SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN

MIFFLINTOWN, PA.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 21, 1900.

B. F. SCHWEIER,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

SUDDEN DEATHS.

The past few days have been so prolific in sudden deaths of well known people that there is a general inquiry. "who next? There was Judge Lyons, Amos Ober, John Bardell of whom particular mention has been made in these columns. Their passing away was without a word to a mortal being and now to that list must be added the death of George Dysinger, in Walker township. Last Wednesday evening he retired in his usual health. On Friday morning he did not appear with the family. A grand daughter hastened upstairs. He was dead in bed. The vital spark of life was gone but he was yet warm. He died of heart failure. Interment on Sunday in the old Cecedar cemetery in Walker township, at the cross roads, at the Sieber and Adams farms. Mr Dysinger was aged about 78 years. Another sudden death in Walker township was that of Philip Cleck aged about 76 years. He lived in a house on George Heckman's farm not far from Van Wert. He had been to Van Wert store on Saturday, and while he was not in the best of health there was nothing in his case as far as appearance went to indicate that the death messenger was then poising a dart for him. On Sunday morning Mr. George Heckman walked to the place where Cleck lived, and fed a flock of chickens at the barn and then went to the house. A thrilling sight greeted him when he entered the house. There on the floor lay Mr. Cleck in his night clothes on the floor in a pool of blood. He had bled to death from the breaking of a vein in lung or stomach. A lamp was burning on a table showing that the hemorrhage had came upon him in the night time, but under what circumstances will never be known. Neighbors who were there upon the call of Mr. Heckman say he had his spectacles on and had walked about the rooms of the house after the bleeding had started as was shown by the blood on the floor. He evidently walked till he was exhausted or strangled by the flow of blood. Interment in Center Cemetery on Tuesday.

The Deceased Judge Lyons.

Judge Jeremiah Lyons was burried on last Saturday afternoon, in the Presbyterian Cemetery. The services were under the direction of the Masonic fraternity. The Judge having been a member of that order. An immense crowd of relatives, friends and acquaintances assembled in the Presbyterian church at 2.30 o'clock P. M. to pay their last respects to the deceased Judge. The services in the church were conducted by Rev. Joseph Mathers and Rev's. Campbell and Dorwart.

The members of the Juniata County Bar met in the Court House at 11 o'clock A. M. on Saturday, for the purpose of paying a tribute of respect to the memory of Judge Jeremiah Lyons.

Robert McMeen Esq. was chosen President of the meeting and Jos. E. Neimond and A. J. Calhoun, Esqs., were selected to act as secretaries.

The following preamble and resolution was adopted and ordered to be entered upon the record of the Court:

"The Bar of Juniata County learned with a great shock and sincere grief of the sudden death of Judge Jeremiah Lyons, among strangers in the City of Philadelphia, on Wednesday of this week. To the decree of Heaven, thus suddenly and unpectedly entered, we bow in humble submission. With intent to do justice to his memory, these minutes are placed upon the records:-

Judge Lyons was a great lawyer, the very incarnation of careful and thorough work, whose skill at the bar and forum was unquestioned, and whose success was complete. He was vigorous and original in thought, ready of utterance, learned in the law, clear in apprehension, and sound in judgment; gifted in the art of advocate, earnest in his clients interests and true in the defence of legal principles, and zealous at all times of professional honor. On the bench, he was upright, impartial, and strong, patient in research, exhaustive in industry, with a thorough and comprehensive grasp of facts and legal principles.

As a man, a citizen, a neighbor, and a friend, he stood with the best. His strong individuality may at times have brought him into conflict with his fellows, but in his great heart there was no malice. Let him but imagine that an injury has been done, and there was none so ready to bring the olive branch of peace. His genial, generous, warm-hearted sympathetic nature asserted itself in the man, and his fellows loved him and could not help loving him for what he was. His interests in the community, his active participation in the daily affairs of our lives, his ready efforts to promote our success in every way, had bound him to us with ties of affection and love; and in his death we have lost a friend and a brother.

Resolved that these minutes be entered on the records of the Courts, and that a copy thereof be published in the county papers."

Brief addresses were made by Judge Bell, of Hollidaysburg; Horace Culbertson, Esq. of Lewistown; Associate Judge Swartz and Attorneys Pennell, Atkinson, Burchfield, Neely Keller, Schweyer, Patterson, Crawford, Banks, Neimond, Calhoun and Mr. McMeen, all of the Juniata County bar.

