



The Susquehanna Register.

H. H. FRAZIER, EDITOR. MONTROSE, PENN'A. Thursday Morning, Sept. 22, 1853.

TERMS. One Dollar and fifty cents per annum cash in advance. Two Dollars if paid within the year. No subscription will be permitted to remain unsettled longer than two years.

WHIG STATE TICKET. FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT. Thomas A. Budd, of Philadelphia. FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER. Moses Pownall, of Lancaster county.

William M. Platt's Letter. We learn from good authority that previous to his leaving Tunkhannock, Mr. Platt had written a letter to the Temperance Convention to be held in this place, taking firm, manly, and unmistakable grounds in favor of the Maine Law.

The opinion of real Temperance men concerning those politicians, who are for their party first, and for Temperance in the second place, was well expressed by the vote of the Convention, as appears in another column.

The Pennsylvania Coal Region. Practical men predict a great future for the region of the coal fields of Pennsylvania, and that at no distant day. The completion of railways connecting these coal fields with a market, will it is thought, be soon followed by the erection of manufacturing establishments of various kinds involving the consumption of iron and coal, which are here found in close proximity and great abundance.

New Publications. The Geneva Farmer, for September. The contents of this number are: Agricultural Societies—their Uses and Abuses; Feeding Horses and preventing Glanders and Farcy; Study of Insects that damage the Farmer; Casta Bean; Manufacture of Linen; Notes on Orchards and Orchard Fruit; New Fruits; Strawberry Culture, &c.

The Ladies' Wreath and Parlor Annual. We have received the September number of this favorite monthly. The literary contents are of a superior order, both in respect to style of composition and moral tone, and the engravings are unusually attractive and beautiful.

The Binghamton Democrat, of September 15th, announces that the affairs of the Democratic party in New York State have reached a crisis. Having saved the Union by means of the Baltimore platform and the election of General Pierce, the party, says the Democrat, has now the task to perform of saving itself.

STATE AGRICULTURAL FAIR. In many parts of the State much interest is manifested in this fair, which, our readers will recollect, is to be held in Pittsburg, on the 27th inst. The Canal Board have resolved that all freight intended for this fair shall pass over the State Works free of toll, going and returning.

GRAND MAINE LAW Temperance Convention and Mass Meeting held at Montrose, September 20th, 1853. The Convention met pursuant to the call of the Committee, and was called to order by B. S. Bentley, Esq., Chairman of the Committee.

On Motion, Oliver Lathrop, Esq., was elected permanent Chairman of this Convention; R. B. Little, Esq., and Rev. A. O. Warren, Vice Presidents, and William H. Jessup, Esq., of Springville, was elected temporary Chairman and William H. Jessup and B. G. Grover Secretaries.

Resolved, That the man who seeks to "hide himself behind the supererogation of the phrases, 'if the people want the law' or, 'where the majority decide for it' is not worthy of our support.

Resolved, That the man who seeks to "hide himself behind the supererogation of the phrases, 'if the people want the law' or, 'where the majority decide for it' is not worthy of our support.

Resolved, That the man who seeks to "hide himself behind the supererogation of the phrases, 'if the people want the law' or, 'where the majority decide for it' is not worthy of our support.

Resolved, That the man who seeks to "hide himself behind the supererogation of the phrases, 'if the people want the law' or, 'where the majority decide for it' is not worthy of our support.

Resolved, That the man who seeks to "hide himself behind the supererogation of the phrases, 'if the people want the law' or, 'where the majority decide for it' is not worthy of our support.

Resolved, That the man who seeks to "hide himself behind the supererogation of the phrases, 'if the people want the law' or, 'where the majority decide for it' is not worthy of our support.

Resolved, That the man who seeks to "hide himself behind the supererogation of the phrases, 'if the people want the law' or, 'where the majority decide for it' is not worthy of our support.

Resolved, That the man who seeks to "hide himself behind the supererogation of the phrases, 'if the people want the law' or, 'where the majority decide for it' is not worthy of our support.

