SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN

MIFFLINTOWN.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 30, 1890.

B. F. SCHWEIER,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

NEW YORK CITY people were frightened by an earth quake shock on the 22nd of the present month.

An earthquake shock in California last Thursday, threw down chimnies, and so shattered the masonwork of railroad bridges, that railroad travel on a number of roads was suspended until the damage was repaired. people were frightened. The disturbance took place at half past three in the morning.

KEMMLER, the murderer in Auburn, N. Y. jail will be executed some one of these days by electricity. He will sit in a chair with hands and feet bound to the back of the chair A wire will be applied to the crown of his head, a wire will be applied to the base of his spine, and when the circle for the electric current is thus complete, the lightning fluid will be turned on and in a twinkle the vital spark of life will be extinguished. The attention of the intelligent and scientific world is directed to the impending execution.

AT Tuscola, Illinois, the "truant" officer under Compulsory Education law has been fined for arresting a truant school boy." The compulsory education law in the nature of American institutions is unconstitutional. Every American, man, woman and child is entitled to his liberty and freedom from arrest unless he has been guilty of the commission of a crime, and it is the right thing to do to bring an action against officers acting under compulsory education law, for in that way the case can be peacefully taken into the courts and into the Supreme court.

Cruelty to Animals.

The report of the prosecution agent of the Massachusetts society for the prevention of cruelty to animals is interesting instructive and contains the following: Total number of cases investigated by Society agents from April, 1868, to March 1, 1890: 65,125; tried and convicted in court 3,396

The following are a few specimen cases which, in addition to the ordinary list of prosecutions, received attention during the year:—

1. For severely kicking a dog, an offender was fined $20 and costs. For a similar offence, a second was fined $10 and costs.

2. For pulling six inches off the tongue of a horse, a saloon-keeper paid fine of $100 and costs. The driver was fined $50.

3. for shooting a robin, a lad paid fine of $10 and costs.

4. For not feeding and not sheltering their live stock, various farmers paid fines varying from $25 to $50 with costs.

5. For striking a horse with an iron "clinch cutter," a blacksmith was fined $10 and costs.

6. For injecting turpentine into a dog, a brute paid $10 and costs. For scalding a dog, another paid fine of $5 and costs. For pouring kerosene oil on a dog, then igniting it, burning him so he died, a third paid fine of $50 and costs. A fourth who drowned a dog in a cruel manner, was convicted and paid costs.

7. For overloading and for overdriving horses, various parties were fined in sums varying from $5 to $25 and costs.

8. For driving a sick horse a farmer paid fine of $15 dollars and costs.

9. For torturing a rat, caught by the leg in the jaws of a steel trap by hanging him out of a window, the offender was fined $35 and costs (in Municipal Court Boston).

10. For beating a cow, a farmer was fined $15 and costs. Another who tied the heads of two cows down to their fore feet, keeping them for a long time in a painful position (to prevent jumping), was fined $10 and costs in each case. A third who neglected a sick cow, fined $20 and costs A fourth who incited a dog to chase and bite a cow, fined $5 and costs. A fifth, who drove a lame cow a long distance, fined $10 and costs.

11. For inciting a dog to fight, one person was fined $25 and costs. Two others, for being present, paid fines $10 and costs each.

12. For severely kicking his horse a teamster paid fine of $25 and costs. For building a bonfire under an alleged balky horse, another paid fine of $20 and costs. One who prodded his horse with a knife went to jail for three months. A peeler who who used a butcher knife for a like purpose was fined $15 and costs. Two lads, who put a cord on to the jaw of their horse, severely torturing him, paid fines of $5 and costs each. Two others for pelting a horse with stones paid a like fine. For dragging a horse on the ground, a teamster was fined $15 dollars and costs. For beating with a fork handle, another paid fine of $10 and costs. For abandoning a sick horse, a jockey paid of $20 and costs. Another person paid fine of $10 and costs.

13. A trader who abandoned a sick cow to die, paid fine of $50 and costs.

14. For maliciously shooting and maiming dogs, three persons paid fines of $5 and costs each.

15. For driving a badly galled horse, an expressman paid fine of $25 and costs. For driving a horse with a broken leg another paid a fine of $50 dollars and costs. Four ice-cart men who clubbed a horse to death with a cart stake, each paid fines of $20 and costs.

