FARMERS' DEPARTMENT.

From Mapes' American Farmer.

Good News for Agriculturists.

Since writing our article on the Home department of our Government, lately established at Washington, and after it was in type, we learned from a friend just returned from Washington that the President had expressed similar views to those set forth in that article. Should this Department associate with it a bureau on agriculture, we may hope that the best interests of a majority of our citizens may at least receive a passing notice from the legislative councils of the nation.—May we not hope that such a bureau would suggest to Congress that premiums should be offered for improvements in agricultural implements—that lectures should be delivered on agriculture and its importance, during the sessions of Congress, in the Smithsonian Institute—that premiums should be offered for the best essays on agriculture—that our foreign consuls should be instructed to make arrangements for international exchanges of seeds, grafts, &c. &c.—that public fairs should be held annually, at or near the seat of Government, for the purpose of emulation and interchange of agricultural information—that a portion of the public lands should be given to each of the States for the purpose of establishing an agricultural college and experimental farm—that seeds and scions should be sent by mail at newspaper postage—and finally, that liberal appropriations be made for publishing facts connected with agriculture, which might be collated by the Home Department. With such a source for the dissemination of useful facts, we should cease to hear of the perpetration of stupid errors in culture, prostrating a nation's strength, and rendering half the blessings showered upon us by Providence valueless.

We understand that General Taylor is anxious to have *all* the recommendations of Washington, which have escaped after legislation, at least considered, if not adopted; and therefore we are not surprised that he should wish to see this Home Department carried to its legitimate use.

Had agriculture received the attention it deserved since the days of Washington, and been fostered as recommended by him, we could now have welcomed strangers to our eastern shores, to have assisted in the cultivation of improved farms for the supply of markets of our Pacific States.

Pure Water the best for Drink.

There is no axiom of health more just than that "men never have a true appetite unless they eat with relish any ordinary food." It is told of John Bailes, who lived to the age of one hundred and twenty eight, that his food for the most part consisted of brown bread and cheese, and his drink water and milk. He had buried the town of Northampton twenty times over, excepting three or four; and it is said strong drink killed them all. Water manifestly is the natural beverage of all animals; whole nations, as the Mahometans and the Hindoos, use it alone as a beverage; and unlike other drink, it will not sate the appetite, but the contrary; indeed it was observed by Hippocrates, above two thousand years ago, that water-drinkers had generally keen appetites. It is a fluid that requires no digestion, for it is not necessary that it should undergo any changes; it is the natural menstrum that holds in solution both what is essential for the healthy functions of the body, and what has become a refuse, after serving its destined office and attention in the animal kingdom. Water therefore, from its congenial qualities, can never much disturb the system; and when it does, it is speedily expelled by its natural outlets the skin and kidneys. It is told of Lord Heathfield, so well known for his hardy habits of discipline and watchfulness, that his food was vegetables and his drink water, never indulging himself in animal food or wine. And Sir John Sinclair in his work on longevity, says, in his account of Mary Campbell, then aged one hundred and five, that she preferred water to any other drink.

IMPROVEMENT IN MAKING FLOUR.—Mr. P. Bonall, of Tecumseh, Michigan, has recently made an improvement in the process of manufacturing Flour, which is claimed to be valuable. The Indiana State Journal publishes the following extracts from a letter written by Mr. B. in reply to inquiries made by him in reference to the improvement:

My "improved process of milling" concists in separating the starch part of the wheat from the glutinous matter, and submitting the latter to a second grinding. The way it is effected is by placing an auxiliary run of stones so as to receive the entire body of the "offal," on its passage from the upper or merchant bolts. The stones are fitted to run from 300 to 400 revolutions per minute, and the feeding of the stuffs made uniform and perfect by a very simple combination of machinery.

After the "offal" is thus ground or severely scoured, it is then passed into the lower reels or dusters, when the flour is taken out and sent to the "cooler," or first bolts, to be uniformly mixed in regular proportions, with the superfine flour, and the remainder separated for feed.

MICHIGAN WHEAT.—The wheat cut in the 6 counties of Washtenaw, Lennawee, Kalamazoo, Monroe, Jackson and Calhoun, this year amounted to 1,990,278 bushels, and all other grains, 2,730,884 bushels.—The quantity of flour ground in them was 1,778 barrels, and the amount of sugar made, 342,448 pounds.

MAGAGNT OF SHEEP.—I have often been amused by the perfect knowledge which they have of the boundaries of the farm to which they belong. From being frequently driven back when found wandering, they soon learn the exact boundary lines within which they are left in peace both by the shepherd and his dog.—*St. John's Note Book.*

About Orchards.

