M'Kean County Democrat.

Tuesday, September 26, 1865.

TICKET.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

Auditor General,

COL. W. H. DAVIS,

Of Bucks County.

Surveyor General,

LT. COL. J. P. LINTON,

Of Cambria County.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

The Democratic voters of McKean county are requested to meet at their respective places of holding election on Saturday, the 23d instant, and choose two persons from each Township to represent them in a County Convention to be held at the Court House, in Smethport on Tuesday the 26th day of September, at 6 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of nominating County officers, and the transaction of any business that may come before it.

The Vigilant committees are requested to give public notice of the time and place of holding the meetings in their several townships.

The following persons were selected, by the County Convention of last year, to act as such Committees:

Smethport,—A. B. Armstrong and R. Sartwell.
Liberty—F. H. Arnold and T. McDowell
Lafayette—J M Holdrige
Hamilton—J A Anderson and Wm Blew
Keating—J B Oviatt and J L Bean
Bradford—A K Johnson and Isaac Willetts
Norwich—J G Boyer and A Hagar
Eldred—N Dennis and Allen Cummings
Ceres—C Smith and Dr G W Mosher
Corydon—E S Sunderlin
Hamlin—J F Gallup and Orrin Perry
Sergeant—Peter Burns
Annin—C B Bellows and T Mullins

(By order of Co. Committee.)

J. B. OVIATT, Chairman.

ACCIDENT.—Yesterday, while engaged in lumbering, Jas. M'Coon, of Otto township, received a blow from a piece of timber, which is feared will result in death. Up to noon to day his body is entirely numb, below the hurt.

DAVID CORNELIUS died very suddenly, at Kane Summit, on Friday last. Mr. Cornelius had been to Erie on business and had returned as far as Warren when he was taken suddenly ill; he was taken to Kane, where he died on Friday, as above stated. He was brought to his home, in Farmers Valley, and buried on Sunday.

We called on friend GIFFORD, at Olean, the other day, and found him at the old stand and overwhelmed with customers. Having just returned from the city their commodious store room is full to overflowing. Those visiting Olean for the purpose of trading, should not fail of calling on Gifford.

PETROLEUM HOUSE.—We have no hesitancy in recommending this hotel as every way worthy of patronage by the travelling public. C. N. BARNES, formerly of the Fobes house, presides, and is indefatigable in his efforts to render his guests comfortable. In this he succeeds; if any one questions this let him pay a visit to the petroleum House.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.—The Republicans have now made their State, District and County nominations. For county Commissioner, A. P. Brewer is renominated; for Auditor, S. O. Tenney; Surveyor, W. K. King; Coroner, Dr. E. O. Olds; Assembly, John Brooks; Judge, H. W. Williams; State Senator, Warren Cowles. Of the qualifications of the different candidates we shall not now speak, with one exception. The democracy intend to elect the State and county officers, and the people are interested, in that respect, with those who are to serve them, instead of those who are not. Unhappily there is one office, that of State Senator, that the democracy have no hope of filling; therefore we must be interested in the character and qualifications of the Republican nominee. For this important office the Republicans have nominated Warren Cowles, and without a merciful intervention of Providence in our favor, he will represent the counties of Tioga, Potter, Clinton and McKean, in the Senate for three years ensuing.