16. For throwing a cat 30 feet in the air, letting her fall to the ground a brute served out in jail a fine of $10 and costs. For saturating a quantity of hay in a barrel with kerosene, then ignigating it, and throwing in to it two cats who burned to death, another paid a fine of $30 and costs. For shooting and maiming a cat, an offender was fined $10 and costs. Two men, for being present at an exhibition of two cats fighting, were fined $10 and costs each.

An Errand of Mercy.

High water in the Mississippi broke the river bank and flooded hundreds of miles of farm-lands and swept away millions of dollars worth of property. Steam boats have been on errands of mercy, to gather people and cattle where ever they can. A despatch from a point adjacent to the flooded district last Friday says: The relief steamer Dacotah reached the Bayou Sara landing yesterday evening. She made a trip to Pointe and has come back to Bayou Sara. Her arrival was a godsend to the people whose are in jeopardy, for she not only already saved an incalculable amount of property but a goodly number of lives

The real condition of things in the overflowed district is just coming to light. No pen is equal to the task of picturing the devastation of the country or the desolation of the people. The water back of the levees is so deep now that hundreds of lives are in jeopary. The small stretches of levee still standing are crowded with men, women and children side by side with horses, mules and cows. In an old raised gin-house 500 negroes were found huddled together. Their condition was pitiable. They were afraid of their lives, and were piteously begging to be taken to some place of safety.

The distress in the overflowed district cannot be told.

The Texas and Pacific boat E. B. Wheelock succeeded yesterday in saving 200 people from the back country around Morganseа.

There are ruin and devastation on every side. In Conpee parish the destruction is complete. Not a plantation is left above the water, not a levee unbroken, while hundreds of families are homeless. Thousands of stock have been drowned.

Standing on the deck of the releif steamer Dacotah as she passed down within fifty yards of the flooded district last evening the full extent of the disaster could be seen. Grouping together in little knolls between broken levees, through which the water rushed with ungovernable fury were scores of people, both white and black, some with babies in arms while others had dogs, secured by a cord. Many of them had nothing in the world except the clothes they wore on their backs.

Wherever the Dacotah discovered a scene like this the stage was swung out and the stricken ones taken aboard. Equally as sad a scene was the poor dumb cattle standing in the water, actually starving. Many of them had not tasted food for days Their gaunt forms contrested strangely with their surroundings. The Dacotah was unable to handle cattle yesterday, but to-day her boiler-deck is a first-class stock pen.

A family named Burke who resided several miles above Bayou Sara, were rescued this morning. There were fifteen persons in the family. On Monday morning they were prosperous being the owners of a large plantation, a well equipped store and over 100 head of stock. To-day nothing remains above water but the eaves of their residences. A crevasse sixty feet wide broke directly in front the house at noon on Monday, and the family had a lively time to reach the levee before six feet of water covered the place. The crevasse is now 400 feet wide. There are hundreds of such tales told.

The Dacotah is a busy boat to-day. After discharging her lumber and other material at Grand Bay, she proceeded directly to Old River and rescued 200 head of cattle that had been swamped four days.

Death Ends a Flirtation.

Flirtation between strangers are always risky. They often lead into forbidden paths by acquaintances, but it is not often that a flirtation ends in death at the outset, as was the case of a man in New York City a few days ago. His name was John H. Griffin a tailor, 25 years of age, who lived on the top floor of tenement No. 104 Bayard street. He was sitting on the roof when he began a flirtation with some young women on the roof of 63 Mott street, but finding the women were on the adjoining roof he tried to climb across a picket fence, which runs along the top of the shaft between the houses. Some one warned him to be careful but he answered that he was all right. Suddenly the railing broke when he was half way across, and he fell into the shaft a distance of five stories. He was instantly killed.

Vanderbilt's Pet Trotter.

ONE VALUED AT $10,000, BUT NOW HAULING AN EXPRESS WAGON.

"Yes, gentlemen, Small Hopes, Vanderbilt's $10,000 trotter is now hauling an express wagon in New York, and it's a shame. He was the greatest 'ringer' on the American turf, and made fortunes for more than one man. I ought to know for I was his 'rubber.'"

