

## THE DEMOCRAT.

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNING,  
AT MONTROSE, SUSQ'LA CO., PA., BY  
**HAWLEY & CRUSER**  
EDITORS & PROPRIETORS.  
At two Dollars per Year in Advance.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The Democrat as an advertising medium is unsurpassed in this section. It reaches the Farmer, Mechanic, and business men. Its circulation is constantly increasing, and its advertising rates reasonable. Rates will be given at our office or by mail.

JOB PRINTING.—Our office is supplied with four printing presses, together with a large variety of type, borders, fancy lines, etc., with which we are prepared to do work to the best style and at prices lower than any competitors in any section. Samples shown and estimates cheerfully given at our office. Work ordered by mail will receive prompt attention.

E. B. HAWLEY. W. C. CRUSER.

The newly elected Democratic Governor of Connecticut will only hold office for eight months—not worth making much fuss about anyway. The next one to be elected in November will hold office for two years.—*Montrose Republican*

That's just what the man said in the time of the Deluge when he was too late for Noah's Ark "Go on with your old scow, it ain't a-going to be much of a shower any way." Homer always was an original quoter.

A Washington correspondent says: Probably no official act of Grant will give him so much anxiety as the disposal of salary bill. He promptly approved the bill increasing his pay to \$50,000, and now he is called upon to approve an act which will make the pay of his successor the same as that of his predecessors. Should he approve it, it would be a confession that he has taken \$25,000 annually more than he needed, and if he vetoes it courtesy would require that he state his reasons and he could not make it appear that his expenses have been anywhere near the large sum annually paid to him.

The ring organs of the Republican party are now engaged in publishing what they call the "black list" of state legislators in this house of Representatives who would not vote to adjourn on April 1st as the Senate hypocritically professed to be anxious to do. They attempt to make political capital by charging these members with simply a desire to draw an extra \$500 salary. It now seems to transpire that the prolonging of the session is about to unearth some very disagreeable transactions in the corrupt passage of the boom bill and it may turn out that some of those senators and members who were so proud of the public treasury and were so anxious to adjourn, had already received their "salary" as the price of their infamy.

We have not witnessed in the last ten years, such a desire on the part of a Radical Congress and state legislature to save "Salary grabs" as there has been since the Democracy have obtained a little power and are beginning to expose their deeds of the most rotten and putrid corruption. In the same paper that the *Montrose Republican* publishes the "black list" of the House, who simply voted to adjourn May 5th, it also publishes the legislative proceedings of the Republican Senate where this *Black list* votes for precisely the same thing. It is said that drowning men will catch at straws, but the Ring organ has not even straws to go for, but in its sinking condition it flounders about and clutches at the wind.

## THE GIANT SWINDLE.

A stupendous evil, which of late years has assumed gigantic proportions, is the system of blackmailing of men holding official appointments, and compelling them, through the force of party drill, to contribute money in order to maintain the powers that be in their desecrated public positions. In plain words, the money of the people is indirectly, though absolutely, filched from their pockets, and corruptly used in behalf of corrupt men in office, for the purpose of preventing the people from changing their officers. Under this universal system of diverting public money into private advancement of the worst class of American society, namely, the unscrupulous leading politicians, the entire national body politic has been corrupted. No officer of the government seems to have been exempt from the payment of a percentage of his income; all of which is drawn from the taxes imposed upon all our citizens, from the President down directly or indirectly, money and influence must be forthcoming, or off goes an official head. And now, these creatures, having their whole livelihood by the sufferance of the people, are whining because the people are asking for some of their own; by demanding a reduction of all salaries, and the instant cessation of this public robbery, which has so long

characterized and disgraced the Republican administration.

The Democratic House must insist on economy in every department. The people demand this in their own interest. There will then be a beginning of the radical reformation which must come if we would maintain our liberties. We, the citizens generally of the United States, must not only relieve ourselves at once of the grievous and costly office holder's thralldom under which we are now suffering; we must lay the axe to the root, and make it impossible for our servants ever again to become our masters, no matter which party may be in power. Millions every year can be saved, and they must be saved; and it is the solemn duty of the majority in the House of Representatives to feel their grave responsibility, and to exercise their power in this direction. Those who are apprehensive lest they may go too far in the path of honest retrenchment will soon find that they are not in harmony with the majority of the voters through the Union. The people meant business when they revolutionized Congress; and they are not to be put off with half way measures, or with weak schemes playing into the hands of cunning Republican wire-workers. To a Democratic House, the people are now compelled to look for a speedy redress of their grievances, so far as Congress can act in that line. To a Democratic House they are now turning in the expectation that they will prepare the way for a Democratic President, who will unite with them in restoring the country to a healthy condition. With a thin Radical Senatorial majority sandwiched between a Democratic House and a Democratic President, the people will have nothing to fear. Tyrants are invariably cowards, and the tyrants of this axiom. Conscience makes cowards of us all.—*Pittsburg Post*.

