THE REPUBLICAN.

JUDSON HOLCOMB, CHAS. L. TRACY, } PROPRIETORS.

JUDSON HOLCOMB, Editor.
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"Reasonable taxes, honest expenditures, competent officers, and no stealing." — Harpers Weekly.

☞ Entered in the Post Office at Towanda as SECOND CLASS MATTER.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1882.

War is certainly an expensive business. Brief as was that which has just terminated in Egypt, its cost has been figured up as amounting to $20,000,000.

The United States is now regarded as the richest country in the world. The value of its property is estimated at $50,000,000,000. England possesses $44,100,000,000 worth of property, and France $37,200,000,000. This would make the United States worth $9,000,000,000 more than England, and $13,000,000,000 more than France.

If the counterfeiter's ingenuity continues to increase for a few more years in the same proportion in which it has increased for the few years last past, there is danger that the false note will be a better note, in appearance, than the true. It is estimated that within a comparatively short time nearly 2,000,000 francs worth of spurious Bank of England notes has been passed in Paris alone.

An interview published in the Minneapolis *Tribune* of Friday, with Dr. F. Collins, brother of the late Jerome J. Collins, scientist of the Jennette expedition, makes some remarkable charges of jealousy and official persecution on the part of the principal officers. Dr. Collins is especially severe upon Engineer Melville, and proposes to submit his statement and documentary evidence to Congress.

There has been melted at the Philadelphia mint at one batch recently $87,000 worth of silver three cent pieces. The loss by the operation was $13,000, or a little over half of the appropriation for the purpose for the ensuing year. The loss is caused chiefly by the fact that a part of the issue of the silver three cent pieces was but 750 instead of 900 fine. The coin melted up will be minted into 10 cent pieces.

The star route cases have passed from complication to complication and are now more tangled than ever. The Washington Police Court is trying to unravel the mystery of the alleged bribery but it is doubtful if the mystery will be any less after they have finished. Meanwhile the country is as well satisfied as ever upon the main point in the case and insists that, whatever may become of the side shows, the conspirators in the great crime shall be punished.

The colossal Western Union Telegraph Company is again threatened with a formidable competitor by an organization called the Mutual, the owners of which appear to have secured themselves for the next five years against being absorbed or controlled by the monopoly. But even if we suppose this new concern doomed to share the fate of its predecessors, it must be evident that the magnitude of the monopoly tends to induce the continual organization of new competing lines.

It would be interesting to know how, when and where the journal and transcribe "seen" in respect to the recent prohibitory laws now declared to be nullities on the ground of gross irregularities. In these days of tariff considerations, too, it might be convenient to know what is the cost of "seeing" officials in that state. From present appearances, the inference is that the gigantic liquor interests have been too strong or too cunning for their prohibitory opponents.

Governor Hoyt has lost no time and apparently found no difficulty in filling the vacancy caused by Mr. Quay's resignation, and he has, moreover, made an appointment which is in every way unexceptional. Colonel Francis A. Jordan, who now holds the position, is a gentleman admirably fitted for the place. He was Secretary of the Commonwealth under Governor Geary, and held the office for two consecutive terms, so that he is familiar with its duties, and as he is, moreover, a lawyer of great ability and a man of untarnished integrity, the public interests are in safe hands.

It will occur to most people says the *North American*, that Mrs. Susan A. Edson has estimated the value of her services at the bedside of the late President upon the principle adopted by the bazar-keepers of the East, of whom we are told they place a high price upon their wares in the expectation that the purchaser will be sure to beat it down. Some such idea as that must surely have possessed Mrs. Edson when she named $10,000 as the amount of her claim for what she did for Mr. Garfield. Although she now insists that she acted in the capacity of a physician, so far as the public has been informed, such was not the understanding. Mrs. Edson acted as a nurse, and she asks for an amount of compensation which is out of all reason.

