

AGRICULTURAL, & CO.

AGRICULTURAL FAIR.

The Fair of the Susquehanna County Agricultural Society was held on Thursday Oct. 7. The attendance was much larger than it has ever before been, and the Exhibition in all respects more full and creditable to the County than any previous one.

An eloquent address was delivered by Hon. Luther Kidder, of Luzerne, for which the thanks of the Society were voted, and a copy solicited for publication, which will be furnished in a short time.

The Reports of Committees were then read as follows:

The Committee on Butter Report.

That this great Branch of our Agricultural products is receiving more attention than heretofore, and yet not as much as should be given to it. Our county is earning for itself a character for its Butter not inferior to any, and it needs but care and attention to place it in the foremost rank in this branch of dairy product.

The competition this year is very far in advance of previous years. There are offered 28 Firkins and 6 Tubs, from some of the best dairies of the county.

When all are so good, the Committee find it difficult to decide; but although so difficult, they are to perform their duty and award the premiums for the best Firkin of

June Butter, John Harrington, \$5

July Butter, Jas. Waldie, 5

August Butter, John Harrington, 5

September Butter, Rodney Jewett, 5

Best Tub Butter, H. C. Conklin, 5

The following is the Report of the Committee on the Plowing Match:

The Committee on the Plowing Match Report, that there were entered for competition, six horse teams:

1. Asa Decker, with an Eiden Plow, a pair of black horses, belonging to Judge Jessup.

2. William Austin, a Blatchley Plow, a pair of very fine sorrel horses.

3. Mr. Linn, a Blatchley Plow, with wheel and cutter; a pair of strong sorrel horses, white mane and tail, owned by Thos. Johnson, Esq.

4. William Mott, a cast-iron Plow, with wheel and cutter; a pair of bay mares owned by Merritt Mott, Esq.

5. John F. Deans, a Blatchley Plow, with cutter, a pair of strong, good farm horses.

6. Patrick Carter, an Eagle Plow, with cutter, a pair of bay mares owned by Levi Gernsey, Esq.

The competition was spirited. The Plowmen fixed the time for doing the work at one hour and a quarter, for thirty eight square rods. The time was as follows:

1. Asa Decker, 1 hour, 15 min.

2. William Austin, 1 hour, 2 min.

3. Mr. Linn, 58 min.

4. William Mott, 1 hour, 5 min.

5. John F. Deans, 1 hour, 12 min.

6. Patrick Carter, 1 hour, 25 min.

The plowing was all very good. The Rules required it to be at least six inches deep, and the average was more than six inches deep. The ground was somewhat stony, and not so favorable for laying the furrows smooth and even as could have been desired. In some respects it was difficult to decide. But the Committee think that the first premium should be awarded to Mr. Mott of \$5.

He used a cast iron Plow, of a form not much known hitherto in the country, but which for ease of draft, for durability and efficiency of work, deserves the consideration of our farmers. The wheel was of great service in relieving the plow, and lightening the draft.

The second premium is awarded to Mr. John F. Deans, of \$3.00.

The third premium of \$2 to Mr. Wm. F. Austin.

The plowing done by Mr. Carter, who has taken the first premium for three successive years, was beautiful, but in consequence of not being within the time required by the rules of the Match, a premium could not be awarded. Mr. Carter is probably the best plowman in the County.

The discussions on the ground among the great number of farmers who were present, the comparison of views and the information elicited, all tend to diffuse correct knowledge upon this most important branch of agricultural business. Plowing good plowing, is the all-important business of the Farmer, and it is gratifying to witness the great improvement made in the county within the last few years.

The Committee express the hope that a more extended interest will be felt in this part of the Society's exhibition in time to come, and especially that there may be more competition with oxen. Only one pair was on the ground to plow.

Daniel Stewart, a Blatchley Plow, a pair of fat walking oxen, belonging to N. C. Warner, Esq. The plowing was done within-time, and was well done. As there was no competition the Committee awarded him the premium of \$3.00.

