The Farm and the Fireside.

Thinning out Vegetables.

It was Cobbet, we think, that remarked, when speaking of the ill effects of planting, that one cucumber planted in a hill would bear more fruit than two, two more than four, and so on; and if there were fifty plants in a hill the whole of them put together would bear no cucumbers at all. The truth is, there is a much greater loss in allowing vegetables to stand thickly together, than most are at all aware of. To insure a crop, plenty of seed is sown, with the intention of thinning at a proper time; but when thinning day arrives, it requires rather more nerve to commit what appears to be merciless havoc of tearing out nine-tenths of the beautifully growing young plants, than most persons possess. A crop of beets has just commenced forming handsome bulbs, precisely one inch asunder in a row; certainly something of the boldness of a surgeon it needs to lay nine tenths withering in the sun; cucumbers are just beginning to throw out their runners and to show their yellowish blossoms, and it seems to some a hard matter to tear out three-fourths of the dozen now growing in the hill. It must, however, be done—all the surplus plants in a bed of beets or turnips, or in a hill of cucumbers, squashes or melons, are to be regarded as so many positive, downright weeds, obstructing the growth of the rest and yielding but little or nothing themselves. If our crops are to be crowded and stunted, we would quite as willingly have it done with big weeds and fox-tail, as to have them smothered and the soil exhausted by weeds of their own species.

Many years ago, when the cultivation of the ruta baga was first introduced, we could invariably distinguish the crops of the novice by the thickly growing, half-developed bulbs. "Oh! but they had thinned them to a very great extent—they had cut out three-fourths, and reduced them from one inch to four inches in distance," whereas none should ever stand nearer than a foot to each other, if the soil possesses anything like fertility; but this looked like indiscriminate slaughter, and could not be thought of for a moment. The finest specimens of garden products which we see exhibited at Horticultural shows, are those which have been well thinned and allowed every opportunity to develop themselves freely; and the same is true of ornamental plants, where a full, rich, and luxuriant bloom is obtained through the adoption of the same principle.

TREES.

If there are inspiring natures that wistfully ask, with empty hands, what we may with our poverty do to embellish the earth, to them I say, when all the works of man are ended, he has not approached the inexpressible beauty of God's architecture. Those stately elms, that teach us every winter how meekly to lay our glories by, and receive the reverse of inevitable misfortune, and that soon will teach us to look forth out of all misfortunes, and clothe ourselves afresh after every winter, what have ye that may compare with *them?* The cathedrals of the world are not so traced as these, nor so adorned, nor so full of communion, nor have they pliant boughs on which, with humble might, they swing the peaceful singing-bird and from whose swaying, night and day, there is music in the air for those that know the sound. Of all man's works of art, a cathedral is the greatest. A tree is greater than that. Of all man's instruments of sound, an organ, uttering its mazy harmonies through the sombre arches of the reverend pile, is the grandest; but the sound of summer in the forest is grander than that. And if we wander out from the arid city till we come to these crowned monarchs of the fields, we need not be ashamed to stand with lifted hands, and bless our God for a gift of beauty greater than any man builds. It is, then, here that every one may yield to life some embellishment. To the home of your youth you may return with gathered wealth, to replant it with flowers. Your native village you may emboson in well selected forests. The traveler may, in another generation, journey along your roads, over-arched with elms or shaded with stately oaks. Your villages may grow lovely in a thousand features now unknown. Every yard and garden may be a paradise.

Henry Ward Beecher.

Sawdust for Orchards.

A year last fall I hauled a load of old rotten sawdust and threw it around my young apple trees. My neighbor over the way is one of those characters who plod on in the same old track that his father and grandfather did, believing that they knew all, and more too. My neighbor said if I put saw dust around my trees, it would surely kill them. He said he put manure around some of his trees, and killed them. I told him I would risk it, 'anyhow.'

I put fresh stable manure around one row and saw dust around the next; around another row I put leached ashes; and the remainder of the orchard I manured with well rotted barnyard manure, and in the spring spread it and well planted the ground with corn and potatoes. The result was that many trees grew very luxuriantly, but the trees where the sawdust was grew the best, the bark being smoother and the trees had a healthier appearance. I will also state that part of the orchard planted to potatoes grew greatly better than that part planted in corn. The sod was clay loam.—*Exchange.*

Preserving Bacon from the Fly.

To the Editor of the American Farmer.

'I am induced by motives which every housekeeper will appreciate, to communicate through your valuable journal, the following effectual and simple method of preserving bacon from injury from the fly or skipper.

