



JEFFERSONIAN REPUBLICAN

Stroudsburg, June 29, 1842.

Terms, \$2.00 in advance; \$2.25 half yearly; and \$3.50 if not paid before the end of the year.

Fourth of July.

Next Monday will be the 66th anniversary of our National Independence, and from all we can learn the most extensive preparations are being made for its proper observance in every part of our wide spread country.

The citizens of Stroudsburg and its vicinity, will celebrate the day in an appropriate manner at the house of Charles Malven.

Relief Notes.

We are glad to announce that a Bill has passed both branches of our Legislature to prevent the Banks from issuing any more Relief Notes; to allow the Banks an additional 5 per cent. interest to redeem their Relief issues in gold and silver.

Volunteer Encampment.

We are informed that our friends in Easton are making extensive arrangements for a Grand Military Encampment to be held in the vicinity of that place sometime in August.

General Scott.

The friends of Gen. Winfield Scott, in Northampton county, will hold a meeting at the house of Mr. John Whitzell, in Stockertown, Forks sp., on Saturday next, to elect Delegates to represent that County in the Scott State Convention.

The Apportionment Bill.

The difficulty in relation to this agitating question is at length happily settled for the next ten years. The Apportionment Bill, as amended by the Senate, passed the House of Representatives on Friday a week, and has doubtless ere this received the signature of the President and become a law.

Table with 2 columns: State Name and Number of Members. Lists states like Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Vermont, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina and their respective member counts.

Henry Clay.

Large and enthusiastic meetings of the Whigs, friendly to Henry Clay, have been held during the past week in Philadelphia and New-York, at which he was declared to be their first choice for the Presidency.

FOURTH JULY CELEBRATION.



The citizens of Stroudsburg having made arrangements to celebrate the approaching National Anniversary, on Temperance principles, respectfully invite the friends of the Temperance cause, and the public generally, to unite with them in the festivities of the day.

The day to be ushered in by the firing of a National salute of thirteen guns and the ringing of bells.

The committee of arrangements have agreed upon the following order of Procession and Exercises:

The Procession will be formed on the square, at precisely 9 o'clock A. M. under the direction of J. H. MELICK, Chief Marshal, and his Assistant. The procession will then move down Franklin to Elizabeth street—up Elizabeth to George—up George to Susan street, and then proceed to the Presbyterian Church, where Addresses will be delivered by the Rev. Johnson and Gardner.

Order of Procession.

- 1—Music. 2—The Clergy. 3—The Committee of Arrangements. 4—Temperance Banner. 5—Revolutionary Soldiers and Senior Gentlemen. 6—Stroudsburg Temperance Society. 7—Public Generally.

Order of exercises in the Church.

- 1—Prayer. 2—National Air by the choir. 3—Declaration of Independence. 4—Music by the choir. 5—Addresses. 6—Music by the choir. 7—Benediction.

After which the procession will again form and march to the Temperance house, where a dinner will be prepared for the occasion, by Mr. CHARLES MALVEN.

Tickets can be had of the committee of arrangements or at any of the Stores of this place. Price—50 cents.

- JOHN W. BURNETT, THOMAS J. ALBRIGHT, WILLIAM CLEMENTS, CHARLES MALVEN, SILAS L. DRAKE, WILLIAM LAMB, THEODORE SCHOCH, J. F. KEMMERER, JAMES RAFFERTY, MIFFLIN HANNUM, WILLIAM RAFFERTY, SAMUEL S. DREHER.

FOURTH JULY CELEBRATION.

The citizens of Milford having determined to celebrate the approaching FOURTH OF JULY on pure cold water principles, invite the Citizens of the County and elsewhere, to unite with them in the festivities of the day.

The Sabbath Schools of this place and the members of the Juvenile Temperance Society, will convene at the Methodist Episcopal Church at 9 o'clock, where they will be addressed by IRA B. NEWMAN.

The procession will be formed at half past ten o'clock, at the house of John Cornelius, under the direction of Maj. RICHARD ELDRED, assisted by Ira Coburn and John M. Heller, Esqr., and will proceed to the Presbyterian Church, where an Oration will be delivered by Doct. ALEXANDER LINN; after which they will repair to the house of John Cornelius, where a dinner will be prepared.

