FARMERS' DEPARTMENT.

APRIL 25, 1850.

Transplanting Trees, &c.

We wish to call the attention of our readers to the subject of transplanting trees. In a former number we have urged the importance of paying more attention to the cultivation of fruit and other trees; we will not repeat it, but as the proper season for transplanting has arrived, and having had some experience in the business, we will give some directions for doing it properly. It is quite important to have the tree dug up with proper care and attention. Our plan is to commence at a suitable distance from the tree in proportion to its size, to secure an abundance of roots, and dig a trench with a spade or sharp mattock, (the latter is preferable,) quite around the tree deep enough to cut off all of the latteral roots; then work it to and fro, to ascertain where the top root and its branches are; cut them off; the fine fibrous roots are of as much or more importance than the large roots.

In setting out, the holes should be dug large so as to leave plenty of room in the loose earth for the young roots to push out. It is a good plan to have some rich adhesive earth made into a soft mortar, and dip the roots into it previous to setting out. When the tree is put into the hole in its proper position, the richest and loosest earth should be put in first, so that it can be packed firmly around the small roots; when the roots are covered over take hold of the body of the tree, lift it up perpendicularly, one or two inches, a few times in succession, which will work the earth firmly around every root, then finish filling up the hole, and as you fill it up press the earth down firmly with the foot. To prevent too rapid evaporation, it is well to put some straw litter, or coarse manure, around the tree.

Where fruit trees are to be grafted after setting out, we prefer to do it the same spring, for the reason that it leaves no top for the wind to whip about and loosen the roots; the grafts do not grow rapid enough to blow out before the wood gets matured, as is frequently the case when trees grow luxuriantly; and if the grafts do not take, the tree is less liable to die, and can be grafted over again the next spring. Young trees just set out or old trees that begin to show signs of decay, are far less liable to be injured by taking the top entirely off, than trees that are growing vigorously. The leaves are said to be the lungs of trees, and it appears to be necessasy to have a good supply of them to keep the tree in a healthy condition; there must be enough of them to preserve an equilibrium with the roots. Take a thrifty apple tree, of ten or fifteen years growth, and saw off all the limbs of a suitable size, and graft them, and it will be likely to die; leave one or more limbs, give it leaves before the grafts put out enough to furnish a supply, and there will be no danger of its dying. It is frequently an advantage to old trees to cut the tops all off; they will put out fresh shoots grow more rapidly, and assume a far healthier appearance than before.

Young Orchards should be cultivated and manured with as much care and attention as a corn or potato crop. After the trees get fairly rooted and growing well, the Orchard should be seeded down with orchard or other grass, and not ploughed any more; for as soon as the roots attain some size and length ploughing cuts them off and injures the tree. They should be dug around to loosen the earth, and manured every spring; which will keep the trees growing thriftily without injuring the roots. We are aware that many advocate the frequent ploughing of Orchards, and will point to increased production after ploughing. We were conversing a few years ago with an old gentleman who had one of the finest bearing orchards that we ever saw, and he remarked that orchards should never be plowed, and stated that his had never been since it was set out. He also remarked, that he had observed that anything that injured a tree, ploughing for instance, frequently made it bear abundantly one year, and gradually decay after that, and early cease bearing; we have noticed the same result several times since. An apple orchard should be kept as a hog pasturage; they pick up all the windfalls and destroy the embryo insects that infest fruits. Cherries and plums bear much better in yards where stock and poultry have access to them, and and keep the earth hard and firm, and eat up the decayed and imperfect fruit that drops off prematurely.

We admonish every farmer not to let the spring pass away without setting out some trees and to give them proper care and attention afterwards.—*Suffolk, N. Y. Gazette.*

Raising Mules.

Mr. Parham:—I desire to call the attention of farmers to the importance of raising mules. I have been informed by those competent to judge, that a mule colt can be reared to two years old, on the same amount of corn that a two year old hog would consume. Of course the mule would require some grazing in good pasture. An acre of clover, I suppose, would suffice for the head. Put the season of a mare at $4—the corn for colt at [illegible]—pasturage at $10—the time and trouble $5—the whole cost of the mule at two years old would be $20; and $10 of the twenty is for labor performed on the farm—in other words, it is turning into money that much labor. I think all will agree with me that mules at two years old never bring less than $40. At two and a half years old they are more generally worth $60. Now these are plain figures. Any one can make the calculation himself, and he will see that my estimate is a fair one. Mules are always saleable—cotton can't be made without them. The general price for good mules in Georgia and Alabama is from $85 to 110. Almost every farmer can raise one or two mules annually, and instead of relying upon his hogs and corn alone, he will have from $80 to $100 at the end of each year more than he now has. Nor need he raise hogs less than he now does, for the mule is raised principally on grass or clover.

A New Article of Food.

A now article of palatable food is attracting some attention. It is called meat buscuit, and consists in an improved process of preserving the nutritious properties of meat, or animal flesh of any kind, by obtaining the concentrated extract of it, and combining it with flour or vegetable meal, and drying or baking the mixture in an oven, in the form of a buscuit or cracker. One pound of this bread contains the essence, or extract of more than five pounds of meat, (including its usual proportion of bone,) and one ounce of it will make a pint of rich soup. Five ounces a day would be an ample supply for one man. Dr. Ashbel Smith, in a letter to Dr. Bache, says he feels quite confident that the meat buscuit will, ere long, form a part of the indispensable supplies of every expedition into our western wilds, and of every military corps on our frontier. He says he has eaten several times of the soup, and it has the fresh, lively, clean, and thoroughly done or cooked flavor that used to form the charm of the soups of the Rocher de Cancale. For Seamen, hospitals, California adventurers, and others, he considers it a valuable invention. The quality of the meat contained in this preparation is a question to be determined by the consumer. As the man said of sausages, it may require faith to make it go down.