The boom investigation reached a climax last Friday at Harrisburg when Representative Lynott, of Luzerne, appeared and emptied his pocket-book of \$300 in greenbacks which he testified had been handed him by ex-Senator John B. Beck to induce him to stand by the boom bill. The one thing that is tangible and undisputed about Lynott's evidence is the cash, which is now in the custody of Senator Dunkel chairman of the committee; but beyond that there is unfortunately a wide field for conjecture as to the true inwardness of Mr. Lynott's gyrations on the bill, and his waltzing about at long range with the House committee ever since the investigation began. He is a valuable witness in establishing the general possession of the field by the lobby to pass and to defeat the bill, and however that particular bent he has given his testimony may be distrusted, he deals another mortal wound to the already expiring bill in the sick-chamber of the House. Mr. Beck denies Mr. Lynott's statements, and is reported as intending to make it an issue of credibility between them, under oath, and then the honors will remain easy between them. It is intimated that the House will take up the scandal on a resolution to expel Lynott, but it is questionable whether, in the absence of any direct evidence disputing Mr. Lynott's explanation of the transaction by which he received the money, the House will feel warranted in declaring him guilty of the mortal turpitude necessary to justify his expulsion. It is a sorry affair, taken in the most favorable light in which it can be viewed, and it points to hidden bottom facts which are in the keeping of the whales of the lobby inside and outside of the Legislature, while the minnows are being gilled by the fishermen.

Justice falls once again against the Mollie Maguires. Kelley has been convicted at Mauch Chunk of murder in the first degree, and will most likely have to swing at the same time with his accomplice Doyle, on the 4th of May. Kerrigan, the remaining one of the three indicted for the cowardly murder of a mine boss at Summit Hill, has made a full confession. Having fired none of the shots, but only pointing out the victim and helped the assassins to escape, he may get off with imprisonment for life, in view of the fact that through his evidence of various other parts in the coal regions have been fairly started on the road to the gallows, and the whole order of banded Things so thoroughly frightened that there are hopes of completely breaking it up. A Mollie, accidentally killed in the mines at Locust Gap lately, has been refused burial in consecrated soil because of his connection with the murderous gang. With law-officers fighting them vigorously on one side and the priests assuaging them on the other, these cowardly banditti cannot long hold out.

## Our Representative.

ENDORSEMENT OF HON. JOSEPH POWELL  
A JUST TRIBUTE—THE POOR MAN'S  
FRIEND—THE COURTEOUS GENTLEMAN  
AND THE PEOPLE'S SERVANT.

Mr Powell has voted with the Democrats on political questions and on financial issues has voted with the Republicans, and yet we find the following resolutions adopted by the delegates from this District to the late Lancaster Convention:

The Senatorial and Representative Delegates to the Convention from the Fifteenth Congressional District, at their meeting to select National Delegates, adopted the following resolution unanimously:

Resolved, That the Delegates assembled from the Fifteenth Congressional District cordially approve of the record of Hon. Joseph Powell in congressional action.—*Bradford Reporter*.

I take off my hat and make my best bow to the *Reporter* because once during its existence it has had the candor to openly acknowledge the intelligence of the voters of the XV Congressional District, who are Mr. Powell's constituents. The same "official organ" of Bradford county says that "Mr Powell was elected by Republicans." That is true, and every man who cast a vote for him did honor to his own judgment thereby. We may then be rejoicing that we have a Representative of whom there need be no distrust. His election was a triumphant demonstration that principles are more than mere partisanship. As some of the Republicans in a certain township in Bradford county said during the canvass of the fall of 1874.

"Although Republicans we shall feel proud to cast our votes for a courteous and honorable gentleman rather than for a political wire-puller. We choose to entrust our interests to a man who will not even feel the temptation to rob Uncle Sam or his own constituents; one who has the rare executive abilities, that will make him a competent legislator; whose candor and tact have won the respect of both parties; and whose life of unceasing industry places him in perfect sympathy with the laboring classes, the real backbone of the nation. Other candidates can find those who will invent plausible excuses for past failures in the performance of duty, but we prefer a man, to represent our interests in Congress, for whom no apologies need be made."

An old gentleman—a horn-handed farmer if you please—who had known him from boy-hood, remarked: "Joe," as he familiarly called him, "has worked hard enough, and made money enough, to be one of the richest men in this section of the country, but he has given away to the poor more than you could ever get him to confess. I know he has never made much spread on subscription papers but if you will find a poor man who ever asked him for help and was turned away empty-handed, then I'll own that I know nothing about the man."