This gentleman made his appearance hereabouts in 1852, and was soon after admitted to practice in our courts; since which he has been the recipient of important and lucrative offices the gift of the Republican party. Personally he is not apt to win the confidence of his acquaintances, and would not have been entrusted with public trusts and responsibilities, in a healthy state of public sentiment, by any party. He is known to be a crazy spiritualist, a scoffer of religion and disbeliever of the Sacred Scriptures. His Military history, which the *Miner* publishes is not as full as desirable, lacking somewhat in detail. While the State draft was pending our hero obtained a certificate of exemption. Soon after, however a captain's commission was obtained for him, and after the requisite number of men were obtained, our "patriot"—that was to be—fell back, in good order, and the lamented HORATIO BELL took his place and nobly discharged his duty, yielding up his life in the defence of his country, while Mr. Cowles served his country in the less dangerous character of acting county Treasurer. Under the draft of 1864, permission was given the Governor to organize a limited number of new regiments, in the distribution of commissions he was again honored with a captain's commission; with this he repaired to Waterford with the expressed determination to withdraw as before. Arriving there Grant was in great need of reinforcements, and with a company of volunteers and conscripts he was mustered in and, willing or unwilling, pressed to the front. In this connection there is one other fact inadvertently omitted, no doubt, by his biographer. Having been fed and honored by the people of this county, in their blind worship of negro fanaticism, and having received a commission on account of his locality—for the paltry sum of forty dollars in greenbacks (which, having in view the depreciation, was of far less value than the memorable "thirty pieces of silver") he foreswore his friends and residence, and had himself credited on the quota of Erie county, leaving his family at the mercy of the people he had disowned, and compelling his neighbors to furnish one more man from their thinned number. As our neighbor over the way fails to give details of the military career of this a pirant to Senatorial honors, we intend to fill up the history with facts and reminiscences furnished by his surviving comrades. In regard to his official character in civil station the inquirer is referred to the "Auditors' Report," already published.

The *Miner* very eloquently appeals to "the loyal men of this district" to give the nominee their hearty support, however repugnant to their feelings. Thus appealed to we dare not hope for any thing but a mortifying result.

As a citizen of the county we have a right to protent against the honor of "crediting" the about-to-be Senator to McKean county. She does does not claim him—did not present his name—and most respebtfully begs to be excused. In justice to our people we feel it due to state that they are perfectly willing to relinquish all interest and property in the achievments of the distinguished character, both in the past and future, to Erie county—where it is rightfully and most properly vested.

DEMOCRATIC SENATORIAL NOMINATION.

The Democratic Conferees representing the Senatorial district composed of the counties of Clinton, M'Kean, Potter and Tioga, in pursuance of previous public notice met at the Fallon House, in Lock Haven, on Tuesday evening, Sept. 19, 1865. After balloting and full consultation, on motion, S. RICHARD PEALY, of Lock Haven, was unanimously nominated as the Democratic candidate for Senator. Of the nomination, the Clinton *Democrat* says.—

"The nominee for Senator is a gentleman in the vigor of life and intellect, a Pennsylvanian by birth, education, instinct and blood, a prominent and able lawyer, an honest man, energetic, efficient and successful in all he undertakes, of pure and unspotted personal character, an eloquent speaker and a firm and determined patriot. If the Democrats of the other counties of the district do their duty as well as those of Clinton, he will be elected, and if the people generally of the district will consult their own interests they will all vote for him.

THE SIGNS.—As the time for holding the election draws near, every man who pays the least attention to the bent of the public mind, discovers a breaking away of the thick clouds of fanaticism, and a return of thousands to the good old Democratic fold. The names of John Fitch and Robert Fulton will live through all time, as long as seasons return and the rivers run, while the men who decried their efforts to apply steam as a propelling power, will be forgotten or have already been. So it is and will be with those who laid the foundations and acted upon the principles of the Democratic party. They will live in history forever, as the great moving spirits in a plan of Government which made us a great, prosperous and happy people.

Five years ago the opposition obtained power and entered upon the administration of public affairs. The radicals of that party ruled the officers, and for more than four years a scene of confusion, bloodshed and tyranny reigned, such as has no parallel. The supporters of the Democratic faith have been trodden under foot, spat upon and abused with a brutality and savageness which meant extermination. It was not southern treason which the radicals so much sought to conquer, as it was to silence for all time the Democratic party. It was not a Union of the State, and a perpetuity of the Government and the old Constitution they so much revered and fought for, so much as it was the destruction of the party which had always been faithful to the interest and welfare of the whole people. Democrats have not only been maligned in speech, but they have been arrested and imprisoned for exercising functions guaranteed by the Constitution of this country, and the less liberal government of England, viz: The liberty of speech and of the press. The press has been subjected to whims and the caprices of mobs, while men of the opposition and officials, too, have looked on with satisfaction and infinite delight. But, nevertheless, the old party has stood by its colors, both in the field and out of it, and its motto is to-day as it has always been: "The Constitution the, Union, one Country, a glorious destiny!"

