& REPUBLICAN
MIFFLINTOWN.
AY, SEP. 22, 1897.
CHWEIER,
TOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PUBLICAN STATE TICKET

ate Treasurer—James Beacom.
udtor General—Levi C. Cauley.

publican County Ticket.

egister and Recorder—son B. Will.
heriff—Samuel Lapp.
ury Commissioner.—muel Aurand.

GES-LYNCH AND BENNETT of Wilk-re, issued warrants of arrest for ff Martin and seventy seven ies, charging them with murder, hey fired into and stopped the , who were on the march to lt of miners from their work mer.

y from home to hear the old saying that finds vari- a despatch sent from Paris, the 20th inst., in which ent is made that, if Spain d the war in Cuba by the ober, the Washington Gov- l take measures to secure dence of Cuba.

HASTINGS is severely me people for putting a en out of his official he hill at Harrisburg. he public declaration men, they were not in with the Governor. They political back biters, and instead he Governor being condemned for ing them out of his official house- d, he should be commended for it

The Third Accident Kills

A man in Washington, who has ears been collecting newspaper nts of railway accidents de- that no locomotive engineer me out alive from his third . He does not insist that en- are never killed in the first nts, but he maintains ns had two "close abandon rail- the safest the fatal , is not to become an

atrimony in Church

zo Dow, the famous it- dist preacher, when he er said to the congrega- at the close of his ser- a candidate for matri- there is any woman in who is willing to marry hank her to rise." A ory near the pulpit, and liest part of the house. d a moment, and then e two; I think this one it any rate, I will wife." This woman nding and possessed e property. Very soon tric wooing she be- w.

rmation.

the Bloomfield er 15, imparts tion: As peaches being dried as e of the readers wish to know how se. I took two on the cook- ten I put a sieve then upon it put patent on a ried.

ers would like to such good, swest s the way it is ands of good, ripe them soft, the juice again; 20 minutes, having of soft A sugar; and cork. This all purposes.

Decline.

ean is on the de- people have de- ed biblical injunction ge and replenish the raising large fami- ected that stage a where it be- eir habits of milies. Just how they application of children is not the or consid- eration at this writing, but the fact is as clear as noon-day—the French na- tion is on a decline at a rapid rate in numbers, and it will not be many generations, if the present methods of living are continued till France will have ceased to be one of the large nations of the earth. To think- ing Frenchmen, who have an ambi- tion to perpetuate the French nation, the defeat of the purposes of nature, is a serious one, and they have hit upon a system of bribing the people to live and multiply, instead of live and do not multiply. The bribe con- sists in the passage of a law that makes a heavy reduction in the tax- rate of every family when a certain number of children are born and an education is provided free of all ex- penses to a family that consists of more than six children. The proba- bility is, the French politicians, who had the law passed do not practice what they preach. They themselves, it is said, are doing the best they know to avoid having large families, and when a man or set of men preach one thing and practice another, their preaching is not as convincing as that of those who practice what they preach. The French are more than a generation on the way of avoidance of propogation and every act of Leg- islation to stop them in further pur- suits in that direction, will prove fruitless. The Bible injunction to them on that point is nothing. They say the pleasure of having no chil- dren or a few children is a thousand times greater than that of providing for a large family, and therefore they will not have large families. That is not the way the founders of the French nation a thousand years ago locked at themselves. What will the French nation be a thousand years hence. Perhaps, you'll say nonsence. What has a thousand years hence to do with to day There is the rub. What had a thousand years of the past to do with you and the mould- ing of the French nation, and the preparation of the coming of this Re- public.

$7,800 GIVEN AWAY.

To persons who make the greatest number of words of the phrase, "Patent Attorney Wedderburn." For particulars address the National Recorder, Washington, D. C. Oct.1 97

MILLINERY.

Good news for you. Hats for 5, 10, 15, 17, 19 and 25c. Some better grades also, Trimmed Hats for 35, 40, 50, 75c., $1.00, $1.25, $1.50. All goods reduced at
4t. M. A. DIEHL'S

Withdrawal of through Sleeping Car Service between Pittsburg and Atlantic City.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Com- pany announces that the through sleeping-car service between Pitts- burg and Atlantic City on train No. 10, leaving Pittsburg at 4.30 P. M., and returning on train leaving Atlan- tic City at 8.35 P. M., has been dis- continued. 2t.

PERRY COUNTY FAIR.