The syndicate which has just been formed to prevent the production of oil, truthfully says the Delaware *Republican*, strikes a blow at every household in the land. The earth herself is to hear the "thus far but no farther" of monopoly and will be compelled to hold within her bosom the treasures which she is ready to pour forth for the benefit of mankind. The only purpose of this is to increase the gains of the few men who have obtained control of the entire oil industry of the country and who hold the consumers literally at their mercy. They may force the price of oil up, and may grow rich in the process, but they will only bring into greater prominence the necessity of grappling with this great question of monopolies in our country, and settling it once and for all. It is one of the great questions of the immediate future.

But few persons says an exchange, as they see one of the fast express trains go by are aware of the value of such a train. What is known as the royal limited express over the Pennsylvania roads, as the train is ordinarily made up, represents over $120,000, as follows: Engine, $12,000; baggage car, $1,000; smoking car, $5,000; dining-room car, $12,000; five elegant Pulman cars, $18,000 each, $90,000 While this may seem to be an exception, the ordinary express trains represent $82,000 to $85,000. The engine and tender, which are considered together, valued at $10,500; the baggage car, $1,000; the postal car, $2,000; the smoking car, $5,000; the two ordinary passenger cars, $10,000 each; and three palace cars, total, $83,000. This is a low rather than an excessive estimate of one of the fast expresses.

What seems to be needed is a judicial inquiry into the amazing crookedness surrounding the late Star route jury. This inquiry is doubtless assured by the arrest of Foreman Dickson and some others, and it is to be hoped that the fullest exposure of the matter will be made and those who are guilty properly punished. In the present condition of the accusations and counter accusations it is altogether impossible for anybody to get at the actual facts. There is little doubt, however, that the Star route plunderers, with that enterprise which characterized their wholesale robberies, employed in their service some people in the Government departments who were very useful to them and who now deserve to be severely dealt with. All the facts about these disreputable transactions should be had, if possible, and there is no doubt they can be unearthed.

The annual report of Mr. Edward Clark, Architect of the Capitol at Washington, has been submitted to the Secretary of the Interior. The amounts expended during the fiscal year were: For Capitol, $57,000; lighting Capitol and grounds, $30,000; for care and improvement of grounds, $60,000; for extension of Government Printing office, $40,000; for enlarging the Washington Court house, $117,000. Referring to the constantly increasing demand for Congressional committee accommodations, the Architect says a number of rooms formerly occupied for storage and even the ends of corridors have been fitted up as committee rooms, and the crypt is now being used for the storage of books. A new copper roof over the central part of the building is recommended. An appended report of Landscape Architect Olmstead urges the completion of the project for a grand marble terrace.

The vote in this county on Tuesday, was, for Congress:

Jadwin	3695
Post	3962
Overton	3272
Total	10.929
Post over Jadwin	267
Post over Overton	690
Jadwin over Overton	423

ALL IS LOST.

Up to the time of going to press we are unable to give full details of the result of Tuesday's election. Enough is known however to show a Waterloo defeat of the Republicans everywhere. New York, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Connecticut, all strong Republican States have been carried by the Democrats. Republicans have joined in the crusade out of their displeasure with the administration, since the death of Garfield, to make the rebuke as emphatic as possible. It is not an abandonment of Republicanism, but a rebuke of machine methods. In Pennsylvania it is the unloading of Cameron and his henchmen. In this State we loose from present appearances, three Congressmen, and it may be five. The next Congress will be democratic by a decided majority in the House. In this district, the presistency of Col. Overton and his friends in forcing his nomination against precedent and against the popular sentiment of the party, has lost the district to the Republicans, and elected Post, Democrat, by 2,000 by the help of Overton's friends over Mr. Jadwin, who was the choice of the district. Mr. Overton's vote in the district is less than 6,000, while that of Mr. Jadwin is about 11,000. The county officers in Bradford, are elected by majorities ranging from 1000 to 1,200.

