



JEFFERSONIAN REPUBLICAN

Stroudsburg, Pa. January 8, 1841.

Terms, \$2.00 in advance; \$2.25, half yearly; and \$2.50 if not paid before the end of the year.

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR.

JOHN BANKS,

Subject to the decision of the State Convention.

"Historical notes of the early settlement of Monroe and Northampton counties" by A Subscriber, came to hand too late for publication this week—they shall have a place in our next.

GREAT FRESHET.

On Tuesday night last, the weather which had been for three days previous intensely cold, began to moderate, and early on Tuesday morning it commenced raining—the wind at the time being from the North East. It continued raining without intermission until about eleven o'clock on Thursday night. The wind shifting to the South West, the great body of snow which had previously fallen, speedily dissolved, and together with the rain, produced the greatest freshet which has ever been known in this section of country.

The two bridges which were across the Pocono at the West end of this Borough, have been swept away. The North and South ends of the Bridge across McMichael's Creek on the road leading from this place to the Water Gap, are carried off, as are also the bridges at Stokes' Mill and at Cotant's on Brodheads Creek. The covered Bridge across Brodheads Creek at the East end of the Borough, is the only bridge standing in this neighbourhood, and it has been somewhat damaged. The mill of Stogdell Stokes on Brodheads Creek has been very much injured, and several families living on the banks were obliged to move.

Melancholy Occurrence.

On Monday last, a man by the name of George Ace, who had been driving the horses attached to a threshing machine, at the barn of William Eyleneberger about three miles from this Borough, being about to quit threshing, walked up to the machine, and with his left hand pushed down the loose straw that had just been put in, when the machine caught his mitten and drew in his hand, which was torn from his arm above the wrist, and passed through the machine in the mitten. The arm was amputated near the elbow by Doctors Vail and Stokes of Stroudsburg. Ace is, as we are informed, a poor man, living in Smithfield township in this county, and has a wife and several children who are dependent upon his daily labour for support. His former industrious habits and present situation should call forth the benevolence of those who have enough and to spare.

The editor of the Belvidere Apollo thus courteously declines the polite request of another editor.

We take the liberty to inform the gentlemanly editor of the Monroe Democrat that we will neither "exchange" nor "go to-h—l," for his gratification. Our reason for declining the first is, that we should be considerable losers by the "exchange," and if we had no better reason for declining the second, the fear of being thrown into his company would be amply sufficient.

FOR THE JEFFERSONIAN REPUBLICAN.

Mr. Editor:—I was pleased to see in your paper an extract from the "Harrisburgh Telegraph," asking for the repeal of all unconstitutional laws passed by the last Legislature, more particularly that connected with the Judges. I would take the liberty to recommend to my fellow citizens, that they advise their rulers to take a few steps farther in the work of reform and commence at "head quarters," and to lower the salary of the Governor and every other public officer, to elect the Canal Commissioners and diminish their number instead of increasing it—to send out Committees whose business it shall be made to examine into the usefulness of all the canals and rail roads that have been put into operation by the State, and that wherever these Committees find any canal or rail road in which State stock is held that does not pay for keeping itself in repairs, that the Legislature upon their representation of

that fact, pass a law authorizing its sale, and if it cannot be sold let it be immediately abandoned.