REDUCED RATES VIA PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

For the Perry County Fair to be held at Newport, Pa., September 22, 23, and 24, the Pennsylvania Rail road Company will sell on these days special excursion tickets (no less than twenty-five cents) from Harrisburg, McVeytown and intermediate sta- tions to Newport and return until September 25, 1897, inclusive.

A PICNIC FOR THE BABIES AT MIFFLINTOWN.

Listen.—On Sept 22d, 1897, I will make one fine Cabinet Photograph, absolutely free of charge to all who bring babies in on this day Septem- ber 22nd

Also during this month September, I will sell tickets entitling the holder to 1 dozen Cabinet Photos for $1. Sitting good until Christmas. Don't fail to buy your ticket in this month, if you want the reduced price.

Respectfully,
Sep. 1 '97-1m JOSEPH HESS.

Subscribe for the SENTINEL AND REPUBLICAN, a paper that contains choice reading matter, full of informa- tion that does the reader good, and in addition to that all local news that are worth publishing find places in its columns. tf.

BUCKNELL UNIVERSITY, John How- ard Harris, President. College, with four courses of study leading to de- grees; Academy a preparatory school; Ladies' Institute, a refined boarding school; Music School, for both sexes; and Art Studio. For catalogue, ad- dress the Registrar, Wm. C. Gretz- inger, Lewisburg, Pa. tf.

The Committee of Arrangements

For the Re-union of the Juniata County Veteran Association to be held at Mifflintown, on Friday, Octo- ber, the 15th, 1897, met at the store room of Capt. McClellan, on Monday evening, Sept 20th, 1897, and ap- pointed the following committees:—

Committee on Program and Speak- ers: Comrads Atkinson, Allison and Rodgers.

Committee on Invitations: Com- rades North, Earnest, Weidman and Luck

Committee on Decorations:—Com- rades, John Pannebaker, D. T. Cram- er, Wm. Culbertson and J. K Stump.

Committee to secure Court House, Comrades: W. N. Sterrett and Dan- iel Pannebaker.

Committee on Finance.—Comrads. H. W. Knisely, W. H. McNitt, Ferd Myers, R. B. Nixon and S. Boyd Murray.

NIAGARA FALLS.

$10 EXCURSIONS VIA PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

The last two ten-day excursions of the present month to Niagara Falls via the Pennsylvania Railroad, will leave Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington on October 12. An ex- perienced tourist agent and chaper- on accompany each excursion.

Excursion tickets good for return passage on any regular train, exclu- sive of limited express trains, within ten days, will be sold at $10 from Philadelphia, Baltimore and Wash- ington, and all points on the Dela- ware Division; $9.70 from Lancaster; $8.69 from Altoona and Harrisburg; $8.25 from Wilkesbarre; $5.80 from Williamsport; and at proportionate rates from other points. A stop-over will be allowed at Buffalo, Rochester, and Watkins returning.

A special train of Pullman parlor cars and day coaches will be run with each excursion.

For further information apply to nearest ticket agent or address Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passen- ger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia. Oct. 12.

HOW TO FIND OUT.

Fill a bottle or common glass with urine and let it stand twenty four hours; a sediment or settling indi- cates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys. When urine stains linen it is evidence of kidney trouble. Too frequent desire to urinate or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

WHAT TO DO.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root, the great kidney rem- edy fulfils every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary pass- ages. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and over comes that un- pleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp Root is soon realized. It stands the high- est for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists, price fifty cents and one dollar. You may have a sam- ple bottle and phamphlet both sent free by mail. Mention the JUNIATA SENTINEL AND REPUBLICAN and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The pro- prietors of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer. jly.

WHAT HE MADE.

The Man Told, and Yet the Professor Was Not Satisfied.

Professor B——, who conducts the clinic of nervous diseases at —— Med- ical college of Chicago, is himself a very nervous and easily irritated man. Recently at the close of a long clinic, when teacher and students were well tired out, the assistant rushed in and asked to have exhibited a very interest- ing case which had just arrived.

"Well, be quick about it," said the doctor, and he proceeded to emphasize some previous remarks concerning the influence of occupation upon nervous conditions, which point he proposed to illustrate in the case to be presented.

The patient, an awkward Swede, having been hustled into a chair, was now confronted by Professor B——, with the admonition to be brief and ac- curate in his replies, as time was lim- ited.

"Now, sir, what do you do?" he com- menced.

"Aw am not vera well."

"No. I say, what do you do?"

"Oh, yas! Aw verk."

"Yes, I know, but what kind of work?"

"Oh, eet es hard verk."

