[We publish the following lines at the request of some friends of the estimable young lady whose decease we published in our last. They were selected as in some respects very appropriate to the sad event which has afflicted so many, although there is a slight discrepancy in the circumstances.] —*Ed. Reg.*

Dirge.

She has gone! she has gone to the mansions above,
She has fled from this world to her rest in the sky;
Her voice is now joined in the carols of love
Her sisters are warbling on high.

The sabbath has come, and sweetly are chiming
The bells that are calling to temples of prayer;
And smiles, like the roses of Eden, are twining
Round hearts that are gathering there.

But sorrow and sadness our bosoms are heaving,
And dim are our eyes with the tears that are shed,
For she that once met us, coldly is sleeping
The long, silent sleep of the dead!

We look to behold her bright form glide before us,
And listen to catch her loved accents in vain;
We wake from our dream and the thought rushes o'er us,
We never shall see her again!

She has gone! she has gone to the home of the blest,
She has gone to her sisters who dwell in that clime;
Like the bird hath she fled from the storm to her nest,
Afar from the tempests of time.

In the deep shady glen they have made her a bed,
Where the birds have their nests and the wild flowrets blossom;
There sadly, and gently, they pillowed her head
Like a child on its mother's soft bosom.

A fresh gathered rose bud lay on her calm breast;
And so lightly had Death left the trace of his mission,
That she seemed like an infant when smiling in rest
In the dream of its innocent vision.

They smooth'd down her pillow with many a tear,
While mutely they gazed on that lovely young sleeper;
Then whispered their last, long farewell in her ear,
As slowly departed each weeper.

She has gone! and no more shall we meet with her here;
But oft in the beauty and silence of even
O'er her grave her companions shall shed the warm tear,
And commune with her spirit in heaven.

For the Susquehanna Register.

To the Bereaved.

O! deem not that death can obscure
The *light* of the love speaking eye,
A smile is *eternal*,—a *tear must* endure;—
No token of *spirit* can die.

'Twas the creed of my childhood serene;
'Tis the faith of my being sincere;
I feast on the thought when unseen,—
Some Angel hath whispered it here.

O! weep not that "*Eliza is gone!*"
Nor deem her the dust that you see,
Her *Truth*, and her *Patience* live on
All painless, and deathless, and free.

Intelligence mirrored in clay,
The goodness that beamed from her brow,
Holy graces you love to partray;
Whence came they, & where are they now?

What! clouded, and darkened, and deep!
All wrapp'd in the gloom of her rest!
Does the love of the heart that you weep,
Slumber chill in her mouldering breast?

OH! never, Oh never believe
That you loved but a structure of clay;
The lovely, the loved whom you grieve
Only lighted that mansion a day.

She came from the sphere of the True,
Giving light to the dust that you saw,
Learned to love you and then withdrew
And the dust crumbled from her with awe.

ANON.

Abolition of Capital Punishment.

The Harrisburg *Telegraph*, of the 10th instant, in alluding to the recent action of the House of Representatives upon the bill to abolish capital punishment says:—For several years past the subject of the abolition of capital punishment has been agitated in most of the old States of the Union, and much has been said and written on both sides of the question; but none of them to our knowledge, have ventured to make the experiment by the passage of laws to effect this object.—The policy of such an enactment has been so much doubted, that although reports of Legislative committees have recommended the passage of bills, no Legislative bodies in the old States have ventured to pass them.

But in the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania on Thursday the following bill did pass by the vote which will be seen in the Legislative proceedings. This bill in fact does abolish capital punishment if it becomes a law, and was so stated by Mr. Flannigan in his place, and was so understood by the Representatives of the people. It is a most important measure in Legislative reform.

SEC. 1. That no warrant for the execution of any convict by hanging shall be issued within one year after the sentence of death shall have been passed, and that after that period, if no circumstances shall come to light to render doubtful the correctness of the verdict of the jury in the matter, the Governor shall then issue his warrant for said execution. *Provided*, That from the time of conviction to the time of execution, the convict shall be confined in one of the Penitentiaries of the Commonwealth, as is now provided by law for the safe keeping of convicts.

SEC. 2. That upon the rendition of any verdict of "guilty of murder in the first degree" against any person charged therewith, in any Court of this Commonwealth, it shall and may be lawful for the jury rendering the same, in their discretion, to recommend the person or persons so charged and convicted to the mercy of the court; and every person duly convicted of murder in the first degree, whom the jurry so convicting shall recommend to the mercy of the court, shall be sentenced to undergo an imprisonment in one of the State penitentiaries, as the case may be, and to be kept in separate or solitary confinement at labor, for a period not less than twelve, nor more than fifty years.

