The Farm and the Fireside.

Preparation for Boots.

The February number of the American Farmer contains the following recipe:

Composition for rendering Boots and Shoes Water-Proof.—' Take 1 pint boiled lindseed oil, 2 oz. of bees-wax, 2 oz. of spirits of turpentine, 2 oz. of Burgundy pitch.—Let them be carefully melted over a slow fire. With this mixture new shoes and boots are to be rubbed in the sun, or at a little distance from the fire, with a sponge or brush. This operation should be repeated, without wearing them, so often as they become dry, until they are fully saturated; which will require four or five times brushing. By this the leather becomes impervious to water. The boot or shoe thus prepared, lasts much longer than common leather; it acquires such a pliability and softness, that it will never shrivel, nor grow hard, and in that state, is the most effectual preventive against colds, &c. It is necessary to remark that shoes and boots, thus prepared, ought not to be worn, until they become perfectly dry and elastic; as in the contrary case, the leather will become too soft, and wear out much sooner than it otherwise would.'

The Editor of the Farmer endorses this as follows:

We have tried the effect of the composition made agreeably to this receipt, and can vouch for its rendering leather water proof. In order to test it, we procured a very new pair of shoes, gave them five successive rubbings with it, allowing sufficient time between each for the composition to become dry. After the last had become perfectly absorbed by the leather, we placed one of the shoes in a tub partially filled with water, and left it there for 4½ hours. When we took the shoe out, it was as dry as when we first placed it in the tub; the effect of the composition is, that while it renders the leather water-proof, in the broadest sense of the term, it makes it soft and pliant, and therefore the more elastic and durable. From our experience in the wear of shoes made water proof, we have no hesitancy in saying that a pair thus treated will last as long as two pair that may be worn without it.

But independent of this economical view of the subject, there is so much comfort in wearing a pair of boots or shoes imperyious to water, that if it did not conduce to saving—which it does, it is so preservative of health that that consideration alone should commend this composition to all who put a just estimate upon that most valuable of all earthly blessings. Wet feet is perhaps, the cause of more distressing colds, coughs, and consumptions than anything else; if then we can preserve dry feet, and thereby avoid the unpleasant and dangerous consequences which follow from wet ones, it becomes a matter of duty for us all, to avail ourselves of this preventive remedy. It is cheap and effective and does not in the least prevent the leather from taking a fine polish. When we first read the receipt, we were satisfied, from the constituents in it, that it would make leather water-proof; but we felt it our duty before publishing it, to test its virtues fully, as we are averse to endorsing anything untried. The thought here presents itself, that if agriculturalists would have their harness, collars, and gearing, generally, saturated with this composition twice a year, it would make them last as long again, besides rendering them much more comfortable to the animals that have to wear and work in them.

Hints in Season.

Friend Farmer, have you travelled thus far upon your pilgrimage, without some sort of workshop, supplied with a bench and a set of the more common tools of the carpenter's trade, those at least which are necessary for the performance of rough work? If you have been thus neglectful, there remaineth a work to be done, an item of importance, which though overlooked, is deserving of attention. There have been, are, and ever will be, little jobs to be done, and fragments of time in which to do them. There are implements to mend, trifles to make, and stormy days to match. If you are provided with the necessary conveniences, tools, &c., you can improve these odd ends of time, and add many an article of comfort and utility to your premises, and withall save many a stray picayune. Furthermore such conveniences will develop, or aid in developing, the constructive talents of the boys, and also familiarize them with the use of tools, thus conferring upon them a benefit valuable and lasting, and perchance be the starting point in the career of a second Le Fevre.

'Ah, it will cost to much!' Will, eh?—Try it and see; trial is the test.

Do you raise and keep stock, milch cows, neat cattle, or sheep? If so, what kind of shelter have you provided for your animals?—Warm and commodious stables, passable sheds, or the choice of sides around the barn stack, or fence? If the latter be their lot, please observe the sufferings of those animals during a storm. See them stand with muscles contracted, spine curved, and body drawn into the least possible bulk, to present the least possible surface to the sting of the piercing wind; soaked, chilled and shivering exposed to the peltings of the pitiless storm. This done, pray institute an investigation into the state of your conscience, and see what manner of dreams will be yours. Stable your cattle, is old advice, and good as it is old.

The woodshed, is that full? Wintry winds and drifting snows are suggestive of glowing fires and a bulky pile of fuel. Then draw, split and pile your fuel prepared for the stove. A year's supply of wood and its burning will not generate steam sufficient to drive a miniature engine, as green wood generally does.

