The Farm and the Fireside.

CULTIVATION OF VEGETABLES.

A correspondent of the Farm Journal, over the signature of "I. R. W.," communicates to that periodical the notes of an Address delivered by Philip R. Fress, Esq., before the Tredyffrin Agricultural Society, December 10, 1853, from which we make a few extracts in relation to the cultivation of sundry vegetables, which cannot fail to interest many of our readers:—"The Carrot, he says, requires more than common attention, whether in the garden or field. As horse food, he regards bushel for bushel, to be worth much more than oats. They keep his horse in fine condition, and his health is excellent. He makes it a rule to deprive his horse of half a peck of oats per day, and substitute a half peck of Carrots; they should be fed without washing, and a half of this quantity at a mess. The carrot should of course be buried, and take from the pit only a sufficiency for three or four days, or a week.

The ground intended for carrots, should be loosed as deeply as possible by the spade, and if plowed, it should be subsoiled. It should be particularly well manured and pulverized; the seed is very small, and must come in close contact with the soil to cause it to vegetate. Plenty of seed must be sown, of course in rows; if in the garden, 15 inches apart is enough, but in the field 30 inches.—Care must be taken to cover the seed but slightly, and press the earth lightly upon it. When two or three inches high, the plants should be thinned out so that they will stand six or eight inches from each other. They must be well cultivated and kept clear of weeds until they reach a certain height, when they will take care of themselves. As a field crop, they are troublesome, requiring much labor, yet I will venture to say, that what their real value is, is not properly understood. For instance, in the city of Philadelphia, where they command a ready sale and a good price, a more or perhaps an equally profitable crop cannot be produced on a farm. The variety for culinary purposes, is known as the Horn Carrot, those for field culture as the Orange Carrot.

Okra or Gumbo, is cultivated in the same way as corn, when the grains are dropped a foot apart, instead of in hills. The Okra is, however, sometimes difficult to vegetate, especially when the seed is purchased, and it is not known how old it is. I have always been successful when I have planted seed of my own raising.

Egg Plants should not be set out before the first of June, and the ground should be made as rich as the best of barn-yard manure can make it. This plant, having short roots and producing large fruit, requires strong soil. The best plants should be set out, and they should be protected from the sun during the heat of the day by conical shaped boxes 12 or 14 inches high, made of rough boards, and open at the top. These boxes can also be used as a protection at night in the event of cold weather. This is one of the most delicate of plants, and if it should be overtaken by a couple of cold nights, it will be put back for at least two weeks. Properly cultivated, it produces abundantly, one of the very best vegetables to be found in the garden, and with which none of the many substitutes, such as the vegetable oyster, and others, are not to be compared.

The Frigole or Black Mexican Bean, I have raised for a number of years. I regard it the best of all beans for winter. It is a universal dish in Mexico, and is largely cultivated in Texas. It is a small black bean, and likes a light soil, if a little sandy the better; a Southern hill side would perhaps suit it well. It is planted in rows and two hoeings at most is all that is required. It is sometimes called the Turtle Soup Bean, from the richness of the soup made from it. When first introduced into this country, it sold for a dollar a pint. I would readily pay that for the seed, rather than do without it for a single year. There is a single objection to this bean on the part of the housekeeper, which is that it makes the soup as black as ink, as well as anything boiled with it; but this only affects appearances, and has nothing to do with the intrinsic value of the bean; we must therefore regard it, as I hope we would an individual—not according to his external appearance, but his merit.

Cantelopes.—I presume that most of you raise your own Cantelopes. If any of you should not, I hope you will commence the next season. They are grown with as much certainty as the Cucumber, and without any more trouble. The character of the soil has little to do with it, provided the hills are prepared properly. My garden lies low and is but poorly adapted to the Cantelope. I overcome this by hauling a few wheelbarrow loads of turnpike dirt from the gutters, but pure sand would be preferable. The hills are made about eight feet apart, the ground is dug about 8 or 10 inches deep, 2 feet in diameter; when the hole is half filled with this dirt and the other half filled with fine manure and soil, all well mixed together; but the hill is made no higher than the surrounding soil, as it retains the moisture much longer on a level surface. Six or eight seeds are put at equal distances in each hill, reduced to three or four when the plants are two or three inches high, when I add to the hills a top dressing of turnpike dirt or sand to the depth of an inch, removing the weeds once or twice, and until the vines extend 2 or 3 feet from the hill. After that there will be no injury from weeds, and the work is done. As fine, richly flavored melons as can be raised in the sands of Jersey, are by this method produced in my garden every year. I obtained the past season at least 75 Cantelopes from about 30 by 16 feet. It is advisable to change the seed about every other year.

