

Jonathan, I say, you can go now, and I'll see about the port to-morrow.

Aса went back to his astonished shipmates, reporting that the Captain was a pretty slick sort of feller.

One day, when the men didn't "tumble up" from below with the requisite alacrity, the boatswain, ratten in hand, gave each a "reminder" with his stick as he came on deck.

Aса was the last, as usual, but, watching the boatswain's bamboo, he caught the weapon in his hand and dexterously twisted it out of the officer's grasp.

"Hellow! whiskers!" said he, "I hope you didn't mean to hit me, cause it hurts a feller. No you didn't—well, I thought so—I forgave you," and he threw the rat-tan overboard, escaping to the quarter-deck, where his originality and supposed imbecility secured him impunity. In fact, he was treated as a privileged button by the officers.

Taking up a cannon-ball one day he asked, "What's the world is this, yere? that's what we keep to pepper the Yankees with," answered Bagshot.

"Want to know?" said Aса, "how do you work it?"

"We put them into those big guns and fire them off."

"Pshaw, you don't say so. Do they travel pretty fast, Captain?"

"So fast you can't see 'em."

"Hurt a feller if they hit 'em!"

"Yes when they're fired out of a gun."

"No!"

"Then here goes!" cried Aса, and handing the missile like a bowing ball, he let it drive among the legs of the officers and shouting, "Ho-ho-ho, let her rip!"

Cries of rage and pain followed.

"Seems to me, Captain," said Aса, coolly, "that there things does hurt a feller, even if they ain't fired out of a gun."

One day Capt. Bagshot called Aса aft., "Jonathan," said he, "there's a boat alongside, you may get your traps together and go ashore. I think His Majesty can do without you."

"Wall! Captain," replied Aса, "fore you spoke I'd pretty much made up my mind to quit. I kin make better wages fishin' by a great sight. Besides I want to go home to see the folks.—Good bye, Captain, I shall see you again."

"I think not," said the Captain.

"Guess I shall, good bye," said Aса, and with a light heart he bid adieu to the Terrible. More than three years after, during the war of 1812, a British armed vessel lying at St. John was boarded and carried in a dark night, by a daring band of American privateersmen. The men were secured, one by one, as they came up. The leader of the expedition then sought the commander, and demanded his sword. Indignant and confounded, Capt. Bagshot asked the name of his captor.

"Lord bless you, Captain," answered a familiar voice, "don't you know me? I'm Aса T. Kollins that boarded along 'yon, a spell back at Porto Rico. I told you I guessed I should see you again, and when a Yankee guesses anything, it is sure to happen. Make yourself comfortable, Captain, and excuse me for a moment, 'cause I've got to haul down our flag, run up the stars and stripes, and work the vessel into Portland.—N. Y. Spirit of the Times."

ANOTHER "CONVENT" TO PIERCE.—The New Hampshire Patriot, published at Concord near the "neat white house with green trees and flowers in front," where General Pierce resides, says that at the mass meeting at Hillsborough, in that State there were 25,000 present. The "Statesman" says there were "as many as three thousand."

We have no evidence as to the veracity of the "Statesman," but the lying propensities of the "Patriot" are evident from the following extract from an editorial, describing a meeting at Concord the night before the Hillsborough meeting. The "Patriot" says:

"The President of the Club, Mr. Marshall, announced as the first speaker, Capt. Isaiah Ryders, President of the celebrated New-York Empire Club" who was a TAYLOR MAN in 1848!"

If any of our readers doubt that this extract has been made truly, they can verify it by looking at the *Patriot* of August 25, 1852, one of which is at our office. Captain Ryders, the notorious champion of New-York Loco-focism and ruffianism for the last twelve years, a "convert" to Pierce!

Well, we suppose there is a much truth in the record of his change, as there is in nine-tenths of the other changes which the Loco press publish. The public announcement of such a change, which it appears was uncontradicted, even by Ryders, in the presence of such an assemblage and on such an occasion shows to what falsehoods the Piercemen are willing to resort to create a little confidence in their ranks; and at the same time shows their appreciation of the ignorance and stupidity of New-Hampshire Locofoism.

The "Patriot" do for New Hampshire circulation, but if the Piercemen have any regard for the success of their cause, they will keep it out of New-Jersey, where the people read, and for a long time have been acquainted with the blackguards who "make nomination for the Loco party in New-York and particularly with their chief—Captain Ryders. —*Patriot Intelligencer*.