MANAGEMENT OF YOUNG APPLE ORCHARDS.—The following mode of treatment of a young apple orchard, transplanted in the spring of 1848, by which all lived and made a vigorous growth, has been furnished by J. TALCOTT, of Rome, N. Y.

Last year the ground was planted with potatoes; in the fall, after the crop was off, it had a heavy top dressing of horse manure drawn from the village and plowed under. The trees were earthed up to protect them from mice. This spring, the ground was cross plowed, and it is now sown to carrots, parsnips, onions, and some beans planted among them; the ground has been forked around the trees for a circle of about five feet. They are making a fine growth. The stems have been washed with diluted soft soap.

A PROFITABLE ORCHARD.—The *American Agriculturist* says; "A gentleman within our knowledge has a small orchard on the Hudson river, of less than seven acres, which produces from $500 to $750 worth of apples annually. This is not one year of plenty, and another or two of famine, but is a regular, steady, average yield. All this is secured by the simplest process, viz: good management."

ANOTHER.—An old orchard of four acres had not been plowed for nearly thirty years, and was regarded by the neighbors as worthless. It did not yield more than eight barrels a year. It was well plowed, and thoroughly manured for three successive years, and cultivated with crops. It then produced *two hundred and eighty barrels of apples.*

Planting Chesnuts.

At a late Farmers' meeting in New York, Mr. RICE, speaking of planting for Chesnut timber remarked, that he plowed up a tract of unproductive hill-side, several years ago, and planted it with chesnuts, in rows four feet apart every way. The first sprouts coming up rather crooked and scrubby, he went over the field and cut them down close to the ground, which caused new sprouts to shoot up straight and vigorous. The trees are very thrifty, completely shade the ground, and grow more and more rapidly as the soil becomes strengthened by the annual deposit of leaves. So well satisfied is he with the experiment, that he is now placing *other* worthless lands in a similar course of improvement.

Shoe Business in Lynn Mass.

The shoe business is the life of Lynn.—Only women's, misses', and children's shoes are made here. Engaged in the business there are of manufacturers, or men who "carry on the business" 78; cutters, or men who "cut out" the shoes, 175; of men and boys employed in making shoes, 2,458; of men and boys so employed, but living out of town, 900; women and girls employed in binding shoes, 4,925; of the same so employed and living out of town, 1600; making of employees an aggregate of 10,058. The number of men and boys employed in making shoes is more than seventy per cent larger now than it was in 1842. The increase in the number of women and girls employed in binding shoes has, we presume been correspondingly great. But it should be stated that the shoe business in 1842 was unusually depressed: that much less of it was done during last, than will probably be done during the present year. The number of pairs of shoes made during the last year was 3,199,000; the number purchased from other towns 350,000, making in all 3,540,000 pairs. The cost of the material of these was $1,435,545; that of making them $957,030; making the cost of the 3,54,000 pairs of shoes to have been $2392,575. The cost of making shoes is now about one-sixth less than it was a dozen years ago.—*Lynn Examiner.*

HOW MUCH SEED PER ACRE.—One and a half bushels of rye; do. of wheat; three bushels of oats; and two and a half bushels of barley, are believed to be fair quantities for hand sowing. Englishmen sow more seed than we do. Some of us sow four bushels of oats, and some but two. Some sow two bushels of barley. When grass seed is sown among the grain, it is not good to have the grain very thick. Plaster ought to be sown early in April, and then it may be expected to operate for three years.—When it is not sown till June, it will not have much effect the first season.

CREAM AND BUTTER.—From microsopic observation it has been found that cream consists of the globules of the milk, which rise to the surface from their lightness, and which contain the butter, in the form of pulp enveloped in a white, thin and elastic pellicle. The action of the churn is nothing more than the rupture of this pellicle, the fragments whereof whiten the liquid called buttermilk. The acidity of buttermilk arises at the instant when butter is formed, from the immediate contact of the butter with acid principles of the milk.

TALL GRASS.—Captin John Coates Jones, of Montgomery, Md., has a stalk of Timothy grown on his "Clean" Farm, that measures five feet four inches in length, the head of which measures 11 inches in length.

Reliable Testimony.

WASHINGTON, North Carolina.

MR. FOWLE—*Dear Sir*: "Mr. Hervy Hill, whose certificate is given below, is one of our most respectable and honest farmers, and his wife now enjoys good health. Very respectfully yours,

WM. A. SHAW, M. D."

Beaufort county, North Carolina,
Chocowinity, near Washington, 12th August, 1847.