Let the people call for a repeal of the franking privilege which costs them from twenty to thirty thousand dollars a year, since it has become the mainspring of so much corruption, used by members of the Legislature as it is for electioneering purposes, so that the representatives of the people seem to have forgotten their duties as legislators and lost sight of the interests of the people in their zeal to scatter electioneering documents. Can it be, that the people of Pennsylvania have so far forgotten their personal rights and interests as to submit to such lavish and worthless expenditures as will filch from their pockets by the rigid process of taxation a million of dollars yearly to cheer up the State with useless canals and rail roads that can never benefit the people only while they are building and when built can keep themselves in repair, and in addition to this, employ a set of demagogue Commissioners, underling upstarts, bosses and sub-bosses, to eat out their hard earnings, or pay the postage on pamphlets, speeches, letters, &c. to the amount aforesaid. The captivating name of internal improvement will fail to sweeten the bitter cup of taxation from which generations unborn will have to drink. The people have rights as well as their representatives and office-holders, and it may well be doubted, whether the representatives of a free people have a right to fasten upon their constituents, a debt; that posterity can never liquidate. "All men are created free and equal, and endowed with certain unalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness or property, and for the protection of these governments are instituted," and not for the purpose of making canals and rail roads, and riveting the manacles of debt, without limitation of time, upon the people. But we are told that as patriotic sons of the Keystone State, we will pay our taxes cheerfully and will never suffer the credit of our state to be degraded. The people may pay their taxes, but that they will do it cheerfully will be quite doubtful. The great mass of the people of Pennsylvania are too intelligent to be tickled behind the ear with such a doctrine, although it may come from high authority. There are many men who want to see the end of their job, and some time when their debts can be paid, and not be made the subject of perpetual taxation. I boldly assert that these are encroachments more daring than those against which the patriots of the revolution fought and bled, and dare not we speak to our servants, our legislators as manfully as they spoke to a sceptred tyrant, and demand a repeal of all laws encroaching upon state or individual rights.

STATE RIGHTS MAN.

Danville, December 1840.

FOR THE JEFFERSONIAN REPUBLICAN.

Subjoined is the census of Northampton county, for five several periods commencing in 1800—the returns for 1790, when the enumeration was first made were only of counties—the townships not being separately numbered in the published list. Old Northampton then comprising the present counties of Northampton, Lehigh, Pike, Wayne, Monroe and several townships of Schuylkill, contained but 24,250 inhabitants. I have obtained the returns for 1840 from the communications of the Marshals in the Eastern papers, the others I transcribed from the official tables published by order of Congress and are correct.

A SUBSCRIBER.

Rate of increase from 1800 to '10 23 per cent. '10 " '20 38 1-2 " '20 " '30 24 3-4 " '30 " '40 25 3-4 "

Census of Northampton County.

Table with 5 columns: Townships, 1800, 1810, 1820, 1830, 1840. Lists various townships like Allen, Bethlehem, Easton, etc., and their population at different times.

Shocking Murder.

We have another shocking murder to record: Anthony Hasbrouck, Esq. of Fallsburg, Sullivan county, N. Y., (the gentleman who was a candidate for Congress in that district in 1838) was inhumanly murdered a few days since by a neighbor and connexion of his, by the name of Hardenbergh. It is said that Hasbrouck had lately commenced an ejection against Hardenbergh which is supposed to have been the cause of the commission of the horrid deed. According to the information we have received, Hardenbergh went to Hasbrouck's house, and in presence of his wife, presented a rifle to his breast, saying that "he was a dead man," and that Hasbrouck pushed the rifle aside, and its contents were discharged into the wall, and that Hardenbergh immediately drew from his pocket a pistol, and shot Mr. Hasbrouck through the breast. That Mrs. H. ran out and gave the alarm, and that Hardenbergh, before leaving, took a knife and completely laid open the bowels of his victim. The criminal was arrested and committed.

FOR THE JEFFERSONIAN REPUBLICAN.

Herewith are tables of the population of the townships composing Monroe county, from 1800 to the present year. It will be seen that the rate of increase has varied very much, during the last forty years—viz:

From 1800 to '10 it was 18 1-2 per cent. '10 " '20 " 56 " '20 " '30 " 23 1-2 " '30 " '40 " 20 "

It is a matter of astonishment to me, to find so trifling an increase in the old townships during the last period say in Stroud (including the borough) but 15 Lower Smithfield 119 Hamilton 77

Table with 4 columns: Township, 1800, 1810, 1820, 1830, 1840. Lists Lower Smithfield, Middle Smithfield, Chesnut Hill, etc.

Annexed are the statistics collected by the Deputy Marshal when taking the census—a very slight examination however will show, that they have been too hastily gathered—the manufactures of leather are greatly underrated while no mention whatever is made of the manufacture of Iron. Can it be possible, that but 40,961 bushels of wheat are raised in Monroe county, while about 55,000 are given to Pike? There must also be an error in the number of tons of hemp and flax said to be 1048!