Resolved, That the man who seeks to "hide himself behind the supererogation of the phrases, 'if the people want the law' or, 'where the majority decide for it' is not worthy of our support.

Resolved, That the man who seeks to "hide himself behind the supererogation of the phrases, 'if the people want the law' or, 'where the majority decide for it' is not worthy of our support.

Resolved, That the man who seeks to "hide himself behind the supererogation of the phrases, 'if the people want the law' or, 'where the majority decide for it' is not worthy of our support.

Resolved, That the man who seeks to "hide himself behind the supererogation of the phrases, 'if the people want the law' or, 'where the majority decide for it' is not worthy of our support.

It has been made the duty of the Executive Committee of the Pennsylvania State Teachers Association to collect and compile a statistical account of the number and condition of the schools of every grade in the State.

In order to obtain the desired information, a copy of the School Journal containing this Circular marked, will be addressed to some known friend of education in every county in the State.

Resolved, That the man who seeks to "hide himself behind the supererogation of the phrases, 'if the people want the law' or, 'where the majority decide for it' is not worthy of our support.

Resolved, That the man who seeks to "hide himself behind the supererogation of the phrases, 'if the people want the law' or, 'where the majority decide for it' is not worthy of our support.

Resolved, That the man who seeks to "hide himself behind the supererogation of the phrases, 'if the people want the law' or, 'where the majority decide for it' is not worthy of our support.

Resolved, That the man who seeks to "hide himself behind the supererogation of the phrases, 'if the people want the law' or, 'where the majority decide for it' is not worthy of our support.

Resolved, That the man who seeks to "hide himself behind the supererogation of the phrases, 'if the people want the law' or, 'where the majority decide for it' is not worthy of our support.

Resolved, That the man who seeks to "hide himself behind the supererogation of the phrases, 'if the people want the law' or, 'where the majority decide for it' is not worthy of our support.

Resolved, That the man who seeks to "hide himself behind the supererogation of the phrases, 'if the people want the law' or, 'where the majority decide for it' is not worthy of our support.

Resolved, That the man who seeks to "hide himself behind the supererogation of the phrases, 'if the people want the law' or, 'where the majority decide for it' is not worthy of our support.

Resolved, That the man who seeks to "hide himself behind the supererogation of the phrases, 'if the people want the law' or, 'where the majority decide for it' is not worthy of our support.

Resolved, That the man who seeks to "hide himself behind the supererogation of the phrases, 'if the people want the law' or, 'where the majority decide for it' is not worthy of our support.

Resolved, That the man who seeks to "hide himself behind the supererogation of the phrases, 'if the people want the law' or, 'where the majority decide for it' is not worthy of our support.

Resolved, That the man who seeks to "hide himself behind the supererogation of the phrases, 'if the people want the law' or, 'where the majority decide for it' is not worthy of our support.

Resolved, That the man who seeks to "hide himself behind the supererogation of the phrases, 'if the people want the law' or, 'where the majority decide for it' is not worthy of our support.

News and Notions. In Utah they open their balls and dancing parties with prayer, and close with a benediction.

Gen. Shields is reported seriously ill at Sparta, Ill. His mind is at times deranged.

The number of visitors at the New York Crystal Palace has increased to about 10,000 daily.

The reports from New Orleans show a gratifying abatement in the number of deaths by yellow fever.

Late reports from Mexico represent Santa Anita as more tyrannical than ever. It has now a fine army of 50,000 men.

Rev. Antoinette L. Brown, of New York, and Rev. Hannah Conner, of Troy, Maine, are regularly licensed preachers of the Gospel.

It is the decree of newspapers, that henceforth Railroads are to have double tracks and no curves. It is a vermillion edict. Let it be respected accordingly.

Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe, has returned home, on board the U. S. Mail Steamship Arctic, which arrived at New York from Liverpool, on Sunday, September 8th.

The dandy who was "stuck with an idea" was not seriously injured, as the weapon was a very slight one. Such an accident is not likely to happen to him again.

