REPUBLICAN NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT. WILLIAM MCKINLEY, of Ohio. FOR VICE PRESIDENT, GARRET A. HOBART, of New Jersey.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Congressman-at Large. GALUSHA A. GROW, of Susquehanns. SAMUEL A. DAVENPORT, of Erie.

For Electors-at-Large. JOSEPH WHARTON, of Philadelphia ALEXANDER E. PATTON, of Clearfield. WILLIAM WITHEROW, of Allegbeny. PETER L. KIMBERLY, of Mercer. District Electors.

10 John H. Landis, 11 Everett Warren, 12 B. W. Wilde,

1 Dr. J. S. Pearson, 15 Henry C. Prevos 1 Dr. J. S. Pearson, 15 Henry C. Prevot 2 Allen B. Rorke, 16 J. B. Brown, 17 Fred. H. Eaton, 4 Leon. I. Meyers, 5 Wm. M. Taggart, 19 R. H. Shindell, 20 Geo. T. Swank, 7 Wm. F. Soley, 8 John Fritz, 9 Hen. L. Johnson, 23 E. Wertheimer, 22 W. N. Randolph, 23 E. Wertheimer, 24 Leon. Seer. 24 Joseph Speer, 25 Ed. E. Abrams, 26 Isadore Sobel, 27 William Schnur, 28 Jos. C. Campbell

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET. Congress, THAD, M. MAHOR of Franklin Co. Senate, WILLIAM HERTZLER. Legislature, CARL F. ESPENSCHADE.

Associate Judges, W. North Sterrett. Leonard R. Mauger. Prothonotary, W. H. ZEIDERS. District Attorney, WILBER SCHWEYER. Co. Commissioners, MICHAEL R. BASHORE J. LCCDENSLAGER. Co. Treasurer, WILLIAM W. LANDIS. Co. Auditors, T. K. Braver. H. H. Hartman.

THE sound money democrats have a club in Bellefonte, 100 strong. They can't support Bryan and his revolutionary purposes.

ONE-FOURTH of the democratic state ticket electors and Congressmen at large have resigned. They cannot support Bryan and his revolutionary platform. There are 36 candidates on the state ticket. Of that number 9 have already resigned and more in the bottom of a box, and place the meet at Harrisburg to fill the vacancies made by the nine resignations, Journal, is equal to any preparation and to change the platform, and in the market. make it fit the revolutionary B:yan platform. By the time Garman has the state platform changed to fit the Bryan platform half of the Pennsylvania democracy will have stepped out of his party.

No LESS than 1,800 cars are stand-

it not a fact that your 1800 cars are fered because cows were demonstrated! idle because our people are idle, and why should not the farmers supply them that our people are idle because we selves with all the legal tender cow money have a Tariff in force that has admit- they want off their own pastures? ted large quantities of foreign goods | It only needs a legal tender act and an made by foreign labor, and that the issue of legal tender cow money payable together by the slender pensions they reenforced idleness of our people has in kine. The ancient Persians were a great checked their ability to buy goods, people before the Greeks conquered them, hence there is no demand for your 1,800 idle cars to haul goods to nonconsumers? - American Economist,

Aug. 14. Ter other day a silver man in Pat terson stepped up to an acquaintance and said; "I understand you are a gold man." "That is true," replied the second party. "Well, well," rethe second party. "Well, well," rethe shall heal the lord of the town for an ox of average value; he shall heal the master of the honse for the shall heal the master of the honse for the shall heal the master of the honse for the shall heal the master of the honse for the shall heal the lord of the town for an ox of average value; he shall heal the lord of the town for an oxide the lord of a borough for an oxide the lord of the lord of a borough for an oxide the lord of the lord of a borough for an oxide the lord of t plied the first party, "I don't believe an ox of low value; he shall heal the wife God ever intended this country to be the lord of the town for the value of a a gold country." The second party mare; he shall heal the wife of the master looked a second or two at the speak of a borough for the value of a cow; he er before answering, and then said: shall scal the wife of the master of a "That is sentiment that you are just house for the value of a she asa." The talking, and if you believe that, your "cleanser" was called upon to cleanse a belief don't make it so, but don't you child for a lamb. know, that Christ was betrayed by the free use of silver, and Judas Is- sway up among the Parthians and over sariot was a silver bug, and don t you among the Gauls, even in Ireland. Asses know that Christians all believe in were good money, and the asses carried gold, and one of their most inspiring the other goods that people traded in when hymns is the sweet song that relates they were trained to it. Cows and bulls to the golden streets of the new kept the money in circulation-plenty of it.