There were a number of gentlemen in the reading room of the Leland hotel yesterday afternoon and they are all admirers of the trotter, says the Chicago Herald. A discussion arose about Vanderbilt's and Bonner's possessions of horse flesh, when the "rubber" or groom of Small Hopes opened their eyes about the horse whose name was on the lips of members of every trotting association in America fourteen years ago. After a successful career of 5 years the clique who handled him, were detected in Boston and after considerable trouble had been experienced, the greatest turf scandal of modern times was exposed.

The horse was forever barred at the meeting of the National Turf Congress, and his driver, Bill McGuigan was also barred from ever driving a trotting horse for a purse or stake over an Association course. After much litigation the famous horse was sold to Vanderbilt. With Lady Mac he annihilated all team records, and in his old age is compelled to draw an express wagon. He was bought by his present owner for $64.

"He must be about ninete n years old now," said the former groom, who is now in the real estate business, but when he was five years old he trotted many a mile in 2.15. He was the cleanest trotter that ever looked through blinkers; no boots, braces, check-reins or any modern trotting paraphernalia for him. And when it came to beats he was the greatest stayer I ever heard of."

Germs.

The following are abstracts from a paper by A. Arnold Clark, Lansing, Mich., as reported in The Sanitary News:

The germs of cholera and typhoid fever enter the body through the water we drink and seek the intestinal tract. It is probable that typhoid fever cannot be communicated through the air we breath unless the germs in some way find their way in to the stomach.

Typhoid fever is not always spread by the drinking water. There was a severe outbreak of the disease at the State prison in 1888. The State board of health went to investigate. A bottle was exposed over the entrance to the sewer, and Dr. Vaughn afterward found the germs of typhoid fever in the sewer air collected in this bottle. Dr. Baker also carried away some germs, but his were collected in his mouth and as a result he had typhoid fever, though he did not eat or drink at the prison. It is probable, however, that the germs in some way or other found their way into his stomach. The germs of diptheria, scarlet fever and consumption, on the other hand enter the body through the air which we breathe, the germs of diptheria finding a favorite soil in the membrane of the throat, the germs of consumption in the lungs.

"These little rod-shaped germs which cause typhoid fever have been found in the water by typhoid patients. These germs have been made to grow in beef broth, and inoculated in dogs, a regular run of typhoid fever has been produced the same as in man. The other little rod shaped germs which cause consumption have been found in the sputa from the consumptive patients—yes on the walls of rooms inhabited by consumptive patients; these germs have been sprayed into the air, dogs have been placed in the inhaling room and compelled to breathe these germs and they have afterwards died of consumption.

"In other diseases animals have not been inoculated with the germ, indeed the germ has not been isolated with certainty and yet we know that these diseases are caused by a living germ which multiplies and reproduces after its own kind.

"Two or three years ago a Pullman car conductor came in contact with the germs of small-pox in his car near Chicago—passed through on the Grand Trunk to Montreal—and was taken sick with the disease No pains were taken to kill the germs, the ignorant inhabitants refused to vaccinnate, declaring it a wicked attempt to thwart the plan of the Almighty, and in a few months over 3,000 people in Montreal died of small-pox as a result of the one case.

"It was carried to different parts of the United States; Michigan, the most exposed of any state escaped, because Michigan had at her great ports, inspectors of travel who vaccinated all who came through, and disinfected all clothing thus killing the germs.

"Every day in the week there are cases of diptheria and scarlet fever in this state where the germs have been carried in the hair or clothing, where they have been carried long distances by letter, where they have lingered in the bedding or carpet, or have been hiding for years in the rubbish of the garret, as vigorous and vicious to-day as when they first emanated from the body of the infected person."

Flesh and the Liver.

Flesh food generally consists of albumen, a nitrogenous substance, which can be used in the body only in a very limited amount. The average person can use only 3 ounces of this kind of timber every twenty four hours. Now if a person eats our all times this amount, in the everof beefsteak, mutton chop, or orm ther flesh food, the superfluous by eat must all be removed in the form of waste matter. That is, if the person eats meat sufficient to supply four ounces of nitrogenous matter, the extra ounce must be carried off by the kidneys in the form of urea, or uric acid, and this must be acted on by the liver to prepare it for removal by the kidneys. If the liver has more of this work to do than it should have, and much waste matter which ought to be removed will be left in the system producing billiousness, rheumatism, muscular pains, sick headaches, and many other uncomfortable symptoms. Persons suffering from these causes will often notice sediment in the urinary secretion. This is, in fact, one of the most common causes of the sediment, or deposit, ordinarily found in the urine.—Good Health.

