

Town, County, and Variety.

Regular meeting of the Y. M. C. A. next Monday evening.

Law is like a sieve; you may see through it, but you must be considerably reduced before you can get through.

At the second meeting of the Meshoppen Tilden and Hendricks' Club, over one hundred members answered to their names.

The Annual Teacher's Institute will be held, at Montrose, for five days, commencing Aug. 28th, 1876. A full notice will appear next week.

Jas. F. Bronson, jeweler, recently purchased a large number of American watches from a bankrupt stock, and informs us that he is disposing of them fast, at low prices.

Postmasters get ten per cent. less salary now than formerly. The usual assessment for a Radical campaign will come tougher than usual this year. Our advice to them is not to fool away their money.

Warrants were issued again this week for the arrest of Ex-County Commissioners Gersbacher, Williams and Seybert, of Luzerne County, on the same old grounds. The two former were apprehended and gave bail, but up to last accounts the latter had not been discovered.

A Lodge of Odd Fellows, entitled Springville Lodge, was instituted, at Lynn, on Friday evening, last, with thirty charter members. The Grand Master and Grand Secretary were present. The scene closed with a very fine banquet and a very pleasant and social time. Quite a delegation of the fraternity from Montrose were present.

Our town seems to be infested with some thieves who ought not to be dignified by the name of burglars but who properly come under the head of sneak-thieves. On Saturday afternoon last while the family of S. G. Paché were absent some one entered his dwelling, ransacked a bureau, scattering its contents on the floor but only finding about \$2 in money. A trunk was also broken open but nothing taken, the thief, or thieves, not finding what they were looking for.

For the information of the editor of the Democrat we would state that not one of the letters of recommendation of the different candidates for nomination, published in the last issue of the Republican was written by the candidate himself; and further that those letters of recommendation were evidently written without the knowledge of the gentlemen therein named.—Montrose Republican

So much the worse. A compliment from a man or woman whose character is such that it is very hard to sign the true name, is a better (doubtful) one indeed and might better have been written by the candidates themselves. Bah! There are too many of the masses of the Republican party in this county that read the Democrat, to be fooled by such "Court House Ring" nonsense.

Judge Philip Fraser, of the U. S. District Court of Florida, died in this place Wednesday evening last. He came north to Elizabeth, N. J., a few weeks since, when, having long been in feeble health, he became quite prostrated during the recent protracted hot weather, and by advice of his physician came to this place a few days since, accompanied by his wife. He did not, however, rally, and on Wednesday evening, the 26th, he passed gently away. Next morning, after brief religious services, conducted by Rev. J. L. Lyons, the stricken wife and children took the train for Elizabeth, removing with them the corpse to that place for interment. Judge Fraser was a native of this place, where he passed his early life, and was therefore well-known to many of our citizens.

As we stated last week the Montrose Republican has been sold to James P. Taylor and he assumed editorial charge with the last issue. Mr. Taylor, physically, is the heaviest editor now in the county, and he promises to give evidence of his mental powers hereafter. Mr. T. has been an assistant editor on the Record of the Times, of Wilkesbarre, and is well spoken of by his associates. His salutatory is modest and without flourish of trumpets. So far as he lays down his political position, his letter of acceptance places him very much in the place of Hayes with the Grant administration. He advocates reform, but very emphatically endorses the former administration of the Republican, except that he assures us that all political questions will be discussed with fairness. Time will be the best developer in this particular. We give Mr. T. a hearty welcome among the editorial fraternity of this county, and wish him the full measure of success that he shall merit.

The Tunkhannock Republican says: "Two young ladies, Miss Hawkins and Miss Taylor, of Buffalo, N. Y., stopped off at the Packer House for breakfast last Wednesday morning, on their way to Philadelphia. After the train had started one of the ladies discovered that she had lost her pocket-book containing \$100. She notified the conductor, and he turned the case over to Mr. John Rham, section boss, who happened to be on the train. Mr. Rham took the engine of the gravel train at LaGrange and brought the ladies back to Tunkhannock. He then telegraphed to headquarters and received instructions from Superintendent Packer to spare no efforts to catch the thief. He went to work with a will, and soon received a telegraphic description from the engineer of the train upon which the ladies were riding of a man whom he saw walk around the engine at Tunkhannock with a pocket-book in his hand. Mr. Rham recognized him as a man named Barry, who had just been discharged from the road for drunkenness. By a free use of the telegraph he soon had him arrested at Montrose Depot as he was about leaving on the train. He was brought here and \$33 recovered. The purse had fallen from the lady's pocket as she was stepping into the car, and he picked it up and decamped. He had given Somers Stark, whom he met on a train on the Montrose road, \$10 for hush money, and Special Kiepaugh got Stark and his \$10 at West Nicholson, Thursday. As the ladies could not conveniently stay to prosecute, the prisoners were allowed to go.