As we have said, the party was for years under a cloud; but that cloud is breaking. Although the opposition succeeded in the last election, the victory is turned over to the Democracy. Andrew Johnson is a Democrat. He is walking in the in the footsteps of the founders and leaders of the party. Radicalism and fanaticism is chafing itself to death against the barriers that have sprung up between them and the administration they so fondly hoped was theirs to use and badger. The minds of the people are settling back into the old channels. Civil law is beginning to rule. Military power is less "necessity" than formerly. The men who urged the disregard of law or the forms of law, will pass away to be forgotten, or known only as enemies of the Government; while the names of those who suffered their abuse and tyranny will live, as Fitch and Fulton's will, though all time. Their forte was steam, that of Democracy to perpetuate a government worthy to live under, to fight for, to suffer in its defence. Men have turned aside from it and pursued a phantom, which they discover was all a phantom. Hundreds of thousands have stood by their ancient faith, and kept the fires bright, and the beds warm, through all this night of darkness and fanaticism.

Democracy still lives, and thousands who left the fold are coming back to embrace its faith, to warm by its hearth, and to nestle in the warm bed that has been kept for them.

Democrats have been imprisoned, their business ruined, and their property destroyed; but the principles they suffered for are only those by which this government can be perpetuated, and the rights of the people maintained.

With all the prejudice, the fraud and excitement one year ago, Pennsylvania gave five hundred and fourteen Democratic majority.—This year, with the prejudice and excitement removed, and we hope the frauds too, we shall certainly carry the election for our State officers by many thousands.

The signs are most cheering. The light is breaking.—*Warren Ledger.*

New York Abolition State Convention.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 20.—The Convention was organized by the choice of Hon. Chauncey M. Depew, for president, he having previously withdrawn his name as a candidate for Secretary of State.

Major General Francis C. Barlow was nominated for Secretary of State, receiving 191 votes, against 172 for General C. H. Van Wyck.

Ward Hunt, of Onedia, and John H. Porter of Alabany, were nominated for Judges of the Court of Appeals by acclamation. Thos. H. Hillhouse, of Ontario, nominated for Controller Col. Howland, of Duchess, nominated for Treasurer; Attorney General, General James H. Martindale; Surveyor General, J. Platt, Goodsell; Canal Commissioner, Robert C. Dorn, of Schenectedy; State Prison Inspector, General Barnum, of Onondagua; Clerk of Court of Appeals, Henry Jones, of Cattasaqua.

To the People of Pennsylvania.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COM. ROOMS,
PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 19, 1865.

You are upon the eve of a most important election.

Both political organization have announced their platforms, and presented their candidates for your suffrages.

The Democratic party distinctly affirms its support of the policy of reconstruction adopted by President Johnson, and announces its opposition to negro suffrage and negro equality.

Upon these, THE REAL ISSUE OF THE CANVASS, the Republican platform is ambiguous, its candidates are mute, its central authority is silent.

We believe that it is your right to know their sentiments, and that they who seek your support should be frank in the expression of their opinions.

Can you sustain the President by voting for those who refuse to endorse his policy? Will you hazard the superiority of your race by voting for those who are unwilling to proclaim their belief in the inferiority of the negro?

DEMOCRATS OF PENNSYLVANIA!

Press home upon your antagonists the vital issues of the campaign.

Through the press and on the rostrum, in the field and in the workshop, demand that they shall answer.

Are you for or against President Johnson's policy of reconstruction?

Are you for or against negro suffrage and negro equality?

By order of the Democratic State Central Committee.

WILLIAM A. WALLACE,
Chairman.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—The *Herald's* special says:

It is understood here that it is contemplated by the President to entirly withdraw the troops from the South in a short time, leaving the States lately in rebellion to reorganize on the basis of civil government; peacefully, as they stood before the late war, with the exception of slavery.

This policy is said to have arisen through the good sense of the leading Southern men themselfs, in accpting the present position of affairs as disclosed in the interview between President Johnson and a considerable number of leading men at the White house the other day.

