SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN

MIFFLINTOWN.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 28, 1894.

B. F. SCHWEIER,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

BANK embezzlers in China are beheaded.

A STEAM corn husking machine is a new invention.

DR. TALMAGE will turn his attention to Evangelistic Work.

THE British newspapers bewail the defeat of tariff reform Wilson of Virginia.

OUTSIDE of Pennsylvania, Hastings is talked about as the man "with the big majority."

THE slaughter of Christians by the Turks in Armenia, has aroused the indignation of the Christian world.

THE State of Pennsylvania has paid 41,000,000 to the common school cause within the past 21 years

JAPAN has courteously declined the effor of President Cleveland to mediate in the trouble between China and Japan.

Married Forty Times Over.

Clerical experience in matrimonial affairs at home are often very diverting and a clergyman who has just returned from one of the colonies told the writer of a curious one that happened to him during his sojourn abroad.

In South America the groom on one occasion handed him a five-dollar bill, and the clergyman promptly returned three dollars change. "Two dollars!" exclaimed the newly married man, "why I thought it was only one dollar. I can't afford two—we are so poor. The additional dollar being returned and the happy pair having departed, the clergyman made the discovery that the bill was a forgery and the couple one of the most ingenious and incorrigible swindlers in these parts. Before they were arrested, they had robbed over forty clergymen, and had been united in holy wedlock forty times in half that number of weeks.—Ex.

An Infernal Machine

On Monday morning while Jesse Summers, of this place, was going east on Sta Shore, he was handed a cigar box neatly tied up by some unknown person at Mill Creek Mr. Summers cut the string from around the box and opened it, and to his utter astonishment found that a match had been placed in the lid and upon opening it the match ignited. Immediately against the sand paper was a fuse attached to a long piece of iron pipe about four inches long. This pipe was filled with a dark substance resembling rock powder and both ends of the pipe were securly plugged. Fortunately the fuse did not ignite when the match exploded which saved Mr. Summers from being blown up. Accompanying the machine was a H. & B. F. R. R. freight manifest blank with skull and cross bones, the picture of a flag and the word "Blood" inscribed thereon There were made with a lead pencil.

The box was gotten at Greenberg's restaurant, as it has his stamp on the inside of the lid. Mr Summers brought the anarchistic machine home and placed it in the hands of Chief of Police DeForrest who will look after the matter.—Huntingdon Journal.

Horrible Gun Shots

Washington, Nov. 20—The Captain of one of the American warships on the Asiatic station has written home of some very interesting things that he has seen. Describing a visit to the Japanese field hospital, near Nagasaki, he says:

"There I got a fair conception of the killing and wounding qualities of the small bore rifle that all Europe is adopting. The Japanese Infantry arm is the Murata, the invention of General Murata, now Chief of Ordnance of Japan. The calibre of the gun is 315, and the bullet weighs 235 grains. I saw a Chinese officer who had been struck in the knee joint by one of these bullets, fired at a distance of about 1000 yards. The thin steel envelope of the bullet had broken, and the joint was simply a mass of finely comminuted bone splinters. The knee was perfectly able, without a bone in it unbroken an inch long. Of course the leg had to be amputated.

"I saw something, too, of the effect of the modern shell fire on the cruisers of the period at the battle at the Yalu in September. The kagi was armed mainly by eight inch shells of Vavasour Palliser pattern. These fired from the Chinese "Ting Yuen," fore off nearly the iron and steel plate quarter of the Akagi, killed Captain Sakamoto, her commander, and killed and wounded a dozen more officers and men. A second shell, from a 260 pounder, made a hole eight feet in diameter in the side of the Akitusu. Had the service of the Chinese great guns been equal to that of the Japanese, the Akagi, the Hashidate and Matsushima must have been sunk. The Japanese fire was terribly destructive and deadly. The Chinese ship Chen Yuen was hit nearly one hundred times. Nothing would float above water of her crew, 460 strong, over 350 were killed or died of wounds. All this was from the fire of six inch and eight inch rifles at a distance from 1000 to 1000 yards. The Chinese had the heavier ships at Yalu, but the Japanese out maneuvered them and out fought them. Man for man and ship for ship, my professional opinion is that the Japanese commanders are equal to any in Europe. They have courage, a high professional knowledge and a fierce, fighting spirit that nothing daunts."

To be Sold at Private Sale.

The undersigned offer at private sale a tract of fifteen acres of land in Fermanagh township, bounded by lands of Wm. Hawk, Dr Lucian Banks, Moyer's heirs and Joseph Oberholtzer. This land is well set with young Chestnut and Rock Oak and is rapidly growing in values.