[*Dollar Newspaper.*

To Kill Crows.—In the winter or towards spring, the crows are generally very plentiful. Take the entrails of hogs or sheep or a dead carcass of any kind, and place it at a proper distance behind the barn, or other out-building. Then take a two inch augur and bore a hole through some convenient spot, the proper height, and remain inside after they frequent it. Then take a good fowling piece, well loaded, and when the black gents assemble to dine, point the muzzle of your gun through the port hole, take a dead level at the thickest part of the assembly, and let go, and the carnage will be desperate.—If you want them for scare-crows take out the insides and throw in a handful of salt to preserve them and you can have crows to hang over the fields in the spring in any quantity; and depend upon it, they are perfectly horrified at the sight, and have no idea of entering premises where their black brethren are so uncivilly dealt with.

Simpkins on his Baldness.

Come listen friends, the while I spin
A ditty of my cares;
How years, like greyhounds, swift and thin,
Are hunting all my hairs.

I could uncover once 'tis known,
With quite an easy air;
But now my head has somehow grown
A harder thing to bear.

Like Alexander's is my fate;—
Nay worse, for, ere I'm down,
My hairs, not wise enough to wait,
Fall out about my crown.

I strive my stormy soul to calm
With all the oils I see;
Alas, not all Columbia's Balm
Brings any balm to me!

Galvanic remedies in vain
I've used to ease my care;
They gave me dreadful shocks of pain
But ne'er a shock of hair.

Tricophérous and Macassar fail;
Each nostrum only tends
To point anew that ancient tale
The hair with many friends.

Though orthodoxy I've professed
Since I could bend a knee,
Yet now I wish myself possessed
Of every hair I see.

Nay, I have stranger things than that
To make your eyes grow big.—
Though a place-hunting Democrat
I'm turning to a wig.

On science once I used to spout
With zeal and satisfaction;
But now my top-piece makes me doubt
Capillary attraction.

Why, why resist, since time, the foe
At all precaution mocks,
And, were I Hobbs himself, would go
And pick my strongest locks?

Yea what avails it to retire,
And shrink from sight appalled,
When, like a lost child by the crier,
Where'er I go I'm bald?

Besides, although my head look odd,
The songs of many a skald are
About a 'Scandinavian god'
Who certainly was Balldur.

Washing Sheep.

A few years since, when the subject of temperance was being freely discussed, the citizens of a little town in the western part of Massachusetss, called a meeting to talk over the matter. There had never been a temperance society in that place, but after some little discussion, it was voted to form one.—They drew up a pledge of total abstinence, and agreed that if any member of the society broke it, he should be turned out.

Before the pledge was accepted, Deacon D. arose and said he had one objection to it; he thought that Thanksgiving day ought to be free for the members to take something, as he could relish his dinner much better at this festival if he took a glass of wine.

Mr. L. thought that the pledge was not perfect. He didn't care any thing about Thanksgiving, but his family always made a great account of Christmas, and he couldn't think of sitting down to dinner then without something to drink. He was willing to give it up all other days, and, in fact, that was the only time when he cared anything about it.

Mr. B. next arose, and said he agreed with the other speakers except the time. He did not think much of Thanksgiving or Christmas, though he liked a little any time.—There was one day however, when he must have it, and that was the Fourth of July.—He always calculated upon having a regular drink on that occasion, and he wouldn't sign the pledge if it prevented him from celebrating Independence.

Squire S., an old farmer, followed Mr. B. He was not in the habit of taking anything often, but must have some when he washed sheep. He would sign the pledge if it would give him the privilege of imbibing when he washed sheep. He considered it dangerous for him to keep his hands in cold water without something to keep him warm inside.

After some consideration it was concluded that each member of the society should take his own occasions to drink—Deacon D. on Thanksgiving, Mr. L. on Christmas, etc. The pledge was signed by a large number, and the society adjourned in a flourishing condition, after voting that it should be the duty of the members to watch each other to see that they did not break the pledge.

The next morning Deacon D. walked into his next neighbor's yard, who, by the way, was Mr. S., the sheep man, wondering, as it was a bitter cold morning, whether S. was up yet. He met his neighbor coming out of the house, and to his surprise gloriously drunk, or to use a modern phrase, 'burning a very beautiful kiln.'

'Why S.,' exclaimed the astonished Deacon, 'what does this mean, sir? You have broken the pledge, and disgraced our society and the temperance cause.

'Not—hic—as you know on—hic—Deacon,' said S. 'I haven't—hic—broken the pledge, Deacon.'

'Certainly you have, sir, and I shall report you to the society. You have agreed not to drink except when you washed sheep. You can not make me think that you are going to wash sheep such a cold day as this.'

'Follow me—hic—Deacon.'

S. started for the barn, and the Deacon followed. On entering the door, the Deacon saw a large wash tub standing in the floor, with an old ram tied to it, the poor animal shaking dreadfully with the cold, and bleating pitifully.

