THE DEMOCRAT, NOV. 1, 1876.

ADDRESS ABEL TURRELL

Delivered before the Tilden Reform Ciub, of Montrose and Bridgewater, Octo-York World.

FELLOW CITIZENS:-I do not stand before you, entirely in the atitude of a partisan; and I do not address you as the exclusive members of a single party, but as members of our common country, and as citizens of the United States, having an unselfish and earnest desire for the advancement of the true interests and well being of the people composing this great nation. The subject I have chosen, is one that deeply concerns you. It involves your national honor and prosperity as a nation. It affects your pecuniary publican party. interests in every point of view. To the intelligent and thinking voter there is butone controlling and paramount issue to be decided in this election and that is administrative reform. The tax payer, be he capitalist, merchant, manufacturer, hard working farmer, or industrious mechanic, will give his influence and cast his vote for that one of the two great parties which he thinks most likely to bring us back to that honest and economical administration of national affairs which every citizen has the right to demand and expect.

For sixteen years the Republican party has shaped the policy and managed the finances of the country, and while it boasts so loudly of it achievments, it must also bear the blame and the odium of its failures and misfortunes.

What then is the record of this party, and how much of the honorable part of that record belongs to the Republican party of to-day, which is now asking another four years' lease of power at the democratic party presents to the country, hands of the people? We may divide and that is the question of administraits history into two periods,-the first, ive reform. To the charge of astoundbeginning in 1860 with the election of ing and unparaileled corruption, the re-Lincoln and extended down to 1869 publican party pleads by "confession and and the accession of Grant. In that, avoidance." They admit the wrong, and the accession of Grant. In that period of eight years were accomplished and completed all those great undertakorganized, and all those changes which likely to give us a remedy. the new condition of things succeeding the war and the peace imposed upon it. When the amendments to the Constitution were adopted, the states reconstructed, and the rights of the negro guaranteed, there seemed to be nothing left for this great party to do except to dishand. Its best men and its statesmen advised it; they said its usefulness was ended and declared, that any party not bound together by a principle, was dangerous to the welfare of the country. Then the bad and unscrupulous men of the party. like the great horde of sutlers and plunderers who always follow in the wake of great and successful armies, seized the favorable opportunity, and under the prestige of a great party name and the overshadowing reputation of miltary genius, fell upon the spoils of office, and began an era of fraud, jobbery, peculation, bribery, and official money-making, unparalleled in the history of the country. This is the second period of the Republican party, and it is on the record of this period that it is arraigned before the country. The Republican party of this period, is no more the republican party of the eight years before, than that was the old whig party of years ago. The Lincolns, the Sewards, the Chases, the Greeleys, the Sumners, and the Adamses, are either dead, or have feat, on the basis of a division of the change of administration is imperatively numeratively numeratively numeratively have and Wheeler. The basis there are been then the spoils, they come before the country with demanded." been thrust aside by the Chandlers, the spoils, they come before the country with demanded." Mortons, the Logans, the Belknaps, the an inconsistent record, a corrupt bargain Babcocks, the Shepherds, and the like political turkey-buzzards of this carrion period. What single political principle has bound them together for the last eight years as compared with the former period, except the one of "addition, division and silence," which was not a mere subterfuge and false pretext for a continuance of riotous rule ? Is the question of specie payments one? Then why have they not given us specie pay-. ments? They have had unlimited and party from effecting any true reform, and evil to the people, and financial good to election; and it elected, they cannot unimpeded power for eight years and have done nothing except to fix a date could be intrusted, and that is the Dem- es the Grant administration, I ask, are ical machine will continue to run as beto come in an administration not their ocratic party, and those who choose to these planks in the platform on which he fore, lubricated by fraud and corruption. own, and that even without any system of preparation. They voted down all hard sne money resolutions in convention, and so are committed to nothing, except to specie payments on January 1st, 1879, pro-