ATKINSON & PENNELL

Kidnapped by Gypsies.

Mattoon, Ill., Nov. 20.—Miss Ella Parse, who was last week restored to her parents after remaining a captive in the hands of a band of wandering gypsies for fifteen months, was recaptured by the same band Saturday evening and spirited away. Ella is a handsome girl of sixteen. In August 1893 a band of gypsies camped near the Parse homestead, and Ella's beauty attracted the gypsey chief, Will Beaton. One night Ella was missing from home, and the next morning the camp was found deserted. She was a slave to Beaton. After wandering over the west, she was restored to her parents last Monday, having been rescued by a posse near Mattoon. Saturday, while Ella was alone in the house, a covered wagon drove to the door, a man in woman's clothing was seen to enter the house, carry the screaming girl to the wagon, and drive away. Pursuit, so far, has been fruitless.

Oranges for Drunkenness.

Oranges taken at stated times is the latest remedy for inebriety. Those who profess to know advise the eating of one orange before breakfast, another at 11 A. M., 3 P. M., and 6 P. M., with another the last thing before retiring. It is said if this orange diet is persisted in it will cure all but the worst cases. If this healthful, nutritious fruit possesses yet other medicinal virtues aside from being a sovereign remedy for biliousness, and is, indeed, a remedy for the liquor habit, the good news should be spread far and wide, which, in any event, can do no harm.—New York Press.

THE TEACHERS' INSTITUTE

The Teachers' Institute under the management of County Superintendent Marshall and Vice Presiden: M. L. Keiser, and Secretaries J. H. Kearney and Miss Kate Dipple, and the following list of teachers is now in successful operation.

BEALE SCHOOL DISTRICT.

H. C. Rhine, B. F. Crozier, Sadie J McWilliams, J. H. Deen, Homer Van Ormer, J. K. Boden.

DELAWARE.

Eva Smith, G. A. Shuman, D. B Hunberger, Bertha A. Kearns, Lizzie Miller, Clayton E. Rhoads, Emma Daugherty, Julia Sellers, W. H. Shelly.

FAYETTE.

Mary E. McMeen, J. A. Varnes, J. M Shellenberger, Annie VanGieser, C. R. Sods, S. S Kinzer, J. H. Carney, Ida Swartzander, W. F. Gittles, J. M. Rupert.

FERMANAGH.

M. L. Drum, F. N. Thomas, C. J. Stambaugh, Martha J. Hower, Edward F. Brent, A. J. Wileman, Mary L. Aughey.

GREENWOOD.

V. A. Harris, J. A Shelly, F. A. Wilt, Grant Arnold.

LACK.

Belle V. Felmlee, Jennette Henry, Dray Lauver, J. B. Buchanan, Ed. K. Stump, J. M Barton, Laura E Junk, Annie L. M Williams, J. B Smith, Minnie Walk, Chas J. McLaughlin

MIFFLINTOWN.

Oden C. Gortner, Eugene L. Allison, Catherine Dipple, Lucy H. Blaine, Mary Laird.

MILFORD.

Annie Groninger, C. L. Maloy, Annie Showers, Aula S. Guss, Mattie Zimmerman, Edmund Lindsay, J. B. Maloy.

MONROE.

E. A. Bowersox, W. C. Stimeling, E. S. Hohnbrok, E. E. Snyder, Katie Miller.

PATTERSON.

W. E. Auman, Maggie Kinzer, Carrie Derr, Carrie E. Guss, Blanch Fry.

PORT ROYAL.

J. G. Towsey, R. E. McMeen, Jr., K. E. Keister.

SUSQUEHANNA.

A. M. Barner, Daniel D. Stroup, H. C. Klinger, D. Aumiller Kline.

SPRUCE HILL.

Mrs. K. P. Taylor, W H. Taylor Mrs. Clara B. Okeson, Margaret Meinenger, J. K. McLaughlin, L. I. Brackbill.

THOMPSONTOWN.

S. H. Knisely, Lula Hench.

TUSCARORA.

M. Alvie Stewart, J. S. Morrison, Mary W. McCulloch, Edna Ludwig, Millie B. Milliken, Mrs. A. B. Bartley, William Creighton, J. Ramsy Dobbs, H. F. Crouse, P. A. Neely, J. M. Clark.

TURBETT.