'Hic—there. D-d deacon,' said S., pointing to the sheep with an air of triumph, 'that old—hic—ram has been washed s-six times this—hic—morning, and, I—hic—ain done with him—hic—yet.

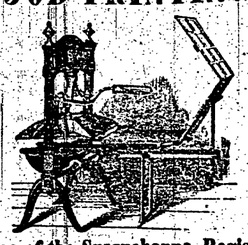
It is hardly necessary to say that the Deacon mizzled.

☞ Our down east friends mix up a good deal of truth with their queerness. In speaking of a piece of pomposity who once represented the State of Maine in Congress, the late Tristam Burgess, said he was 'a bushel of wind in a three peck sack.' Notwithstanding the grotesqueness of this description, it gives us a better idea of the class of men referred to, than a whole sermon of common places would have done. The gentleman that Burgess saw at Washington, is not an insolated case, however, every town has its 'bushel of wind in a three peck bag.' New York can furnish a score. They have no less than seven in the Board of Aldermen—puffed up gentlemen who mistake fustian for demonstration, and who imagine that to be dignified, all a man need do, is to bluster and swell like a shirt bleaching in a high wind.

☞ They have some cute darkies out in California. A letter writer says—'As I sat at breakfast this morning, in the hotel, I asked one of the waiters, 'pray tell me, my boy why is it that these rolls, which should be hot are always cold?' The little fellow grinned, as he replied, 'Don, I know, massa, unless it be that them biscuits are made of Chili (Chilly) flour.'

☞ That monstrous tyrant, Henry VIII., was so little prone to shilly-shally, that he married his wives first and axed them afterwards.

JOB PRINTING



Office of the Susquehanna Register.

HAVING recently added to our assortment of JOB TYPE several new and beautiful fonts new *RULES, BORDERS, ORNAMENTS,* &c we are now prepared to execute every kind of

LETTER-PRESS

PRINTING, such as

PAMPHLETS,
CIRCULARS,
POSTERS,
CARDS,
BLANKS,
CHECKS, &c.,

in good style, at fair prices, and with despatch.—Having the advantage of new Materials throughout, we can confidently promise to give

Entire Satisfaction

to those favoring us with their patronage.

☞ Special Blanks, School Tickets, Bill Heads etc. will be printed on short notice, on good paper

*** All kinds of Blanks usually called for, constantly on hand for sale.

☞ Those who have Job Printing to do will find it to their interest to call at the REGISTER OFFICE.

WANTED AT W. P. WYATT'S

New Clothing Store,

(Turnpike-street, Montrose, Pa.)

APPLES and BUTTER in exchange for Clothing, for which the highest market price will be paid.

The subscriber has just returned from New York with a beautiful assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, silk and satin Vestings, &c. &c all of which will be sold for the lowest living prices, for cash or ready pay.

He has also on hand the Fall & Winter Fashions for 1852—3, and is prepared to manufacture in the most approved style of fashion, on the most reasonable terms, and at the shortest notice.

N. B.—All Goods sold at my store is warranted, and ready made Clothing manufactured at home by the subscriber.

***Cutting as usual.—Store in Col. Dimock's late law office, Turnpike-st., Montrose, Pa.

Nov. 4, 1852.

RAILWAY STORE!

THE subscriber has just received a new lot of Winter Goods, to which he would invite the attention of his friends and customers.

Bring along your Socks, Grain, Furs, Wood, Bark, Tallow, Butter, Cash, Rags, and indeed almost everything you have to sell, and in exchange, you will get

GOODS VERY CHEAP!

Call and see for yourselves, if you do not find it so you need not buy, as I do not charge anything for showing goods.

I. S. LITTLE.

New Milford, Dec. 16, 1852.

[A True Copy.]

By Special Appointment.

KNOW YE ALL MEN, that we, the undersigned, Jaen Pierre, Charles Dupierre, Theophelas Schmidt and Henri Fritz, of the Cantons of Berne and Neuf Chatel, Watch Manufacturers: DO by these presents duly authorize and appoint Professor J. A. SINGLETON, Watchmaker, of Montrose, and WM. SINGLETON, of the aforesaid place, to be our Sole Agents for the State of Pennsylvania, and this said appointment to extend South and West.

We the parties to these presents, do agree to pay all Law costs instituted by any infringement on this our appointment, and to this we set our respective names and seals in the presence of Carl Pierre, M. Duval, P. Heughnac. Dated in Switzerland this first day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two.

JAEN PIERRE. [LS.]
CHARLES DUPIER, [LS.]
THEO'S SCHMIDT, [LS.]
HENRI FRITZ. [LS.]

