SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN

MIFFLINTOWN.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 8, 1889.

B. F. SCHWEIER,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

THE Grangers' picnic at William's Grove will begin on the 26th of August and continue six days.

ONE hundred and seven children were lost during the three days of the Inauguration Centennial in New York.

An eight inch well is being drilled on the farm of Elijah Lukens, of Fitzwatertown, Montgomery county for coal oil.

IT is proposed in Legislative circles to appropriate $75,000, to provide the National Guard of this state with a dress suit.

ONE of the provincial governors in China has 40 doctors under pay to attend him and his family when they are sick which is a good thing for the doctors.

SENATOR CAMERON will go to Europe and office seekers who are relying on him to help them secure an office from the Washington administration may not find him at home for the occasion.

NEW YORKERS are pleased with the late centennial inaugural demonstration, but they have too good sense to be praising themselves and are not silly enough to publish compliments that others pass upon them.

SENATOR GRADY says the Legislature has voted money for an institution that does not exist. Give the name of the mythical institution, Senator and earn the plaudit. "Well done good and faithful servant, go up higher."

W. H. BARNES chairman of the National Democratic Committee died at his home at Lime Rock, Connecticut on the 30th of April, aged 71 years. He started life as a foundery man, became an office seeker, was elected to Congress four times and held other offices and was considered a good chairman for the Democracy.

THERE was no *fuzz* and feathers about the Pennsylvania troops as they marched in New York on Inauguration Centennial day. Governor Beaver their General was strapped to his horse. He wore a plain civilian black suit and silk hat and was followed by 8000 Pennsylvania civilian troops, with uniforms of blue all alike, dressed and equipped for service in the field, with camp equipments, cartridge box, canteen cups, haversack, knapsack and blanket. There was no effort at airy style, but they were a solid looking body of men representative of the solid old Keystone state.

## Inauguration Centennial.

The grand center of the ceremonies of the centennial of the inauguration of the first president of the United States of America took place in New York on the 30th of April. There was more or less demonstration in all of the towns of this nation of 65,000,000 people. In this little town bells were rung at 10 o'clock in the morning and a salute of —guns were fired and flags were displayed from a number of houses and business places. But as New York City is the commercial and financial center of the Republic that was the fittest place for the grandest demonstration of the country, it was just the place too, for the reason that one hundred years before to the very day George Washington was inaugurated president.

All the living presidents were there and if President Harrison was the only one that participated in the ceremonies of the occasion, Ex presidents Cleveland, and Hayes were in the city and showed themselves on several occasions during the ceremonies.

There were three days of Jubilee, but the grand ceremonial day was Tuesday, April 30. Twenty two States had troops in line on the occasion of the street parade. Pennsylvania had 8000 troops in line under Governor Beaver. The street decorations were beyond description. The decoration of the ball room on the evening of the 30th of April was dazzling even to people who get up such things, and to sight seers and guests it was bewildering in beauty and elaboration. The banquet table was made up of many tables. There were thirteen persons at the table with President Harrison and as 13 is considered an unlucky number to have at table the superstitious are holding their breath, almost, to catch the first information of disaster that they believe is certain to overtake some of those who sat at the President's table. The champagne bar was 1000 feet long and had 300 experienced men at drawing champaign corks to wait on the thirsty crowd. The military parade was nine hours in passing the review stand.

Chauncey M. Depew was the orator of the day, and in referring to the adoption of the constitution one hundred years before he sumed it all up in a nut shell in the sentence. "It was the beginning of the sixty years' war of the Constitution and Nation and the contest that ended at Appomattox in the triumph of the Republic."

## Close of the Ball.

The New York Herald writing of the close of the Centennial inauguration ball in New York says: Although the opening hours of the Centennial ball were in accord with the high character of the occasion and the scene in the Metropolitan opera house was truly brilliant, the affair about the time the sun was greeting on Nelson's monument in Boston disgusting, and the respectable minority that remained after that hour declare that it was a disgrace to the occasion, the management and the city.