Beaver's plurality in Bradford over Pattison is about 1,000 and the rest of the State ticket about the same. The result in Bradford and in this congressional district is attributed to the contemptous treatment of the popular sentiment of the party by a few party bosses who seem bent on driving the party to its own destruction through their machinations. The result shows that as against a popular democrat, Col. Overton, though labeled with the plea of "Regular" would have been defeated by thousands. The friends of Mr. Jadwin first advised in the kindest manner that the sentiment of the district should be respected. That the nomination of Mr. Jadwin would secure the district to the Republicans over any Democrat they could put in the field by 6,000 majority. This was apparent and acknowledged on all hands. But in the face of these self-evident facts, a machine set up the nomination of Overton in contempt of the sentiment of the district. Fully aware that Mr. Overton could not be elected, Mr. Jadwin's friends in Wayne presented Mr. Jadwin and appealed to the district for his support. Wyoming, Susquehanna and Bradford joined in the appeal in the hope of saving the district, and came near saving it. The result being a majority over Overton in every county in the district, and a majority of 5,000 over him in favor of Mr. Jadwin shows the wisdom of the attempt. Every vote cast for Overton was a vote thrown away, and the result shows it. Every man who advised Col. Overton not to take the nomination was unjustly treated as his personal enemy. Had he listened to his *real friends* the disaster would have been averted. Having exerted every possible influence to have the right prevail and failed, we had no recourse but to go with the friends of Mr. Jadwin and try to save the district. Our course has been open and frank. The situation having been forced upon the district by Mr. Overton and his friends, the responsibility is upon them and nowhere else. We have not scrupled to place it where it belongs. We have no revenges and save the loss of Mr. Jadwin no regrets. Our efforts shall be devoted to gathering up the scattered fragments of the party on the basis of popular rights and a due regard for the party's judgment, without regard to the personal interests of men. Our political faith abides in the principles and doctrines of the Republican party. A spirit of honorable and just concession to the rights of the whole will revive the party in its might and strength, with assurance of future victories for the right.

The vote in Susquehanna County as far as reported is Post 3300; Jadwin 1250; and Overton 1500.

Vote of Bradford County, Nov. 7, 1882.

ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Governor. James A. Beaver, R.	Lieutenant Gov. Robert E. Patterson, D.	Lieutenant Gov. John Stewart, I. R.	Judge Sup'e Court. William T. Davies, R.	Judge Sup'e Court. Chauncey F. Black, D.	Sec. Internal Affairs. L. Bird Dull, I. R.	Sec. Internal Affairs. H. W. Rowle, R.	Congress. Silas M. Clark, D.	Congress. Geo. Junkin, I. R.	Congress. John M. Greer, R.	Congress. J. Simpson Africa, D.	Congress. Edward Overton, Jr., R.	Congress. Geo. A. Post, D.	Representatives. C. C. Ladwig, Ind.	Representatives. E. S. Ayres, R.	Representatives. B. D. Minshall, R.	Representatives. J. P. Coburn, R.	Representatives. Edward McGovern, D.	Representatives. James Davison, D.	Representatives. John M. Lewis, D.	Coroner. Dr. Clinton H. Scott, R.	Coroner. Dr. T. B. Johnson, D.	Jury Com'rs. Nelson Gilbert, R.	Jury Com'rs. J. Monroe Ayres, D.	Congressman at Large. Mortimer F. Elliott, D.	Congressman at Large. William McMichael, I. R.
Armenia	52	24	11	52	24	11	52	24	10	52	24	11	47	24	16	53	62	63	35	24	24	59	27	63	24	53	24	10
Athens Boro	120	17	3	123	17	3	124	16	4	123	17	3	23	10	3	127	27	17	15	15	27	16	27	16	23	17	3	
Albany Twp	156	91	5	156	91	4	151	89	5	154	90	5	59	78	143	113	155	162	125	80	80	164	91	167	88	155	89	13
Albany Boro	43	11	2	42	11	2	44	11	1	43	11	2	29	9	18	31	45	46	20	9	9	43	94	46	11	46	11	
Asylum	139	127	12	131	128	12	130	128	13	132	128	13	115	100	165	145	145	122	110	110	145	125	145	125	134	125	11	
Athens Boro—1st Ward	69	59	9	70	57	9	67	59	11	69	58	10	61	60	20	79	79	80	61	60	60	49	79	80	61	73	61	1
Athens Twp—Second Dist.	18	71	7	20	71	5	21	70	5	19	71	6	22	65	8	25	25	25	71	71	71	25	71	25	71	20	71	5
Athens Twp—First Dist.	102	121	4	101	122	4	104	120	4	102	121	4	82	117	79	111	111	111	117	117	115	84	145	111	117	107	117	4
Athens Boro—2nd Ward	101	107	14	106	105	14	108	107	12	100	107	14	84	109	23	113	118	114	113	112	112	80	113	113	112	97	112	2
Athens Twp—Third Dist.	56	120	61	59	114	61	99	116	79	58	117	81	6	115	134	139	140	140	116	116	116	84	154	135	120	60	116	80
Burlington Boro	22	13	6	21	14	6	22	12	6	22	13	6	2	6	32	25	28	27	14	9	9	26	13	26	14	25	13	6
Burlington Twp	134	56	18	134	55	17	136	58	14	134	55	3	81	54	75	141	151	151	68	54	54	139	69	137	71	134	58	17
Burlington West	86	74	12	83	74	10	89	71	9	85	74	10	37	72	71	108	105	105	71	75	75	104	76	103	77	88	76	15
Barclay	74	152	16	76	152	14	72	155	12	74	152	16	25	144	81	91	92	91	173	156	156	92	157	89	157	73	157	19
Canton Boro	135	72	27										67	72	97													
Canton Twp	210	76	27	204	84	22	202	76	23	210	76	27	145	74	94	225	225	217	75	76	76	239	76	236	76	212	78	25
Columbia	89	83	18	91	80	18	89	82	18	91	80	18	64	80	48	110	108	107	81	80	80	107	83	107	83	90	83	17
Franklin	54	66	31	53	66	32	58	64	30	54	66	31	8	61	83	91	91	90	66	66	66	89	66	96	50	62	66	29
Granville	112	44	66										62	42	123													
Herrick	48	54	70										24	54	124													
LeRayville	55	15	16	42	14	19	54	15	12	56	15	15	41	21	14	56	36	67	41	55	55	67	18	68	16	65	15	4
Litchfield	80	76	1	82	75	1	79	74	1	80	73	1	65	68	31	83	84	84	73	73	73	81	76	82	73	74	72	1
LeRoy	142	30	9	142	28	8	144	27	9	142	29	9	91	28	155	155	155	155	34	34	34	154	33	149	33	148	33	8
Monroe Boro	46	15	29	47	15	28	46	15	28	47	15	28	12	12	67	51	74	75	29	15	15	73	18	72	17	47	15	29