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE!

20 *VILLAGE LOTS,* situated in the pleasantest part of the village of Susquehanna—also 3 Houses and Lots in the most business part of the aforesaid village. Also,

A Farm containing 133 *acres,*

with a small improvement, the remainder heavily timbered, situate 2 miles from said village.

Susquehanna is the great Central Depot of the N. Y. & E. Railroad, situate at the foot of the heaviest grade on the road, near the great works of Starucca, Conewaula and the Cascade, and possessing by nature the best watering place on the route, with the locality of extensive Machine Shops, Foundry, &c. Susquehanna, although numbering but 1,000 inhabitants, and but 4 years of age, is destined soon to range along side of the most flourishing and populous towns on the line of this great thoroughfare.

L. P. HINDS, Agent.

Office one door east of Lenheim's.

Susquehanna Depot, Nov. 18, 1852. tf

Now is the time to fix up for Winter.

—or—

LONG SHAWLS.

A LARGE lot of WINTER SHAWLS at prices ranging from ten shillings to ten dollars. *Plain & Fancy Cashmeres and d'Laine,* a good assortment, just received and for sale very low, for ready pay.

Linsey Woolsey & Scotch Plaids.

Just the article for dresses for these cold days.—Heavy Cloths for Overcoats—many kinds and colors—some very cheap.

Call and examine. We charge nothing if you don't buy and not much if you do.

Comforters and Neck ties, Ladies' Scarfs & Victoria Tippets, Worked Pocket Handkerchiefs, Collars and under Handerchiefs, Lisle Thread, Silk, Cotton, Cashmere and Kid Gloves, for men, women and children, Velvet Buttons all colors, and other fancy dress Buttons for Ladies' wear. Just opened by

J. LYONS & SON.

KING SOLOMON SAYS,

"GET wisdom, and with all your gettings, get understanding, and get also coverings for your understandings; which last commodity, if you possess the other two, you will be apt to seek and find at Keeler & Stoddard's Boot and Shoe Store.

For, though a certain *merry man*
A diff'rent tale has told,
We'd have the public understand,
We won't be under-*sold.*

Our assortment, though not *general* enough to include General Pierce and the Prophet Isaiah, to say nothing of various groceries, is nevertheless, in the

BOOT & SHOE LINE,

very extensive and complete, and we hope yet to make it include some of the *lesser profits.*

*** Work made to order, and repairing neatly done.

KEELER & STODDARD.

Montrose, Nov. 4, 1852.

DRESS GOODS!

WE ARE receiving a large supply of Dress Goods embracing a great variety of kinds, and of beautiful styles and patterns, and the following kinds of goods, viz:

PORLINS, DELAINS, BARRAGE DELAINS, LAWNS, PLAIN, STRIPED AND PLAID CHAMBRAYS, ENGLISH, FRENCH AND DOMESTIC PRINTS, &c. &c.

Most of which they offer considerably lower than early spring prices.

U. BURROWS & CO.

Gibson, June 24, 1852.

LIVER COMPLAINT,

Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys,

AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED LIVER OR STOMACH, SUCH AS CONSTIPATION, INWARD PILES, FULLNESS OF BLOOD TO THE HEAD, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, NAUSEA, HEART-BURN, DISGUST FOR FOOD, FULLNESS, OR WEIGHT IN THE STOMACH, SOUR ERUCTATIONS, SINKING OR FLUTTERING AT THE PIT OF THE STOMACH, SWIMMING OF THE HEAD, HURRIED AND DIFFICULT BREATHING, FLUTTERING AT THE HEART, CHOKING OR SUFFOCATING SENSATIONS WHEN IN A LYING POSTURE, DIMNESS OF VISION, DOTS OR WEBS BEFORE THE SIGHT,

Fever and dull pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the side, back, Chest, Limbs, &c., sudden flushes of heat, burning in the flesh, constant imaginings of evil, and great depression of spirits, can be effectually cured by

DR. HOOFLAND'S
CELEBRATED GERMAN BITTERS,
PREPARED BY
Dr. C. M. Jackson,
At the German Medicine Store, 120 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

Their power over the above diseases is not excelled, if equalled, by any other preparation in the United States, as the cures attest, in many cases after skilful physicians had failed.

These Bitters are worthy the attention of invalids. Possessing great virtues in the rectification of disease of the Liver and lesser glands, exercising the most searching powers in weakness and affections of the digestive organs, they are withal, safe certain and pleasant.

Read and be convinced.

From the Boston Bee.

