

B. F. SCHWEIER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

COUNTY TREASURER, John F. Ehrenzeller.

PROTHONOTARY, Stiles K. Boden.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS, M. R. Beashore, J. W. Hostetler.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY, George L. Hower.

COUNTY AUDITORS, W. N. Keister, David K. Ulrich.

The Georgia cotton crop is the poorest in 21 years.

There was a break in New York traction stock last week.

The Philippine war is costing at the rate of \$1,000 a soldier.

In fifty years more the public lands will all have been taken, and that will stop the moving to the west.

A process of making celluloid clothing has been discovered, a suit of which can be made and sold for ten cents.

There are pointers that indicate that if the gold bugs capture the democratic National Convention, the silver bugs will start a silver party.

Society generally in Russia is in a state of excitement over the prophesy made among the people of that country that the world is to come to an end about the first of the year.

Sugar growers in Cuba want to be annexed to the United States, because by annexation they can send their sugar into the United States without paying a tariff on it.

The 10th Pennsylvania arrived at Pittsburgh from the Philippine Islands on Monday. All Pittsburgh turned out to say welcome home brave volunteers.

Congressman Thomas B. Reed has resigned his seat in Congress, thus proving the exception to the saying, that few office holders die and none resign. The public service in Washington would be better had he remained.

"The Baldwin Locomotive Works have just shipped two electric locomotives built for the Imperial Government of Japan. They are the first electric locomotives ever shipped from this country. The machines weigh 10,000 pounds each when in operation."

Harvest hands in the Dakotas and in Minnesota have been high this year. It was no use looking for them to receive as much as engineering \$6 a day; fenders \$4 a day; good workmen \$2.75; common hands \$2.00. Several thousand hands were shipped from Chicago.

"W. W. Kurtz of Philadelphia has purchased the interest of the Tyrone Mining and Manufacturing Company in the one right of the Dry Hollow property, containing over 3000 acres of land, situated in Huntingdon and Centre Counties, and he becomes the sole owner of the ore rights in this property."

It does seem just thing to do, if it is probable that a United States Senator can be elected by an extra session of the Legislature, to call an extra session and settle the question. The question of the election of a United States Senator would then be removed from next year's campaign.

The two much married man in America might go to a country where the laws are more suitable to his tastes. By going to Turkey he could marry as many women as he would like provided that he takes care of them. The Sultan has 400 wives, and takes care of everyone of them.

In a speech made at Ocean Grove N. J., campaigning last Friday, President McKinley stated what has been accepted as the policy of the administration toward the Philippine islands. Peace first and then with charity to all, establish a government of law and order, protecting life and property and occupation for the well being of the people who will participate in it under the Stars and Strips."

The beef trade has fallen into the hands of a trust. The largest number of cattle slaughtered in the west are of five or six large concerns. On the 1st of January 1899 there were 1,000,000 less steers in the United States than on the 1st of January 1898 and that fact may have to do with the stiff prices of beef cattle as well as the work of the trusts. Chicago cattlemen say the present prices of western beef cattle have been higher only five times within the past 22 years. The prices were higher in 1882 and in 1883 and in 1884 and in 1888 and in 1891. The newspapers are trying to find out whether the trusts that slaughter cattle in the west, and the ranch cattlemen are booming the cattle business or whether the advance in prices are owing to an increased demand. Western newspapers say, cattle this year have been held back a month later in anticipation of an advance in the price. Last week 1500 pound steers sold in the Chicago market at \$6.00 a hundred, but the same weight cattle in the same market in 1894 sold for \$8.00 a hundred pounds and in 1889 the same weight cattle sold at \$7.35 a hundred pounds in Chicago.