The Committee on Corn made the following Report. The awards not coming within the rules of the Society, the premiums were not paid.

The Committee on Corn Report, that they have ascertained by surveying the land, husking, shelling and measuring the Corn, that George Walker, of Dimock township, has this year raised 125 bushels of shelled corn to the acre.

That Hyde Crocker, of Bridgewater, has raised 100 bushels of shelled Corn to the acre.

And that John A. Stanton, of Bridgewater, has raised 81 bushels and 3 quarts to the acre.

George Walker's statistics are as follows:

The 1st premium: Hyde Crocker, 2nd Mr. Walker's mode of Cultivation. He plowed, sowed for Corn, the beginning of May. He sowed 100 loads on five acres of land. After the manure was spread, the ground was well harrowed and planted the last of May. The rows, 3 feet apart, running North and South, and 7 feet apart between handings east and west. From 3 to 5 grains in a hill. 12 bushels of lime, mixed with 3 bushels of Plaster, was applied to the corn very soon after it came up. A plow did not enter the field after the corn was planted. The ground was kept loose and mellow, and the grass and weeds subdued by the use of the Cultivator. Making but little use of the hand-hoe.

Hyde Crocker mowed his corn-ground to the hill. Rows running North and South 4 feet apart. Those running East and West rather less than 3 feet apart. From 3 to 5 grains in the hill. His corn was plowed twice and hoed in the usual way.

The other premiums awarded were as follows:

Horses.—Best Stallion, George Harrison, \$5.00. 2nd best, Jeremiah Meacham, \$3. Best brood Mare, C. D. Wilson, \$5.00; 2nd best, Juno P. Harding, \$3.00. Best matched horses, Robt. Kent, \$4. The matched horses exhibited by Daniel Searle, were worthy of premium but were not raised within the County. The horses exhibited by Thos. Johnson were entitled to 2nd premium had one been offered. A pair of two-year old Cobs, exhibited by H. C. Conklin, and a 3-year-old stallion by D. A. North, was also worthy of notice. The number of horses on exhibition was 27.

Cattle.—Greatest number of best head Cattle, Franklin township, \$10. 2nd best, Bridgewater, a Banner. Best Durham Bull, F. Foster, \$6; 2nd best, A. Cassidy, \$3. Best Devon Bull, F. & C. J. Hollister, \$5; 2nd best, C. B. Griffin, \$3. Best Durham Cow, Geo. Walker, \$3. 2nd best, Wm. Jessup, \$2 (returned). Best Devon Cow, Jennie Wells, \$3; 2nd best, Theron Beach, \$2. Best grade Cow, Jas. Leighton, \$3; 2nd best, Geo. Walker, \$2. The Devon Cows exhibited by Mr. Hollister and Mr. Peck were very good, as were also others exhibited by Jas. Leighton.

The Devon Heifer, 18 months old, with best calf, exhibited by Wm. C. B. Griffin, was beloved by the Committee to be without the rules which only prevented other notice being taken of her.

Oxen & Steers.—1st premium for Oxen, E. B. Goodrich, \$6; 2nd to H. T. Law, \$3. 3-year old Steers, 1st to David Marsh, \$3. 2-year old Steers, 1st to T. Ross, \$3. A pair of 4-year old steers exhibited by Robt. F. Breed were very fine but not being broken, the Committee did not feel warranted in giving a premium. Those exhibited by Caleb Carmalt, E. S. Beebe, Fallow Peck, Jno. Bard and Titus Smith were all superior cattle.

Best 2-year old Heifer, Wm. Jessup, \$3. The heifer exhibited by J. P. Cornalt would have been entitled to the 2nd premium had one been offered. Best four yearlings, R. F. Breed, \$3. Best calves, Merritt Mott, \$3.

The number of Cattle entered for competition was 116, besides those competing for the greatest number exhibited by townships. All the Cattle exhibited were 310.