S. M. Turbett, A. Y. McAfee, J. T Turbett, R. E McMeen. Sr., Atta Kidd.

WALKER

Orim M. Kerlin, W. H. Aucker, G W. Sieber, Margaret Ragan, James B. Burris, J. E. Furner, Samuel A Weaver, M L Keiser, J. F. Wert, W. H. H. Kauffman.

Proceedings of the Institute will be given in the next issue of the SENTINEL AND REPUBLICAN.

From the McVeytown Journal we learn that thieves stole $35 in gold and silver coin and two orders on the Treasurer of Oliver township, Mifflin county, $108.16 from Cyrus Stine on last Thursday afternoon. Mr. Stine has his home with his son-in-law, L D. Hughes in Oliver township. That day the men were away from home butchering and Mrs. Hughes locked up the house at noon and went to Jacob Stine's nearby for dinner, at which place her husband was helping to butcher, and during her brief absence, the robbers forced open a window and entering ransacked the house generally.

Australian Eggs.

Eggs are now shipped from Australia to England. A trial shipment, made by the Hon. J. H. Conner, of Victorian eggs and cheese, was lately inspected by an officer from the department of the Agent-General for Victoria. With regard to the packing of eggs, they had, in the first place, been rubbed over with grease and afterwards placed with bran, flour, lime, and pollard in small cases. When opened they were found to be perfectly fresh and sweet. The cheeses, which consisted of both 40 pounds and "small loaf" sizes, were sound and of good flavor.

DOCTORING SHIPS.

PARASITES THAT SEND OCEAN VESSELS TO THE HOSPITAL.

No Sure Protection For Iron Hulls Has Been Found—The Old and the New Manners of Construction—Something About Drydocks and Their Uses.

The sea is a grand and yet a treacherous mother to the thousands of ships that sail over its broad expanse, and after buffeting with its storms the ships must go to their hospital for repairs. This hospital is the drydock, and the doctors are the army of careful workmen who look over carefully and repair every faulty seam or broken rivet.

Salt water is teeming with parasites of plant and animal life that cling to the bottoms of ships, eat slowly yet surely through wood and iron alike or rust it away, while they act as a check on the speed by vastly increasing the resistance and friction of the water against the ship. The "gods of the storms see everywhere" and pick out each weak seam or faulty rivet and slowly and surely eat into the vitals of the ship, so that every few months it becomes necessary to examine and repair the vessel. To do this she must come out of the water. The drydock is just a great box of wood, iron and stone, connecting with the sea by a great gateway. When the ship is ready to enter, the gate is shut and the water all pumped out; then the workmen, with practiced skill, place the blocks at the bottom of the dock for the keel to rest upon, taking the dimensions from the plans and drawings of the vessel. These in place, the dock is flooded again, the gate opened, and the ship hauled in. The gate is now closed again, and while the water is slowly pumped out and the ship settles down the dockers pull her this way or that until she rests evenly on the keel blocks. Then shores, or heavy wooden beams, are braced from the sides of the dock to the sides of the ship, and as the water is pumped away the ship stands "high and dry," a veritable "fish out of water," the bottom, which was below the water line, covered with seaweeds and parasites that hide the defects they have caused.

Then the workmen scrape and scour the unwelcome barnacles and grass away, the seams and rivets are all examined and repaired, a fresh coat of paint goes on again, and as the dock is again flooded the ship rises from her hospital bed, and the wooden supports are knocked away until she floats out to sea again, "healthy and strong," to battle with the wind and sea and the enemies of the flag she proudly flies.

When wood was used almost exclusively in building ships, a very easy and convenient means was found to protect the under water portions of the ship from the insidious attacks of barnacles and parasites of plant and animal life. This was done by covering the whole bottom of the ship with a plating of thin copper, for the galvanic action of the salt water upon the copper was to convert the ship and sea into a vast battery, where the copper became the negative pole and was slowly yet constantly eaten away, the particles, as they fell, taking with them the barnacles and seaweed as fast as they formed on the ship, thus keeping the ship's bottom and sides always clean, so that the speed was not cut down by dragging the barnacles and yards of seaweed through the water. Yet even then the copper needed repairs; faulty timbers rotted and crumbled away, so that every few years the ship had to go into drydock and be thoroughly overhauled, each faulty timber replaced and rusty bolt repaired until no loophole was left for the sea to work upon.