Thus the late slave states will have hardly a soldier left among them, save such as may be required to garrison the several forts, and these, as in Northern states, will be retained inactive only for the purpose of meeting any emergency that may arise from the action of foreign powers.

OIL MATTERS OIL IN KENZUA.—Last spring we announced that oil had been found in a well on the Kenzua Creek. Such was the fact; but from some cause not ful'y explained to us, the well has not been made to yield any great quantity of oil. Quite recently, however, Mr. Critt. Marsh was given full charge of the well, and he went to work with energy to properly tube it. An experienced oil man was employed. The well was re-tubed, and the pumping commenced last week with encouraging prospects. At first the yield was slight, but as the work progressed it increased: and on Saturday it was announced to be yielding 9 barrel every three hours. Everything went on well, with a continual gain until Sunday, when the seed-bag burst and the tubing had to be withdrawn. The last hour and a half before the bursting of the bag a barrel and a half of oil was obtained, with an increased show of gas. The tubing will be put down and pumping resumed to-day. The oil is of the best of illuminating quality. There is no doubt but that they have a *paying well in Kenzua*, and the prospects are fair for its being a flowing well. The work in the other wells is moving along, and in almost all of them the indications are good.—*Warren Ledger.*

IMPORTANT TO SOLDIERS.—As some misapprehension prevails respecting bounty lands granted by Congress to discharged soldiers, we would advise all our discharged volunteers, who hold their discharge papers, against selling them to brokers, shavers or shysters, as grants of land rest upon these discharges. If any good to be derived from the land grants the soldiers are the parties that should receive them. The present Congress has given officers and soldiers a homestead of 160 acres of land, only charging the expense of giving, amounting to about a dime an acre; and the Commissioner of the General Land Office who is to prescribe the "regulations for giving proper effect to the provisions of the act," to enable persons in the United States military or naval service to take steps, while absent on duty, to secure for themselves homesteads on the public lands, they take an oath and appoint an agent. Upon these being filed by the wife or representative at the Land Office, "the same will take effect from the date of filling, and if regular in all respects the entry will have legal inspection from that time, provided the fee ($10) and Commissions are paid. No taxes are chargeable for five years, and no liability for debts. The cultivation may be done by another. Soldiers in service need not occuy the land while in service, and after being mustered out have six months in which to occupy the land."

PARTISAN POLITICS.—The N. Y. *Times* presents a melancholy illustration of the effect of partisanship. It declares that the Democrats have adopted the principles and the candidates of the Republicans, and in an agony lest it should lose party power, calls on its leaders to "save the State" from the effect of these principles and candidates!

LIST OF JURORS FOR NEXT TERM, 1865.

GRAND JURORS.

Martin John, Easter Brook B. A., Trumbull Joseph, Barber Rowland, Smith G. W., Russell James, Chapin T. L., Kane William, Pratt W. H., Gallup A. D., Sprague M. A., Simpson Darius, Kinney Niles, Riley Cornelius, Denker L. R., Fields William, Carpenter Oscar, Wheeler F. D. Cook Peter, Ackley Philo, Pettis Calvin, Barrett G. C., Coleman F. M., Lovejoy William.

TRAVERSE JURY.

Bartholomew Chas, Young Arthur, Forsythe D. L., Martin John, Burbank A. D., Boylan Jas. H. Rice R. A., Nichols D. B. Parish Lester, Canfield J. H., Keys M. E., Keys D. J., Otto, Jas, D., Clark Daniel, Short R. S., Green Torrence, Meritt S. P., Leonard J. D., Martin Adam, Whipple Alfred, Foster D. B., Burt Francis, Campbell Byron, Barber E. J., Hally William, Smith Henry, Brow J. M., Hobbs William, Howard John, Dickerson E. H., Bellows Corwin, June Alvah, Spiller W. H., Briggs G. W., Abbey N. W., Starks Lyman.