Fugitives From Justice in Havana.—The Savannah Republican contains the following:

W. W. Oates, Esq., has just returned from Havanna in the Isabel. He went out in quest of Mr. Bulloch; but, as was anticipated, has returned without having discovered any trace of him. Mr. Oates informs us that there is any number of fugitives from justice at Havana, who stalk about the streets and public places, as though they never violated the laws of their country. Of this class is a Mrs. Simpson, about 18 years of age, who is charged with poisoning her husband in North Carolina, and a Mr. Carter, who is charged with robbing the Brooklyn or some other Bank near New York, of which he was an officer. Havana seems to be a house of refuge for scoundrels from the States.

Trial of the Montesquoins.—The trial of the two brothers, Counts Montesquoins, for the shooting of Mr Barnum was still in progression at St. Louis on the 1st inst.—The evidence is not published but the Daily Union says:

We understand that there is a great discrepancy between the statements of witnesses as to certain facts, some testifying positively as to the identity of the younger brother with equal pertinacity, that the perpetrator of homicide was the elder brother.

The Forest Divorce Case is still before the Legislature, and Mr. Binney has given an opinion that the Legislature have a constitutional and valid power to grant a divorce. The sentiment, however, in the Legislature, and public sentiment are alike decidedly against such an exercise of power in the present case.

John M. Barrett, Esq., who was arrested in South Carolina, on suspicion of being opposed to slavery, and subsequently released on bail, died, at Dublin, Ind., on the 23d ult., The New Castle Courier says, he died of disease brought on by long confinement within the damp and unwholesome walls of a Southern prsion."

MONTROSE BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

MARK J. O'BRIEN—*House and Sign Painter, Paper hanger, Glazier, Grainer & Decorator.* Shop over J. T. Birchard's carpenter shop a few rods east of Warner's Hotel.

J. H. DIMOCK—*Attorney at Law*—office removed to Front Room of his residence, two doors east of his former location, in Turnpike street, third building from corner of Public Avenue, and nearly opposite M. S. Wilson's Store. June, 1849.

A. BALDWIN—Saddle, Harness, Carpet-Bag and Trunk Manufacturer, and Carriage Trimmer, Shop, on Turnpike street, opposite I. L. Post & Co's.

C. M. SIMMONS—Fashionable Boot and Shoe maker, over A. Baldwin's Harness shop, Turnpike street.

ROSE & SIMPSON—Dealers in Stoves, Stove trimmings, Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware, Dry Goods, Groceries, &c., Public Avenue

ELDRED & NEWCOMB—Dealers in Hats, Caps and Furs; opposite the "Democrat Printing office, foot Public Avenue.

JOHN GROVES—Fashionable Tailor; over Geo. Fuller's Book Store, where he does work in a style altogether unsurpassed.

PETER STEVENS—Cabinet and Chair Maker; foot of Public Avenue.

J. LYONS—Dealer in Dry Goods, Hardware Crockery and Tinware, Groceries, Books, etc.; ALSO, Carries on the BOOK BINDING Business Public Avenue, Montrose, Pa.

N. NEWTON—Attorney at Law; Office a few doors South of the Court House.

BENTLEY & READ—Dealers in Dry Goods, Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Iron, Clocks, Watches, Jewelry Silver Spoons, Perfumery, &c. &c.

ABEL TURRELL—Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Dye-Stuffs, Groceries, Dry Goods, Hardware, Stoneware, Glassware, Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, Silver Spoons, Spectacles, Musical Instruments, Trusses, Surgical Instruments, Liquors, Perfumery, Mirrors, Stationary, Brushes, Shoes, Yankee Notions, &c.

Whitesides Improved

Double Oven Hot Air Cooking Stove.

The subscriber has obtained the exclusive right of vending this stove in the county of Susquehanna and Wayne, and having a large number of them manufactured at the "Eagle Foundry" in this village in a neat style, offers them for sale. They can be had at the Foundry, at the store of Messrs. Rose and Simpson's or of the subscriber.

37 GEO. FULLER.

Montrose, Sept. 11, 1849.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR at 1½ cents per pound for sale by J. LYONS.

N. Y. & Erie Railroad! "Everybody's Market Line.

THE subscribers are now prepared to receiv Freight of all kinds at the Owego Depot, and also at the Binghamton, Great-Bend, and Lanesboro' Depots, every Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, of each week, and continue with regularity throughout the season. They will attend to forwarding the same to the New-York Market, where they have made arrangements with experienced salesmen, who will attend to the selling of the same, and return the proceeds in Bankable funds at either of the above Depots, to the following persons:—At the store of F. Raynsford, Owego; at the storehouse of C. M'Kinney, Binghamton; at the office of Jas. Griffin, Great Bend; and at the Hotel of E. Benson, Lanesboro'.