The speeches all conveyed the high estimates the gentlemen placed upon the departed lawyer and Judge.

Before the meeting was adjourned it was agreed that the members of the bar attend the funeral in a body and an invitation was extended to all visiting attorneys to join with them in this last service.

Attorneys Smiley, Barnett, Roddy, McKee and Shull of the Perry County bar; Attorneys Uttley and McKee of the Mifflin County bar, Judge Bailey of Huntingdon; Judge Bell of Blair together with Attorney Stevens of the bar of that County accepted the invitation and joined their brothers of the bar of this county in accompanying the remains to the cemetery.

THE democratic members of the Legislature have not yet indicated who they may run for the office of United States Senator. There is a chance for them to vote for a republican. There are not enough democrats in the Legislature to elect a democratic Senator. It would not be a bad move for them to vote for a republican

Debs has turned out to be calamity howler for the workmen since the election. He has never risen to a realization of the fact that the United States is the workman's paradise. Here labor is honored and respected. Here the maid servant and man servant of to-day may be the mistress and master to-morrow. Here wages are better, and conditions are better than any where else in the world. Every walk of life in the United States is crowded with prominent and rich men and women who have been what Debs calls working people. Land holders, pesidents, senators, judges, legislators in all the states in a majority of cases are or have been what Debs calls workmen. The workmen, if honest, at the foot of the ladder are as good as those at the top of the ladder. And of all the great works in which workmen are employer the workmen get the most of the money.

THE United States Senatorial question is beginning to agitate the politicians. Colonel Quay has announced himself as in the field. His friends have been interesting themselves in the effort to secure the pledge of every Republican Senator and representative to go into a caucus and pledge themselves before entering the caucus to vote for whomsoever the caucus nominated for United States Senator. The Colonel's friends were first confident that they could secure the required number of promises favorable to do whatever the caucus might rule, but now it seems that a considerable percentage of the republican Members and Senators will not make pledges of that kind. At this time Colonel Quay is the only Republican announced as a candidate for United States Senate.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

The Juniata County Teachers' Institute will be held in Mifflintown the week of November 26, 1900.

INSTRUCTORS:

Prof. J. A. Sprenkel, New Cumberland, Pa.

Dr. Charles C. Rounds, New York City.

Dr. J. C. Hartzler, Newark, Ohio.

Dr. C. W. Heisler, Pres. Susquehanna University.

Hon. Henry Houck, Deputy State Superintendent.

ENTERTAINMENTS.

Monday evening, Lecture by Hon. Henry Houck.

Tuesday evening, Rogers-Grilley Recitals.

Wednesday evening. The Smith Sisters.

Thursday evening, Slayton Jubilee Singers.

Tons of eels go down the river every fall because a few so called sportsmen have busied themselves to have a fish law passed that suits their small circle, and enables them to wile away the time to catch now and then a few pounds of what are called game fish. The one they have had passed to protect the game fish. But in the passage of the game fish law they have deprived the people along the Juniata river from supplying themselves with hundreds of pounds of eels for every pound of game fish that is taken from the river. Are the people to be deprived of tons of eels for a paltry few pounds of bass for the sake of loafing sportsmen? But it is not true that basket fishing for eels to any noticable extent is destructive to the propogation of game fish. It is a rare thing fisherman say, for a bass to go into a fish basket. In an other column we present an article on "Manufacturing—use of water," from Bradstreet. While it is time the Bradstreet article is not on the subject of fish and eels, it is on the broad question of the use of the water of a stream for one purpose only, to the damage or loss of other interests. So then the principal laid down in the Bradstreet report when applied to the fish law would rule, the sportsman have no right to prevent other people from enjoying the bounties of the stream, and confine every one to the narrow way of game fishing when tons of other fish can be caught and used because of the special legislation for particular kind of fish.

Manufacturing—Use of Water.