From Bradstreet's of August 26, 1899: "Kansas and Nebraska have produced such extraordinary crops of corn this year that the people of the west are able to overlook the important fact that other sections of

the country are not similarly blessed," says the Kansas City Star. "The latest official crop reports indicate that these two states will have 655,000,000 bushels of corn this year, compared with only 292,000,000 bushels produced last year, an increase of 358,000,000 bushels. But the aggregate crop of the entire country as at present estimated, is only 214,000,000 bushels larger than last year, so that outside of Kansas and Nebraska the country's corn crop this year is 144,000,000 bushels less than it was in 1898. Almost all of the states in the east and south have less corn this year than last. The deficiency in those sections amounts to over 100,000,000 bushels and the east and south, even in their best years, find it necessary to buy great quantities of grain in the west, it is evident that this 100,000,000 bushel shortage this year will result in an unusually large purchases from the states which produce a surplus above home needs. Not only are the east and the south short, but even such important states as Ohio, Indiana and Iowa have less corn this year than last. It is also worthy while to bear in mind that the surplus of old corn, carried over from preceding crops, is much less now than it was a year ago. Another important fact to remember is that Europe is certain to take more corn this year than it has imported in the last twelve months. The foreign demand for corn is growing every year, though the quantity which Europe takes in depends largely on prices. When corn is as low as at present a foreign demand for about 200,000,000 bushels a year may be counted on with reasonable certainty. In view of all the facts and conditions here enumerated, farmers and merchants will do well not to get their ideas about prices too low. Big crops necessarily must cause low prices, but there is no good reason for expecting the value of corn this year to be as low as it has in two or three former years of extraordinary crops. New corn for December delivery is selling now around 24 cents here and 29 cents in Chicago. In 1896, when the greatest crop on record was produced, corn sold as low as 17 cents a bushel in Kansas City and under 20 cents in Chicago. No such low prices are to be anticipated this year, for the reasons that have been stated, even though it is true that Kansas and Nebraska have raised enough extra to keep the railroads busy for two years hauling it to market."

**A Thousand Tongues**  
Could not express the rapture of Annie E. Springer, of 1125 Howard street, Philadelphia, Pa., when she found that Dr. King's New Life Pills had completely cured her of a hacking cough that for many years had made life a burden. All other remedies and doctors gave her no help, but she says of this Royal Cure—"It soon removed the pain in my chest and I can now sleep soundly, something I can never remember doing throughout the winter." So will every one who tries Dr. King's New Life Pills for any trouble of the throat, chest or lungs. Price 50c and \$1. Trial bottles free at M. P. Crawford's Drug Store; every bottle guaranteed.

**REduced RATES.**  
TO YORK, PA., VIA PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD, ACCOUNT SEQUOIA-CENTENNIAL.  
On account of the Sequoia Centennial to be celebrated at York, Pa., September 3 to 6, 1899, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell special excursion tickets from Allentown, Bryn Mawr, Frederick, Baltimore, Lock Haven, Wilkesbarre and intermediate stations, including stations on branch lines, to York, at rate of single fare for the round trip (minimum rate twenty-five cents). Tickets will be sold September 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, and will return until September 7, inclusive.

**That Throbbing Headache**  
Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25c. Money back if not cured. Sold by M. P. Crawford, Drugist.

**NATIONAL EXPORT EXPOSITION, PHILADELPHIA.**  
REDUCED RATES VIA PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.  
The National Export Exposition, which opens at Philadelphia on September 14 and continues until November 30, will be the most interesting and important event occurring in Philadelphia since the Centennial Exhibition of 1876. In addition to its valuable commercial exhibits it will present many features of popular interest and amusement. The United States Marine Band, Sousa's Band, the Banda Rossa, Innes' Band, Danrose's Orchestra, and other celebrated bands will furnish music alternately, and a Midway Pleasure Garden not superior to the famous World's Fair Midway at Chicago, and comprising a Chinese village, a Chinese Theatre, acrobats and customs; an Oriental Village, London Ghost Show, Hagenbeck's Wild Animal Show, Barney Castle, and many other unique presentations, will furnish abundant and diversified amusement. Arrangements have also been made for a Mandolin, Guitar, and Banjo Concerts, and for a grand chorus from the German singing societies.

For this occasion the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets from all points on its line to Philadelphia and return, at rate of fare and a third for the round trip plus price of admission. These tickets will be sold during the continuance of the Exposition and will be good for return passage until November 30.  
For specific rates and additional information apply to nearest ticket agent.

