

**U. S. Supreme Court, Important Decision against Stay Laws.**

Washington, Feb. 28, 1843.

Gentlemen—As it cannot be too soon or too generally known, it gives me pleasure to inform you of a decision of much moment, and of high conservative character, made to-day by the Supreme Court, with no other dissentient, but his Honor Justice Mr. McLean. It is this: That the States have no authority, with reference to existing contracts, entered into prior to such legislation, to provide for the exemption of property from sale under decrees of judgments until it shall have been first appraised under such a law and unless it shall bring a sum bearing a prescribed proportion to the amount of such appraisement. The question arose upon a certain certificate of division in opinion between the Judges of the Circuit Court of the U. S. for the District of Illinois, in the case of Bronson and Kinzie, involving the constitutionality of two Acts of Assembly of that State, the one passed 19th February, 1841; the other the 27th of the same month and year. The following is a copy of the answer of the Supreme Court to the questions: "First—the decree should direct the premises to be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, wit out regard to the law of 19th February, 1841, which gives the right of redemption to the mortgager for twelve months, and to the judgment creditor for fifteen months.

"Second—That decree should direct the sale of the mortgaged premises without being first valued by three householders, and without requiring two thirds of the amount of the said valuation to be bid according to law of February 27, 1841."

The Hagerstown, Md., News, reports a curious case which came before a magistrate in that place, on Saturday last. The parties to the suit were Bayers vs. Herchberger, and the sum involved was 75 cents. The accounts made out against the defendant was for eatbles, lodging, and firewood, while he was paying his addresses to a housemaid in the employ of the plaintiff. No judgment has yet been given. This is rather a queer case.—*Chronicle.*

**IMPORTANT**—By a case lately decided in one of the New York Courts, it turns out to be the law of that State, that when the principle of a debt is received, an action cannot be maintained for the interest.

A hunter, in Canada, who aimed at a noble deer, accidentally shot a valuable horse, and was obliged to pay \$200. This was deer shooting which he little anticipated.

It is stated that there were imported into Charleston, S. C., from Africa, in the years 1804, '5, '6 and '7, 39, 310 slaves.

A manufacturer at Lowell, Mass., having refused to pay the wages due the girls in his employ, they caught him and gave him a severe beating.

The Senate of Ohio, have passed a bill, fixing the legal rate of interest, in that State at seven per cent.

**The Villain Lefevre.**  
The Argus, published in Bradford county, Pa., states that the offspring of the guilty wretch Lefevre, (the hypocritical scoundrel who palmed himself off as a minister of the gospel,) died the day after birth, from the effect it is supposed, of drugs, administered to procure abortion, and that his victim is a maniac.

**No Humbug.**

It has recently been decided by one of the Courts in England that a house is not tenatable that is infested with bad bugs, and that a lease upon the premises can be broken in consequence.

Store rents in New York, are said to be lower this year, than they have been for many years back.

Mr. Hunt, the celebrated preacher on Temperance, has been lecturing in Millintown, Pa.; and the Times of that place is highly delighted with him. We also learn by a letter from Lewisstown, that he is in that place, and created quite a sensation by his peculiar style of lecturing. In one of his lectures he attacked the intemperate extent to which the ladies carried their bustling habits. Turning his back, which is humped, around to the audience, he remarked that had nature granted the ladies such a bustle as he had they would think it neither a beauty nor a convenience, and be more anxious to do without them than they now are. to put them on! Good, for "old Hunt!"—*Pa. Tel.*

The Peoria Register relates the following incident: "Two waggons with specie arrived at Princeton Bureau County, on Monday of last week, in the midst of a heavy snow storm. The landlord of the house at which they stopped, anxious to oblige his guests, commenced helping in with the boxes, but being unpracticed in the art of handling specie, he let the first one fall, and the half dollars rolled out like marbles. Here was a pretty kettle of fish. The snow was nearly a foot deep, and the wind blowing with merciless severity. The receiver (Judge Garnsey) observing through an open door that there was a large kettle of water on the fire, ordered it to be brought which being poured upon the snow, removed it almost instantly. The money was gathered up, and on being counted, it was found that only two half dollars out of thirty hundred were missing.—Those the landlord's son found the next morning, when all was made right again."