Monroe Twp	133	85	33	131	85	32	134	86	29	133	85	32	33	84	135	140	166	166	103	86	86	162	90	167	85	127	85	30
Orwell	101	31	84	103	30	82	103	1	79	102	29	82	79	28	197	199	216	215	35	35	35	197	35	194	35	101	36	96
Overton	29	60	2	30	60	1	29	60	2	29	60	2	25	64	12	16	25	27	98	70	70	22	79	31	70	21	70	
Pike	149	40	38	142	50	39	156	50	28	148	49	38	86	49	97	177	116	188	43	47	83	191	48	191	48	164	47	27
Rome Twp	126	61	15	126	61	14	126	58	13	129	60	15	104	56	42	144	143	146	60	60	54	142	61	139	63	128	10	51
Rome Boro	23	17	1	23	18	1	23	15	2	23	17	1	21	14	15	34	31	34	14	11	15	31	16	33	18	30	14	13
Ridgbury	130	127	3	126	133	3	126	129	4	129	128	3	65	127	66	130	129	130	128	128	128	130	128	130	128	127	128	
Sheshequin	161	90	16	147	89	25	157	84	13	165	89	18	121	81	67	153	189	177	112	86	87	158	108	117	91	153	88	25
Springfield	120	80	35										120	80	35													
Smithfield	210	98	48	206	100	49	205	104	44	207	100	48	146	93	117	256	258	257	105	104	103	256	100	253	100	210	99	45
South Creek	121	56	12	121	61	7	123	59	7	121	59	4	9	55	124	126	125	125	62	56	56	125	62	125	62	114	62	8
Standing Stone	46	136	3	46	137	2	46	136	3	46	136	3	28	134	23	47	48	48	138	136	137	48	137	48	137	45	137	3
South Waverly	10	106	21	10	106	21	10	105	22	10	106	21	6	107	31	32	31	30	106	106	106	30	108	21	106	8	106	23
Terry	90	111	33	90	111	32	85	105	33	88	109	34	18	93	131	125	125	125	106	98	98	125	98	125	98	90	98	42
Sylvania Boro	10	13	28	10	15	26	9	15	27	10	15	26	10	10	33	31	35	33	18	16	15	31	18	33	16	10	15	28
Towanda—1st Ward	82	92	42	84	90	40	83	91	38	82	92	42	88	78	52	110	109	119	120	68	68	108	110	120	69	85	91	32
Towanda—2nd Ward	136	116	68	173	99	61	143	113	54	138	113	60	141	66	85	182	196	197	139	100	101	156	183	303	107	138	113	62
Towanda—3rd Ward	78	79	27	87	72	22	81	83	22	77	76	29	77	70	40	99	109	107	91	81	78	81	108	102	84	82	11	24
Towanda Twp	90	56	14	92	56	12	93	55	8	91	56	13	83	49	30	103	104	104	58	55	55	103	58	98	61	95	58	9
Towanda North	58	40	6	48	48	7	55	72	6	55	72	5	43	69	25	83	61	60	83	71	72	48	87	23	111	55	73	8
Troy Boro	128	109	38	182	109	37	131	107	39	128	109	40	130	112	29	157	185	162	119	114	87	167	113	167	113	125	115	41
Troy Twp	167	86	41	170	89	36	164	85	40	167	88	41	167	89	46	219	225	207	91	90	76	209	90	209	90	166	96	36
Tuscarora	174	57	4	182	57	3	179	57	4	168	57	3	29	81	160	172	175	175	57	57	57	175	57	175	57	170	57	
Ulster	127	111	9	128	111	9	129	111	9	128	112	9	136	111	7	142	140	140	112	102	103	136	122	140	115	130	115	9
Warren	122	66	32	124	64	28	127	64	26	124	65	31	62	61	102	147	127	161	65	67	104	154	67	153	67	122	67	34
Windham	110	95	14	110	94	14	114	93	11	110	94	14	60	94	59	126	138	126	96	96	96	128	95	128	95	112	96	13
Wyalusing—1st Dist	97	98	40	95	100	33	100	97	36	95	100	39	46	98	101	132	135	135	103	99	99	137	98	133	98	101	99	35
Wilmot	112	154	2	112	153	2	112	150	1	112	154	2	88	144	35	114	113	112	154	146	147	113	152	113	155	114	151	1
Wysox—1st Dist	58	80	22	57	80	21	58	79	22	59	79	22	44	82	37	77	82	82	88	81	82	67	97	82	81	61	82	21
Wells	58	117	9	57	116	8	59	116	7	58	117	8	51	115	18	75	68	68	116	110	69	115	68	116	58	116	10	
Wyalusing—2nd Dist	64	38	25	62	40	21	40	38	22	65	39	24	36	38	64	97	97	97	42	40	40	96	42	97	41	77	40	21
Wysox—2nd Dist	42	76	2	43	76	2	42	76	3	42	78	2	45	70	9	46	47	47	76	75	76	47	76	49	75	44	76	4
Total	5200	4215	1288										3353	3913	3607													