Nor did Mr. Powell's constituents send him to Congress merely to vote with any one party, right or wrong but to honestly and conscientiously consult their best interests first and then vote accordingly. The people of the XV District look upon him as their trusted friend as well as the servant of their will.

A laboring man once said to the writer: "There was a time several years since, when I could not get pay for my work, or credit either, and my family were suffering for the necessities of life. I went and told my story to Joseph Powell. He wrote out a check for fifty dollars, and handed me without asking for security, or anything of that sort. I have always voted the Republican ticket, but I would go fifty miles on my knees, if necessary, to vote for one who is the poor man's friend. If we send him to Congress he will not forget that it is his duty to work for our interest rather than to grasp and steal to put money into his own pocket."

Of course you who are his constituents justly feel proud that your Representative is acknowledged to be one of the most courteous, as well as modest and unassuming gentlemen in the House; and yet you honor him more for the uprightness of character the inflexible honesty of purpose, that make you respect him as the faithful Legislator. Your esteem is in no wise lessened by the fact that his genial kindness of manner, his generosity to the needy and his love of humanity, make him beloved by both partisan and opponent.

The resolution of the Senatorial and Representative delegates to the Lancaster Convention, only paid a just and graceful tribute to the intelligence of the voters of the XV District when they so heartily and unanimously endorsed the course of their Representative, the Hon. Joseph Powell.

April 3d, 1876.

**Babcock Indicted.**  
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 15.—The grand jury to-day indicted Babcock, Harrington, Whitley, Benton, Miles, Nettie ship and Somerville for complicity in the safe burglary conspiracy. Warrants were issued for each except Gen. Babcock who appeared and gave bail in the sum of \$10,000—ex-Gov. A. R. Shepherd becoming his surety.

Grand closed in New York, on Monday at 1.15.

**ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.** In the estate of Michael Quilty, late of Forest Lake decd., Letters of Administration in the said estate having been granted to the undersigned all persons owing said estate are requested to make immediate payment and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them without delay.  
BARNORA QUALLEY,  
Administrator, D. C. A.  
April 18, 1876—69

## SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT!

ABEL BENNETT & CO., BINGHAMTON,

Jobbers of Fine Woolens,

ALSO A MERCHANT TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

REPLETE WITH ALL THE LATEST STYLES  
AND QUALITIES

All our goods have been bought within the last few weeks, for CASH, at a very low price, thereby enabling us to sell cheaper than the other establishments in the city, who are carrying stock bought at much higher rates.  
April 19, '76.—5m

## FARM FOR SALE.

A farm for sale of 180 acres in Silver Lake. Well watered, timbered, good orchard, buildings, &c., convenient to church, school, &c., &c.  
ALLEN SHILDEN,  
Shelden P. O.,  
Susq'la Co., Pa.

April 19, 1876.—1f

## STRAY.

Came into the enclosure of the Subscriber, in Bridge-water township, on Tuesday, April 11, 1876. One red Cow. The owner can take her away by proving property and paying charges.  
O. P. BEEBE.

April 19, 1876.—3w.

## DISSOLUTION.

The firm of Mott & Welch, of Bridge-water, in this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued by J. W. Mott, and all books and accounts are left in his hands for adjustment, and must be settled immediately.  
J. W. MOTT,  
A. H. WELCH.

April 19, 1876.—3w.

## P. J. DONLEY,

FURNISHING

UNDER THE TAKER,

BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

The latest improved Coffins and Caskets on hand.—Hearse to order. Shrouds, etc.  
April 19, '76.

## MODES DE PARIS!

Spring Styles.

—AT—

ROZELLE'S,

FRENCH MILLINERY.

97 Court Street, Binghamton, N. Y. 97.

The largest and best stock of Millinery Goods outside of New York and at the very lowest cash prices. We will not be undersold. LADIES' CAPS, AND HEAD-DRESSES in a very large variety.

FRANK LESLIE'S PATTERNS.

HAIR GOODS, ETC.

F. ROZELLE.

Binghamton, N. Y., April 19, 1876.—1y-3f

## IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

C. & A. CORTESY,

DRY GOODS,

—AND—

MERCHANT TAILORING.

AT OUR NEW STORE,

No. 21 Court Street.