Where you have a light soil on a hill side, with a southern exposure you may raise them in perfection, with no more labor or expense than a crop of pumpkins.

Watermelons also, upon such soil, equal to the best in the Philadelphia market, can be produced in any quantity. For two years I had superior Watermelons, but owing to the increase of shade and want of room I reluctantly abandoned their cultivation. The first year I grew 22 edible melons from three hills, one of them weighing 29 pounds; and there is no reason why our farmers should not supply all their wants in this respect. There is no mystery about it at all, as the farmers in my neighborhood used to suppose, until they were convinced to the contrary. The best variety of cantelopes to cultivate is the Citron—of Watermelons, the mountain sweets are to be preferred, both from their excellent quality and productiveness.

The Printer.—Many men, who have acquired great fame and celebrity in the world began their career as printers. Sir William Blackstone, the learned commentator on laws, was a printer by trade. King George III. learned the art, and frequently set type after he ascended the throne of England. We scarcely need mention Franklin, for it is well known to all who are familiar with his name, that he was a printer. Alexander Campbell, the greatest theologian the world ever lived is a printer. Gentlemen of the craft, these are gratifying facts, but let us not be content that they alone be held up to the credit of the profession—let us honor ourselves, and do all we can to keep up, and elevate still higher, the character of our beautiful art.

Value of Leached Ashes.

In conversation with an agricultural friend a few days since, he mentioned that he had found great benefit from the application of old leached ashes to wheat especially on sandy soils. In one instance, 100 bushels of ashes per acre, spread on the soil after the wheat was sown, gave him an increase of ten bushels per acre. He has spots on his farm where he can see the beneficial effects of unleached ashes, applied nine years ago, every time the lot is sown with wheat. He has tried unleached ashes to wheat, with no benefit, though he thinks them good for corn. To what is the fertilizing property of old leached ashes owing. We can not definitely answer this question. We are inclined to think, however, that it is owing in some way to a substitution of the alkali ammonia, for the potash and soda, which have been leached out. It may be that they contain the double salt of silicate of alumina and soda to which clay owes its power of retaining ammonia. If this be the case, by adding leached ashes to a sandy soil, we add ammonia, or at least the means of retaining the ammonia brought to the soil by rain from the atmosphere; and that too, in the best condition for assimilation by the plant. Taking this view, it would follow that the older the ashes, and the more they had been exposed to the rain, the better and stronger they would be.

But whatever difference of opinion there may be as to the cause or reason of the fertilizing value of ashes, all agree that they are valuable for wheat on sandy soils.

There are in many parts of the country, old asheries, from whence leached ashes may be obtained at a mere nominal price; and it is truly surprising that they are not more extensively used. The fall is the best time to apply them, though they might be spread on the wheat while more or less snow is on the ground in the winter to advantage.—*Rural New Yorker.*

Brave.—Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, whose liberal tendencies disturb some of his bigoted brethren, thus defends himself in the Independent, against the charge of being a Unitarian in disguise:—

'But what earthly motive, can an American clergyman have to pretend to be Orthodox, if he is not so? Do Orthodox sects treat each other with any such profitable tenderness as to make it a man's interest to dwell among them with feigned opinions? In fact the Orthodox sects are a vast compound threshing-machine, flailing away at each other as if the chief end of man was to thresh his neighbors. I have never yet seen an acknowledged Orthodox man. Every one is Orthodox, as compared with those below him; and nobody is Orthodox compared with those above him; and Orthodox reputations, like country bank-bills, circulate only in a narrow circle, very near home. If one is Orthodox in Hartford, he is a Heretic in New Haven; if he is sound in New Haven, he is too loose at Andover; if he is up to the mark at Andover, he is yet hopelessly below East Windsor; if he climbs up the toilsome cliffs to the eyrie of East Windsor, it is only to bring himself within the reach of the Princeton Orthodoxy, and when yet climbing up, out of sight of all sublunary things, he sits down on these pinnacles of Old School Presbyterian Princeton Orthodoxy, and divides his time between Turretin, and efforts at breathing on such thin-aired august heights, then down comes the good old-fashioned Scotch Presbyterian Orthodoxy, carrying him away at one swoop, to be devoured in a yet higher eagle's nest.—In fact, it is a very hard thing to be Orthodox. It is a thing of degrees, it is a question of the scales; and beginning at zero, all the degrees above, pelt all the degrees below. Now, if a preacher is heterodox, he is but suspected, and shampooed, and failed, and he gets that if he is Orthodox. So that, if a man's convictions do not keep him among the Orthodox, he is a fool who stays. The company is no great things. Very clever fellows all, when they are not professional; capital to go out to play with. But a man walks about among the *Christian Observers*, and the more properly named New York *Observers*, and the *Presbyterians*, (Central, Western, Southern, and all), and the *Puritans*, very much like a man visiting a menagerie—his time being spent in listening at the strange noises which the creatures make, and wondering whether they can get out at him, as easily as they can roar through the bars!'

