TRAPPISTS IN KENTUCKY.

The cloister of Trappists to-day existing in Kentucky and known as the "Abbey of Gethsemane," owes its direct origin to the Abbey of Da Meilleraye of the "Departments Loire Inferiure," in France, says the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. The abbot of the latter had made an arrangement with the French Government to lay the foundation for a convent of their Order on property situated on the Island Martinique, and donoted to them by Louis Philippe. After the downfall of his regime the original plan was abandoned in favor of a colony in the United States, which was accomplished in 1848.

The Trappists possess but two monasteries in the United States—the above mentioned, which is the oldest, and one near Dubuque, Ia., a branch of the Abbey of Ireland.

The dominions of the Abbey of Gethsemane comprise about seven hundred acres of land, part of which is cultivated, the other consisting of extensive woodland hills, which furnish the timber for the steam sawmill of the monastery. In the midst of this area are found the settlements of farmers. The monastery itself is reached by following a long avenue, inclosed on each side by a cedar hedge and shaded by a row of magnificent English elms, all of which were grown from one original tree.

Wandering through this delightful avenue's wondrous quiet, interrupted but now and then by the soft rustling of the tree tops and the half-hushed twitter of the birds nestling in their branches, one reaches the porter's lodge, a low brick structure, flanked on either side by two stone walls, which thus separate two worids from each other.

Emerging from the covered walk of the lodge there spreads before the enchanted eye a delicious corner of landscape-gardening—avenues and walks bordered by cedar hedges and so thickly strewn with shavings that the heaviest footfall is lost unheard. Beautiful pattern-beds and luxuriant greenswards contrast harmoniously with the deep shadows thrown by solemn-looking Benedictine trees—a splendid place for pious recreation and serious contemplation.

Near the end of the grounds we find hedged in an immense family of white rabbits, enjoying their playful sports surrounded by this grand and quiet solemnity.

The Abbey of Gethsemene is a self-sustaining institution, in which the well man is maintained, the sick nursed and the dead buried. The daily occupations are quite varied, resembling those in one of our modern factories, and offer sufficient play for the various grades of intellect.

The Trappist Order subjects its members to all the cloistral vows—eternal and extreme poverty, chastity, industry, silence, separation, penitence and submission.

No Trappist monk is allowed to walk outside the cloister without permission; all tender and sympathetic emotions, which in this life visit the human heart, he is obliged to suppress. The death of his nearest relative is never announced to him. Forgotten by the world, he himself forgets the world.

The American Eagle.

It has been proposed lately to ornament the tip of the flagstaffs used in the regular army of the United States with a representation in metal of the bald eagle, which is the emblem of our republic. The staffs of regimental standards now terminate with a pike. The eagle has already done duty in his way upon the standards of other nations, and particularly upon those of Rome and France. The American eagle, however, is of a different variety from the eagles of France and the one Roman Republic. It is an variety—the "bald," or white-headed eagle.

The ordinary name of the bird is a misnomer. It is not bald, but simply white-headed, the feathers on the head and neck of adult specimens being snowy white.

The honor of first naming this bird as the emblem of the United S ates belongs to John S. Audubon, the naturalist, whose name will be forever associated with our bird-life. He called the bald eagle the "Washington eagle," because, he said, "Washington was brave, as the eagle is. Like it, too, he was the terror of his enemies, and his fame, extending from pole to pole, resembles the majestic soarings of the mightiest of the feathered tribe. If America has reason to be proud of her Washington, so has she to be proud of her great eagle."

The bald eagle, with wings extended or "displayed proper," as it is called in heraldry, was made the emblem of the United States in the year 1785.

Benjamin Franklin did not approve the choice. The bald eagle, he declared, was a very evil-disposed bird, who would not earn an honest living, but got his livelihood by violence, deceit and rapine. He did not consider such a creature a worthy emblem of a people who had valiantly driven out of their country all kingly birds of prey.

Franklin's critical judgment did not prevail. It is true, as he declared, that the bald eagle lives chiefly by violence and theft, swooping down upon the osprey, and snatching from this industrious bird the fish that it has just caught. But the eagle, on occasion, can take fish out of the water with great skill.

The eagle, is, moreover, a bird of dignity as well as of bravery and beauty, and its strong attachment to its home certainly recommends it as an American emblem.

An Able Thousand Islands Fish Story.