make people believe that the free calves at a quarter of a cow. Stamp the coinage of silver will make money heifer at half a cow, and a 2-year-old beef plentier and so far many people fail critter as a full unit or standard of value rated at what it is worth, and not at legal tender. What a true money system seem to catch the fact that the act- any gold or silver when he can get cow ual value of silver is one thing and its money and ass money and whisky money stamp is another thing. The natural for small change? stamp is another thing. The actual stamp is another thing. The actual value of silver now is 53 cents in the parcels and certificates issued. A half markets of the world, but its stamp gill for a nickel, one gill for a dime, one value is \$1.00 in the United States. lamb certificate for a dollar, one sheep cer-If the other nations of the world tificate for two dollars, one calf five dolwould recognize the silver dollar at lars, a one-year-old ten dollars and a twoone dollar instead of 53 cents, it year-old beef critter twenty dollars-full would be all right to go on with the standard unit of value. Then the hens free coinage of silver, but they will could come in to supply small change. not so recognize it, and it is with the Why not? A one-egg certificate in place greatest difficulty that the United of a cent. Would not that give the Popu-States Government has been able to keep it par with gold. The government so far has been keeping the silver dollar at its stamp value, but if the country would be promoted. There Bryan and his party get into pewer would be a full and abundant supply of and enact their free coinage of silver views into a law, there will be such they want fifty dollars per head. How an over-production of silver in the United States, that government cannot keep the silver dollar piece at par with gold, and the silver dollar will drop to a 50 cent piece, and will circulate as such, and how that drop of ons-half can make money plentier has not been explained. There would have to be another time as much silver coined as their is now in circula tion before the shrinkage from a dollar piece to a fifty cent piece could be made up, and long before that shrinkage could be made up, the larger part of the six hundred millions of gold in the country would have been shipped to Europe and the balance hoarded and that would shrink prices still further and the but the crime against cow money ought shrinkage would have to be made up to be brought into court and its netarious and by the time they would have promoters placed at the bar of justice and enough silver coined to make up for put into contempt for all time to come. the depreciation of the dollar piece to

a fifty cent piece and to make up for the withdrawal of gold from circula tion, there would come another tumble in the price of silver, and by the man for man, it would be so low in price that there is no telling how much would be required to buy a gold dollar. Until the other nations NO COMPENSATION FOR LOSS of the earth can be induced to raise their silver rates the United States will not be safe in going to a free coin age base. The change if made will pro-duce the greatest panic that the past two generations have passed through.

A Bicycle Thief.

says:-On Saturday afternoon a tall stranger, possessing every appearacco of respectability and bonesty, applied to Fisher & Sponeybarger or a bicycle, which he intended to hire for an hour's ride. The fellow got on a wheel of the Juniata make and rode away. At the expired time with the utmost satisfaction upon the he failed to return. Two, three and four hours elapsed and he still failed to show up Mr, Fisher then concluded that the stranger was a thief, started out in pursuit, and telegraphed to all points along the railroad between Huntingdon and Lewistown. Doubtless there have been pensions given The man was traced to Mill Creek and then to Mt. Union where he the bounty of the nation has been abused, crossed the country for Bedford. He but no right minded and good hearted was discovered at that place on Sun- eltizen would consent to any substantial day, but by some means or other managed to get away. The wheel, this abuse, or for any other reason. The however, was secured and restored to system is approved alike by the patriotic its owners on Monday.

Remedy for Flies on Cattle-

Take coal tar two parts and coal with a small amount of carbolic acid. ing of a just, humane and patriotic obli-Apply with a cloth by moistening the gation. Citizens would be unworthy par-bair and horns of the animal with the liquid. In the application include ferred upon them by a redeemed and refeet and legs, and it will drive every established government if they were un-Apply as often as necessary and your stood by it in the hour of its peril. Apply as often as necessary and your cows will be entirely secure from flies of all kinds. Any kind of old lard or grease can be used. Coal tar is the base of this remedy, and when too thick to spread well, use more coal oil; when too thin to adhere well use 50 or 60 cents in crystals by the The free coinage of silver, if it is adopted, pound, and every farmer should alplatform. There are 36 candidates boards with the liquid. For young about one-half the value to him of the old will follow. Chairman John Garman mother and young chickens in the no compensation to the pensioner for his the last few years there has been a strong has called the state convention to box for an hour or so. This recipe, says H. F. Work, in the Drainage

COWS AS LEGAL TENDER. .

Why Should Miners Have the Sole Benefit of Government Purchasee? The following satirical communication from one of America's greatest economists

speaks for itself: "Cow money is older than any other ronsylvania Rai road. Other divisions report a similar condition .- work of money for centuries. Who de-Street, Daily News," August 8. monetized the cow! It was a worse crime handful of silver miners; but only think the passage of such a law is very slonder. How is this, President Roberts? Is of the number of farmers who have suf-

> and it was the Greek coins that did away with the cow money. We might copy the Persian laws. They fixed the amount of money and the value of it. When a phys-ician attended a family he was entitled by law to make the following charges: "He shall heal the priest for a holy bleasing;