"Yes, but do you shovel" (illustrat- ing with gesture) "or drive a car or work at a machine, or do"—

"Oh, yas! Aw verk at a masheen."

"Ah! What kind of a machine?"

"Oh, et es a big masheen!"

By this time the students were grin- ning broadly and whispering pleasan- tries, all of which caused the professor to redden and break into a volley at the poor Swede.

"Now look here, sir! I want no more of this. You answer the questions I ask you or go home. What do you make on this machine?"

A ray of intelligence lit up the face of the Swede and, with a confident smile, he said: "Oh, now aw understan yo'! Yo' want to know vat aw mak' on the masheen, eesn't et?"

"Yes, sir, that is it. What do you make?"

"Aw mak' 17 cents an hour." And so and the class were dismissed.—Har- per's Magazine.

STUBBS WAS TOUCHED.

And He Gave Up His Fare to the Man Who Touched Him.

Stubbs is really not very absent- minded, but when he is riding on a street car he makes it a point not to look at the conductor. It often saves car fare, for there is something about Stubbs that makes him lucky enough to be overlooked two cases in ten when he boards a loaded car.

One morning he was absorbed in his paper, and when he felt a touch on his arm he mechanically passed out his nickel and went on with his reading. Later the conductor stood beside him and murmured, "Fare, please," but received no attention. Stubbs had paid his fare. Then the abominable nuisance of a conductor seized him by the shoul- der and held out his hand, saying ster- ly, "Fare, please."

"I paid you before," said Stubbs as stubbly as he could.

"No, you did not. Come, pass out car fare."

"Man, I paid my fare when you were around before." And Stubbs thought for an adjective he might use when there were ladies about. "You—you—infer- nal—idiot, you are drunk or asleep, for when you touched me on the arm I passed out a nickel, and you must have taken it, for it was the only one I had," fumbling in his change pocket.

With a red face the conductor rang the bell to stop the car, roaring, "You will have to pay your fare or get off the car," in a tone that startled every one. "I did not get your nickel, and you know it."

At that minute the man who had nudged Stubbs to move over in the seat he had occupied with him dropped off the car and walked the other block to his office.

The next time Stubbs rode in a crowded car he gently touched the arm of an acquaintance and got even for the 5 cents he had lost and for the chagrin he had suffered.—Chicago News.

Milton's Wives and Daughters.

Of Milton's three wives and his re- lations with them enough has been writ- ten. It was a hard thing to be Milton's wife or Milton's daughter. He was stern, he was austere, he was self cen- tered; his impeccable strength was pur- chased by a sublime and monotonous egoism, which is the name they give to selfishness in poets. Very chill must have been the life of his girls in that Puritan house, reading to the inwrapped Puritan father from languages they did not understand and taking down from his lips poetry they understood still less. Milton found them undutiful. Poor lit- tle "undutiful" daughters! Fathers had terrible conceptions of duty in those days. Did any one ever want to know Milton? Did any one ever not want to know Shakespeare? Doubtless there are readers of the Exeter Hall class who would have yearned for the godly com- pany of the "great Christian poet." But, on the whole, how thankful one should be that Shakespeare was not a "Christian poet!"—Academy.

Matched.

"Here are a few letters I wish you would mail for me, dear," said Mrs. Tenspot to her husband, who was pre- paring to go out.

As Mr. Tenspot took them he glanced at the stamps and asked:

"My dear, why did you put 15 cent stamps on these letters? Two cent stamps would have carried them."

"I know it," replied Mrs. Tenspot, "but how would a red stamp look on envelopes of that lovely violet shade? This new stationery is of an exquisite color, and I could not think of spoiling its effect with stamps which did not harmonize. These purple 15 cent stamps are the nearest match the postoffice keeps."—Harper's Bazar.

Nero and big noses.

Nero never liked a person with a large nose. He flippantly told the sor- rowing relatives of Plautus—whom, it is alleged, he killed—that it was only on inspecting the corpse that he discov- ered that Plautus had so large a nose, and if it had been pointed out before he would have certainly spared his life. "Life with such a nose," coolly added Nero, "would have been ample penance for any crime."

Fair haired people are becoming less numerous than formerly. The ancient Hebrews were a fair haired race; now they are, with few exceptions, dark. So it is in a lesser degree with the Irish, among whom 150 years ago a dark haired person was almost unknown.

WOMAN AND MUSIC.

The Two Are Bound Together In All Up to Date Education.