The editor said, Dec. 22nd:

Dr. Hoofland's Celebrated German Bitters for the cure of Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, is deservedly one of the most popular medicines of the day. These Bitters have been used by thousands, and a friend at our elbow says he has himself received an effectual and permanent cure of Liver Complaint from the use of this remedy. We are convinced that, in the use of these Bitters, the patient constantly gains strength and vigor—a fact worthy of great consideration. They are pleasant in taste and smell, and can be used by persons with the most delicate stomachs with safety, under any circumstances. We are speaking from experience, and to the afflicted we advise their use.

"SCOTT'S WEEKLY," one of the best Literary papers published, said, Aug. 25—

"Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, manufactured by Dr. Jackson are now recommended by some of the most prominent members of the faculty as an article of much efficacy in cases of female weakness. As such is the case, we would advise all mothers to obtain a bottle, and thus save themselves much sickness. Persons of debilitated constitutions will find these Bitters advantageous to their health, as we know from experience the salutary effect they have upon weak systems."

More Evidence.

The Hon. C. D. Hineline, Mayor of the City of Camden, N. J. says:

"HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.—We have seen many flattering notices of this medicine, and the source from which they came induced us to make inquiry respecting its merits. From inquiry we were persuaded to use it, and must say found it specific in its action upon diseases of the liver and digestive organs, and the powerful influence it exerts upon nervous prostration is really surprising. It calms and strengthens the nerves, bringing them into a state of repose, making sleep refreshing.

If this medicine was more generally used, we are satisfied there would be less sickness, as from the stomach, liver, and nervous system, the great majority of real and imaginary diseases emanate. Have them in a healthy condition, and you can bid defiance to epidemics generally. This extraordinary medicine we would advise our friends who are at at all indisposed, to give a fair trial—it will recommend itself. It should, in fact, be in every family. No other medicine can produce such evidences of merit.

Evidence upon evidence has been received (like the foregoing) from all sections of the Union, the last three years, and the strongest testimony in its favor is, that there is more of it used in the practice of the regular physicians of Philadelphia, than all other nostrums combined, a fact that can easily be established, and fully proving that a scientific preparation will meet with their quiet approval when presented even in this form.

That this medicine will cure Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, no one can doubt after using it as directed. It acts specifically upon the stomach and liver; it is preferable to calomel in all bilious diseases—the effect is immediate. They can be administered to female or infant with safety and eliable benefit at any time.

Look well to the marks of the genuine.

They have the written signature of C. M. JACKSON upon the wrapper, and his name blown in the bottle, without which they are spurious.

For sale Wholesale and Retail at the German Medicine Store, No. 120 Arch street, one door below Sixth, Philadelphia; and by respectable dealers generally through the country.

Prices Reduced.

To enable all class of invalids to enjoy the advantages of their great restorative powers.

Single Bottle 75 cents.

All for sale by ABEL TURRELL, Druggist, &c. Montrose, Pa.

July 29, 1852. 1y

AGAIN TRIUMPHANT!

The Gold Medal and Diploma of the New York American Institute, the Silver Medal of the N. Y. State Fair have been awarded to

I. M. SINGER,

For the best Sewing Machine

VICTORIOUSLY is the fact now established of the superiority of this Machine over all competitors. Singer's Patent Straight Needle, Perpendicular Action,

SEWING MACHINE,

secured by letters patent of the United States. The only Machine Privileged to use the Straight Needle. The subscriber offers for sale the rights to use or sell with right of use of this Machine in the County of Susquehanna, or he will sell Town Rights upon application for the same.

☞ All communications addressed to the subscriber at BINGHAMTON, Broome Co. N. Y. will meet attention. A. GENNET.

May 27, 1852. tf

NEW GOODS.

THE subscriber is now receiving a complete assortment of Spring and Summer Goods consisting of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hard-Ware, Patent Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dyewoods, Stone, Wood and Tin Ware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Codfish, Mackerel, Looking Glasses, Window Sash, Glass and Putty, Carpeting, Oil Cloth, Leather, Sole and Upper, Clocks, Watches, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Carpet Bags, Cotton Yarn, Batts and Wicks, Carpet Warp, &c. &c. &c.

And many other articles not mentioned, which I am disposed to sell very low for cash or ready pay, or on a credit to those who will pay me in a reasonable time. ALSO a good assortment of Goods at Dimock.

S. S. GROVER.

Springville, May 27, 1852.

Readers of the Register,

PLEASE take notice that P. A. LOCKE has re-commenced the Tailoring Business, and will serve all to the best of his ability who may favor him with their patronage.

***Cutting done with care, and for ready pay.

N. B.—Shop over Lathrop & Co's Store.

Montrose, Nov. 11, 1852.

LEATHER.

SOLE, Harness, and Upper Leather, Patna Kip, Calfskins, and Kipskins, of superior quality, for sale at the lowest prices, for ready pay.—Also, a good assortment of Findings for shoemakers. J. MOSS & BROTHERS.