Cows and bulls circulated all over Asia Our farmers had better take this matter up and get Uncle Sam to stamp all the The Bryan people are trying to calves as well as the coins. Stamp the

to catch the fact that everywhere out- good as gold. Certificates could be issued side of the United States silver is for the whole lot, and they would all be what it is stamped. They don't that would be, to be sure! Who wants

list formers all they want-a kind of money, and all they want of it, based on their own crops? Would not everything be lovely? The great farming interests money. How much per capita? They say would certificates for two gallons of whisky a year, 100 eggs, five calves and two cows suit? There would have to be one ass per capita to carry the burden. Such a supply would enable everybody to get all that kind of money that he wanted There would be no more abuse of gold bugs or silver cranks, and we might have

a rest from all our money troubles. The more this plan is considered th more I think it will be admired. Cow money is the oldest standard or unit of value that we know anything about. It was not until after the pestilent invention of coinage that cow money was de monetized. That crime has nover been traced to the wretches who committed it We know that Senator Stewart and other members of the house and the senate committed the crime of 1873 against silver,

EDWARD ATKINSON.

ime silver would become plentier Free Colnage of Silver Would Scale Them Down One Half.

Patriotic Men Will Surely Hesitate to Vote for a Change.

The Huntingdon Globe of Aug. 20 | Want and Suffering Would be Inevitable to the Old Soldiers Under a System That Power of Their Pensions -- A Thing That

Appeals to the Pocketbook of Every

Every human and patriotic citizen looks munificent provision which the nation has made for the old soldiers, says the Chambersburg Public Opinion. Actual want is relieved, as well as substantial honor conferred, by the pensions granted to the disabled men who bore the brunt of the batto unworthy and undeserving men, and reduction of the pensions on account of

intiment and best judgment of the great body of the citizens. The payment of the pensions to the old soldlers is beyond question one of the great financial burdens of the nation, but if it were tenfold weightier it would be oil and grease one part each and mix cheerfully borns, because it is the meetfly away, and one application will last | mindful of the cost of the republic in the ten days or more in dry weather. sacrifice and labors of these men who

oil; when too thin to adhere well, use avowed opposition to them, but in an indimore coal tar Carbolic acid will cost root way they are seriously threatened. ways keep it on band, as it, in its almost one-half. When the silver dollar, many uses, is indispensable. This with fifty-three cents worth of ballion in chickens saturate a cloth and place dollars which were exchangable for gold. Under this change of standard there is

standard inherent in the system of free coloage of silver is not so important, inasmuch as prices will be changed in all commodities, and approximately fair compensations can be attained and no great injustice be done. But the pensioner has nothing to advance in price. He is in the market with the new dollar under the new system, and finds all prices advanced, a:-! Is able to buy with his pension only half as much as he could buy with that which was paid him in the old dollars.

The only way in which he could be made one hundred per cent. The prespect for The difficulty of passing new peasion laws involving even the slightest advance in feeble men are able to keep soul and body ceive under the present standard. Want and suffering are inevitable under a change which reduces the purchasing power of their pensions. Surely patriotic men will hesitate and refuse to yote for change which involves such burdens to the helpless and descrying pensioners.

A MOTTO FOR WORKINGMEN.

"We Don't Want Any Fifty-three Cent Dollars in This Town." "We don't want any 58 cent dollars in

The voice that thus greeted the Bryan procession as it made its way through Huntingdon, Pa., gave utterance to an un dving truth.

The sentiment was true in Huntingdon and it is true in New York. We don't want any 53 cent dollars in this town to pay to our policemen, our firemen, our street cleaners, our laborers on the public works of the city, our wage earners of all kinds and conditions. The sort of dollar that the city of Nev

cent dollar. William Jennings Bryan and his supporters, on the other hand, propose to pay wages in a cheapened dollar, a dollar with 47 cents of its value clipped off.

York wants for its workingmen is the 100

"Of all the people interested in silver, says Bland of Missouri, "the agricultural people and the laboring people are the ones

who have the most at stake." And he should have added that they are the ones who will suffer most if free silver shall prevail.

"We don't want any 53-cent dollars in this town" is an excellent election motto for every New York workingman who does not want to see his earnings diminishe by the success of the free silverites.-New York Sun.

Another Firm Goes Under. MEDIA, Pa., Aug. 24.-The firm of Rhodes Brothers, limited, whose mills closed at Llewellyn and West Branch, on account of the depression in the textile trade, caused by the silver craze, have had heavy judgments entered against them in the common pleas court.