If a few years ago music had been de- clared to be as necessary in education as in mathematics or physics, the state- ment would have been received with amazement, if not with derision. The early aim of common school education was the making of practical men and women, and by "practical" was meant a preparation for the ordinary bread- winning affairs of life. Not that the moral side of education was ignored, but it was believed that the three R's and the hard and fast sciences, together with a general indorsement of religion and good ethics, were sufficient factors in character building and all that the schools should supply. Music, litera- ture and drawing, if they found any place in the curriculum, were merely incidents that were not sufficiently practical to be requisites, nor was their more subtle and potent influence on the character and the higher development of the mind appreciated or perceived. Ornamental they might be, but they were not believed to be useful. Only a visionary sentimentality considered these arts as necessary to public educa- tion. Today art, in a broad sense, occu- pies a far higher place in the regard of every educator of note and of every man who is alive to the interests of well balanced and symmetrical educa- tion. In fact, the art influence in edu- cation is coming to be adequately ap- preciated, and art is no longer considered an incident in life, but rather the real- ity itself.

We are not attempting to detract from the nobility of labor. That educa- tion which founds industries, which adds to the comfort of mankind, which makes possible the cultivation of the arts, we must recognize, uphold and ad- mire, but that education which tells us we are not altogether commercial machines; that to love something for its innate beauty and not for its pecuniary worth is wise and good; that by loving harmony of sound we may come to love harmony of deeds; that tones which speak to us of others' sorrows, making us forget self, may be of more worth in the end than much positive science—such education we are begin- ning to revere and to see in it the most practical method of developing sweeter women and nobler men.—Philadelphia Times.

TOMMY ATKINS' VANITY.

Curls His Bangs and Pads His Chest, So This Writer Avers.

"You'd hardly credit the vanity of some soldiers," said a sergeant major of the guards. "That perfect curl which you see on Tommy's forehead is more often than not the result of an hour's persuasion with hair oil and a pair of curling tongs. Nearly all soldiers are dandies in this way. They use expen- sive hair oils and pomades—very often 'curlers,' the same as those used by women.

"When they have oiled and brushed and brushed and oiled, the curling tongs put the final 'shape' on. Any sol- dier who is a clever curl maker—and who cares to do so—can earn a few shillings extra weekly by putting his services at the disposal of these fastidi- ous young men.

"Tommy is not quite so particular over his boots, but very nearly so. The fastidious soldier does not demur at 1s. 6d. a pound for fresh butter, nor on oc- casional 2 shillings for a cow's bone, to 'tone down' the leather with.

"Most Tommies wrathfully declare that chest padding is a fabrication, but I can assure you that it is done. Cav- alrymen in many crack regiments are much more vain than women. Their mustaches are trained, many of them use face powder, and so perfect and beautiful do their trousers fit that they dare not sit down or bend the body without extreme caution. To add a charm to their walk the steel rowels are taken out of their spurs and 'sawed' sixpences inserted instead, the result of which is a lively musical jingle."—London Answers.

Science on Brains.

The following extract is from Have- lock Ellis' book, "Man and Woman:"

"Again, until quite recent times it has over and over again been emphat- ically stated by brain anatomists that the frontal region is relatively larger in men, the parietal in women. This conclusion is now beginning to be re- garded as the reverse of the truth, but we have to recognize that it was in- evitable. It was firmly believed that the frontal region is the seat of all the highest and most abstract intellectual processes, and if on examining a dozen or two brains an anatomist found him- self landed in the conclusion that the frontal region is relatively larger in women, the probability is that he would feel that he had reached a con- clusion that was absurd. It may in- deed be said that it is only since it has become known that the frontal region of the brain is of greater relative extent in the ape than it is in man and has no special connection with the higher in- tellectual processes that it has become possible to recognize the fact that that region is relatively more extensive in women."

Big Difference.

"What!" said the judge. "You expect me to send your husband to prison when you acknowledge that you threw five flatirons at him and he only threw one at you?"

"Yes; that's all right judge," said the irate Irish woman, "but then the one he threw hit me."—Harper's Bazar.

Singers, actors and public speakers since the introduction of the electric light have less trouble with their voices and are less likely to catch cold, their throats are not so parched and they feel better. This is due to the air being less vitiated and the temperature more even.

A crocodile takes 80 seconds to turn completely round.

MINERAL WATERS.

Why and How They Benefit Those That Drink Them.

