

TO ADVERTISERS:—The Democrat is an advertising medium...

JOB PRINTING:—Our office is supplied with four printing presses...

E. B. HAWLEY. W. C. CRUSER.

BUSINESS CARDS.

ATTORNEYS.

LITTLES AND BLAKESLEE, ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

F. I. LOTT, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

SCOVILL AND DEWITT, ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

EDGAR A. TURRELL, COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

A. O. WARREN, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

F. F. FITCH, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

W. M. A. CROSSON, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

W. D. LUSK, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

J. B. & A. H. MCCOLLUM, ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

E. O'NEILL, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

D. W. SEARLE, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

PHYSICIANS.

H. D. BALDWIN, M. D., HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

DR. W. L. RICHARDSON, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

E. E. SNYDER, M. D., HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

DENTISTS.

L. S. POTTER, DENTIST, WISHES TO inform the people...

DR. W. W. SMITH, DENTIST.—Rooms at his dwelling...

DRUGGISTS.

M. A. LYON, SUCCESSOR TO Abel Turrell, dealer in Drugs...

EAGLE DRUG STORE, IS THE place to get Drugs...

HOTELS.

VALLEY HOUSE, GREAT BEND, Pa. Situated near the Erie Railway Depot...

EXCHANGE HOTEL M. J. HARTINGTON wishes to inform the public...

MEAT MARKETS.

MONTROSE MEAT MARKET, Public Avenue. First-class meats always on hand...

THE PEOPLE'S MARKET, PHILIP Hahn, Proprietor. Fresh and Salted Meats...

SURVEYORS.

J. C. WHEATON, CIVIL ENGINEER AND LAND SURVEYOR.

PRINTING.

QUICK, CHEAP, Job Printing at this Office.

JOB PRINTING of all kinds at this Office at low prices.

JUSTICES AND OTHER BLANKS AT THIS OFFICE.

The Democrat.

STAND BY THE RIGHT AT ANY COST.

VOL. 34. MONTROSE, PA., JAN. 31, 1877. NO. 5.

MISCELLANEOUS CARDS.

A. W. COOLEY, BUILDER, STILL ON THE TRACK. Every style of buildings erected...

H. BURRITT, DEALER IN STAPLE AND Fancy Dry Goods, Crockery, Hardware...

W. A. TAYLOR will hereafter furnish to the people of Montrose and vicinity...

W. B. DEANS, DEALER IN Books, Stationery, Wall Paper, Newspapers...

BILLINGS STROUD, FIRE AND Life Insurance Agent. All business attended to promptly...

JOHN GROVES, FASHIONABLE Tailor, Montrose, Pa. Shop over Chandler's Store...

F. T. PURDY, MANUFACTURER of wagons of all kinds. Also makes a specialty of wood work for sale...

LOUIS KNOLL, SHAVING AND Hair Dressing. Shop in Seale's new building, below Express Office...

NEW MILFORD MACHINE SHOP. All kinds of machinery made, or furnished to order...

GRIFFIS & SAYRE, DEALERS IN Hardware, Iron, Nails, Housefurnishing Goods...

W. W. SMITH, CABINET AND Chair Manufacturers. Foot-11 Main Street, Montrose, Pa.

GILBERT S. JOHNSON, AUCTIONEER. Address, Montrose, Pa. March 29, 1876.

AMI ELY, AUCTIONEER. Address, Brooklyn, Pa. June 14, 1874.

BANKING.

BANKING HOUSE OF WM. H. COOPER & CO., MONTROSE, PA.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS DONE. COLLECTIONS MADE ON ALL POINTS AND PROMPTLY ACCOUNTED FOR AS HERETOFORE.

Domestic and Foreign Exchange for sale. United States and other Bonds bought and sold.

OCEAN STEAMER PASSAGE TICKETS TO AND FROM EUROPE.

INTEREST ALLOWED on special time Deposits, as per agreement. In the future, as in the past, we shall endeavor to transact all money business to the satisfaction of our patrons and correspondents.

WM. H. COOPER & CO., Bankers. Montrose, March 10 '75.—tf.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Montrose. CASH CAPITAL \$100,000. SURPLUS FUND, \$9,000.

REMOVED To their new and commodious Bank Building on Public Avenue.

Transacts the business of MERCHANTS, FARMERS, And Others.

"CORRESPONDENTS." New York, First National Bank; Philadelphia, Philadelphia National Bank.

WM. J. TURRELL, President. N. L. LENHEIM, Cashier. Montrose, March 25, 1876.

PRINTING.

NOTE THIS! We are doing all kinds of JOB PRINTING in a GOOD STYLE, and at LOWER PRICES THAN ELSEWHERE.

AT THIS OFFICE. N. B.—Blanks on hand or printed to order.

THE BEGINNING OF THE END.

The bill for the formation of a Commission to examine and count the electoral vote having passed both Houses of Congress and been signed by the President, has become a part of the law of the land...