The Hon. D. E. Petit of Syracuse started out one evening in company with his usual oarsman, and proceeded to the fishing grounds near St. John's Island. They had been there only a few minutes, when Mr. Petit discovered that he had a "bite." The oarsman cautioned him about losing the huge fish, for that is what it appeared to be, and rowed to an island near by, where both men were unable to pull the fish ashore. Mr. Petit tied the line to a tree and then came to the Park Hotel, in company with the oarsman, where a number of men and a steam yacht was procured to go and get the fish. The party immediately proceeded to the spot only to find the fish, tree, and island had all disappeared. The party were, of course, disappointed, as the fish could not be weighed.—Utica Herald.

An employe of the postal telegraph office of St. Petersburg has invented a watch which requires winding up once in forty-five days.

In sinking an artesian well at Galveston, Texas, recently, at a depth of 1510 feet, good specimens of wood and of seeds were found. Geologists compute the age of this formation to be about 200,000 years.

THE STORY OF A HERMIT CRAB.

BY MARY J. PORTER.

"Have you seen the little lobster, Miss Alden?" The waitress at a boarding-house by the seashore asked the question of one of the guests.

"No, I have not. Where is it?"

"In a tin pail on the back porch. Fay caught it this morning."

"Fay" was the black-eyed, barefooted, seven-year-old son of the cook.

On her way to look at the curiosity, Miss Alden must needs pass through the kitchen.

"So your little boy has caught a lobster?" she said to the mistress of that apartment.

"Yes, miss. He's always looking out for queer things along the beach, and to-day he came in with this. It's the smallest lobster I ever saw. I didn't know that they ever were so small. Just look.

The cook, while talking, had brought in the tin pail. It contained a quantity of sand in the bottom, and some water in which a tiny creature peeped out of a cockle shell.

Fay, who hovered about his treasure like a guardian angel, stood by his mother's side.

"What a strange, little animal!" exclaimed Miss Alden, who was somewhat unfamiliar with the habits of shell-fish. "Do take it into the parlor and let the ladies see it."

Fay obediently carried his small aquarium into the parlor, Miss Alden going with him as assistant exhibitor.

"See what this boy has!" was her announcement.

The several ladies and gentlemen present at once rose to their feet in order to examine the contents of the pail. "It's a lobster," said Fay.

"No, my man," laughed a professor of Natural History, who happened to be among the boarders. "That's a hermit crab. Where did you find him?"

"Down along the beach. He was in another shell b it I hammered it open so that my mother could see him."

"Oh, you did, did you? How is it, then, that he is in this shell now?"

"Why, you see, when I broke open the shell he was in, I put this one and another in front of him, and let him take his choice."

"So he chose this one, and its too small for him?"

"Yes, sir."

"The first one was larger, I suppose?"

"Yes, sir."

"A hermit crab is a queer little creature. It moves from one shell to another, according to its convenience. When it grows too large for the one it is in it goes into another that fits it more comfortably."

While the professor was speaking one of the ladies touched the head of the crab with her knitting-needle, and it withdrew as far as possible into its shell. Then another lady carried the pail into a dark corner of the room, and the crab tried to get out again. When it was taken to the light it tried to hide itself once more. But the shell was a decided misfit. The crab could neither get out of it entirely, nor hide itself in it completely.

Fay soon thought it time to reach it from the crowd of admirers. As he took it out of the room he whispered to Miss Alden, "You may have this to take home with you."

"Oh, no, Fay, I'll not take it from you."

"Yes, Miss Alden, it's yours."

Too much attention proved fatal to the hermit crab. When Fay went to look at it next morning he found it lying dead in the tin pail.

Miss Alden was to take her departure at noon. She had already forgotten about her promised gift. The boy's memory, however, was better than hers.

As she went out of the front door Fay stood in front of her.

"The little crab died, Miss Alden," he said sadly.

"Did it, Fay? I'm sorry. Perhaps we played with it too much."

"Yes, ma'am, I think so," answered Fay.

"Well, never mind. When I get home I'll send you a book with ever so many pictures of fishes."

Fay's eyes sparkled. If there was anything he wanted to know more about it was the subject of fishes. Let us hope that Miss Alden sent him the book.

Other children, as well as he, do well to observe the habits of living things, and to read what they can about them, too

Birds, animals and fishes are all curiously and wonderfully made by the great Creator. He has taught them how to find homes and how to get their food. In studying about their ways we admire the wisdom of Him who made them and us for His own glory.—*Christian Intelligencer.*

DID HE MEAN THAT?—*George:*—Ethel, may I ask you a question? Will you—

Ethel:—(impulsively) Oh, George, this is so sudden but—I—I am yours for weal or——

George:—(hastily) Yes, that's it. I want you for a wheel—a bicycle spin, don't you know.