The New York Court of Appeals held, in the recent case of Strobel et al. vs. The Kerr Salt Company, reported in the New York Law Journal, that the question of reasonable use of the waters of a natural stream is generally a question of fact, but that whether the undisputed facts and the necessary inferences therefrom established an unreasonable use is a question of law. In this case the court decided that the diverting of a large quantity of water each day from a stream for the purposes of extensive salt works located thereon, rendering the water passing down the stream so salt that cattle would not drink it unless forced by necessity, destroying fish and vegetation and rusting mill machinery, constituted such an unreasonable use of the water as a matter of law as would entitle the lower riparian owners to relief by injunction, for which purpose a joint action might be maintained for several of them to restrain the common injury, and that while the courts would not overlook the needs of important industries or hamper them for trifling causes they would not permit substantial injury to neighboring property, with a small but long-established business for the purpose of enabling a new and great industry to flourish.

Gamblers on Ocean Steamers.

A man who has crossed the ocean many times writes. The short card men are on the ocean! If it were announced the Captain Kidd, "who sailed," were hovering on the edge of the "land routes" to Europe, no greater consternation could be caused. Many of the inexperienced voyagers who are now plowing the salty main see in the warning about gamblers danger more appalling than the winds or the lightning bolts of heaven. Despite the fact that they cannot be held-up and robbed on ship-board, as in far too many parts of this land, our fellow countrymen imagine that the professional gamblers will despoil them of their money, whether they have any in their clothes or not. They do not appear to realise that there is any mutuality in a game of poker, and that to lose their wealth they must enter the game.

But, seriously, the presence of professional gamblers on the ocean steamers is likely to prove a great annoyance. No man of the world ever plays cards with strangers; but acquaintance formed on board during an ocean trip ripens so rapidly that even experienced travelers forget the newness of an apparent friendship.

If the steamship companies are sincere about the protection they claim to throw over the unsuspicious neophyte who is liable to be plucked, why do they not send a detective on every vessel during the summer months? Every hotel has an officer of its own these days and he earns his pay every month. On shipboard "the man in plain clothes" would have unusual advantages for the detection of crime. His suspected or known crimnal couldn't get away from him. Incidentally, the number of overcoats stolen on some voyages might be materially reduced. It is so easy for an honest man to go to the wrong state-room, unitentionally, that every crook on board takes advantage of the absence of the rightful occupant to look over his shipmate's traps. To our mind, these dangers are as great as those to be encountered from gamblers in the smoking-room.

Freed by Witty Retort.

Few if any judges can be severe with a prisoner who has made them laugh. Just why this should be so is a problem for the psychologists, but that such is the case can be testified to by any one who has much to do with the courts. A case in point occurred not long ago in Center street police court. An old darky had been arraigned on a charge of shooting craps.

"'Deed, judge, I didn't shoot no craps," protested the prisoner.

"How about it, officer?" asked the court.

"I saw him with my own eyes," said the policeman.

"No, no, judge," still protested the darky, "he didn't see me shootin no craps. I wasn't playin, 'deed I wasn't."

"Now, look here," said the magistrate, "which am I to believe? The officer swears positively he saw you playing, and you swear equally as positively that you were not. What am I to do?"

The prisoner evidently appreciated the unfortunate position of the court. He scratched his head in perplexity, heaved a long sigh and said:

"Waal, I dunno, judge; we all has our troubles."

He was discharged.—New York Mail and Express.

When Cats Were Worshiped.

A mummy cat is a very curious thing. Tons of these embalmed creatures were brought to England a few years ago to be ground into bone manure. What an unromantic ending after 4,000 years' mummification! Some of the cats were bound with the ears standing erect, others laid flat. The cloths were still adhering to the mammies, though in one shipload, supposed to contain 180,000 cats, very few really complete specimens could be found.

It is supposed that the cats were of the species known as Felis mauiculata, a kind formerly found in north Africa, and probably tamed by the ancient Egyptians, from which we get our domesticated pussy.

As early as 1800 B. C. tablets recorded that cats were kept in the Egyptian temples as an object of worship.

The Explanation.

One morning the readers of a certain newspaper were perplexed to see in type the announcement that "the Scotus handed down an important decision yesterday." The afternoon paper of the town, with which the morning paper for years had held a bitter controversy, interesting none but themselves, laughed that day, as the posts say, "in ghoulish glee," and it was up to the morning paper the next day to explain that "the types" made them say that the Scotus did so and so when the telegraph editor should have known that that word was merely the abbreviation of the telegrapher for supreme court of the United States.

Municipal Ownership.

Municipal ownership long ago passed out of the stage of theory and experiment, if, in fact, it ever belonged there. Centuries before America was discovered public ownership of public utilities was highly developed. The city of Rome 2,000 years ago possessed its splendid public baths, its superb aqueducts and other utilities owned and managed by the government.