QUEER.—How strange it is that the men who are so eager to tear down the distinction between whites and blacks, and make them all equal at the ballotbox, are at work with equal persisteney to build up distinction between rich and poor. To this end the revenue and tax laws are so arranged that while the farmers and mechanics are taxed on all they produce the rich bondholders are exempted from bearing their shares of the expense of the government.

APPLE CHAMPAIGN.—We have recently learned of a very simple and cheap process of making Champaign Wine directly from apples; and as the coming fall will furnish an abundance of the necessary material, the recipe may prove interesting to farmers and profitable to dealers.

The juice is pressed directly from sound apples without previous grinding, because the bruising of the fruit, in a short time discolors the juice, and produces such other chemical changes, by exposure to the atmosphere, as to prevent the practical working of the process, while the juice pressed from sound apples is nearly as limpid as water.

The juice runs directly from the press into a filter, consisting of a suitable box about a foot deep by six inches square, filled with a mixture of pulverized charcoal and clean sand or fine gravel, about half and half. A thin layer of straw is put into the box before it is filled with the filtering material and the bottom of the box is perforated with fine holes.

The juice passes through this filter into bottles, which should be immediately corked to exclude the atmosphere, which gives it the appearance of the real champaign; and our informant who has used the process, assures us that the wine after remaining in the cellar a while presents the action and flavor of the imported article, with the advantage of being a much more healthy beverage, while its cost does not exceed *two cents* a quart bottle where apples are plenty. Imported champaign of the commonest quality, cannot be bought in this market from less than two to three dollars a bottle, while its genuineness and purity are very questionable, to say the least.

To crush and press apples at one operation requires a very powerful press. We have examined a portable arrangement of the kind, quite simple and cheap and well adapted to this process, as it is sufficiently powerful to crush and press the hardest apples, having a pressing power of 10,000 pounds with 50 pounds weight applied to the crank. Such a press would be good to extract the juice from grapes, as it would not break the seeds, and thereby give a bad flavor to the wine.

This press is manufactured and sold, wholesale and retail, by Hall Reed & Co., No. 55 Liberty street, New York.—*American Artesan, N. Y.*

[The Press referred to above will be found advertised in another column of this paper.—Ageuts who would like to circulate an useful invention would do well to read this advertisement and send for a circular. Farmers who have orchards should make a note of the above recipe.]

CEMETERY ASSOCIATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that an election of a Board of Trustees for the Smethport Cemetery Association will be held at the office of P. Ford, Esq., in Smethport, Pa, on the second day of October 1865. Stockholders, and all who wish to subscribe, are respectfully requested to be present.

P. FORD, *President*

Smethport, Sept 23, 1865

PETROLEUM HOUSE,

C. N. BARNES, Proprietor, Olean, N. Y. Stages leave this house for Portville, Ceres and Smethport. The House is new, Furniture new, and all in complete order for Guests.

BYRON D. HAMLIN.

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Smethport, M'Kean County, Pa., Agent for Messrs. Keating & Co's Lands. Attends especially to the Collection of Claims; Examination of Land Titles; Payment of Taxes, and all business relating to Real Estate. Office in Hamlin Block.

DR. C. W. ROBBINS,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
NORWICH, M'KEAN CO., PA.
(AT THE OLD CORWIN PLACE.)

DR. W. Y. M'COY,

SOURH-EAST CORNER MAIN STREET
Smethport, Pa.

AMERICAN HOTEL,

Near the Passenger Depot,
ELMIRA, NEW-YORK.

J. M. Miller,.....Proprietor.

Porters will be in attendance on the arrival of each train, to take charge of Baggage and conduct guests to the house.

KENDAL-CREEK HOUSE.

KENDAL-CREEK, M'KEAN CO., PA.

THE Subscriber having purchased this well known stand, and re-furnished and re-fitted the House, is prepared to entertain Boarders and the Traveling public.

HIS BAR AND ABLE,

Will be well supplied, and everything done to merit a liberal share of patronage. Raftmen will always find the "latch-string" out.

P. M. FULLER.

Kendal Creek, January 2, 1860. 38-1y

A MOST IMPORTANT DISCOVERY!