Salt.—Common salt is one of the most important substances for domestic and general use. It is obtained from three sources, from mines, where it exists in a solid form, evaporation of sea-water, and from saline springs.—About five hundred thousand tons of fossil or rock salt are annually produced in England. The principal of these mines are situated at Northwick, in Cheshire. There are rock salt mines of extraordinary capacity and depth at Cracow, in Poland. Salt is a State monopoly in Austria; it is obtained of excellent quality from the mines of Bochnia and Willieza, which yield upwards of thirty thousand tons annually, and would produce an inexhaustible supply. Prussia raised two hundred and fifty-five thousand tons in the year 1842, and the article is also procured extensively in Calabria, Catalonia in Spain, and Tuscany. Vast natural salines or salt ponds exist on the shores of Patagonia, at Key West, Syracuse, and some other parts of the United States, and in the Bahamas. Eight or ten million bushels are made annually in the United States, and nearly as much more is imported, chiefly from Turk's Islands. From forty-one to forty-five gallons of the brine of the Syracuse salt springs furnishes a bushel of salt. Salt to the extent of eighty thousand tons was shipped in 1849 from Syracuse. The whole coast north of the province of Venezuela furnishes a considerable quantity of salt of a beautiful whiteness.

☞ Isaac, said in the *Transcript*, the legislature authorized the governor to appoint commissioners to digest into one act all of the general statutes upon the subject of insurance." "Isaac!" said Mrs. Partington, admonishingly, "don't make fun of what you are reading; because by and by I shan't put no confidence into you." Ike looked astonished. "It's so in the paper here," replied he, giving emphasis to his remark, by lifting up the lid of the table and slamming it down as he read the sentence again. "They must be ostriches to do it," continued she, that can digest board, nails and window glass. I wonder how long it would take 'em to digest the new statue of Franklin that they're agoing to build, or the big one of General Washington in the State House, or Eve in the City Hall yard. I don't believe they can do it!" "unless the statues are made of gingerbread or sugar," said Ike, breaking in upon her darkness with a grin like sunlight through a chink in the broadside of a barn, "and if them's 'em I should like to be a commissioner too!" The old lady rested here, like a traveller on a rocky lay the wayside, and felt assured that if the boy was right she was not, and took a severe pull at the rappee, and Ike turned over to read about Mr. Baker's fancy chocolates.—*Boston Post.*

The Meanest Woman on Record.—"I am afraid Frederick," said Mrs. Smith to her husband that Betsey is dishonest.

"Ah dear! What makes you think so?"

"Why, I gave her seven apples to prepare for pudding—and will you believe, I counted the quarters, and only found twenty-seven!"

A Patriotic Town.

In the war of the Revolution, Marblehead furnished more men, according to its population, than any other place in the country; and they did the best of service. Our national flag was first thrown to the breeze by a Marblehead man, and no exploit was of greater advantage than the capture of the transport, Hope.

In the war of 1812—the second contest for independence—the whole population of the place was but five thousand, and yet they furnished seven hundred and fifty men and boys—one seventh of the entire population—for the public and private armed ships. The men were the best men that ever defended a ship's deck—the whole history of the world does not show their equals. A large part of the crew of the Constitution, in her action with the Guerriere, Java, Cyane and Levant were from the fishermen of that rocky town. During the last war, Marblehead had 400 men in the English prisons; and at the close of each struggle, she had at home more widows than could be found among the same population elsewhere in the nation. Of the 750 engaged in the war of 1812, only fifty survive, but many of them have left widows and children who this year petitioned the government for assistance. If there is any town in the land glorious in the memory of the past, it is Marblehead; if anybody can claim bounties of lands or pensions in money they must be found there.—*Newburyport Herald.*

☞ An agriculturist, who has tried the experiment satisfactorily, says, that a few seeds of the tomato dropped into the hill with cucumbers, or a tomato set out, which he says is the better way, will keep off black flens, and striped bugs as they dislike the flavor of the tomato.

☞ Rev. Dr. Todd, on being asked his opinion of Edward Beecher's "Conflict of Ages," said he had concluded there were three sets of people in this world—saints, sinners, and the Beecher family!

BUSINESS CARDS.

Henry S. Knapp,
MONTROSE, PA., with *Roe, Woodruff & Carter*, Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, No. 173 Washington street, between Courtlandt and Dey streets, *New York.*

Miller & Fowler,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW, and Solicitors in Chancery. Office No. 44 Clarke street, *Chicago, Ill.*

Pacific Hotel,
GREENWICH STREET, (near Broadway) *New York.* Salisbury & Co., Proprietors. In the vicinity of the principal steamboat landings.