Knew the House.

Citizen—Off'sher, can you (hic) tell me where I (hic) live? I'm (hic) Senator Bigboddy, you know.

Officer—What's yer cook's name?

Citizen—Mary Ann (hic) O'Brady.

Officer—Four blocks down and two doors to yer right.—Judge.

THE STAFF OF LIFE.

Bread Seems to Be Falling in Favor as an Article of Diet.

"I look upon bread as an article of food destined to be completely abolished before many years," said a New York doctor, "for the number of persons who are willingly giving up the use of it increases every year. The majority of them do this on the advice of their physicians, who find more ground for recommending abstinence from bread as they see the results that such a course of treatment has on their patients.

"For nearly all forms of dyspepsia, gout, rheumatism and kindred ailments the patient is first told to shun bread unless it be submitted to certain preparation and be taken only in certain forms. The great increase in the number of hygienic foods that have been put upon the market and the almost invariable success of any of these manufactures which prove an acceptable substitute for bread and other starchy foods are other indications in the change of the public feeling toward bread as a simple food which could be taken under all circumstances.

"Some years ago a man wrote a book devoted chiefly to exposing to the world the harmful qualities of bread. Persons at that time thought he was a crank, and little attention was paid to his very sound utterances on the subject. But his opinions are now re-echoed by most physicians, and the great army of abstainers from bread gathers recruits every day. The revolt against such a well established institution is naturally a little bit slow. But bread is destined to be ultimately shunned even more than it is today, and this destruction of a tradition that has lasted centuries is already well under way. Most of its force comes from the complete satisfaction of the persons, who do give up bread entirely. They are always the most enthusiastic advocates of the new theory on the subject."—New York Sun.

HE TESTED HIS SKILL.

The Result Moved the Philosopher to a Discourse on Success.

"Did you ever realise that the success that one really enjoys comes only through hard work?" asked the philosopher. "I knew the average mortal would prefer to gain his ends without hard toil, but few do, and I doubt if those few gain any pleasure from having the plum drop in their laps without any effort on their part.

"I had that fact impressed upon me only the other day. I chanced during an idle moment to pick up an empty ink bottle, and something started my thoughts back to my boyhood days when an empty bottle furnished an ideal mark to throw stones at. Smiling to myself at the childishness of it, I set the bottle on a hitching post, and after carefully selecting a number of stones I stood off about 30 feet and prepared to make a test of my skill. The very first stone that I threw caught the bottle fairly in the center and shattered it into a hundred pieces. I threw away the stones that I had so carefully gathered in disgust. I had accomplished what I had set out to do on my first throw, but I fully realised that it was only a fluke and that I might threw 50 more stones and not come anywhere near the mark.

"Now, if, on the contrary, I had missed, I would have carefully noted where the fault lay and tried to have corrected it on my next throw. The throws that went too low and too high, as well as too much to one side, would have all been valuable lessons to me, and in the end I would have succeeded in placing a stone where I wanted it. That would have been success gained by working for it. The very few people who gain success on their first throw have my sympathy."—Detroit Free Press.

Gaslight on Gems.

The appearance of all fine gems is improved by gaslight. A perfect emerald, despite its color, which in anything else would turn to a dull grinish hue, is only intensified in brilliancy of color by artificial light. The blue sapphire, though darkened, remains true to its color, as by daylight. The alexandrite is the only gem that changes, turning from a dark olivine to a brilliant blood red by candle or gas light.

No Difference.

English Customer (to manager of restaurant)—I see, Signor Maraschino, that the American gentleman and his wife, who have just left, drank nothing but water with their dinner. Does that make much difference in their bill?

Signor Maraschino—Notting, sir. They pay same as yourself and lady, who 'ave champagne; oderwise 'ow should we live?—London Punch.

An Odd Slip.

Dr. Johnson once met the village postman trudging along the dusty road on a hot summer afternoon. The postman observed that he had still a mile to walk just to deliver one newspaper.

"My goodness," exclaimed the sympathetic doctor, "I'd never go all that distance for such a trifle! Why don't you send it by post?"

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS.