Order of the Procession.

- 1—Marshal, Assistants and Standard Bearer. 2—Milford Brass Band. 3—Committee of Arrangements. 4—The Reverend the Clergy. 5—Ladies. 6—Revolutionary Soldiers. 7—Citizens. 8—Sunday School Scholars and Members of the Juvenile Temperance Society.

Order in the Church.

- 1—Prayer by the Rev. Edward Allen. 2—Music by the Choir. 3—Declaration of Independence by James E. Eldred. 4—Music by the Band. 5—Oration by Doct. Alexander Linn. 6—Music by the Band. 7—Benediction by the Rev. Geo. Windsor. The following gentlemen have been appointed a Committee to draft the regular toast, viz: Cornelius W. DeWitt, Milton Dimmick, O. Harold Mott, Charles Ross Biddis, John M. Williamson, and Samuel Dimmick.

FAIR.

The Ladies of the Milford Benevolent Society, will hold their FAIR, at the Academy, commencing at 2 o'clock. The community are respectfully invited to attend. Milford, June 22, 1842.

Important from Rhode Island.

Intelligence received this morning (Friday) from Providence, confirms the fears expressed yesterday of renewed disturbance and outrage in Rhode-Island. From the energies and decided proceedings of the lawful authorities, it is evident that the adherents of Dorr are preparing for new acts of agitation and violence. We learn that on Thursday Gov. KING left Providence in the Massachusetts at 1 o'clock for Newport. He ordered all the Militia of the State to proceed to Providence. The steamer Providence had been chartered, and would take the troops from Newport, Bristol, Warren and other towns on the River—so that 3,000 men were expected to be under arms at Providence to-day. They will march without delay to Chepachet, sixteen miles distant, the headquarters of Dorr and his adherents. It was generally believed that Providence would be placed under martial law to-night. These facts we learn from officers of the steamer Massachusetts. We think it not unlikely that the principal object of the rebellious partisans of Dorr in these demonstrations is to create a fresh excitement which shall prevent the Legislature from passing any acts favorable to the extension of the right of Suffrage—as that would at once frustrate all their schemes of lawless violence. We trust that these considerations will not be allowed to influence the members of the General Assembly—but that the steps already taken towards calling a Convention of the people to revise the Constitution will at once be carried into full effect. This course alone will save the State from continued anarchy and disorder.

We have received the following slip from the office of the Providence Journal:

THURSDAY, P. M., June 23.

MOST DIABOLICAL OUTRAGE.

Messrs. C. J. Shelly, J. C. Keep, C. A. Harris, and S. W. Peckham were stopped on the highway near Chepachet last Wednesday evening, by some of Dorr's armed ruffians. The two latter were met by a patrol on horseback, about a quarter of a mile from the village. One of the patrol immediately started for the village, and sixteen men, with muskets, stopped the chaise in which Messrs. Harris and Peckham were riding; one of them jumped upon the steps and exclaimed, "they are damned landholders; let's arrest them." At this, the party pointed their muskets at them, their arms were taken from them, and they were carried to Sprague's tavern, where, with the two first named, their hands were bound behind them with cords, and the four were marched on foot to Woonsocket, twelve miles distant, under a guard of 30 men. Half of this distance they were marched with their hands tied behind them. At Woonsocket they were put in a barn, and supplied with food. In the morning they were liberated, it is supposed, by the intercession of Mr. West, who, although one of Mr. Dorr's men, appears not to have made up his mind to a highway robbery. Some of the men were alarmed at the probable effect of this outrage, and as a report was in circulation that a force would be instantly sent from Providence, this undoubtedly had a great effect in procuring their release. Their arms were not restored. It is impossible to describe the sensation which the news of arrest caused in the city, and which had increased to a terrible height, when it was partially relieved by the intelligence of their release.

One of the men upon whom this outrage was committed, being exhausted by the painful march, was urged on by the bayonet, with which he was repeatedly pricked, until, being faint and absolutely unable to go on, he was thrown into a wagon. The others were also abused and insulted during their march.