THE TARIFF.—LAST KICK.—The *Gazette* and other Locofoism papers says the *Recalling Journal*, have been holding out the idea that the "Tariff modifications would be carried this session through the exertions of Senator James Stockton, and other Democratic worthies." Mr. J. Glancy Jones made two feeble attempts a couple of weeks ago in the House both of which fell through, because the "Democratic" members refused to "face the music." We now see, by Tuesday's Senate proceedings, that the bills of Senators James and Stockton, heralded with so much pomp, were reported back by Mr. Hunter, the Locofoist Chairman of the Committee on Finance, with a recommendation that the subject be postponed till next session! The excuse given is that there is no time for its consideration now left. This is the word of promise given to the ear of the Tariff Democrats of Pennsylvania, again broken to hope.

CAPT. PARTRIDGE FOR GEN. SCOTT.—Capt. Alden Partridge, formerly of the Military Academy, and well known, at least by reputation, to all, has come out for General Scott. A writer in the New York Times says, in describing the ratification meeting at Dartmouth, N. H., the boomerang of cannon worked by Capt. A. Partridge, and his gallant cadets, who rejoiced in an opportunity to honor a real and not a sham military hero, with the enthusiastic cheering for the Whig nominees, spoke aloud for the feeling of the Dartmouth boys!—Capt. Partridge having hitherto a Democrat.



## The Susquehanna Register.

H. H. FRAZIER, EDITOR.

MONTROSE, PENNA.

Thursday Morning, Sept. 9, 1852.

### WHIG NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,  
GEN. WINFIELD SCOTT,  
OF NEW JERSEY.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,  
WILLIAM A. GRAHAM,  
OF NORTH-CAROLINA.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT,  
JOSEPH BUFFINGTON,  
Of Armstrong County.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS,  
SENATOR,  
A. E. BROWN,  
REPRESENTATIVE,  
1. WILLIAM F. HUGHES,  
2. JAMES TAYLOR,  
3. JAMES J. CAMPBELL,  
4. JOHN W. STOKES,  
5. SPECIES MCILVANE,  
6. JOHN P. VEREE,  
7. JAMES W. FULLER,  
8. JAMES PENNOCK,  
9. JAMES SHARPER,  
10. THOMAS J. BISHAM,  
11. JAMES M. MILLER,  
12. CHARLES P. WALLACE,  
13. DOROTHY TIGLIUS,  
14. M. C. MCCRUE,  
15. NER MIDDLEWAITE,

REGISTER FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

Will be furnished from September 1st, after the Presidential Election at the following rates:

Single Copy ..... \$0.25

Ten copies to one address ..... \$2.00

and any greater number at the last mentioned rates.

Our friends in several townships made us up large Club members, and we live now how others will do as well. As was the case with a P. M. who has presented us a large number of new subscribers within a short time, must be done by a little effort of many individuals. Friends to the Whig cause who think the *Register* calculates the advance list, cause help us to circulate the documents.

H. H. FRAZIER.

### Adjournment of Congress.

Congress adjourned on the 31st ult., having been in session just nine months. So much of the time of our grave legislators has been spent in wrangling, making political speeches, and President making, that, as usual, most of the business of legislation was delayed till the last moment, and many important bills have been entirely neglected, and finally laid over for want of time to consider them. Among the bills thus rejected are the Mileage Reform and the Free Homestead Bills. The Steamboat Passenger Safety, the River and Harbor, and the Cheap Postage bills have been passed. The New Postage Act will be found in another column of this paper. Most of the private claims have been neglected, with the exception of that of Father Ritchie, who is permitted to make another grab at the Treasury to the tune of \$50,000. All the business transacted by Congress during its nine months session, could, with proper diligence, have been done in less than three months.

### Judge Woodward's hostility to Foreigners.

The Democratic press team with abuse of Gen. Scott for sentiments obtained from what they know to be a *republican* letter, regarding what are said to be his opinions respecting the rights of Foreigners to vote at our elections. To be consistent, those gentlemen should now publish the remarks of the Hon. George W. Woodward, made in the Convention which assembled in 1837 to frame a Constitution for this State, and which may be found in the official Debates then published.

Mr. Martin was elected one of the representatives of this County in the Legislature at its last session; but before taking his seat, the disease which finally proved fatal had so far enfeebled him as to prevent his taking an active part in the proceedings of that body. Endowed naturally with a clear and vigorous mind, which had been carefully cultivated and trained in the best seminaries of learning in the country, and possessing a popular address which rapidly gained him friends on every side, had his life been spared he would have risen to great eminence in his profession and in popular favor. His principles and aspirations, too, were of the most elevated and honorable cast. Long will his memory be cherished and his untimely end be deplored, by a large circle of attached and admiring friends.

"Hon. DAVID WILMOT.—We notice by the *Potter, Pa., Union*, that Hon. David Wilmot, the father of the Proviso, lately addressed the Young Men's Democratic Club at Coudersport, on which occasion he expressed himself well satisfied with the nomination of Pierce and King, and declared his determination to give them his cordial support. So will every honest Democrat in the country, no matter what has been his past position."—*Dem. Union*.