The undersigned, feeling grateful for the relief afforded by the use of *DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM of WILD CHERRY*, deems that it is but an act of justice to say, that *but for the use of that valuable remedy*, his wife, long afflicted with what she and all others considered *consumption*, would have been, ere this, in her grave. But all the dangerous and unpleasant symptoms have been removed by the use of a few bottles, and she now attends to her daily avocations as usual.

HERVY HILL.

For sale by ABEL TURRELL, Montrose.

New Goods.

ABEL TURRELL

HAS just returned from the city of New York with a well-selected and desirable assortment of *Goods*, comprising a greater variety than is usually kept in a country store, bought exclusively for *cash down* at the *lowest rates*, for the quality of goods, and will be sold as *cheap* as the *cheapest.*

The best quality of Sugar at 6 d. per pound to be found in Susquehanna county. Fine flavored Teas, a good variety. Molasses, good and cheap. Coffee of the best kind. Spices of every description. Saleratus, Raisins, Rice, Fish, and all other kinds of Groceries, good and cheap.

Calicoes from 4 to 12½ cts. per yard; Ginghams, Mouslin de Lanes, Alpaccas, Plaids, Diaper, &c. &c. Sheeting of best quality and some very low, Shirting, brown and bleached; Vestings, Handkerchiefs, Kentucky Jeans, Mixed Denims, Corduroy, Moleskin, Cassimere, Linens, &c. &c.; Broadcloths from $2 to $4 per yard.

Ladies and gentlemen's Gloves and Hosiery Umbrellas, Combs, Brushes, Silk, Thread, Twist, Buttons, Suspenders, Batting, Wadding, Cotton Yarn, Steel Goods, Combs, and a general assortment of Yankee notions.

Clocks, Watches, Gold, Steel and Brass Watch Keys, Gold and Silver Pencils, Gold Pens, Thimbles, Ladies and Gentlemen's Gold Bosom Pins, Ear Hoops, Finger Rings, &c. &c., embracing a general assortment of Jewelry. Spectacles with silver bows, Silver Plated, German Silver, &c., Silver and other kinds of Spoons.

Violins, Violin Bows and Strings, Flutes, Fifes, Clarinets, Accordeons, &c., Instruction Books, Tuning Forks, Base Viol Strings and Bows.

Hardware, Cutlery, Pails and Tubs, Stone Ware &c. Good Linseed Oil, and paints of every description, Varnish, Sp'ts. Turpentine, and Paint Brushes, Nails, Glass, Sash and Putty.

A general and complete assortment of

Drugs and Medicines:

Medical Instruments, Trusses, Supporters &c. Physicians, supplied with good articles on moderate terms. Choice Liquors for medicinal purposes and the arts; Dye Stuffs &c.

Glass ware of every description. Lamp Oils, Tanners Oil, Candles, Candle Wick, Candle Sticks, Snuffers, Trays, Lamps &c.

Haying Tools, Hoes, Shovels, Axes and Helves, Baskets, Clothes Pins, Brooms, Boot Blacking, &c. &c. &c.

Boots, Shoes, Upper Leather, Mirrors, Tea Bells, Tobacco of all sorts, Pipes, Snuff, Candy, Sponge, Glue, Rosin, Salts, Alum, Copperas, Indigo, Mace, Tapioca, Arrow Root &c. Essential Oils and Essences of all kinds Patent medicines of every description. Blasting Powder and Safety-Fuse, Rifle Powder, Bar Lead, Shot, Percussion Caps, Pistols &c.

The public are invited to call and examine the quality and prices of goods.

ABEL TURRELL.

Montrose, June 13, 1849.

Jewelry, Clock and Watch establishment:

HAVE you the *True* time? If not, you can have it by calling at the first door above the Stage Hotel, where repairing and adjusting Lever, Cylinder, Escapement, and common Watches and all kinds of time keepers, Jewelry and Musical Instruments, &c. are done in a style that cannot fail to suit the most fastidious. All warranted to perform according to the quality of the article.

Just received, a good assortment of fashionable Jewelry and Watches, which will be replenished every two months, consisting of gold and silver Lever and Lepine Watches, Quartiers, &c., from 7 to 80 dollars, silver Table and Tea Spoons, Gold Rings, Ear Hoops, Cluster, Jet and Stone Pins, Wristlets, Silver and Gold Pencils, Gold Pens, Pen Knives, Scissors, Silver Thimbles, Gold, Silk and Steel Chains, do. Keys, Card Cases, Letter Folders, Tooth Picks and Brushes, and many other useful and ornamental articles, which will be sold very cheap for old and new silver and gold.

Pay down and small profits is my motto.

Montrose, May 30, 1849. WM. W. TRUE.

Crockery and Glass.