It is to be considered that the men upon whom this outrage was committed, were not accused of any offence, even according to Dorr's constitution, nor were they arrested by any warrant or other authority. The only charge against them was, that they were "damned landholders."

Two gentlemen, who were riding near Woonsocket on Wednesday evening last, were stopped by eight men with muskets. They instantly drew their pistols, and the scoundrels stepped back; one of them struck the horse with such violence as to break his musket. They screamed out "stop them," and a number of people ran out with muskets, but they did not succeed in stopping them again.

Another of the men engaged in the attempt to steal the Warren guns, has been arrested and carried to Bristol. More will probably be taken very soon.

Twelve hundred pounds of scrap boiler-iron were stolen, Wednesday night, from a machine-shop in Pawtucket. This is the material with which the insurgents loaded their guns on the 18th of May.

American Prisoners in Van Dieman's Land.

A man named James Gammell, reached New-York on Wednesday of last week, from Van Dieman's Land, having escaped from that convict colony in an American whale ship. He was one of the Canadian patriots, captured by the British, sent to England, tried, and transported from thence for the part he took in the so called rebellion in Canada. Gammell informs the Herald, that he is about 28 years of age; was born in New York, brought up in Canada, and during the troubles there, was taken under Col. James Monroe, at Short Hills, Upper Canada, in the summer of 1838. Monroe was hung; Gammell was sentenced to be hung on the 25th of August, 1838, but was reprieved, sent to England with John S. Parker, and 22 others, and thence transported to Van Dieman's Land for life, with about 70 more Americans. He reached Hobart's Town on the 16th of January 1840, with eleven others, all of whom were immediately sent one hundred miles into the interior, where they were obliged to work in irons for two years. After a number of hair breadth escapes, he succeeded in secreting himself on board the ship which brought him safely to this

country. The following American prisoners, he states, have died since he went out:—Peter Williams, of United States; Alexander McLeod, General Van Camp, of Canada; John James McMuller, do; Mr. Priest, Jefferson county, N. Y.; Mr. Curtis. The following have been sent to work in the coal mines for two years, for trying to make their escape from island;—Symes W. Miller, Chataque; Joseph Stewart, New York; W. Reynolds, do; Horace Cooley, London, U. C.; Mr. Murry, do; Jacob Paddock, Kingston. In these coal mines there are 1,000 men at work. Gammell says that he left 76 United States citizens, and all in bondage, employed by released convicts in various trades. A man named Notage, of Ohio, was killed blasting a rock. Can nothing be done to obtain the release of these poor fellows? Surely—surely—they have suffered enough.—Chron.

The number of United States Pensioners, according to the census of 1840, was 20,181.

Governor Seward, of New York, reiterates his declaration, that under no circumstances will he consent to run for a re-election.

Review of the Markets.

Philadelphia, June 25, 1842.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—Early in the week a slight advance was obtained in the price of Flour, owing to the small stocks for sale, but the demand for export has since become less active, and the market closes dull. Sales of Penna. Flour on Broad street, for export, at \$5.50, and on the Delaware at \$5.50 a \$5.62 per bbl. for fair and good brands, and some scraped at \$5.25. To day holders ask \$5.62 on the Delaware, and \$5.50 a \$5.62 on Broad street. The week's sales for exports have been to a moderate extent. Rye Flour—sales at \$3.36 per bbl. Corn Meal—fair sales in bbls. at \$2.65, and some on Broad street at \$2.50 per bbl. No sales in hds.

GRAIN.—Wheat has been in demand, and prices are fully supported. The sales comprise 10,000 bushels Penn. at from \$1.20 to \$1.22, on the Schuylkill, and \$1.22 a \$1.24 on the Delaware; for red \$1.23 a \$1.25; for mixed red and white, and prime white, \$1.26, per bushel; 4,500 bushels Illinois at \$1.21 a \$1.23, and some fair at \$1.18. No sales of Southern; part of the sales were for shipment to England Rye—sales of Penn. at 70 cents. Corn—prices have advanced, owing to small supplies; sales of round yellow at 57 to 60 cents; flat do 55 at 56, and white 62 to 54cts. To-day round is wanted at 58 cts. Oats—sales of Southern at 36 a 37 cents—demand limited.