Votes in the House on the Compromise question

On Monday, April 5, the resolution previously offered by Mr. Jackson, of Georgia, was taken up. It is as follows:

Resolved, That we recognize the binding efficacy of the Compromises of the Constitution, and believe it to be the intention of the people generally, as we hereby declare it to be ours individually, to abide by such Compromise, and to sustain the laws necessary to carry them out—the provision for the delivery of fugitive slaves, and the act of the last Congress for that purpose, included—and that we deprecate all further agitation of questions growing out of that provision, of the questions embraced in the acts of the last Congress known as the Compromises, and of questions generally connected with the institution of slavery, as unnecessary, useless, and dangerous.

It was adopted, yeas 100—nays 64.

Mr. Hillyer offered an amendment as follows:

Resolved, That the series of acts passed during the first session of the thirty-first Congress, known as the Compromise, are regarded as a final adjustment and a permanent settlement of the questions therein embraced, and should be maintained and executed as such.

Great confusion existed before and during the vote and the House did not adjourn until half past five o'clock in the evening. The Pennsylvania delegation voted as follows upon the resolution of Mr. Jackson:—Whigs in Italic.

YEA—Curtis, Florence, Robbins, Ross, Gamble, Kurtz, and Dawson—7.

NAY—*Allison*, Grow, *Thomas M. Howe, Kuhns*—4.

NOT VOTING—*Chandler, Moore*, McNair, Morrison, *Stevens*, Jones, Dimmick, *Fuller, Bibighaus*, M'Lanahan, Parker, *J. W. Howe*, Gilmore—13.

Mr. *Kuhns* voted for Mr. Hillyer's amendment. Otherwise, the Pennsylvania delegation stood upon it as upon the subsequent question.

We annex an analysis of the vote on Mr. Hillyer's amendment.

FOR AMENDMENT.	
Northern Locofocos	37
Southern "	31
Northern Whigs	10
Southern "	22
Total yeas	100
AGAINST AMENDMENT.	
Northern Whigs	26
Southern "	1
Northern Locofocos	18
Southern "	17
Free Soilers	3
Total Nays	65
Total vote	165
Absentees or dodgers	67

Now that the House has been induced to commit an act of folly, unprecedented in our history—virtually re-enacting laws now upon the Statute book—we hope "Union mongers" and cheap patriots will consider the "country safe."

PUBLIC JUSTICE.—The following letter, though written a quarter of a century ago, is now brought to light. The slander which it refutes—relative to the alleged "corrupt bargain and sale" between Mr. Adams and Mr. Clay, whereby the former was elected President by the House of Representatives, and the latter appointed by Mr. Adams to the post of Secretary of State—has done its work; but yet it is gratifying to find, even at this late day, an opponent thus vindicating the integrity of our beloved leader. Henry Clay himself hath said, that "Truth is omnipotent and public justice certain," and his own life has verified the truth of his words:

DETROIT, April 11, 1825.

DEAR SIR: I have just finished the perusal of your masterly address to your late constituents, and I cannot refrain from expressing to you the highest satisfaction it has afforded me. It is a *triumphant* refutation of the VILE SLANDERS which have been propogated, respecting the motives of your conduct in the peculiar circumstances in which you were recently placed. You may safely commit your character to the judgement of your countrymen and posterity. They will not fail to award you full justice. I must ask your indulgence for this almost *involuntary tribute* to your claims and services, so strong is the impression which your appeal has made upon me, that I could not restrain this expression of my feelings.

With warm regard, I am, dear Sir,
Sincerely yours,
LEWIS CASS.

Hon. H. CLAY.

LEGAL.—A bill relative to Courts of Commmon Pleas has passed in the Legal Omnibus Bill in the Senate, and is now under consideration in the House, which provides that in all actions hereafter instituted in the Courts of Common Pleas of the several counties of this Commonwealth in bills, notes, bonds or other instruments of writing for the payment of money and on book accounts, in all actions of scire facias on mortgages, judgements, and on liens of mechanics and material men, under the act of March 18, 1836, and the various supplements thereto, it shall be lawful for the plaintiff, at such time as the court may appoint, not less than twenty days after the return days of the said courts, on motion to enter judgement by default, a declaration or statement first having been filed under the standing rules of said courts notwithstanding an appearance by attorney, unless the defendant shall previously have filed an affidavit of defence stating therein the nature and character of the same.—Provided that in all such cases no judgement shall be entered by virtue of this act unless the said plaintiff shall within two weeks after the returning of the original process file in the office of the prothonotary of the courts aforesaid a copy of the instrument of writing, book entries, record or claim, except mortgages, on which action has been brought, and said court shall have the same powers to make general rules and orders as are given to the District Court for the city and county of Philadelphia by the act of March 11, 1836, entitled "a supplement to the act entitled 'an act to establish the District Court of the city and county of Philadelphia,'" passed March 28, 1835.