WE have received a large addition to our stock of Crockery and Glass Ware, which will be sold at extremely low prices; many articles same as New York wholesale prices, and some even less. A large lot of Printed covered Dishes at 44 cents each—250 setts of Flowing Blue, Light Blue, White Granite, and common cups and saucers,—much lower than they are sold generally

ALSO,

A very superior lot of Novascotia Grind-stones, with regard to both shape and grit, very cheap.

U. BURROWS & CO.

Gibson, June 29, 1849.

Jewelry--at Turrell's.

LADIES and Gentlemen's Gold Bosom Pins Finger Rings, Ear Hoops, Gold Pencils and Pens, Silver Spoons, spectacles of every description; gold and silver cased Watches, Chains and Keys; Musical Instruments, Violins, Accordeons, Flutes, Fifes, Clarinets, etc. Pistols and all sorts of Yankee Notions, and nearly every thing usually kept in a country store—*Cheap* for *Cash.*

[See advertisement in another column.]

Montrose, July 10, 1849.

Dissolution.

THE Partnership under the firm of B. R. L. & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

B. R. LYONS.
J. D. LYONS.
S. A. LYONS.

Lanesboro, July 11, 1849.

Those indebted to the late firm of B. R. Lyons & Co., will please to call at the Captain's office and pay their fare. All the business of the late firm will be settled by *B. R. LYONS.*

Lanesboro, July 11, 1849.

The business for the future will be continued under the firm of Lyons & Chandler.

B. R. LYONS.
F. B. CHANDLER.

Lanesboro, July 11, 1849.

New Arrangement.

C. BALDWIN would tender thanks to his friends for past favors, and would inform them that he has sold out the Saloon, Eating and Drinking department, and trusts the business will be kept up in good style, and that he has taken the other room on the east side, next to M. S. Wilson's store, where he has opened a front Shop for his Baking and Candy business, wholesale and retail

Montrose, July 18, 1849. C. BALDWIN.

Baking and Candy Business

CARRIED on by C. Baldwin in all its various branches. Bread, Rolls, Rusk and Ginger Bread, Cookies, Crackers, &c., kept on hand for wholesale and retail. Candies got up in the very best style, New York not excepted. Pyramid and all other fancy Confectioneries, got up in good style, and kept on hand for wholesale and retail. Please call on

C. BALDWIN.

Montrose, July 18, 1849.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Ware House.

HERRICK & SCUDDER, 95 William st., New York, Manufacturers, Importers, and Dealers in *Shirts, Dressing Robes, Linen Collars, Stocks Shoulder Braces, Cravats, Opera Ties, Scarfs, Money Belts, Linen Bosoms, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Bucles, Suspenders, Bombazines, &c. &c.*

The above stock will, on examination, be found not only Attractive, Extensive and Full, but *Cheap*

Our long experience in the business and knowledge of manufacturing, are such that we are confident we can offer inducements that cannot be surpassed by any House in the city.

Particular attention paid to orders and the packing of goods.

HERRICK & SCUDDER.
95 William *Street,*
(Opposite Platt Street, New York.)

DAVID A. HERRICK. ISRAEL W. SCUDDER

Village Lots for Sale.

THE subscriber offers lots for sale in the township of Great Bend in the village of *Greenville*, and directly opposite the village of Great Bend, located on the Depot of the New York and Erie railroad, and the Great Bend and Cochecton Turnpike, in the valley of the Susquehanna river. The railroad crossing the said turnpike, thence running in a curved line nearly parallel with the same at the distance of a few hundred feet, with the grounds gradually rising above railroad and turnpike, overlooking the river and the beautiful valley, compared with its healthy climate, renders it a most desirable location for building purposes.—The depot ground of the railroad company being located in the centre of a rich and extensive agricultural district, surrounding it on every side with its many roads centering in, and all other advantages combined, afford every advantage to a business population.

An Extensive Water Power

can be brought from the Susquehanna river, adjoining the depot grounds of the said rail road, sufficient for the erection of all manufacturing establishments, or any machinery required.

Great Bend, 52yl L. GREEN.

N. Y. & E. Railroad Freight Line.

Stephens and Thompson's Forwarding Line from Great Bend—Capt. J. W. Thompson.

STEPHENS & THOMPSON will forward freight from Great Bend to New York by Railroad every

Tuesday and Thursday

by the regular freight line which leaves Great Bend every morning at 8 o'clock and 30 minutes.

George W. Stephens will remain at Great Bend and forward all produce entrusted to this Company and pay the returns for the same at the railroad office. Capt. J. W. Thompson will remain in New York and give his personal attention to the sales and make returns as soon as the produce is disposed of. This company flatter themselves by having a salesman in New York who has been in the freighting business for a number of years from Orange county, that they can give as good satisfaction as any on the railroad. A liberal advance will be made on freight delivered at the depot if desired.