abandoned it early in the campaign. Then they put forward civil service reform. But what is their record here? The idea was first put forth by President ate straits and extravagant assertious.-Grant in a Message to Congress, and they | And finally having eix years ago organhave advocated it in platform and promises ever since. They have never given ber 21st, 1876, and published in com- and failures in a civil service commispliance with a Resolution adopted by sion some years since, they have shown the Club, requesting its publication in | either their inefficiency or want of sincerthe MONTROSE DEMOCRAT and New ity, and did nothing more than make themselves ridiculous. What, then, are their promises of civil service reform worth in view of this persistent record of promises and failures, followed by a wilful and direct evasion and violation of the first law of Congress passed through the influence of a democratic House to reform the civil service by forbidding the levying of assessments for political putlaw has struck the first effectual blow in the civil service question, and exposed another of the false pretences of the re-

And where now is that great "bugbear," the school question ? Given place to that greater "bug-bear," the "bloody" shirt." And why? Because they are sincere in neither, and naturally choose that "bug-bear" which they could make most effectual in the canvass. There can be no issue without opposition, and as the democrats did not oppose it, the proposed constitutional amendment glided quietly through the House. Not so in the republican Senate; here it "hung fire," and nearly hung the party too, and exposed another one of their false pre-Senate discussion they have retired this "feigned issue," from the canvass.

Whatever, then, may be the preference of individual voters on the questions of local or centralized powers, which will always be the universal dividing lines of there is but one paramount and controlling issue in this campaign which the they admit the necessity of a remedy.

We may accept it as a cardinal principle that no party is competent to do this work, which makes a dishonest compromise, and that every compromise with | Carolina and Louisiana are weak and in | will fool the people into the error of givfraud is necessarily dishouest. When efficient. The logic of admitted facts, ing them another lease of power; and re-Bristow, Cox, and Jewell, undertook the compared with their own statements, show viving the war issues that were long work of administrative reform, they lost their official heads. It was not then the policy of the republican party. Mr. Bristow rallying about him his followers methods by which the Republican party ue the array of the North against the in the republican party and raising the seeks to warp the judgment which the South, until they produce another war.standard of reform at Cincinnati, asked the nomination at the bands of his party. A platform was adopted,-Grantism | was the doctrine of the party in its pris- | sectional strife and petit treason? was lauded,-corruption was ignored.bodiment were treated with contempt, manhood and driven its statesmen from but I have seen them estimated at from THE and a man under charges of bribery, its ranks. In the Chicago Convention of 80,000 to 100,000. Add to these their a nomination. What then did the Bristow reformers, who hope so much, do? Did they insist on putting down the bad men of their party and obtaining the view with alarm the reckless extravagance office holders have paid assessments on mastery, as honest men must do. or refuse to have association with them? No! Federal Government; that a return to ey has been raised to expend in this cambargain with the Mortons, and the Cam- dispensable to arrest the systematic plun- to retain their poeitions would be to run erons, and the worst men of the party to der of the public treasury by favored par. Grant for a third term. They sounded defeat men better even than their allies, tisane, while the recent startling develop- public opinion, and found this too bitter and having thus combined together with ments of frauds and corruptions at the a pill for the honest men of their party, the very men that they went there to de- Federal Metropolis, show that an entire and so they concluded to sugar-coat it, by an inconsistent record, a corrupt bargain This resolution was adopted, and after a planar the platform, highly approv-and a dishonest compromise, and ask the sixteen years of servitude, the Democrat- ing of the Grant administration 2 and people to intrust this great business of ic party hurls it back with ten-fold force these candidates in their letters of accepadministrative reform for another four and meaning. years to them, the very same party and for a figurehead. From the moment that | embezzlements, peculations, defalcations, | rupt office holders of the R-publican parunite with them on this all-important 15- is running for the office of President?