**Working Cows.**

It seems now to be generally admitted that the cow after a certain age, may, by careful management in driving and feeding, be made nearly as profitable to the farmer as the ox. Why the cow should ever have enjoyed an exemption from labor, is more than we can decide. The mate does not appear ever to have escaped the yoke of servitude, although it is difficult to ascertain perhaps why she has not been so favored as well as the cow. A neighbor of ours has recently broken over the bounds of prejudice in this respect, and has regularly worked his cows on the road for several months, with flattering success. He says that he finds them as docile, and in every respect as easy to manage, as oxen of the same age. Another individual adopted the practice last spring from necessity. He was so unfortunate as to lose a fine three year old, and not having the means to purchase a mate immediately, he yoked up a couple of cows, with which he has since done all his light work on the farm, besides working them frequently on the road. In Scotland, the practice of working cows is quite common. They are made to plough, harrow, and cart materials both to and from the fields, in short to perform all the tasks which, in this country, and indeed, even in Scotland, were, until a late period, imposed exclusively upon the ox or horse.—*Maine Cultivator.*

**The Unlooked for Comet.**

A writer in the New Bedford Mercury, who had noticed the new comet at midday, says: "Its brilliancy was almost equal to that of Venus. Its situation is very near the limb of the sun; its tail appears about 3 degrees in length. It may be the comet announced some three months in Europe; it was then traversing the constellation Draco; be it that or another, it is of rare brilliancy.—There are but three on record of sufficient brilliancy to be seen in the day season. The first was 43 years before Christ, and is called a 'hairy star;' it was seen with the naked eye in the day time. The second was in the year 1402 and was so brilliant that the light of the sun, at the end of March, did not hinder people from seeing it at midday; both its nucleus and its tail was, to use the language of the day, 'two fathoms long.' The third appeared on Feb. 18th 1774, and nearly equalled Venus in splendor, and many persons saw it at midday without glasses. It may yet prove that the comet of to-day is the same as that of 1402."

**NOTICE.**

A Petition for the Benefit of the Bankrupt Law, has been filed the 27th February 1843, by

Vincent Huguener, Pike.  
Which Petition will be heard before the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, sitting in Bankruptcy, at the District Court room in the City of Philadelphia, on Friday the 7th day of April next, at 11 o'clock, A. M. when and where all persons interested may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said Petition should not be granted, and the said Petitioner declared Bankrupt.

FRANCIS HOPKINSON,  
Clerk of the District Court.  
Philadelphia, March 4, 1843.—3t.

**NOTICE.**

A meeting of the Monroe co. Bible Society, will be held at the Court House in Stroudsburg on Monday evening the 27th inst. It is very desirable that all who feel any interest in the purely benevolent object of the Bible Cause, will exert themselves to attend. Those who have taken bibles for distribution and sale in the various townships, are especially invited to attend.  
WM. P. VAHL, Sec.  
March 15, 1843.

**NOTICE.**

Sherman's Poor Man's Plasters, Cough Lozenges, and Peters' Pills; For sale at this office.

**LADIES' COMPANION!**

A STANDARD NATIONAL MAGAZINE, Published Monthly in the City of New-York, by WILLIAM W. SNOWDEN.

NUMEROUS ENGRAVINGS IN EACH NUMBER.  
The exalted reputation of this popular magazine has been so long and so widely established that it may perhaps be deemed by some supererogatory on the part of the proprietor to offer a direct exposition of its merits and its claims. The Ladies' Companion needs no laudatory puffs to force it into a precarious existence: it has, for a number of years, spoken for itself, and in a voice which has found a most satisfactory response in the literary taste of the age. Conforming, however, to custom, which seems to demand a few words occasionally from the proprietor to his patrons and the public, we will simply and succinctly enumerate the chief titles which this standard national magazine has to the enormous patronage which it has for so many years enjoyed, and to that regular and uninterrupted advance in the favor of the critical, the literary and the refined, which has ever, in a degree peculiar to itself, characterized the progress of the work.

On the minor merits of the Ladies' Companion,—the mechanical execution, paper, typography, etc., it is needless to dwell. It has ever been the object of the proprietor to place his magazine, even in these points, beyond competition; but in doing so, he has had no disposition to sacrifice the more important and substantial qualities which ought to distinguish a national and standard periodical. It is its preeminence in the literary department, upon which is based the principal claims of the Ladies' Companion. To its pages the proprietor boldly refers for proof of the assertion that by none of its numerous rivals and imitators, has the Companion ever been equalled or even approached in its

**Literary Character.**  
If further proof were needed, the proprietor would point with emotions of pleasure and pride, to the following list of distinguished names, embracing the principal regular contributors, whose able pens have exerted so much influence through the pages of this magazine upon the literary taste of the day.