Letter from the President to the Emperor of Japan.

A number of documents relative to the Japan expedition were sent to the Senate on Monday. The following extract from a letter from President Fillmore to the Emperor of Japan will be read with interest:

"I send you by this letter an envoy of my own appointment, an officer of high rank in his country, who is no missionary of religion. He goes by my command to bear to you my greeting and good wishes, and to promote friendship and commerce between the two countries.

"You know that the United States of America now extend from sea to sea; that the great countries of Oregon and California are parts of the United States; and that from these countries, which are rich in gold and silver and precious stones our steamers can reach the shores of your happy land in less than twenty days.

"Many of our ships will now pass in every year, and some perhaps in every week, between California and China; these ships must pass along the coast of your Empire; storms and winds may cause them to be wrecked on your shores and we ask and expect from your friendship and greatness, kindness for our men and protection for our property. We wish that our people may be permitted to trade with your people, but we shall not authorize them to break any law of your Empire.

"Our object is friendly commercial intercourse, and nothing more. You may have productions which we should be glad to buy, and we have productions which might suit your people. Your empire contains a great abundance of coal; this is an article which our steamers, in going from California to China, must use. They would be glad that a harbor in your empire should be appointed to which coal might be brought, and where coal might be brought, and where they might always be able to purchase it.

"In many other respects, commerce between your Empire and our country would be useful to both. Let us consider well what new interests may arise from those recent events, which have brought our two countries so near together; and what purpose of friendly amity and intercourse this ought to inspire in the hearts of those who govern both countries."

SPIRITUAL RAPPINGS SCIENTIFICALLY EXPLAINED.—A scientific correspondent of the *Cincinnati Commercial* has triumphantly cleared up the mystery attending the spiritual rapping delusion. The humbug has exploded. No one who reads and *understands* the following paragraph will be cajoled into a belief in the rappings for the future. The elegance of the writer's language is only exceeded by the scientific clearness of his elucidation:

"The only true and legitimate manner of accounting for the taps, is the physiological defects of the membraneous system. The obtuseness of the abdominal indicator causes the cartilaginous compressor to coagulate into the diaphragm, and depress the duodenum into the flandango. Now if the taps were caused by the vogation of the electricity from the extremities, the tympanum would also dissolve into spiritual sinctum, and the olfactory ossificator would ferment and become identical with the pigmentum. Now this is not the case; in order to produce the taps, the spiritual rotundum must be elevated down to the spiritual sphere. But, as I said before, the inferior ligaments must not subtend over the digitorum sufficiently to disorganize the stericletum."

Patron Saint of Ireland.

We find in the "Banner of the Cross," published in Philadelphia, under date of January 10th, 1852, the following article, credited by the Banner to the Callendar:

St. Patrick Deposed.—Dr. Paul Cullen, Primate of all Ireland, announces that the synod of Thurles have agreed that the Blessed Virgin is in future to be the patron Saint of Ireland. He says:

"Always loved and honored by the Irish people, invoked with a deeper veneration when the Scoff of Blasphemy has been directed against her, and supplicated with a more lively confidence when storm of persecution has been gathering round them; it was formally resolved in the course of the preceding year, by the Irish Church, assembled in the Council of Thurles, that the Holy Virgin should be henceforth invoked as our National patroness, under the title of her immaculate conception.

Had we no other motives of confidence in the protection and intercession of the Blessed Virgin, than what had been supplied by the events of the last year, they ought to be sufficient to inspire us with the most lively hope, in the extent of her mercy and the power of her patronage."

THE ERIE RAILROAD.—Affecting extract from an unpublished play:

Edgar—Adieu, my life, my love.
Pauline—Say'st thou adieu?—
My mind misgives me, Edgar—strange fear
Sits like a heavy dumpling here, my life.
Ah, whither goest thou in this strange haste?
Edgar—Nay, ask me not. You rack my soul with sorrow.
Pauline—Speak, Edgar, I must know.
Edgar—Well, if I must, Pauline, to Dunkirk!
Pauline—To Dunkirk? No! no! no!
Edgar—Yes! by the *Erie Railroad!*
Pauline—Nay, then, *farewell forever!*
All is o'er!

Democratic Banks.