When your bacon is smoked early in the spring, before the fly has made its appearance, take quick lime slacked to a dry powder, and rub the meat thoroughly on every part with it, causing it to adhere as much as possible; hang up your meat, and rest secure from any trouble from insects.

I have tried the above method, (communicated to me by an experienced housekeeper,) and so well satisfied am I with the experiment, that I consider it of sufficient importance to be made public. I have tried many other means for preserving meat from the fly, but this is the only certain remedy I have ever yet found.

Very truly yours,

AUG. SHRIVER.

To Transfer a Print to Glass.

When a lithographic or other print is required to appear on glass, the glass is first coated with dilute copal varnish, and the paper containing the print is dipped in warm water; and, while the varnish remains adhesive, the paper is placed on the varnish, with the print side down, and then gently pressed till all the parts adhere. Or several folds of soft paper may be placed on the print, and a piece of plank or other weight placed there on to keep the print and varnish in contact till both are dry. Then the print, being again moistened with water, may be peeled off, leaving the ink of the print adhering to the glass. The several parts of the print may then be painted with appropriate colors on the glass, and finished with a ground coat over all.

Gen. Larimer's Letter.

We are indebted to a friend at Pittsburg for a copy of the letter to which Mr. Pollock's anti-Nebraska letter, was written in reply. It is worthy of its author. General Larimer ranks where he should, among the first men of Western Pennsylvania:

PITTSBURG, 28th March, 1854.

DEAR SIR:—About leaving home, on an urgent business visit to the Eastern cities, when the first intelligence of the action of the Whig Convention was telegraphed to this city, I promptly availed myself of the lightning messenger to convey to that body my hearty endorsement of their selection of yourself as the Gubernatorial candidate of the party.

I am pleased, further, on perusal since of a full report of their proceedings, to discover that the Whig Convention, in making you the standard-bearer of the party in the approaching canvass, has not merely tendered you its highest compliments, but has placed you on such a *platform* of principles, as will, I trust, enable you to rally, under the old Whig Banner, the noble spirits who patriotically elevated it, and triumphantly bore it, through the campaigns of '42 and '48.

On such a platform as this Convention has furnished, where is the true Pennsylvanian of any party, glorying in his birthright of freedom, solicitous for the preservation of his proud heritage, or in whose bosom a feeling of State pride has ever caused a quicker pulsation, who will not equally take his stand beside you?

In my humble judgment, sir, the Whig party of the North, is, this day, stronger than at any former period. Occupying as she now does, the true Republican ground, the policy of the opposition is making her a unit, and is doing more to render her *invincible* than all the efforts of her most astute political tacticians could accomplish. Presenting an unbroken front of opposition to the *deliberate breach of plighted faith and public compact* contemplated by the proposed repeal of the Missouri compromise—the iniquitous Nebraska movement will, I trust, meet with a *stern indignant, and unanimous condemnation*" in Pennsylvania in October next, *more signal* even than that lately expressed by the patriotic freemen of the Granite State.

Permit me therefore, to congratulate you on the high position which has been assigned you, in a contest so full of hope and promise in its results; and to assure you that the Whigs in Western Pennsylvania will most fully co-operate with their Eastern brethren, in the discharge of their whole duty to the principles they profess, their State, their party, and its candidates. I have the honor to be,

Very respectfully and truly yours,

Hon. James Pollock. Wm. Larimer, Jr.

Milton, Northumberland Co. Pa.

Marriage in Pennsylvania.

"In Pennsylvania a girl is legally marriageable at fourteen, and a boy at sixteen, without the consent of parents."

The above very interesting piece of legal information has been drifting in upon us on our stream of exchanges every day for some time past. Now, what is the fact or rather what is the *law*, of the case? In Pennsylvania the old English Common Law prevails, by which boys at *fourteen* and girls at *twelve*, were able to contract marriage. We have a statute, passed in 1730, which inflicts a penalty of fifty pounds upon every magistrate, minister, &c., performing the marriage ceremony between two persons under *twenty-one*, without consent of parents or guardians first had and obtained; also a statute, passed in 1701, inflicting a penalty of twenty pounds upon the parties themselves, and five pounds upon each witness present at their marriage. But this statute does not invalidate the marriage. The several parties concerned are liable to the penalties, but the marriage, between parties over fourteen and twelve, is good.—*Daily Register.*

Col. Fremont.

Mr. Benton wrote to the National Intelligencer, on the receipt of the telegraphic report that "Fremont had arrived in California with only twenty men, the greater part having deserted after crossing the Colorado," denying the truth of the desertion story, and exposing its absurdity. Fremont started with only twenty-one men from the States, and one of these died on the way, leaving "only twenty" surviving.