WHEN the free coiners talk about the necessity of restoring silver to the position that it occupied prior to 1873 they ignore the fact that the government has dene that the development of the movement in which very thing fifty times over by the coinage I have referred."—Wage Earner in New very thing fifty times over by the coinage of more than fifty times as many silver dollars as were coined in the whole previous history of the country.-Reading

HON. GALUSHA A. GROW sums up the political situation in a few words as follows: "The Republican party in all its not seriously affect the rich man, who can policy has always stood for an honest dol- pay double for everything without feeling lar and a way to earn it. The policy of the 53-cent dollar silverites and the no-centdollar Populists stands for any kind of a dollar and no way to earn either kind."-Pittsburg Gazette.
THE Indiana Farmers' association nas

50,000 members, comprising 27,500 Repubis the only safe business basis, but you licans, 20,500 Democrats, 1,000 Populists 1,000 Prohibitionists, and 49,250 of them are going to vote for McKinley and sennd money. This indicates a Republican gain of 15,000 over the presidential vote of 1892. "The silver sentiment is swiftly disappearing," says the president of the association, "and the Indiana farmers don't want any of your cheap money.

VOTE FOR HONESTY

William Jennings Bryan Is No Friend of the People.

Would Gain Nothing by His Elevation to the Presidency.

A BURDEN TO THE HELPLESS. BUSINESS WOULD BE UPSET.

> it Would Throw Thousands of Indus-Employed, Upon the Charity of the World-A Condition of Things to be

Who are the real friends of the laboring man and the poor? What course should a tal campaign shall result in good to the common people?" These are important questions. They appeal to a vast number persons who will participate in the election next November. As these ques tions shall be answered in the minds that consider them, so will the decision turn

Without going out of his own circle of consintances, one may hear of things inrolving expenditures of material and labor that will be entered upon in case sound money shall triumph in November. On the other hand, there is a thorough conviction in the minds of business men and employers of labor that if Bryan shall be lected the first effect will be to overturn usiness and throw upon the charity of the world thousands of men and women who now are earning their livings by their daily works.

"Yes," a man said to whom I had talked in this fashion, "I appreciate all that, but don't you think it would be better for the on people to suffer a little bit more just now for the sake of getting control of the government?" "And pray tell me," I replied, "what

they will do with the government if they shall get hold of it?" "Make laws for the good of the people." "Of what sort?"

"All sorts. I tell you, this government is run for the rich. As Bryan said the other day, it is run for the dollar and not

From this we passed into a discursive talk about government ownership of rali-roads and telegraph lines, anti-trust laws, ncome tax, national banks, government by injunction and a good many other

I finally asked this question: "Don't you think, my friend, that the people of this country are beginning to understand that it is a proper function of a government to concern itself in the welfare of its individual citizens? Is it not true that in tendency in the popular mind in favor of making government in this country com-prise something more than the exercise of the powers of taxation, preservation of order and the national defense? Is not the | the calamity party. entiment growing among our people that a sort of guardianship ought to be established over those classes which include those who somehow seem to lack ability to care for themselves!"

"Yes: I think that is true," the man re

"I know it is true," sald I. "Hundreds of books have been published in the last whole in the change of standard, would three years for the purpose of showing be by a general law increasing all pensions how the various governments in this counwith the betterment of the conditions of grief.-Philadelphia Record. what Bryan calls the 'tolling masses.' The conviction is pretty well established pensions is well known. Hence, the old in the minds of thoughtful Americans soldier's prospects under the free colunge | that we can do a great deal through govof silver are very dark, indeed; old and ernmental authority to better the condition of the poor. If you will let the country quiet down, and if you will terminate this awful suspense in which we are living, caused by the agitation for free stiver. you will see this sentiment to which I have referred bear fruit.

"Our social system is the growth of centuries. You propose to jump in and revo-Intionize it. You propose to begin operaions with a panic, and follow along with ultra measures of one kind and another If you could have autocratic power in this country you could not make the conditions of the 'common people' what you wish them to be. The process of improvement must be slow. Every step must be onsidered carefully. Don't get the notion into your head that the whole thing would be as good as done if the 'people' could get possession of the government.

"If the Bryan movement should suceed one effect would be to postpone indefinitely certain government reforms that surely will take place if we only give the philanthropic spirit of the times opportunity to materialize. Philanthropy and anarchy do not thrive together. In times of panic and revolution philanthropy takes a vacation.

"Let the country quiet down, and you will notes strong agitation in favor of certain things you want. The process of improving the condition of the poor will begin, though not in Washington in national legislation, but in New York, Brooklyn, Jersey City, Boston, Chicago and other cities and towns throughout the country. You will see in this country operations such as have taken place in English cities. The city governments will see that the poor have homes fit to live in. and will surround those homes with everything tending to healthful, comfortable living that modern science can devise. The city governments will establish proper supervision of intramural railroads, and provide cheap, rapid and comfortable transportation for laboring men and women to and from their places of eni-

"Now, my friend, go slow. Your man Bryan is not leading you where you wish to go. He is a dishonest demagogue, a self seeking politician. The 'common people' would gain nothing through his elevation to the presidency. Give your vote for law and order, national honesty and sound money. Don't postpone for ten, fifteen, twenty years, and maybe forever York Times.