When a patient reaches a mineral water health resort, he is examined by the resident physician and ordered to drink certain quantities of the water at certain times during the day. These are increased from day to day until the maximum quantity needed is reached. He is ordered to drink one or two glass- fuls upon rising, two or three glasses between breakfast and dinner, the same quantity in the afternoon and a couple of glasses before going to bed. The pa- tient is urged to take it whether he wants it or not. He may say that he is not thirsty, but that makes no differ- ence; he must take it as a medicine. The quantity is increased until we have known 30 glasses per day to be taken.

A part of the benefit derived is be- cause of the rest and change of scene. A part, perhaps, is from the small quantity of the salts and other bases contained in these waters (we are not speaking of cathartic or chalybeate wa- ters), but the benefit from this source is very slight. The secret of the cure is in the quantity of water taken. If the wa- ter be pure, free from organic matter, [illegible] quantities [illegible] results will be substantially the same, re- gardless of the "traces" of lithia and small quantities of sodium chloride and other salts. You can perform these cures at home with the ordinary drink- ing water, if of good quality, if you will require the patient to take it in the same quantity as at the springs. It is very easy to add lithia if desired, but you must not lose sight of the fact that the quantity of water (not lithia) taken is the important thing. It acts by flood- ing the kidneys, by washing out the bladder with a copious, bland and dilute urine, by unclogging the liver and clearing the brain. The patient feels better from day to day; he is better. Irritable bladder is relieved, the kid- neys act freely—are "washed out"—and many effete substances are carried out with the flood. This clears the way for the liver to act freely and normally, for there is an intimate relation be- tween the liver and kidneys.—New York Ledger.

Elephant Flesh an African Delicacy.

The flesh of the elephant is eaten in its entirety by several of the African tribes. A detail of the process of butch- ering the animals is not pleasant read- ing. The tools used are the assagai and hatchet. The rough outer skin is first removed in large sheets. Beneath this is a subcuticle, a pliable membrane, from which the natives make water skins. The elephant yields large quan- tities of fat, used in cooking the na- tives' sun dried biltong, or dried strips of the elephant's flesh, and also in the preparation of vegetables. African ex- plorers of the Caucasian race agree that one part of the elephant's carcass, when properly cooked, is a succulent dish that will regale the most delicate taste. This part, very strangely, is the first joint of the leg below the knee, which one would suppose to be the toughest portion of the animal. To prepare the joint a hole three feet deep is dug in the earth, and the sides of it are baked hard by means of large live coals. Most of the coals are then taken out, and the elephant's foot is placed in the rude oven. The hole is then filled with dirt, tightly packed, and a blazing fire is built on top, which is kept replenished for three hours. The foot is thus evenly baked, and when done, instead of strong, tough meat fiber, it is of a ge- latinous consistency that may be eaten with a spoon.—Philadelphia Lancet.

PERFECT and permanent are the cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla, be- cause it makes pure, rich, healthy, life and health-giving BLOOD.

MARRIED.

POWER—NEELY.—On the 9th inst., at Honey Grove, by Rev. David L. Neely, L. A. Bower and Minnie S. Neely.

GOVERNOR HASTINGS refused to sign the pardon papers of a number of convicted ballot box stuffers and thieves and the rascals will have to go to jail.

MCMATH—ROBINSON.—At the home of the bride near Waterloo, Juniata county, Pa., September 16th, 1897, by Rev John F. Diener, Mr. J. S. Mc- Math and Miss Bessie A. Robinson.

RANKIN—WEAVER.—On the 16th inst., at the bride's home in Dela- ware township, Juniata Co., Pa., by Rev. Wm. Acker, Samuel R. Rankin of Snyder county and Hettie A. Weaver.

MIFFLINTOWN MARKETS.

MIFFLINTOWN, Sep. 22, 1897.

MIFFLINTOWN GRAIN MARKETS

Wheat	88
Corn in ear	30
Oats	20
Rye	32
Clover seed	
Butter	12
Eggs	11
Ham	12
Shoulder	12
Lard	2
Sides	7
Timothy seed	$1.40
Flaxseed	60
Bran	70
Chop	85c to 90c
Middlings	90
Ground Salt	75
American Salt	60c

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS, September 20, 1897.—Wheat 95c; corn 37c; oats 26c; lard 5 to 6; tallow in cakes, 3c; smoked shoulders 6 to 7c; smoked ham 12 to 13c; live chickens 7 to 11c; butter 10 to 23c; eggs 16c; beef cat- tle 4 to 6c; sheep 3 to 4½c; hogs 5 to 6½c; thin cows $10 to $15; milch cows $10 to $15; milch cows $20 to $45; dressed beef 6 to 8½c.