Chicken Thieves in Jail.

RACINE, Wis., April 23.—Dr. Hagendorn and his companions, Hagemman and Kauss, have been convicted of being the authors of the raids on the poultry yards in Racine and Milwaukee counties. The Dr. and Hagemann were sentenced to two years each in the penitentiary, and Kauss to one year. Two thousand chickens, it is said have been stolen by the trio. When the local authorities searched Dr. Hagendorn's premises near the city limits, they found several hundred chickens, and evidence to show that several hundred others had been killed there.

Squatter Sovereignty.

James Hines took up a "squat claim" in Arkansas. He was warned off but decided not to go, and he held out for three years. During that time he was shot at thirty-three times, wounded four times, had his cabin set on fire twice, his wife was driven to suicide and his boy ran away, and at last the man grew weary and hanged himself.

Elopement in the Juniata Valley.

ROBERTSDALE, Pa., April 24.—This village was the scene of a novel elopement last night. Mrs Nora Dibert, wife of a boarding house keeper, during the absence of the husband is alleged to have abstracted $370 of her husband's money and fled with Emile Chaircier, a newly arrived Hungarian boarder, and to have taken along her three little children.

The injured husband overtook the couple at Mount Union, and feeling the loss of his money more than that of his wife and family demanding its return. A stormy scene ensued during which the wife, it is alleged offered to compromise by giving him $50 in consideration of her liberty, which was accepted. The elopers and the children then boarded a train for the west.

Bright Boy.

A Los Angeles Sunday School teacher was telling her little boys about temptation and showing how it sometimes came in attractive attire. She used as an illustration the paw of a cat. Now, said the teacher you have all seen the paw of a cat; it is as soft as velvet, isn't it?

Yes'em, from the class

And you have seen the paw of a dog?

Yes'em.

Well, although the cat's paw seem like velvet, there is nevertheless concealed in it, something that hurts What is it?

No answer.

The dog, when angry, bites: what does the cat do?

Scratches, said a small boy.

Correct, said the teacher approvingly. Now what has the cat got that the dog has not?

Whiskers, replied the boy

Something in the Wind.

In certain parts of Holland, when a young man thinks he has found his affinity it is customary for him to ask for a match to light his cigar at the door of the loved one's house. This little subterfuge is intended to arouse the parents of the girl to the fact that something is in the wind If a second call with a similar object is made soon after, no doubt is left of the young man's intentions, and the parents proceed to investigate the young man's character and antecedents with a view of ascertaining his eligibility as a member of the family.

When he calls for the third time, always for a match to light his cigar, they are prepared to give him an answer. If his suit is regarded with favor he is politely requested to step inside for the first time and is served with a light. If he is not accepted he is refused a light, and the door is shut in his face without further ceremony. But having prepared for this contingency, the downcast suitor will in all probability light his weed with a match from his own box, and walk away musing on the transitory nature of all things

When the accepted suitor is invited to enter the house, he as a matter of course informs the parents which of their daughters has captivated his fancy. When this is settled the young man steps forward and they join hands. While the engagement is by no means considered a settled fact even at this important stage, yet it is stated as a truth that when on the occasion of the young man's 3rd visit his inamorata has offered him a second cigar, which he has smoked in the house, the engagement has never been cancelled.

Soap.

Here are a few facts about one of the most familiar, as well as one of the most indispensible articles of our common civilization—soap It was considerably over twenty centuries ago that a band of sturdy, half wild Gauls discovered—more by accident than intent—that the mixing of the fine, almost impalpable ashes of the burnt beechwood tree together with goat's fat, produced a substance having—as it seemed to its semi-barbaric compounders—the awesome and magical power of removing from the flesh with the aid of water deeply ingrained stains and dirt marks of long standing. The art of manufacturing this great agent of cleanliness—which virture it is to be remembered is next to godliness—had at last been revealed to a benighted and unwashed world. So far back as the year A. D. 79, when that fearful rain of hot and blinding ashes fell upon Pompeii, blotting it out of existence in a single day, many of the lowly shops soapmakers were buried beneath that awful flood of fire together with the splendor, art and beauty of the place—the grand palaces and rare sculptures—for which the unfortunate city was so justly famous. In Italy and Spain during the eighth century there flourished a considerable number of soap manufacturers. Five centuries later the art which had then become a flourishing industry, was introduced into France by the Phoenicians and the first factory established in that country at Marseilles. To-day there are tons of thousands of such establishments, and the world's soap product of a single year would be sufficient to cover the entire surface of the earth with a lather six inches deep.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., April 22.—The wife of a Polish blacksmith in Plymouth to-day gave birth to four children, all of whom are healthy. She has been married three years and has six children.