Where the Load Will Rest. It was Mr. Beecher who said that if we roll a rock down a flight of stairs it will bump each step in turn, but when it gets to the bottom it will rest there. If a silit, but it will hurt the poor man beyond computation. The rock will strike every step or class in turn, but when it gets down

trous experience.-Kittanning Free Press. Failure Assigned to the Chicago Platform Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 24.—The Howe Pump and Engine works, of this city, has gone into the hands of a receiver, assigning as a reason that the Chicago platform has destroyed the company's business.

will lead him into the bog. A gold basis

don't want to find that out through disas-

REGISTRATION OF VOTERS.

te Chairman Elkin Sonds a Ren State Chairman Elkin has sent a lette the chairmen of the various county committees calling attention to the necessity of looking after the registration of nmittees calling attention to the nece voters. Under sections 2 and 8 of th registration act of 1895 it is the duty of the FACTS SPEAK VOLUMES.

> September, from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m. and from 6 p. m. to 9 p. m. The assessor will sit during this time for the purpose of hearing and acting upon applications to be made, or relating to names upon th original registry list or are sought to be placed thereon or struck therefrom as provided in the act. The list thus revised is to be returned to the county com missioners on Sept. 3. The completion and correction of the registry list is on of the most important preliminaries to the general election. With co-operation on the part of the chairman and the voters, this important detail will be given proper attention.

Craze Dying Out.

Advices from the western states is t the effect that the silver craze is dying out and the campaign of education adopted by the Republicans is bearing fruit. Any man who will stop and think will soon make up his mind that free coinage of all ver will work to the disadvantage of every one, except the silver producer.-Indiana

Don't fall to register.

PENNSYLVANIA should lead the Repub

This is not the year for stay-atvoters. Come out and help to save the country.

CHARRYAN Elkin sounds the alarm against Republican apathy. It should no be permitted to exist in a single election

tection. Protection for increased revenue. Increased revenue for increased business Increased business for prosperity, and that is what we are after. - Chester Times.

preservation of the cradit of the government and the payment of dobts, public and private, in money, good as gold,

THEY'VE had frost down to Maine, an

THE Omaha World-Herald, the journal of which Mr. Bryan was at one time assoclate editor, and which now supports him for the presidency, intimates that insurance companies will not weep if they get an opportunity to pay claims against them with 50-cent dollars. In this The World-Herald is undoubtedly correct. It is the policy holders, not the companies who try legitimately may concern them edves | write policies, who will have occasion for



The doctor, the salesman—the man who drives as a business and the man who drives for pleasure, know the



collars and cuffs the driver can defy the flying dust and occasional shower They are waterproof, and when soiled they can be quickly and easily cleaned by wiping them off with a damp cloth or sponge. Look just like linen. One "CELLULOID" collar will outwearsix linen collars, besides saving many times its worth in laundry bills. Ask the dealer for them, or send direct to us. Collers 30c. Ours sic, pair, mallage paid. State alles and style. Take no imitations but insist upon goods with above trade mark if you wish full sat-

THE CELLULOID COMPANY, SAPOLIO is the best cleanser for these goods.

LEGAL.

A DMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Christiana Briggs, deceased Whereas letters of administration on the state of Christiana Briegs, late of Walker tewnship, Juniata Co., Ps., doceased, have been issued out of the O:phans' Court to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the said estate to

claims to present them properly authenticat JACKSON BRIGGS, Walker Township, Pa., August 15, 1896.

make immediate payment, and those having

DROTHONOTARY'S NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that the fellowing

office of Juniata county, and the same will be presented for confirmation and allow-ance to the Court of Common Pleas of said county, on Tuesday, the 22nd day of September A. D., 1896, when and where all persons interested may attend if they think proper, The first and final account of J. G. Horn

berger, assignees in trust for the benefit of the crediters of Christian Lauver of Monto the working classes it will stay there and they must bear the burden. Silver is Prethenotary's Office, Mifflintewn, Pa., Aug. 22, 1896. W. H. ZRIDERS

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

Notice is here by given that the following named persons have filed their account in the Reg ster's Office of Junista county and the same will be presented for confirmation and allowance at an Orphan's Court to be held at Mifflintown, Pa., on Tuesday, the 23nd day of September, A. D. 1896, at 9 1st. First and Final account of Edward

late of Susquehanns township, dec'd.

Hoopes, Att'y.

2nd. Final secount of A. M. Cunningham, administrator of the estate of George
W. Cross, deceased, late of the borough of
Patterson.

Ard. The First and 'inal account of Jeremiah Lyons, Executor of the last will and
tastament of Mary McAllister, late of the
terough of Mifflintown, Junieta Saunty,
dec'd.

dec'd.
4th. The First and Partial account the election houseduring two secular days before the Tuesday next following the first Monday in November.

Under this arrangement the registration this year will fall upon Tuesday and Wednesday, the first and second days of September, from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m. and Juniat county. Penns. deceased.