New Milford, Oct. 14, 1852.

No more use for Cats.

LYONS' Rat Pills, are doing the business. 'A word to the wise, &c. Call on

Lyons & Son.

GREAT ATTRACTION!

FALL & WINTER

CLOTHING!

I. L. POST & CO.

HAVE just received an extensive assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING of different qualities & prices: consisting of Dress, Frock, and Sack Coats, and Overcoats, Pants, Vests, &c. &c. Their Ready Made Clothing is equal to any in town, and their assortment good.

**The motto is quick sals and small profits.

Montrose, Dec. 2, 1852.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Abel Turrell

IS now receiving and keeps constantly on hand a large and desirable assortment of

GOODS.

Which will be sold very low for cash or ready pay. The stock is composed of a first rate assortment o

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Groceries, Glass Ware, Spoons, Spectacles, Musical Instruments, Yankee Notions, and Liquors—Also, Dry Goods, Hardware, Stoneware, Trusses, Medical Instruments, Shoulder-braces, Perfumery, Mirrors, Stationery, Brushes, Shoes, Camphine, Burning Fluid, Lamps, Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, &c. &c.

All persons wishing to purchase Drugs, or goods in any of the aforesaid departments, will find their interests promoted by calling first at the Drug and Variety Store of ABEL TURRELL.

Montrose, Nov. 11, 1852.

STOVES! STOVES!

Great Bend & Lodersville

STOVE, COPPER, TIN, & SHEET IRON ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has received a large addition to his former stock of Stoves, consisting of a variety of the most approved kinds, among which are

CLINTON AIR TIGHT,
FOREST QUEEN,
STAR OF THE WEST,
WESTERN QUEEN,

all elevated Ovens. Of square air tight Stoves are

PHŒNIX, PARAGON,
WESTERN EMPIRE,
ORANGE AIR TIGHT,
UNITED STATES,
FARMERS, UTICA COAL STOVE

A variety of Premiums, some of new style, the

WALLKILL, AIR TIGHT, FARMERS.

A good and various assortment of Parlor and Hall Stoves for Wood and Coal. Box Stoves of various sizes and patterns he is continually receiving, and intends to keep as great a variety of the most popular stoves as any dealer in the country. Persons wishing to purchase stoves will find it to their interest to call on him. They will find his

Stove Furniture

made of the strongest and best materials and as cheap as can be bought *in this* or *Broome county* and much better than offered by pedlars.

☞ Stove Pipe & Tin Ware kept for sale and made to order. Farmers will be supplied with Pans, made of strong materials, at Wholesale prices, all orders for work in his line will be thankfully received and punctually attended to.

JOHN COLSTON.

Great Bend, July 1, 1852. tf

SUSQUEHANNA DRUG STORE!

S. B. WEST,

DEALER in *Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, choicest Wines and Liquors, Dye-Stuffs, Patent Medicines all kinds, Combs, Trusses, Brushes, Herbs, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, fancy Baskets, Gold and Silver Watches, splendid Jewelry, a great variety, Violins, Flutes, Fifes, Accordeons, School Books, Stationery, Children's Toys, Confectionery, Fancy Goods of great variety, Looking glasses, Camphine, Alcohol, Burning Fluid, Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars &c. sold at the lowest prices.* ☞ *He will not BE UNDERSOLD. MARK THAT!*

Susquehanna Depot, Oct. 28, 1852.

WATCH REPAIRING,

AT THE OLD STAND AGAIN.

THE subscribers, having resumed the above named business under the management of Mr. Alfred Sayre, respectfully solicit from their old customers in that line, a return of their patronage. Mr. S. is an experienced and skilful workman, having learned his business and for many years worked in some of the best shops in New York city, is competent to do any kind of work that may be entrusted to him. *Prompt*ness, *moderate charges,* and the *guarantee* of all good Watches, we trust will secure a full share of patronage.

Gold Rings made to order, and all kinds of Jewelry repaired.

BENTLEY & READ.

Montrose, Nov. 12, 1851.

Carbondale Stages.

THE subscribers are running a daily line of Stages between Carbondale and Hopbottom Station on the Lackawanna and Western Railroad, distance 20 miles. Leave Carbondale in the morning, and connect with the Cars going North; returning, leave on the arrival of the mail train from Great Bend—nearest, most direct, and cheapest route from Great Bend to Carbondale. Passengers always get into Carbondale earlier in the evening than by any other route.

Fare receipted in Carbondale at the store of the subscribers, Main street, a few blocks below Bronson's House. GROW & BROTHERS.

Sept. 2, 1852. tf

Steam Grist & Saw mill.

