the favors of the people of Pennsylvania, who approving alike of the principles and details of the Tariff, now know that he is opposed to their best interests and long cherished and unalterable opinions.

6. That in the judgment of this Convention, there are other functions of Government under the Constitution for the exercise of which the exigencies of the times especially called and among them, not the least, the restoration of the currency, too long disturbed and unsettled, the continuance of the Cumberland Road and other Constitutional and well authorized modes of Internal Improvement, the preservation of our harbors, both on the sea board and the lakes, and the navigation of our great rivers, and such a distribution of the public domain amongst the States as will relieve the necessities under which they are now suffering.

7. That for the purpose of administering the Government on these principles, and carrying into full effect the generous purposes of the Constitution, as construed and administered by the first and greatest President, by Washington

himself—with a view to the practical assertion of principles of beneficent administration, and especially to ensure to Pennsylvania and her neglected interests the support and protection they deserve—in the confident assurance that hopes of good government too long deferred, cannot otherwise be realized—with a reliance on the security which a long life of virtuous public conduct affords, on fidelity to his friends and to his principles, this Convention, representing the great party which carried Harrison to his glorious victory, proclaim HENRY CLAY of Kentucky, as the Pennsylvania candidate, its first and only choice as President of the United States.

8. That in the approaching contest the Whigs of Pennsylvania are willing to meet the issue tendered by our adversaries, and revise the judgment which four years ago the Nation pronounced. They are willing to record their votes again in the same way, for the same good cause, and against the same party under the same leader, and to prove that an honest "first impression" is the same as a "sober second thought," and that in 1844 they are content to fight and conquer over the grave and for the principles of Harrison.

9. That it is the wish of this Convention that the candidate for the Vice Presidency be taken from Pennsylvania, and whilst we pledge ourselves, and those we represent, to a cheerful acquiescence in the decision of the National Convention, we earnestly press the claims of our Commonwealth, too long neglected, to a share of the high honors it will bestow.

10. That the coming election for Governor of the Commonwealth, is one which ought to command universal interest amongst all who have at heart the true interests of the State, and the restoration of her character and credit. It will be a contest between men selected for reasons and under circumstances widely different. Our candidate named by the free choice of the representatives of the people; theirs the fruit of combinations the most palpable. Ours pledged to principles of public action, having for their aim the good of the people; theirs committed to that system which has too long disgraced us, of rewarding political services by public trusts. Theirs the reluctant supporter of one whom Pennsylvania never cordially honored; ours the willing friend and associate of Pennsylvania's truest friend—the friend of Henry Clay.

11. That the people have a right to expect from their Executive a total and entire change of public conduct from that under which for years we have suffered, a rigid and systematic economy in every branch of the public service, a retrenchment of expenditure, a strict accountability of public officers, no increase of the State debt by Executive evasion, no prostitution of the pardoning power and no indirect exercise of the Veto to defeat the popular or the Legislative will. These are the expectations of the people, which will not, and must not be disappointed.

12. That in JOSEPH MARKLE of Westmoreland county we find one to whom the concurring testimony of his friends and neighbours (the best testimonials a man can have) points as a man of capacity, experience and integrity—one whose services, written on the pages of our domestic history, endear him to all who recollect or have heard of the perils of former days, and one coming fresh from the ranks of an oppressed and injured people will be most competent to meet the expectations which the people have formed, expectations of retrenchment, reform, and restoration of the public credit. He is nominated from a high sense not only of his merit but of his hold on the affections of the people, and he will be sustained by the unanimous and cordial support of this Convention and the vast united constituency it represents. That support we promise and our constituents gladly will redeem.

13. That as Pennsylvanians we consider it due to ourselves and to the cause of justice, on all occasions and at all times, with or without reference to party organization, to assert in the broadest terms, our sense of the inviolable obligation of the public faith; and our wish as individuals and as a party, that effective measures be adopted to retrieve the dishonor that rests on us, and redeem the word of honor of the State—holding in equal abhorrence and scorn the false morality which distinguishes the duty of the State from that of an individual, to pay its honest debts at any cost or any sacrifice.

14. That in view of the great contest about to occur, this Convention deeply and solemnly impressed with a sense of the responsibility which rests on those they represent, to spare no efforts to secure to the Nation an honest administration of its government, to call upon the Whigs of 1844, the Harrison men of 1840, the friends of Henry Clay and of Domestic Industry, to unite heart and hand in the great conflict about to commence, to organize effectively and minutely in every township of the Commonwealth, to circulate information every where, and by all fair means to convolve the people in primary meetings, to address and confer with them face to face and man to man, and as in the intercourse of honest men with honest men, appeal to candid intelligence and the generous impulses which regulate public as well as private conduct. To such an appeal we invite our adversaries, and pledge ourselves confident that on such an appeal the people in the honest exercise of their judgment true to the cause of republican principles and their well ascertained interests, will decide with us and for our candidates.

SIMEON GUILFORD, of Lebanon, was nominated for Canal Commissioner.

WILLIAM B. REED, of Philadelphia, and JOHN STROM, of Lancaster, were elected Senatorial Delegates to the National Convention

March 6.

The following Electoral Ticket was nominated and unanimously adopted, viz:

SENATORIAL ELECTORS. CHESTER BUTLER, of Luzerne. TOWNSEND HAINES, of Chester.