An English gentleman who has been ordered to ascertain the depth of the Niagara river at the Suspension Bridge, finds that in one place it is 125 feet.

M. Arago has officially announced that the Great Bear has a comet in his foot. The Lion once had a thorn in his foot, but that is nothing to a comet.

The commissioners of the Wyoming Conference of the M. E. church, have located the Susquehanna Seminary at Binghamton. The buildings will cost about \$25,000.

There are 47 churches in Rochester. Forty years ago the site of that flourishing city was solely occupied by a couple of log huts.

The Russian, Prussian, and Austrian Ministers, have filed in the State department a protest against the conduct of Capt. Ingraham. Russia and Prussia side with Austria against the United States.

An increase in farm products lessens the market price, and the consumer is more benefited than the producer. Therefore the encouragement of agriculture is the interest of the whole people.

Some Starboard Facts. LET THE PEOPLE READ! We commend to general attention the following unanswerable facts and arguments in favor of the sale of the public works of this State, from the editorial columns of the Philadelphia Ledger of the 9th Sept.

The Proposed Sale of the Public Works. A resolution in favor of the sale of the public works of this State, having recently been offered and adopted by a large majority of a Convention held in the County of Berks, and a controversy having sprung up between different newspapers in regard to the policy and expediency of such a movement, we deem the subject of sufficient importance to offer a few remarks.

The gross income from the public works was but \$1,938,874, or about two million dollars, showing the propriety of the sale of the public works, after all the expenses we have had on the subject, all the improvements introduced, and notwithstanding the increase of trade, to be an expense to the State of about a million of dollars, or nearly seventy-five per cent. of the whole amount of the real and personal taxes throughout the State.

It may further be urged that the sale of the public works would take away a corruption fund with which not only voters but Legislators may be corrupted. It would destroy a prolific source of fraud in the management of the works, correct abuses in contracts, and prevent many other demoralizing influences from being brought to bear upon the people.

It may further be urged that the sale of the public works would take away a corruption fund with which not only voters but Legislators may be corrupted. It would destroy a prolific source of fraud in the management of the works, correct abuses in contracts, and prevent many other demoralizing influences from being brought to bear upon the people.

It may further be urged that the sale of the public works would take away a corruption fund with which not only voters but Legislators may be corrupted. It would destroy a prolific source of fraud in the management of the works, correct abuses in contracts, and prevent many other demoralizing influences from being brought to bear upon the people.

It may further be urged that the sale of the public works would take away a corruption fund with which not only voters but Legislators may be corrupted. It would destroy a prolific source of fraud in the management of the works, correct abuses in contracts, and prevent many other demoralizing influences from being brought to bear upon the people.

It may further be urged that the sale of the public works would take away a corruption fund with which not only voters but Legislators may be corrupted. It would destroy a prolific source of fraud in the management of the works, correct abuses in contracts, and prevent many other demoralizing influences from being brought to bear upon the people.

It may further be urged that the sale of the public works would take away a corruption fund with which not only voters but Legislators may be corrupted. It would destroy a prolific source of fraud in the management of the works, correct abuses in contracts, and prevent many other demoralizing influences from being brought to bear upon the people.

It may further be urged that the sale of the public works would take away a corruption fund with which not only voters but Legislators may be corrupted. It would destroy a prolific source of fraud in the management of the works, correct abuses in contracts, and prevent many other demoralizing influences from being brought to bear upon the people.

It may further be urged that the sale of the public works would take away a corruption fund with which not only voters but Legislators may be corrupted. It would destroy a prolific source of fraud in the management of the works, correct abuses in contracts, and prevent many other demoralizing influences from being brought to bear upon the people.

It may further be urged that the sale of the public works would take away a corruption fund with which not only voters but Legislators may be corrupted. It would destroy a prolific source of fraud in the management of the works, correct abuses in contracts, and prevent many other demoralizing influences from being brought to bear upon the people.

It may further be urged that the sale of the public works would take away a corruption fund with which not only voters but Legislators may be corrupted. It would destroy a prolific source of fraud in the management of the works, correct abuses in contracts, and prevent many other demoralizing influences from being brought to bear upon the people.