But with the advent of iron in the building of ships the old means failed, for where copper was placed over iron the iron became the negative pole of the great battery and was eaten away quickly, riddling the bottom of the ship with many leaks. Many devices were tried—the under water portions of the vessels were covered with a waterproof layer of wood, which was then coppered as before, but wherever there was any metallic connection between the copper and iron the whole force of the battery acted there, and holes were eaten in unexpected and inaccessible places, bringing in an element of uncertainty and enforcing great care in "sheathing" the vessels, as the coating of wood is called, and the ships still had to go more often than ever to the drydock.

Then the various methods of painting the bottoms with protective paints have been tried and are used in all of the cruisers of our navy. The skill of hundreds of chemists has been exerted to find a paint that would act as the copper does and throw off the barnacles and seaweed. Great prizes have been offered, and a fortune awaits the successful discoverer of such a coating for ships, yet so far none has been discovered that acts completely, and the iron and steel ships which start from port with freshly painted sides and bottoms return in a few months coated with barnacles and sea weed, which, as it trails in the water, very materially cuts down the speed and power of the ship. Then she must be put in the dry dock and scrubbed and scraped and repainted. Still worse than the barnacles and the seaweed is the water itself when it finds an entrance, be it ever so small, through the paint to the steel below. Slowly but surely it rusts out a little pit, which extends sometimes almost through the plate before the paint scale drops off and discloses the defect, which can then only be seen by putting the ship in dry dock and examining every square foot of her bottom plating.

This all shows how necessary it is for the ships to go to their "hospital" and how careful her "doctors" should be, for millions of dollars worth of property and millions of priceless lives are carried every year on these "messengers of the sea." The greatest docks in the world are those of the great shipping port of Liverpool.—Washington Star.

Fraudulent Sweetbreads.

"A true sweetbread is perhaps the most healthy meat that can be eaten," said a doctor yesterday, "but you are never able to get it. The sweetbread proper is the pancreas, which is one of the most effective agents in promoting digestion, but the sweetbread of trade is usually obtained from the throats of cattle and is what is called the thyroid gland. This gland rests against the windpipe, and while its texture is similar to that of the real sweetbread it has not the same beneficial qualities. But some butchers, in order to make money, pass off the salivary gland, that which furnishes the saliva, located in the cheeks, for a sweetbread. This is the most inferior substitute of all. The pancreas, or real sweetbread, is a most dainty morsel. It is of triangular form, while the sweetbreads obtained from the throat are of an oval form. But what is the use of making people dissatisfied? They have been eating thyroid and salivary glands for sweetbreads for years and have been satisfied. But then they have never tasted the real thing."—Pittsburg Dispatch.

The only Double Extract Sarsaparilla is Hanners. It's the best because it cures. Take no other. 50cts.

Mark Twain's New Book

MARK TWAIN'S most popular and successful books have been sold by subscription and the American Publishing Company of Hartford, Conn., announce for early publication, his new book "The Tragedy of Pudd'nhead Wilson and the Comedy Those Extraordinary Twins." The Tragedy and Comedy were at first a dual story—two stories in one—and the author's account, as given in the preface, of the difficulty he had in writing the book, of the incompatibility of some of the characters and of his having to finally separate them by pulling one of the stories out by the roots and leaving the other—a kind of literary Cæsarean operation, is certainly one of the most original, breeziest and cleverest chapters—choice fun—that has been written for many a day. We are told that "There is a time to laugh" and THE CHURCHMAN says: "The reader will begin to smile at the very first paragraph."

The book will be sold only by subscription and as it possesses, in a pronounced degree, the remarkable characteristics of the author's best works, it is sure to have a large sale. Each page will be beautifully illustrated with marginal sketches, the work of one of our best artists, and the publishers have wisely decided to sell the volume at a popular price — bringing it within the reach of all.

J. W. Keeler & Co., of Philadelphia, Pa., have the exclusive right of sale in the States of Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland and their advertisement for agents appears in another column. All applications for agencies in their field should be sent direct to them.

MIFFLINTOWN MARKETS.

MIFFLINTOWN, Nov. 28, 1894

Butter	20
Eggs	24
Ham	18
Shoulder	14
Lard	11
Sides	

MIFFLINTOWN GRAIN MARKET

Wheat	50
Corn in ear	60
Oats	35
Rye	50
Cloverseed	
Timothy seed	$2.00
Flax seed	60
Bran	90
Chop	$1 20 a hundred
Middlings	1 10
Ground Alum Salt	1.00
Rock Salt	80c to 75

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS, November 26, 1894.—Wheat 56 to 59c; Corn 50 to 52c; Oats 33 to 38c; fallow 4c; Lard 7c; butter 16 to 30c; eggs 15 to 24c; live chickens, 7 to 10c a lb; Turkeys 10c; Ducks 6 to 9c; Green calf skins 5 cents a lb; bull skins 4 cents a pound; steer hides 5 to 6c a lb; straight rye straw $10 50 to $11.-50; Clover hay $10; Timothy $12 to $13 50; beef cattle 3 to 5¼c; calves 4 to 7c a lb; dressed beeves by the quarter 5 to 8c; milch cows $25 to $50; sheep 1 to 3c a lb; lambs 2 to 4c a lb; Hogs 6 to 6¼c a lb.