Mr. Benton says:

"Fremont was not educated at West Point, and his men—whether Americans, Germans, Irish, French, Indian, mulatto, or black—do not desert him. They die by him, but never "desert."

That is our opinion of the man, too, and the details by the North Star shows that Mr. Benton was right.

A GOOD LESSON.—I learned a good lesson when I was a little girl, says a lady. One frosty morning I was looking out of the window into my father's barn yard, where stood many cow, horses, and oxen, waiting to drink. The cattle stood very meek, till one of the cows, in trying to turn round, happened to hit her next door neighbor, who reupon the neighbor hit and kicked another. In five minutes the whole herd were kicking each other with great fury.

My mother laughed and said, 'See, now, what comes of kicking when you are hit.'

Just so. I have seen one cross word set a whole family by the ears, some frosty morning. Afterwards, when my brothers or myself were a little irritable, she would say, 'Children remember how the fight in the barn-yard began. Never return a kick for a hit, and you will save yourselves a great deal of trouble.'

A SMART REPORT.—The sporting Magazine relates how a certain bishop, distinguished for his love of fashionable company, received more than a Rowland for an Oliver from one of his clergy whom he rebuked for occasional hunting.

'I really don't see,' suggested the culprit, 'that it is any worse than going to a ball.'

'I suppose, replied his lordship, 'you allude to having seen my name among the list at the Dutchess of ———'s ball, but I assure you, I was not in the same room with the dancers during any part of that evening.'

'That my lord, is exactly my case,' was the ruthless rejoinder; 'I am never in the same field with the hounds.'

THE HOME MARKET.—Flour is selling at Danville at $10 per barrel. In Philadelphia at $8.75 for the foreign market. At Danville there are large iron establishments which give employment directly and indirectly to thousands. Montour and the adjoining counties are a fine wheat growing region, yet flour is worth more there than it is in Lancaster by about $1.50 a barrel. This fact, which is realized in every part of our country where iron or other manufacturing is successfully carried on, proves what the advocates of a tariff have always asserted, that the home market is not only the most reliable, but the best. Let agriculturists think of it.—*Lancaster Tribune.*

WOMAN'S RIGHTS.—A good-looking husband, eight children, and a happy home. We hope the sisterhood will take them into consideration. This will pay better than holding offices or sitting on a jury.

Susquehanna County Agricultural Society.

ANNUAL FAIR AND CATTLE SHOW.

To be held in Montrose, on the second Wednesday of October, A. D., 1854. Ploughing Match, the first day of the Fair.

List of Premiums

BULLS, DURHAM.

1st Best, Premium,	$5,00
2d Best,	3,00
Devon, Best,	5,00
2d best,	3,00
Best Grade,	5,00
Best Cow,	5,00
2d Best,	4,00
3d Best,	3,00
4th Best,	2,00
Best two year old heifer and calf,	3,00
2d Best,	2,00
Best two year old heifer without calf,	3,00
2d Best,	2,00
Best 4 yearlings,	3,00
2d Best,	2,00
Best lot of calves, not less than five,	5,00
2d Best,	3,00
Best pair Working Oxen,	5,00
2d Best,	3,00
3d Best,	2,00
Best pair three years old Steers,	3,00
2d Best,	2,00
Best pair two years old Steers,	3,00
2d Best,	2,00

SHEEP.

Best fine wool Buck,	3,00
2d Best,	2,00
Best South down Buck,	3,00
2d Best,	2,00
Best Long Wool Buck,	3,00
2d Best,	2,00
Best lot of fine wooled Ewes, not less than ten,	3,00
2d Best,	2,00
Best lot of South Down Ewes not less than ten,	3,00
2d Best,	2,00
Best lot long wooled Ewes, not less than ten,	3,00
2d Best,	2,00

HOGS.

Best Boar,	3,00
2d Best,	2,00
3d Best,	1,00
Best Sow,	3,00
2d Best,	2,00
3d Best,	1,00

HORSES.

Best stallion for all work,	5,00
2d Best,	3,00
3d Best,	2,00
Best pair matched Geldings foaled in the county,	5,00
2d Best,	3,00
3d Best,	2,00
Best Brood mare with colt by her side,	5,00
2d Best,	3,00
3d Best,	2,00
Best pair matched mares foaled in the county,	5,00
2d Best,	3,00
3d Best,	2,00

POULTRY.

Best lot not less than six,	2,00
2d Best,	1,00

VEGETABLES.

Best and largest variety,	2,00
Best ½ acre potatoes,	3,00
2d Best,	2,00

CHEESE.