From the Germantown Independent.

There is at least one man who takes no stock in the assertion that "marriage is a failure." He lives in Southern Illinois and has just wedded his sixth wife. Every one of them brought him a farm and he is now one of the largest land owners in the county. This shows that marriage is a great success if it is managed properly, and that if a man sticks to this business the same as to any other he is bound to come out ahead.

MELLIN'S FOOD FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS.

THE ONLY Perfect Substitute For Mother's Milk.

A Quickly Assimilated Food FOR DYSPEPTICS, CONVALESCENTS, & A PERFECT NUTRIENT IN ALL WASTING DISEASES

DOES CURE CONSUMPTION In its First Stages.

Be sure you get the genuine.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SOLICIT ORDERS FOR OUR TREES, SHRUBS, VINES, &c. STEADY WORK For Rural, Industrious Men. Salary & Expenses, or Commission if preferred. We grow a full line of varieties adapted to Pennsylvania. The Business Quickly Learned. Write immediately for terms. OUR OLDEST OFFER. R. G. CHASE & CO., PHILA., PA.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. CURE Sick Headache and all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing SICK HEAD ACHE is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not. Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents, five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail. CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York. Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Stop that CHRONIC COUGH NOW! For if you do not it may become consumptive. For Consumption, Scrofula, General Debility and Wasting Diseases, there is nothing like SCOTT'S EMULSION Of Pure Cod Liver Oil and HYPOPHOSPHITES Of Lime and Soda. It is almost as palatable as milk. Far better than other so-called Emulsions. A wonderful flesh producer. Scott's Emulsion There are poor imitations. Get the genuine.

400 ACRES. —— 37th YEAR. SALESMEN WANTED To represent one of the largest Nurseries in the country. We guarantee satisfaction to all customers. No previous experience necessary. Salary and Expense from start. Address, stating age, HOOPES, BRO. & THOMAS, Maple Avenue Nurseries, West Chester, Pa January 22, 1890-4t.

BONANZA to AGENTS SAMPLES FREE Sold on sight. Write quick. GEO. A. SCOTT, New York City

Tresspass Notice.

All persons are hereby cautioned not to tresspass on the farm land and woodland of the undersigned in Milford township, for the purpose of hauling, hunting, fishing, picking berries, throwing down fences, cutting timber, &c. The law against tresspassing will be enforced.

DANIEL FISHER.

November 27, 1890.

WORK OFFERED! We want a few energetic reliable men, to solicit orders for Nursery stock. Satisfaction to customers guaranteed Successful salesmen are making good wages. No experience necessary. We hire on salary and offer special inducements to beginners for next 60 days. Address (stating age.) W. D. CHASE & CO., Lock Box ,84. Geneva, N. Y. April 9, '90-3t.

LOUIS E. ATKINSON. F. M. M. PENNELL. ATKINSON & PENNELL, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. MIFFLINTOWN, PA. Collecting and Conveyancing promptly attended to. OFFICE—On Main street, in place of residence of Louis E. Atkinson, Esq., south of Bridge street. [Oct 26, 1886.

WILBERFORCE SCHWEYER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, MIFFLINTOWN, PA. Office on Bridge street, opposite Court House.

JOHN McLAUGHLIN. JOSEPH W. STIMMEL MCLAUGHLIN & STIMMEL, INSURANCE AGENTS, PORT ROYAL, JUNIATA CO., PA. Only reliable Companies represented. Jan. 1, 1889-1y

DR. D. M. CRAWFORD, DR. DARWIN M. CRAWFORD, have formed a partnership for the practice of Medicine and their collatteral branches. Office at old stand, corner of Third and Orange streets, Mifflintown, Pa. One or both of them will be found at their office at all times, unless otherwise professionally engaged. April 1st, 1890.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

I would inform the public that I have now in my new millinery store at my place of residence on Water street, Mifflintown, second door from corner of Bridge street, a full stock of Spring and Summer millinery goods, all new, and of the latest styles and having employed first class milliners I am prepared to supply the public with everything found in a firstclass milliner store, come and examine my stock. I consider it no trouble to show goods.