INEERESTING TO AGENTS, FARMERS AND LADIES.

WE are making a single machine which combines the best and cheapest portable Wine and Cider Press the dreast Clothes Wringer, and the most powerful Lifting Jack in the world. It is the only press adapted to making Apple Champaign, which is now regarded as one of the most important discoveries of the age. A good agent wanted in every county, to whom we will hold out such inducements as to insure $1000 before Christmas. The first one making application from any county shall have the exclusive agency. Full particulars, terms, etc., by Circular.

Address HALL, REED & CO.
No. 55, Liberty stpeet, N. Y.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY VIRTUE of sundry writs of *Venditioni Exponas* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean county Pennsylvania, and to me directed, I will expose to sale, by public vendue or outcry, at the Court House in Smethport on Monday, the 25th day of September 1865, at one o'clock, P. M., the following described Real Estate.

All Defendant's right, title and interest to the following Real Eestate, situate in the township of Bradford, County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit:—Commencing at a beech Maple at the North west corner of lot No. (202) two hundred and two, thence South (100) one hundred rods more or less to a post, thence West (121 1-2) one hundred, twenty one and one half rods more or less to a hitherput, thence North (101) one hundred and one rods more or less to a post, thence North (17 1-2) seventeen and one half degrees West (53 1-2) fifty-three and one half rods more or less to a post on the road, thence by said road North (57 1-2) fifty seven and one half degrees East (5 2-10) five and two tenths rods more or less to a post, thence East (12 4-10) twelve and four tenths rods more or less to a post, thence North (9) nine degrees East (9 3-10) nine and one tenths rods more or less to a post on the road, thence by the road North (57 1-2) fifty seven and one half degrees East (10 32-100) ten and thirty-two one hundredths rods more or less to a post, thence South (20) twenty nine degrees East (14 68-100) fourteen and eighty eight one hundredths rods more or less to a post, thence North (63 3-4) fifty eight and three fourths degrees East (0 16-100) nine and sixteen one hundredths rods more or less to a post, thence South (15 3-4) fifteen and three fourths degrees East (62 72-100) sixty two and seventy two one hundredths rods more or less to a post, thence East (7) seventy eight rods more or less to the place of beginning; containing (91 2-10) ninety one and two tenths acres more or less; being parts of lots numbered (173, 231) one hundred and seventy three and three hundred and thirty one, and a part of warrant numbered (3198) three thousand four hundred and ninety eight; and being a part of the lands conveyed to D. Kingsbury, by Dana R. Griggs et al, Trustees of U. S. Land Company, by deed dated Nov. 20 A. D. 1850 and recorded in Recorder's office of said County of McKean in Book "Q" page 275, 276, and 277; with about thirty acres Improved, one Frame Barn and a few Apple Trees.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of S. P. and Elizer L. Lincoln at the suit of A. N. Taylor.

—ALSO,—

All that piece, parcel, or tract of land, situate, lying and being in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and in the county of McKean; Bounded as follows, viz:—Beginning at South West corner of lot No. 192 of allotment of Keating lands conveyed to P. Gallup, thence by East line thereof North one hundred and fifty perches to North East corner of said lot in South line of lot 252 conveyed to T. Huzly, thence East by South line of lot 252 and lot 192 conveyed to P. Gallup one hundred six and six tenths perches to a post, thence South by West line of lot 191 conveyed to P. Gallup and No. 195 conveyed to O. E. Havens one hundred fifty perches to South West corner of said lot 195, thence West one hundred six and six tenths perches to the place of beginning; Containing one hundred acres strict measure more or less, being lot No. 49 of allotment of the Keating lands in Keating township and part of Warrant No. 2051.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of L. C. Willard, at the suit of J. Darling.

—ALSO,—

The following piece or parcel of land situate in the Township of Bradford, bounded and described as follows, viz:—Bounded on the North side by the Bradford and Tarrort Road, on the West by lands owned by J. Y. Calkins, on the South by lands formerly owned by O. Hyde, on the East by widow Snyder's land. All Improved; containing about half an acre of land, with one Frame House and one Frame Barn. (Inquisition waived.