East Bridgewater Grange, P. of H., will hold a basket picnic at Hart Lake, Thursday, Aug. 10th, 1876. The neighboring Granges and the people generally are cordially invited to join with them.

It has not been always thus, but this seems well vouched for by the Chicago Tribune: "A well-known conductor on the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railroad went to the depot one morning recently to take his train, as usual, and an officer of the law arrested him. On his shirt front was a \$5,000 diamond pin, and in his pocket were a valuable watch and chain. In his trunk the officer found \$30,000 in government bonds. An Eastern bank was telegraphed to, and the response was that bail could be furnished in \$90,000, if necessary, as that was the amount deposited to the conductor's credit there. This settled, it was next the conductor's turn. A lawyer was called, and he politely informed the officer that the diamond pin they had illegally taken had been worn by the conductor twenty years; the watch was carried by him years before he went into the employ of the company; that the United States government bonds they had taken were the property of his wife, as the proceeds of her share in an estate as heir, and so was the money in the bank, and that the best thing the company could do would be to return what they had stolen and with it \$40,000, and no further questions would be asked. The company accepted the attorney's terms.

A bold robbery was perpetrated at the residence of James S. Fuller, corner of Madison avenue and Mulberry street, on Thursday. The family are absent rusticiating in Susquehanna county, and a couple of tramps, evidently appreciating the situation, took possession of the house in broad daylight, and made themselves at home, eating the best they could find, also shaving and washing themselves, ransacking the house from cellar to garret, and helping themselves to such valuables as they fancied. They were seen by some of the neighbors, who, thinking they were workmen whom Mr. Fuller had employed to renovate the house during the absence of the family, gave little heed to it. The robbers having satisfied themselves, and packed in two bundles what plunder they wished to take with them, coolly departed unmolested, and were seen to take the D. L. & W. R. R. track toward Dunmore. Mr. E. Hill, upon learning that persons had been in the house suspected that all was not right; he reported to Chief Breese, who put officers Gallagher and Godwin on their track. Gallagher overtook them, and in attempting to arrest them a scuffle ensued, during which the officer found it necessary to use his revolver and shot one of the burglars in the left groin. They, however, were two muscular young men to one, and getting the officer's pistol and club and pointing the revolver at his head forced him to desist from all attempts to arrest them. They then continued their march to No. 6, where they were arrested and brought to the lockup in this city. They gave their names as Francis Sheehan, aged 21, and John Barnes, aged 19, of Hoboken. They had a hearing before Mayor McKune on Friday morning, and were both committed to Wilkesbarre jail. The stolen articles were recovered.—Scranton Journal.

Mrs. John Judge is the mother of four children and lives in Hyde Park. Some time since her husband left home to find work. Yesterday morning the wife having heard that her husband was at Wilkesbarre and being desirous of seeing him, started from home with her babe, about eight months old, and a little boy about four, leaving the other children at home. Not finding her husband she returned yesterday afternoon, and on her way home the infant died suddenly on the cars near Minooka. As she was in destitute circumstances she called upon the mayor, with the dead babe in her arms, to learn what means to take to secure the child's burial, and was sent to the office of the poor board for instructions; but no one was there, and the poor woman was well nigh frantic with grief, which was made the more poignant from the fact that she feared she would be compelled to carry her dead through the crowded streets to her distant home back of Hyde Park. We never looked upon a more pitiful scene, the wailing mother fondling and kissing her dead infant—the babe, a pretty little blue eyed child. Its eyes not yet closed, and its warm features beautiful, even in death, and a half smile still lingering upon its parted white lips—the boy, too young to realize what had happened, yet feeling that something terrible had befallen his mother, and so clung to her skirts with a half scared expression upon his face—it was a sight that strong men turned from and drew their hands across their eyes to remove the dimming tear. We searched long for a member of the poor board, and finally found one and sent him to her, but what disposition was made of the case we have not yet learned. The child was well when it left here, save that it was teething, the mother said, and this, in connection with the heat, was doubtless the cause of its death. At least let us hope that the little thing was not a starveling, which idea the plump form of the child dismissed at once.—Scranton Times.