MRS. DEIHL.

March 22-87, 1.y.

I WISH TO STATE A FEW FACTS Worth Knowing, That I can STOP TOOTHACHE in less than five minutes; no pain, no extracting. That I can extract teeth without pain, by the use of a fluid applied to the teeth and gums; no danger. That Diseased Gums (known as Scurvy) treated successfully and a cure warranted in every case. Teeth FILLED and warranted for life. Artificial Teeth repaired, exchanged or remodelled, from $9.00 to $12 per set. Beautiful Gum Enameled Teeth inserted at prices to suit all. All work warranted to give perfect satisfaction. People who have artificial teeth with which they cannot eat, are especially invited to call. Will visit professionally at their homes if notified by letter. Will visit regularly at Richfield the 2nd weeks of May and October. TERMS—Cash. G. L. DERR, Practical Dentist. ESTABLISHED IN MIFFLINTOWN, PA., IN 1860. Oct. 14 '85.

AGENTS WANTED by an old reliable firm large profits, quick sales. SAMPLE FREE. A rare opportunity. Gen. A. Scott, 848 Broadway, N. Y

I CURE FITS! When I say Cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again, I mean a RADICAL CURE. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS, A life-long study. I WARRANT my remedy to Cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason I ask you now receiving a trial bottle and a valuable treatise and a FREE bottle of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give express and P. O. address. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address H. G. ROOT, M. C., 183 Pearl St., New York

Consumption Surely Cured. To THE EDITOR:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above-named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their Express and P. O. address. Respectfully, T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

WHITHER OH WHITHER, OLD WOMAN, SO HIGH? WITH BLACK DIAMOND ROOFING TO COVER THE SKY. WHY GO SO FAR FROM THE LAND OF YOUR BIRTH? BECAUSE IT ALREADY COVERS THE EARTH.

Send for illustrated circular to M. EHRET, JR., & Co., 423 Walnut Street, PHILADELPHIA.

A SOLID STEEL FENCE!

MADE OF EXPANDED METAL CUT FROM STEEL PLATES. SOMETHING NEW. For RESIDENCES, CHURCHES, CEMETERIES, FARMS GARDENS Gates, Arbors, Window Guards, Trellises, Fire-proof PLASTERING LATH, DOOR MATS, &c. Write for Illustrated Catalogue: mailed free CENTRAL EXPANDED METAL CO. 114 Water St., Pittsburgh, Pa. Hardware Mer. keep it. Give name of this paper

Get a good paper by subscribing for the SENTINEL AND REPUBLICAN.

Selling at Cost.

Having determined to retire from business, I will sell my large stock at cost. Now is the time to secure bargains in the

LATEST FALL And WINTER STYLES!

Retirement from Business was determined upon after I had purchased the

FALL AND WINTER STOCK,

I now invite my friends and the public generally to call and examine my stock at cost prices. It will pay you. The goods sell on their merits. Men's, Boys' and Children's

FASHIONABLE CLOTHING

and Gent's furnishing goods. First Class, combining Style, Quality and Elegance. Prices that will astonish you. At cost prices.

My stock of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES OVER-ALLS, WATCHES, and JEWELRY, Calico, Percale and White Shirts, Neckwear, Collars and Cuffs, Trunks and Satchels, is full and complete. Call and see, all at cost.

Sam'l STRAYER.

THE OLD RELIABLE CLOTHIER AND FURNISHER IN PATTERSON.

November 6th, 1889.

New Firm.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

No more Summer for months to come. Fall and Winter are here, and to conform to the change, the Senior member of the firm has just returned from Eastern Markets, where he selected with great care the goods that his many patrons favor.

DROP IN.

We have now filled our shelves with FALL AND WINTER Goods of all kinds. Our customers have appreciated our efforts to give them goods to suit their purposes, and we believe that we are better prepared than ever to merit their confidence. We invite you to come and see and be satisfied. In our dress goods department we have almost everything. Don't be backward, call for what you want.