JAMES SISK, Binghamton,
JAMES GRIFFIN, Great Bend,
F. RAYNSFORD, Owego.

Owego, July 23, 1849.

Agents:—C. M'Kinney, Binghamton; E. Benson, Lanesboro'.

Captain James Sisk will superintend the business throughout the whole Line, and receive and fill all orders for Groceries, Fruit, Fish, Oysters, &c. &c.; which will be bought at the lowest wholesale prices in New-York, and forwarded to either of the above named Depots. n30m2

LANESBORO, PA. CHEAP CASH STORE

On the New York & Erie Rail Road and Susquehanna River, 200 miles from New York, 25 miles from Binghamton, and 19 miles from Montrose,—surrounded by Mountains and the Railroad Bridges.

AT our store the following may be found: English, French and American Dry Goods, Bonnets and Ribbons, Parasols &c., Umbrellas, Carpet Bags, Hats and Caps, Looking Glasses, Boots and Shoes, Crockery, Glass Ware, Hard Ware, Window Glass and Sash, Drugs and Medicines, Groceries, Mackerel, Codfish, Mess Pork, Superfine Flour, Nails, Stone Ware, Jappaned Ware, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Butter Firkins, Candles, Sand's and Townsend's Sarsaparilla, Books, Paper, Inks and Quills, Cooking, Parlor and Shop Stoves, Stove Pipe and Stove Trimmings, on hand or made to order.

Eagle Foundry Ploughs—warranted; Trunks & Traveling Bags, Shingles, Clover Seed, Carpet and Cotton Yarn, Axes, Handles, Buck Saws, Shovels, Hoes, Rakes, Scythes, &c., &c.

For the very liberal patronage which we have received the past year we tender our sincere thanks, and trust we shall recieve a still larger share of public patronage the present season. Having reduced the price of our goods about 25 per cent. from last year's prices, our motto is now—small profits and quick turns. Situated as we are on the Railroad, we can sell lower than any other establishment in the county.

LYONS & CHANDLER.

Lanesboro, July 18, 1849.

Goods for ready pay,

And at Ready pay prices, by Wright & Bennett.

HAVING determined hereafter to sell goods only for *ready pay*, we invite the attention of our customers, and of all wishing to buy goods cheap, to our large and excellent stock of merchandise. It is our intention to keep a more extensive and complete assortment than any other store in this vicinity, and to sell goods at lower prices than any one can sell who is doing business on the credit system. We wish it distinctly understood that we can sell cheaper for cash or produce than our neighbors can for cash or produce, as we shall have no expenses for keeping accounts, no expenses for collecting debts, and no bad debts to make up. In addition to the articles usually kept in a country store, we shall keep an assortment of Parlor and Cooking Stoves of the newest and most-approved patterns; Stove Pipe and Zinc, Iron and Steel, Bedsteads and Chairs, Sole and Upper Leather and Shoe Findings. To the *Boot and Shoe trade* we give particular attention, keeping a larger stock on hand than any other store in the country.

Grain of all kinds, Hemlock Bark, Socks, Flannel, Wool, Butter, Cheese, Dried Apples, Hides, Pelts, Skins, Furs, Cattle, Sheep, Pork, and almost every other description of farming produce taken in exchange for goods.

Believing that the Ready Pay system is calculated not only to promote our own interests, but to benefit the farmers and mechanics of this country generally, we ask a fair trial from our old customers, and solicit the trade of all who are willing to try the plan of paying down.

TO THOSE INTERESTED.

All persons indebted to us on notes due, or on Book account, are requested to settle the same immediately, as we are determined to bring all matters of credit to a close at an early date.

WRIGHT & BENNETT.

New Milford, Oct. 8, 1849. 41-tf.

Stoves, Tinware &c.

WE have now on hand a great variety of cooking, Porlor and shop stoves, which we will sell for cash or ready pay cheaper than ever, among our Cooking stoves are the following kinds:

The Phœnix Air Tight, the very best stove in use.
" Improved Rotary. " " "
" Extra Large Oven. " " "
" Irving. " " "
" Iron King. " " "
" Whiteside's Double Oven. " " "
" Rough and Ready. " " "
" Elevated Oven, Premium and other stoves of almost all kinds, Parlor stoves for wood and coal.

Also an assortment of stove trimmings, Tin, Copper, sheet Iron and Zinc Ware. Any article not on hand made to order on short notice and the most reasonable terms. Purchasers will save money by giving us a call before buying, as we are determined to sell at prices which must suit any one.

n38 ROSE & SIMPSON.

New Milford Stove Depot--1849.

H. BURRITT has now in store, a new assortment of Stoves, including the most approved kinds of Air Tight, and Common Cooking, Parlor, and shop Stoves, Russia and Common Stove Pipe, stove Furniture, sheet Iron and Zinc, stove Tubes, &c., &c., to which, the attention of cash purchasers, and the public is invited, and which will be sold at very low prices, for cash, or approved credit.

August, 1849.

Blacksmithing.

Ye people all, of every trade, who want good things of iron made—by one sworn not to "take a drop"—know ye that I have taken the shop near-hand the steam-mill, in Montrose, where, through this twelve-month, I propose to act the Blacksmith—you know I can as well as any other man. And, despite them all, I'll go before 'em, in fixing prices *ad valorem*. In Blacksmith work some people think, no smith can equal JABEZ FRINK.

Brooms!