ATTENTION, SOLDIERS Headquarters Veteran Soldiers' Organization of Susquehanna County. } MONTROSE, PA., July 21, 1876. GENERAL ORDER } The Veteran Soldiers of Susquehanna County are hereby placed under "Marching Orders," with directions to "move" at daylight, on the morning of the 6th day of September, with three days' "cooked rations" and all necessary "camp and garrison equipage" in the direction of Harford Fair Grounds, where the Organization will rendezvous for three days. Veteran recruits from neighboring counties will be gladly "mustered" into our ranks for this "emergency." The "Telford Guards," the "Gibson Rifles," and "Soldiers' Orphans" are cordially invited, and will be warmly welcomed as "recruits" for this "campaign." By command of H. F. BEARDSLEY, Gen'l Com'd'g. Vet. Organization. H. C. JESSUP, Colonel and Adjutant General.

ATTENTION, DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COMMITTEE!

The members of the Democratic County Committee are hereby summoned to meet at the Traverse Jury Room in the Court House at Montrose at 2 o'clock p. m., on the first Monday of August Court, it being the 14th day. The time of holding the county nominating convention is to be fixed at that time and other business of vital importance will come before the committee. Let every member be in his place.

The names of the county committee are published elsewhere in connection with the vigilance committee. The members of the county committee only, are required to be present, but we hope they will not fail to attend in person or by proxy. HONESTY, REFORM AND VICTORY IS THE BANNER. Let us fight the good fight before and finish our faith at the polls November 7th, 1876.

E. B. HAWLEY, Chairman. O. P. BREERE, Secretary.

WHY DOES A BALL "CURVE"?—The question of "curved" balls promises to be one on which our scientific heads can spend a deal of brain power in the solution of. It has been asserted that the notion that there is such a thing as "curved" balls is utterly foolish. The laws of motion, the holders of this opinion say, are against any such notion. They hold that according to those laws as soon as anything thrown leaves the hand it is bound to go in a straight line forward, the pitcher having no more control over it. Such assertions sound very well and seem entirely conclusive and no doubt lead the unsuspecting public into the belief that there is no such thing as a "curved" ball. But it is a fact, notwithstanding the conclusiveness of the above reasoning, that there is such a thing as curved balls. Every base ballist knows it, as does any one who has closely watched the pitching of such balls. The above reasoning would be correct if the ball was pitched in a vacuum, but as it has the air to work on the case is very different. The pitcher, by taking advantage of the force of the air can cause the ball to make a curve. The way in which the curve is effected remains to be solved.

A theory has been suggested, which is as follows: The ball on leaving the pitcher—the curved ball always being caused by an underhand throw—is made to twist horizontally, the side of the ball away from the batsman twisting forward. Now, by the force of the air which the advancing ball has to overcome the side of the ball farthest from the batsman, as it is twisting forward, would be retarded more by the friction of the air than the other side, which is turning backward. Hence the ball would be forced to the side on which it is retarded most and thus make a gradual curve away from the batsman. To have it curve toward the batsman the opposite twist must be given the ball at starting.

This theory seems to be very good and if no better one can be advanced may be put down as the true one. However, the thinking men among us may ferret out something more probable.—Harrisburg Patriot.

COUNTERFEITS CIRCULATING.—Persons handling money in many cases pay very little attention to it, and as a result they occasionally find themselves the possessors of spurious notes. Although business men in this place are not often made the victims of "shovers of the queer," their carelessness sometimes gets the better of them. The observance of the following suggestions will do much toward thwarting the designs of passers of counterfeit money: Do not allow yourself to be hurried in taking money. Counterfeit passers are always in a hurry. Observe general appearance of the note if you are suspicious. Then examine the expression of the face, especially the eye. See if they are perfect. Then the drapery of the human figures. Then examine the back grounds of vignets and the de-work. Look for imperfections. Counterfeits are full of them. Last, examine the lettering on the note. Look for imperfection in the form of letters and shading. Counterfeits always lack in the lettering. Following is a list of new counterfeit bank notes in circulation:

- 5s. York National bank, York, Pa.
- 5s. First National bank of Galena, Ill.
- 5s. Merchants National bank, New Bedford, Mass.
- 5s. Traders National bank, Chicago.
- 10s. Allentown National bank, Allentown, Pa.
- 10s. Ninth National bank, New York city.
- 10s. National State bank, Terre Haute, Ind.
- 10s. Union National bank, New York city.
- 20s. Fourth National bank of Philadelphia.
- 20s. Consolidated National bank of Philadelphia.
- 20s. National bank of Commerce, New York city.
- 50s. Counterfeit greenbacks. Series of 1869. Vignet, Henry Clay.
- 50s. Tioga National bank, Oswego, New York.

Refuse all 5's on the following banks, as the banks named do not issue that denomination: First National bank of Chicago, Merchants National bank of Chicago, Traders National bank of Chicago, Third National bank of Chicago, First National bank of Canton, First National bank of Aurora, First National bank of Paxton, First National bank of Penn.

There are also counterfeits of the three cent nickel, three cent silver piece, five cent nickel, five cent silver, ten cent piece, twenty-five cent piece, fifty cent piece and one dollar. CARBONDALE NOTES.—Carbondale is a pleasantly located city in the northern part of Luzerne county. It has a population of between 12,000 and 15,000 inhabitants. Its main support is the D. & H. C. Co's shops and mines. The miners and laborers, in their employ, have to-day resumed work, and a revival in business is predicted. Van Bergen & Co's Foundry and Machine shops have also resumed work, adding to the business revival. This company, under the presidency of Mr. Van Bergen, do a flourishing business when the

company's works are in running order. They are now building a large three story brick building which, when completed, will be used as a wholesale and retail hardware store, also as the offices of the company. The "Lackawanna Breaker," capable of turning out 11,000 tons of coal, is now working, and employs between 500 and 700 hands. There are several black smith shops, carriage shops, and two harness shops. Several stores, the most successful merchants being Witt & Murrin, dry-goods, groceries, and provisions; Jno. Watt & Sons, dry-goods, &c.; Pascoe & Scurry; Bolton & Reynolds; P. Moffitt and Israel Crane. It supports two weekly newspapers, viz, the Leader and the Advance. The Advance, under the management of Hon. S. S. Benedict, became quite successful and has a circulation of about 800 good paying subscribers. It is now edited by his son E. A. Benedict. The Leader is a lively paper, is a good advertising medium, and is ably conducted by Mr. A. W. Cook, and is, I believe, Democratic. It has a circulation of about 700, price \$1.00 per year. Carbondale has three hotels, viz, Flynn's hotel, Capt. M. Flynn, proprietor, is a well conducted hotel, 3 stories in height and well ventilated; the Harrison House, F. Kiple, proprietor, is also a thoroughly first class hotel; the Elm Tree house, S. Arnold, proprietor. There are eight churches, viz, Roman Catholic, R. F. Carraw, pastor; J. McGrath curate; Presbyterian, Rev. E. D. Bryan, pastor; M. E. church Rev. J. C. Achelland pastor; Baptist church, (pulpit vacant at present); Episcopal church, Rev. T. A. Stevenson, pastor; Welsh Methodist, Welsh Baptist, Welsh Presbyterian. There are nine doctors, four drug stores, three livery stables, two bakeries, five boot & shoe stores, two banks, planing mill, grist mill four furniture stores, news office, soap works, and no less than 50 places where intoxicating liquors are sold. There are several societies: F. M. T. A. B. S. (200 strong), Odd Fellows, Good Templars, Free Masons, Fire Companies. The Carbondale Base Ball Club started on their 2nd annual tour, Thursday. They did not meet with quite such success as they did last year being defeated twice. The score at Binghamton was 8 to 2 in favor of the Carbondale club. At Ithaca, 7 to 9 in favor of Ithaca. At Rochester, 11 to 0 in favor of Rochester. To-day they play at Auburn. Up to this time we have not heard of the score. They will probably defeat the Auburnians. Hurrah for Tilden and Hendricks, Tiger!