THE women of Greece, to the number of three thousand, have signed a petition to the Government of Greece, asking for public schools of art and industry to be established; they say that the failure of Greece to meet the expectations entertained of it, is owing to the backward condition of its women, and the fact of their non-participation in its public life.

CHEBEAQUE ISLAND, in Casco Bay, Me., has a population of over 4000, nearly all of whom are named Hamilton. There are 200 people on the island who never saw a steam car.

IT costs 1½ cents per pound to carry tea from Yokohama to New York, 7500 miles, and 10 cents a pound to send tea by express one mile up town in that city.

"German Syrup"

Asthma. "I have been a great sufferer from Asthma and severe Colds every Winter, and last Fall my friends as well as myself thought because of my feeble condition, and great distress from constant coughing, and inability to raise any of the accumulated matter from my lungs, that my time was close at hand. When nearly worn out for want of sleep and rest, a friend recommended me to try thy valuable medicine, Boschee's German Syrup. I am confident it saved my life. Almost the first dose gave me great relief and a gentle refreshing sleep, such as I had not had for weeks. My cough began immediately to loosen and pass away, and I found myself rapidly gaining in health and weight. I am pleased to inform thee—unsolicited—that I am in excellent health and do certainly attribute it to thy Boschee's German Syrup. C. B STICKNEY, Picton, Ontario."

Gentle, Refreshing Sleep.

A hollow mockery—An echo.

Boney men are not easily rattlde.

The rain-makers ought not to be discouraged. Their aim is high.

Only eleven per cent. of flowers emit a perfume. The other eighty-nine per cent. omit a perfume.

Out of Sorts

Describes a feeling peculiar to persons of dyspeptic tendency, or caused by change of climate, season or life. The stomach is out of order, the head aches or does not feel right.

The Nerves

seem strained to their utmost, the mind is confused and irritable. This condition finds an excellent corrective in Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by its regulating and toning powers, soon

Cures Indigestion,

restores harmony to the system, gives strength of mind, nerves, and body. Be sure to get

Hood's Sarsaparilla

which in curative power is Peculiar to Itself.

LOOK WELL TO THE CELLAR.

This is the time when the majority of country housekeepers and many thrifty ones in town put a supply of vegetables and other edibles in their cellars for winter use. With the former there is no alternative if she would have a variety of food, especially of green vegetables for her table. But with the dweller in towns it is a question which each must settle for herself, whether it is more economical than purchasing in small quantities as they are needed.

Neither a damp nor very warm cellar will preserve vegetables or fruit fresh for any length of time, and where these conditions are unavoidable it surely is better to purchase as required.

If there is a furnace in the cellar and no room closely partitioned off for it, the entire cellar will be warm and it is impossible to keep it otherwise. Dampness can sometimes be removed by a thorough and constant ventilation, and by keeping open vessels containing unslacked lime standing about.

The floor should also be sprinkled with a solution of sulphate of iron and and if these remedies are unavailing and the house is a rented one, no time should be lost in securing one with a dry cellar even though it is inferior in some other respects.

The most thorough sanitary regulations otherwise cannot make a house healthful that has a damp foul cellar for the air constantly rises and permeates the entire house

Every good housekeeper has the cellar thoroughly cleaned during the Spring renovation, and in the country where they are used during the summer more than in town houses where food is usually kept in a refrigerator, this state of cleanliness is usually maintained. But in cities they are often virtually closed after being cleaned, or used only for the storage of washing utensils and the like and their care left entirely with servants. During thirty years experience I have had a few servants who appreciated the importance of absolute cleanliness here, but they are the exception and should have a gold medal, or what is better yet, the appreciation of their mistress and compensation commensurate with their value. Knowing this I was not as astonished as I should once have been when I went into ours after a five months illness and found everything in a confused jumble though I had been repeatedly assured by the servant and laundress "that it was all right."

It was not in the least dangerous because the five windows and outer door were open, (indeed I doubt if they have been closed during the entire summer, though of course it was owing to carlessness, not care.)