On the first and third Tuesdays in each month during 1900 from Chicago via Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railway to points in Iowa, South and North Dakota, Minnesota, Montana, Colorado, Utah, Nebraska, Oregon and Washington at the rate of one fare plus two dollars for the round trip, good 21 days. For further information call on or address W. S. Howell, G. E. P. A., 381 Broadway, New York or John R. Pott, D. P. A., 486 Williams street, Williamsport, Pa. d10.

The way to Wash Chamois Gloves.

The proper way is to wash them in tepid water, taking care to use plenty of white soap. They can either be washed on the hand or off, though it is easier to get at them by wearing them and using a nailbrush. They should be rinsed in strong tepid soap suds and not in clear water, because that takes out the oil and makes the gloves hard. The more they are washed the softer and finer they become. They should never be wrung out, but rather pressed out, and then they should be rolled in a dry towel. Keep changing the towel until all of the water is absorbed, and before the gloves are thoroughly dry put them on the hands.

MIFFLINTOWN GRAIN MARKETS

MIFFLINTOWN, NOV. 21, 1900.

Wheat			65 to 75
Corn in ear	25 to 30c	Shelled	50
Oats			new 30
Rye			50
Butter			20
Eggs			24
Ham			11
Shoulder			8
Lard			8
Sides			10
Cloverseed			5 to 7cts.
Timothy seed			$2 50
Flax seed			90
Bran			90
Chop			1.00 to 1.10
Middlings			1 00
Ground Alum Salt			90
American Salt			65 to 70

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS,

November 19, 1900.

Wheat 71c; corn 42c; oats 29c; butter 25 to 30c; chickens 8 to 9c; ducks 9 to 10c; turkeys 9 to 10c; geese 9c; cattle 3 to 5½c; hogs 3½ to 5c; sheep 1.50 to 3 90; potatoes 42 to 52cts; onions 60c; Penna. broad leaf tobacco 12 to 15—6 to 8cts; wrappers 25 to 40c; lard 7½ to 8½c; cured smoked pork ham 10 to 11c; ribs 7 to 8c; bellies 10c; breakfast bacon 11 to 12c; sugars 5 to 5½c; hay 14 50 to 17.50.

...LEE'S...

NEW LIFE TEA

ALWAYS CURES

CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, SICK HEADACHE,

And imparts new life to the whole system. At all druggists and dealers, 50c, or sent by mail, if your dealer will not supply you. Address, LANGHAM MED. CO., LE ROY, N. Y.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, the Hon. JEREMIAH LYONS, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, for the Forty-First Judicial District, composed of the counties of Juniata and Perry, and the Honorables WM. SWARTZ and W. N. STERRETT, Associate Judges of the said court of Common Pleas of Juniata county, by precept duly issued and to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace at Mifflintown, on the FIRST MONDAY OF DECEMBER, 1900, BEING THE 3RD DAY OF THE MONTH.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace and Constables of the County of Juniata, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations and Oyer remembrances, to do those things that to their offices respectfully appertain, and those that are bound by recognizance to prosecute against the prisoners that are or may be in the Jail of said county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

By an Act of Assembly passed the 6th day of May, 1854, it made duty of Justices of the Peace of the several counties of this Commonwealth, to return to the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the respective counties, all the recognizances entered into before them by any person or persons charged with the Commission of any crime, except such cases as may be ended before a Justice of the Peace, under existing laws, at least ten days before the commencement of the session of the Court to which they are made returnable respectively, and in all cases where recognizances are entered into less than ten days before the commencement of the session to which they are made returnable, the said Justices are to return the same in the same manner as if said Act had not been passed.

Dated at Mifflintown, the 7th day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred.

S. CLAYTON STONER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Mifflintown, Pa. November 7, 1900.

—THE—

Juniata Valley National Bank.

—O—

Capital . . . $60,000

LOUIS E. ATKINSON, President.
T. V. IRWIN, Cashier

—O—

DIRECTORS.

Louis E. Atkinson. W. C. Pomeroy.
John Hertzler. J. L. Barton.
H. J. Shellenberger. W. N. Sterrett.
T. Van Irwin.

Interest allowed on time deposits at the rate of three per cent. per annum.

January 11, 1899.

MIFFLIN ACADEMY

—BEGINS THE—

FALL TERM

Sept. 4, 1900.

Board, Tuition and Furnished Room for the Term,

$48.

TUITION,

$16.