Best not less than 100 lbs,	3,00
2d Best,	2,00
3d Best,	1,00

BUTTER.

Best firkin of Butter made during the summer months,	3,00
2d Best,	3,00
3d Best,	2,00
Best firkin of butter made during the fall,	3,00
2d Best,	2,00
3d Best,	2,00

GRAIN.

Best acre of Corn,	5,00
2d Best,	3,00
3d Best,	2,00
Best acre winter wheat,	5,00
2d Best,	3,00
Best acre Spring Wheat,	5,00
2d Best,	3,00
Best acre of Oats,	3,00
2d Best,	2,00
Best acre of Buckwheat,	3,00
2d Best,	2,00

FRUIT.

Best 2 bushels Winter Apples,	1,00
Best two bushels Fall Apples,	1,00
Best half bushel Quinces,	1,00
Best half bushel Pears,	1,00
Best Bushel Peaches,	1,00

DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES.

Best 10 yds flannel,	2,00
2d Best,	1,00
Best quilt of any description,	3,00
2d Best,	2,00
3d Best,	1,00
Best piece Carpeting, not less than ten yards,	2,00
2d Best,	1,00
Best piece Rag do. not less than ten yards,	2,00
2d Best,	1,00
Best 5 pairs Wool Socks,	1,00

LEATHER.

Best 3 Sides Sole-leather tanned in this county,	3,00
2d Best,	2,00
Best 5 Sides Upper Leather,	3,00
2d best,	2,00
Best one-half dozen Calf Skins,	2,00

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Best Plough for Susquehanna county,	3,00
2d best for do.,	2,00
Best Cultivator,	2,00
2d best,	1,00
Best Side-hill Plough,	2,00
Best Straw and Stock Cutter,	3,00
2d best,	2,00
Best Ox Yoke,	1,00
Lumber Wagon,	3,00
Ox Cart,	3,00
Plough Chain and Clevis,	1,00
Horse Shoe,	1,00
One Horse Power,	3,00
Two Horse Power,	3,00
Corn Sheller,	1,00
Horse Rake, wood or iron teeth,	2,00
Churn,	1,00

CABINET WARE.

Best Bureau and Secretary, each,	2,00
Breakfast Table and Work Stend, each,	1,00
Bedstead and Sett of Chairs, each,	1,00

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Best pair of Fine and Thick Boots, each,	1,00
Women's Bootees and Buskins, each,	1,00

SADDLES AND HARNESS.

Best Team Harness,	2,00
Fine Double Harness,	3,00
Single Harness,	2,00
Best Saddle and Bridle,	1,00

CARRIAGES.

Best Double Carriage,	3,00
Single Carriage,	2,00

FLOWERS.

Finest Variety,	Certificate.

HONEY.

Best result of one Hive of Bees,	3,00

PLOWING.

Best Ploughing,	5,00
2d best,	4,00
3d best,	3,00
4th best,	2,00
5th best,	1,00

Reports on Winter and Spring Wheat, Oats, Buckwheat and Corn, to be made at the Fair. Competitors on Corn are requested to notify the Judges at least three weeks before the Fair. They are to decide the quantity and quality raised per acre.

Persons competing for premiums on grain, are requested to have the ground measured and the quantity properly certified. It is also desirable that an account be kept of the quantity of corn stalks raised per acre, their value per ton, and, for the information of others, a statement of the best mode of curing and feeding them. It is time farmers counted the cost of their products with a view to find out whether more cannot be produced upon the same ground with the same amount of labor, and for this purpose, the Committee would propose the following questions to the farmers of the county hoping to receive written answers from as many as possible.

1st. How much Hay have you cut the present season?

2d. What is its cost per ton in the barn, counting all the labor and manure used upon it, and the interest on the value of the land; also whether the land is deteriorated or enhanced in value from the crop taken off?

3d. How much Corn, Wheat, Oats and Potatoes have you raised?

4. What is the cost of each of the latter per bushel, estimated in the same way, including the cost of getting in the crops, also the kind of ground used—whether fallow, greensward, or ploughed land?

Hereafter no animal or article will be allowed to take the first premium more than once, but at any subsequent exhibition, where from its merit it would be entitled to the same premium again, a *certificate* to that effect shall be awarded, and the money premiums shall go to the other competitors.

The increased interest of the community in the Society, leads the Committee to believe that the Fair on the coming fall will far exceed any previous one in the quantity as well as the quality of the products and animal exhibition.

STEPHEN BREED,
ROBERT KENT, } Ex. Com.
S. H. SAYRE,

GARDEN SEEDS

JUST received and for sale by
(April 5.) J. LYONS & SON.