But there were four baskets with a few potatoes in each, standing beside the bin, (two of apples, a butter tub that had not been washed after the contents were used out and things in general after the same careless fashion. Now if the winter's supply of vegetables, etc,, had been stored in it without the thorough cleaning my supervision brought about, a *mysterious* visitation of typhoid fever, diphtheria or spring fever might have resulted

And because I am confident that my help is no more careless than the majority, I say to housekeepers: look well to the conditions of your cellar before laying in winter supplies or closing them up at the approach of cold weather.

ODD BUILDINGS FOR THE FAIR.

BY ANON.

There is every indication that the World's Fair—or, more properly, the Columbian Exposition—to be held in Chicago in 1893 will be the most stupendous exhibition ever seen. All the world will be represented, although our country will naturally monopolize the greatest share of the space and exhibits.

It is expected that, in addition to the Exposition buildings proper, nearly all foreign nations and every home State will erect a building bearing its name, and which shall serve as a headquarters for the visitors from that special district. This is the same idea that was so successfully carried out at the Centennial Exposition in Philadelphia.

There will be, however, more of these buildings at the Columbian Exposition, and the variety of design will be much greater. Among the many already projected, three will be especially prominent.

Japan is to have two acres of space. On this it is proposed to lay out a Japanese garden in the Oriental style and erect buildings to be copied from the finest specimens of Japanese architecture, and it is intended to leave garden and building as a present to Chicago.

The buildings to be reproduced are the Kinkakuji, a Monastery of the Ken sect, situated in Kioto, its name signifying the "golden pavilion," and its date 1397.

The other building is the Phœnix Hall, one of the oldest structures in Japan, dating back to 1052. It is called the Phœnix Hall on account of its shape, which is intended to represent that fabulous bird; the two-storied central part being the body, the colonnade right and left the wings, and the corridor behind forming the tail. The frieze work is very grand and extensive. Gold lacquer work, inlaid with mother-of-pearl, is abundantly used, while the doors, walls and panels are covered with paintings of celebrated artists.

Of the unique buildings to be erected by the States, those of Florida and Pennsylvania will attract the most attention. Old Fort Marion, the oldest and most picturesque structure in North America, and the most important of Spanish relics, will be reproduced.

Begun in 1656, when the Pilgrim Fathers were founding Plymouth colony, this four bastioned fortress was old long before a white man ever saw the waters of Lake Michigan. Its form is admirably adapted for a striking display of Florida's peculiar and varied resources and attractions, the moat and ramparts affording opportunities for a series of sunken and hanging gardens of marvelous interest.

FAIR specimens of wood and seeds were obtained not long ago 1510 feet below the surface at Galveston, where they were sinking an artesian well.

Full of trouble—the ordinary pill. Trouble when you take it, and trouble when you've got it down. Plenty of unpleasantness, but mighty little good.

With Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, there's *no* trouble. They're made to prevent it. They're the original little Liver Pills, tiny, sugar-coated, anti-bilious granules, purely vegetable, perfectly harmless, the smallest, easiest and best to take. They cleanse and regulate the whole system, in a natural and easy way—mildly and gently, but thoroughly and effectively. One little Pellet for a laxative—three for a cathartic. Sick Headache, Bilious Headache, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels are prevented, relieved and cured.

They're the *cheapest* pill you can buy, for they're *guaranteed* to give satisfaction, or your money is returned.

You pay only for the value received. Can you ask more?

Sheridan's Condition Powders

MAKE HENS LAY.

If you can't get it send to us. We mail one pack 25c. Five $1. A 2 lb. can $1.20. Six, $5. Ex. paid. *Poultry Raising Guide*, free, with $1 orders. L. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass.

AMERICAN CATARRH CURE

One Bottle Cures.

Stops the dropping in the throat in one week; restores the hearing and sense of smell; removes bad breath and headaches. Prepared by Dr. WM. B. JONES, Chemist, 48 N. 11th St., Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by druggists or mailed to any address for $1. Testimonials, symptom blanks and advice free. 27 years' experience, with unfailing success.

AMERICAN NEURALGIA CURE

A quick, positive CURE, 25 Cents.

2 766

"TWO SOULS," ETC.

"How do you ever come to marry, old man? Thought you'd determined to stay single?"

"I had; but I was introduced one day to a girl who had determined never to marry, and our thoughts seemed to harmonize so completely that—well, we married each other."

HE KNEW HE WAS RIGHT.

Senior Partner—Higgins, how do you spell received?

Junior Clerk—R-e-c-e-i-v-e-d.

Senior Partner—Just the way I wrote it.