Shoes and Boots.

Our Boot and Shoe Department is full in its assortment, and you certainly can be suited in fit, quality and price. Whatever improvements have been added by the manufactures we have them all. We can supply you with foot wear for any in or out door service. Our grocery Department never lags. We have on hand a full line of Fresh, Plain and Fancy

GROCERIES.

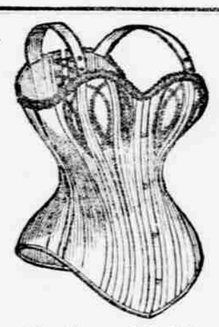
Also, the only full line of QUEENSWARE in the county. Every house must have its full supply of Queens and Glassware, this is the store to call on for such articles.

All orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

Remember the place,

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.

Mifflintown, Pa., Fred'k ESPENSCHADE & Son.



DR. WARNER'S celebrated Coraline Health Corsets have one peculiarity which pertains only to corsets of their make. The bust retains its shape to the end, and the corset imparts to the wearer a well-proportioned and beautiful figure. The corset is boned with Coraline, a substance superior to the finest whalebone. Made in short, medium and extra long waists.

There are many imitations, but you will find "Dr. Warner's Coraline" printed on the inside of every genuine corset. They are sold by your nearest dry goods dealer.

WARNER BROS. Mnfrs., New York and Chicago.

Pennsylvania Agricultural Works, York, Pa. Farquhar's Standard Engines and Saw Mills. Address A. B. FARQUHAR & SON, York, Pa.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

TIME-TABLE

On and after Sunday Nov. 10th, 1889 trains that stop at Mifflin will run as follows:

EASTWARD.

HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION leaves Huntingdon daily at 5 30 a. m., Mount Union at 5,54 a. m., Newton Hamilton 6.00 a. m., McVeytown 6,20 a. m., Lewistown 6,46 a. m., Milford 7.02 a. m., Mifflin 7,09 a. m., Port Royal 7,14 a. m., Mexico 7,18 a. m., Tuscarora 7,20a. m., Vandyke 7,24 a. m., Thompsontown 7,32 a. m., Durward 7,35 a m., Millerstown 7,41 a. m., Newport 7,51 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg at 8,00 a. m., and at Philadelphia, 1,25 p. m.

SEA SHORE EXPRESS leaves Altoona daily at 7,15 a. m., and stopping at all regular stations between Altoona and Harrisburg, reaches Mifflin at 10.05 a. m., Harrisburg 11.40 p. M., and arrives in Philadelphia at 3.15 p. m.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Pittsburg daily at 5,20 a. m., Altoona at 2.00 p. m., and stopping at all regular stations arrives at Mifflin at 5 02 p. m., Harrisburg 7.00 p. m., Philadelphia 10,55 p. m.

Mail Express leaves Pittsburg at 1 00 p m. Altoona 6 20 p m; Tyrone 6 52 p m; Huntingdon 7 37 p m; Lewistown 8 48 p m; Mifflin 9 10 p m; Harrisburg 10 45 p m; Philadelphia 4 25 a m.

DAY EXPRESS leaves Pittsburg at 8,00 A. M.; Altoona 11,40 A. M; may be flagged at Mifflin at 2,05 P. M; arrives at Harrisburg at 3,20 P. M; at Philadelphia, 6.50 P. M.

Philadelphia Express will stop at Mifflin at 11 37 p. m., when flagged

WESTWARD.

FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia daily at 11 40 a m; Harrisburg 3 05 p m; Mifflin 5 06 p m; Lewistown 5 28 p m; Altoona 8 10 p m; arrives at Pittsburg at 11 55 p m.

WAY PASSENGER leaves Philadelphia daily at 4 50 a. m.; Harrisburg, 8 15 a. m.; Duncannon, 8 58 a. m.; Newport, 9 26 a. m.; Millerstown, 9 40 a. m.; Thompsontown, 9 52 a. m.; Van Dyke, 10 00 a. m Tuscarora, 10 04 a. m.; Mexico, 10 07 a m.; Port Royal, 10 13 a. m.; Mifflin, 10 20 a. m.; Milford, 10 26 a. m.; Narrows, 10 34 a. m.; Lewistown, 10 46 a. m.; McVeytown, 11 14 a. m.; Newton Hamilton, 11 39 a. m.; Huntingdon, 12 17 p. m.; Tyrone, 1 07 p. m. Altoona, 1 45 p. m., and stops at all regular stations between Harrisburg and Altoona.;