Wheat and Grass
grow best when planted with Pure Bone Dust. A fertilizer that al- ways brings a crop, always im- proves the soil. Sold direct to far- mers $27.00 per ton. No agents. Samples free.
York Chemical Works, York, Pa.

A THOROUGH COMMERCIAL AND SHORTHAND SCHOOL.
Rochester Business University
PRACTICAL EDUCATION YIELDS PRACTICAL RESULTS.
IT HAS A Specific Course of Study. A Thorough Faculty. The Best Class of Students.
IT EDUCATES Creditable Bookkeepers. Thorough Teachers. Expert Stenographers.
IT SECURES Business Houses with Bookkeepers, Business Offices with Stenographers, Schools with Commercial Teachers.
WILLIAMS & ROGERS, ROCHESTER, N. Y.

The Sales of Hood's Sarsaparilla are the largest in the world because the cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla are wonderful, perfect, permanent.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. 25c.

SAY YOU SAW THIS
Scott's Emulsion
of Cod Liver Oil with HYPOPHOSPHITES.
It is used and endorsed by Physi- cians because it is the best.
It is Palatable as Milk.
It is three times as efficacious as plain Cod Liver Oil.
It is far superior to all other so-called Emulsions.
It is a perfect Emulsion, does not sep- arate or change.
It is wonderful as a flesh producer.
It is the best remedy for Consumption, Scrofula, Bronchitis, Wasting Dis- eases, Chronic Coughs and Colds.
Sold by all Druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N.Y.

Constipation
Causes fully half the sickness in the world. It retains the digested food too long in the bowels and produces biliousness, torpid liver, indi- gestion, bad taste, coated tongue, sick headache, in- somnia, etc. Hood's Pills cure constipation and all its results, easily and thoroughly. 25c. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

FREE A Valuable Book on Nervous Diseases sent free to any address and poor patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge.
This remedy has been prepared by the Reverend Pastor Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., since 1876, and now prepared under his direction by the
KOENIG MED. CO., Chicago, Ill.
Sold by Druggists at $1 per Bottle. 6 for $5. Large Size, $1.75. 6 Bottles for $9.

CAUTION.

TRESSPASS NOTICE.

The undersigned persons have associated themselves together for the protection of Willow Run Trout stream in Lack town- ship, Juniata Co., Pa. All persons are strictly forbidden not to trespass upon the land or stream of the said parties to fish as the stream has been stocked with trout. Persons violating this notice, will be pros- ecuted according to law.

R. H. Patterson,
T. H. Caruthers, J. P.
Rob't A. Woodside,
W. D. Walls,
Frank Vawn,
Dyson Vawn.

April 23, 1895.

TRESPASS NOTICE.

The undersigned persons have formed an Association for the protection of their re- spective properties. All persons are here- by notified not to trespass on the lands of the undersigned for the purpose of hunting gathering nuts, chiping timber or throwing down fences or firing timber in any way whatever. Any violation of the above no- tice will be dealt with according to law.

John Michael,
William Pallenberger,
Gideon Stober,
Beasher & Zook,
Mary A. Brubaker,
Joseph Rothrock,
John Byler,
Samuel Bell.

September 5 1895.

Piso's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest.
CATARRH
Sold by Druggists or sent by mail, 50c. E. T. Hazeltine, Warren, Pa.

I HEREBY offer for sale a valuable prop- erty situated in Fermanagh township, 2½ miles north-east of Mifflintown, containing 25 Acres, more or less. 4 acres of wood land. The balance cleared and in good state of cultivation. Buildings ordinary, but in good repair. A good spring of never failing gravel water nearby. This property also contains 250 peach trees and 2000 ber- ry plants; 30 apple trees, besides other fruit. The above property is situated near White Hall school house in said township. For further information address.

CHARLES CORBINS,
8-29-'96. Mifflintown, Pa.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering seve- ral years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease *consumption*, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for *Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis* and all throat and lung *Maladies*. He hopes all sufferers will try his remedy, as it is invaluable. Those de- siring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address,

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Brooklyn, New York. Sep 9, '96.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT
UNLIKE ANY OTHER
For INTERNAL and EXTERNAL use. GENERATION AFTER GENERATION HAVE USED AND BLESSED IT.
SOOTHING-HEALING
Dropped on Sugar, Children Love It.
Every Sufferer From Rheumatism, Sci- atica, Neuralgia, Sore Throat, Headache, Diphtheria, Croup, Colds, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Lameness, Soreness in Body or Limbs, Stiff Joints or Strains, will find in this old Liniment relief and speedy cure. Physicians Use. Sold everywhere. Price 25 cts., by mail, 4 bottles, Express paid, $2. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