A LOT of superior Brooms just received and for sale by the dozen or single.

Feb. 21. GEO. FULLER.

Post Office Removal.

THE Post-office has been removed from its location across the avenue to the corner basement room of Searle's Hotel.

March 6, 1850.

MOLASSES—a superior article—also, Sugar, Candles, &c., a fresh lot just opened and for sale by J. LYONS.

March 13.

SUGAR—A splendid article, 14 lbs. for one dollar cash, for sale by J. LYONS.

April 3.

GARDEN SEEDS at TURRELL'S

Watchman, what of the night?'

CLOCKS, WATCHES, AND JEWELRY of all the various patterns in New York market, can be had at True's, No. 4, Public Avenue. He offers Watches for at least two dollars less than the same quality have been offered in this market. Purchasers may be sure that none but No. 1, letter A, are sold here, for we find 'tis but such can be safely warranted.

Patent Lever Watches, gold,	from	$45,00 to	$90,00
Do. silver,	from	18,00 to	$23,00
Detached Lever, gold,	from	35,00 to	45,00
Do. silver,	from	15,00 to	20,00
Cylinder Escapement, gold,	from	28,00 to	35,00
Do. silver,	from	12,00 to	15,00
English Quartiers,	from	6,00 to	8,50

Gold Pens and Pencils from $1,75 to $8,00, Gold Rings from 3 shillings to $3,50. Breast Pins from 1 shilling to $8,00, silver belt slides, gold, steel and gilt chains, gold Keys, slides, steel beads & clasps, silver ware, music boxes, accordions, and a thousand and one traps, which, for want of room, we must omit to mention here. So, walk in, ye lovers of *good bargains*, and if we have not the exact article for you, give us three days time and you can be accommodated.

Clocks, watches, jewelry and musical instruments carefully repaired. WM. W. TRUE.

FOR SALE—The nicest Shay-top Buggy in the county, Philadelphia manufacture, by

Montrose, Dec., 1849. TRUE.

New Hat and Cap Store.

THE citizens of Montrose and vicinity are respectfully informed that the subscribers have commenced the manufacture of Hats and Caps, two doors below the Farmer's Store, where they keep constantly on hand and for sale a general assortment of *Hats and Caps* of every variety and price. All who wish to purchase a first rate article in our line, are particularly invited to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. Our stock consists of Beaver, Nutria, Brush, Moleskin, Silk, Muskrat and Coney Hats; also, California, Sporting, Wool, Leghorn, Straw and Palmleaf Hats, &c. &c., besides a great variety of Men and Boys' Cloth and Glazed Caps, children fancy do., &c. &c.—in short, a large assortment of almost every article in our line.

By a strict attention to business and a desire to please, we hope to merit and receive a liberal support, and assure those in want of Hats and Caps that every effort will be made to get up the neatest and best kind of an article.

May 1, 1849. ELDRED & NEWCOMB.

New Grocery Store.

One door South of Mills & Knapp's in the (Store formerly occupied by W. M. Post.)

THE subscriber has received a large and extensive stock of

Groceries,

consisting of Teas, Sugars, Molasses, Coffee, Tobacco, Rice, Ground Spices and Pepper, Starch, Cloves, Saleratus, Ginger, Nutmegs, Indigo, Cigars, Chocolate, Sperm and tallow Candles, Codfish, Mackerel by the barrel, half and quarter barrel and kits, Herring by the box, Raisins by the box or pound, Salt by the sack or barrel, Clocks, stone Ware, Willow Ware, Flour, Pork, &c. &c. &c. Wholesale dealer in all kinds of

Wines and Liquors.

He *can* and *will* sell his goods *cheaper* than they can be bought at any other store in Montrose, reader, if you don't believe it give us a call and we'll convince you. Don't forget the place.

ERASTUS ROSS.

Montrose, June 28, 1849 n26tf

Washburn & Brother.

MANUFACTURERS and dealears, wholesale and retail in Hats, Caps, Muffs, Buffalo Robes, Trunks, Carpet Bags, Ladies Satchels, &c., Court St., Binghamton, 5 Doors East of the Binghamton Hotel,

Have the pleasure of announcing to their friends and the public that their stock of Fall and Winter Goods for 1849 is ready for inspection, and they respectfully invite the attention of all dealers in Hats, Caps, Muffs, &c., and the public at large throughout this section of country to the facts herein set forth.

The vast increase of their business has compelled them to greatly enlarge their store, and they have now the largest and best selected assortment of Beaver, Nutria, Brush, Mole-skin, Silk, California and Wool Hats; Otter, Seal, Nutria, Musk-rat, Silk and Mohair, Plush, Silk & Cotton Glaze, Velvet & Cloth Caps; Muffs, Boas, Capes, Victorines, and in fact all kinds of Furs worn, Buffalo Robes, all kinds and qualities, Trunks, Valises; Welton, Brussels and Ingrain, Carpet Bags, Ladie's Satchels &c., ever offered to the inhabitants of this part of the country.

Their Hats and Caps are all manufactured by themselves, and their other goods selected with great care from the largest manufactures and importers in the United States which enables them to sell from 15 to 20 per cent. cheaper than any other establishment of the kind, west of New York.

WASHBURN & BROTHER.

Binghamton, Aug. 28th, 1849.