Mr. W. H. Heffner
Alvira, Pa.

After Typhoid Fever

A Running Abscess Discharges Pieces of Bone.

All Hope Given Up—But Hood's Sarsaparilla Gives Perfect Health.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs:—I had been a sufferer for nearly three years and had doctored during that time, but without avail. I had given up all hope of ever recovering my health. At times I would rather have died than lived, but now I am thankful that I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for I am now as sound as a dollar. I was

Afflicted With Typhoid Fever,

and an abscess formed on my right side above the fourth rib. The strange part about this was the fact that it did not open for six months after it appeared, although it pained me continually. After it broke it became a running sore and I was compelled to wear a bandage all the time. The doctors told me that the only way it could be cured was to have an operation performed

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla CURES

and have the rib taken out, claiming that I had bone disease, inasmuch as four pieces of bone had been discharged from the sore. Before giving myself up to the doctors I decided to give Hood's Sarsaparilla a trial, although I had but little faith that it would do me any good. I used it strictly according to directions, and before I had used three bottles I

Began to Feel a Change,

and by the time I had used the fourth bottle the sore on my side had healed. It is now nearly three months since the eruption closed and I have not the least fear of it ever bothering me again. Hood's Sarsaparilla is certainly a gem among medicines. It has cured me and it will cure others." W. H. HEFFNER, Alvira, Pa.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

BICYCLES No coupons. We sell from catalogue at Wholesale prices. Ship for examination. In every case. Cost at $55 same as agents sell Wheels at $55 same as agents sell Sundries, 25 per cent less than any other house. Bicycles to hire.

$55.00

ACME ROADSTER $55

Guaranteed same as agents sell for $75 to $100.

ACME ROAD RACER, 25 lbs. WOOD-RIMS, $80.

Perfect lines, perfect steering, perfect adjustment. Guaranteed same as agents sell for $125 and $150. Written warranty with every machine. Every time you buy a bicycle through an agent you pay 50 to 100 per cent more than our wholesale price for same grade. It costs about as much to sell bicycles through agents and dealers as it does to make them. Let prudence and economy suggest the better way and buy from us direct at wholesale prices. Illustrated Catalogue free.

Acme Cycle Company
ELKHART, IND

LEGAL.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of sundry writs of Levari Facias and Fieri Facias and Venditioni Exponas containing waivers of inquisitions and exemptions issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Juniata county, returnable to the December Term next of said Court, and to me directed, I will expose to sale by public outcry, on

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 30th, 1894,

at 1 o'clock P. M., at the Court House in Mifflintown, Pa., the several tracts of land hereinafter described:

1. All that certain tract of land situate in Fayette township, Juniata Co., Pa., bounded and described as follows: On the north by lands of Aaron Roush; on the east by lands of Jerome Aucker and Aaron Roush; on the south by public road, and lands of William Shirk and Luther Kinzer, and on the west by lands of John Keller, John Smith, Adam Sponhour and John Gearhart, containing seventy-four acres more or less, having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house, frame out kitchen, bank barn, wagon shed, frame shop, pig pen, and other outbuildings, seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Solomon Bardell and John B. Bardell.

2. All that certain tract of land situate in Tuscarora township, Juniata county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: On the north by lands of Margaret White's heirs and George Diven; on the east by John Showers and John H. Gillaland; on the south by lands of Walker Stitt and James Laughlin, and on the west by lands of Wm. Stitt, J. J. McMullen and A. J. Ferguson, containing two hundred and sixty-two acres more or less, having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house, a log weatherboarded dwelling house, a bank barn, a log stable, wagon shed and other outbuildings, seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Wm. P. Laughlin, Elizabeth J. Forsha and Henderson Forsha, Henderson Forsha and Elizabeth J. Forsha, executors and so forth of Mary J. Green, deceased, and Henderson Forsha and Elizabeth J. Forsha, trustees of the children of James G. Laughlin

3. All that certain tract of land situate in Beale township, Juniata county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: On the north by lands of Harry H Bechtel; on the east by lands of James A. Bardell and Frank Fuller; on the south by public road and Frank Fuller, and on the west by lands of D. B. McWilliams, containing seventy-one acres more or less, having thereon erected a frame dwelling house, bank barn, wagon shed, pig pen, saw mill and other outbuildings, seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John B. Bardell.