Swine.—Best Boar, Wm. Harkins, \$3. Best Sow, Jeremiah Meacham, \$3. 2nd best, E. T. Tiffany, \$2. Best lot of Pigs, Jeremiah Meacham, \$3. The pigs exhibited by Wm. Jessup and Frederick P. Coon, were also very fine, and the Committee had much difficulty in deciding between the three lots. The whole number was about all of them collected to be Best Suck Down hick, E. T. Gregory, \$3; Best Boar, wooled ewes, H. P. Robbins, \$3; Best coarse wooled buck, Wm. Harkins, \$3; Best do. ewes, Millborn Oakley, \$3.

The committee report an excellent exhibition of coarse wooled sheep.

Small Grains.—1st premium, Winter wheat, Otis Ross, \$5; 27 bushels, 20 qts. per acre; 1st premium, Spring wheat, D. Searle, \$5; 27 bushels, 22 qts. per acre; 2d premium, Spring wheat, F. H. Hollister, \$3; 26 bushels, 24 qts. per acre; 1st premium, Oats, Bradford Watrson, \$3; 80 bushels, 2 qts. per acre; 1st premium, Buckwheat, Jeremiah Watson, \$3; 44 bushels, 7 qts. per acre.

Prairie.—Best cooking apples, S. Meacham, \$1; Best winter do. J. Tewksbury, \$1; Best quinces, F. Peck, \$1; Best peaches, Lucas Stagger, \$1; Best pears, F. H. & C. J. Hollister, \$1.

A specimen of full eating apples offered by Charles Neale, came late to compete, which was much regretted by the committee.

Poultry.—1st premium to John Warner, \$3.

Cheese.—1st premium, John Trumbull, \$3; 2nd do, Edward Bennett, \$2.

The Certificate for the greatest variety of vegetables, was awarded to Hugh Mitchell, gardener of Wm. Jessup.

Domestic Manufactures.—Best Carpet, L. W. Reed, \$3; 2d, Mrs. Otis Ross, \$1.

Best Cloth, A. G. Reynolds, \$2.

Best Flannel, Miss Mary E. Harrington, \$2; 2d best Isaac Butts, \$1.

Best bed-quilt, P. W. Babcock, \$2; 2d best, John Bard, \$1.

Best counterpane, Miss S. Carmalt, \$2; returned; 2d best, E. J. Newton, \$1.

Best woolen socks, C. Newton, \$2; 2d best, J. Tewksbury, \$1.

Best cotton socks, A. C. Warner, \$2; 2d best, F. M. Babcock, Certificate.

Best wheat bread, Mrs. Harkins, \$1.

Best corn bread, Mary Newton, \$1.

A Certificate to Miss Sayre, best display of Flowers.

The committee also notice, a beautiful sack over coat, and pair of pants made by Messrs. McKane and Smith, and a quilt made, since the first of May, by Mrs. Mary Tewksbury, aged 79 years. The committee recommended a special premium for fancy work to M. Chandler. Those specimens exhibited by Miss Lydia Sayre and Sarah Wakely were very fine. (All on a tablet exhibition by Mrs. H. A. Post, Susan Hudson and Mrs. E. V. Dimock, the latter uncommonly pretty. Some fine specimens of working in durable ink, by Susan Hudson, and crayon drawings by Mr. H. H. Jessup. A fine display of idyllic subjects of roses by the same. No others exhibited, but some specimens of calf skin without a number.

Agricultural Implements.—Best Cultivator, Bentley & Perkins, \$2; returned. Best Straw Cut, \$5; returned. Best straw cutter, S. Harkins, \$1; Best scythe, Robt. Kent, \$1; Best hay-cutting machine, \$2; do do, A. B. Belden, Certificate. Best lawnmower, \$3; do do, \$3.

George Walker's statistics are as follows:

ley, \$3; Best ox cart, H. Crocker, \$3; 2d best, do. Fowler Peck, Certificate; and a certificate to Sayre, Bentley and Perkins, for the best Horse Power, (without thrasher).