POST BROTHERS having purchased the above establishment, will keep constantly on hand *Superfine and fine Flour—Corn Meal—of Superior Quality. Also, Chop and Bran,* at the lowest cash prices. Custom work will be done with despatch, and in all cases WARRANTED.

Montrose, July, 1851. 1381tf

Facts for the People!

NOTWITHSTANDING the prediction of the New Albany *Ledger* that Frank Pierce will be elected President because the Prophet Isaiah says that "the Lord giveth power to the faint," it is universally admitted that the subscriber can and will sell

BOOTS & SHOES

CHEAPER than any other shop in town, not even excepting the genuine boot & shoe store down town

N. B.—My terms are cash or pay down, and I would therefore inform those who are indebted to Merriman & Patrick, that they must call and pay up or——nuff ced. A. MERRIMAN.

Montrose, Sept. 23, 1852.

W. H. HENSTOCK,

BUTCHER, has a Sausage-Cutting Machine in operation at his Meat Market, which will cut 60 lbs. of sausage per hour, free from lumps. Farmers and others having sausage meat to cut will find it to their interest to give him a call.

Montrose, Dec. 14, 1852. 4t

NEW GOODS.

NEW SPRING & SUMMER GOODS in great variety and style, and a general assortment of

STAPLE & FANCY GOODS,

just received and selling uncommonly low by

H. BURRITT.

New Milford, May 13, 1852.

Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year 1851, by J. S. HOUGHTON, M. D., in the clerk's Office of the District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

Another Scientific Wonder!

GREAT CURE FOR

DYSPEPSIA!

DR. J. S. HOUGHTON'S

THE TRUE

DIGESTIVE FLUID,

OR, GASTRIC JUICE.

Prepared from *RENNET,* or the fourth *STOMACH OF THE OX,* after directions of *BARON LIEBIG,* the great Physiological Chemist, by *J. S. HOUGHTON, M. D.* Philadelphia, *Pa.*

This a truly wonderful remedy for *INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, JAUNDICE, LIVER COMPLAINT, CONSTIPATION,* and *DEBILITY,* Curing after Nature's own method, by Nature's own Agent, the Gastric Juice.

☞ Half a teaspoonful of *Pepsin,* infused in water, will digest or dissolve *Five pounds of Roast Beef in about two hours,* out of the stomach.

Pepsin is the chief element, or Great Digesting Principle of the Gastric Juice—the *Solvent of the Food, the Purifying, Preserving, and Stimulating* agent of the Stomach and Intestines. It is extracted from the Digestive Stomach of the Ox, thus forming an *artificial digestive fluid,* precisely like the natural Gastric Juice in its Chemical powers, and furnishing a complete and perfect substitute for it. By the aid of this preparation, the pains and evils of *Indigestion* and *Dyspepsia* are removed, just as they would be by a healthy Stomach. It is doing wonders for Dyspeptics, curing case sof *Debility, Emaciation, Nervous Decline,* and *Dyspeptic Consumption,* supposed to be on the verge to the grave. The Scientific Evidence upon which it is based, is in the highest degree *curious* and *remarkable.*

Scientific Evidence.

BARON LIEBIG in his celebrated work on Animal Chemistry, says: "An Artificial Digestive Fluid, analogous to the Gastric Juice, may be readily prepared from the mucous membrane of the stomach of the Calf, in which various articles of food, as meat and eggs, will be softened, changed and digested, just in the same manner as they would be in the human stomach."

☞ Call on the agent and get a descriptive Circular, gratis, giving a large amount of scientific evidence similar to the above, together with reports of remarkable cures, from all parts of the United States.

As a Dyspepsia Curer

Dr. Houghton's *Pepsin* has produced the most marvellous effects, in curing cases of Debility, Emaciation, Nervous Decline, and Dyspeptic Consumption. It is impossible to give the details of cases in the limits of this advertisement, but authenticated certificates have been given of more than two hundred remarkable cures, in Philadelphia, New York and Boston alone. These were nearly all desperate cases, and the cures were not only rapid and wonderful, but permanent.

It is a great Nervous Antidote, and particularly useful for tendency to bilious disorder, liver complaint, fever and ague, and the evil effects of quinine, mercury, and other drugs upon the Digestive Organs, after a long sickness. Also for excess in eating, and the too free use of ardent spirits. It also reconciles Health with Intemperance.

Dr. Houghton's *Pepsin* is prepared in powder and fluid form—and in prescription vials for the use of physicians.

Private Circulars for the use of *Physicians* may be obtained of Dr. Houghton or his agents, describing the whole process of preparation, and giving the authorities upon which the claims of this new remedy are based. As it is not a secret remedy, no objection can be raised against its use by physicians in respectable standing and regular practice *Price,* ONE DOLLAR per bottle.