4. All that certain tract of land situate in Beale township, bounded and described as follows: On the north by lands of H. H Bechtel; on the east by lands of H. B Bardell; on the south by public road and lands of Frank Fuller, and on the west by lands of John B. Bardell, containing forty-seven acres more or less, having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house, frame stable and other outbuildings, seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of James A. Bardell.

5. All that certain tract of land situate in Beale township, Juniata Co., Pa., bounded and described as follows: On the north by lands of H. H. Bechtel; on the east by lands of G. W. Bardell; on the south by public road and lands of Frank Fuller, and on the west by lands of James A. Bardell, containing one hundred acres more or less, of which about seven acres are cleared and the balance set with timber, seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of H. B. Bardell.

6. All that certain tract of land situated in Walker township, Juniata county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: On the north by lands of John Deitz; on the east by lands of John Deitz, on the south by lands of Samuel Arntz, and on the west by lands of William Swab, containing thirty-nine acres more or less, having thereon erected a two-story log weatherboarded dwelling house and out kitchen, log stable and other outbuildings, seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of William Eagler.

7. All that certain tract of land situated in Delaware township, Juniata county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: On the north by lands of Henry Swab and Mrs. Amelia Rodgers; on the east by lands of I. G. Lantz; on the south by lands of Mrs. Kate Shelly, on the west by lands of Mrs. Kate Shelly and Mrs. Amelia Rodgers, containing six acres more or less; having thereon erected a two story log weatherboarded dwelling house, frame stable and other outbuildings, seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of William T. Dunn.

8. All that certain tract of land situated in Beale township, Juniata Co., Pa., bounded and described as follows. On the north by lands of Kenney Robison; on the east by lands of Kenney Robison; on the south by lands of J. W. McCahran, and on the west by lands of J. W. McCahran, containing seventy-two acres more or less, having thereon erected a two-story stone dwelling house, a log barn, wagon shed and other outbuildings, seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Joseph Wallace.

9. All that certain tract of land situated in Lack township, Juniata Co., Pa., bounded and described as follows: On the north by lands of Robison Vaughn; on the east by lands of John Arnold, and on the west by lands of Graham Reeder, containing fifty-seven acres more or less, having thereon erected a one and one-half story log weatherboarded dwelling house, frame stable and other outbuildings, seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Rebecca J. Keeler with notice to Amanda Roles and William Roles *terre tenants*.

10. All that certain lot or piece of ground situated in the borough of Mifflintown, Juniata county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: On the north by John W. Kirk; on the east by Mulberry Alley, on the south by lot of G. W. Smith, and on the west by Main street, having thereon erected two two story frame dwelling houses, with brick fronts, a store room in one thereof, a frame stable, seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Solomon Books.

11. All that certain tract of land situated in Monroe township, Juniata county, Pa. bounded and described as follows. On the north by lands of John Deitz; on the east by lands of John Deitz; on the south by lands of Fred Deitz, and on the west by lands of H. A. Foltz, containing five acres more or less, having thereon erected a frame dwelling house and frame stable, seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Jacob Deitz.

12. All that certain tract of land situated in Greenwood township, Juniata county, Pa., bounded as described as follows: On the north by lands of Philip Swartz and H. A. Foltz; on the east by lands of Frederick Deitz and Kate Shaffer; on the south by lands of Daniel Shadle and Kate Shaffer, and on the west by lands of Daniel Shadle and Catharine Feltman, containing one hundred acres more or less, having thereon erected a log dwelling house, shed stable and other outbuildings, seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Jacob Deitz.

13. All that certain tract or piece of land situated in Tuscarora township, Juniata county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: On the north by lands of William H. Middleton; on the east by lands of William H. Middleton; on the south by public road and lands of Neal M. Stewart, and on the west by lands of S. B Crawford's heirs, containing one-fourth of an acre more or less, having thereon erected a frame building, used as an ice house, a frame building used as a creamery, with milk separator and creamery churn attached, seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of B. C. Cubbison.