BUSINESS CARDS.

Dr. H. Smith,

SURGEON DENTIST, Montrose, Pa., at Searle's Hotel, Mondays and Tuesdays of each week.

P. Reynolds,

FASHIONABLE TAILOR, Shop over Hawley & Mott's Store. Spring and Summer Fashions for 1854, just received.

Doctors Thayer & Crandall.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Medicine and Surgery, would respectfully invite all to give them a call that may need their professional services. They may be found at the office formerly occupied by Dr. Thayer. They will keep on hand pure Concentrated and Homeopathic medicines.

Montrose, May 8, 1854.

E. THAYER. R. CRANDALL.

Henry S. Knapp,

MONTROSE, PA., with *Rose, Woodruff & Carter*, Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, No. 178 Washington street, between Courtandt and Dey streets, *New York.*

Miller & Fowler,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW, and Solicitors in Chancery. Office No. 44 Clarke street, *Chicago, Ill.*

Pacific Hotel,

GREENWICH STREET, (near Broadway,) *New York.* Salisbury & Co., Proprietors. In the vicinity of the principal steamboat landings.

Thomas Ingstrum.

DEALER IN DRY GOODS, Groceries, Clothing, Crockery, Boots and Shoes, &c., *Susquehanna Depot, Pa.*

Bentley & Fitch,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, *Montrose, Pa.*

B. S. BENTLEY. L. F. FITCH.

A. & E. Baldwin,

MANUFACTURERS OF SADDLES, HARNESS, Trunks, Whips, &c., on Turnpike street, *Montrose, Pa.*

John Groves,

FASHIONABLE TAILOR. Shop under Searle's Hotel, Maine street, *Montrose, Pa.*

D. D. Hinds,

LIVERY AND EXCHANGE STABLE. Office in in the rear of Wilson's Store, *Montrose, Pa.*

J. Colsten,

DEALER IN STOVES, Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware, *Lathrop's* store Great Bend Depot. December 1.

M. C. Tyler.

INTERESTED with L. L. HUNT, Inventor of and Dealer in Hardware and Cutlery, Cutlers' stones, &c., No. 215 Pearl street, *New York*, where the Montrose mercantile friends, in this and other counties, are kindly invited, and earnestly solicited to call and purchase.

L. P. Hinds,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Susquehanna, Pa.* Office on Maine street, one door east of Lenheim's.

Frazier & Case,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW. Office on Turnpike street, one door East of Post's Store, *Montrose, Pa.*

C. M. Simmons,

BOOT AND SHOE MAKER, over A. Baldwin's Harness Shop, Turnpike street, *Montrose.*

Albert Chamberlin,

ATTORNEY AT LAW and Justice of the Peace; over I. L. Post & Co's Store, *Montrose.*

Wm. H. Jessup,

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND COMMISSIONER of Deeds, for the State of New York, will attend to all business entrusted to him with promptness and fidelity. Office on Public Square, occupied by Hon. Wm. Jessup.

Abel Turrell,

DEALER IN DRUGS, MEDICINES, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Dye-stuffs, Groceries, Dry Goods, Hardware, Stoneware, Glassware, Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, Silver Spoons, Spectacles, Musical Instruments, Trusses, Surgical Instruments, Liquors, Perfumery, Mirrors, Stationery, Brushes, Shoes, Yankee Notions, &c.

B. R. Lyons & Co.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN Dry Goods, Groceries, Salt, Flour, and Hardware, *Lanesboro, Pa.*

F. B. Chandler,

DEALER IN DRY GOODS, Ready Made Clothing, Groceries, Books and Stationery, etc., Public Avenue, *Montrose, Pa.*

Patrick & Dimock,

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS. Office No. 4 Owego street, *Montrose, Pa.*

I. L. Post & Co.,

DEALERS IN DRY GOODS, Groceries, Crockery, Hardware, Leather, Flour, etc., corner of Turnpike street and Public Avenue, *Montrose, Pa.*

J. Lyons & Son.,

DEALERS IN DRY GOODS, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Tinware, Groceries, Books, etc.; also, carry on the *Book Binding* business—Public Avenue, *Montrose, Pa.*

Bentley & Read,

DEALERS IN DRY GOODS, Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Iron, Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, Silver Spoons, Perfumery, &c.—Foot of Public Avenue, *Montrose.*

Sayre, Bentley & Perkins,

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN all kinds of Castings, Stoves, Agricultural Implements, etc. Office at Sayre's Store, Public Avenue; Manufactory at the Eagle Foundry, Foot of Cherry street, *Montrose, Pa.*

William & William H. Jessup,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, *Montrose, Pa.* Practice in Susquehanna, Bradford, Wayne, Wyoming and Luzerne counties.

