

JUDSON HOLCOMB, Proprietor. CHAS. H. ALLEN, Associate Editor.

THURSDAY, APRIL 27, 1882.

The Denver Tribune suggests as the Democratic presidential ticket in 1884, Andrew Jackson and James Buchanan, and suggests that they would lead the hosts to victory.

The House Committee on Civil Service Reform has agreed on a bill for the Department of Agriculture and four bureaus, one of which will be designated the Bureau of Agriculture.

Arrangements have been made by the Pennsylvania Agricultural Society which the annual exhibition this year will be held in Pittsburg, on the grounds of the Exposition Society.

The action of Insurance Commissioner Foster and Attorney General Palmer against the 213 co-operative insurance companies of the State has caused considerable stir among some of the associations.

Last week the Attorney General filed 213 suits in Harrisburg against mutual insurance companies of this State. The list includes nearly every company in the State.

One more impediment in the way of the trial of the Star Rotter was removed on Thursday last when Judge Wylie denied the defendants a bill of particulars.

The prospect is good for a reduction in the rate of letter postage. A bill which the House Committee on Post-Office, has agreed to report with a favorable recommendation.

The Chief of the Bureau of Statistics reports that the total values of the exports of domestic provisions, tallow and dairy products from the United States during the month of March, 1882 were \$7,993,829.

The House Committee on Education has agreed to report favorably the bill appropriating \$10,000,000 for general educational purposes.

Both the Georgia Senators, and Senator John G. Thompson are absent from their seats in consequence of illness.

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Governor Hoy has appointed Charles H. Stinson, of Norristown, as Judge of the District Court, District No. 1, Judge Judge Stinson is a Republican, and was formerly a member of the State Senate.

The Democrats of the House, after fighting vigorously for a time to prevent action on the bill for the suppression of polygamy in Utah, they were forced to a vote, and voted for the bill.

Why is it that the Democratic party in Congress always takes the wrong side of every question involving a moral principle? On the bill for the suppression of polygamy in Utah, they were found voting on the wrong side and against the bill. They voted in a body to admit Cannon, the polygamist delegate from Utah to a seat. He had to step down and out all the same, but by Republican votes.

Nothing is more fatal to a public man than to be ignored. He sometimes owes more to his enemies than his friends, Blaine, above all of them, courted attack, while the Stewart press is vociferous in its denunciation that since Conkling has become a private citizen he should be left alone. Hence, while in the Peruvian fraud, proves to Blaine, a special privilege done up in guano.

In the Criminal Court at Washington Judge Wylie delivered his decision overruling the motion made by the defendants in the Star Rotter case. Judge Wylie has refused to furnish a full bill of particulars to the overt acts charged in the indictment. Colonel Bliss then stated that it was the intention of the prosecution to furnish the defense with a bill of information as the cases proceed. Mr. Wilson, for the defense, asked an exception to the ruling, and then asked that the plan of not furnishing in Turner's case be withdrawn, and that he be allowed to enter a motion to quash. The Court held the matter under consideration.

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The Star Route thieves are struggling desperately to escape the clutches of the law, but Attorney-General Brewster, sustained by Judge Wylie, in whose court the most important cases are pending, baffles them at every point. Ultimately they will be forced to a trial by a jury of their countrymen, where the evidence will prove overwhelming for their conviction.

This is called an off year in politics, and yet all Hous of Representatives is to be elected, and State Legislatures that will select twenty United States Senators are to be chosen. Besides the election of Legislatures and Representatives, twenty states will choose Governors. The year 1882 cannot, therefore, be considered an unimportant one in politics.

Miss Clara Louise Kellogg told a reporter of the New York World that for present engagement would end May 25, and that she would then retire from the operatic stage forever, but that she is not to be married at present, and that when the wedding takes place the public will hear of it.

The New Haven Register wants to know whether Damana is Sarah's husband de jure or de facto. De facto his marriage will be plain enough to Mr. Damana further on, and he will not need a lawyer to establish his name with an n, attached to it quite frequently.

The sentinels which were placed at Garfield's grave on September 28, 1881, have never left it unguarded night or day since. Thousands of people visit the vault. The house where he died is still standing, and the street with withered flowers is shown to visitors.

The rumor is current that Secretary Lincoln will soon resign from the Cabinet. The story is that he does not find the life of a Cabinet officer a congenial one, and would much prefer to go back to the practice of law in Chicago.

In New-Zealand the women wear their hair short and the men wear theirs long. It is progress—Elmira Free Press. We can name a dozen married men who will take a notion of that kind of "progress" in their hair.

Charles Robert Darwin, the well-known author of the "Origin of Species by Natural Selection," died on Wednesday last week. In his death England loses its most distinguished and influential scientist. It may be said that Darwin was the founder in England of the modern school of science, and that his theory of evolution is the basis of the modern scientific movement. He was a man of great power, and his influence is felt in every branch of human knowledge. His theory of evolution is the basis of the modern scientific movement. He was a man of great power, and his influence is felt in every branch of human knowledge.

The object of the machine is to make the Philadelphia Press, and that they are used for free candidates on the party without any full canvass, without any just regard for public sentiment, and without any fair consideration of all elements.

This was the ground upon which the movement to make Mr. Oliver United States Senator was opposed. His name had not been presented or suggested during the campaign. There had been no discussion of his merits and no opportunity for any public expression. Other names had been canvassed before the people, and they had been led to expect a different choice. The Republicans of the State sent a Republican majority to the Legislature with a clear and unmistakable indication of the character and quality of man they wanted. After the members had been elected and assembled at Harrisburg, and in defiance of this plain manifestation of public sentiment, the attempt was made to carry Mr. Oliver through the caucus by main force; and it was this effort to override the popular will by the sheer power of the machine that aroused the successful opposition and justified the independent attitude of the fifty-six.

It was the same feeling that created the strong hostility to General Bailey's nomination for State Treasurer. The public expression on all sides had clearly designated Senator Davies as the popular choice. The people expected and approved his nomination, and the delegates were elected with this general understanding. During all the earlier stages of the canvass General Bailey's name was nowhere mentioned, and it was not until most of the delegates had been chosen and just before the convention, that the determination to nominate him was announced. He was carried through the convention, just as the attempt had been made to carry Mr. Oliver through the Senatorial caucus, not in response to public sentiment but by employing all the force of