Scrofula
Infests the blood of humanity. It appears in varied forms, but is forced to yield to Hood's Sarsaparilla, which purifies and vitalizes the blood and cures all such diseases. Read this:
"In September, 1894, I made a misstep and injured my ankle. Very soon afterwards,
A Sore
two inches across formed and in walking to favor it I sprained my ankle. The sore became worse; I could not put my boot on and I thought I should have to give up at every step. I could not get any relief and had to stop work. I read of a cure of a similar case by Hood's Sarsaparilla and concluded to try it. Before I had taken all of two bottles the sore had healed and the swelling had gone down. My
Foot
is now well and I have been greatly bene- fited otherwise. I have increased in weight and am in better health. I cannot say enough in praise of Hood's Sarsapa- rilla." MRS. H. BLAKE, So. Berwick, Me.
This and other similar cures prove that
Hood's Sarsaparilla
Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Hood's Pills the best family cathartic and liver stimulant. 25c
By Its Record of remarkable cures Hood's Sarsaparilla has become the one true blood purifier prominently in the public eye. Get only Hood's.
Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. 25c.

LOUIS E. ATKINSON. F. M. M. PENNELL.
ATKINSON & PENNELL,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
MIFFLINTOWN, PA.

OFFICE—On Main street, in place of res- idence of Louis E. Atkinson, Esq., south Bridge street. (Oct 26, 1892

☞Collecting and Conveyancing promp- ly attended to.

WILBERFORCE SCHWEYER,
Attorney-at-Law.
☞Collections and all legal busi- ness promptly attended to.
OFFICE IN COURT HOUSE.

DR. D. M. CRAWFORD, DR. DARWIN M. CRAWFORD

DR. D. M. CRAWFORD & SON,

have formed a partnership for the practice of Medicine and their collateral branches. Office at old stand, corner of Third and Or- ange streets, Mifflintown, Pa. One or both of them will be found at their office at all times, unless otherwise professionally en- gaged.

April 1st, 1895.

H. P. DERR,
PRACTICAL DENTIST.
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental Col- lege. Office at old established lo- cation, Bridge Street, opposite Court House, Mifflintown, Pa.
☞ Crown and Bridge work;
Painless Extraction.
All work guaranteed.

Tuscarora Valley Railroad.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MONDAY, MAY 18, 1896.

EASTWARD.

STATIONS. DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.	No.1 A. M.	No.3 P. M.
Blair's Mills.....Lv	7 45	2 00
Waterloo	7 51	2 06
Leonard's Grove	7 58	2 13
Ross Farm	8 05	2 20
Perulack	8 12	2 27
East Waterford	8 25	2 40
Heckman	8 35	2 50
Honey Grove	8 47	2 57
Fort Bigham	8 48	3 03
Warble	8 55	3 10
Pleasant View	9 00	3 15
Seven Pines	9 06	3 21
Spruce Hill	9 10	3 25
Graham's	9 14	3 29
Stewart	9 16	3 31
Freedom	9 18	3 33
Turbett	9 20	3 35
Old Port	9 25	3 40
Port Royal.....Ar.	9 30	3 45

Trains Nos. 1 and 2 connect at Port Royal with Way Passenger and Sea shore Express on P. R. R., and Nos. 3 and 4 with Mail east

WESTWARD.

STATIONS. DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.	Distance.	No.2 A. M	No.4 P. M
Port Royal	0.0	10 30	5 20
Old Port	1.3	10 35	5 25
Turbett	2.8	10 40	5 30
Freedom	3.7	10 42	5 32
Stewart	4.4	10 44	5 34
Graham's	5.0	10 46	5 36
Spruce Hill	6.3	10 50	5 40
Seven Pines	7.2	10 54	5 44
Pleasant View	9.0	11 03	5 50
Warble	10.0	11 05	5 55
Fort Bigham	12.0	11 11	6 01
Honey Grove	14.0	11 18	6 08
Heckman	15.1	11 25	6 15
East Waterford	17.5	11 35	6 25
Perulack	20.5	11 48	6 36
Ross Farm	22.0	12 55	6 45
Leonard's Grove	24.0	12 02	6 52
Waterloo	25.5	12 09	6 59
Blair's Mills.....Ar.	27.0	12 15	7 05

Trains Nos. 2 and 3 connect with Stage Line at Blair's Mills for Concord, Doyles- burg and Dry Run.