Thomas Ingstrum,
DEALER IN DRY GOODS, Groceries, Clothing, Crockery, Boots and Shoes, &c., *Susquehanna Depot, Pa.*

Bentley & Fitch,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, *Montrose, Pa.*
B. S. BENTLEY. L. F. FITCH.

A. & E. Baldwin,
MANUFACTURERS OF SADDLES, HARNESS, Trunks, Whips, &c., on Turnpike street, *Montrose*, Pa.

John Groves,
FASHIONABLE TAILOR. Shop under Searle's Hotel, Maine street, *Montrose, Pa.*

D. D. Hinds,
LIVERY AND EXCHANGE STABLE. Office in the rear of Wilson's Store, *Montrose, Pa.*

J. Colsten,
DEALER IN STOVES, Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron Ware, *Lodersville*, near Great Bend Depot. December 4.

M. C. Tyler,
INTERESTED with L. L. HUNT, Importer of and Dealer in Hardware and Cutlery, Carriage Springs, &c., No. 215 Pearl street, *New York*, where his Mercantile friends, in this and other counties, are kindly invited, and earnestly solicited to call and purchase.

L. P. Hinds,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Susquehanna, Pa.* Office on Maine street, one door east of Lenheim's.

Frazier & Case,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW. Office on Turnpike street, one door East of Post's Store, *Montrose, Pa.*

C. M. Simmons,
BOOOT AND SHOE MAKER, over A. Baldwin's Harness Shop, Turnpike street, *Montrose.*

Albert Chamberlin,
ATTORNEY AT LAW and Justice of the Peace; over L. L. Post & Co's Store, *Montrose.*

Wm. H. Jessup,
ATTORNEY AT LAW AND COMMISSIONER of Deeds, for the State of New York, will attend to all business entrusted to him with promptness and fidelity. Office on Public Square, occupied by Hon. Wm. Jessup.

Abel Turrell,
DEALER IN DRUGS, MEDICINES, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Dye-stuffs, Groceries, Dry Goods, Hardware, Stoneware, Glassware, Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, Silver Spoons, Spectacles, Musical Instruments, Trusses, Surgical Instruments, Liquors, Perfumery, Mirrors, Stationery, Brushes, Shoes, Yankee Notions, &c.

B. R. Lyons & Co.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN Dry Goods, Groceries, Salt, Flour, and Hardware, *Lanesboro, Pa.*

E. B. Chandler,
DEALER IN DRY GOODS, Ready Made Clothing, Groceries, Books and Stationery, etc., Public Avenue, *Montrose, Pa.*

Patrick & Dimock,
PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS. Office No. 4 Owego street, *Montrose, Pa.*

I. L. Post & Co.,
DEALERS IN DRY GOODS, Groceries, Crockery, Hardware, Leather, Flour, etc., corner of Turnpike street and Public Avenue, *Montrose, Pa.*

J. Lyons & Son.,
DEALERS IN DRY GOODS, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Tinware, Groceries, Books, etc.; also, carry on the *Book Binding* business—Public Avenue, *Montrose, Pa.*

Bentley & Read,
DEALERS IN DRY GOODS, Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Iron, Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, Silver Spoons, Perfumery, &c.—Foot of Public Avenue, *Montrose.*

Sayre, Bentley & Perkins,
MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN all kinds of Cooking, Stoves, Agricultural Implements, etc. Office at Sayre's Store, Public Avenue; Manufactory at the Eagle Foundry, Foot of Cherry street, *Montrose, Pa.*

William & William H. Jessup,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, *Montrose, Pa.* Practice in Susquehanna, Bradford, Wayne, Wyoming and Luzerne counties.

William W. Smith & Co.,
CABINET MAKERS. They keep constantly on hand a good assortment of all kinds of Cabinet Furniture. Shop and Ware Rooms at the foot of Maine street *Montrose, Pa.*

Rockwell, Winton & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS and DEALERS in *Staple Goods, Hats, Caps, Furs, Umbrellas, Parasols, Ribbons, &c.* No. 20 Courtlandt street, *New York*, (up stairs.)
E. D. ROCKWELL. J. HOWARD. W. W. WINTON.