(Then came the sound of a knife scratching on paper from the senior partner's desk.)

Use Brown's Bronchial Troches for Coughs, Colds and all other Throat Troubles—"Preeminently the best."—*Rev. Henry Ward Beecher.*

A new mineral has been discovered in Texas which is said to be seven times stronger than any other when made into wire.

DON'T fool with indigestion nor with a disordered liver, but take Beecham's Pills for immediate relief. 25 cents a box.

The Columbian River is so clear at low water that salmon fishing can only be successfully conducted at night.

Cann's Kidney Cure for Dropsy, Gravel, Diabetes, Bright's, Heart, Urinary or Liver Diseases, Nervousness, &c. Cure guaranteed. 831 Arch Street, Philad'a. $1 a bottle, 6 for $5, or druggist. 1000 certificates of cures. Try it.

A Chinese newspaper published in San Francisco has been sued for libel by an Indian.

FITS: All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No Fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

FLOWERS IN THE HOSPITALS.

"Flowers are lovely, Love is flower-like."

In some of the large cities where chrysanthemums and other flower shows are annually held, it has become a custom on breaking up, to send the remaining flowers to the city hospitals. If those who had been daily through the flower week, admiring the fringed Japanese beauties, the dewy, fragrant roses and the brilliant carnations, could have seen the comfort they brought to the sorrowful and suffering inmates of ward and dormitory, they would have believed fully in the mission of flowers. Sick children stretched out their languid arms and begged for flowers to be laid upon their pillows, men with bandaged limbs held them in unmutilated hands and smiled at their beauty; women on beds of pain forgot for a time their sufferings as they looked into the sweet faces of the blossoms and smelled their fresh fragrance.

The prize chrysanthemum with its royal colors, and twisted and incurved petals, was held as some precious thing in the worn hands of an aged woman. The white rose, worthy to deck the bridal of a queen, lay nestled against the fever-flushed cheek of a bearded man, whose matted hair and rough hands showed that he was a son of toil. Upon a white cot lay a beautiful, white orchid almost priceless in value. Thin, transparent fingers handled it lovingly, and a smile of peace came into the face where already the shadow of death had fallen.

Here was a young mother clasping her babe of a few hours old, and between them was dropped a handful of blushing rose-buds. And so the flowers went on their missions of love and held a court as royal as when wealth and beauty and fashion gazed upon their stately beauty at the flower show.

SALTED PEANUTS.

Shell some peanuts and place them in a cool oven until dry, then with the hands rub off the brown husk. Put them in a shallow baking pan adding two table-spoonfuls of olive oil to each quart. Stand on a moderately hot stove end, stir constantly until a handsome gold brown. Dust quickly with a tea-spoonful of fine salt and with a fork push them out onto a cold dish so as not to get any oil.

LOVE is the life of the soul. It is the harmony of the universe.

HOW TO MAKE GOOD COFFEE.

Coffee had been in use in England for about 150 years when Count Rumford wrote exhaustively on coffee making, and his text is fresh and crisp reading to-day. He used the porcelain or earthen coffee pot and perforated earthen strainer on the top of the pot. Hot water was poured on and allowed to filter through.

An improvement has been made on Count Rumford in substituting a cotton flannel, or flannel bag for his perforated diaphragm of earthenware, which abbreviates the time needed to filter. The best pot for making coffee is one in which the pot is earthen and the bag, of cotton, is suspended, at the top. The best results are produced by having the coffee ground extra fine while it is hot and put into an air-tight receptacle. When a can of this ground coffee is opened its odor pervades the whole apartment, as the volatile oil has not had a chance to escape.

In Hayti they roast, grind, and use their coffee at once.

To make good coffee:

First—Have the coffee good, fresh, ground very fine.

Second—Pour hot water into the coffee pot, so as to heat it thoroughly before use.

Third—Put (for an ordinary family) a teacupful of coffee, prepared as above, into the bag at the top of the open heated pot.

Fourth—Pour on boiling water until sufficient coffee is made. Renew as required.

The process is one of displacement, such as is used in pharmacy. It is wonderful with what facility roasted coffee imparts its virtues to boiling water. Probably no fruit gives up its virtues so rapidly. A good cup of coffee can be made in one minute in this way.

SALTED ALMONDS,

Pour hot water on them until the skins slip off easily. When dry add a table-spoonful of butter and brown in a rather cool oven. Sift salt on and turn onto a cold dish.