Our Locofoco Legislature on Friday of last week, chartered the following Banks:

The Commercial Bank of Pittsburg; the Anthracite Bank of Tamaqua; the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank of Allentown; the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank of Carlisle—late the Deposit Bank; the Erie City Bank at Erie; the Bank of Meadville, Crawford county; the Bank of Phœnixville.

Notices.

Susq. Co. Agricultural Society.

A meeting of the Society will be held on Wednesday evening, April 21st, at the the Court-house. A general attendance is requested.

SAM'L. F. CARMALT, Sec'y.

April 1, '52.

Agricultural Notice.

An agricultural lecture, on an important topic, showing the utility of agricultural associations, will be given in the Court House at Montrose, on the evening of the 21st of April inst., to which a general attendance of all classes, callings and professions are requested. Will you, fellow-citizens *for once* come out and spend a half hour to see if a *farmer* can not divert, amuse and entertain you? I am sure you will judge your time well spent.

Marriages.

In Rush, Susq. Co., on the 29th ult. by Rev. E. Smith, Mr. CHARLES FLUMMERFELT, of Tunkhannock, Wyoming Co., to Miss ELIZA R. SNOVE, of the former place.

In Springville, on the 29th ult. by Rev. E. Smith, Mr. CHARLES HERSEY, of Braintrim Wyoming Co., to Miss ANGELINE BLAKESLEE, of Springville, Susq. Co.

In Montrose, on the 7th inst., by the Rev. H. A. Ely, Mr. LYMAN MORTON of South Hadley, Mass. to Miss SARAH A. TUTTLE, of Montrose.

In Montrose on the 6th inst., by Eld. F. Granville, Mr. WILLIAM A. CROSSMAN, to Miss MARY A. BALDWIN, all of the above place.

In Choconut, on the 11th inst., by the Rev. John O'Reilly, Mr. WOOLMAN AINSLEY to Miss MARIA L. O'NEAL, both of Bridgewater.

In Bridgewater, on the 21st ult., by Rev. A. O. Watres, Mr. S. THOMPSON TOMPKINS, of Monroe Co., N. Y., to Miss LOUISA C. HEACOCK, of Bridgewater.

Death.

In this Borough on the 18th inst. ROSA S. LEARNED in the 31st year of her age.

Thus has passed away to the rest prepared for the people of God," a youthful disciple. But a few short months have passed since she took upon herself her first vows of obligation in the rite of confirmation and espoused her love to Christ by partaking of the Sacred Supper. Not often indeed did she enjoy this privilege, for [illegible] rested upon her; but [illegible] the communion of the Church militant [illegible] of the Church triumphant. [illegible] her spirit's flame to flash [illegible] and our evening sun [illegible] of glory, and our evening sun [illegible] of glory. Thus does [illegible] period the sincerity of [illegible] and the unfoldments of her state. For twelve months the bed of pain and languishing, she beheld death gradually approaching, but she did not fear. "I know in whom I have believed," was the stay of her mind. She is gone—not dead, but sleepeth. True affection sheds bitter tears; but she weeps not. "Let me die the death of the righteous, and let my last end be like his."—*Com.*

Montrose Prices Current.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY ISAAC L. POST & CO.

Wheat per bushel, 60 lbs		$1 00
Rye do 56 "		0 75
Corn do 56 "		0 75
Oats do 32 "		0 37½
Buckwheat do 48 "		0 50
Flour, (steam mill,) per bbl		5 37½
Potatoes		0 75
White Beans	$1 69 to	1 75
Dried Apples		1 75
Timothy Seed	3 00 to	3 50
Cheese lbs	7 to	7 [illegible]
Eggs, per doz		0 12½
Butter, per lb	16 to	0 18½
Cheese, "	6 to	0 08
Lard, "		0 10
Ham, "		0 12½

New Advertisements.

N. C. BISSELL,

RESPECTFULLY calls the attention of the the people to the fact that Tailoring will be done at his shop in the basement of Searle's Hotel,

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

Customers may rely upon it that all work done at his shop will be warranted to fit. He is now prepared to do work according to the

Spring & Summer Fashions for 1852.

Pro Bono Publico.

American Invention and Science triumphant over Foreign Tailors and imported work.

The subscriber is able to announce to the citizens of Susquehanna County, that he has purchased, at considerable expense, the celebrated

SEWING MACHINE,

invented and patented in 1841 by Aiken & Felthouand. This machine will do the work of twelve journeymen Tailors per day, will sew all kinds of seams, do it stronger than hand sewing, every stitch being precisely the same length, all kinds of curved work, seam stiching, quilting, and in fact all the work of the Tailor except cutting and pressing off. Other Sewing Machines have been invented and are in use, which can compete with it in no respect. With this machine we propose to do work as durably, and at lower prices than any other establishment.