The scene in the supper room shortly before 1 o'clock was a powerful argument in favor of prohibition Groups of drunken lads, with vacant eyes, unsteady feet, and reckless gayety of speech were scattered about the place, holding in their hands brimming wine glasses. Naturally enough the floor was soon in a terrible slippery and sloppy condition. The noise was deafening. Men were shouting to the waiters some of the most inebriate were singing and every now and then a woman's shrill laugh would rise above the general din.

Nearly all the women present who had not lost their sense of propriety through indulgence hastened to quit the scene, where, indeed, in more than one instance they were subject to insult, but a few still lingered at the upper end of the room, possibly unconscious of the disgusting scenes that were enacted at a little distance from them.

Food was strewn on the floor, the appearance of the buffet and space behind rapidly became uninviting, and the noise and drunkenness increased so much that at about twenty minutes past one Sergeant Schmittberger entered the room at the head of some twenty policemen and announced that the sale of wine must cease.

The waiters who had been drinking freely, clamorously protested that they had already ceased to serve wine, but several struggles for the possession of smuggled bottles ensued. Two waiters engaged in a fight which resulted in the contents of a wine glass being spilled down a lady's neck, maudlin guests argued with the blue coats as to the propriety of their interference and pandemonium reigned.

Finally orders were given to clear the room. This proved a difficult matter. The sober folks endeavored to haul their drunken friends out of the way, but with indifferent success. Some of them succeeded, however, with the result that one of two "scenes" occurred in the corridors. A policeman siezed one particularly disorderly individual attired as were nearly all the drunkards at this stage in a dress suit, and upon a determined attempt at a rescue being made by his "aristocratic" friends pushed him into a closet and guarded the door with the assistance of a fireman, until Inspector Steers arrived and succeeded in restoring peace.

Several free fights were going on in the supper room, half a dozen men were sprawling on the wine soaked floor and finally Stuyvesant Fish and Inspecter Steers arrived on the scene and endeavored to accelerate the clearance of the room. This was finally accomplished amid a crashing of glass and crockery, which evinced the fall of many a reluctant individual, and at last the police by dint of pushing and rough handling, ejected the last brawler and locked the doors. The scene in the ball room was not edifying as the hours went on. Women were dancing there and were even seated in some of the boxes, who were evidently to say the least, affected by their visits to the supper room, and one rather pretty girl excited comment by her obvious lack of steadiness, while her escort was the subject of considerable indignation as he strolled across the floor at the conclusion of a dance with his arm still around her waist. The strains of home sweet home, effectually cleared the ball room at a few minutes past three o'clock, but half an hour later the stairs from the corridors were occupied by several persons, of whom two men and one woman were conspicuous by their weariness which had resulted in their falling fast asleep in anything but Conventional attitudes.

A miscellaneous throng of all sorts and conditions of people had entered the Opera House after half past one o'clock. Tickets were offered for sale on the street at fifty cents apiece through the doorkeepers and speculators. This, if true would account for the appearance of many disreputable women, and curious looking men attired in ordinary street garb, but it was not these people who originated the scenes in the supper room, although they may have joined in them.

When I asked Sergeant Schmittberger what he thought of the scene he remarked that it was about on a par with the French ball, while Captain Reilly remarked that he had never before seen so many drunken men at any ball. "I suppose," said he, "that the free wine was too much for such very young men as were many of the guests.

As for Mr. Stuyvesant Fish, whom I encountered near the supper room while the ejection scene was in full progress, he apologetically laid the blame on a "few drunken waiters."

## Annual Meeting of The W. C. T. U's of Juniata Co.

The Annual meeting of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Juniata Co., met on Wednesday evening, April 24th, 1889 in the United Presbyterian Church at Mexico. The meeting was opened in harmony, with the usage of that Church by singing of a Psalm of deep spiritual solemnity followed by the reading of scripture by Rev. B. H. Hart and Prayer by Rev. McBurney. After devotional exercises. The young pastor of the M. E. Church of Thompsontown gave an able and eloquent address. Then followed a very entertaining and instructive Address by Miss Julie Willard, of Latrobe, Pa. Subject, The Hub, which with Miss W. means the Home —and she shows plainly the peril, it is in and the necessity of guarding it well from the ruinous efforts of Intemperance, many other hard facts she puts in a way that some people do not like to hear. Never the less they are wholesome truths and should be impressed upon the public mind. This with some very good selections of music, songs and solos filled a very pleasant and profitable evening, and we greatly regretted that so many missed it all.