This committee congratulate the farmers upon the entire success which has attended their efforts in making their annual gathering, beneficial and interesting. The number of persons in attendance, is variously estimated at from five to seven thousand, and the intelligent men of the County expressed great satisfaction with the arrangements of the fair and the exhibition. Great credit is due to the farmers of Franklin for their exhibition of working cattle. The Ladies by their offerings and their presence greatly contributed to the pleasure of the occasion.

WM. JESSUP, Pres't.

SAMUEL F. CARMALT, Secretary.



The Susquehanna Register.

H. H. FRAZIER, EDITOR.

MONTROSE, PENNA.

Thursday Morning, Oct. 14, 1852.

WHIG NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT.

GEN. WINFIELD SCOTT, OF NEW JERSEY.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

WILLIAM A. GRAHAM, OF NORTH-CAROLINA.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

- A. E. BROWN, JAMES POLLOCK, REPRESENTATIVE. 1. WILLIAM F. HENNING, 14. JAMES H. CAMPBELL. 2. JAMES TRAQUAIR, 15. JAMES D. PATTON. 3. JOHN W. STOKES, 16. JAMES K. DAVISON. 4. JOHN F. VERREB, 17. DR. JNO. McCULLOUGH. 5. SWEENEY McLAUGHLIN, 18. RALPH DEANE. 6. JAMES W. FULLEN, 19. JOHN LINTON. 7. JAMES PEARSON, 20. ARCH'D. ROBERTSON. 8. JOHN SHAFER, 21. THOMAS J. BOGUE. 9. JACOB HARRISON, 22. LEWIS L. JOHN. 10. CHARLES P. WALKER, 23. GEORGE METZGER. 11. DAVID ALTON, 24. DOMAN PHELPS. 12. M. C. MORGAN, 25. SAM'L A. PURVIS. 13. NEW MIDDLEBURY.

NOTICE.

A meeting of the Whig Standing County Committee of Susquehanna County, will be held at the house of Leonard Searle, in Montrose, on Friday, the fifteenth inst., at 7 o'clock, P. M. The following gentlemen compose the Committee: Henry Drinker, Samuel Tewksbury, B. S. Bennett, Urbane Burrows, Joseph DuBois, Wm. H. Slocum, S. H. Morse, Orange Mott, Jr., Myron M. Mott, and Col. Joseph Watrson. A full attendance is requested. HENRY DRINKER, Chairman of Whig County Committee.

Something by an Amateur Editor.

Sitting alone in our Sanctum, the other evening, pondering, not exactly on affairs of State, but on the state of our affairs, we were suddenly interrupted by the entrance of a little man with bright, flashing eyes and a broad forehead, who being a stranger to us, as the boy was to the candy-date that so generously treated him, enquired if we were the editor. He proceeded to say that he was a reader of our paper, and that, although he liked it in general pretty well, he thought the style of the editorials might be materially improved. In what respect? we enquired, being quite willing to be instructed.

"I would merely suggest," said he, "that they ought to be more elevated and spirit-stirring in their tone: I think the occasion demands it."

After some further conversation, the little man agreed to furnish us a specimen of what he would call a good editorial for the present occasion; and as we have little time for writing, this week, we insert it in lieu of anything of our own. Here it is:

To the Whigs of the Union.

Never since this glorious Republic took its proud position among the nations of the earth, presenting to the gaze of a wondering world for the first time the sublime spectacle of a nation of freemen governing themselves on the eternal principles of truth and justice, never has there occurred a more critical crisis in our affairs than exists at the present time. Many and most important questions—questions that involve the best interests, perhaps the very existence, of our native land—are to be decided by our victory or defeat at the Presidential election now drawing near. Are you prepared to do your duty, your whole duty, like men? to go forth, as your fathers the gallant wings of seventy-six did of old, bold like them in the justice of your cause, and determined like them never to yield till victory shall crown your toils?