**Robbed the Grave**  
A startling incident, of which Mr. J. O. Oliver, of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was all out yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, incontinently in back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me Electric Bitters, and to my great joy and surprise, the first bottle decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and a well man was made. I have now a new life, and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50c, guaranteed, at M. P. Crawford's Drug Store.

**CORN.**  
From Bradstreet's of August 26, 1899: "Kansas and Nebraska have produced such extraordinary crops of corn this year that the people of the west are able to overlook the important fact that other sections of

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

The Republican State Convention convened at Harrisburg on the 23rd inst., according to programme, and transacted its business of nominating State ticket, and transacting such other minor affairs as properly belonged to its functions.

The nominees are, for Supreme Court judge, J. Hay Brown, of Lancaster; superior court judge, Josiah R. Adams, of Philadelphia; state treasurer, Lieutenant-Colonel James E. Barstet, of the Tenth Pennsylvania regiment.

It was a short convention. It all over within a period of three hours. Senator Penrose was president of the convention. The nominees for Supreme Court were J. Hay Brown, of Lancaster city; Robert Woodrow Palmer, of Lancaster; H. W. A. Palmer, of York; Archibald, of York; and For superior judge there were before the convention Josiah R. Adams, of Philadelphia; and Dimmer Beeler, of Lycoming. The vote stood for Adams 191, for Beeler 47. There was only one candidate before the convention for State Treasurer, Colonel James E. Barstet, and he was nominated by acclamation. Everything passed off as smoothly as the breeze, and the convention adjourned at high noon on a summer day, till the resolutions came to be read.

When the resolutions endorsing the action of Governor Stone, in his appointment of Quay to the United States Senate were read a terrific squall struck the placed plaudits of excitement ran up the mountain high, and all about the Quay schooner were pealed and gotten aboard and raised a storm, and they could not tell where it would land them. The Jonah of the occasion was State Senator Finin. Fortunately the whale was present, into which Finin and 48 other delegates dumped themselves in the vote on the resolutions. Finin and his fellow 48 delegates are in the bell of that vote. The vote stood 192 for the resolutions, 49 against the resolutions. When Finin and the other 48 swallowed Jonahs get out of the whale's belly will they go and preach the destruction of Nineveh.

**THE CANDIDATES.**  
Jacob Hay Brown for Supreme Court, was born in York, Pa., in 1849. His father was a Lutheran preacher. The young man studied law at Gettysburg, was admitted to practice there, but afterwards located in Lancaster. Josiah R. Adams for superior court, was born in France in 1848. His parents were in France in the service of the American and foreign Christian union. After education at Princeton, the young man located at Philadelphia in the practice of law. James E. Barstet for State Treasurer, was born in Indiana county, Pa., in 1856. He is a graduate of Washington and Jefferson College, and Columbia law school. He was a member of the National Guards of Pennsylvania 13 years, was deputy secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania under Governor Hastings. He was with the 10th Pennsylvania regiment in the war in the Philippine Islands.

Rules for the governing of the party in the State were passed, and a platform adopted.  
Extends congratulations to the success of the "sound money and currency campaign of 1896," and the protection to American industries. Praises President McKinley. Credits the activities in business circles that have come since the inauguration of his administration, and advocates his re-nomination in 1900.  
The principles of the party as declared in the National platform of the St. Louis convention are reaffirmed, and an expression is against the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.  
The Dingley tariff law is endorsed. McKinley is praised for his successful termination of the Spanish war, and for his government of Cuba and Porto Rico, and he is promised support for the war in the Philippines.  
The record of the Pennsylvania soldiers during the rebellion, and in the Spanish war and Philippine war is praised, and a hearty welcome is expressed for their return from the Philippine war.  
It shall be the purpose of the party to find new markets abroad for our surplus products.  
The canal scheme to unite the Atlantic and Pacific oceans is highly recommended.  
The building up of a merchant marine, as laid down in a bill before Congress, is urged.  
The approval of the rights of labor to organize, as well as capital, is approved.  
The business like administration of Governor Stone, in not spending more than the State revenues is commended, and the action of the Legislature, in favor of the taxation of incorporated and organized trusts so that the public burdens may be more fully and equally distributed.  
The Republican party is commended for the selection of its representatives in Congress, and the party owes a debt of gratitude to Senator Mathew Stanley Quay for the manner in which he has battled for republican supremacy, and the action of Governor Stone is approved in appointing his failure to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of the late legislator to elect.  
Senator Boies Penrose is commended for the faithful manner he has given to public business entrusted to him, for his acquiescence of appropriation of slack water navigation in western Pennsylvania, and for the deepening of the channel in the Delaware river.  
An economical administration of State affairs is favored, also the prompt payment of school warrants. It is a source of gratification that our State has not lost a dollar by negligence, default or dishonesty of its accounting officers. The business like administration of the retiring state treasurer is commended.  
The rebellion is referred to and the 400,000 Pennsylvania troops who helped to put it down are mentioned and welcome thrice extended to them to attend the National Export Exposition to be held in Philadelphia.