By the provisions of the bill the Commission was to have been organized yesterday, and from appearances, then, would consist on the part of the Republicans of the House, of Garfield of Ohio, and Hoar of Mass.

The Democratic members not yet having been agreed upon. Bayard and Thurman will be chosen by the Democrats of the Senate and probably the Republicans will select Morton, Howe, and Edmunds.

The four judges mentioned in the bill, Clifford, Field, Miller, and Strong, are also to select a fifth. Then on Thursday at one o'clock, in the hall of the House of Representatives, President Ferry presiding, the votes will be counted.

The presiding officer will open the certificates in the alphabetical order of the States and pass them to the tellers, who will read them and make a list. In the case of but one return it is not probable that any objection will be made.

But in the case of double returns, Florida would present itself first for the action of the electoral commission. The two Houses will then dissolve the joint meeting and await the action of the commission.

If the decision in Florida's case is for Tilden, then all interest will be lost in Louisiana and Oregon, for the "rubber" will have been won. The strong point for Tilden in the first case before the commission is the decision of the Supreme Court of the State as to the manner of canvassing the vote.

It is an undoubted fact that if the vote should be canvassed as ordered by the Supreme Court, Tilden would have the electors. Proceeding in alphabetical order the next disputed state will be Louisiana where the Democratic cause is gaining strength daily.

In any event we are confident of being able to announce in our next, that the victory which was achieved by the Democrats on the 7th of November, is at last a fact accomplished. Since the above was written both Houses of Congress have agreed upon the members of the joint commission.

They are as follows: Senate: Messrs. Morton, Edmunds and Frelinghuysen Republicans, and Bayard and Thurman Democrats. House: Messrs. Payne, Huntton, and Abbott Democrats, and Garfield and Hoar, Republicans.

John A. Logan has gone to meet Boutwell, and their political demise, which is due to the same causes, will serve as a warning and example. They are both rascalous opponents of any honest and honorable plan of settling the electoral dispute, believing in the ability of the conspiracy to count in Hayes in spite of the protests of the majority of the people.

The election of Judge Hoar over Senator Boutwell by the Republican legislature of Massachusetts showed the unmistakable drift of public opinion, and the election of Judge Davis, the trusted friend of Lincoln, is an echo of the same mighty sentiment from the west. These two events prove that there is a point beyond which demagogues like Logan and Boutwell dare not go, in trifling with the public conscience.

The election of Judge Davis will probably remove him from the list from whom the fifth judicial member of the tribunal is to be selected. But this makes no difference. There are enough left. The Democrats are so strong in their faith in the integrity of the supreme court that they are willing to take any of its justices for arbitrators to settle this dispute, without regard to their present or past political relations.—Phil's Times.

Cameron and Morton admit that before a body of fair minded men the Democrats would have the best of it. That settles it.

SIMON'S OPPOSITION.

The Lancaster Intelligencer thus comments upon the speech of the venerable Senator from this state on the Conference Bill.

"The crisis in his fortunes which brought our ancient Simon to his feet in the senate, for a five minutes' speech was a grave one, and the old man's soul must have been deeply moved to animate him to such an unusual effort. The Senate had not, for years, been favored with such an exhibition. We remember that some two years ago, when he sought an appropriation to purchase a lot of ground in Harrisburg, on which to build a post office, Senator Cameron was moved to make a little speech. Senator Thurman had objected to the appropriation, and our senator arose to save it. He made so pathetic an appeal for the money for what he declared was the 'one ewe lamb' of his affections, that the astonished Thurman weakened and withdrew his objection. His last oratorical effort was prompted by a desire to save the many lambs whom our senator sheltered. The safety of his whole flock of sheep was in question. And, alas! he is powerless to save them; he can no longer succor even the ewe lambs, but live a brave old ram, he does what he can and gives them the benefit of his best eloquence and efforts.

Our senator frankly tells us why he does not like the committee's bill. It is, he says, because it is calculated to elect Tilden president. The venerable Winnebago is not troubled as to its constitutionality. It is quite enough for him to believe that it is a "notice to quit" to himself and all his weathers and rams and pet lambs. That it is that grieves him, as we have his own authority for declaring. He doesn't like it either because it is a compromise. He objects to compromises "because they are destructive to the party making them." He warns his fellow Republican senators of this fact which his long experience has taught him, and holds up before Senator Edmunds the fate of the author of the Missouri compromise, whom our Cameron declares to have been misled thereby. It does not occur to him perhaps that Senator Edmunds would have reason to be content with a fame such as that of Henry Clay. It is not conceivable to the Cameron mind that it is better to be right than to be president; to risk present gain for future honor. In their judgment the only aim of the politician should be the spoils of office. So incapable is our senator of conceiving that the people's representatives can be animated by any other motive in acting for them, that he declares that the five senators, five representatives and five judges, who are to be selected to determine the electoral vote will put all their sons-in-laws and relatives in office under the President whom their action puts into office.