The future of our beloved country is in your hands. If we all unite, heart and hand in the cause of the veteran Chief whom for the scars he has received in fighting his country's battles, for his gray hairs bleached by midnight watchings on the tented field, for his unending integrity and large humanity, the people so delight to honor—if we all unite as we should, as we will, beneath his banner, that banner shall lead us on to triumph, as of old. But this it is glory enough to battle under such a leader, though it is cause enough to rouse us for the conflict, that thousands of partisan hirelings are bespreading foul slanders on the head of our

revered old General, we cannot forget that there are also great principles, important questions of public policy to be decided at this election.

We are then to decide whether we have more interest in the prosperity of British manufactures than of our own; whether the election of Pierce would be a triumph of Free Trade, a death blow to the Irish interests of Pennsylvania, and most of the manufactures of our country; while the election of Scott would give a new impetus to almost every description of American industry, as a triumphant vindication by the people of the principle of protection.

We are then to decide whether the gold collected amid the mountains of California, shall be drained from our country to fill British coffers, in payment for articles we can as well produce ourselves, or whether it shall be retained in our midst to enrich our own people.

We are then to decide whether the Great Lakes and Rivers of the West, stretching as they do for thousands of miles through regions of unparalleled richness, and destined to become the thoroughfares for millions of people, are or are not worthy of the attention of the General Government.

We are then to decide whether, for the purpose of enabling slaveholders to control the government of the nation in the future as they have done in the past, we shall continue to extend our conquests at the South, till our country, like many an olden empire, shall perish of its own unwieldiness, and crumbling into powerless fragments, pass away from among the nations.

With these and many more motives for action, for tireless exertion, can any one deserve the name of a true Whig who is lukewarm in the cause? No: you cannot feel indifferent as to the result. Then let us all improve the short space of time that remains to let the great Whig army be organized and disciplined, and every man be prepared to do his duty in the great conflict then to take place, that when night closes over that broad battle field, victory may again perch upon the banners of Winfield Scott.

"Appalling Infamy" of Free-Soilism.

The following decent specimen of Loco-foco electioneering, we copy from the Democratic Union. We expect all virtuous Free Soil men who go for Pierce and King will especially admire it. How agreeable it must be to be taken once more into the bosom of a party who speak of those that believe as you lately professed to believe, in such language as this:

"Now, as General Scott has been forced into nomination, over the dead body of Henry Clay, and in violation of a fundamental principle of Whig creed, established by him and recognized by them, why fight can be expected by Whigs in Gen. Scott? What fight? I answer, 'Gregory, Stevens, Childers, Hale and Seward's' names of appalling infamy—but names that in place of inspiring confidence, only awaken mistrust, kindle abhorrence, or provoke detestation for their treason, anarchy and bloodthirsty greed."

The above is but a specimen of whole columns that appear weekly in the Loco-foco papers of Harrisburg. We would suggest to these 'Democratic' editors that it would be a good plan to send a large number of their papers for distribution among the people in this section. Living so far North as we do, we need to be enlightened concerning the blessings of Slavery and the "appalling infamy" of opposing further encroachments of the Slaveholding Power.

FIRE YIELD.—Mr. Matthew Baldwin, of Bridgewater, informs us that he planted about a peck of small potatoes upon a piece of ground containing about 13 rods, from which he gathered 27 1/2 bushels of fine potatoes. The potato crop in this section is unusually fine, and free from rot.

FIRE IN APOLOCON.—The dwelling house and shop of Edward Gramac, Esq., of Apolcon, were destroyed by fire on the 4th ult., together with all their contents. Mr. Gramac, his wife and seven children, barely escaped with their lives. His loss is estimated at five hundred dollars.

A liberal subscription by the citizens of the vicinity has partially made up the loss.

New Publications.

Knicknocker Magazine.—The October No. of this ever-welcome Magazine falls nothing short of its predecessors in the richness and variety of its contents. To those who have been favored with "old Knick's" acquaintance heretofore, this is as high praise as is needed.

Harper's Magazine for October will sustain the character for interest and variety which has given it a wide spread and deserved popularity.

Grace Farmer.—The October No. is filled with articles interesting to farmers, and gardeners, & their wives and children, and the friends of mankind.