GEO. W. STEPHENS, Great Bend,
J. W. THOMPSON, New York.

Great Bend, a3

New Hat and Cap Store.

THE citizens of Montrose and vicinity are respectfully informed that the subscribers have commenced the manufacture of Hats and Caps, two doors below the Farmer's Store, where they keep constantly on hand and for sale, a general assortment of *Hats and Caps* of every variety and price. All who wish to purchase a first rate article in our line, are particularly invited to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. Our stock consists of Beaver, Nutria, Brush, Moleskin, Silk, Muskrat and Coney Hats; also, California, Sporting, Wool, Leghorn, Straw and Palmleaf Hats, &c. &c., besides a great variety of Men and Boys' Cloth and Glazed Caps, children fancy do. &c. &c.—in short, a large assortment of almost every article in our line.

By a strict attention to business and a desire to please, we hope to merit and receive a liberal support, and assure those in want of Hats and Caps that every effort will be made to get up the neatest and best kind of an article.

May 1, 1849. ELDRED & NEWCOMB.

Sold this side of California!

TO BE SAVED BY TRADING CHEAP.

Grocery, Confectionary and Oyster Saloon.

THE railroad being completed, I now have, and keep a general assortment of groceries cheap—such as sugars, molasses, rice, coffee and teas, of prices and quality such as will please. Also, nuts, raisins, candy and all kinds of fruit the market can furnish my buyers to suit. Also, fresh clams and oysters received in the shell, fresh fish too, this weather—they keep very well—I shall get by the railroad a weekly supply—to please all my customers' tastes I shall try. Good oysters on hand, by the keg or the dish—served up either raw or cooked, as you wish. All needed refreshments prepared at a wink—call in, all ye hungry, and plank down the *chink.* WM. F. BRADLEY.

Great Bend, Feb. 13.

Eagle Steam Foundry & Machine Shop

IN FULL BLAST.

WE would respectfully invite the attention of all those who may be in want of Machinery or Castings of any pattern, Mill Geerings, Ploughs of various patterns, Straw Cutters, Cooking, Parlor & shop stoves, Iron & stove Ware, shingle Machines, Wood & Engine Lathes, steam Engines, Boilers, Iron Fences, &c. &c., to give us a call, as we are confident we can suit the most fastidious. All work done at our Foundry warranted.

Proprietors,

WM. JESSUP,
B. R. LYONS,
WM. J. MULFORD,
F. B. CHANDLER,
M. S. WILSON,
B. S. BENTLEY,
O. G. BARTLETT.
} LYONS & CO.

Eagle Foundry, Montrose, (Pa.) July 4, 1849.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

Freight and Comission Line,

Via. New York and Erie Rail Road.

CAPT. L. O. Tiffany and Walter Follet have formed a partnership for the transportation of freight and produce of all kinds, between Great Bend and New York by the Railroad, by the regular Freight line, which leaves Great Bend every morning at 8½ o'clock.

Captain Tiffany, who has been for a number of years engaged in the purchase and sale of produce in the New York markets, will remain in New York and give his personal attention to the disposal of all property committed to our care, and make returns as soon as the property is disposed of.

Mr. Follet will be at Montrose and Great Bend alternately. Orders for the transportation of Freight, may be sent to him at either place, and will receive prompt attention. Our charges over the regular freight will be a small commission.

L. O. TIFFANY.

Montrose, May 9, '49. WALTER FOLLET.

Just Received

AT the MONTROSE BOOK STORE, *Binn's Magistrates' Companion, Dunlop's Forms, Constable's Guide.* May 29, 1849.

New Grocery Store.

One door South of Mills & Knapp's in the (Store formerly occupied by W. M. Post.)

THE subscriber has received a large and extensive stock of

Groceries,

consisting of Teas, Sugars, Molasses, Coffee, Tobacco, Rice, Ground Spices and Pepper, Starch, Cloves, Saleratus, Ginger, Nutmegs, Indigo, Cigars, Chocolate, Sperm and tallow Candles, Codfish, Mackerel by the barrel, half and quarter barrel and kits, Herring by the box, Raisins by the box or pound, Salt by the sack or barrel, Clocks, stone Ware, Willow Ware, Flour, Pork, &c. &c. &c. Wholesale dealer in all kinds of

Wines and Liquors.

He *can* and *will* sell his goods *cheaper* than they can be bought at any other store in Montrose, reader, if you don't believe it give us a call and we'll convince you. Don't forget the place.

ERASTUS ROSS.

Montrose, June 28, 1849 n26tf

Ploughs.