N. B. They issued their Fall Fashions for Gent's Hats and Caps, on Saturday, Aug. 25. tf.

Proclamation.

I HAVE resolved to sell Goods hereafter principally for ready pay. For cash down, I can and will sell goods lower than they can be afforded at credit houses. I will then have no losses from bad debts to make up, and no time and expense of keeping books and collecting debts to lose, or to make provision for in the price of the goods. In doing a credit business, all these losses must be made up on those who *do pay*. Therefore, those having cash to pay will save a portion of it by calling at Turrell's. Those now indebted must cash up immediately. ABEL TURRELL.

Montrose, January 1, 1850.

Sugar! Sugar!

A FRESH lot just opened and selling at the old price, 6 pence per pound—also, *CANDLES* in packages of eight pounds, for only one dollar *cash*. J. LYONS.

January 1, 1850.

U. Burrows & Co.

OFFER to purchasers a stock of goods, which for extent and variety of articles, probably is not equalled in the county, and not excelled in point of quality, and on terms that they think will be satisfactory.

Gibson, Nov. 30, 1849.

Cheap Carpeting.

1000 YARDS of *all Wool, half Wool, Wool figure, and Cotton Carpets* of very good quality and handsome patterns at extremely low prices, and worthy the attention of any wishing to purchase. U. BURROWS & Co.

Nov. 30, 1849.

STOVES.

COOKING, Parlor and Box Stoves; Stove pipe, do. Furniture, Sheet Zinc &c., offered at very low prices by U. BURROWS & Co.

Nov. 30, 1849.

Joiner's Tools.

A GOOD assortment, Bench Planes, Moulding Planes, Solid Box-Wood Ploughs &c.

Nov. 30, 1840. U. BURROWS & Co.

Cloths & Casimeres.

WE have a large stock, of good quality, that have been purchased at extremely low prices, and cannot fail to please purchasers, as respects both quality and prices. U. BURROWS & Co.

Gibson, Nov. 30, 1849.

BOX RAISINS, fresh and new, just opened and for sale by J. LYONS.

December 13.

COARSE & FINE SALT by the sack, barrel, or load for sale by H. BURRITT.

New Milford, Nov. 1849.

Egyptian Block Furman street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

BRANT'S INDIAN PULMONARY BALSAM,

Has cured without the least shadow of doubt, *very many* of the *most strongly* developed cases of *ulcerated* and *diseased lungs*—such cases as were never cured by any other medicines—and which were so *utterly hopeless*, that the diseased persons were pronounced by physicians and friends, to be ACTUALLY DYING.

This Balsam is a VEGETABLE compound, which never injures any person when it is used for the cure of *Chronic* diseases. It possesses *strong, active*, PURIFYING and ALTERATIVE properties, and such *other medications* as are ESSENTIALLY NECESSARY to cure all Coughs, and *to cure* that *very identical* COUGH DISEASE, which is called by physicians and others, and is really considered to be, without the least doubt,

Pulmonary Consumption.

This Balsam heals and *cures ulcers* in the *Lungs*, and elsewhere *internally*, as *certainly* and *easily* as that other medicine which we call "BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT," *cures* and *heals* ulcers *externally*. *This* BALSAM will cure *Nine* cases of *Cough* and *Consumption* out of *Ten*, after all other remedies have failed to cure.

THOUSANDS OF CONSUMPTIONS

and *Coughs* having been cured by it, testify and prove its *unfailing efficacy* in *all diseases* of the LUNGS, THROAT, and BREAST.

We are fully aware of the very strong and positive assertions which we have made above, and we would not have so asserted, had we not also been confident that the respectable testimony annexed, of some of the numerous cures said to have been effected by this BALSAM, *fully sustain and support us, in all we have asserted—and we* CHALLENGE THE PROPRIETOR *of any other remedy, to produce as respectable testimony of cures of as many* HOPELESS DYING PERSONS, *as we publish.*

BRANT'S PULMONARY BALSAM cures *CONSUMPTION, Coughs, Colds, Spitting of Blood, Bleeding at the Lungs, Pain in the Breast and Side, Night-Sweats, Nervous Complaints, Palpitation of the Heart, Female Weaknesses and Complaints, Cholera Infantum, Dysentery*, and *Summer Complaints.*

A DYING WOMAN SAVED.

We publish this cure of *Consumption*, it being one out of the many which can be adduced, to prove the magical power to save life, which this *Balsam possesses*—even after the person is considered by physicians and friends, to be in the *very last stages* of the disease—ACTUALLY DYING—and in this case, so *far gone*, that her friends had *bought the cloth for her shroud* and *other burial clothes*. This cure was effected on *Mrs. Ziba Dykeman*, the wife of a respectable man residing at *Ballston Spa, Saratoga county, N. Y.*

Mr. Dykeman swore to the facts before *Thos. G. Young, Esq*, Justice of the peace, and editor of a paper at Ballston, who certifies to the good character of Mr. Dykeman, for veracity and respectable standing. *Mr. John Wait*, merchant at the same place, also certifies that he *knows all the facts* as stated; and that Mr. Dykeman's *character* is *good*. For the full particulars of this cure, SEE OUR PAMPHLETS

BELIEVED IMPOSSIBLE TO LIVE.