Wilmot, the father of the proviso, gives Pierce and King his hearty and cordial support; and so do Martin Van. & Prince John, and their Freesoil and Abolition followers. The Democratic Press rejoices at this, and calls upon good Democrats everywhere to follow their example, no matter what may have been their past position.

Hear them harpon anotherstring, Messrs. Seward and Greeley support Scott, and Graham; it is urged that Scott will be led by them to come and claim them—that the country is in imminent danger—that the rights of the States will not be disregarded, and that the Constitution itself will be blotted out. Why all this will follow in the one case and not in the other, we are not able to comprehend. If it is fair to suppose that Scott will be led by Seward and Greeley, it is equally fair to say that Pierce will be led by Prince John and his Freesoil associates.

We apprehend that the American people can think and reason for themselves, and we are sure they understand the reason of this false alarm.—*Danville Democrat*.

In addition to the above, Judge Woodward moved in the Convention to instruct a committee to report a clause to amend the Constitution, so as to prevent any foreigners who might arrive in this State after the 4th of July 1841, from purchasing the right of suffrage or of office in this Commonwealth. Fortunately, a small Whig majority in the Convention, of which the Hon. Jim Ferguson was presiding officer, prevented the passage of so odious a resolution, and our naturalized citizens

are left to the enjoyment of the same privileges, as our native born, despite the efforts of the Locofoism nominees for the Supreme Bench.

### Party Malitia.

A late number of the *Democratic Union* says, "it is natural for partisans to malign their opponents." If this assertion need proof, the columns of that paper, since the nomination of General Scott, will furnish it in abundance. To show the *Union's* real sentiments respecting General Scott, and also its readiness and capacity for maligning its opponents, we give two brief extracts from its columns, one written before Scott's nomination, when there was no inducement to malign him, and the other after his nomination, when truth and patriotism must be alike sacrificed on the unlofty altar of Locofoism.

The first extract is from the *Democratic Union* of May 9, 1847. We invite the attention of all good Democrats to it, as likely to be very near the truth.

"He that fights the battles of his country affords the most reliable testimony of his devotion to her best interests and deserves the gratitude of the people; and for this reason he will be regarded with pride and admiration. The people, without distinction of party and without any partisan consideration, love to hear to those who peril their lives in defense of the country." The services of General Taylor and General Scott will, ever be held in grateful remembrance, and their military reputation will be sacredly protected by the people, and jealously guarded by that party which is made up of the body of a generous people."

The next extract is from the *Democratic Union* of July 21, 1852. Note the contrast.

"General Scott's mind is a blank. The crude ideas of the 'demagogue,' have never undergone the discipline and maturing of the Statesman. Radically feeble—eternally silly—constitutionally incapable of comprehending political measures, or estimating political wants—presumes to take the place of statesmen, and egotism usurps the privileges of judgment. By no strength of effort can he be equal to the bold character of the mercenary soldier, whose life has been spent in the dull routine of military duty, while his intellect has grown as unelastic as the muskets under his command."

The above is by no means the worst that the *Union* can say against General Scott. It has charged him at various times and in various places with being "a coward," "an arbitrary tyrant," "a custom house baron," "a simpleton," "a perfect laughing stock," "a despot," in short, a most wonderful compound of weakness and wickedness. Among other things it tells us that, "he stole the chaplets of glory from the brows of dead warriors, whose valor gained the victory at the price of their hearts blood—to crown himself with merit not his own."

All these foul slanders, we suppose, are *legumines*, *illustrationes* of the *Union's* assertion that it is natural for partisans to malign their opponents."

Mr. Frazee—Will you please insert the following obituary notice, taken from the *Lancaster Examiner*, of a young man who recently died in Lancaster county.

He graduated at Yale in July, 1851, and was elected to the Pennsylvania Legislature in October of the same year.

Y. S. P.—In Ephrata twp., on the 26th ult., R. FRANKLIN MARTIN, aged 23 years, and 6 months.

Mr. Martin was elected one of the representatives of this County in the Legislature at its last session; but before taking his seat, the disease which finally proved fatal had so far enfeebled him as to prevent his taking an active part in the proceedings of that body. Endowed naturally with a clear and vigorous mind, which had been carefully cultivated and trained in the best seminaries of learning in the country, and possessing a popular address which rapidly gained him friends on every side, had his life been spared he would have risen to great eminence in his profession and in popular favor. His principles and aspirations, too, were of the most elevated and honorable cast. Long will his memory be cherished and his untimely end be deplored, by a large circle of attached and admiring friends.

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