With this notice of the spirit with which he would enter upon the commission, it is to be presumed that his fellow senators will not select him as one of their representatives therein. We trust that they will be able to find five of their number possessed of the antitype of the Cameron mind, and who are such born fools that they will incline to decide the matters submitted to them according to their duty and the right uninfluenced by considerations of its effect upon their fortunes or those of their sons. Perhaps, too, the judges who will sit on the commission are more foolish and honest than our senator thinks, and will return a conscientious verdict. We believe they are and that they will. Astounding as it is to the Cameron comprehension that fifteen men can be charged with a high duty, without betraying it for their own advantage, we believe that they exist in the Senate and House and on the bench, and that they will be found."

The editor of a Turkish journal at Constantinople has been whipped to death for telling the truth. Such a system would have few terrors for the average party organ in this glorious country.

Disolving views—The Hayes majorities in Florida and Louisiana. Now for an honest count.

The Harrisburg Patriot claims for the venerable senator from Pennsylvania the merit of opening a line of argument entirely unique. He opposed the bill for fear after its passage the judges of the supreme court will be hanging at the heels of the new president "asking for places for their sons and sons-in-law and cousins and other relations." Mr. Edmunds was clear and cogent; Mr. Morton was fervid and furious; Mr. Sherman was turbulent and turgid, and Mr. Conkling strong and suggestive, but to our own Cameron belongs the credit of doing to the heart of the matter. He spoke for the administration, and he contrived in one short sentence to lay bare the how, the why and wherefore of all that is sordid, tortuous and disgraceful in American politics. From the administration stand-point a more conclusive argument was never advanced than fell from the lips of Mr. Cameron.

The inland ice in Greenland is now encroaching on the land, though at one time it appears to have covered many portions of the country at present bare. This advance and retreat of the inland ice may be due to the change of climate, to the rapid advance of the ice from the interior, or to the rise and fall of the land. There are traditions that a great inlet once stretched across Greenland not far from Jakobshaven, as represented on some of the old maps, but that it has also now got choked up with consolidated bergs. In former times the natives used to speak of pieces of timber drifting out of this inlet, and even fell of people coming across; and stories yet linger among them of the former occurrence of such proofs of the openness of the inlet.

The Mercer county grand jury recently made the following terrible report: "We have visited the county poor house in a body, and find eighty-five inmates there in without sufficient clothing and bedding for their comfort, there being but four or five good beds in the house, and two of the best reserved for the directors. The prison department is in a terrible filthy and unhealthy condition. The idiotic department is in a still worse and more filthy condition, not fit for brutes, and much less for unfortunate human beings. We therefore recommend our honorable judges to appoint a committee of five good citizens to investigate the condition and report the same to the court."

In voting on the Electoral bill our Senators divided, Mr. Wallace voting for, and Mr. Cameron against the bill. In the House the vote was as follows: Yeas—18: Saml. J. Randall, D. Spkr. William D. Kelley, R. John Robbins D. Washington Townsend, R. Hiester Clymer, D. William Mutchler, D. W. H. Stanton, D. James B. Reilly, D. Joseph Powell, D. John Reilly, D. W. S. Stenger, D. Levi Maish, D. L. A. Mackey, D. Jacob Turney, D. James H. Hopkins, D. Alex. G. Cochran, D. George A. Jenks, D. James Sheakley, D. Nays—6: Chapman Freeman, R. Charles O'Neill, R. Alan Wood, Jr. R. A. Herr Smith, R. John B. Packer, R. John W. Wallace, R. Absent or not voting—3. Frank D. Collins, D. Sobieski Ross, R. Albert G. Egbert, D.

Regardless of the action of Congress on the electoral vote, our State Legislature, which seems to be given over "to blindness of mind and hardness of heart," keeps right on endorsing Cameron, Morton & Co., as witness the following resolution passed by them last Friday:

Resolved, etc., That the votes cast for President and Vice President by the authorized electors, indicates the election of Hayes and Wheeler, and that they ought to be inaugurated by the constituted authorities on the ensuing 4th of March.

The Harrisburg Patriot, discussing the question of removing the State Capital from an ethical point of view, says: "No such small matter as the locality of the State Capital would stand in the way of the missionary desire of the people if they could be satisfied that Philadelphia might thereby be impregnated with a tolerable notion of morality."

The vote on the passage of the electoral commission bill in the Senate stood 47 to 17. Only one Democrat (Eaton of Conn.) voting against it. In the House the vote was 191 yeas and 86 nays. Of the yeas, 159 are Democrats and 32 Republicans; of the nays, 68 are Republicans and 18 Democrats.

It is not one of the least signs of what will be inaugurated President on the 5th of March that ex-Secretary Belknap insists on being tried immediately.