they tell us, without even hinting at a ment. possible motive, when their own motive for saying so is manifest in their desperized a commission for paying claims of Union men whose property was taken us any real reform, but by their attempts during the war, and having themselves paid \$4,000,000 of them out of \$19,000, 000, of which bills for the payment of the ability should command. \$500,000 were passed by the late Republican Congress, they now tell us that name of defalcations, and lost to the govthese are all claims of "rebels." and that ernment since 1869. the Democratic party will pay them all, although a Democratic House has passed bills for the payment of only \$72,000 and claims by passing them and by organizing ments six years ago. a commission to examine them, and that poses? The democratic party by this the "rebel" claims were presented by their

invitation six years ago; it matters not that the proposition from any body of of acr-s of public lands. men to add to the burdens of a common

the stigma of "rebel" and the facile use gain? of falsehood can be made to divert the

short-comings. It is the old ory of by the thief himself.

the South-"the solid South"-made "solid" by their own misgovernment.they never have been anything else themtences and lesperate tricks; and since the selves than sectional. They point to "outrages" have always occurred in states travagance and waste.

under their own special domination and Of the honest men of the Republican that the outrages ceased as soon as the party, I ask, what will you do? Will you states passed from their control, as the endorse these wrongs by voting for quiet and order of Arkansas, Mississippi, Hayes ? Or will you free yourselves parties under our form of government, Alabama and Georgia to-day, bear wit. from this thraldom, and show to your felness, while the only states in which they low men, that your country is dearer to even claim outrages now to exist are you, than mere party ties? The times those of South Carolina and Louisiana, imperatively demand that all good citiupon which the Republican heel of corruption and wrong still rests. And final- in this patriotic effort to establish public ly, having robbed the white man of the virtue and good government. I ask no South, they organized the Freedman Bu- man to shoulder his musket to defend his reau and Savings Bank, and robbed the country from the ravages of policical poor negro, and when he, too, following wrong doers; but I do ask every man Let us then address ourselves to the ques- the instincts of human nature turns up- competent, to do it with the peaceful ings for which the Republican party was tion, which of the two parties is more on them and makes common cause with weapon of the ballot. his old maeter, we are told he is "intimi-

dated ;" that the troops must be called day have any principles, the most promout, and that the state governments

The 155 Army Paymasters, who were defaulters; and whose aggregate swindlings amount to \$768,000.

The extravagant expenditures of government.

A larger number of officers than the public business requires, and higher salaries paid than the service is entitled or

The \$5,600,000 stealings under the

A general waste of the public monies and other sources of national wealth.

The \$65,000,000 cash subsidies in loan reported fewer than any preceeding of public credit to railroad corporations; House. It matters not that they ac- a sum sufficient to have paid the expenknowledge, the justice of some of these | ses of a general resumption of specie pay-

> The equandering of the public domain by giving to railroad and other corporations and monopolies, nearly 200,000,000

Is it reasonable to suppose that the endebt by increasing it without purpose actors of these robberies, would assume and without motive is absurd in itself, if the disgrace, without sharing in the

Since the close of the war the Repubpublic mind from their own lapses and lican party administrations have collected in taxes from the people about \$4,500,-"Stcp ! this !" most vociferously raised 000,000. With this money they have reduced the national debt only about \$700,-Then they as's the people to look upon 000,000 from its original or highest amount. This leaves \$3,800,000,000 that have been expended for other purposes-They deprecate sectional parties, forget- a vast amount-exceeding by \$800,030,ting all the while that the Democratic | 000 the original amount of the national party is the only national party, and that debt. Out of this, of course, it was proper to pay all necessary, judicious and legitimate expenses, but the expenditures "Southern outrages," forgetting that the have been characterized by general ex-

zens, without distinction of party, unite

If the Republican party of the present inent appear to be; slander of private

Business Cards.