A FULL assortment of Ploughs of the most approved patterns of Montrose and Binghamton manufacture, and castings, just received and for sale at reduced prices by H. BURRITT.

New Milford, April 10, 1849. n17tf

Cheap Sugar!

A Good quality of *Portorico Sugar*, dry and light colored, at 6¼ cts. per pound.

June 15. U. BURROWS & CO.

TRICKS OF QUACKS.

LET EVERYBODY READ THIS CAREFULLY.—There is a Sarsaparilla for sale in the different towns called S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla. It is advertised as the ORIGINAL, GENUINE, and all that. This Townsend is no doctor and never was; but was formerly a worker on railroads, canals, and the like—yet he assumes the title of Doctor for the purpose of gaining credit for what he is not. He says "he has attended two medical schools, and practiced for fifteen years!" Now the truth is, he never practiced medicine a day in his life! Such *wilful, wicked* misrepresentation looks bad to the character and veracity of the man. I wish most sincerely, he had never made those statements of himself or of me. When will men learn to be honest and truthful in all their dealings and intercourse with their fellow men! He applied to one Ruel Clapp to assist him in manufacturing his mixture, stating the large sums he would make, as an inducement to embark in the business. These men have been insulting and libelling me in all possible forms, in order to impress the public with the belief that the Old Doctor's Sarsaparilla was not the *genuine, original Sarsaparilla*, made from the *Old Doctor's Original Receipe.* This S. P. Townsend says I have sold the use of my name for $7 a week. I will give him $500 if he will produce one single solitary proof of this. His statements of Thompson, Skillman & Co., are nothing but a tissue of falsehoods, simply made to deceive the public, and keep the truth down in regard to his *souring, fermenting compound.* This is to caution the public to purchase none but Old Dr. JACOB Townsend's Sarsaparilla, having on it the Old Doctor's likeness, his *family Coat of Arms*, and his signature across the Coat of Arms.

Principal Office, 102 *Nassau-street, N. Y. City.*

JACOB TOWNSEND.

Old Dr. Jacob Townsend,

THE ORIGINAL DISCOVERER OF THE

Genuine Townsend Sarsaparilla.

Old Dr. Townsend is now about 70 years of age, and has long been known as the *AUTHOR* and *DISCOVERER* of the *GENUINE ORIGINAL "TOWNSEND SARSAPARILLA."* Being poor, he was compelled to limit its manufacture, by which means it has been kept out of market, and the sales circumscribed to those only who had proved its worth, and known its value. It had reached the ears of many, nevertheless, as those persons who had been healed of sore diseases, and saved from death, uro claimed its wonderful

HEALING POWER.

This GRAND AND UNEQUALLED PREPARATION is manufactured on the largest scale, and is called for throughout the length and breadth of the land, especially as it is found incapable of degeneration or deterioration.

Unlike young S. P. Townsend's, it improves with age, and never changes but for the better; because it is prepared on *scientific principles* by a *scientific man.* The highest knowledge of Chemistry, and the latest discoveries of the art, have all been brought into requisition in the manufacture of the Old Dr's Sarsaparilla. The Sarsaparilla root, it is well known to medical men, contains many medicinal properties, and some properties which are inert or useless, and others, which if retained in preparing it for use, produce *fermentation* and *acid*, which is injurious to the system. Some of the properties of Sarsaparilla are so *volatile* that they entirely evaporate and are lost in the preparation, if they are not preserved by a *scientific process*, known only to those experienced in its manufacture. Moreover, these *volatile principles*, which fly off in vapor, or as an exhalation, under heat, are the very *essential medical properties* of the root, which give to it all its value.

Any person can boil or stew the root *till* they get a dark colored liquid, which is more from the coloring matter in the root than from anything else; they can then strain this insipid or rapid liquid, sweeten with sour molasses, and then call it "SARSAPARILLA EXTRACT or SYRUP." But such is not the article known as the

GENUINE OLD DR JACOB TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA.

This is so prepared that all the inert properties of the Sarsaparilla root are first removed, everything capable of becoming acid or fermentation is extracted and rejected; then every particle of medical virtue is secured in a pure and concentrated form; and thus it is rendered incapable of losing any of its valuable and healing properties. Prepared in this way, it is made the most powerful agent in the

Cure of Innumerable Diseases.

Hence the reason why we hear commendations on every side in its favor by men, women, and children. We find it doing wonders in the cure of

CONSUMPTION, DYSPEPSIA, and *LIVER-COMPLAINT*, and in *RHEUMATISM, SCROFULA, PILES, COSTIVENESS*, all *CUTANEOUS ERUPTIONS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES* and all affections arising from

IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

It possesses a marvellous efficacy in all complaints arising from *Indigestion*, from *Acidity of the Stomach*, from unequal circulation, determination of blood to the head, palpitation of the heart, cold feet and hands, cold chills and hot flashes over the body. It has not its equal in *Colds* and *Coughs*; and promotes easy expectoration and gentle perspiration, relaxing strictures of the lungs, throat and every other part.