THE APPETITE OF A GOAT.

Is carried off by poor dyspepsia, whose Stomach and Liver are out of order. All such should know that Dr. King's New Life Pills, the wonderful Stomach and Liver Remedy, gives a splendid appetite, sound digestion and a regular bodily habit that insures perfect health and great energy. Only 25c. at M. P. Crawford's drug store.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

August 26th, 1899.  
Wheat 72c; corn 37c; oats 25c; butter 20c to 25c; eggs 15c; 10c; sugar 14 to 15c; live chickens 11c; old roasters 7c; spring chickens 10c to 12c; a lb. smoked ham 11 to 12c; smoked shoulders 7c; break fast bacon 7 to 10c; hand picked apples \$1 to \$1.25 a barrel; windfall apples \$1 to \$1.25 a barrel; Bartlett pears per barrel \$2.50 to \$2.75; grapes 10c to 15c a bushel; southern sweet potatoes 50c to \$1.25 a barrel; onions 50 to 60c a bushel.

CLOCKS OF BYGONE DAYS.

Curiosities in the Museum of a Clock. In the town of Schramberg in the Black Forest district of Wurtemberg, Germany, where one of the chief industries is clock making, there has recently been established an interesting museum of timepieces, the gradual development in the making of clocks for many centuries.  
Among the curiosities are many of great historical value. There is an alarm clock, constructed in the year 1650 for the use of travelers. In form it resembles a lantern and the interior is designed to hold a lighted candle. The candle is slowly pushed forward by a spring, which also controls the mechanism of the clock. A little more automatically every minute to regulate its light. The lantern is inclosed with movable slides, so that the sleeper is not at first disturbed by the presence of light.  
The alarm is set by inserting a peg in the second dial plate. When the regulated hour arrives, the alarm is sounded and at the same time the movable slides fall, flooding the room with light.  
Among the curiosities is a Japanese saw clock. The clock itself produces the motive power by descending a saw formed strip of metal, the teeth of which operate the wheel of the clock-work. In another Japanese clock the hand is attached to a weight, which descends 24 inches, and is indicated by a hand on the perpendicular scale.—Chicago Times-Herald.

SHE RAISED THEM.

A Georgia Widow's Recipe For Raising Up Her Sons.  
During a visit to the Tribune camp in Savannah General Joseph Wheeler was entertained by a party of northern men at the De Soto. When, in the good humor of after dinner cigars, one of the men said laughingly:  
"How is it, general, that the sleepy folks of the south produce such wind tighters in such small packages?"  
"Well, gentlemen," said the little general, putting at a large man's cigar, "I believe I'll have to give you the answer an old 'cracker' woman once gave me when I asked her a similar question. She said many years ago I had occasion to make a saddle journey through the pine barrens of Georgia, where most everybody is a 'cracker' and mighty shiftless. One day, however, I rode into a little community that showed signs of civilization. The owner of the place, a man of keeping with the general character of the barrens, I do assure you, gentlemen, I rode up to a cabin where a gaunt old woman stood in the doorway, and asked her who owned these little farms that were so well kept."  
"That farm on the left belongs to my son Jabez," said she, and the next to my boy Zed, and the next to my boy Poliphar's place, and the next you manage to raise such a fine lot of boys off here in the woods?"  
"Well, stranger," she answered, "I raise 'em on prayer and hickory, but I raised 'em powerful frequent."—Philadelphia Post.