Juniata county, Penna, deceased.
6th. The First and Partial account of E L. McWilliams, administrator, &c., of John P. McWilliams, late of Beale township, Juniata county, deceased.

7th. The First and Partial account of John S. Graybill, administrator c. t. a. of J. H. Winey, late of Fayette township, Juniats county, deceased.

Atkinson & Pennell, Att'y.

Stb. The Second and Final account of Robert Innis, executor of the last will and testament of Philip S. Zendt, late of Tus-carora township, Juniata county, Pennsylvanis, dec'd, Patterson, Att'y.

9th, The First and Partial account Nicholas O, Frey, executor of the last will and testament of Jonathan Frey, late of Delaware township, descased.

Keller, Att'y.

Register's Office
Mifflintown, Pa.
August 24th, A. D., 1896.

Anson B. Will
Register

COURT PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, the Hon. JEREMIAH LYONS, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, for the Forty-Pirst Judicial District composed of the counties of Juniata and Perry, and the Honorables JOSIAH L. BAR-TON and J. P. WICKERSHAM, Associate Judges of the said court of Common Pleas of Juniata county, by precept duly issued and to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Deliv-ery, and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace at Mifflintown, on the

FIRST MONDAY OF SEPTEMBER 1896, BRING THE SEVENTH DAY OF THE MONTH. NOTICE IS HERRBY GIVEN, to the Coro nor

year will entitle all hands to a rest next year.

WE WANT McKinley because we want Republicanism. Republicanism for protheir offices respectfully appertain, and those that are bound by recognizance to prosecute against the prisoners that are or may be in the Jail of said county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

shall be just.

By an Act of the Assembly, passed the 6th day of May, 1854, it made the duty of Justices of the Peace of the several counties of this Commonwealth, to return to the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of should earnestly labor for the election of William McKinley. Patriotism should be ances entered into before them by any per-William McKinley. Patriotism should be son or persons charged with the Commispiaced above party this year.—Orbisonia sion of any crime, except such cases as may be ended before a Justice of the The only time a Popocrat is not abusing a banker and a capitalist is when he is trying to negotiate a loan.

Peace, under existing laws, at least ten days before the commencement of the session of the Court to which they are made returnable respectively, and in all cases where recognizances are entered into less than ten days before the comme it is probably safe to say that the gold she, the said Justices are to return the standard will be held reponsible for it by same in the same manner as if said Act had not been passed.

Dated at Mifflintown, the fifth day August, in the year of our Lord, one thousand sight hundred and ninety-six. JAMES P. CALHOUN, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Mifflintown, August 5, 1896. LOUIS E. ATEINSON. P. M. M. PENNELL

ATKINSON & PENNELL, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. MIFFLINTOWN, PA. Collecting and Conveyancing prompt y attended to.

Office—On Main street, in place of residence of Louis E. Atkinsen, Eq., south Bridge street. [Oct 26, 1892]

District Attorney. MIFFLINTOWN, PA. OFFICE IN COURT HOUSE.

WILBERFORCE SCHWEYER,

Attorney-at-Law

DR.D.M.CRAWFORD, DR. DARWIN M.CRAWFORD DR. D. M. CRAWFORD & SON, have formed a partnership for the practice of Medicine and their collatteral branches. Office at old stand, corner of Third and Orange streets, Millintown, Pa. One or both of them will be found at their office at all

April 1st, 1895.

H. P. DERR, PRACTICAL BENTIST. Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College. Office at old established location, Bridge Street, opposite Court House, Mifflintown, Pa.

times, unless otherwise professionally

Crown and Bridge work; Painless Extraction. All work guaranteed.

THE MAGISTRATE'S LI-BRARY.

Brightly's Purdon's Digest OF THE LAWS OF PENNSYLVANIA-1700 to 1894. 2 vols. Royal'8 vo. Price \$13.00.

Continued by a supplemental volume of 1895. Price \$1 00.
By FRANK F. BRIGHTLY, Esq. Binn's Justice, 18th Edition.
(Issued in May, 1895.)
Being thoroughly revised, with reference to the 12th edition of Purdon's Digest. l vol. 8vo. By F. F. BRIGHTLY, Esq. Price \$5.00

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CAUTION.

TRESSPASS NOTICE.

TRESSPARS NOTICE.

The undersigned persons have associated themselves together for the protection of Willow Run Trout stream in Lack township, Juniata Co., Pa. All persons are strickly forbidden not to trespass upon the land or stream of the said parties to fish as the stream has been stocked with trout persons violating this possession. Persons violating this notice, will be pros-

R. H. Patterson T. H. Carnthers, J. P. Rob't A. Woodsi W. D. Walls,

Dyson Vawn



\$20 Phosphate YORK CHEMICAL WORKS,

HENCH & DROMGOLD'S

Tuscarora Valley Railroad.

CHEDULE IN EFFECT MONDAY SEPTEMBER 30, 1895.