But in nothing is its excellence more manifestly seen and acknowledged than in all kinds and stages of

FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

It works wonders in cases of *Fluor Albus* or *Whites, Falling of the Womb; Obstructed, Suppressed*, or *Painful Menses, Irregularity* of the menstrual periods, and the like; and is effectual in curing all the forms of *Kidney Diseases.*

By removing obstructions, and regulating the general system, it gives tone and strength to the whole body, and thus cures all forms of

Nervous Diseases and Debility,

and thus prevents or relieves a great variety of other maladies, as *Spinal irritation, Neuralgia, St. Vitus' Dance, Sizooning, Epileptic Fits, Convulsions, &c.*

It cleanses the blood, excites the liver to healthy action, tones the stomach, and gives good digestion, relieves the bowels of torpor and constipation, allays inflammation, purifies the skin, equalizes the circulation of the blood, producing gentle warmth equally all over the body, and the insensible perspiration; relaxes strictures and tightness, removes all obstructions, and invigorates the entire nervous system. Is not this then

The Medicine you pre-eminently need!

But can any of these things be said of S. P. Townsend's inferior article? This young man's liquid is not to be

COMPARED WITH THE OLD DR'S,

because of one GRAND FACT, that the one is INCAPABLE of DETERIORATION, and

NEVER SPOILS,

while the other DOES: *souring, fermenting*, and *blowing the bottles* containing it into fragments; the sour, acid liquid exploding, and damaging other goods! Must not this horrible compound be poisonous to the system?—*What! put acid into a system already diseased with acid?* What causes Dyspepsia but acid? Do we not all know that when food sours in our stomachs, what mischief it produces?—flatulence, heartburn, palpitation of the heart, liver complaint, diarrhœa, dysentery, colic, and corruption of the blood? What is Scrofula but an acid humor in the body? What produces all the humors which bring on Eruptions of the Skin, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, White Swellings, Fever Sores, and all ulcerations internal and external? It is nothing under heaven but an acid substance, which sours, and thus spoils all the fluids of the body, more or less. What causes Rheumatism but a sour and acid fluid which insinuates itself between the joints and elsewhere, irritating and inflaming the delicate tissues upon which it acts? So of nervous diseases, of impurity of the blood, of deranged circulation, and nearly all the ailments which afflict human nature.

Now is it not horrible to make and sell, and *infinitely worse* to use this

SOURING, FERMENTING, ACID "COMPOUND" OF S. P TOWNSEND!

and yet he would fain have it understood that Old Dr. Jacob Townsend's *Genuine Original Sarsaparilla*, is an IMITATION of his inferior preparation!!

Heaven forbid that we should deal in an article which would bear the most distant resemblance to S. P. Townsend's *article!*

We wish it understood, because it is the *absolute truth*, that S. P. Townsend's article and old Dr. Jacob Townsend's Sarsaparilla are *heaven-wide apart, and infinitely dissimilar*; that they are unlike in every particular, having not one single thing in common.

As S. P. Townsend is no doctor, and never was, is no chemist, no pharmaceutist—knows no more of medicine or disease than any other common, unscientific, unprofessional man, what *guarantee* can the public have that they are receiving a genuine scientific medicine, containing all the virtues of the articles used in preparing it, and which are incapable of changes which might render them the AGENTS of Disease instead of health?

But what else should be expected from one who knows nothing comparatively of medicine or disease? It requires a person of some experience to cook and serve up even a common decent meal. How much more important is it that the persons who manufacture medicine designed for WEAK STOMACHS AND ENFEEBLED SYSTEMS, should know well the medical properties of plants, the best manner of securing and concentrating their healing virtues, also an extensive knowledge of the various diseases which affect the human system, and how to adapt remedies to these diseases?

It is to arrest hands upon the unfortunate, to pour balm into wounded humanity, to kindle hope in the despairing bosom, to restore health, and bloom, and vigor into the crushed and broken, and to banish infirmity that OLD DR. JACOB TOWNSEND has SOUGHT and FOUND the opportunity and means to bring his

Grand Universal Concentrated Remedy

within the reach, and to the knowledge of all who need it that they may learn and know, by joyful experience, its

Transcendant Power to Heal.

ABEL TURRELL, Agent for Susquehanna Co.

Printed Lawns!