**PROMINENT CONTRIBUTORS.**  
Emma C Embury, author of "Pictures of Early Life," the "Blind Girl," etc.; Lydia H Sigourney; Frances S Osgood; Mrs. Seba Smith; Mrs. E. F. Ellet, author of "Character of Schiller," etc.; Ann S Stephens; Hannah F Gould; Mrs. E. R. Steele; Mrs. A. M. F. Angan, late Miss Buchanan; Miss A. D. Woodbridge; Mrs. Emeline S Smith; F. W. Thomas, author of "Clinton Bradshaw," etc.; Caroline Orne, of Wolsboro', N. H.; Miss Mary Ann Browne, England, Mrs. M. St. Leon Loud, Pennsylvania; Professor J. H. Ingraham; Louis Fitzgerald Tassitor; Nathaniel P. Willis; Theodore S Fay; Edgar A. Poe; George P. Morris, author of "Drier Cliff," and the "National Melodies,"—together with a large number of prominent writers, whose names we have not room here to insert.

This list, embracing some of the most profound original and vigorous intellects of the male sex, and the most brilliant, graceful and witty of the fair, cannot easily be paralleled by any other magazine in the country. It affords the surest guarantee of the determination and the ability of the proprietor to make the literary character of his work commensurate with its immense and increasing circulation. From the variety of talent every diversity of taste may expect to be gratified, and every kind of elegant literature receive a proper attention. Poetry, tales, sketches, essays, embodying the brilliant conceptions, the graceful imaginings, the original inventions, and the witty or profound thoughts of the able writers we have enumerated, have and will continue to administer, each in proportion, to the amusement and instruction of the readers of the Companion.

**EDITORS' TABLE.**  
In this department is embraced short notices of those occurrences which are deemed of sufficient interest to demand attention—critical remarks upon new books, and upon the productions of the stage. It will be an object of the proprietor to preserve the reputation, which this department has acquired for sound and unprejudiced decisions.

**THE EMBELLISHMENTS.**  
It may be safely asserted that in this interesting and striking feature, the Ladies' Companion is yet unrivalled. It is not merely in the beauty and perfection of the engravings that it excels, but also in the character of the subjects which are invariably selected with the greatest care and reflection, and with reference to their utility and artistic merit, not to the facility and consequent cheapness with which they yield themselves to the burin of the engraver. Every number is ornamented with steel plates, executed by the first artists, in the most finished manner, expressly for the work! Scriptural engravings are also occasionally published. The reader therefore, for the low price at which the "Companion" is afforded, in addition to its admirable literary articles, obtains a port folio of elegant steel engravings.

**THE MONTHLY FASHIONS.**  
make another, and the proprietor thinks, valuable department. Attention is paid as well to the excellence and finish of the plate, as to correctness of costume. To the ladies, it furnishes a faithful and beautiful record of the mutations in dress.

**THE MUSICAL DEPARTMENT.**  
offers an opportunity to the display of taste in the selection of pieces, which it may be safely affirmed, has been always taken advantage of. Most of the popular and valuable songs published under the immediate supervision of a distinguished musical professor, have been given to the world in the pages of this magazine. Continued attention will be paid to this department.

**TERMS AND CONTRIBUTIONS.**—The Ladies' Companion is published at THREE DOLLARS a year, payable in advance, or four dollars during the year. Two copies, or two years, for five dollars—if current funds, in advance—post paid. The work is punctually issued on the first of every month, and is forwarded to subscribers by the earliest mails, strongly enveloped. New volumes commence with the May and November numbers.

**CLUBBING.**  
Price of Subscription is \$3 per annum.  
Two Copies, or two years, for 5 "  
Five Copies for 10 "  
Eight Copies for 15 "  
Eleven Copies for 20 "  
All letters and communications must be post paid, or they are not taken from the post office. Address  
WILLIAM W. SNOWDEN,  
109 Fulton Street, New-York.

**BLANK DEEDS**  
For sale at this office.

**NOTICE.**

A Petition for Discharge and Certificate under the Bankrupt Law, has been filed by John Eysenberger, Tobaccoist, Monroe. And Friday the 26th day of May next at 11 o'clock, A. M. is appointed for the hearing thereof, before the said Court, sitting in Bankruptcy, at the District Court Room, in the City of Philadelphia, when and where the Creditors of the said Petitioner who have proved their Debts, and all other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why such Discharge and Certificate should not be granted.