LEGAL ADVERTISING.

**NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR DETECTIVE LICENSE.**  
Notice is hereby given that Samuel Lapp has filed his application in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Juniata County, under the Act of Assembly of this Commonwealth, for a license as a detective with principal office in Juniata county, and the said application will be presented to the Court, on Monday, September 4th, 1899.  
Clerk's Office.  
Mifflintown, Pa. W. H. ZIEGLER, Clerk of Court.  
Aug. 15, 1899.

PROTHONOTARY'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following account has been filed in the Prothonotary's Office of Juniata county, and that the same is open for confirmation and allowance to the Court of Common Pleas of said county, on Tuesday the 19th day of September, 1899, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, in the office of the Prothonotary, Mifflintown, Pa.  
Aug. 19, 1899.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, the Hon. JEREMIAH LYONS, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, for the County of Juniata, District, composed of the counties of Juniata and Perry, and the Honorable WM. SWARTZ and W. N. STERRETT, Associate Justices of the said court of Common Pleas of Juniata county, by precept duly issued and do directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and a Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace at Mifflintown, on the 1st Monday of SEPTEMBER, and the 4th DAY OF THE MONTH.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, to the Corner, Justices of the Peace and Constables of the County of Juniata, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquiries, examinations and Oyer remembrances, to do those things that to do those things that to their offices respectively appertain, and that those who are bound by recognition to prosecute against any person or persons, be then and there in the Jail of said county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.  
By a Court of Assembly passed the 6th day of May, 1854, it made duty of Justices of the Peace of the several counties of this Commonwealth, to return to the Court of Quarter Sessions of the respective counties, all the recognizances entered into before them by any person or persons charged with the Commission of any crime, except such cases as may be ended before a Justice of the Peace, under existing laws, at least ten days before the opening of the session of the Court to which they are made returnable respectively, and in all cases where recognizances are entered into less than ten days before the opening of the session of the Court to which they are made returnable, the said Justices are to return the same in the same manner as if said Act had not been passed.

Dated at Mifflintown, the 29th day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.  
S. CLAYTON STOKER, Sheriff, Mifflintown, Pa. August 9, 1899.

A DAY IN "THE BARRENS."

Among the interesting features of the topography of Centre county is a large area of woodland familiarly called "The Barrens." These "Barrens" separate Spruce Creek valley on the south from Buffalo Run valley on the north, extending to the west end of the county.  
This land is so desolate and void of fertility that very few people are able to live here at all. Springs are unknown and wells are rarely found in the more fertile places. Lumbermen who work here live frequently to haul water for miles. So dry is it in summer that travel through here can scarcely be deemed that the climate also is different along the surrounding country. In the months of May and June you would scarcely find a green leaf or herb as frosts are common all late in the spring. However, this vast area being almost useless for farming much lumber is obtained and some valuable mines have been discovered.  
The writer has experienced a day of traveling through this region, which he will never forget. Walking through in summer you will suppose it the most solitary and forgotten region to be found. During dry weather the sand in the road becomes several inches deep and on both sides of the road are tall slender pine trees overhanging the thick underbrush, which makes it almost impossible for one to pass through. For miles you will find no signs of any habitation. Finally echoing in the far distance is heard the mournful clap of the lumberman's ax, and upon approaching the place of the camp—a few shanties, each about fifteen feet long and seven feet high, is all the settlement seen. However the high piles of lumber show the industrious labor of these hardy lumbermen. Much of the paper wood used in our large paper factories is obtained here.

Having passed through this region it would appear in some solitary place of exile—away from the habitation of man with only the roaring pines and the chirp of a few birds to break the wonderful silence, which reigns supreme throughout this region.  
SKETCHES BY THE WAY.

MIFFLINTOWN TRAIN TABLE.