Messrs. E. B Caldwell & Co., of East Owego, Oswego Co., N. Y., respectable druggists, wrote to us, May 19, 1848, we have just heard through Mr Whitman, a respectable citizen of this place, of an important cure of *Consumption*, which BRANT'S INDIAN PULMONARY BALSAM has produced on the wife of an acquaintance of his, who resides in the town of Palermo in this county. She had been long confined to her bed, and was so *dangerously diseased* that her friends *believed it impossible for her to live*

MORE THAN ONE DAY LONGER.

But, when *all other hope utterly failed*, she commenced taking *Brant's Pulmonary Balsam*, and its medical efficacy has raised her *from a dying bed*, so that she is now going about, and attending to her domestic household affairs and duties. She acknowledges, and it is very evident, that she is indebted to *Brant's Balsam* for her recovery from a long, severe, and dangerous sickness; and her friends and neighbors consider that medicine invaluable.

HIS LUNGS BLED—HE MUST DIE.

SCROFULA AND ERUPTIONS.

Dr. T. M. Hunt, druggist, Auburn, N. Y.; wrote in April 1846, that the *intrinsic excellence* of BRANT'S MEDICINE had obtained for it a name *above all other remedies*; and that as a *purifier of the blood*, SARSAPARILLA "*must knock under*." He said, on the 20th of July, 1845, that a gentleman asked his opinion as to what he had better give his child for *aggravating Eruptions*. He recommended BRANT'S INDIAN MEDICINE from his own personal knowledge of its *purifying and healing virtues*, in such diseases; and one or two bottles effected a cure. He also recommended BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT in a decided and serious case of *Scrofula in the glands of the neck*. The neck was *very much swollen on both sides*, and *large tumors formed under the ears*, and the *general health was much impaired*. *Two or three bottles effected a permanent cure.*

FEVER-SORE CURED.

The Rev. Richard Dunning, Pastor of the Presbyterian church, Adams Basin, Monroe Co., N. Y., wrote in October, 1844: I have just received a letter from Mr. Chauncy Dunning, relative to the cure of his Fever-sore. You may depend on what it states, for he is a Christian man and an elder in the church. Some years since he had to have one of his legs *cut off*, to save his life, in consequence of a Fever-sore. The other leg being now affected, and about to be amputated, I recommended *Brant's Medicine*—READ THE RESULT. He says, "*I have used only* THREE BOTTLES *of BRANT'S MEDICINE—I placed* ALL HOPE *from your recommendation in that Medicine*, and I can now say, that with the blessing of God, *it has effected a cure of my leg.*" See Pamphlets, for full particulars.

Chronic Rheumatism.

Capt. Ezra Knapp, 37 Willow street, Brooklyn, N. Y., had *Rheumatism* for 30 years, he used *Brant's Medicine*, which effected a cure. Numerous other cases of recent and long standing, have been effectually cured.

LIVER COMPLAINT.

Doct. Nathan Hubbard, of Stamford, Conn., one of the oldest and most respectable physicians, was afflicted with *Liver Complaint* many years, and was perfectly cured, by using *Brant's Purifying Extract*. We could name hundreds of other cases, also cured.

NURSING SORE MOUTH, LUCORRHŒA, &C.

Byron, Genesee Co., N. Y., October 19, 1847.

MESSRS. M. T. WALLACE & CO.: Some time last winter my wife became so debilitated from the effects of *Lucorrhœa*, and *Nursing Sore Mouth*, that she could not lift her child or perform any household labor. Her medical treatment was varied according to the advice and prescriptions of the most eminent physicians, until *our skill* was exhausted in useless efforts. She became so very a skeleton, that at the time she commenced taking your Pulmonary Balsam she weighed no more than eighty-five pounds; but by the time she had taken *four bottles*, she became perfectly well. The cure is so perfect, that she is now enabled to do all necessary household work, and gained thirty pounds of flesh in four weeks. We assure you we can attribute her cure to nothing but Brant's Balsam, and cheerfully recommend its use to all laboring under any similar affliction.

Yours, truly, C. B. GALENTINE.

Z. S. TERRY, Esq., of Byron, wrote us at the same time that Mr. Galentine named above wrote, saying, that he was personally acquainted with Mr. and Mrs. Galentine, and that the above cure came under his own observation. He further adds, that he is acquainted with

A Dozen Other Cures

of various diseases, which were effected by *Brant's Indian Medicines*.

Mercurial Diseases.

There is another class of diseases which BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT, *perfectly purges* and *eradicates* from the system, WITHOUT ANY FAILURE. This class of diseases, when they become *constitutional*, are usually called *Mercurial*, because some physicians believe such cannot be cured, without the use of mercury. We will not name the disease, because from this description it will be understood.

DOCTORS AND PHYSICIANS RECOMMEND.

The following named *Doctors* and *Physicians* have highly recommended BRANT'S MEDICINES:—

Dr. N. HUBBARD, Stamford, Conn.
Dr. J. N. SMITH, Watertown, N. Y.
Dr. ROSSMAN, 132 Henry street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Dr. T. M. HUNT, Auburn, N. Y.
Dr. GEO. FRANCIS, Middletown, Conn.
Dr. GEO. A. ROGERS, Bath, N. Y.
Dr. S. WHITE, Fredonia, N. Y.
Dr. C. B. GALENTINE, Byron, N. Y.
Dr. J. O. SHIPMAN, Fayetteville, N. Y.
Dr. J. SKINNER, Henry st., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Dr. O. SHIPMAN, Cortland, N. Y.