FRAS. HOPKINSON,  
Clerk of the District Court.  
Philadelphia, March 1, 1843.—10t.

**NOTICE.**

A Petition for the Benefit of the Bankrupt Law, has been filed the 14th February, 1843, by Henderson D. Harvey, Laborer, Pike Co. Which Petition will be heard before the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, sitting in Bankruptcy, at the District Court room in the City of Philadelphia, on Friday the 17th day of March next, at 11 o'clock, A. M. when and where all persons interested may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said Petition should not be granted, and the said Petitioner declared Bankrupt.

FRAS. HOPKINSON,  
Clerk of the District Court.  
Philadelphia, Feb. 15, 1843.—3t.

**NOTICE.**

A Petition for Discharge and Certificate under the Bankrupt Law, has been filed by Samuel Case, Butcher, Monroe county. And Saturday the 26th day of April next at 11 o'clock, A. M. is appointed for the hearing thereof, before the said Court, sitting in Bankruptcy, at the District Court Room, in the City of Philadelphia, when and where the Creditors of the said Petitioner, who have proved their Debts, and all other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why such Discharge and Certificate should not be granted.

FRAS. HOPKINSON,  
Clerk of the District Court.  
Philadelphia, Feb. 11, 1843.—10w.

**NOTICE.**

Petitions for Discharge and Certificate under the Bankrupt Law, have been filed by John H. Brodhead, Farmer, late Merchant, and late partner in the firms of Mott & Brodhead, and of the firm of Stoll & Brodhead, Pike county. And Saturday the 29th day of April next, at 11 o'clock, A. M. is appointed for the hearing thereof, before the said Court, sitting in Bankruptcy, at the District Court Room, in the City of Philadelphia, when and where the Creditors of the said Petitioners, who have proved their Debts, and all other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why such Discharge and Certificate should not be granted.

FRAS. HOPKINSON,  
Clerk of the District Court.  
Philadelphia, January 30, 1843.—10.

**NOTICE.**

A Petition for Discharge and Certificate under the Bankrupt Law, has been filed by David R. Burley, late Merchant, Pike county. And Friday the 31st day of March next, at 11 o'clock, A. M. is appointed for the hearing thereof, before the said Court, sitting in Bankruptcy, at the District Court Room in the City of Philadelphia, when and where the Creditors of the said Petitioner, who have proved their Debts, and all other persons in interest, may appear and show cause if any they have, why such Discharge and Certificate should not be granted.

FRAS. HOPKINSON,  
Clerk of the District Court.  
Philadelphia, Dec. 28, 1842.—10.

**LUMBER! LUMBER!!**

**Prices Reduced.**  
100,000 feet White Pine Boards c\$10 00 and \$11 25 per thousand.  
50,000 feet White Pine Siding c\$10 00, \$11 25 and \$12 50 per thousand.  
30,000 feet Yellow Pine Heart Boards \$13 00  
20,000 " " " Sap " c\$9 00 per thousand.  
40,000 feet Hemlock Boards c\$8 00 per m.  
40,000 Pine Shingles from \$6 50 to \$15 00 per thousand.  
4,000 feet Panel Boards 1-3 inch, 1 inch and 1 1-2.  
All kinds of

**PRODUCE**

will be taken in exchange for the above, at the highest market price, and good money would not be refused. We respectfully solicit all persons in want of

**LUMBER,**

before purchasing elsewhere, to call on  
C. W. DEWITT & BROTHER,  
Milford, March 2, 1843.

**Clocks.**

Brass 30 hour Clocks,  
Wood 30 do do  
For sale cheap, by  
C. W. DEWITT,  
Milford, Dec. 3, 1842.

**BANK NOTE LIST.**

corrected weekly for the Jeffersonian Republican. The notes of those banks on which quotations are omitted and a dash (—) substituted, are not purchased by the brokers.