☞ OBSERVE THIS.—Every bottle of the genuine *Pepsin* bears the written signature of J. S. HOUGHTON, M. D., sole proprietor, Philadelphia, *Pa.* Copy right and Trade-mark secured.

☞ Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicines. ABEL TURRELL, Druggist, &c.

Montrose, Agent for Susquehanna County

Farms for Sale.

In Susquehanna County, Penn'a

THE *SUBSCRIBERS will act* as *Agents* for the private sale of Real Estate—Farms Houses and Lots—located in Susquehanna county Pa. All who wish to offer their property for sale can give a minute description of their Farms or Lots as follows: Number of acres, how many improved, and how watered; Buildings; Orchard, grafted or common fruit; other fruit trees and shade rees; how far from Montrose, and the nearest point to a depot on the New York & Erie Railroad; price and terms of payment. All who wish to sell or purchase Real Estate, will receive prompt attention by calling on or addressing us at Montrose, Susquehanna county, Pa.

☞ Conveyance from Montrose to the premises free of charge.

Office on Turnpike street, 4 doors west of the Brick corner.

The following Farms and Lots are now offered for sale:

No. 1. 40 acres,	30	im.	Frame House and Barn	
no. 2. 80 acres	50		do.	do*
no. 3. 100 do.	60		do.	do.
no. 4. 150 do.	60		do.	do.*
no. 5. 70 do.	40		do.	do.*
no. 6. 96 do.	35		do.	do.*
no. 7. Store, Warehouse, and Lot.				
no. 8. 145 acres,	75	im.	framed house and barn	
no. 9. 2¼ do.	35		log house	barn*
no. 10. 2 do	good frame house and barn.			
no. 11. house and lot.*				
no. 12 100 acres.	70	im.	frame house and barn	
no. 13. 340 do.	200	im.	do	do
no. 14. 56 do	50	im.	do	do.*
no. 15. 160 do	60	im.	do	do
no. 16. 120 do	55	im.*		
no. 17 100	75	im.	do	do*
no. 18. 112,	80	im.	do	do
no. 19. 200.	150	improved,	do	do
no. 20. 145,	100	im.	do	do
no. 21. 190,	120	im.	do	do
no. 22. 90¼,	45	im.	do	do*
no. 23. 45,	30	im.	do	do *
no. 24. 292,	225	im.	do	do
no. 25. 125 acres,	100	im.	do	do
no. 26. 196 do	140	im.	do	do*
no 27. 80 acres	45	imp.*		
no. 28 11, good saw-mill and dwelling.				
no 29 134 acres,	90		frame house and barn.	
no. 30 176 do	100		do	do
no 31 135 do	95		do	do
no 32 180 do	135		do	do
no 33. 160 do	60		do	do
no 34 150 do	100		do	do
no 35 150 do	80		do	do
no 36 300 do	170		do	do
no 37 190 do	140		do	do
no 38 170, do	100		do	do
no. 39. 175 do.	90		im.	do.
no. 40. 80 acres	45	improved.		
no. 41. 212 acres,	160	improved.*		
no. 42. 92 do	50		do	do
no. 43. 4 acres, all improved.*				
no. 44. 138 do	65		do	
no. 45, 300 do	200		do	
no. 46. 120 do	80	im	Grist Mill	
no. 47 200 acres	160	improved.		
no. 48. 103 acres.	80	improved.		
no. 49 88 acres,	45	improved house and barn.		
no. 50 83 acres,	63	improved, house and barn.		
no. 51 95 acres,	60	improved, do.		do.
no 52. 120 acres,	65	improved.		

Price from $10 to $30 per acre.

N. B. Persons desiring to purchase any of the above, by giving the No. can obtain a full description.

ALFRED BALDWIN.
E. G. BABCOCK.

Montrose, Pa., October, 1850.

N. B.—Those marked thus (*) have been sold.

Notice.

A NEW TOP BUGGY, all right, Mack & Lathrop's make—a new open ditto, all right with Sprout's Springs. First rate self light Bobs For sale cheap, enquire of F. B. CHANDLER.

Dec. 23, 1852.

Shawls! Shawls!

ANOTHER lot of those Bay and Empire State Shawls, just received and for sale at

Nov. 4. I. L. POST & CO'S.

SALT.

DAIRY SALT, by the Sack, or bushel by

May, 1852. F. B. CHANDLER.

EAGLE FOUNDRY!

SAYRE, BENTLEY & PERKINS,

HAVING purchased of Wilson & Co. the EAGLE FOUNDRY, are now prepared to fill orders from the trade, and do work in their line with skill