We would respectfully announce to the public that we have removed to our new and spacious store, No. 21 corner of Court and Water streets, and are filling it with new stock of goods that have just arrived. Our stock of Dress Goods, Shawls, etc., are of the very latest Spring patterns and styles and purchased for cash when the market was most depressed. In the line of Fancy Goods, Hosiery, Gloves, Hair Goods, Ribbons, etc., our stock is unsurpassed. We have also opened a Department of Merchant Tailoring, and have just purchased a large stock of the latest styles in the line of cloths, Cassimeres, etc., and of the very best quality. We have employed to take charge of this Department, Mr. T. D. PAYSON, formerly of the leading and most successful tailor in this city, and who always guaranteed a perfect fit. Mr. Taylor did the selecting of the cloths, cassimeres, trimmings, etc., for his customers, which should satisfy all that we have the latest and most fashionable styles.

We cordially thank our patrons for past favors, and promise that the public generally that we are better prepared than ever to supply anything in our line. We solicit your patronage.  
C. & A. CORTESY.

Binghamton, April 19, 1876.

## B. R. LYONS &amp; CO.,

HAVE RECEIVED LARGE ADDITIONS

TO THEIR STOCK OF

CARPETS, OILCLOTHS, DRUGGET,

MATTINGS, WINDOW

SHADES,

PAPER HANGINGS AND ENAMEL

CLOTHS, COTTON YARN,

COFFIN TRIM-

MINGS,

PLATED WARE, DRY GOODS AND

GROCERIES, PAINTS, OILS,

DAMASK, REPS,

ALL OF DR. JAYNE'S FAMILY

MEDICINES,

TRUNKS, UMBRELLAS, RUBBER

GOODS, &c., &c.

CALICO, SIX CENTS PER YARD!

B. R. LYONS & CO.

Montrose, January 1, 1876.

NEW LACE CURTAINS by the set or yard.

Table Linens, Napkins, towels, and House-

keeping goods in great variety at

Guaranteed, Reasonable & Co.

Montrose, April 18, 1876.

Good suit of clothes at my store.

and will be sold very cheap for CASH. All goods

warranted as represented.

H. & W. T. DICKERMAN.

Feb. 18, 1876.—4m

JOB WORK

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## FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF THE

receipts and expenditures of Wm. J. Mulford

Treasurer of the borough of Montrose, for the year

ending April 10, 1876.

To balance from last Treasurer \$ 32.01

Amount paid by circuit 21.00

Mr. Lester, walk 16.10

Ed Williams, collector 1.69

J. A. Howell, Collector 1.69

\$1,728.06

By paid James Birney, lighting lamps 75.00

G. F. Fordham, oil and freight 75.00

J. H. Reynolds, coal and wood 33.33

Geo. Zierke, lamp posts 12.50

J. S. Tarbell, building bridge 125.00

J. J. Young, walk 287.76

O. P. Beebe, labor 23.88

Henry Sherman, labor 70.00

H. H. Franke, wintering oxen 60.00

advertising and printing 18.00

Simon Casey, work 16.00

Gilmore, assigned to H. Howell, work 18.00

Mawhinney, work 5.85

Charles Avery, costs for Thomas 4.70

C. H. Smith, & Co., Auditors' fees 4.50

Wm. J. Mulford, wood and goods 7.50

Treasurer's percentage 34.21

H. C. Tyler, late Secretary 15.00

Wm. L. Cox, Secretary 1875 15.00

Boyd & Corwin, shovels and nails 2.05

Wm. Gary, a pairing truck 1.00

B. Williams, gathering brush 1.00

burying 1.00

Z. Cobb, mowing green 1.00

Wilson J. T. rel, surveyor 1.00

B. C. Sayre, stove and rent 30.00

High Mitchell, pound rent 15.00

Joe Shipman, work 37.50

A. H. McCollum, attorney 30.00

\$1,027.87

Cash in Treasurer's hands 91.98

\$1,728.06

Montrose, April 1, 1876.

We, the undersigned, Auditors of the borough of

Montrose, have this day examined the accounts of Wm.

J. Mulford, Treasurer of said borough, and the orders

paid by said Treasurer, and after allowing him his per-

centage authorized by law, we find a balance in his

hands of this date of ninety dollars and thirty nine

cents. (99.39)

CHAS. H. SMITH,  
ISAAC HAMLEN,  
F. B. CHANDLER,  
Auditors.

Montrose, April 10, 1876. [April 19, '76.]

## WEBSTER'S

NEW PRICE LIST,

FOR SPRING AND SUMMER OF

1876.

Look at the following, which speaks for itself.

Heavy cottonade pants 1.50 2.25

Stout wool-mixed pants 3.00 4.00

Good all wool pants 4.00 5.00

Imported cassimere pants 4.00 7.00

French Dueskin pants 4.00 7.50

Stout workingmen's suits 7.00 10.00