☞ Tailors wishing to purchase the right for the above machine can do so by calling on the subscriber. N. C. BISSELL.

Montrose, April 19, 1852.

LAND AGENCY.

THE subscribers have opened an office in the Borough of Montrose for the sale and transfer of lands in the County of Susquehanna.

They have a large number of improved farms now for sale, to which they invite the attention of purchasers.

They also offer their services in the sale of any farms in the county.

Their charges are moderate. The titles of all farms passing through their hands carefully examined, and all conveyancing done at very reasonable rates.

WM. JESSUP.
April, 1852. WM. H. JESSUP.

PROPOSALS for the building of the Presbyterian Church at Susquehanna Depot will be received by the Committee until the 25th day of April. Plan and Specifications to be seen at the store of H. Perrine & Son, Susquehanna Depot.

F. A. WARD,
D. W. CROCKER,
H. PERRINE,
JAMES H. SMITH,
AARON MYERS,
Building Committee.

April 19.

Dissolution.

THE co-partnership hitherto existing under the firm of A. Moss & Sons, this day expires by limitation. All persons indebted to the firm either by note or book account, and now due, will please attend to an early settlement of the same.

**The business will hereafter be conducted under the firm of J. Moss & Brothers.

A. MOSS & SONS.

New Milford, April 1, 1852. 14t3.5w

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of Administration upon the estate of Charles H. Wells, late of Dundaff, dec'd, have been granted to the subscribers; and all persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them duly attested for settlement

J. H. WELLS and
J. M. CHITTENDEN, } Adm'rs.

Dundaff, April 7, 1852.

Stoves and Tin Ware.

THE subscribers having entered into co-partnership in the *STOVE, TIN and SHEET IRON* business, are prepared to "suit and to all orders" in their line at the shortest notice. By giving strict attention to the business they hope to merit their share of the trade.

**The business will be carried on opposite the "Democrat" office, under the name and firm of C. D. Lathrop & Co.

C. D. LATHROP,
S. A. WOODRUFF,
JOHN L. DENNIS.

Montrose, April 7, 1852.

Administrator's Notice.

ALL persons having demands against the estate of Benjamin Glidden, dec'd., late of Friendsville in the county of Susquehanna, will please present the same duly attested for settlement, to the subscriber, at Frtendsville aforesaid; and all persons indebted to said estate, will please call and settle without delay. Letters of administration have been by the Register of said county, issued to the undersigned.

DAVID W. GLIDDEN, *Adm'r.*

Friendsville, April 7, '52.

Gold Dollars and Leather will be given in exchange for

Hides and Skins, by the subscriber, who has recently rented the tan Tannery of Wm. Foster, and fitted it up for more extensive operations.

R. H. CHANDALL.

Montrose, April 7, 1852.

Public Vendue!!!

WILL be sold (unless before disposed of) at public vendue, at the yard of the subscriber on Thursday the 29th inst., in the Borough of Montrose, 2 *pair of fine young oxen*, 1 *pair fine young steers*, 1 *pair large fat steers*, 1 *pair large fat cows*, 1 *pair fine young cows*, 1 *pair fine young heifers*, 1 *pair fine young calves*, and various other articles, and commence at one o'clock, P. M. Terms made known on the day of sale. All persons indebted to me are requested to call and settle with me before said day of sale, or they will be left with an officer for collection.

M. G. TYLER.

Montrose, April 14, 1852.

To Wholesale Dealers and Dealers in Merchandise within the County of Susquehanna.

IN pursuance of the act of Assembly of this Commonwealth, viz: the act of the 4th of May, 1841, entitled an act to provide revenue to meet the demands upon the Treasury, and further purposes, as act the 16th of April 1846 entitled an act to increase the revenue and diminish the Legislative expenses of the Government, as [illegible] passed the 23rd day of April 1849 [illegible] to provide for the reduction of the [illegible] as an act passed the 16th day of April 1850 [illegible] as an act to amend a [illegible] and [illegible] the payment [illegible] of the Commonwealth, [illegible] of March 1st, 1852, [illegible] prepared a list of [illegible] wholesale dealers [illegible] county, and [illegible] each of the said merchants in that class to him seems right and just according to the provision of said act of Assembly, as follows, viz:

Residence.	Proprietors.	Class.
Auburn,	John P. Lambert,	14 pat. med. 4
do	James Carter	14
Brooklyn,	Edwin Tiffany,	13 Liq.
do	Ezra Kent,	14
do	F. W. & E. Allen	14
do	K. T. Ainsly,	13 Liq.
do	Nelson Tiffany,	14
Choconut	Francis Quinn,	14
Clifford,	J. Baker & Co.	13
Dundaff,	T. P. Phinney,	13 Liq.
do	George Case,	13
do	Silcock & Wells,	13
do	Wells & Colttenden,	13
do	Wells & Langdon,	14
Dimock,	S. S. Grover,	14
do	E. H. Woodruff,	14
do	H. Blakeslee,	14
Friendsville,	Campbell & Taggart,	13
do	A. Wickham	14
Gibson,	U. Burrows & Co.	12
do	N. E. Kennedy,	14
do	J. Stidley,	14
do	Asa Heermans,	14 Liq.
Great Bend,	John M'Kinney,	13
do	William Eager,	14
do	Tinkham & Belcher,	13
do	Joseph DuBois,	14
do	W. D. Trowbridge,	13
do	William Dayton,	11 Liquor.
do	L. S. Lenheim,	12 do
do	A. Gatenfield,	14 do
do	Young & Brownson,	11 do
do	Taylor & June,	14
Harmony,	L. S. Lenheim,	14 do
do	McKune & Smith,	14
do	H. Cohen,	14
do	James Bell,	14
do	J. B. West,	14
do	T. P. Badger & Co.	12
do	C. S. Bennett,	13 Liquor.
do	A. J. Seymour,	14
Harford,	Eaton & Peck,	12 li. & pat. m. 4
do	S. Seymour,	13
do	Johnston & Verry	14
Herrick,	John Miller,	14
Lenox,	Schutts, Eaton & Co.	13
do	E. R. Grow & Bro's,	13
Liberty,	J. S. Tompkins,	14
Montrose,	I. L. Post & Co.	11
do	S. H. Sayre & Co.	12
do	H. J. Webb,	13
do	F. B. Chandler,	13
do	J. Lyons & Son,	13
do	George Fuller,	14
do	M. C. Tyler,	13
do	A. Ilathrop & Co.	12
do	Abel Turrell,	14 liq. & pat. m. 4
do	M. S. Wilson & Son,	13
do	S. S. Mulford & Son,	13
do	Bentley & Read,	11 liq. & pat. m. 4
do	Pitts & Warner,	13 Liquor
do	J. Elbridge,	14 do
do	R. Searle,	14
do	George Little,	14
Middletown,	C. C. Wright,	14
New Milford	R. L. Sutphin,	12
do	A. Morse & Sons,	14
do	Henry Burritt,	12
do	Hayden & Little,	13
do	Wm. C. Ward,	14
Rush	N. Granger & Co.	14
do	William P. Case,	14
Silver Lake,	Brakeley & Montfort,	12
Springville,	Scott & Root,	13 pat. med. 4
do	S. S. Grover,	13 pat. med. 4
do	Johnson & Bean,	14
Franklin,	J. L. Merriman,	14
do	S. Fuller,	14

List of Groceries, Beer Houses, &c.

Appolacon,	Harry Barnes,	8 Liquor.
Brooklyn,	M. L. Newcomb,	8
Clifford,	Henry A. Williams,	8
do	George Brainnell,	8
Dundaff,	Enoch Chambers,	8 Liquor.
Friendsville,	Benjamin Glidden,	8
Great Bend,	Lucien Scott,	7
do	John N. Woodruff,	8
do	Moses Steel,	8 Liquor.
do	E. A. Green,	8
do	John Comstock,	8 Liquor.
Harmony,	Perrine & Son,	8 do
do	Frederick Pickering,	8
do	Isaac T. Weeks,	7 Liquor.
do	Whitcomb & Newsom,	13 do
Harford,	Jasper Seymour,	8
Jessup,	P. M. Barber,	8
Jackson,	Hill & Hollis,	8 pat. med. 4
do	George Watson,	8
Lenox,	Abraham Churchell,	8
Montrose,	Merriman & Patrick,	6
do	F. H. Fordham & Co.	7
do	I. N. Bullard,	7
Rush,	H. M. Southwell,	8
Silver Lake	Benoni T. Gage,	8
New Milford	I. Harding,	8
Clifford,	John McAlla, Distiller of Whiskey, No. of gallons, 1800.	

And the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of said County will hold a Court of Appeal at the Court house in Montrose, in the said County on Monday the 10th day of May next, at 2 o'clock P. M. at which time and place any of the merchants defined, described and classed as aforesaid, or their agents or attorney, may appear and appeal from said assessment if they think proper.