It may further be urged that the sale of the public works would take away a corruption fund with which not only voters but Legislators may be corrupted. It would destroy a prolific source of fraud in the management of the works, correct abuses in contracts, and prevent many other demoralizing influences from being brought to bear upon the people.

It may further be urged that the sale of the public works would take away a corruption fund with which not only voters but Legislators may be corrupted. It would destroy a prolific source of fraud in the management of the works, correct abuses in contracts, and prevent many other demoralizing influences from being brought to bear upon the people.

Notice is hereby given to those who design to compete for the premium on corn, that it will be necessary for the crop to be examined and the ground to be measured before the crop is cut up, one of the judges thereof to be present. S. A. NEWTON, Brooklyn, Sept. 6, 1853.

Notice is hereby given to those who design to compete for the premium on corn, that it will be necessary for the crop to be examined and the ground to be measured before the crop is cut up, one of the judges thereof to be present. S. A. NEWTON, Brooklyn, Sept. 6, 1853.

Notice is hereby given to those who design to compete for the premium on corn, that it will be necessary for the crop to be examined and the ground to be measured before the crop is cut up, one of the judges thereof to be present. S. A. NEWTON, Brooklyn, Sept. 6, 1853.

Notice is hereby given to those who design to compete for the premium on corn, that it will be necessary for the crop to be examined and the ground to be measured before the crop is cut up, one of the judges thereof to be present. S. A. NEWTON, Brooklyn, Sept. 6, 1853.

Notice is hereby given to those who design to compete for the premium on corn, that it will be necessary for the crop to be examined and the ground to be measured before the crop is cut up, one of the judges thereof to be present. S. A. NEWTON, Brooklyn, Sept. 6, 1853.

Notice is hereby given to those who design to compete for the premium on corn, that it will be necessary for the crop to be examined and the ground to be measured before the crop is cut up, one of the judges thereof to be present. S. A. NEWTON, Brooklyn, Sept. 6, 1853.

Notice is hereby given to those who design to compete for the premium on corn, that it will be necessary for the crop to be examined and the ground to be measured before the crop is cut up, one of the judges thereof to be present. S. A. NEWTON, Brooklyn, Sept. 6, 1853.

Notice is hereby given to those who design to compete for the premium on corn, that it will be necessary for the crop to be examined and the ground to be measured before the crop is cut up, one of the judges thereof to be present. S. A. NEWTON, Brooklyn, Sept. 6, 1853.

Notice is hereby given to those who design to compete for the premium on corn, that it will be necessary for the crop to be examined and the ground to be measured before the crop is cut up, one of the judges thereof to be present. S. A. NEWTON, Brooklyn, Sept. 6, 1853.

Notice is hereby given to those who design to compete for the premium on corn, that it will be necessary for the crop to be examined and the ground to be measured before the crop is cut up, one of the judges thereof to be present. S. A. NEWTON, Brooklyn, Sept. 6, 1853.

Notice is hereby given to those who design to compete for the premium on corn, that it will be necessary for the crop to be examined and the ground to be measured before the crop is cut up, one of the judges thereof to be present. S. A. NEWTON, Brooklyn, Sept. 6, 1853.

Notice is hereby given to those who design to compete for the premium on corn, that it will be necessary for the crop to be examined and the ground to be measured before the crop is cut up, one of the judges thereof to be present. S. A. NEWTON, Brooklyn, Sept. 6, 1853.

Notice is hereby given to those who design to compete for the premium on corn, that it will be necessary for the crop to be examined and the ground to be measured before the crop is cut up, one of the judges thereof to be present. S. A. NEWTON, Brooklyn, Sept. 6, 1853.

Notice is hereby given to those who design to compete for the premium on corn, that it will be necessary for the crop to be examined and the ground to be measured before the crop is cut up, one of the judges thereof to be present. S. A. NEWTON, Brooklyn, Sept. 6, 1853.