The recent weather has been so genial that one may almost believe we have had the first slight touch of Indian summer. Since October began the whole country has been under comparatively clear skies and mild temperatures, with few exceptions, unless near the Canada border and the sea and Gulf Coasts. This bright spell is in strong contrast with the wet and stormy equinoctial period of September, suggesting that the storms of that month drained the atmosphere of the store of watery vapor accumulated during the summer. It is rather early for Indian summer to put in its appearance, though it did so last year about the 18th of October. Its usual period ranges in these lattitudes from about the first of November to the middle of December, and it has been observed in British America, even later than this. While it is pretty certain that we have scarcely entered upon this charming season the present weather at least presages its approach. Though the thermal changes of the last fort-night have decided in some sections the southward extension of the frost belt from the Northward has been delayed, and this delay has given ample time for the growing crops to mature while the fine weather has favored the work of finishing up all harvesting. The advance of the present season has been more rapid than the fall of 1881, as was premonished would be the case after last month's great equinoctial storm. But this fact affords no presumption that we shall suffer this year from an unusually boreal and bitter autumn.

By a resolution of Congress, adopted Aug 5, 1882, the use of the Rotunda and adjacent rooms of the Capitol was granted to for a Bazaar and Reception, to be held from November 25th to December 3d, for the purpose of raising funds to erect a monument in the National Capitol, to the memory of the late President Garfield. Col. F. A. Seeley, of Honesdale, Chairman of the Pennsylvania Auxiliary Board of Commissioners in Washington, has addressed a circular to the people of the State, inviting contributions from manufacturers, merchants and others, of articles for exhibition or sale, and of money. Articles designed for sale or exhibition will be displayed to the best advantage, bearing the name and address of the contributor, until the close of the Bazaar, when all gifts will be sold for the benefit of the fund, and other articles restored to their owners. Full details may be obtained by addressing the Board of Direction, rooms 94 to 96, Ebbitt House, Washington.

Up to that fatal July morning, when President Garfield fell by the hand of the assassin, the country was alive with enthusiastic approval of his administrative policy. All parties acquiesced in their indorsement of Garfield. All this has been reversed by Arthur and his advisers. In place of popular rule we have political ostracism in Pennsylvania of every man who does not bow the knee to Don. Cameron. The Administration put its hand on New York and Ohio. The rebuke is emphatic. It seems as though hope died and the Republican party fell when Garfield fell. If there is a man in the country who can revive it, that man's name is James G. Blaine.

The monthly statatement just issued shows that the National debt was reduced nearly $15,000,000 during September. Democrats who intend to abuse the Republican party from the stump or sanctum between now and election will do well to remember to have the presence of mind to forget to allude to these figures.

The sum of the Republican victory is a majority over the Prihobition and Greenback ticket. We came within 20,000 of beating Pattison and with Mr. Jadwin as the nominee for Congress would have saved this district by 6,000 majority.

The condemnation of stalwartism in Repuolican politics in the election of Tuesday last, is emphatic and far-reaching. We hope it may reach the ears of Arthur, Cameron, Conkling & Co.

Messrs Webb & Co. have all the glory of Mr. Jadwin's defeat and the loss of the district. Their malice, as shown by their threats, is gratified in the election of Post. They so express it.

If the Democrats suppose that their victory means a conversion of Republicans to the political heresies of the Democratic party, they are much mistaken. There is nothing of the kind in it.

Pattison,s plurality in the State is somewhere between 15,000 and 20,000.

PERSONAL POINTS.

General Sherman's salary will be nearly the same after his retirement as it is now—about $15,000.

Senator Harrison, of Indiana, declines to deliver the oration at the opening of the Garfield fair at Washington.

Governor Stephens was inaugurated at Atlanta, Ga., on Saturday with appropriate ceremonies at De Give's Opera House.

Hon. Josiah Quincy, Sr., died at Wollaston, Quincy, Mass., Thursday morning. He was Mayor of Boston in 1846–1848. He was about eighty years old.

Queen Victoria has, on the recommendation of the Prime Minister, appointed the Rev. Canon Connor, Vicar of Newport, Isle of Wright, to the vacant Deanery of Windsor.