MIFFLINTOWN, AUG. 30, 1899.  
What..... new 62c, old 65c  
C..... new 30  
R..... new 20  
B..... new 20  
Butter..... 16  
Eggs..... 14  
Ham..... 12  
Sliced..... 12  
Lard..... 8  
Sides..... 7  
Timothy seed..... \$1.40  
Oyster Express leaves Philadelphia at 11:20 p. m. Harrisburg at 3:00 a. m. Marysville 3:14 a. m. Duncannon 3:29 a. m. Newport 3:52 a. m. Port Royal 4:25 a. m. Mifflin 4:30 a. m. Lewisburg 4:52 a. m. Newton Hamilton 5:33 a. m. Huntingdon 6:03 a. m. Petersburg 6:19 a. m. Tyrone 6:52 a. m. Altoona 7:40 a. m. Pittsburgh 12:10 a. m. Philadelphia 4:45 p. m. Oyster Express leaves Philadelphia at 4:45 p. m. Harrisburg at 10:20 p. m. Newport 11:06 p. m. Mifflin 11:40 p. m. Lewisburg 11:55 p. m. Huntingdon 12:00 p. m. Newton Hamilton 12:00 a. m. Altoona 2:00 a. m. Pittsburgh 5:30 a. m. Philadelphia 12:25 p. m. Fast Line leaves Philadelphia at 12:25 p. m. Harrisburg at 3:45 p. m. Duncannon 4:10 p. m. Newport 4:30 p. m. Mifflin 5:02 p. m. Lewisburg 5:22 p. m. Mount Union 6:05 p. m. Huntingdon 6:22 p. m. Tyrone 6:59 p. m. Altoona 7:35 p. m. Pittsburgh 11:20 p. m. Philadelphia 5:00 a. m. EASTWARD.  
Altoona Accommodation leaves Altoona at 4:40 a. m. Tyrone 5:01 a. m. Petersburg 5:25 a. m. Huntingdon 5:37 a. m. Newton Hamilton 6:01 a. m. McVeytown 6:12 a. m. Lewisburg 6:38 a. m. Mifflin 6:58 a. m. Port Royal 7:02 a. m. Thompsonstown 7:17 a. m. Millersburg 7:26 a. m. Duncannon 8:00 a. m. Harrisburg 8:32 a. m. Philadelphia 12:00 p. m. Sea Shore leaves Pittsburgh at 2:50 a. m. Altoona 7:15 a. m. Tyrone 7:48 a. m. Huntingdon 8:30 a. m. McVeytown 9:15 a. m. Lewisburg 9:35 a. m. Mifflin 9:59 a. m. Port Royal 10:29 a. m. Thompsonstown 10:14 a. m. Millersburg 10:22 a. m. Newport 10:32 a. m. Duncannon 10:54 a. m. Marysville 11:07 a. m. Harrisburg 11:25 a. m. Philadelphia 6:00 p. m. Main Line Express leaves Pittsburgh at 8:00 a. m. Altoona 11:40 a. m. Tyrone 12:08 p. m. Huntingdon 12:35 p. m. Lewisburg 1:23 p. m. Mifflin 1:50 p. m. Harrisburg 3:10 p. m. Baltimore 6:00 p. m. Washington 7:15 p. m. Philadelphia 6:20 p. m. Mail leaves Altoona at 2:05 p. m. Tyrone 2:35 p. m. Huntingdon 3:17 p. m. Newton Hamilton 3:47 p. m. McVeytown 4:20 p. m. Lewisburg 4:33 p. m. Mifflin 4:55 p. m. Port Royal 5:00 p. m. Mexico 5:20 p. m. Thompsonstown 5:18 p. m. Millersburg 5:28 p. m. Newport 5:30 p. m. Duncannon 6:08 p. m. Harrisburg 6:45 p. m. Mail Express leaves Pittsburgh at 12:45 p. m. Altoona 5:50 p. m. Tyrone 6:20 p. m. Huntingdon 7:00 p. m. McVeytown 7:41 p. m. Lewisburg 8:05 p. m. Mifflin 8:26 p. m. Port Royal 8:31 p. m. Millersburg 8:57 p. m. Newport 9:05 p. m. Duncannon 9:29 p. m. Harrisburg 10:00 p. m. Philadelphia Express leaves Pittsburgh at 4:30 p. m. Altoona 9:05 p. m. Tyrone 9:33 p. m. Huntingdon 10:12 p. m. Mount Union 10:32 p. m. Lewisburg 11:16 p. m. Mifflin 11:37 p. m. Harrisburg 1:00 a. m. Philadelphia 4:30 a. m. At Lewisburg Junction.—For Sunbury 7:00 a. m. and 3:40 p. m. week-days.  
For Mifflin 7:55, 11:45 a. m. and 3:00 p. m. week-days.  
For Bellefonte and Lock Haven 8:10 a. m. 12:30 and 7:15 p. m. week-days.  
For further information apply to Ticket Agents, or Thomas E. Watt, Passenger Agent, Western Division, Corner Fifth Avenue and Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.  
J. B. HUTCHINSON, J. R. WOOD, General Man'g'r. General Pass'r. Agt.