Franklin Fraser,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, *Montrose, Pa.*, will attend faithfully to all business entrusted to him in the counties of Susquehanna, Convenient and Wyoming, of any kind will be carefully and charges moderate. He will also attend to the prosecution of claims of soldiers, their widows and heirs, against the United States Government, for Bounty Land, Pensions, &c. May be found at all hours at the office formerly occupied by J. T. Richards, Esq., north of the Court House. 1489y1

SUSQUEHANNA DEPOT.
STOVE AND TIN WARE DEPOT.
A. L. WEBSTER & CO.
WOULD respectfully inform the people of Susquehanna county and vicinity, that they have opened an establishment of the above kind in Montrose, at the old stand of Sayre & Webster, one door north of the *Montrose Democrat* office, where they intend to keep constantly on hand a large assortment of *STOVES, TIN, COPPER, ZINC, SHEET-IRON WARE*, etc., all of which they will sell as low as the same can be bought in this county, or in Northern Pennsylvania. Among the assortment of Stoves can be found the following, besides others too numerous to mention:
N. Y. & Erie air-tight, for wood.
Mohawk Elevated Oven "
Forest Queen "
Keystone Cooking Stove, for wood or coal.
Modern Troy "
Bay State, for wood.
Eastern Iron Witch, improved, for wood.
Flat Top Premium.
Also, Parlor, Office, and Shop Stoves, Hot-air Furnaces, for heating public buildings, churches, hotels, private houses, &c. Stove trimmings Tin-ware and stove pipe furnished at wholesale as low as they can be bought at the East.
All kinds of custom work done on short notice and the most reasonable terms. All kinds of produce taken in exchange for wares.
If you wish to save money, be sure and call on us before purchasing elsewhere.
A. L. WEBSTER & CO.
Montrose, September 14. 1492tf

FIRE! FIRE!
TWO tremendous fires have broken out at the Steam Mill, where they have been rapidly burning more than two weeks, in spite of all the efforts made by the down town fire company to extinguish or impede their progress. Though they plied their machine with all their power and skill, the greater the effort made to stop the fires the more rapidly they burn, and we have not the least doubt that in spite of all opposition these fires will continue to burn for years, heating iron and steel to forge all kinds of edge tools, ox shoes, horse shoes, carriage irons, and job work of every description. And the proprietor of these fires would inform the public that for the past year, ending the 1st of February, he has done this edge tool work in Hawley's shop on Maine street. He now keeps a first rate stock of all kinds, and pledges himself to use no other. And for shoe corks, instead of the rotten American steel and Sweed's iron, he uses the best of German and English Blister and cast-steel. The German and English Blister costs 16 and cast-steel 22 cts. per pound, and American steel only 7 cents; yet he charges no more for shoeing than those who use the American steel and Sweed's iron toe corks. All work will be done with neatness to order, and warranted. Now, if you wish to save 20 per cent, call on D. H. HICKOK.
April 5.

New York City INSURANCE COMPANY
OFFICE 9 WALL STREET.
CAPITAL, IN CASH AND APPROVED SECURITIES, $500,000.
Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire.
DIRECTORS.
A. Q. Stebbins, 113 Broad street; Peter C. Baker, 1 Spruce Street; Girard Bancker, 118 Broadway; Thomas Andrews, 136 Cedar street; Samuel G. Southmayd, 377 West street; Albert L. Conklin 810 Greenwich street; James A. Crosby, 113 Broadway; Chas. Lent, Kingsbridge, N. Y.; Lambert C. Hall, Chicago, Ill.; F. Smith Hobbie, Rochester, N. Y.; William W. Leland New York; Peter R. Roach, 188 Bank street; Stanton S. Bell, corner West and Laight streets; John L. Deen, 78 Water street; D. Van Wart, 118 Broadway; Horatio N. Gallup, corner West and Barrow streets; Peter H. Foster, corner Gansevoort and West; Reuben Ross Jr., 48 Eighth Avenue; Stephen Cromwell, Camden, N. Y.; John Wadleigh, Philadelphia; Dexter B. Brittain, 49 Water street; Samuel Sinclair, Tribune Buildings; Samuel B. Shaw, Cleveland, Ohio.
ROYAL CHAMBERLIN, President.
CHARLES C. CLARKE, Secretary.
CHARLES L. BROWN, Agent, Montrose, Pa.

"Some things can be done as well as others."
THE Subscriber having purchased the Chair manufactory of A. W. Greenwood, in Harford, is prepared to manufacture all kinds of Chairs at reduced prices, of good materials, and in a superior style of workmanship. Among the different kinds I will mention
Boston Rockers, (improved style,) all kinds of fancy and Windsor chairs, Flag Seats, Settees, &c., &c.
☞ All Work warranted to give satisfaction for five years.
☞ Merchantable Produce taken in exchange for work, but NO CREDIT! JAS. JOHNSTON.
Harford, April 5.