J. C. MOORHEAD,
Superintendent.
T. S. MOORHEAD,
President.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

PERRY COUNTY RAILROAD.

The following schedule went into effect Nov. 16, 1896, and the trains will be run as follows:

p. m	a. m	Leave	Arrive	a. m	p. m
4 30	9 00	Duncannon	7 54	2 28
4 36	9 06	*King's Mill	7 49	2 23
4 39	9 09	*Sulphur Springs	7 46	2 20
3 41	9 11	**Corman Siding	7 44	3 18
4 45	9 14	Montebello Park	7 41	2 15
4 46	9 15	*Weaver	7 40	2 13
4 51	9 19	*Roddy	7 36	2 08
4 54	9 22	*Hoffman	7 33	2 65
4 56	9 24	*Royer	7 31	2 03
4 59	9 27	*Mahanoy	7 28	2 09
5 10	10 43	Bloomfield	7 23	1 41
5 16	9 49	*Tressler	7 09	1 36
5 21	9 54	*Nellson	7 04	1 31
5 24	9 57	*Dum's	7 01	1 28
5 27	10 05	Elliotsburg	6 58	1 25
5 32	10 07	*Bernheisl's	6 51	1 20
5 34	10 17	*Green Park	6 48	1 18
5 37	10 30	*Montour Junc	6 33	1 15
6 02	10 35	Landisburg	6 28	2 50
p. m	a. m	Arrive	Leave	a. m	p m

Train leaves Bloomfield at 5.53 a. m., and arrives at Landisburg at 6.28 a. m. Train leaves Landisburg at 6.08 p. m., and arrives at Bloomfield at 6.40 p. m.

All stations marked (*) are flag stations, at which trains will come to a full stop on signal.

CHAS. H. SHILEY, President. S. H. BECK, Supt.

FRENCH & DRUMGOLD'S
SAW MILL AND ENGINES
A wonderful improvement in Friction Feeds and Gigs-Back, Back motion of Carriage 4 times as fast as any other in the market. Friction Clutch Feed, causing all the feed gearing to stand still while back- ing; great saving in power and wear. Send 4 cents in stamps for large Catalogue and Price List. Also Spring Harrows, Hay Rakes, Corn Planters, Shellers, etc.
FRENCH & DRUMGOLD, [illegible]

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

On and after Monday, May 17, 1897, trains will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

Way Passenger, leaves Philadelphia at 4 30 a. m; Harrisburg 8 00 a. m; Duncan- non 8 35 a. m; New Port 9 05 a. m; Mil- lerstown 9 15 a. m; Durward 9 21 a. m; Thompsontown 9 26 a. m; Van Dyke 9 33 a. m; Tuscarora 9 36 a. m; Mexico 9 40 a. m; Port Royal 9 44 a. m; Mifflin 9 05 a. m; Denholm 9 55 a. m; Lewistown 10 18 m; McVeytown 10 38 a. m; Newton Hamilton 11 00 a. m; Mount Union 11 08 a. m; Huntingdon 11 33 p. m; Tyrone 12 20 p. m; Altoona 1 00 p. m; Pittsburg 5 50 p. m.

Mail leaves Philadelphia at 7.00 a. m.; Harrisburg at 10.55 a. m.; Mifflin 12.19 p. m., Lewistown 12 37 p. m.; Huntingdon 1.. 37 p. m.; Tyrone 2.20 p. m; Altoona 2.55 p. m.; Pittsburg 7.00 p. m.

Altoona Accommodation leaves Harris- burg at 5 00 p. m; Duncannon 5 34 p. m; Newport 6 02 p. m; Millerstown 6 11 p. m; Thompsontown 6 21 p. m; Tuscarora 6 30 p. m; Mexico 6 33 p. m; Port Royal 6 38 p. m; Mifflin 6 43 p. m; Denholm 6 49 p. m; Lewistown 7 07 p. m; McVeytown 7 30 p m; Newton Hamilton 7 50 p. m; Hunting- don 8 20 p. m; Tyrone 9 02 p. m; Altoona 9 35 p. m.

Pacific Express leaves Philadelphia at 11 20 p. m; Harrisburg 3 10 a. m; Marys- ville 3 24 a. m; Duncannon 3 38 a. m; New- port 3 59 a. m; Port Royal 4 31 a. m; Mif- flin 4 37 a. m; Lewistown 4 58 a. m; Mc- Veytown 5