Richard Coughlin, of Paterson, aged seventy-one years, was the first conductor on the Paterson and Hudson River Railroad, and is said to be the oldest conductor in the world.

Mr. Henry Villard, the president of the Northern Pacific Railroad, has offered to endow Oregon University with $50,000 if the State will increase its annual legislative allowance from $2500 to $5000.

Mr. Joseph Grinnell, of New Bedford, Mass., now approaching the completion of his ninety-fourth year, attended the Republican meeting there last Friday night. He is the oldest living resident of the State who has served in Congress.

The grave of Emerson is kept constantly covered with flowers by the young girls of Concord. Hawthorne's, with a stone at head and foot bearing simply his name, is neglected, and Thoreau's is unadorned save with a thick sod of green grass.

Charles E. Slayback, a brother of the St. Louis lawyer recently killed, in conversation with a well-known theatrical manager recently, said that he could not barbor feelings of revenge against Colonel Cockeril, and that his brother's hasty conduct was to blame for his misfortune.

Miss Ellard, the owner of a fine estate in Ireland, with an income of $50,000 a year, was two years ago fired at while out riding, but the missile did no injury to her or her coachman. In consequence of the outrage two sub-constables were placed on duty, and one of them, named Sheehy, proved so highly agreeable that she has married him.

John B. Stickney, United States District Attorney for Florida, died in Providence Hospital at Washington Sunday morning of congestion of the brain. Mr. Stickney came to Washington about two weeks ago on business connected with his office, and was shortly afterward taken sick and removed to the hospital.

Rear Admiral C. H. Pool died of apoplexy at his residence in Washington Sunday evening. He was taken violently ill soon after retiring on Saturday night, and lingered until five o'clock the next evening. Admiral Pool had been on the retired list of the navy since 1870. He was born in Massachusetts, and his entry into the service dates from March 1, 1825.

GENERAL GLEANINGS.

The chief of the engineers of the army asks for large appropriations to provide for the defence of our harbors.

A petition has been addressed to the Secretary of the Treasury requesting him to make all sugar imported into the United States from the Sandwich Islands dutiable. It is claimed that Sandwich Island sugar does not come within the Hawaiian Island treaty. The circular has been signed by prominent sugar refiners of New York, Boston and Philadelphia.

The steamship Abyssinia, which arrived at New York on Thursday evening, has 423 Mormons among her passengers. The party is composed of 280 English persons, 115 Scandinavians, and twenty-eight returning missionaries, the latter of whom have returned after a year's work of proselytizing among laborers and farm hands in the British Empire. Of the entire number that arrived, fully one-third are single men and women, who journey to Utah for the purpose of colonization.

Six years ago an eccentric Spaniard was in Keokuk, Iowa. He had an only child, a girl twelve years old. It seems he wanted her brought up a Protestant, and in his eccentricity named George Bland, a colored blacksmith, of Keokuk, her guardian. He made a contract with a priest in Spain for carrying out his will. It provides that the priest receives $68,000 in case the conditions are fulfilled, otherwise nothing. George Bland, the colored man, is to have the same amount and the guardianship of the child, who gets $360,000 and a large amount of diamonds and jewelry. A man is now on the way to Spain to look after the matter.

In the Criminal Court at Washington, before Justice Wylie, Friday, the trial of A. C. Soteldo, charged with the murder of his brother, A. M. Soteldo, in February last, was concluded. The case was given to the jury at 4:45 p. m., and after thirty minutes' deliberation they rendered a verdict of not guilty. When the verdict had been recorded, Assistant District Attorney Taggart asked Judge Wylie to fix bail in the case of assault with intent to kill Barton pending against the defendant Soteldo. His counsel suggested that as the verdict of acquittal had been rendered in the murder case the other should be nolle prossed. The Court, however, agree to take the defendant's personal recognizance in $1000, which was given, and the defendant left the courtroom with his friends.