THE steady increase in the popularity of the bicycle has turned the attention of inventors in the direction of a radical and pronounced improvement in the system of self-propulsion. The unicycle, or single wheel—or rather a smaller within a larger wheel—is said to be the solution to the problem, with the promise of a speed reaching a mile a minute.

Bright's Disease of the Kidney—the Basis of Many Other Ailments, and why so Many Prominent People Die From It.

Our reporter visited Dr. Cann, of 831 Arch St., Philadelphia, who has been entirely devoted for 20 years past with these ailments to get some knowledge of this dreadful disease. He said:

"Bright's disease is the secretion of albumen, clogging the kidneys which detars their action. The loss of the albumen which the kidneys should separate from the water and blood passes out, and it lows weakens the blood which debilitates the body, prostrates the system, while at the same time the water in the blood bloats it and deceives the eye of only the so qualified to detect it, and experience alone will give such knowledge to detect the disease. Many children die from nervousness, want of development, simply because the blood, being so weak, does not supply that required for building structure, tissue, bone, Etc. Gout diseases originate from the liver and kidneys, diseasing the blood."

"And while that cause is not removed, is it possible to obtain health?"

"We are as machines; and as the steam runs the engine so the blood the body. Deficiency of steam stops the engine no matter how well built—the same of the blood in the body, hence so much force measure to make it do."

"Please tell me, doctor, how this disease may be known?"

"It reveals itself often by a tired languid feeling in the lumbar region of the spinal column or lower part of the back, and many people have this disease and are deceived by physicians who laugh it off when it is of the most serious consequence. Long life and happiness depend entirely on the organs producing good blood which alone is life. Rheumatism comes from urine in the blood, even paralysis originates from it."

Dr. Cann is proprietor of the popular Kidney Cure, and we feel certain if any one afflicted will write to him (enclose stamp) he will aid them without charge. We are glad to note this in our paper, believing it may be of service to our patrons.—*Religious News.*

The best wives are the women who are as good to their husbands as they are to their children.

"My Daughter's Life

Was saved by Hood's Sarsaparilla," says Mr. B. B. Jones of Alna, Maine. "She had seven running sores in different places on her body, but since giving her Hood's Sarsaparilla she has become well, strong and healthy."

"The light that failed, is the title of the only match a man had, and went out before he could light the gas.

Mrs. Susanna Schumm, Pittsburgh, Kan., writes: The sample box of St. Bernard Vegetable Pills, also your letter of December 17th of last year, were duly received. Best thanks for same. Regarding the pills I would say, that they are very good. I have never used any remedy acting as effective and as painless as the St. Bernard Vegetable Pills. I shall always keep them as a family medicine and shall recommend them to my friends and acquaintances.

People in Japan are called by the family name first, the individual, or what we should call Christian, name next, and then the honorific—thus, "Smith Peter Mr."

RUPTURE. I, Jacob Genschelmer, of Clayton, N. J., have been thoroughly cured of my rupture by Dr. J. R. Mayer, 831 Arch St., Phila. I do the hardest kind of lifting and wear no truss. Go to see him. Dr. Mayer also gives treatment at Hotel Penn, Reading, Pa., on the 24 Saturday and following Sunday of each month.

In the Phillippine Islands canary seed is ground and made into a most palatable bread which is in common use among the people there.

THREE thrones in Europe are now occupied by children—those of Spain, the Netherlands and Servia.

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

Obstinate Blood Humor.

I HAD TERRIBLE ECZEMA FOR EIGHTEEN YEARS—WAS in bed six months at a time—body and limbs swollen and scaly like a dead fish. The itching was terrible, and finally LOST MY SIGHT. After treatment by five physicians, and other remedies without relief, I took S. S. S. AND IT CURED ME. My skin is soft and smooth, and the terrible trouble is all gone.—R. N. MITCHELL, *Macon, Ga.*

I know the above statement to be true.—S. S. HARMON, *Macon, Ga.*

I was for some time troubled with an obstinate **RASH OR HUMOR,** that spread over my face and breast. I consulted physicians, and used many remedies without a cure. At the suggestion of a friend I used Swift's Specific, which completely cured me. This was two years ago, and I have had no return of the trouble.—E. H. WELLS, *Chesterfield, Va.*

S. S. S. is the safest and best remedy for all troubles of the Blood and Skin. It cures by removing the cause, and at the same time builds up the general health.

Send for our Treatise, mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

DR. TALMAGE'S "LIFE OF CHRIST."