D. McDONALD, *Mercantile Appraiser.*

April 2nd, 1852.

DENTISTRY.

DR. HORACE SMITH takes great pleasure in thanking his friends for the continued confidence they have manifested in his skill, by their patronage. He may be found on Monday and Tuesday of each week at Searle's Hotel. Work in the different branches of DENTISTRY making and filling whole sets of teeth by atmospheric pressure, filling, extracting, &c. will be faithfully and carefully attended to.

HORACE SMITH.

April 7, 1852. tf

D. R. Lathrop & Co.

ARE now receiving a fresh supply of goods which in addition to their former stock they offer to the public at unprecedented low prices.—Their goods having been bought entirely for cash, they offer great inducements to those who wish to buy goods cheap. Among their stock may be found a good assortment of Prints, Cloths of every grade, brown and bleached Sheetings and Shirting, Ginghams, Lawns, DeLaines, Alpacas, Brown and Irish Linens, Bonnet and Dress Silks, Satins, Velvets, Merinos, Cambrics and Muslins, Summer Cloths, a large assortment, Hats, Caps, and Bonnets, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, Fish, Paints and Oils, Crockery, Hardware, Iron and Nails.

**Produce of every kind bought.

D. R. LATHROP.
JAS. P. W. RILEY.

Montrose, April 5, 1852.

Just Received,

A fresh lot of *Pork*, Fish, Flour, Tobacco, Molasses, Crackers, Fluid, and some Butter expected every mail. A little more of that good 6-4 Tea. Tin Ware, Clover and Timothy Seed &c.—ALSO, a large addition of Books and Stationery, Toft's and Peck & Bliss' Life of Kossuth, &c. Also, a quantity of Ready Made Clothing, which will be sold cheap. Please call and see at

F. B. CHANDLER'S.

April 7.

SPRING GOODS.

A SPLENDID lot of Prints, Ginghams, D'laines and Lawns, Shawls, Ticks, Summer Cloths, &c.—ALSO a fresh supply of Teas, Sugar, Coffee, Fish, Pails, Tubs, Rice, &c.—a new lot of Hats just received and offered low by

J. LYONS & SON.

April 1.

A. L. S. O.

For sale a new lot of SHEET MUSIC—Guitar, Violin, Banjo, Bass, Brass, &c. A few superior Violin Strings just received by

J. LYONS & SON.

25 BIG HENS FOR sale by

F. B. LYONS & CO.

Of Unrated Lands in Susquehanna Co.

NOTICE is hereby given, that agreeably to the acts of assembly of Commonwealth directing the mode of [illegible] unseated lands for taxes, the following [illegible] unseated lands in the County of Susquehanna, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Montrose, [illegible] the third day of May next, commencing on [illegible] day of sale, and to continue from day to day [illegible] unless the same be paid [illegible] previous to the commencement of the sale. Attendance, sheriff of said county, to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.