EASTWARD.

STATIONS. No.1 No.3 DAILY, EXCEPT SUMDAY. A. M. P. M. New 1657 a. m; Millerstown 7 06 a. m New 1752 b. m; Duncauson 7 89 a. m; Waterloo. 8 05 2 05 Barrisburg 8 10 a. m.

Waterloo. 8 05 2 05 Sea Shore leaves Pittsburg 8 10 a. m; Waterloo...... 8 05 2 05 Leonard's Grove 8 10 2 10 Altoons 7 15 a m; Tyrone 7 48 a m; Hunt Heckman...... 8 37 2 37 Duncaunon 10 54 a m; Maryaville 11 97

WESTWARD.

STATIONS. No.2 No.4 DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY. Port Royal 0.0 19 45 5 15 Old Port.... Freedom.... Stewart 5.6 11 01 5 31 Grabam's..... Spruce Hill..... Seven Pines..... Pleasant View..... 9.0 11 15 5 45 Warble...... 10.0 11 20 5 50 Fort Bigham 12.0 11 26 5 56 A. W. D., 360 Fifth Avenue, Pitts-Honey Grove 14.0 11 33 6 03 burg, Pa. Perulack 20.5 11 55 6 25 Ross Farm...... 22.0 12 00 6 30 Leonard's Grove... 24.0 12 05 6 35 Waterlog 25.5 12 10 6 40

Blair's Mills....Ar. 27.0 12 15 6 45 Trains Nos. 2 and 3 connect with Stage Line at Blair's Mills for Concord, Doyles burg and Dry Run.

J. C. MOORHEAD, Superintendent.

T. S. MOORHEAD, President

RAILROAD TIME TABLE. DERRY COUNTY RAILROAD.

The following schedule went into effect May 18, 1896, and the trains will be run as

Duncannon 7 26 22 28
*King's Mill 7 21 22 23 4 36 9 21 4 39 9 24 *Sulphur Springs 7 18 2 20 **Corman Siding 7 16 3 18 Montebello Park 7 13 4 46 9 31 Roddy 4 54 9 89 *Hoffman 4 56 9 41 4 59 9 44 *Royer 7 03 *Mahanoy 7 00 Bloomfield 6 46 5 10 10 00 *Nellson *Dum's 5 21 10 11 6 86 5 24 10 14 5 27 10 17 Elliotsburg 6 80
*Bernbeisi's 6 25 5 82 10 22 "Bernbeisl's 6 25 "Green Park 6 28 5 84 10 24

6 02 10 52 Landisburg 6 00 2 50 p. m s. m Arrive Leave s. m p m Train leaves Bloomfield at 6.10 a. m., and arrives at Landisburg at 6.10 a. m., and arrives at Landisburg at 6.14 p. m., and arrives at Bloomfield at 6.50 p. m.

Trains leave Loysville for Duncannon at Trains leave Loysville for Duncannon at 7. 22 a. m., and 2. 15 p. m. Returning, arrive at 10 37 a. m., and 4.66 p. m. Between Landisburg and Loysville trains run a: follows: Leave Landisburg for Loysville 5 55 a. m., and 1 50 p. m., Loysville for Landisburg 11 10 a. m., and 5 09 p. m. All stations marked (*) are flag stations, at which trains will come to a full stop on signal

TRESPASS NOTICE. The undersigned persons have formed ar

The undersigned persons have formed an Association for the protection of their respective properties. All persons are hereby notified not to trespass on the lands of the undersigned for the purpose of hunting gathering nuts, chiping timber or throwing down fences or firing timber in any way whatever. Any violation of the above notice will be dealt with according to law.

John Michael,
William Puffenberger,
Gideon Sieber,
Beashor & Zook,
Mary A. Brubaker,
Joseph Rothrock,
John Byler,
Samuel Bell.
September 5, 1896.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

On and after Sunday May 20 1896, trains will run as follows:

Way Passenger, leaves Philadelphia at 4 30 s. m; Harrisburg 8 10 a. m; Duncannon 8 45 a. m; New Port 9 15 a. m; Millerstown 9 17 a. m; Durword 9 25 a. m; Thompsontown 9 35 a. m; Van Dyke 9 43 a. m; Tuscarora 9 46 a. m; Mexico 9 56 a. m; Port Royal 9 54 a. m; Mexico 9 56 a. m; Port Royal 9 54 a. m; Millin 10 05 a. m; Denholm 10 12 a, m; Lewistown 10 23 a. m; McVeytown 10 48 a. m; Newton Hamilton 11 10 a. m; Mount Union 11 16 a. m; Huntingdon 11 42 p. m; Tyrone 12 80 p. m; Altoona 110 p. m; Pittsburg 6 05 p. m. Pittsburg Express leaves Philadelphia at 8 23 a. m; Harrisburg 11 30 a. m; Duncannon 11 59 a. m; Newport 12 21 p. m; Miffin 12 58 p. m; Lewistown 1 16 p. m; McVeytown 1 27 p. m; Mount Union 1 46 p. m; Huntingdon 2 04 p. m; Petersburg 2-11 p. m; Tyrone 2 50 p. m; Altoona 3-25 p. m; Pittsburg 7 20 p. m. WESTARD.