William W. Smith & Co.,

CABINET MAKERS. They keep constantly on hand a good assortment of all kinds of Cabinet Furniture. Shop and Ware Rooms at the foot of Maine street, *Montrose, Pa.*

Rockwell, Winton & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS and DEALERS in *Straw Goods, Hats, Caps, Furs, Umbrellas, Parasols, Ribbons, &c. &c.*, No. 20 Courtlandt street, *New York*, (up stairs.)

R. B. ROCKWELL. J. ROWLEY. W. W. WINTON.

Franklin Fraser,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, *Montrose, Pa.*, will attend promptly to all business entrusted to him in the county of Susquehanna. Conveyancing and writing of all kinds will be done neatly, and charges moderate. He will also attend to the prosecution of claims of soldiers, their widows and heirs, against the United States Government, for Bounty Land, Pensions, &c. May be found at all hours at the office formerly occupied by J. T. Richards, Esq., north of the Court House. 1489.

$10,000 WANTED.

Proposals will be received at the Commissioners office at Montrose for taking a loan of Ten thousand dollars authorized by act of assembly to be borrowed by the County of Susquehanna, for the purpose of building a new Court House and Public offices for said County, until the whole amount of said loan shall have been taken.

The said loan will be taken for the whole amount or in smaller sums, as may suit those wishing to invest money therein, and for such times as may suit the lender at the rate of six per cent per annum, for which county Bonds will be issued in conformity with the act of assembly.

Attest. J. HANCOCK. } Com's.
A. WILLIAMS.
A. CARPENTER.

Wm. A. CROSSMAN, Clerk.
Commissioners Office, Montrose, March 8, 1854.

STEAM GRIST AND SAW MILL.

POST BROTHERS having purchased the above establishment, will keep constantly on hand *Superfine and Fine Flour, Corn Meal of superior quality, also Chop and Bran* at the lowest cash prices.—Custom work will be done with despatch, and in all cases *warranted.* 1681tf

Montrose, July, 1853.

FOR SALE.

A FARM containing 75 acres, in Dimock township; about 20 acres improved, a Log House thereon and well watered.

The above will be sold on reasonable terms by making something of a payment down. For more particulars, enquire of John Young near the premises, or of William Chamberlin, Towanda, Pa.

CLOVER AND TIMOTHY SEED for sale at
Montrose, Feb 10.] WILSON'S.

600 SPLENDID ENGRAVINGS.

50 CENTS, SIX MONTHS. AGRICULTURE! MECHANICS! SCIENCE! NEW INVENTIONS! AND PATENTS!

The People's Journal,

AN Illustrated Record of Agriculture, Science, Mechanics, Invention, Patents, and Useful Knowledge—published monthly. Every number contains 32 large pages, beautifully printed on fine paper, and profusely illustrated with elegant engravings, forming at the end of the year two fine volumes, containing nearly 400 pages, illustrated with about 600 splendid Engravings relating to the above subjects—the subscription price being only one dollar a year, or 50 cents a volume. No publication of the kind has ever been produced with such magnificence, or at so cheap a price. Farmers, Mechanics, Inventors, Manufacturers, and people of every profession, will find in the People's Journal a repository of useful knowledge, peculiarly suited to their respective wants.

TERMS—One dollar a year, or 50 cts. for 6 months. Postage on the People's Journal, 1½ cents per quarter. In Canada free. A liberal commission to Postmasters and those who will form clubs. Post-pay all letters and direct to ALFRED E. BEACH,

Editor and Proprietor of the People's Journal,
No. 86 Nassau st. New York.

The People's Patent Office

This well known establishment is still carried on under the personal superintendence of the undersigned, through whom Patents may be secured both in this and all foreign countries, with the utmost fidelity and despatch, on very moderate terms.

Persons wishing for advice relative to Patents or Inventions, may at all times consult the undersigned without charge, either personally at his office, or by letter. To those living at a distance, he would state that all the needful steps necessary to secure a Patent can be arranged by letter. When parties wish to be informed as to the probability of being enabled to obtain Patents, it will be necessary for them to forward by mail a rough outline sketch and description of the invention. No fee or charge is made for such examinations. Private consultations held daily with Inventors from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Models from a distance may be sent by express or otherwise.

For further information apply to or address post paid, ALFRED E. BEACH,

Editor and Proprietor of the People's Journal,
Solicitor of American and Foreign Patents,
People's Patent Office, 86 Nassau st., New York.