A LARGE lot of *Dress Lawns*, good styles and quality, at 12½ per yard, at the store of

June 15, 1849. U. BURROWS & CO.

STOVES.—Cooking Stoves, Air Tight, of the most approved kinds. Common do do. Parlor do. Russia Pipe, Common do., Stove Furniture, Sheet Zinc, &c., &c., at very low prices.

U. BURROWS & Co.

TRICKS OF QUACKS.

Read this Column carefully.

There is a Sarsaparilla for sale in the different towns called old Dr. Jacob Townsend's Sarsaparilla. It is advertised as the original, &c. This is a notorious falsehood. Dr. Townsend has expended over $200,000 the last eight years in advertising his Sarsaparilla, which has obtained a character and reputation throughout the United States, and a greater part of the world—the sale being enormous.

This excited the cupidity of certain unprincipled men and an old man who has been engaged in peddling cheap publications for a number of years, to make use of his name is Jacob Townsend. He applied to a number of men to get employment, or to sell the use of his name to put up Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, stating the large sales and sums we had expended in advertising as an inducement to embark in the business. Among others he applied to Charles Watrous, Esq. Editor of the Jamaica Farmer, who scorned such a proposition. Mr. H. G. ANDREWS, formerly one of the Proprietors of McALLISTER'S OINTMENT, RALPH POMEROY, formerly Cashier and Financier of the Broken Shin Plaster Bank, at Belleville, New Jersey, JOHN SKILLMAN, and WM. THOMPSON, under the name of THOMPSON, SKILLMAN & Co., have employed this old man, and agreed, as we understand, to pay him seven dollars per week, for the use of his name. These men have been lauding and libelling us in all possible forms in hopes we would notice them, and, thus bring them and their decoction into market. Let the public decide upon the course of these *honest and honorable men.*

DR. TOWNSEND'S

OFFICE MANUFACTORY

DR. TOWNSEND'S

COMPOUND EXTRACT OF

SARSAPARILLA.

The most extraordinary Medicine in the World!

This Extract is put up in Quart Bottles: it is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the Patient.

The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other medicines is, that while it eradicates the disease, it invigorates the body. It is one of the very best

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINES

ever known; it not only purifies the whole system and strengthens the person, but it creates new, pure and rich blood; a power possessed by no other medicine. And in this lies the grand secret of its wonderful success. It has performed within the last two years more than 100,000 cures of severe cases of disease; at least 15,000 were considered incurable. It has saved the lives of more than 10,000 children the past two seasons in the City of New York alone.

10,000 cases of General Debility and want of Nervous Energy.

Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla invigorates the whole system permanently. To those who have lost their muscular energy by the effects of medicine or indiscretion committed in youth or by the excessive indulgence of the passions, and brought on by physical prostration of the nervous system, lassitude, want of ambition, fainting sensations, premature decay and decline hastening towards that fatal disease Consumption, can be entirely restored by this pleasant remedy. This Sarsaparilla is far superior to any

Invigorating Cordial

As it renews and invigorates the system, gives activity to the limbs, and strength to the muscular system in a most extraordinary degree.

Consumption Cured.

Cleanse and Strengthen. Consumption can be cured, Bronchitis, Consumption, Liver Complaint, Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Asthma, Spitting Blood, Soreness in the Chest, Hectic Flush, Night Sweats, Difficult or Profuse Expectoration, Pain in the Side, &c. have been and can be cured.

Spitting Blood.

New York, April 22, 1847.

DR. TOWNSEND.—I verily believe your Sarsaparilla has been the means, through Providence, of saving my life. I have for several years had a bad Cough. It became worse and worse. At last I raised large quantities of blood, had night sweats, and was greatly debilitated and reduced, and did not expect to live. I have only used your Sarsaparilla a short time, and there has a wonderful change been wrought in me. I am now able to walk all over the city. I raise no blood and my cough has left me. You can well imagine that I am thankful for these results. Your obedient servant,

WM. RUSSELL, 65 Catharine st.

Rheumatism.

This is only one of more than four thousand cases of Rheumatism that Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla has cured. The most severe and chronic cases are weekly eradicated by its extraordinary virtues.

James Cummings, Esq., one of the assistants in the Lunatic Asylum, Blackwell's Island, is the gentleman spoken of in the following letter.

Blackwell's Island, Sept. 14, 1847.

Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir: I have suffered terribly for nine years with the Rheumatism; considerable of the time I could not eat, sleep or walk. I had the most distressing pains, and my limbs were terribly swollen. I have used four bottles of your Sarsaparilla, and they have done me more than a thousand dollars worth of good. I am so much better—indeed I am entirely relieved. You are at liberty to use this for the benefit of the afflicted.

Yours respectfully, JAMES CUMMINGS