LOUIS E. ATKINSON, F. M. M. PENNELL, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, MIFFLINTOWN, PA.

Office—On Main street, in place of realty in the old building, south of the old house of Louis E. Atkinson, Esq., south of Spruce street. (Oct 26, 1892)

Collecting and Conveyancing promptly attended to.

WILBERFORCE SCHWEIER, Attorney-at-Law.

Collections and all legal business promptly attended to.

OFFICE IN COURT HOUSE.

DR. D. M. CRAWFORD, DR. DAWIN M. CRAWFORD & SON.

have formed a partnership for the practice of Medicine and their collateral branches. Office at old stand, corner of Spruce and Second streets, Mifflintown, Pa. One or both of them will be found at their office at all times, unless otherwise professionally engaged. April 1st, 1898.

H. P. DERR, PRACTICAL DENTIST.

Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College. Office at old established location, Bridge Street, opposite Court House, Mifflintown, Pa. Crown and Bridge work. Painless Extraction. All work guaranteed.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Schedule in Effect May 21, 1899.

WESTWARD.

Way Passenger, leaves Philadelphia at 4:30 a. m.; Harrisburg 8:00 a. m.; Duncannon 8:35 a. m.; New Port 9:05 a. m.; Millerstown 9:15 a. m.; Durwood 9:21 a. m.; Thompsonstown 9:25 a. m.; Van Dyke 9:33 a. m.; Tuscarora 9:36 a. m.; Mexico 9:40 a. m.; Port Royal 9:44 a. m.; Mifflin 9:50 a. m.; Denholm 9:55 a. m.; Lewisburg 10:13 a. m.; McVeytown 10:38 a. m.; Newton Hamilton 11:00 a. m.; Mount Union 11:15 a. m.; Huntingdon 11:32 p. m.; Tyrone 12:20 p. m.; Altoona 1:00 p. m.; Pittsburgh 5:50 p. m. Mail leaves Philadelphia at 7:00 a. m.; Harrisburg at 11:45 a. m.; Mifflin 1:11 a. m.; Lewisburg 1:30 p. m.; Huntingdon 2:20 p. m.; Tyrone 3:12 p. m.; Altoona 3:45 p. m.; Pittsburgh 8:40 p. m. Altoona Accommodation leaves Harrisburg at 5:00 p. m.; Duncannon 5:34 p. m.; Newport 6:02 p. m.; Millerstown 6:11 p. m.; Thompsonstown 6:21 p. m.; Tuscarora 6:30 p. m.; Mexico 6:33 p. m.; Port Royal 6:38 p. m.; Mifflin 6:49 p. m.; Lewisburg 7:07 p. m.; McVeytown 7:30 p. m.; Newton Hamilton 7:50 p. m.; Huntingdon 8:20 p. m.; Tyrone 9:02 p. m.; Altoona 9:55 p. m. Pacific Express leaves Philadelphia at 11:20 p. m.; Harrisburg at 3:00 a. m. Marysville 3:14 a. m. Duncannon 3:29 a. m. Newport 3:52 a. m. Port Royal 4:25 a. m. Mifflin 4:30 a. m. Lewisburg 4:52 a. m. Newton Hamilton 5:33 a. m. Huntingdon 6:03 a. m. Petersburg 6:19 a. m. Tyrone 6:52 a. m. Altoona 7:40 a. m. Pittsburgh 12:10 a. m. Philadelphia 4:45 p. m. Oyster Express leaves Philadelphia at 4:45 p. m. Harrisburg at 10:20 p. m. Newport 11:06 p. m. Mifflin 11:40 