<b>Pennsylvania.</b>	West branch bank	1
Philadelphia bank	Pittsburg	2
Bank of North America	Waynesburg	3
Farmers' & Mechanics'	Brownsville	4
Western bank	Erie bank	5
Southwest bank	Scranton bank	6
Keansington bank	Scranton bank	7
Bank of Northern Liberties	Belleville	8
Mechanics' bank	Belleville	9
Commercial bank	Belleville	10
Bank of Penn Township	Belleville	11
Manufacturers' & Merchants'	Belleville	12
Marymanning bank	Belleville	13
United States bank	Belleville	14
Girard do	Belleville	15
Pennsylvania bank	Belleville	16
Bank of Germantown	Belleville	17
Bank of Montgomery co.	Belleville	18
Bank of Delaware county	Belleville	19
Bank of Chester county	Belleville	20
Doyle store bank	Belleville	21
Farmers' bank of Bucks	Belleville	22
Easton bank	Belleville	23
Farmers' bank of Reading	Belleville	24
Lebanon bank	Belleville	25
Harrisburg bank	Belleville	26
Middletown bank	Belleville	27
Farmers' bank Lancaster	Belleville	28
Lancaster bank	Belleville	29
Lancaster county bank	Belleville	30
Northampton bank	Belleville	31
Columbia bridge	Belleville	32
Carlisle bank	Belleville	33
Northumberland bank	Belleville	34
Miners bank of Pottsville	Belleville	35
York bank	Belleville	36
Chambersburg bank	Belleville	37
Gettysburg bank	Belleville	38
Wyoming do	Belleville	39
Honesdale do	Belleville	40
Bank of Lewisstown	Belleville	41
Bank of Susquehanna co.	Belleville	42
Lum. bank at Warren	Belleville	43

**CHEAP FOR CASH.**

Caliskins, Kips, and Upper Leather.  
For sale at the POCONO TANNERY.  
February 1, 1843.

**WILLIAM G. SALMON.**  
Attorney at Law,  
Milford, Pike county, Pa.  
(OFFICE NEARLY OPPOSITE THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.)  
September 14, 1842.

**STROUDSBURG FEMALE SEMINARY.**

The Autumn Term of this Institution commenced on the seventh day of November, under the superintendance of Miss A. M. Stokes, and is now open for the reception of pupils. The branches taught in this Seminary are Reading, Writing, Geography, Grammar, Rhetoric, Composition, History, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Botany, Logic, Mathematics, Drawing and Painting, the Greek, Latin, German Languages, &c. The Seminary being endowed by the State, instruction is afforded at two dollars per quarter, inclusive of all the above branches. Board can be obtained in respectable families on reasonable terms. The Trustees with full confidence commend the Stroudsburg Female Seminary to the patronage of the public.  
JOHN HUSTON, President  
of the Board of Trustees.  
December 14, 1842.—4t.

**LUMBER! LUMBER!!**

The subscribers have at their Mill situate three miles from John Fleet's Tavern, which is on the Drinker Pike, and only half a mile from Henry W. Drinker, Esq., a large and general assortment of seasoned  
**White Pine Lumber**  
of the best quality, which they offer at very low prices. Purchasers would do well to call and examine their assortment, being from 5 to 10 miles nearer, and a much better road, than to any other Mill in this section of country, where a general assortment can be had.  
PHILIP G. READING & Co.  
September 21, 1842.—4m.

**WORMS! WORMS!!**

If parents knew the value and efficacy of Dr. Leidy's Patent Vegetable Worm Tea, they never would be without it in their families, as children are subject at all times to Worms. Dr. Leidy's Worm Tea is composed of vegetables altogether, and may be given to children of all ages. Directions accompany each paper or package. Children suffer much, of times, from so many things being given them; for worms, without any effect. Much medicine, given to children, has a tendency to destroy their general health, and they are more or less delicate ever after. To avoid the necessity of giving medicines unnecessarily when you are certain your children have worms give them at first Dr. Leidy's Worm Tea. It is all that is necessary. Reference might be made to several hundred parents in Philadelphia city and county, of the efficacy of Dr. Leidy's Worm Tea. Try it and you will be convinced.  
Price 12 1-2 cents a small, and 25 cents a large package. Prepared only, and for sale, wholesale and retail, at Dr. Leidy's Health Emporium, No. 191 North Second street, below Vine, (sign of the Golden Eagle and Serpents,) Philadelphia.  
Also, sold at Wm. Eastburn's store, Stroudsburg, Jan. 4, 1843.

**ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.**

All persons having unsettled demands against the estate of HUGH ROSS, will present the same for settlement, and all persons indebted to said estate, are requested to call and settle the same at their earliest convenience.  
JOHN H. BRODHEAD,  
Administrator.  
Milford, Dec. 23, 1842.

**JOB WORK**  
Neatly executed at this Office.