"CARBONDALE"

Legal.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. In the estate of Jared Baker, late of Brooklyn, Letters of Administration in the said estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons owing said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them without delay. A. E. TEWKSBURY, Administrator. June 28, 1876.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. In the estate of Albert G. Reynolds, late of Brooklyn twp. dec'd. Letters of Administration in the said estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons owing said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them without delay. E. G. WILLIAMS, Administrator. July 5, 1876.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—In the estate of Hiram Reynolds, late of Luzerne County, Pennsylvania, dec'd. Letters of Administration in the said estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons owing said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them without delay. MARY A. STANFORD, Administrator. July 5, 1876.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas, Letters testamentary to the estate of Isaac Comstock, late of Liberty, dec'd. having been granted to the undersigned, and all persons owing said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against the same, are requested to present them without delay. MARY A. STANFORD, Executor. June 23, 1876.

REGISTRAR'S NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to all persons concerned in the following estates, to wit: Estate of Alvin Spruiger, late of Springville, dec'd, S. D. Thomas, Administrator. Estate of Horace Seymour, late of New Milford, dec'd, Henry T. Davis, Administrator. Estate of Timothy Downs, late of Choconut, dec'd, Philip O'Connell, Administrator. Estate of Abram Brandt, late of Great Bend, dec'd, Albert F. Grier, Administrator. Estate of Elijah Westfall, late of Oakland, dec'd, Gaylord Curtis, Executor. Estate of Milton R. Spafford, late of Middletown, dec'd, Henry T. Davis, Administrator. Estate of Simon Van Fleet, late of New Milford, dec'd, Elliot Aldrich, Executor. Estate of Roxanus Alexander, late of Lenox, dec'd, Henry T. Davis, Administrator. Estate of E. Everett, Martha Emily, and Walter G. Thomas, minors, F. B. Chandler, Guardian. Estate of Clara Tingley, (late Clara Potter), minor, D. Potter, Guardian. Estate of Clarence Ward, minor, Elliot Aldrich, Guardian. That the accounts have settled the accounts in the Register's Office for the county of Susquehanna, and that the same will be presented to the Judges of the Orphans' Court, on Thursday, the 17th day of August, 1876, for confirmation and allowance. Register's Office, Montrose, July 19, 1876.

COURT PROCLAMATION.—Whereas, the Hon. F. B. Streeter, President of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and Court of Common Pleas, Oyer and Terminer and Orphans' Court in the Thirty fourth Judicial District composed of the county of Susquehanna, and the Hon. J. W. Chapman and J. H. Cook, Associate Judges in said Susquehanna County, have issued their precept, to me directed, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer, Quarter Sessions, Common Pleas, and Orphans' Court, in the Borough of Montrose, and County of Susquehanna, on the 24th Monday of August, 1876, it being the fourteenth day; to continue one week.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the Coroner and Justices of the Peace of said county of Susquehanna, that they may be here in their proper persons at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, with their records and inquisitions, and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those who are bound by recognizances against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of said county of Susquehanna are to be then there, to prosecute against them as will be just. Dated at Montrose the 18th day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six. J. F. WM. WHITE, Sheriff. July 19, 1876.

BOOTS AND SHOES IN JACKSON It is a conceded fact and must be kept before the people, that the boots and shoes made in all the manufacture of the above named place. Who is the man of such renown, on whom all other shoe-makers frown, because he keeps high prices down. H. M. COMBS, P. S. Repairing done neatly. Jackson, Pa., May 24, 1876.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Of Montrose. CASH CAPITAL \$100,100. SURPLUS FUND, \$6,000. REMOVED To their new and commodious Bank Building on Public Avenue. Transacts the business of MERCHANTS, FARMERS, And Others. "CORRESPONDENTS." New York, First National Bank; Philadelphia, Philadelphia National Bank, WM. J. TURRELL, President. N. L. LENHEIM, Cashier. Montrose, March 25, 1876.

WEBSTER'S NEW PRICE LIST

FOR SPRING AND SUMMER OF 1876.