Notice is hereby given to those who design to compete for the premium on corn, that it will be necessary for the crop to be examined and the ground to be measured before the crop is cut up, one of the judges thereof to be present. S. A. NEWTON, Brooklyn, Sept. 6, 1853.

Free Democratic Nominations. Judges of the Supreme Court. WM. W. STEVENSON, of Mercer. Canal Commissioner. ROBERT MITCHELL, of Indiana. Auditor General. NEVIL B. CRAIG, of Allegheny. Surveyor General. L. E. CARSON, of Montgomery.

Fire! Fire! Members of the Rough & Ready Fire Company, your attendance is particularly requested to attend (Friday) evening, September 23d, at 7 1/2 o'clock. Special business will be brought before the Company, and a full attendance is requested. By order of the Foreman. T. A. LYONS, Secy.

The Susquehanna Association of Universalists will hold its next annual session in Montrose, Susquehanna county, on the first Wednesday and following Thursday (5th and 6th) of October. E. E. GUILD, Standing Clerk. There will be a Committee of Arrangements in waiting at the Church to direct those friends to places of entertainment who may arrive Tuesday evening. A. C. WARREN.

Notice is hereby given to those who design to compete for the premium on corn, that it will be necessary for the crop to be examined and the ground to be measured before the crop is cut up, one of the judges thereof to be present. S. A. NEWTON, Brooklyn, Sept. 6, 1853.

Notice is hereby given to those who design to compete for the premium on corn, that it will be necessary for the crop to be examined and the ground to be measured before the crop is cut up, one of the judges thereof to be present. S. A. NEWTON, Brooklyn, Sept. 6, 1853.

Notice is hereby given to those who design to compete for the premium on corn, that it will be necessary for the crop to be examined and the ground to be measured before the crop is cut up, one of the judges thereof to be present. S. A. NEWTON, Brooklyn, Sept. 6, 1853.

Notice is hereby given to those who design to compete for the premium on corn, that it will be necessary for the crop to be examined and the ground to be measured before the crop is cut up, one of the judges thereof to be present. S. A. NEWTON, Brooklyn, Sept. 6, 1853.

Notice is hereby given to those who design to compete for the premium on corn, that it will be necessary for the crop to be examined and the ground to be measured before the crop is cut up, one of the judges thereof to be present. S. A. NEWTON, Brooklyn, Sept. 6, 1853.

Notice is hereby given to those who design to compete for the premium on corn, that it will be necessary for the crop to be examined and the ground to be measured before the crop is cut up, one of the judges thereof to be present. S. A. NEWTON, Brooklyn, Sept. 6, 1853.

Notice is hereby given to those who design to compete for the premium on corn, that it will be necessary for the crop to be examined and the ground to be measured before the crop is cut up, one of the judges thereof to be present. S. A. NEWTON, Brooklyn, Sept. 6, 1853.

Notice is hereby given to those who design to compete for the premium on corn, that it will be necessary for the crop to be examined and the ground to be measured before the crop is cut up, one of the judges thereof to be present. S. A. NEWTON, Brooklyn, Sept. 6, 1853.

Notice is hereby given to those who design to compete for the premium on corn, that it will be necessary for the crop to be examined and the ground to be measured before the crop is cut up, one of the judges thereof to be present. S. A. NEWTON, Brooklyn, Sept. 6, 1853.

Notice is hereby given to those who design to compete for the premium on corn, that it will be necessary for the crop to be examined and the ground to be measured before the crop is cut up, one of the judges thereof to be present. S. A. NEWTON, Brooklyn, Sept. 6, 1853.

Notice is hereby given to those who design to compete for the premium on corn, that it will be necessary for the crop to be examined and the ground to be measured before the crop is cut up, one of the judges thereof to be present. S. A. NEWTON, Brooklyn, Sept. 6, 1853.

Notice is hereby given to those who design to compete for the premium on corn, that it will be necessary for the crop to be examined and the ground to be measured before the crop is cut up, one of the judges thereof to be present. S. A. NEWTON, Brooklyn, Sept. 6, 1853.