Agents—ABEL TURRELL, Montrose; H. Burritt, New Milford; Smiley & Curtis, E. Gibson; T. P. Badger, Lanesboro'; Gilman & Young, Great Bend; Edwin Tiffany, Brooklyn; Johnston & Verry Harford; G. M. Gamblo, Dundaff; Lawrence & Edwards, Lenox; Lathrop & Salisbury, Springville. 8-1y

To Watch Makers.

THE subscriber has given up the busines of Watch repairing, and having a suitable place with tools and materials on hand, would offer a good chance for some young man of good character, and being a good workman, to engage in the business. Address the subscriber at Montrose.

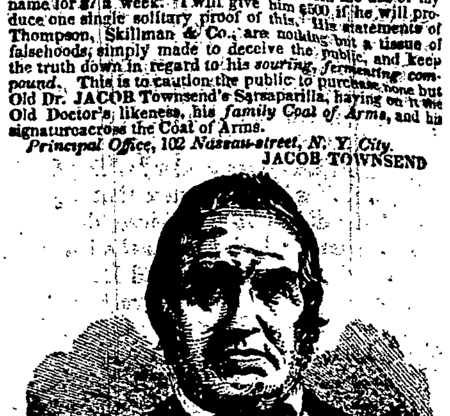
Dec. 25, 1849. N. MITCHELL.

TRICKS OF QUACKS.

LET EVERYBODY READ THIS CAREFULLY.—There is a Sarsaparilla for sale in the different towns called S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla. It is advertised as the ORIGINAL, GENUINE, and all that. This Townsend is no doctor, and never was; but was formerly a worker on railroads, canals, and the like—yet he assumes the title of Doctor for the purpose of gaining credit for what he is not. He says "he has attended two medical schools, and practiced for fifteen years!" Now the truth is, he never practiced medicine a day in his life! Such *wilful, wicked* misrepresentation looks bad to the character and veracity of the man. I wish most sincerely, he had never made those statements of himself or of me. When will men learn to be honest and truthful in all their dealings and intercourse with their fellow men! He applied to one Roel Clapp to assist him in manufacturing his mixture, stating the large sums he would make, as an inducement to embark in the business. These men have been insulting and libelling me in all possible forms, in order to impress the public with the belief that the Old Doctor's Sarsaparilla was not the *genuine, original Sarsaparilla*, made from the *Old Doctor's Original Recipe*. This S. P. Townsend says I have sold the use of my name for $7 a week. I will give him $500 if he will produce one single solitary proof of this. His statements of Thompson, Skillman & Co., are nothing but a tissue of falsehoods, simply made to deceive the public, and keep the truth down in regard to his *souring, fermenting compound*. This is to caution the public to purchase none but Old Dr. JACOB Townsend's Sarsaparilla, having on it the Old Doctor's likeness, his *family Coat of Arms*, and his signature across the Coat of Arms.

Principal Office, 102 *Nassau-street, N. Y. City.*

JACOB TOWNSEND



Old Dr. Jacob Townsend,

THE ORIGINAL DISCOVERER OF THE

Genuine Townsend Sarsaparilla.

Old Dr. Townsend is now about 70 years of age, and has long been known as the *AUTHOR* and *DISCOVERER* of the *GENUINE ORIGINAL "TOWNSEND SARSAPARILLA."* Being poor, he was compelled to limit its manufacture, by which means it has been kept out of market, and the sales circumscribed to those only who had proved its worth, and known its value. It had reached the ears of many, nevertheless, as those persons who had been healed of sore diseases, and saved from death, proclaimed its wonderful

HEALING POWER.

This GRAND AND UNEQUALLED PREPARATION is manufactured on the largest scale, and is called for throughout the length and breadth of the land, especially as it is found incapable of degeneration or deterioration.

Unlike young S. P. Townsend's, it improves with age, and never changes but for the better; because it is prepared on *scientific principles* by a *scientific man*. The highest knowledge of Chemistry, and the latest discoveries of the art, have all been brought into requisition in the manufacture of the Old Dr's Sarsaparilla. The Sarsaparilla root, it is well known to medical men, contains many medicinal properties, and some properties which are inert or useless, and others, which if retained in preparing it for use, produce *fermentation* and *acid*, which is injurious to the system. Some of the properties of Sarsaparilla are so volatile that they entirely evaporate and are lost in the preparation, if they are not preserved by a *scientific process*, known only to those experienced in its manufacture. Moreover, these *volatile principles*, which fly off in vapor, or as an exhalation, under heat, are the very *essential medical properties* of the root, which give to it all its value.

Any person can boil or stew the root till they get a dark colored liquid, which is more from the coloring matter in the root than from anything else; they can then strain this insipid or vapid liquid, sweeten with sour molasses, and then call it "SARSAPARILLA EXTRACT or SYRUP." But such is not the article known as the

GENUINE OLD DR JACOB TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA.

This is so prepared that all the inert properties of the Sarsaparilla root are first removed, everything capable of becoming acid or fermentation is extracted and rejected; then every particle of medical virtue is secured in a pure and concentrated form; and thus it is rendered incapable of losing any of its valuable and healing properties. Prepared in this way, it is made the most powerful agent in the

Cure of Innumerable Diseases.