p. m. Lewisburg 11:55 p. m. Huntingdon 12:00 p. m. Newton Hamilton 12:00 a. m. Altoona 2:00 a. m. Pittsburgh 5:30 a. m. Philadelphia 12:25 p. m. Fast Line leaves Philadelphia at 12:25 p. m. Harrisburg at 3:45 p. m. Duncannon 4:10 p. m. Newport 4:30 p. m. Mifflin 5:02 p. m. Lewisburg 5:22 p. m. Mount Union 6:05 p. m. Huntingdon 6:22 p. m. Tyrone 6:59 p. m. Altoona 7:35 p. m. Pittsburgh 11:20 p. m. Philadelphia 5:00 a. m. EASTWARD.  
Altoona Accommodation leaves Altoona at 4:40 a. m. Tyrone 5:01 a. m. Petersburg 5:25 a. m. Huntingdon 5:37 a. m. Newton Hamilton 6:01 a. m. McVeytown 6:12 a. m. Lewisburg 6:38 a. m. Mifflin 6:58 a. m. Port Royal 7:02 a. m. Thompsonstown 7:17 a. m. Millersburg 7:26 a. m. Duncannon 8:00 a. m. Harrisburg 8:32 a. m. Philadelphia 12:00 p. m. Sea Shore leaves Pittsburgh at 2:50 a. m. Altoona 7:15 a. m. Tyrone 7:48 a. m. Huntingdon 8:30 a. m. McVeytown 9:15 a. m. Lewisburg 9:35 a. m. Mifflin 9:59 a. m. Port Royal 10:29 a. m. Thompsonstown 10:14 a. m. Millersburg 10:22 a. m. Newport 10:32 a. m. Duncannon 10:54 a. m. Marysville 11:07 a. m. Harrisburg 11:25 a. m. Philadelphia 6:00 p. m. Main Line Express leaves Pittsburgh at 8:00 a. m. Altoona 11:40 a. m. Tyrone 12:08 p. m. Huntingdon 12:35 p. m. Lewisburg 1:23 p. m. Mifflin 1:50 p. m. Harrisburg 3:10 p. m. Baltimore 6:00 p. m. Washington 7:15 p. m. Philadelphia 6:20 p. m. Mail leaves Altoona at 2:05 p. m. Tyrone 2:35 p. m. Huntingdon 3:17 p. m. Newton Hamilton 3:47 p. m. McVeytown 4:20 p. m. Lewisburg 4:33 p. m. Mifflin 4:55 p. m. Port Royal 5:00 p. m. Mexico 5:20 p. m. Thompsonstown 5:18 p. m. Millersburg 5:28 p. m. Newport 5:30 p. m. Duncannon 6:08 p. m. Harrisburg 6:45 p. m. Mail Express leaves Pittsburgh at 12:45 p. m. Altoona 5:50 p. m. Tyrone 6:20 p. m. Huntingdon 7:00 p. m. McVeytown 7:41 p. m. Lewisburg 8:05 p. m. Mifflin 8:26 p. m. Port Royal 8:31 p. m. Millersburg 8:57 p. m. Newport 9:05 p. m. Duncannon 9:29 p. m. Harrisburg 10:00 p. m. Philadelphia Express leaves Pittsburgh at 4:30 p. m. Altoona 9:05 p. m. Tyrone 9:33 p. m. Huntingdon 10:12 p. m. Mount Union 10:32 p. m. Lewisburg 11:16 p. m. Mifflin 11:37 p. m. Harrisburg 1:00 a. m. Philadelphia 4:30 a. m. At Lewisburg Junction.—For Sunbury 7:00 a. m. and 3:40 p. m. week-days.  
For Mifflin 7:55, 11:45 a. m. and 3:00 p. m. week-days.  
For Bellefonte and Lock Haven 8:10 a. m. 12:30 and 7:15 p. m. week-days.  
For further information apply to Ticket Agents, or Thomas E. Watt, Passenger Agent, Western Division, Corner Fifth Avenue and Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.  
J. B. HUTCHINSON, J. R. WOOD, General Man'g'r. General Pass'r. Agt.

Hollobaugh & Son.