A SUBSCRIBER.

Monroe County.

Whole population, 9,677 Of these there are—

Table showing population statistics by age groups and sex: Under 5 years of age, 1132 White Males, 847 White Females, etc.

Number of persons engaged in agriculture 655; commerce 26; manufactures and trades 403; navigation of the ocean 4; learned professions and engineers, 15.

No. of deaf and dumb, blind and insane white persons 15; deaf, dumb, blind, and insane colored persons 3.

Schools, &c.—Academies and Grammar Schools 2; primary and common schools 31; number of scholars 794; number of white persons over 20 years of age who cannot read and write 85.

Agriculture.—Live Stock—Number of horses and mules 2012, heat cattle 6,519; swine 10,642; poultry of all kinds, estimated value \$2,946.

Cereal Grains.—Number of bushels of wheat 10,961; oats 57,513; rye 84,293; buckwheat 50,653; Indian corn 56,391.

Various Crops.—Number of pounds of wool 13,229; hops 401; wax 892; bushels of potatoes 99,252; tons of hay 6,533; tons of hemp and flax 1048; cords of wood sold, 48; value of the products of the dairy, \$3600; value of the products of the orchard \$3,484; value of home made or family goods \$5,716.

Commerce.—Number of retail dry goods, grocery, and other stores, 19; capital invested \$57,500.

Products of the Forest.—Value of lumber produced \$15,482; barrels of tar, pitch, turpentine, and rosin, 150; Skins and Furs, value produced, \$129.

Manufactures.—Bricks and lime, value manufactured, \$1,680; number of men employed 42.

Hats, Caps, Bonnets, &c.—Value manufactured \$800; number of persons employed 6; capital invested \$500.

Leather, Tanneries, Saddleries, &c.—Number of tanneries, 9; sides of sole leather tanned 2137; sides of upper leather tanned 1130; number of men employed, 26; capital invested \$29,800; all other manufactures of leather, saddleries, &c., 2; value of manufactured articles, \$900; capital invested \$1200.

Printing and Binding.—Number of printing offices 2; number of weekly newspapers 2; number of men employed 4.

Mills.—No. of flouring mills 1; barrels of flour manufactured 400; number of grist mills 25; number of saw mills 107; value of manufactures \$15,800.

Houses.—Number of brick and stone houses built 2; number of wooden houses built, 4; number of men employed 19; value of constructing or building \$3,500.

All other manufactures not enumerated.—Value produced \$1000; capital invested \$700.

COUNTING-HOUSE ALMANAC. FOR THE YEAR OF OUR LORD, 1841.

Calendar for the year 1841 showing days of the week and dates for each month from January to December.

We learn that Nathan Dunn, Esq., recently presented the munificent donation of \$20,000 to the Haverford School, a Quaker Institution of much merit, and devoted to the purposes of education. This is truly liberal, and adds another ray of brightness to the character which Mr. Dunn has earned for himself as a patriotic citizen and single-hearted philanthropist.

Application will be made to the Legislature, at the January session, for a Corporation with a capital of two millions, and power to construct a Rail Road from the City of New Brunswick to the river Delaware at Easton, with power to construct as many branches to different points on the Delaware as may be deemed desirable, with such other privileges as may be necessary for these purposes.—Sussex Register.

MARRIED, On Sunday last, by John W. Burnitt, Esq. Mr. JACOB STEINE, of Pocono township to Miss JANE TURNER, of Stroud township.

DIED, At his residence in Lower Smithfield, Monroe county, on the 26th of December last, Mr. JACOB EYLENBERGER, in the 46th year of his age.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS. THE undersigned having applied to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Monroe, for the benefit of the Act of Assembly, passed for the relief of insolvent debtors, the said Court have appointed

Tuesday the 2d day of February next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Court House in the borough of Stroudsburg, for my hearing and discharge. Notice is therefore given to all my creditors, that they may then and there attend if they think proper. CHRISTOPHER D. FELKER, January 8, 1841.

NOTICE.

Letters remaining in the Post Office at Stroudsburg, January 1, 1841.