Hence the reason why we hear commendations on every side in its favor by men, women, and children. We find it doing wonders in the cure of *CONSUMPTION, DYSPEPSIA*, and *LIVER COMPLAINT*, and in *RHEUMATISM, SCROFULA, PILES, COSTIVENESS*, all *CUTANEOUS ERUPTIONS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES* and all affections arising from

IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

It possesses a marvellous efficacy in all complaints arising from *Indigestion*, from *Acidity of the Stomach*, from unequal circulation, determination of blood to the head, palpitation of the heart, cold feet and hands, cold chills and hot flashes over the body. It has not its equal in *Colds* and *Coughs*; and promotes easy expectoration and gentle perspiration, relaxing strictures of the lungs, throat and every other part.

But in nothing is its excellence more manifestly seen and acknowledged than in all kinds and stages of

FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

It works wonders in cases of *Fluor Albus* or *Whites*, *Falling of the Womb, Obstructed, Suppressed*, or *Painful Menses, Irregularity* of the menstrual periods, and the like; and is effectual in curing all the forms of *Kidney Diseases*.

By removing obstructions, and regulating the general system, it gives tone and strength to the whole body, and thus cures all forms of

Nervous Diseases and Debility,

and thus prevents or relieves a great variety of other maladies, as *Spinal irritation, Neuralgia, St. Vitus' Dance, Swooning, Epileptic Fits, Convulsions, &c.*

It cleanses the blood, excites the liver to healthy action, tones the stomach, and gives good digestion, relieves the bowels of torpor and constipation, allays inflammation, purifies the skin, equalizes the circulation of the blood, producing gentle warmth equally all over the body, and the insensible perspiration; relaxes strictures and tightness, removes all obstructions, and invigorates the entire nervous system. Is not this then

The Medicine you pre-eminently need?

But can any of these things be said of S. P. Townsend's inferior article? This young man's liquid is not to be

COMPARED WITH THE OLD DR'S,

because of one GRAND FACT, that the one is INCAPABLE of DETERIORATION, and

NEVER SPOILS,

while the other DOES: *souring, fermenting*, and *blowing the bottles* containing it into fragments; the sour, acid liquid exploding, and damaging other goods! Must not this horrible compound be poisonous to the system?—*What! put acid into a system already diseased with acid?* What causes Dyspepsia but acid? Do we not all know that when food sours in our stomachs, what mischief it produces!—flatulence, heartburn, palpitation of the heart, liver complaint, diarrhœa, dysentery, colic, and corruption of the blood? What is Scrofula but an acid humor in the body? What produces all the humors which bring on Eruptions of the Skin, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, White Swellings, Fever Sores, and all ulcerations internal and external? It is nothing under heaven but an acid substance, which sours, and thus spoils all the fluids of the body, more or less. What causes Rheumatism but a sour and acid fluid which insinuates itself between the joints and elsewhere, irritating and inflaming the delicate tissues upon which it acts? So of nervous diseases, of impurity of the blood, of deranged circulation, and nearly all the ailments which afflict human nature.

Now is it not horrible to make and sell, and *infinitely worse* to use this

SOURING, FERMENTING, ACID "COMPOUND" OF S. P. TOWNSEND,

and yet he would fain have it understood that Old Dr. Jacob Townsend's *Genuine Original Sarsaparilla*, is an IMITATION of his inferior preparation!!

Heaven forbid that we should deal in an article which would bear the most distant resemblance to S. P. Townsend's *article!*

We wish it understood, because it is the *absolute truth*, that S. P. Townsend's article and old Dr. Jacob Townsend's Sarsaparilla are *heaven-wide apart, and infinitely dissimilar;* that they are unlike in every particular, having not one single thing in common.

As S. P. Townsend is no doctor, and never was, is no chemist, no pharmaceutist—knows no more of medicine or disease than any other common, unscientific, unprofessional man; what *guarantee* can the public have that they are receiving a genuine scientific medicine, containing all the virtues of the articles used in preparing it, and which are incapable of changes which might render them the AGENTS of Disease instead of health?

But what else should be expected from one who knows nothing comparatively of medicine or disease? It requires a person of some experience to cook and serve up even a common decent meal. How much more important is it that the persons who manufacture medicine designed for

WEAK STOMACHS AND ENFEEBLED SYSTEMS,

should know well the medical properties of plants, the best manner of securing and concentrating their healing virtues, also an extensive knowledge of the various diseases which affect the human system, and how to adapt remedies to these diseases!

It is to arrest frauds upon the unfortunate, to pour balm into wounded humanity, to kindle hope in the despairing bosom, to restore health, and bloom, and vigor into the crushed and broken, and to banish infirmity that OLD DR. JACOB TOWNSEND has SOUGHT and FOUND the opportunity and means to bring his

Grand Universal Concentrated Remedy

within the reach, and to the knowledge of all who need it that they may learn and know, by joyful experience, its

Transcendant Power to Heal.

ABEL TURRELL, Agent for Susquehanna.

Buffalo Robes, Furs, Caps, &c.

A SUPERIOR assortment of Black and Fancy Muffs, Boas and Victorines, Silk Plush, Cloth, Fur and Hair Caps, of New styles, Napped and California Wool Hats, and a splendid lot of No. 1 and 2 Buffalo Robes just received and will be sold at very low prices by H. BURRITT.

New Milford, Nov. 13, 1849.