Altoons Accommodation leaves B rris-Altoons Accommodation leaves Worksburg at 5 00 p. m; Duncannon 5 24 p. m; Newport 6 02 p. m; Millerstown 6 11 p. m; Thompsontown 6 21 p. m; Tuscarers 6 80 p. m; Mexico 6 33 p. m; Port Royal 6 39 p. m; Mifflin 6 48 p. m; Denholm 6 49 p. m; Lewistown 7 09 p. m; McVeytown 7 30 p. m; Newton Hamilton 7 50 p. m; Mutting. don 8 20 p. m; Tyrene 9 02 p. m; Alteens 7 35 p. m.

Pacific Express leaves Philadelphia at 1 20 p. m; Harrisburg 3 10 a. m; Maryale 8 24 a. m; Duncannen 3 88 a. m; Newart 3 59 a. m; Port Royal 4 31 a. m; Mifflin 4 \$7 a. m; Lewistown 4 58 a. m; Mc-Vertown 5 20 a. m; Huntingdon 6 65 a. m; Tyrone 6 55 a. m; Alteona 7 49 a. m;

Pittsburg 12 10 p. m.
Oyster Express leaves Philadelphia at 4
S5 p.m; Harrisburg at 10 20 p. m; Newport
11 06 p. m; Mifflin 11 40 p. m; Lewistewn
12 58 a. m; Huntingden 12 55 a. m.; Tyrone
1 42 a m; Altoona 2 09 a. m; Pittsburg 5 20 Fast Line leaves Philadelphia at 12 25 p.
m; Harrrisburg 2 50 p. m; Duncanon 4 15
p. m; Newport 4 25 p. m; Miffin 5 7 p. m.
Lewistown 5 29 p. m; Mount Union 6 08 p.
m; Huntingdon 6 27 p. m; Tyrone 7 94 p.
m; Altoona 7 40 p. m; Pittsburg 11 36

KASTWARD

Huntingdon Accommodation leaves Altoons at 5 00 a. m; Tyrone 5 28 a. m; Muntingdon 5 10 a. m; Newton Hamilton 5 36 a. m; McVeytown 5 53-a. m; Lewistown 6 15 a. m; Mifflin 6 36 a. m; Port Reyal 6 42 a. m; Mexico 6 45 a. m; Thompson.

Part Royal 8 52 p. m; Millerstewn 9 16 p. m; Newport 9 26 p. m; Duncannen 9 50 p. m; Harrisburg 10 20 p. m.

Philadelphia Express leaves Pittsburg at 4 30 p. m; Altoona 9 05 p. m; Trone 9 33 p. m; Huntingdon 10 12 p. m; Mennt Un. ion 10 32 p. m; Lewistown 11 16 p. m; Miff. ffin 11 37 p. m; Harrisburg 1 00 a. m; Philadelphia 4 20 New York 7 33 a. m.

LEWISTOWN DIVISION.

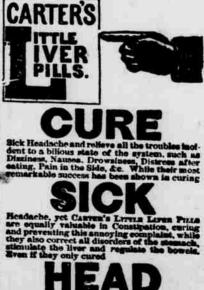
Trains for Suphury at 7 35 a. m. and 8 16 Trains for Sunbury at 7 35 a. m. and \$ 16 p. m., leave Sunbury for Lewistown 16 05 p. m., and 2 25 p. m.; for Milroy 6 29 s. m.

10,25 a, m, and 3 25 p, m, week fays, TYRONE DIVISON. 1.3 10 50 5 20
2.8 10 55 5 25
3.7 10 57 5 27
4.4 10 59 5 29
Trains leave for Bollefonte and Leck
Haven at 8 10 a.m., 2 34 and 7 25 p. m
leave Lock Haven for Tyrone 4 30, 9 10 p
m. and 4 15 p. m.
TYRONE AND CLEARFIELD R. R.

5.6 11 01 5 31 Trains leave Tyrone for Clearfield and 6.3 11 05 5 35 Curwensville at 8 30 a.m.. 8 15 and 7 30 7.2 11 09 5 39 p. m., leave Curwensville for Tyrone at 4 29 m., 9 15 and 3 51 p m. For, rates, maps, etc., call on Ticket Agents, or address, Thos. E. Watt. P.

> J. R. Wood. Gen'l Manager. Gen'l Pass. Agt NEWPORT AND SHRRMAN'S VAL.

D. GRING, President and Manager



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of passenger trains, in effect on October 1st, 1894.

C. K. MILLER, General Agent.