OSTERN EXPRESS leaves Philadelphia daily at 5 50 p. m., Harrisburg, 10 20 p. m., stopping at Rockville, Marysville, Duncannon, Newport, Millerstown, Thompsontown, Port Royal, time at Mifflin, 11 55 p. m.; Altoona, 2 20 a. m., and Pittsburg, 6 10 a. m.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Philadelphia daily at 7.00 a. m., Harrisburg 11.20 a. m., Newport, 12 14 p. m., Mifflin 12.52 p. m., stopping at all regular stations between Mifflin and Altoona reaches Altoona at 3 40 p. m., Pittsburg 8.10 p. m.

ALTOONA ACCOMMODATION leaves Philadelphia daily at 11 40 a. m., Harrisburg at 5 30 p. m., Duncannon 6 04 p. m., Newport 6,32 p. m., Millerstown 6,43 p. m., Thompsontown 6-55 p. m., Vandyke 7,02 p. m., Tuscarora 7,06 p. m., Mexico 7,09 p. m., Port Royal 7,14 p. m., Mifflin 7,20 p. m., Lewistown 7,45 p. m., McVeytown 8, 11 p. m., Newton Hamilton 8 33 p. m., Huntingdon 9,05 p. m., Altoona 10 40 p. m.

Pacific Express leaves Philadelphia 11 25 p m; Harrisburg 3 10 a m; Duncannon 3 38 a m; Newport 4 00 a m; Mifflin 4 39 a m; Lewistown 5 01 a m; McVeytown 5 22 a. m; Mt. Union 5 45 a m; Huntingdon 6 12 a m; Petersburg 6 25 a m; Spruce Creek 6 40 a m; Tyrone 7 00 a m; Bell's Mills 7 22 a m; Altoona 8 05 a m; Pittsburg 12 45 p m.

Sea Shore Express east, on Sundays, will connect with Sunday Mail east leaving Harrisburg at 1 15 p. m.

LEWISTOWN DIVISION.

Trains leave Lewistown Junction for Milroy at 6 10 a m, 10 55 a m, 3 15 p m; for Sunbury at 7,30 a m, 3 00 p m.

Trains arrive at Lewistown Junction from Milroy at 8 50 a m, 1 25 pm, 4 30 p m; from Sunbury at 12.05 a. m, 4 00 p. m.

TYRONE DIVISION.

Trains leave Tyrone for Bellefonte and Lock Haven at 8 10 a m, 3,10 7.15 p m. Leave Tyrone for Curwensville and Clearfield at 8 29 a m, 3 15 p m, 7 25 p m.

Trains leave Tyrone for Warriors Mark, Pennsylvania Furnace and Scotia at 7,50 a m and 3,20 p m.

Trains arrive at Tyrone from Bellefonte and Lock Haven at 11 53 a m, and 6 40 p m.

Trains arrive at Tyrone from Curwensville and Clearfield at 6 50 a m, and 11 45 a m, 6 17 p m.

Trains arrive at Tyrone from Scotia, Warriors Mark and Pennsylvania Furnace at 11,40 a m, at 7,26 p m.

H. & B. T. R. R. & BEDFORD DIVISION.

Trains leave Huntingdon for Bedford, Hyndman and Cumberland at 8 25 a. m and 6 35 p. m.

Trains arrive at Huntingdon from Bedford, Hyndman and Cumberland at 12 15 p. m., 6 20 p. m.

HOLLIDAYSBURG BRANCH.

Trains leave Altoona for points South, at 7 26 a m, 8 25 a m, 12 50 p m, 1 50 p m, 5 00 p m., 8 00 p m 9 50 p m.

Trains arrive at Altoona from points South, at 6 45 a m, 11 35 a m, 1 35 p m, 5,-55 p m, 6 40 p m, 7 00 p m, and 10 55 p m. Trains leave Bellwood for Punxsutawney at 8,00 a m., and 3,25 p. m. Arrive at Bellwood from Punxsutawney at 11,-20 a m., and 6,10 p m.

The *Sentinel and Republican* office is the place to get job work done. Try it. It will pay you if you need anything in that line.