- Districts. 1 Joseph G. Clarkson, Philadelphia. 2 John Price Wetherill, do. 3 John D. Neinsteele, do. 4 John S. Little, Germantown, Phila. co. 5 Eleazer T. McDowell, Doylestown, Bucks co. 6 Benj. Frick, Limerick, r. o. Montgomery co. 7 Isaac W. Vanleer, Wallace p. o. Chester co. 8 William Heister, New Holland, Lancaster co. 9 John S. Heister, Reading, Berks co. 10 John Killinger, Anville, Lebanon co. 11 Alex. E. Brown, Easton, Northampton co. 12 Jonathan J. Slocum, Wilkesbarre, Luzerne co. 13 Henry Drinker, Montrose, Susquehanna co. 14 James Pollock, Milton, Northumberland co. 15 Frederick Watts, Carlisle, Cumberland co. 16 Daniel M. Smyser, Gettysburg, Adams co. 17 James Mathers, Millintown, Juniata co. 18 Andrew J. Ogle, Somerset, Somerset co. 19 Daniel Washlagh, Bedford, Bedford co. 20 John L. Gow, Washington, Washington co. 21 Andrew W. Loomis, Pittsburg, Allegheny co. 22 James M. Power, Greenfield, Mercer co. 23 William A. Irvine, Irvine, Warren co. 24 Benj. Hartsorn, Curwensville, Clearfield co.

The President announced the following STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

- Hon. JOHN REED, Cumberland county. JAMES HANNA, Philadelphia city. W. M'MAHON, do. JOHN S. RICHARDS, Berks. GEORGE W. HAMERSLEY, Lancaster. THOMAS McCULLOUGH, Franklin. U. V. PENNYPACKER, Chester. R. S. CASSATT, Allegheny. WILLIAM STEWART, Mercer. JOHN BLANCHARD, Centre. THOMAS STRUTHERS, Warren. THOMAS R. SILL, Erie. ROBERT SMITH, Adams. HENRY PEPPER, Dauphin. HENRY M. SNYDER, Union.

A resolution tendering the thanks of the Convention to its officers, was unanimously adopted; and after several spirited addresses, the Convention adjourned.

Case of Joseph Carter, Jr.

The argument in this case before the Supreme Court at Trenton, was concluded on Friday morning, but the opinion of the Court had not been delivered when the Gazette went to press.

P. S. Decision.—Prisoner to be tried here in June on one indictment, and upon the rest thereafter, if necessary.—Bel: Apollo.

Special Election.

Governor Porter has issued writs, ordering an election to be held on Friday, the 5th of April next, in the 14th Congressional District, composed of the counties of Union, Northumberland, Lycoming, and Clinton, to supply the vacancy in the Congress of the United States, occasioned by the death of Henry Frick, Esq.

Palm Leaf Hats and Straw Bonnets.

It is estimated that upwards of 22,000 palm Leaf Hats were manufactured in the town of Amherst last year. The number of straw bonnets manufactured at the extensive manufactory of Mack & Son, amounted to upwards of \$50,000! This establishment keeps 50 females sewing straw braid. The braiding is mostly done in the vicinity, which keeps a large number of persons constantly employed.—Nor. Cour.

Patent Horse Power Saw Mills.

Mr. John Norcross, of Putnam, Ga., says the Milledgeville Journal, has obtained a patent for a horse power saw mill, on the plan of the inclined tread wheel and adhesive pulley, the saw running in guides. From the different certificates we have seen, it appears that Mr. N. has built several mills, and that all of them work well, sawing from five hundred to one thousand feet of lumber per day, with 3 mules or horses. The cost of building one of these mills is comparatively small, and requiring no water to propel them, they will no doubt be of the greatest advantage to persons living far from water courses, or those residing in the prairie.

MARRIED.

At Plattskill, Ulster county, N. Y., on the 22d ult., Mr. John T. Palmer, formerly of Stroudsburg, and Miss Eliza Ann Bertzel, of the former place.

In Hamilton, on the 3d inst., by Michael Shoemaker, Esq. Mr. Abraham Metzger, and Lydia Newhart, all of the former place.

On Saturday the 9th inst., by F. Starbuck, Esq. Mr. Andrew Bartsler, and Miss Julia A. Brutzman, both of Smithfield tsp., Monroe co.

On Thursday evening last, by F. Starbuck, Esq. Mr. Thomas Smiley, Jr. and Miss Catherine Ott, both of Stroud tsp., Monroe co.

DIED.

In Smithfield township, on the 7th instant, Charity Gulick, in the 40th year of her age.

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES.

French and English Cloths and Cassimeres. American Cassimeres, Cloths and Sateenets. English and American Tweed Coatings. Single Milled Cloths and Cassimeres. Silk Velvet and Black Satin Vestings. Cashmere, Thibet and other Vestings. Silk and Alpaca Serges. A full assortment of Tailors' Trimmings. New style Spring and Summer pantaloons. With various other seasonal goods, embracing the latest styles, are offered at the lowest market prices.

LIPPINCOTT & PARRY. Wholesale and Retail Cloth Store, No. 57 North Second Street, Philadelphia. 3rd month 9, 1844. N. B.—Orders from a distance carefully supplied and warranted to suit. 21m2.