ALL READY.

STOVES AND TIN WARE FOR THE PEOPLE.

C. D. LATHROP & CO., have constantly on hand a large and well selected assortment of tin-[illegible] and Chain for wells, pumps, cistern [illegible] Britannia Ware, Japanned wares, lead [illegible] Job work done with neatness [illegible] promptly attended to.

STOVES & PIPE

[illegible] assortment of stoves [illegible] proved patterns. Our [illegible] enables us to select those [illegible] on as favorable terms as can be found in [illegible] stock can be found the

Pioneer,	air tight	Star of the West,	Elevated
New World,	"	Clinton,	Oven.
Atlas,	"	Cultivator,	"
Phoenix,	"	Fire Fly,	"
Three States,	"	Western Queen,	"
Globe,	"	Premium.	

C. D. LATHROP, S. A. WOODRUFF.

A Large and Handsome Assortment

OF

NEW SUMMER GOODS

IS now arriving at our store. Our Goods have been bought for *cash* and for *ready pay* will be sold at a *very small profit.* Our stock comprises nearly every thing usually kept in a country store, and as we are constantly adding thereto we intend to keep our assortment complete. We invite the attention of buyers—strangers and friends—to our stock of *Foreign and staple Dry Goods, Groceries,* &c. &c., feeling assured that we can sell goods as cheap as ——

Further particulars next week. In the meantime call and see for yourselves, at the store of

May 3, '54.] J. LYONS & SON.

Lanesboro Sash, Blind, and Door Factory.

THE subscriber will furnish at the Shop of Newell & Brothers, Doors, Sash, and Blinds. Turning on hand and furnished to order. Lumber kiln-dried, and workmen unsurpassed by any in the country.—Orders addressed to me will receive prompt attention. Good Pine Lumber and Country Produce taken in exchange for the above. Terms, ready pay.

Lanesboro, Feb. 6. S. A. LYONS.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY

STOVE AND TIN WARE DEPOT.

A. L. WEBSTER & CO.

WOULD respectfully inform the people of Susquehanna county and vicinity that they have opened an establishment of the above kind in Montrose, at the old stand of Sayre & Webster, one door north of the *Montrose Democrat* office, where they intend to keep constantly on hand a large assortment of *STOVES, TIN, COPPER, ZINC, SHEET-IRON WARE,* &c., all of which they will sell as low as the same can be bought in this county, or in Northern Pennsylvania. Among the assortment of Stoves can be found the following, besides others too numerous to mention:

N. Y. & Erie Air-tight, for wood.
Mohawk Elevated Oven "
Forest Queen "
Keystone State for wood or coal.
Modern Troy. "
Bay State, for wood.
Eastern Iron Witch, improved, for wood.
Flat Top Premium.

Also, Parlor, Office, and Shop Stoves, Hot-air Furnaces, for heating public buildings, churches, hotels, private houses, &c. Stove trimmings Tin-ware and stove pipe furnished at wholesale as low as they can be bought at the East.

All kinds of custom work done on short notice and the most reasonable terms. All kinds of produce taken in exchange for wares.

If you wish to save money, be sure and call on us before purchasing elsewhere.

A. L. WEBSTER & CO.

Montrose, September 14. 1492yl

FIRE! FIRE!

TWO tremendous fires have broken out at the Steam Mill, where they have been rapidly burning more than two weeks, in spite of all the efforts made by the down town fire company to extinguish or impede their progress. Though they plied their machine with all their power and skill; the greater the effort made to stop the fires the more rapidly they burn, and we have not the least doubt that in spite of all opposition these fires will continue to burn for years, heating iron and steel to forge all kinds of edge tools, ox shoes, horse shoes, carriage irons, and job work of every description. And the proprietor of these fires would inform the public that for the [illegible] year, ending the 1st of February he has done the [illegible] shop on Maine street. He [illegible] all kinds, and pledges [illegible] to use common [illegible] and for shoe corks, instead [illegible] and Sweed's iron, he [illegible] Blister and cast-[illegible] Easter costs 16 and [illegible] and American steel only [illegible] more for shoeing than [illegible] American steel and Sweed's iron [illegible] will be done with neatness to order, and warranted. Now, if you wish to save 20 per cent. call on D. H. HICKOK.

April 5.

New York City INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE 9 WALL STREET.

CAPITAL, IN CASH AND APPROVED SECURITIES, $500,000.

Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire.

DIRECTORS.