S. POTTER, DENTIST, WISHES L. S. POTTER, DENTIST, WISHES to inform the people of Montrose and Vicinity, that he is permanently located, in the second story of E. P. Stamp's new building; opposite Cooper's Bank. All kinds of Dental Work done in the best manner. N. B.-Nitrous Oxide, Laughing Gass, given for the pannless extraction of teeth. Montrose, April 5th, 1876.-tf

E BACON, WILL HEREAFTER furnish the citizens of Montrose and Vicinity, with first-class Bread, Buscuit, Rolls Pies, Cakes and Cookies, Tarts, &c., &c. Parties and Weddings supplied, and quality guaranteed. IF Dining Rooms np stairs, where Geo. Callis will be found ready to sat-isfy the cravings of the inner man. Montrose, May 3d. 1876. E. BACON.

ENTENNIAL BARBER SHOP! Call and see your old citizen and barber-over H. J. Webb's store, where you can get shaving and bair cutting done in the most approved maner and on short notice. PROF. L. B. WILLIAMS. Montrose, Sept. 6, 1876m6.

NEW MILFORD MACHINE SHOP. All kinds of machinery made, or furnished to or-der. Repairing promptly attended to. JULIUS SHULTZ. New Milford, May 17, 1876 .- 1y,

W M. A. CROSSMON, ATTORNEY W at Law. Office over the First Nation Bank, Montrose, Pa: W, A. CROSSMON, Montrose, April 19; 1878.-tf.

S. PILI MAN. & CO., FIRST NA-tional Bank Building, Montrose, Pa., Dcalers in Dry Goods, Clothing, Millnery Goods, Boous & Shoes, &c., &c. [April 26, '76.-tf]

E. SNYDER, M. D., HOMCE-pathic Physician and Surgeon, New Milford, Ang. 23, 1876-tf

Banking, &c,



GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS DONE. COLLECTIONS MADE ON ALL POINTS AND PROMPTLY ACCOUN. TED FOR AS HERETOFORE. DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN EX-CHANGE FOR SALE: UNITED STATES & OTHER BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD. COUPONS AND CITY AND COUNTY BANK CHECKS CASHED AS

USUAL.

How then do they meet this issue ?--Usurpation in Louisiana, Having confessed to the charge, they seek The Credit Mobilier iniquity. rebel or hetray them, they will sting him to avoid the natural and logical result, by The Freedman's Savings Bank swinto death ! vided it should then happen to come appealing to the passions engendered of In the person of Samuel J. Tilden, you dle. about of itself or be brought about by civil strife. Although eleven years have have a candidate for the Presidency, ev-The Navy Yard frauds. democratic administration. The attempt elapsed since the South acknowledged itery way worthy of your support; a The Secret Service swindle. to put this forward as an issue in the self conquered, it seems still to rise up in The Black Friday operations. statesman of the first class, and eminentcanvass is a failure, because it has always the visions of our Republican friends in The Post Office straw bids. ly qualified for the position. He is a been one of the cardinal principles of forms ten thousand times more horrid The Emma Mine affair. practical reformer, as shown by his acts, the democracy, while the republican party than ever startled the greatest coward of The Belknap Postradership. since he has been Governor of the State created the "greenback," and never knew the North in times of war. Their own The "Boss" Shepherd affair. of New York. He is a man that will do to OUR WORKS at anything else. The fixing of a date was reconstruction policy by which no state The Safe Robbery conspiracy. the people honor, as the chief ruler, and only intended by them to tide the party could be re-admitted to the Union until The Indian Ring robberies. in point of statesmanship, place this na-SUSQUEHANNA DEPOT, PA., over the election ; otherwise they would it had adopted a constitution in accord-The San Domiago job. tion in the front rank among the nations have fixed it in their own administration, ance with their notions, and chosen gov-The Venezuelean conspiracy. of the world. and not left their successors to make the ernments and officials approved by them, The Soldiers' Gravestones' biddings. preparations and take the honor. They we are now told, are all a failure. The increased the volume of the currency by system of iron-clad ouths and bills to re-The Back Pay extortion. In a speech at Germantown Forney The Babcock revelations. said : successive inflations of pape: money un. move disabilities, by which no man south The Bristow and Jewell removais. "I found in addressing a meeting in All Work Warranted as Represented til the country cried out with alarm, and of Mason and Dixon's line was to exer-then in view of an approaching election, cise the right of citizenship, which the ment. The irregularities in the Navy Departmy native city of Lancaster last night, that there was a deep, earnest thought fixed a remote day to redeem, and with. genius of their statesmanship has de-The removal of Yaryan and Platt, of pervading the people themselves." OR NO SALE. out making any preparation to show creed must be universal, has been so their good faith. They offered a shadow loosely executed by their own administra-Washington, He forgot to say that his native city is The removal of Henderson and Dyer, pervaded with a deep, earnest wunder to the people for the substance and then | tions that they afford no guarantees .-of Missouri. why the Republican state central com-YOU CAN SAVE MONEY in face of such a record, and such ante- The amendments to the Constitution The Pension frauds. mittee allows a man to stump the state cedents, they claim that they favor hard which nobody is disposed to gainsay are The Sanborn contracts. for them who is charged with having a By calling on us. money, and that the democrats do not, to pass for naught. Even "rebel" debts and thus try to raise an issue. But there barred by amendment to that instrument The bankruptcy of the government fi-\$25,000 bribe in his pocket.-Lancaster WILLIS DeLONG. nancial agents. Intelligencer. is no issue for their claim, and their po- (for which Democrats have always been The various frauds by petty govern-sition was a false pretence, and they the conspicuous defenders,) are to be paid, ment agents on the Treasury Depart. M. A. COLVIN, / gent. Vote for Joseph Powell for Congress. Susq's Depet, Pa-April 14, 1875.