MONTROSE DEPOT.
WILLIAM McMILLAN
HAVING purchased the establishment of Isaac L. Post & Co., at the Montrose Depot, would respectfully inform his friends that he will keep constantly on hand, at the lowest prices, a well selected stock of goods.
Lime, Salt, and Plaster can be had cheap, as well as Groceries, Dry Goods, Hardware, Crockery, Boots, Shoes, Nails, &c., in exchange for Grain and all kinds of produce, at the best prices. 1000 cords Hard Wood wanted.
Montrose Depot, Feb. 2, 1854.

NEW COURT HOUSE.
PROPOSALS will be received at the Commissioners Office for the erection of a New Court House in the Borough of Montrose, Susquehanna County until the first Monday of May next. Those wishing to make propositions will address sealed proposals to the commissioners of said County, on or before the time above mentioned. The plan and specifications of said building can be seen at the commissioners office at any time.
J. HANCOCK,
A. WILLIAMS,
A. CARPENTER. } Com'rs.
Attest,
WM. A. CROSSMON, Clerk.
Commissioner's Office, Montrose, March 28, 1854.

Apprentices.
THE Subscriber, agent for the Managers of the Philadelphia House of Refuge, is authorized to receive applications from Farmers, Mechanics or others, who may wish to have children, either white or colored indentured to them as apprentices. The ages will vary from seven to twenty years. In all cases where the applicant is not known to the indenturing Committee or the agent, satisfactory references to persons residing in the City, will be required.
JAMES L. BARRY.
Office of the House of Refuge N. E. Corner of Arch and Seventh streets, Philadelphia.
Feb. 1854.

Lanesboro Sash, Blind, and Door Factory.
THE subscriber will furnish at the Shop of Newell & Brothers, Doors, Sash, and Blinds. Turning on hand and furnished to order. Lumber kiln-dried, and workmen unsurpassed, by any in the country.—Orders addressed to me will receive prompt attention. Good Pine Lumber and Country Produce taken in exchange for the above. Terms, ready pay.
Lanesboro, Feb. 6. S. A. LYONS.

STEAM GRIST AND SAW MILL.
POST BROTHERS having purchased the above establishment, will keep constantly on hand *Superfine and fine Flour, Corn Meal of superior quality, also Chop and Bran* at the lowest cash prices.—Custom work will be done with despatch, and in all cases *warranted.*
Montrose, July, 1853. 1381tf

Fruit Trees at Very Low Prices.
THE subscribers being obliged to remove a portion of their stock, offer Apple trees, three to five years old, including a large number of excellent varieties, at fifteen dollars per hundred, or one hundred and twenty-five dollars per thousand.
Also, Pear and other fruit and ornamental trees at greatly reduced prices.
For Catalogue &c., address
PARSONS & CO.
15m1 Flushing near New York.

FOR SALE.
A FARM containing 75 acres, in Dimock township; about 60 acres improved, a DWELLING house thereon and well watered.
The above will be sold on reasonable terms by making something of a payment down. For more particulars, enquire of John Young near the premises, or of William Chamberlin, Towanda, Pa.

Insolvent's Notice.
NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has applied to the Court of Common Pleas of Susquehanna County for the benefit of the Insolvent laws of this Commonwealth and the said Court have appointed Monday the 17th day of April next for a hearing upon the facts contained in his petition or application. JAMES BAKER
March 8, 1854.

Clover and Timothy Seed.
FOR sale at J. C. LEE'S Store MONTROSE DEPOT.
CLOVER AND TIMOTHY SEED for sale at Montrose, Feb 10.] WILSON'S.

NOTICE.
TO MERCHANTS, DEALERS AND HAWKERS within the county of Susquehanna.
In pursuance of the act of Assembly of this Commonwealth, viz: the act of the 4th of May 1841 entitled an act to provide revenue to meet the demands upon the Treasury and for other purposes, an act of the 10th April 1845, entitled an act to increase the revenue and diminish the Legislative expenses of the Commonwealth, an act passed the 22d day of April 1846, entitled an act to provide for the reduction of the State Debt, and an act passed the 10th day of April, 1849, entitled "an act to create a sinking fund and to provide for the gradual and certain extinguishment of the debt of the Commonwealth," the undersigned, Appraiser of Mercantile Taxes of Susquehanna county, has prepared a list of all Merchants trading within said county, and placed each of the said Merchants in that class which to him seems right and just according to the provisions of said Acts of Assembly, as follows, viz:

Residence.	Proprietors.	Class.	Mod.
Auburn,	John F. Lambert,	14	Liq.
do	Waltman & Low,	14	
Brooklyn,	F. W. Allen,	14	
do	Ezra S. Kent & Co.,	14	
do	Tiffany & Smith,	13	Liq.
do	R. T. Ashley,	14	
do	Nelson Tiffany,	14	
do	William McMillen,	14	
do	J. C. Lee,	14	
Choconut,	Francis Quinn,	14	
Clifford,	John & N. Halsted,	14	
do	Brundage & Winton,	14	
Dundaff	G. Cone & Co.,	13	
do	S. B. Wells,	14	
do	E. Phinney,	14	
do	Church & Phinney,	13	Liq.
Dimock	E. H. Woodruff,	14	
Friendsville,	A. Wickham,	14	
Gibson,	J. Smiley,	13	
do	N. E. Kennedy,	14	
do	U. Burrows & Co.,	14	
do	Asa Howard,	14	
Great Bend,	Henry Langley,	13	Liq.
do	W. Dayton,	11	Liq.
do	Joseph DuBois,	14	
do	John McKinney,	13	
do	Thomas & Whiting,	13	
do	L. S. Lenheim,	12	Liq.
do	M. H. C. Vail,	14	Liq.
do	James Clark,	14	
do	Taylor & Jule,	14	
Harmony,	S. A. Lyons,	13	
do	D. A. Lyons,	14	
do	B. R. Lyons,	12	
do	Brant & Chlager,	14	
Harford,	B. F. & R. H. Eaton,	12	
do	Carpenter & Sibley,	14	
do	Johnston & Very,	13	
do	S. Seymour,	13	
Herrick,	John Miller,	14	
Lenox,	A. B. Merrill,	14	
do	E. R. Grow & Bro.,	13	
do	Shutts, Eaton & Co.,	14	
Montrose,	G. R. Hawley,	13	
do	W. L. & S. H. Mulford,	12	
do	J. Lyons & Son,	13	
do	F. B. Chandler,	13	
do	H. J. Webb,	13	
do	George Fuller,	14	
do	Isaac L. Post & Co.,	11	
do	M. S. Wilson,	13	
do	Bentley & Read,	11	Liq.
do	Abel Turrell,	14	Liq.
do	J. Ethridge,	14	Liq.
do	D. R. Lathrop & Co.,	12	
Middletown,	F. P. Hollister,	14	
do	Charles Campbell,	14	
New Milford,	Wm. C. Ward,	13	
do	I. S. Little,	13	
do	H. Burritt,	12	Liq.
do	J. Moss & Bro.	13	
do	Hayden & Bro.	14	
do	J. H. Sutphen,	12	
Rush,	H. J. Champion,	14	
do	H. Southwell,	14	
do	N. Granger & Cooley,	14	
do	James Tupper,	14	
Susq'a Depot,	E. Carlisle,	13	
do	C. S. Bennett,	13	Liq.
do	S. B. West,	14	Liq.
do	J. H. Smith,	12	
do	Thomas Ingstrum,	14	
do	W. H. & I. F. Hubbourd,	13	
do	A. White & Co.	14	
do	H. Cohen,	14	
do	A. J. Seymour,	14	Liq.
do	Edmund Stark,	14	Liq.
do	A. B. Edgett,	14	Liq.
Silver Lake,	R. Chichester & Co.	13	
Springville,	Dean & White,	13	
do	J. Smith,	14	
do	Scott, Johnson & Co.	12	
do	McMillan & Park	12	
do	S. S. Grover,	14	
Jackson,	J. J. Turner,	14	
Jessup,	Depue & Cooper,	14	
Franklin,	J. L. Merriman,	14	
do	S. Fuller,	14	

List of Groceries, Beer Houses, &c.

Auburn,	John Riely,	8	
Appolacon,	Harry Barney	8	
do	Wm. Buffum,	8	Liq.
Bridgewater,	G. N. Allen,	8	
Dundaff,	Enoch Chambers,	8	Liq.
Friendsville,	John Robbe,	8	
Great Bend,	John Comstock,	8	Liq.
do	Lucien Scott,	8	
do	Corwin & Millspaugh,	8	
do	M. M. Moe,	8	
do	Daniel Evens,	8	
do	L. Carpenter,	8	
do	Wm. Smith,	8	
Harmony,	Whitcomb & Newman,	8	Liq.
Liberty,	A. A. Beeman,	8	
Montrose,	A. Merriman,	7	
do	E. Bacon,	8	
do	F. H. Fordham,	7	
do	I. N. Bullard,	7	Liq.
New Milford,	Mitchell & Harding,	8	
Susq'a Depot,	Daniel Knapp,	7	Liq.
do	I. S. Gardner,	8	Liq.
do	Wm. Ustick,	8	Liq.
do	Harvey Smith,	7	
do	George Eggleston,	7	
do	James Bell,	8	
do	N. C. & D. W. Norton	7	Liq.
do	W. W. Clark,	8	
do	Perrine & Son,	8	Liq.
do	Susq'a. Operative Association,	8	
do	Edward Harrion,	8	Liq.
do	Frederick Pickering,	8	
do	Bissell & Stone,	8	Liq.