The Musical World and Times, which is now a weekly newspaper, is published every Saturday at 437 Broadway, New York, for \$5 a year in advance (two copies for \$5 five copies \$10). The Music is yearly given would alone cost \$25 if purchased at the stores; and its Musical Instruction, Criticism, and General Miscellany are exceedingly valuable. Fanny Fern, the celebrated anonymous writer, whose spicy articles have created such a stir in the literary world, has been secured to write exclusively for the Musical World and Times. Can't some of our musical folk get up a few clubs for Dyer and

Willis? Try. Address Dyer and Willis, 267 Broadway New York.

The Home Journal, on the first of Jan. next, will commence a new series, with new type, new paper &c. Among its attractions will be a series of descriptions of "Country Life" within City Reach. A new novel translated from the German, entitled "Wildflowers," notices of things in the "City," Foreign Papers, "The Ladies' Department," &c. \$2 per annum in advance; for three copies \$5; one copy for three years \$5. Address Morris and Willis, Editors, 107 Fulton St. New York.

Election.

From the reports that have up to this time, come in from different Townships, we suppose Mr. Chase has about 600 majority in the County. Woodward and Hopkins have a much larger majority, while Denison's is doubtless less. It is reported that Chase has 200 majority in Wyoming. Next week we will give the result in general and particular.

ITEMS.

An old lady named Sanderson who resides in Lexington, Mass., is in the 105 year of her age.

Punch says it has been proposed to tax staves, but it was objected to on the ground that it would diminish consumption.

From 800 to 1000 sharks have been taken, the past summer on the south side of Nantucket Island.

The potato rot is prevailing to an alarming extent in Maryland. Not more than half a crop is expected.

There is a cornfield near Austin, Texas, which will yield three thousand five hundred bushels of shelled corn.

Hay is selling in Boston at twenty five dollars a ton. The truckers are about to raise the price of cartage in consequence.

Thomas F. Mengler, Esq. it is said, will make a tour of the West in about six months from this.

Mr. Webster's health is said to be quite poor. He is domiciled at Marshfield.

A gentleman recovered, a few days ago, from a stage company in Virginia, \$9,000 for breaking his leg by the upsetting of a stage.

The New York Times contradicts the statement given the journals of the papers, that Hon. William H. Seward proposes a voyage to Europe in 1853.

The Peruvian Government has authorized a levy of ten thousand men, and the equipment of six steamers of war, to protect the Lobos Islands from invasion by foreigners.

It is probable that the new trial of John M. Thurston for murder at Owego, will take place in the latter part of November next, although no time has yet been definitely fixed upon.

The Kentucky block of marble for the Washington Monument has this inscription: "Under the auspices of Heaven and the precepts of Washington, Kentucky will be the last to give up the Union."

Senator Douglas, in electioneering, appeals to the love of Territorial extension by advocating the annexation of Cuba. The newspapers report that Gen. Cass, in his stump speeches, gives countenance to the same scheme.

The House Committee appointed to investigate the charges against Secretary Corwin, in reference to the Gardiner affair, made their report on the 7th inst., fully exculpating Mr. Corwin from all blame.

There are at the present time 257 individuals who contribute annually \$150 each to the American Tract Society for the support of Colporteurs. More than one hundred of these generous donors are residents of New York and Brooklyn.

The Harrisburg Investigator says that at Lundy's Lane, "General Scott fought and was borne from the field." If he did faint, it was from the loss of blood, and not from the fear of losing it.

During the last quarter, the Post Office Department, at Washington, announced that they have opened one million and a quarter of dead letters, from which the Department obtained over eleven thousand dollars.

The Havana news is that in consequence of the frequent stillbuster threats here in the United States, more trampels are laid upon Commerce in Cuba. As we give trouble to other nations, so, of course, they will give trouble to us.