which are in their own hands in South character; deceit; and any thing that themselves to be the authors of all the since settled. By the latter they do all in wrongs of which they complain.

Reform, and Bristow, himself. as its em- the luxury of power had corrupted its administration are beyond enumeration ; which when opportunity offered, he failed 1860, the Committee on Resolutions, of relatives and friends, which make a large Judge Jessup, was chairman, reported the throw their influence in favor of electfollowing:

the very same men who have brought all public official documents, and my own fore the people, as the lineal descent canthese evils about, because they have placed | recollection, I glean the following suman untried but honest man at the bow mary of a portion of the frauds, stealings, the election of these candidates, the corleft but one party to whom this business corrupt office-holders. As Haves endors- shake off these corrupt men. The polit-

The New York custom house frauds.

their power to keep alive the strive and Having thus examined some of the hatred engendered by the war, to continpeople will pass upon its acts on the sev- Who then are disloyal? Who then are enth of November, let us now see what rebels? Are they not these fomenters of

tine vigor, before the spoils of office and | Perhaps the office holders of the Grant ing a republican president. These men Resolved, 6, "That the people justly have contributed their money, and the which pervades every department of the their salaries, and a vast amount of mon-They immediately entered into a corrupt | rigid economy and accountability is in- paign. They first thought the surest way tance endorse the platform. Thus Hayes From the World, various other sources, and Wheeler, are fairly and squarely bedidates of the Grant administration. By

The corrupt men of the Republican party, have selected Hayes, as their King Bee, of the Republican Hive, and if he

Are now prepared to furnish, on short notice. Stationary Engines, CIRCULAR SAW MILLS, TURBINE WATER WHEELS. And do all kinds of mill and job work promptly and satisfactorily, at low rates. We manufacture and have on hand a large assortment of S **OF IMPROVED** PATTERNS. for a figurehead. From the moment that the reformers in the Republican party al-lied themselves with men who had brought the necessity of reform about, in the Republican party, that is brought the necessity of reform about, is determined by the reformance of the reference of the reformance of the reformanc brought the necessity of reform about, control of the Republican party, that is they incapacitated themselves and their asking for a continuance of power to do ey, and are still doing so, to effect their ERS for churning, One and Two Horse POWpatterns, &c., &c. Montrose, March 1, 1876. Octorks eWauld call the attention of the Public wanting ANYTHING IN THE MARBLE LINF Being the only Marble Works in the County