CATTLE MARKET.—Beaves—550 head were offered, and 530, including 200 for New York, sold. at \$5 a \$6.50 per 100 lbs. as in quality. Cows and Calves have declined—317 were brought in, and the sales ranged at \$5 a \$11 for Dry Cows; \$10 a \$18 for Springers; and \$18 a \$30 for Milch Cows. Hogs—470 were offered, and 260 sold at \$3 a \$4.25 per 100 lbs. Sheep and Lambs—1800 were brought in, and 1200 sold at \$1.25 a \$3 for Sheep, and 75 cts. a \$1.50 each for Lambs.

Flour sold at Cincinnati on the 18th inst., at \$3.90 per barrel, for canal.

DIED.

In Milford, on Monday last, after a long illness, Miss SUSAN SHIMER, daughter of Isaac Shimer, aged about 21 years.

In Easton, on Thursday morning last, after a short but severe illness, Mr. DAVID CAREY, son of Mr. John Carey, Esq., aged about 21 years and 6 months.

Temperance Notice.

The annual meeting of the Monroe County Total Abstinence Society will be held in the Methodist Church, on the evening of the 4th of July, at which time Officers for the ensuing year, will be elected.

THOS. J. ALBRIGHT, Sec. Stroudsburg, June 29, 1842.

NOTICE.

A Petition for Discharge and Certificate under the Bankrupt Law, has been filed by William Eddinger, late Distiller, } Monroe. now Innkeeper, } And Tuesday the 20th day of September next, at 11 o'clock, A. M. is appointed for the hearing thereof, before the said Court, sitting in Bankruptcy, at the District Court Room in the City of Philadelphia, when and where the Creditors of the said Petitioners, who have proved their Debts, and all other persons in interest, may appear and show cause if any they have, why such Discharge and Certificate should not be granted.

FRAS. HOPKINSON, Clerk of the District Court. Philadelphia, June 24, 1842.—10.

NOTICE.

Moses Phillips and James Hollinshead, partners trading under the firm of Phillips and Hollinshead, } In the Court of Common Pleas of Monroe county of May term, 1842, No. 37. } Daniel S. Hollinshead. } Domestic Attachment.

We the undersigned having been appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Monroe county, Trustees of the estate of the defendant, in the above Writ of Attachment, do hereby require all persons indebted to said defendant, or holding property belonging to him, to pay and deliver all such sums of money and property due and belonging to said defendant, to us the Trustees as aforesaid; and we desire all creditors of said defendant to present their respective accounts or demands.

STOGDELL STOKES, Stroudsburg. DEPUE S. MILLER, Stroudsburg. HENRY SMITH, Smithfield sp. May 25, 1842.—6t.

BANK NOTE LIST.

Corrected weekly for the Jeffersonian Republican.

The notes of those banks on which quotations are omitted and a dash (—) substituted, are not purchased by the Philadelphia brokers, with the exception of those which are marked with a star (\*)

Table with 2 columns: Name and Dis. Lists various banks like Bank of Philadelphia, Bank of North America, Bank of Northern Liberties, etc., with their respective discount rates.

Country Banks

Table with 2 columns: Name and Dis. Lists country banks like Agricultural bk, Great Bend, Allegheny bk of Pa, Bedford, etc., with their respective discount rates.

Table with 2 columns: Name and Dis. Lists more country banks like Erie bank, Erie, Farm. & Drov. bk, Waynesburg, etc., with their respective discount rates.

Table with 2 columns: Name and Dis. Lists banks like N Western bk of Pa, Meadville, New Salem bank, Fayette co, etc., with their respective discount rates.

DISSOLUTION.

The Co-partnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of Dimmick & Compton, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. JOHN A. DIMMICK, ELIAS COMPTON. Bushkill, June 1, 1842. N. B.—The accounts of the above named firm can be settled with the subscriber, if attended to within one year, as he intends driving on the fulling and carding business at his old stand. JOHN A. DIMMICK. June 8, 1842.—3t.

BLANK DEEDS For sale at this office.