And the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of said County, will hold a Court of Appeal at the Court House in Montrose, in and for said County, on Wednesday the 10 day of May next, at one o'clock, P. M., at which time and place any of the Merchants defined, described, and classed as afore said, or their agent or attorney, may appear and appeal from said assessment if they think proper.
G. W. LEWIS, Mer. Appraiser.
Dimock, March 21st, 1854.

Plaster Mill at Summersville.
WE are now prepared to supply a superior quality of
GROUND PLASTER,
at all times and in any quantities.
Believing that the farmers of Susquehanna county will consult their own interests and add to the value and productiveness of their farms by using this valuable fertilizer more freely than they have heretofore done, we take pleasure in offering them increased facilities for obtaining it, and respectfully ask them to sustain us by their patronage.
DAVID SUMMERS.
J. H. SUTPHEN.
Summersville, February 20, 1854. 8w4

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
ALL persons indebted to the estate of Doct. Asa Park, late of Bridgewater, dec'd, are hereby notified to make *immediate* payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement.
CHARLES AVERY, Executor.
Montrose, Feb. 3, 1854.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
NOTICE is hereby given to all persons indebted to the estate of Ebenezer Cole, deceased, late of Forest Lake, to call and settle the same immediately, and all persons having claims against said estate, will present them duly attested to the subscribers without delay.
O. MOTT Jun. and
ELIZABETH COLE, Adm'rs.
Middletown, February 21, 1854.

FOR RENT.
A DWELLING HOUSE, nearly new, with garden and barn attached; also, two sets of rooms for small families, or suitable apartments for school in Montrose, will be suitable for Students.
FOR SALE—Two large Portable Wheels, with spindles and tools, in good repair, to be delivered in Dundaff, by the subscriber. BENTLEY & FITCH.
April 12, 1854. 11w4

RAGS WANTED.
BEING EXTENSIVELY engaged in the manufacture of paper, we will pay the Country Merchants and others, having Rags for sale, the highest price in Cash.
JESSUP & MOORE, Paper Manufacturers,
Phila. Office, No. 76 North Front St.
(1st Store below Arch, between 5th and 6th.) 11m3

NEW GOODS.
A LARGE stock of Spring Goods just landing at the store of E. B. CHANDLER.
Montrose, April 19, 1854.

$10,000 OF NEW GOODS!
GREAT ATTRACTION!
Great Rush for the New Goods at Eaton's
ONE PRICE STORE!
THE largest and cheapest stock of Fancy Domestic and Staple Goods ever brought into Susquehanna county. One hundred cases Dry Goods, comprising in part as follows:

Rich Changeable Silks,	Fashionable Silk and Satin Stripe
Black "	French Ginghams,
Plaid "	200 pieces Bonnet Ribbons,
Glassa Bonnet,	Fancy Prints do
Bonnet Satins,	100 pcs. Fancy Dress do
All Wool Delaines,	Velvet Dress Cottons,
Paisias do	Fig'd. & col'd Velvets,
Plaid de Coes,	Fifty Bay State Shawls,
Wooded de Berge,	Cashmere do
English Merinoes,	Brocha do
Farmers' Satins,	Silk do
Lyonese Cloths,	Gloves, Hosiery, etc
Cambrics,	Cloths, Cassimeres,
French chambrays, Debre,	Vestings,
Embroidered Robes,	Flannels,
Ginghams and Prints,	Wool Blankets,
Scotch Plaids,	Whites,
White Goods,	Tickings,
Wrought Chimizettes,	Damask Towels,
" Collars,	Linen, do
do Muslin Edgings,	Irish Linens,
do Cambrick do	Black Muslins,
do Linen do	Etc. etc.

Harford, Oct. 6. EATON & CO.

REMOVAL.
STOVES! STOVES! STOVES!
THE subscriber wishes to call the attention of his friends and the public to his very large assortment of STOVES at his new Store Room in *Lodersville*, next to L. S. Lenheim's store, and near the Great Bend Depot. He has, in addition to his former large variety of Cooking and Parlor Stoves, many *new patterns*, some of which are—
St. Nicholas, Peach Branch, Fire Clipper, Moller's Troy, Mohawk, Medallion, Orient, Black Warrior, Oak, Egg Stove,
Which, together with his former stock, will perhaps be the most extensive and varied assortment of well selected stoves in the county.
Clinton Stoves, well furnished, at low prices.
☞ All articles in this line kept on hand and made to order as usual, and orders received at his old