Look at the following which speaks for itself. Heavy cottonade pants.....\$ 1.50 25 Stout wool-mixed pants..... 1.50 25 Good all wool pants..... 3.00 40 Imported cassimere pants..... 4.75 40 French Doeber pants..... 4.75 40 Stout workmen's suits..... 6.00 10 50 Fancy merino cassimere suits..... 7.00 10 50 Merino silk mixed suits..... 8.00 10 50 Harris cassimere suits..... 8.00 10 50 Knickerbocker and plaid suits..... 10.00 15 00 Black frock coats..... 5.00 8 50 Imported black frocks..... 9.00 13 00 Fine black cloth vests..... 3.75 3 75 White linen vests..... 1.00 3 00 Boys Suits with knee pants, 3 to 9 years. Cotton suits..... 1.75 3 50 Mixed cassimere suits..... 4.00 6 50 All-wool cassimere suits..... 4.50 7 50 French worsted suits..... 7.00 9 00 Boys' suits with long pants, 9 to 15 yrs. Cottonade suits..... \$ 3.00 4 50 Mixed cassimere suits..... 4.00 6 50 Fancy plaid suits..... 6.00 9 00 French worsted suits..... 8.00 12 00 Youths' Suits from age 15 to Men's sizes. Stout everyday suits..... \$ 5 50 9 00 Good cassimere suits..... 7 50 11 00 Diagonal coat and vests..... 6 50 9 00 Fancy plaid suits..... 8 00 11 50

Furnishing Goods.

Good working shirts.....\$ 1.00 50 Fine white bosom shirts..... 1.00 50 Good denim overalls..... 25 Good rubber suspenders..... 25 Cloth lined paper collars per box..... 10 Good umbrellas..... 50 Good cotton socks..... 15

And all other goods in proportion. The above are cash prices and made to bring people from a distance. It will pay a man to drive forty miles to buy a suit of clothes at my store.

WEBSTER, The Clothier. 62 and 64 Court Street, Binghamton. April 19, 1876.

DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS.

M. A. Lyon, Druggist, MONTROSE, PA.

Dealer in all kinds of Pure Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Dye Woods, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Oils, Varnishes. Pocket Books, Combs, Jewelry, Perfumery. Toilet Soaps, Brushes, Violins and Violin Strings, Yankee Notions, Fancy Goods. Cigars, Tobacco, Table Cutlery, Fine Solid Silver, Spoons, Plated Spoons, Knives and Forks, Guns, Pistols, Ammunition, Shoulder Braces, Trusses, Medical Instruments, Dental Materials, Lamp Oil and Lamp Chimneys, Paste, Spices, Baking Powder, Sea Moss, Farine, Gelatine, Tapioca, etc., etc. Dalry's Pale Ale for Invalids. Those who wish to buy Paints and Oils, would do well to examine our stock of White Lead, White Zinc, and Mixed Chemicals, before purchasing elsewhere. All kinds of colored paints in cans of from one to five pounds each, on hand. Montrose Feb. 2, 1876.

THE NIGHT ROUTE

For Butter!

The Central Express COMPANY

Are delivering butter via Montrose R. R. and L. V. R. R. from Montrose to New York.

Two Hours Ahead of Any Other Route. Arrives in New York by this route at 8:29 o'clock A. M. By any other route from this place, it is Scranton two hours, reaching New York 10:29 A. M. Arrives in Newark at 8 o'clock A. M. per Central Express. By any other route it is Scranton two hours, reaching Newark at about 11 o'clock A. M. Arrives in Philadelphia at 6:45 o'clock A. M. per Central Express.

Thus it will be seen we are Two Hours, and more, ahead, avoiding the heat of the day, which is intense in the cities. Butter received up to 5 o'clock p. m., will leave the station at 5:45 o'clock p. m., reaching destination as above. If received later, can be stored in a cool cellar until next day.

A convenient place to unload at the OFFICE, COBB'S OLD STAND, A cool cellar to store butter in until shipped. Carted only three-fourths of a mile to the railroad. Empty pails returned free—kept inside of office until called for, the same care given them as any other matter—and as low a rate as any route. Patronize your home re- J., in which all are largely interested.

J. R. RAYNSFORD, Agent. Montrose, July 5, 1876.

BUSINESS CHANGE.

The firm of E. Bacon & Co, having been dissolved, I will continue the

Confectionery Business,

At the old stand. I am prepared to furnish all kinds of

FRUITS AND SUGS,

At wholesale and Retail Prices.

FRESH SUPPLY CANNED GOODS,

Constantly on hand.

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF TOYS, & C. & C.

Montrose, May 24, 1876.

E. C. BACON.