14. All that certain piece or lot of ground situated in the borough of Patterson, Juniata county, Pa., beginning at the corner of Foster and Licking street, thence on the south along Licking street 120 feet to an alley; thence on the west along said alley 50 feet to lot of John I. Hawk; thence on the north along said lot 120 feet to Foster street; 50 feet to place of beginning, having thereon erected a frame church, a frame dwelling house and other buildings. Seized taken into execution and to be sold as the property of W. J. Zeiders, J. D. Zeiders, Geo. W. Kelly and Geo. W. Weible and W. S. Zeiders, Trustees of St. Paul Congregation of Evangelical Association of North America.

CONDITIONS OF SALE:

Fifty dollars of the price or sum at which the property shall be struck off shall be paid to the Sheriff at the time of sale, unless the purchase money shall be less than that sum, in which case only the purchase money shall be paid, otherwise the property will again be immediately put up and sold; the balance of the purchase money must be paid to the Sheriff at his office within five days from the time of sale, without any demand being made by the Sheriff therefor, otherwise the property may again be sold at the expense and risk of the person to whom it is struck off, who, in case of any deficiency at such resale shall make good the same.

SAMUEL LAPP,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Mifflintown, Nov. 13, 1894

LEGAL.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of JACOB LEMON, deceased.

The undersigned Auditor appointed to make distribution of the balance in the hands of J. E. Smucker, Executor of the Estate of Jacob Lemon, deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Mifflintown on Tuesday, December 11th, 1894, at 10 o'clock A. M., when and where all parties interested may attend.

LOUIS E. ATKINSON,
Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

In the Estate of LYDIA SHIRK, late of Walker township, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of Administration on the estate of Lydia Shirk, late of Walker township, Juniata county, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate will please make payment, and those having claims will present them authenticated for settlement.

DANIEL H. SHIRK,
Administrator.

November 14th, 1894.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

In the Estate of JACOB W. KURTZ.

The undersigned Administrator having been granted letters Testamentary on the estate of Jacob W. Kurtz, late of Delaware township, Juniata county, deceased, out of the Orphans' Court of Juniata county, hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

EPHRAIM J. KURTZ,
Administrator.

November 6th, 1894.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

In the estate of MARY SIEBER, deceased.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Mary Sieber, late of Fayette township, Juniata Co. Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, by the Orphans' Court of Juniata County, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, will please present them properly authenticated for payment,

JOHN SIEBER,
Administrator.

November 8, 1894.

PROTHONOTARY'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following accounts have been filed in the office of the Prothonotary of Juniata County, and the same will be presented for confirmation and allowance to the Court of Common Pleas of said County on Tuesday the 18th day of December, A D., 1894, when and where all persons interested may attend if they think proper.

1st. The account of Jonathan Kauffman, Committee of Susanna Kauffman of Walker Township, a Lunatic.

2nd. The first and final account of F. M. M. Pennell, Assignee of George M. Graham, Jr., of Port Royal, Pa.

W. H ZEIDERS,
Prothonotar.

Prothonotary's Office, Mifflintown, Pa.
November 19, 1894.

NOTICE IN PARTITION.

In the Orphans' Court of Juniata County.

Estate of John W. Taylor, deceased.

To Anna Bell Meloy and S. R. Meloy, her husband, Salina Milliken and W. A. Milliken, her husband, David H. Taylor, Rachel Taylor, Wilber Taylor, Norman Taylor, Herman Taylor, Ethel Taylor, Stewart Coder, Bessie M. Coder, Olive L. Code and Will L. Hoopes, Esq., Guardian *ad litem* of said Ethel Taylor, Norman, Taylor, Herman Taylor, Ethel Taylor, Bessie M. Coder and Olive L. Coder, minors, all of Juniata County, Pennsylvania; Elizabeth Colgate and James Colgate, her husband, of Hawley, Wayne county, Pennsylvania; William H. Taylor, residence unknown, last heard of in the west; Sarah Maguire and Peter Maguire, her husband, of Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, heirs of John W. Taylor, deceased, and all others interested.

You are hereby notified that the Orphans' Court of said county, awarded an inquest to make partition and valuation of certain real estate of said John W. Taylor, deceased, consisting of a messuage and tract of about nine acres, more or less, situate in Spruce Hill township, in said county, and that said inquest will be held on said premises on Friday, the 14th day of December, A. D., 1894, at 10 o'clock A. M., at which time and place you are requested to attend if you think proper.