J. HARRY DYSINGER,
Principal,
Mifflintown, Juniata county, Pa.

LEGAL.

NOTICE IN DIVORCE.

To Jesse Palm, late of the County of Juniata, State of Pennsylvania.

Whereas, Nancy E. Palm, your wife has filed a libel in the Court of Common Pleas of Juniata county, No. 48, April Term, 1900, praying a divorce against you, now you are hereby notified and required to appear in said Court on or before Monday, the 3rd day of December 1900, next, to answer the complaint of the said Nancy E. Palm, and in default of such appearance you will be liable to have a divorce granted in your absence.

S. CLAYTON STONER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Mifflintown, Oct. 9, 1900.

NOTICE!

Notice is hereby given that hunting on my lands in Delaware township, is positively forbidden, and that all violators will be dealt with according to law. Last year a similar notice was violated with impunity. A reward of five dollars will be paid to any one furnishing information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of anyone violating this notice.

URIAH SHUMAN.

LOUIS E. ATKINSON. F. M. P. PENNELL.
ATKINSON & PENNELL,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
MIFFLINTOWN, PA.

OFFICE—On Main street, in place of residence of Louis E. Atkinson, Esq., south Bridge street. [Oct 26, 1898

☞ Collecting and Conveyancing promptly attended to.

WILBERFORCE SCHWEYER,
Attorney-at-Law.

☞ Collections and all legal business promptly attended to.

OFFICE IN COURT HOUSE.

DR. D. M. CRAWFORD, DR. DARWIN M. CRAWFORD

DR. D. M. CRAWFORD & SON,

have formed a partnership for the practice of Medicine and their collateral branches. Office at old stand, corner of Third and Orange streets, Mifflintown, Pa. One or both of them will be found at their office at all times, unless otherwise professionally engaged.

April 1st, 1898.

H. P. DERR,
PRACTICAL DENTIST.

Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College. Office at old established location, Bridge Street, opposite Court House, Mifflintown, Pa.

☞ Crown and Bridge work; Painless Extraction.

All work guaranteed.

HAVE YOU MONEY TO DEPOSIT?

ARE YOU A BORROWER?

—CALL AT—

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

MIFFLINTOWN, PA.

THREE PER CENT INTEREST

PAID ON TIME CERTIFICATES.

Money Loaned at Lowest Rates.

March 5, 1898.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Schedule in Effect, May 27, 1900.

WESTWARD.

Way Passenger, leaves Philadelphia at 4 30 a. m; Harrisburg 8 00 a. m; Duncannon 8 35 a. m; New Port 9 05 a. m; Millerstown 9 15 a. m; Durword 9 21 a. m; Thompsontown 9 26 a. m; Van Dyke 9 33 a. m; Tuscarora 9 36 a. m; Mexico 9 40 a. m; Port Royal 9 44 a. m; Mifflin 9 50 a. m; Denholm 9 55 a. m; Lewistown 10 13 a. m; McVeytown 10 38 a. m; Newton Hamilton 11 00 a. m; Mount Union 11 06 a. m; Huntingdon 11 32 p. m; Tyrone 12 20 p. m; Altoona 1 00 p. m; Pittsburg 5 50 p. m.

Mail leaves Philadelphia at 7 12 a. m; Harrisburg at 11 48 a. m; Mifflin 1 11 p. m; Lewistown 1 30 p. m; Huntingdon 2 29 p. m; Tyrone 3 12 p. m; Altoona 3 45 p. m; Pittsburg 8 40 p. m.

Altoona Accommodation leaves Harrisburg at 5 00 p. m; Duncannon 5 34 p. m; Newport 6 02 p. m; Millerstown 6 11 p. m; Thompsontown 6 21 p. m; Tuscarora 6 30 p. m; Mexico 6 33 p. m; Port Royal 6 38 p. m; Mifflin 6 43 p. m; Denholm 6 49 p. m; Lewistown 7 07 p. m; McVeytown 7 30 p. m; Newton Hamilton 7 50 p. m; Huntingdon 8 20 p. m; Tyrone 9 02 p. m; Altoona 9 35 p. m.

Pacific Express leaves Philadelphia at 11 20 p. m; Harrisburg at 3 00 a. m. Marysville 3 14 a. m. Duncannon 3 29 a. m. Newport 3 52 a m. Port Royal 4 25 a. m. Mifflin 4.30 a. m. Lewistown 4 52 a m. Newton Hamilton 5 33 a. m. Huntingdon 6 03 a. m. Petersburg 6 19 a. m. Tyrone 6 52 a. m. Altoona 7 40 a. m. Pittsburg 12 10 a. m.