A company has been formed to construct a tunnel through the hill that rises to the height of 200 feet above the upper plain of Cincinnati, for the benefit of all railways approaching from the Ohio side. This tunnel, will be 6000 feet in length, and will have 20 feet outside cutting. It is intended to lay it with four tracks.

We have been informed, says an exchange, by an intelligent resident of Western Virginia, that there resides near him a man about thirty years of age, whose matrimonial history is as follows: When he was a child his father died. His step-father, but thirteen years older than himself, married a young wife and died when our hero married his step-mother.

News, Politics & Miscellaneous.

FREE TRADE BARRIERS.—It was the British Tariff of 1846 would at least benefit the farmer, if it did crush the manufacturer. It has certainly crushed a good many manufacturers, but it has not done the farmer any good.

In proof, take the following advertisement from the Boston Shipping List, of September 29: CANADA FLOUR. BBLs. for sale by C. J. BISHOP & CO. No. 9 North Market street.

That's the way it works. Farmers do you see that. While wheat and flour are selling at ruinously low prices, British flour finds a market in Boston!

PENNSYLVANIA IRISHMEN FOR SCOTT.—As an Irishman, I am proud to have to say that my countrymen in this County are, by a long pull, a strong pull, and a pull altogether, succeeding in bursting the chains that have bound them to Loco Focism for the last forty years. Some of our Democratic young "men eloquent" have tried hard during the last three months to galvanize the old chains, so they might at least hold out during the present campaign; but, depend upon it, our chains cannot be galvanized again, our hearts are petrified, and our hearts are petrified to the so-called Democracy.

We have given the Democrats a long, patient and impartial trial; but a verdict of guilty has been rendered against them, and they must suffer the retributive consequences. Therefore, I have no hesitation in saying that one thousand Irish Democratic votes will be polled in this County in favor of Scott and Graham next November.

CORNELIUS WARD. HYDE PARK, Oct. 1, 1852.

IMPORTATION OF RAILROAD IRON.—The official report shows that nearly 400,000 tons of railroad iron have been imported within the last three years, under the Tariff of 1846, worth over sixteen millions of dollars. As \$15,500,000, of the nineteenth millions was labor and produce, that amount was lost to us, and transferred to Europe, while our iron works were standing idle.

It takes five tons of coal to make a ton of railroad iron. Now if this iron had been made at our works, (as it would have been had not the Tariff of 1842 been repealed,) instead of the English works, it would have consumed two million tons of our coal.

We find the following article, taken from Hunt's Magazine, which is good authority: "The importation of railroad iron alone in 1851, amounted to one hundred and forty-one thousand tons, valued at seven million six hundred thousand dollars. In 1852 the amount imported is estimated at about one hundred and seventy-five thousand tons—valued at about ten millions of dollars, making in two years, in the aggregate, in round numbers, eighteen million dollars of increase."

This shows that the importation is largely on the increase.

LAUGHABLE OCCURRENCE IN CONCORD.—A laughable affair came off in Concord, N. H., the residence of Gen. Eraulim Pierce, some few weeks after his nomination for the Presidency. If you think the following account of it, worthy of a place in your paper, please insert it: "At one of the churches in Concord, where General Pierce usually attended public worship on the Sabbath, the clergyman commenced the morning service, by reading a hymn from 'Walt's selections' which readly the line, 'The fearful soul that tires and faints, let his eyes be brightened till on the new heaven and earth.' Pierce, in a moment, all eyes were turned in the same direction, and Gen. Pierce was pierced, by so many piercing eyes, that he came very near fainting. After the morning service was closed, several of the political friends of Gen. Pierce sought and obtained an interview with the said clergyman, who, by the way, is a Whig, and by name John Scott. During this interview the clergyman was accused of intentionally directing the eyes and minds of his congregation towards Gen. Pierce's past; but the clergyman assured them that they were mistaken; that it was a mere glance of his eyes, while reading said line. Pierce's friends were not satisfied with this explanation; and during the ensuing week there was great commotion in Concord and throughout all the region round about." On the Saturday following, Pierce's friends, who were members of Rev. Mr. Scott's