On Friday evening General Butler had a narrow escape from drowning about four miles below Lawrence, Mass. He was on the steamer C. L. Mathar, which ran on a rock just at the upper edge of the rapids and stuck there. It was essential that he should be at Lawrence at an early hour, and a small boat carried by the steamer was brought alongside. General Butler, Mayor Breen, Mr. Caleb Saunders and Captain Homans had taken their places in it, when the rapidly-running stream began to suck the boat under the steamer's counter, and in the efforts to clear it, the boat swamped. The deck-hands with great difficulty succeeded in hauling the gentlemen on board, and they escaped with a thorough wetting. The stream at this point is so strong that but few swimmers could have escaped being hurled over the rapids and carried a mile or two down stream to slackwater.

PENNSYLVANIA PARAGRAPHS.

Mrs. Kate Wolffe, a sister of James Malley, and one of the witnesses in the famous trial at New Haven, died at Wilkes-Barre last Friday, of pneumonia.

The new South Pittsburg Building and Loan Association, organized about a month ago, has been disbanded for want of patronage. An attempt will be made in a short time to reorganize, when the projectors hope to have better success.

Five eight new boilers for the Harrisburg cotton mill have been placed in position, and business will be resumed in a few days. A number of the old operatives left the city since the suspension, but will return at the commencement of operations.

St. Michael's Catholic Church, a new and handsome granite edifice erected in Chester at cost of $90,000, was dedicated last Sunday morning by Bishop Shanahan, of Harrisburg, in the presence of a large congregation. The church is said to be the finest in the diocese outside of Philadelphia.

Dickenson College, at Carlisle, has just been presented with $30,000 in seven per cent. bonds by Thomas Beaver, of Danville. This handsome gift is highly appreciated by the faculty of Dickenson, as it adds very materially to an enlargement of the endowment of the college to what it should be.

The work of erection of the buildings for the new Williamsport Rubber Company has been begun, and will be pushed as rapidly as possible. The buildings will be of brick, and the estimated cost is about $15,000. The main building will be two hundred by fifty feet, three stories high, and the other will be one hundred by fifty feet, two stories high. The foundations are to be three feet in thickness and the brick walls twenty-one inches. Seven hundred thousand brick will be required. As the roof is to be of iron, the buildings will be thoroughly fire-proof.

A valuable mare belonging to R. Harry Strade, of Pocopson township, Chester county, met with a narrow escape one day recently. She had broken out of her pasture and gained the track of the Wilmington and Northern Railroad just as a train approached. She was struck and thrown up on the pilot of the engine, where she was carried for a considerable distance, and on being thrown off she fell back in front of the engine and was again picked up by the cowcatcher. After being carried a short distance she was thrown to the side of the road, when she regained her feet, and when found by her owner was far from the point where she was struck. Strangely enough, the mare was but slightly injured, and in a few days will be none the worse for her singular accident.

Equivalent to Conviction.

WELLSBORO, Nov. 2.—Frank Crowl, the assistant postmaster at this place, who was charged with robbing the mails, had his hearing before United States Commissioner F. E. Smith this afternoon. Elliot & Watrous and Henry Sherwood appeared as counsel for the defendant, and United States District Attorney Wilson, of Pittsburg, as prosecutor. The evidence against Crowl was so conclusive as to admit of no defence, and but little was attempted by the defendants counsel. The young man was admitted to bail under a bond of $3,000. His conviction is assured and under the penalties affixed to his crime his sentence cannot be less than fifteen years. United States mail inspectors Coates, Space and Nelson appeared against the prisoner. Inspector Coates is the man who put up the scheme which led to the detection of Crowl. Knowing that there was a crookedness in the mail line somewhere in the vicinity, he sent a registered letter from Gaines, containing a check and a number of bills. The bills were all marked, so as to be readily detected. He came to Wellsboro with the mail, saw it go to the office, and the instant that Crowl had left the building for his dinner, went through the registered letter package, in company with ex-Postmaster G. W. Merrick. The decoy letter was found to have been tampered with, and upon opening