Oyster Express leaves Philadelphia at 4 30 p. m. Harrisburg at 10 20 p. m. Newport 11 06 p. m. Mifflin 11 40 p. m. Lewistown 11 58 p. m.; Huntingdon 12 55 a. m. Tyrone 1 32 a. m. Altoona 2 00 a. m. Pittsburg 5 30 a. m.

Fast Line leaves Philadelphia at 12 25 p. m. Harrisburg 3 45 p. m. Duncannon 4 10 p. m. Newport 4 30 p. m. Mifflin 5 02 p. m. Lewistown 5 22 p. m. Mount Union 6 03 p. m. Huntingdon 6. 22 p. m. Tyrone 6 59 p. m. Altoona 7 35 p. m. Pittsburg 11 30 p. m.

EASTWARD.

Altoona Accommodation leaves Altoona at 4 40 a. m. Tyrone 5 04 a. m. Petersburg 5 25 a. m. Huntingdon 5 37 a. m. Newton Hamilton 6 01 a. m. McVeytown 6 17 a. m. Lewistown 6 38 a. m. Mifflin 6.58 a. m. Port Royal 7 02 a. m. Thompsontown 7 17 a. m. Millerstown 7 26 a. m. Newport 7 35 a. m. Duncannon 8 00 a. m. Harrisburg 8 30 a. m., Philadelphia 11.48.

Sea Shore leaves Pittsburg at 2 50 a. m. Altoona 7 15 a. m. Tyrone 7 48 a. m. Huntingdon 8 30 a. m. McVeytown 9 15 a. m. Lewistown 9 35 a. m. Mifflin 9 55 a. m. Port Royal 9 59 a. m. Thompsontown 10 14 a. m. Millerstown 10 22 a. m. Newport 10 32 a. m. Duncannon 10 54 a. m. Marysville 11 07 a. m. Harrisburg 11 25 a. m. Philadelphia 3 00 p. m.

Main Line Express leaves Pittsburg at 8 00 a. m. Altoona 11 40 a. m. Tyrone 12 08 p. m. Huntingdon 12 35 p. m. Lewistown 1 33 p. m. Mifflin 1 50 p. m. Harrisburg 3 10 p. m. Baltimore 6 00 p. m. Washington 7 15 p. m. Philadelphia 6 23 p. m.

Mail leaves Altoona at 2 05 p. m. Tyrone 2 35 p. m. Huntingdon 3 17 p. m. Newton Hamilton 3 47 p. m. McVeytown 4 20 p. m. Lewistown 4 33 p. m. Mifflin 4 55 p. m. Port Royal 5 00 p. m. Mexico 5 20 p. m. Thompsontown 5 18 p. m. Millerstown 5 28 p. m. Newport 5 39 p. m. Duncannon 6 08 p. m. Harrisburg 6 45 p. m.

Mail Express leaves Pittsburg at 12 45 p. m. Altoona 5 55 p. m. Tyrone 6 27 p. m. Huntingdon 7 10 p. m. McVeytown 7 51 p. m. Lewistown 8 10 p. m. Mifflin 8 30 p. m. Port Royal 8 34 p. m. Millerstown 8 57 p. m. Newport 9 05 p. m. Duncannon 9 29 p. m. Harrisburg 10 00 p m.

Philadelphia Express leaves Pittsburg at 4 30 p. m. Altoona 9 05 p. m. Tyrone 9 33 p. m. Huntingdon 10 12 p. m. Mount Union 10 32 p. m. Lewistown 11 16 p. m. Mifflin 11 37 p. m. Harrisburg 1 00 a. m. Philadelphia 4 30.

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For Milroy 7 55, 11 45 a. m. and 3 00 p. m. week-days.

At Tyrone.—For Clearfield and Curwensville 8 20 a. m. 3 20 and 7 20 p. m. week-days.

For Bellefonte and Lock Haven 8 10 a. m. 12 30 and 7 15 p. m. week-days.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents, or Thomas E. Watt, Passenger Agent, Western Division, Corner Fifth Avenue and Smithfield Street, Pittsburg.

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