Seized, taken in Execution and will be sold as the property of G. W. Cobine, at the suit of C. O. Melvin.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Smethport, Sept. 9, 1865.
A. N. LILLIBRIDGE, *Sheriff.*

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Hon. Robert G. White President Judge, and the Hons. J. Darling and N. Peabody, Associate Judges of the Courts of Oyer & Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas for the County of M'Kean have issued their precept bearing date Friday, the thirtieth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four; and to me directed, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court, and Court of Common Pleas, in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 25th day of September, instant, and to continue one week.

Notice is therefore hereby given to the Coroners, Justices of the Peace and Constables within the county, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations, and other remembrances, to do those things which their offices appertain to be done. And those who are bound by their recognizances to prosecute the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of said county of M'Kean, are to be then and there to prosecute against them as will be just.

Dated at Smethport, this 8th day of Sept. 1865, and the 88th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

A. N. LILLIBRIDGE, *Sheriff.*

TRIAL LIST FOR SEPT. TERM 1865.

			No Trm	year
Mathias Otto	vs	D R Bennett & W B Warner, Adrs of O R Bennett, deceased	53	June 1857
J W Staaks	vs	Edward Swartlout	21	Dec 1861
William K King and R Beckwith use of G Corwin	vs	G B Pherguson and Jas Johnson	59	Mch 1862
Horatio Bell	vs	Jno R Chadwick, Otis Irons, and Olive Irons, Adrs of G Irons dec'd	72	June 1862
Oliver Johnson	vs	George Stickles	44	Dec 1862
Horace Coleman	vs	Reuben and N G Taylor	15	Feb 1863
Daniel Kingsbury use of J Wheeler	vs	David DeGolier	40	Sept 1863
J F Clark	vs	Blair and Young	3	Dec 1863
Alpheus Sims	vs	Alvin Hooker	1	Feb 1861
Susan H Kane	vs	David Morse	20	Feb 1861
Milton C P Bailey	vs	Daniel Durst	32	June 1861
M B Hall	vs	James McCord	67	June 1861
J F Clark	vs	Brewster Freeman	67	June 1864
H Veltman use of R Butler	vs	T & B Freeman who was impleaded with J B Earl	19	Sept 1861
William Bullock	vs	Joshua Smith	37	Dec 1861
F V S Waggoner	vs	John Rutherford	66	June 1865

JNO. R. CHADWICK, Proth'y.
Smethport, Sept. 2, 1865.

NEW SKIRT FOR 1865 & 1866.

THE GREAT INVENTION OF THE AGE IN

HOOP SKIRTS.

J. W. BRADLEY'S New Patent DUPLEX ELLIPTIC—or double—SPRING SKIRT.

THIS INVENTION consists of DUPLEX (or two) ELLIPTIC PURE REFINED STEEL SPRINGS, ingeniously BRAIDED TIGHTLY and FIRMLY together SIDE to SIDE, making the TOUGHEST, most FLEXIBLE, ELASTIC and DURABLE SPRING ever used. They seldom BEND or BREAK, like the single Springs, and consequently preserve their perfect and beautiful shape more than twice as long as any Single Spring Skirt that ever has or can be made.

The wonderful flexibility and great comfort and pleasure to any lady wearing the Duplex Elliptic Skirt will be experienced particularly in all crowded assemblies, Operas, Carriages, Railroad Cars, Church Pews, Arm Chairs, for Promenade and House Dress, as the Skirt can be folded when in use to occupy a small space as easily and conveniently as a Silk or Muslin Dress.

A Lady having enjoyed the Pleasure, Comfort and Great Convenience of wearing the Duplex Elliptic Steel Spring Skirt for a single day will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For Children, Misses and Young Ladies they are superior to all others.

THE HOOPS are covered with 2 ply double twisted thread and will wear twice as long as the single yarn covering which is used on all Single Steel Hoop Skirts. The three bottom rods on every Skirt are also Double Steel, and twice or double covered to prevent the covering from wearing off the rods when dragging down stairs, stone steps, &c., &c., which they are constantly subject to when in use.

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