Covering his great trip **To, Through, and from the Christ-Land.** Illustrated with over 400 wonderful engravings, also a grand picture of Jerusalem on the day of the crucifixion, in 12 colors and ten feet in length. Exclusive territory. No capital needed. **BIG PAY.** Also send names and P. O. of 5 agents or those out of work and get Talmage's Illustrated Biography **FREE.**

1000 AGENTS WANTED. Address HISTORICAL PUB. CO., PHILA. PA.

HUMOROUS.

Chinese doctors make a reduction in their charges when the patient is old. It doesn't take so much medicine to kill.

"Who goeth a-borrowing goeth a sorrowing;" but he is in a cheerful state of mind compared with the man who goeth a-lending.

Demosthenes put pebbles in his mouth to cure his defective utterance. Even to this day people find it a difficult job to speak Greek.

We have noticed that the cheaper the trousers a young man has on, the more fur he puts on the collar and cuffs of his overcoat.

Hackett—"How is your wife getting on with her dress-reform movement?"

Sunsette—"Immense. She has two new dressmakers."

It is not until a man goes on a quest for a hired girl that he fully appreciates the immense proportions of the woman question.

It may be true that some are not as black as they are painted, and it's equally a fact that others are not as white as they are whitewashed.

"So your son has been starring as an actor, Mr. Cashcounter?"

"Yes."

"Do tell me all about him.

"Who is supporting him?"

"I am."

THE JOLLY COPPER.

"Pretty fatiguing time," said the pedestrain to the the policeman.

"Yes, a great many people need arrest nowadays."

TWO-EDGED THRUST.

"I think she is a two-faced creature," said one of the girls indignantly.

"Oh, no," returned Miss Cordial; "if she had two faces, she would never use this one."

IN THE USUAL WAY.

He—"I am learning to ride a bicycle."

She—"Indeed! How do you get on?"

He—"In the usual way. Spring up behind, you know, and then fall off front."

BLIND TO HIS MISFORTUNE.

"What ever made you make Brackins a present of a pocket comb? He's as bald as a billiard ball."

"That's just it; I wanted to make him think I never noticed it."

A GOOD MEMORY.

Harry—So she refused you, did she?

Jack—Yes; and I will remember what she said as long as I live.

Harry—What did she say?

Jack—She said 'No.'

AT THE CLUB.

Gay Bachelor—Do you think there is anything in the theory that married men live longer than unmarried ones?

Henpecked Friend (wearily)—Oh, I don't know—seems longer.

THE FAITHFUL NOSE.

"What a disreputable nose Windle has."

"Disreputable? Quite the reverse. It is the only feature Windle has that retains self-respect enough to blush.

A HINT.

"Well, John," said his employer, "how do you feel after your vacation?"

"Like a new man, sir."

"Well, it's a good thing, John. I've been thinking I'd try a new man at your work; but perhaps you'll do."

HIGH AS HAMAN.

"Did you know my brother?" said the Eastern visitor.

"Yes, he was very interesting; remarkably high strung."

"You bet he was," rejoined the native, "after the vigilance committee got through with him."

LOVE AND MONEY.

Upson Downes—Last evening I was introduced to a girl worth three millions.

Rowne de Bout—Great Cæsar! What did you do?

Upson Downes—I asked her if she believed in 'love at first sight.'"

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

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Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Nothing so vividly reminds us of the brevity of life as a thirty-day note.

DR. SWAN'S PASTILES *Cure female weakness*; his T-Tablets cure chronic constipation Samples free. Dr. Swan, Beaver Dam, Wis.

"How do you treat a headache?"

"Politely. I just sit still and let it ache.

The largest watermelon reported this season weighed sixty-two pounds, and was grown near London, Rusk County, Texas.

Military reviews have been more numerous than ever before in Europe this fall. In Germany, in Thuringia, 60,000 soldiers were in the field, and it was noticed that although the firing was incessant the atmosphere remained perfectly clear. In the next war, thanks to smokeless powder, there will be no smoke.

The lion is eaten by some African races and the hippopotamus by others. The Zulus find carrion so much to their liking that they apply to it the word "abomi," signifying great happiness. The aboriginal Australians and Hottentots prefer the intestines of animals.

Cod-liver oil suggests consumption; which is almost unfortunate. Its best use is before you fear consumption—when you begin to get thin. Consumption is only one of the dangers of thinness.

Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver-oil makes the thin plump, and the plump are almost safe.

Let us send you a book on CAREFUL LIVING—free.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 132 South 5th Avenue, New York.

Your druggist keeps Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil—all druggists everywhere do. $1. 25

JAPANESE PILE CURE

A cure for Piles, External, Internal, Blind, Bleeding, and Itching. Chronic, Recent, or Hereditary. This remedy has positively never been known to fail. $1 a box, six for $5, by mail. A written guarantee given with six boxes, when purchased at one time, to refund the $5 if not cured. Guarantee issued by FINNEGTY, McCLURG & Co., Wholesale and Retail Agents, 106 Market Street, Philadelphia, Penna.

MALARIA.

Whole libraries have been written about Malaria and malarial diseases by the learned men of all nations. How far the physicians may differ from one another in their views on other subjects, they all agree on this that the seat of Malaria is in the blood and that it particularly affects the mitt. Malaria may occur anywhere; but it is especially prevalent in damp and low lying regions with heavy soil. It occurs very seldom in northern Europe, but it prevails in North America, Central America and South America particularly in such parts of this continent which have a moist and warm climate. Malaria is not a contagious disease in the usual acceptation of the term. Even in those countries in which it appears in an endemic form it can be guarded against by a rational mode of living and the observance of the most common rules of health. Among these the most important are moderation in eating and drinking and avoiding the damp night-air. One of the most important conditions for the preservation of health is perfect digestion and in connection with this a free circulation of the blood and a rapid removal of all waste matter from the body. The enlargement of the milt which is noticed in all malarial diseases and which in obstinate cases becomes hardening of the spleen, proves abundantly that the principal cause of the disease is to be found in the fact that the blood does not circulate as freely and easily as it ought. To cause the blood to circulate as free and easily as possible and to keep the intestinal canal in constant and healthful activity no better remedy is known than the St. Bernard Vegetable Pills, prepared from the best medicinal herbs of the Alps. They can be obtained at 25 cts. a box from every first class druggist. If your druggist has not them in stock, send 25c. to "St. Bernard" Box 2416 New York City, and you will receive some post paid by return mail. Every careful father as well as every one at the head of an educational institution should keep them in the house, so that he may be able to give them to the patient as soon as the least signs of general indisposition or an interruption in the circulation of the blood is noticed. The pills act as a mild laxitive and blood-purifier and remove the malarial poison from the body without weakening it.

PILES ANAKESIS gives instant relief and is an INFALLIBLE CURE for PILES. Prices $1; at druggists', or by mail. Samples free. Address; "Anakesis." Box 2416, New York City.

Ely's Cream Balm Is worth $500 to any Man, Woman or Child SUFFERING FROM CATARRH. Apply Balm into each nostril. ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y.

ELY'S CREAM BALM CATARRH HAY-FEVER

SIR HENRY THOMPSON, the most noted physician of England, says that more than half of all diseases come from errors in diet.

Send for Free Sample of Garfield Tea to 319 West 45th Street, New York City.

GARFIELD TEA Overcomes results of bad eating; cures Sick Headache; restores Complexion; cures Constipation.

Pino's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest. CATARRH Sold by druggists or sent by mail, 50c. E. T. Hazeltine, Warren, Pa.

THE SMALLEST PILL IN THE WORLD! TUTT'S TINY LIVER PILLS have all the virtues of the larger ones; equally effective; purely vegetable. Exact size shown in this border.

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ASTHMA CURED TO STAY CURED. We Want Name and Address of Every ASTHMATIC P. Harold Hayes, M.D. BUFFALO, N. Y.

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PILES! PILES! Harmless, internal remedy. Guarantee cure. Many testimonials gladly furnished. ROGERS TABLET CO., 156 Liberty street, N. Y.

KANSAS FARMS, RICH, healthy, cheap. J. J. CASS, Allison, Kan.

It is said that four-fifths of the steam engines of the world have been constructed within the last twenty-five years. The total horse power is estimated at 49,000,000, of which the United States has 7,500,000, Great Britain 7,000,000, Germany 4,500,000, and Austria 1,500,000.

Compound air is used in the Union Pacific Company's shed at Portland, Oregon, for removing dust in railway cars. It is delivered from a flexible hose with a small nozzle at a pressure of fifty pounds to the square inch. It is very effective in cleaning plush cushions.

A Lovely Girl of Eighteen thus writes to a friend:—"They said I was consumptive, sent me to