A. Q. Stebbins, 113 Broad street; Peter C. Baker, 1 Spruce Street; Girard Tanciet, 118 Broadway; Thomas Andrews, 136 Cedar street; Samuel G. Southmayd, 377 West street; Albert L. Conklin 810 Greenwich steet; James A. Crosby, 113 Broadway; Cha's. Lent, Kingsbridge, N. Y.; Lambert C. Hall, Chicago, Ill.; I. Smith Hobbie, Rochester, N. Y.; William W. Leland, New York; Peter R. Roach, 138 Bank street; Stanles S. Bell, corner West and Laight streets; John L. Deen, 78 Water street; D. Van Wart, 118 Broadway; Horatio N. Gallup, corner West and Barrow streets; Peter H. Foster, corner Ganservoort and West; Reuben Ross Jr., 48 Eighth Avenue; Stephen Cromwell, Camden, N. Y.; Albia Wadleigh, Philadelphia; Dexter B. Brittain, 49 Water street; Samuel Sinclair, Tribune Buildings; Samuel B. Shaw, Cleveland, Ohio.

ROYAL CHAMBERLIN, President.
CHARLES C. CLARKE, Secretary.
CHARLES L. BROWN, Agent, Montrose, Pa.

MONTROSE DEPOT.

WILLIAM McMILLAN

HAVING purchased the establishment of Isaac L. Post & Co. at the Montrose Depot, would respectfully inform his friends that he will keep constantly on hand, at the lowest prices, a well selected stock of goods.

Lime, Salt, and Plaster can be had cheap, as well as Groceries, Dry Goods, Hardware, Crockery, Boots, Shoes, Nails, &c., in exchange for Grain and all kinds of produce, at the best prices. 1000 cords Hard Wood wanted.

Montrose Depot, Feb. 2, 1854.

$10,000 OF NEW GOODS!

GREAT ATTRACTION!

Great Rush for the New Goods at Eaton's

ONE PRICE STORE!

THE largest, and cheapest stock of Fancy, Domestic, and Staple Goods ever brought into Susquehanna county. One hundred cases Dry Goods, comprising in part as follows:

Rich Changeable Silks,	Fashionable Silk and Satin Bonnets,
" Stripe "	
" Plaid "	French Plumes,
" Black "	200 pieces Bonnet Ribbons,
Glassa Bonnet	
Bonnet Satins,	100 pcs. Fancy Dress do.
All wool DeLaines,	Velvet Dress Cuttons,
Parisian do	Fig'rd. & col'd. Velvets,
Plaid de Gaza,	Fifty Bay State Shawls,
Clouded de Berge,	Cashmere do
English Merinoes,	Brocha do
Paramatto's	Silk do
Lyonese Cloths,	Gloves, Hosiery, etc.
Coburgs	Cloths, Cassimeres,
French chamble de Reive,	Vestings,
Embroidered Robes,	Flannels,
Ginghams and Prints,	Wool Blankets,
Scotch Plaids,	Linings,
White Goods,	Tickings,
Wrought Chimizettes,	Damask Spreads,
" Collars,	Linen do
do Muslin Edgings,	Irish Linens,
do Cambrick do	Black Muslins,
do Linen do	Etc. etc.

Harford, Oct. 6. EATON & CO.

REMOVAL.

STOVES! STOVES! STOVES!

THE subscriber wishes to call the attention of his friends and the public to his very large assortment of STOVES at his new Store Room in *Lodersville*, next to L. S. Lenheim's store, and near the Gt. Bend Depot. He has, in addition to his former large variety of Cooking and Parlor Stoves, many *new patterns*, some of which are—

St. Nicholas,	*Peach Branch,*	*Fire Clipper,*
Modern Troy,	*Mohawk,*	*Medallion,*
Orient.	*Black Warrior,*	*Oak, Egg Stove.*

Which, together with his former stock, will perhaps be the most extensive and varied assortment of well selected stoves in the county.

Clinton Stoves, well furnished, at low prices.

All articles in his line kept on hand and made to order as usual, and orders received at his old stand in Great Bend. JOHN COLSTEN.

Lodersville and Great Bend, Nov., 1854.

TO THE PUBLIC.

My friends, one and all, I would have you to know That I'm ready to serve you at Montrose Depot. I have Nails and Tobacco, Coffee and Rice, Salt, Saleratus, Saltpetre and Spice—

Ginger and Cloves, Cream of Tartar and Candles, Gloves, Cassimeres, Vestings, selected for dandies; I have Nutmegs, Molasses, Alspice and Teas, With Ribbons and Tippets, the ladies to please; Pins, Needles and Fish-hooks, with plenty of soap, Starch, Butcher-knives, Bootees, Rat-