Warrantees.	Acres.	Amt. of Taxes.
BRIDGEWATER.		
Samuel Rathbone,	91	$1 98
BROOKLYN.		
Samuel Y. Bulkley,	371	10 47
Wm. Hartley, (late owner)	80	2 70
GREAT BEND.		
Jonathan Bates,	247	1 70
HARFORD.		
Jones Joel, (owner)	51	2 05
Stanley Beeman (owner)	47	2 80
Francis Bigham jr. (owner)	81	2 10
HARMONY.		
Frederic Hartbold,	360	12 80
Joseph Maxwell jr.	165	3 12
Henry Tolland,	430	16 17
Daniel Kemp,	412	17 59
David Buckley	404	17 32
C. E. Ward	233.40	9 95
Moses Hobson	100	4 26
Matthias Coplin	30	1 28
HERRICK.		
William Forbes	301	13 44
Jonathan Sargeant	301	13 44
Bartholomew Matthews	80	3 58
Jonathan Nesbitt	84	3 74
Samuel Meredith	91	4 01
Thamer Mott (owner)	50	2 24
Joseph Paul	200	8 92
No 252 (Wm. Abel owner)	109	4 86
Sloane Hamilton (owner)	60	2 68
E. Williams (owner)	57½	2 56
Franklin Brown (owner)	106	4 58
JESSUP.		
John Sahler,	26	1 01
Mathias Coplin,	50	1 94
Mathias Coplin,	84	3 24
Sodate Griswold, (owner)	100	3 86
E. P. Dix, (owner)	60	2 32
LATHROP.		
Andrew Tybout,	107	6 02
George Kepler,	200	4 30
Mathias Brooks,	50	2 85
M. M. Wallace, (owner)	126	7 12
Robert Jackson, (owner)	62	3 50
Samuel Jayne, (owner)	126	7 12
Noah Hicock, (owner)	100	4 52
LENOX.		
Robert Paisley,	113	6 00
John Dorrey,	400	23 46
Andrew Tybout	200	14 66
Daniel Tallman,	50	2 94
Ebenezer Jayne, (owner)	50	2 94
George Kepler, jr.	22	1 30
Mathew Brooks,	208	11 92
LIBERTY.		
No. 67, 68, 75, 76,	400	24 70
No. 58, 59, 66, 74,	400	11 40
No. 53,	100	4 11
No. 61,	100	4 11
No. 26,	100	4 11
L. B. Gurnsey, (owner)	50	2 09
Elias Vanbouten, (owner)	50	3 13
No. 27, Joseph Patterson (own)	100	4 11
NEW MILFORD.		
John Sahler	124	1 90
Solomon Findley	80	1 00
George Kepler	120	1 90
Lot sold Roach	90	1 56
Samuel Eldridge }		
Joseph Eldridge }	550	10 86
James Eldridge }		
Pts tracts of S. J. & S. Rink	125	3 16
Lot east of John Hawley's	55	2 14
Lot No. 149, (part)	46	1 14
Norman Mitchel, (owner)	100	1 90
John Gilbert, (owner)	50	94
Thomas Norris, (owner)	15	38
Silas Squires, (owner)	200	5 06
RUSH.		
Alanson Lung, (owner)	100	5 33
SPRINGVILLE.		
Charles Perrigo, (owner)	71	88
THOMSON.		
A. Salisbury & Co.	100	5 80
Jesse Evans,	120	24 86
George Stow,	474	24 00
Mathew Shaw,	102	7 88
Mathew Shaw,	150	8 88
Isaac Miller,	100	5 80
Samuel Hendershot,	53	2 36
Joseph Bradley,	207	11 98
Peter Bradley,	92	5 32
Patrick Johnson,	88	6 80
William Sanebury, (owner)	100	5 80
Veranus Larabee, "	118	6 84
C. P. Tallman, "	18	1 54

W. K. HATCH, Treasurer.

Treasurer's Office, Montrose, March 22, 1852.

Farmer's & Merchant's Forwarding Line to New York,

FROM MONTROSE DEPOT,

BY J. B. Salisbury.

ARRANGEMENTS have been made with Tuthill, Seely & Johnson, of Chester, Orange County, to forward all kinds of Produce to New York on the most favorable terms.

CAPT. G. L. ROW,

an old and experienced salesman, resides in New York, and will give his entire attention to the sale of all kinds of Produce.

Capt. Row is extensively and favorably known as an honest, upright man, and one of the very best salesmen in New York Market.

Montrose Depot, Mch 18, 1852 tf

Dried Apples.

75 *BBLS.* Dried Apples for sale by

B. R. LYONS & CO.

Lanesboro', March 17, 1852.

Foreign Attachment.

Ezra Carpenter, } In the Common Pleas of Susquehanna County of Jan. Term, 1852.
vs. } Foreign Attachment in trespass
Israel Round. } on the Case, Assumpsit, &c.

TO all whom it may concern; Take Notice, that by virtue of the above writ of Foreign Attachment, I have attached two certain lots of land, situate in Herrick township, in said County, described as follows; one thereof bounded on the north by land of George Arnold, on the east by the public highway, on the south and west by lands of George Arnold, containing one acre, with a frame house thereon; the other, bounded on the north by land of George Arnold, N. Arnold and — Main, on the east by lands of James Curtis, on the south by lands of James S. Coleman, and on the west by the public highway, containing seven acres, more or less, all improved.

G. R. ELDRED, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Montrose, Feb. 24, 1852.

To the Inhabitants of Montrose and its vicinity.

IN addition to my most sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage received, I beg to announce that in consequence of the numerous and repeated solicitations (to commence business within the limits of this Borough) that I have most willingly complied, and take this opportunity to inform the Public that all and every garment intrusted to me to cut or make, will be accompanied with a warranty of *perfect* fit of any style; country, Costume or Fashion, and at the same time shall feel much pleasure in giving instructions *gratis* in respect to making up any Garment or Garments cut by me. Trimmings &c. &c. constantly on hand of the latest and most approved patterns and style.

Taylors taught the most approved method of cutting terms liberal.

W. P. WYATT.

Merchant and Military Taylor,
Mr. John Dimock's District Attorney's late residence, Turnpike st. Montrose.

March 17th, 1852. 1814-1y

MELODEON.

A *NEW FI