SAMUEL LAPP,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Mifflintown, Pa.,
Nov. 12, 1894.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, the Hon. JEREMIAH LYONS, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, for the Forty-First Judicial District, composed of the counties of Juniata and Perry, and the Honorables JOSIAH L. BARTON and J. P. WICKERSHAM, Associate Judges of the said court of Common Pleas of Juniata county, by precept duly issued and to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace at Mifflintown, on the

FIRST MONDAY OF DECEMBER, 1894, BEING THE 3rd DAY OF THE MONTH.

NOTICE HEREBY GIVEN, to the Coroner, Justice of the Peace and Constables of the County of Juniata, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations and Oyer rememberances, to do those things that to their offices respectfully appertain, and those that are bound by recognizance to prosecute against the prisoners that are or may be in the Jail of said county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

By an act of the Assembly, passed the 6th day of May, 1854, it made the duty of Justices of the Peace of the several counties of this Commonwealth to return to the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the respective counties, all the recognizances entered into before them by any citizen or persons charged with the commission of any crime, except such cases as may be ended before a Justice of the Peace, under existing laws at least ten days before the commencement of the session of the Court to which they are made returnable respectively, and in all cases where recognizances are entered into less than ten days before the commencement of the session to which they are made returnable, the said Justices are to return the same in the same manner as if said act had not been passed.

Dated at Mifflintown, the 6th day of November, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four.

SAMUEL LAPP, *Sheriff.*

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
Mifflintown, November 6, 1894.

Agents Wanted FOR OUR NEW BOOK by America's Greatest Humorist,

MARK TWAIN,

Every one of his previous books have had immense sales. His new book surpasses anything he has heretofore written. Two stories in one volume. *A TRAGEDY AND A COMEDY.* A great chance for agents. We give exclusive territory. For terms and full particulars address.

J. W. KEELER & Co., 626 Arch St., Phila.
Nov. 7th, '94-6t.

NEWPORT AND SHERMAN'S VALLEY Railroad Company. Time table of passenger trains, in effect on Monday, October 1st, 1894.

STATIONS.	Westward. 3	Westward. 1	Eastward. 2	Eastward. 4
	P M	A M	A M	P M
Newport	6 05	10 00	6 15	4 00
Buffalo Bridge	6 08	10 03	6 19	3 57
Juniata Furnace	6 12	10 07	6 28	3 53
Wahneta	6 15	10 10	6 35	3 50
Sylvan	6 25	10 17	6 40	3 46
Water Plug	6 22	10 20	6 44	3 41
Bloomfield Junct'n.	6 31	10 26	6 51	3 38
Valley Road	6 39	10 34	6 59	3 32
Elliottsburg	6 51	10 46	7 10	3 15
Green Park	6 54	10 49	7 20	3 10
Loysville	7 15	11 00	7 05	3 04
Fort Robeson	7 12	11 07	7 33	2 56
Center	7 17	11 12	7 41	2 49
Ciena's Run	7 23	11 18	7 36	2 45
Andersonburg	7 27	11 22	7 45	2 40
Blain	7 35	11 30	7 48	2 33
Mount Pleasant	7 41	11 36	7 52	2 24
New Germant'n	7 45	11 40	7 55	2 20

D. GRING, President and Manager.
C. K. MILLER, General Agent.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

PERRY COUNTY RAILROAD.

The following schedule went into effect Nov. 19, 1893, and the trains will be run as follows:

p. m	a. m	Leave	Arrive	a. m	p. m
4 30	9 15	Duncannon		8 40	3 50
4 36	9 21	*King's Mill		8 34	3 44
4 39	9 24	*Sulphur Springs		8 31	3 41
3 41	9 26	**Corman Siding		8 29	3 39
4 45	9 29	Montebello Park		8 25	3 36
4 48	9 31	*Weaver		8 24	3 34
4 51	9 36	*Roddy		8 19	3 29
4 54	9 39	*Heffman		8 16	3 26
4 56	9 41	*Royer		8 14	3 24
4 59	9 44	*Mahanoy		8 11	3 21
5 10	10 00	Bloomfield		8 05	3 15
5 17	10 07	*Long's Road		7 52	2 45
5 22	10 13	*Neilson		7 46	2 39
5 25	10 16	*Dun's		7 43	2 36
5 28	10 19	Elliotsburg		7 40	2 33
5 24	10 25	*Bernheisl's		7 34	2 27
5 36	10 27	*Green Park		7 32	2 25
5 41	10 32	*Montour Junc.		7 27	2 20
6 09	11 29	Landisburg		6 55	1 50
p. m	a. m	Arrive	Leave	a. m	p m

Train leaves Bloomfield