- List of names: John Adams, Thomas Bush, William Drake, Eliza Drake, Rev. John H. Carle, George Felker, Samuel Gulick, Sally Groner, John Hefford, Samuel Moore, Thomas Moore, Christopher Musselman, James M. Cann, William Nealy, Daniel W. Newton, Catharine Ransbury, Stroud Rees, Michael Ransbury, Philip Shaffer, Susan Smily, Widow, James H. Stroud, Frederic Smith, William Steaples, John Ward, S. STOKES, P. M.

Stroudsburg, January 8, 1841.

STONE COAL.

A few tons of Stone Coal, just received and for sale, by WILLIAM EASTBURN. Stroudsburg, January 8, 1841.

ESTRAY.

Came to the premises of the subscriber some weeks since, a Pale Red Steer, coming two years old. The owner or owners thereof, are requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be sold according to law. EDWARD BROWN. Stroud tsp., Monroe county, Dec. 18, 1840.—3t.

SAW MILL AND FARM FOR SALE.

That valuable property situated at the junction of Stony Run and Brodheads Creek, consisting of 560 Acres of Land, about forty acres cleared, ten acres of natural Meadow, one Frame House, one Log House, Saw Mill and Stable. Situated in Price township, Monroe county, Pa. 12 miles from Stroudsburg, the county seat; 16 miles from the Delaware Water Gap, 85 miles from New-York and about the same distance from Philadelphia, to where rafts of lumber can be run direct from the Saw Mill. The water power is sufficient for any machinery. Pine, Oak, Maple, Poplar and Hemlock, find a ready sale at the mill. The title is indisputable, being derived from the State. For terms, which will be made moderate and payments easy, apply to the owner on the premises. JOHN L. TARGEE. December 18, 1840.

WORTHY OF ATTENTION.

THE Subscriber not willing to be behind the times, has just received at his Store in the Borough of Stroudsburg, a large and very superior assortment of

Fresh Fall and Winter Goods. BROAD CLOTHS.

Black, Blue, Brown, Olive, and other choice colours, being an assortment in which every one may find his choice, both as regards price and quality. Single and double milled Cassimers, Merino Cassimers, summer Cloths, Silk Satin and Marseilles Vestings, Linen Drillings of various styles, &c. &c. ALSO: Chally, Mouslin d'Lains of various patterns, some of which are as low as 30 cts. per yard. A very elegant assortment of Chintzes, Lawns, Dress Handkerchiefs, Silk and Cotton Gloves, Parasols, &c. &c.

The above goods are fresh from Philadelphia, and were selected to suit the taste and please the fancy of those who may wish to buy at cheap prices, goods of a superior quality. The subscriber invites his customers and the public generally, to call and examine for themselves, when he will be happy to accommodate them at low prices for cash, or for country produce. WILLIAM EASTBURN. Stroudsburg, Nov. 20, 1840.

10 barrels of No. 3 Mackerel, just received and for sale, by WILLIAM EASTBURN. Stroudsburg, Aug. 14, 1840.

Wholesale and Retail CABINET WARE, AND LOOKING-GLASS MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Stroudsburg and the public generally, that he has taken the shop recently occupied by James Palmer, on Elizabeth street, nearly opposite the Stroudsburg House, in this Borough, where he intends carrying on the Cabinet Making business in all its various branches.

He shall keep constantly on hand or make to order all kinds of furniture: Sideboards, Bureaus, Sofas, Centertables, Breakfast and Dining Tables, Wash Stands, Bedsteads, &c. &c. together with every other article usually kept at such establishments; all of which he will sell at the Eastern prices.

As his materials will be of the best quality, and all articles manufactured at his establishment will be done by first rate workmen, he confidently assures the public that his endeavors to render general satisfaction will not be unrewarded.

He respectfully invites the public to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere. Chairs, Settees, &c. will be kept constantly on hand and for sale. CHARLES CAREY. Stroudsburg, an. 15, 1840.

5 boxes Box Raisins, just received and for sale by WILLIAM EASTBURN. Stroudsburg, Aug. 14, 1840.