Thursday morning dawned with unmistakable evidence of a rainy day and such as the Poet's admiring wild and dark and damp and dreary. A few came in the morning fresh green grass and grain and a snuff of the sweet odor of bursting blossoms, made us ashamed of having indulged a thought of gloom.

The arrival of the early train from the west at Mexico, brought a bevy of laughing Y's who found their Sister Y's busy preparing for their entertainment. The W's were there too; some guests from the night before. Those at their homes busy looking after the culinary department. Temperance people are not afraid of cold water, so when the time came they were in their places and ready to begin the duties of the day.

The Y's were especially happy in having with them their Y. Mother Mrs. W. B. Rhodes, having a heart large and tender enough to take them all in as she proved to them before the meeting was over.

Our faithful Superintendent of Evangelistic work was ready to open the meeting in her happy way with a responsive temperance exercise.

Then followed the address of Welcome by Mrs. Effie Parker. Very cordial it was and proved its sincerity by what followed in the way of entertainment.

The response by Miss Gibson beautifully expressed just what we all wanted to say. Then came a summarry of the year's work by our loved President, which with the failures and the unpleasant and disagreeable things left out, made us all feel very comfortable; and with her charactestic love and charity gave us all more credit than we deserve. And in modesty did herself injustice. Next came the Report of Rec. Sec. with Treasurers report.

A carefully prepared paper on Heredity and Hygiene, was read by Miss Gilson giving some very useful information, which all ought to know.

The report of the Cor. Sec. was interesting throughout, concluding with a letter from Miss Hays to the W. C. T. U's of Juniata Co. The most interesting item of this letter was an account given of the W. C. T. U's, Miss Hayes found in Tokio, stated that she had looked through her tears at the White Ribbon worn by those native Japanese women. A Magazine of this Union also came with the letter in the native language and it was passed through the audience and seamed with much interest.

The Reports of delegates gave encouragement from some points in other sections the work does not advance as it should, and in some parts of the Co., there is need of Organization. An election of officers then took place which it is just possible the "brethren" might not have thought strictly methodical or business like, but it resulted in the election of the following officers, President, Mrs. Daniel Kloss; Vice Pres., Mrs. Rev. Lesher; Cor. Sec., Miss S. J. Irwin; Rec. Sec., Miss Mary M. Lyon; Treasurer, Mrs. G. W. Kilmer. After adjournment a most bountiful and appetizing lunch was served in church kitchen, and the Convention gave marked evidence of high appreciation of it and at the same time enjoyed a very social hour.

AFTERNOON SESSION

opened in the usual way. Reports of superintendents of departments indicated increased interest and activity. The department of Literature is at the present time, one of great importance and is being well worked up in many of the Unions.

Mr. A. J. Ailman urged Loyal Legion Organization.

A Memorial service closed the afternoon session.

EVENING SESSION

was given to the Y's, and as usual was the brightest and most entertaining session of the Convention. The music was excellent and preformed as if Prohibition could be sung into people.

Miss Deaver county superintendent of Y. work had charge of the meeting and seemed to impart much of her bright spirit and vivacity to the exercises being well sustained, by her State Superintendent, Mrs. W. B. Rhoades, who gave the most touching stiring appeal to the women old and young, of Juniata Co., that it has been our good fortune to hear. Several gentleman who were present made some good points in a few well timed remarks

Mr. F. McAfee told how alcohol paralizes a man's brain and why Massachusets defeated Prohibition, preferring Local Option. But Pennsylvania need not follow her example. Mr. Berry, of Mifflintown found himself in a dilemana, called upon to make a speech in a Y. W. C. T. U's meeting without a white ribbon, (his wife having it on) but he called attention to the fact that among the many temperance organizations, all of which he endorsed there did not seem to be any one especially adapted to young men. This difficulty was some what relieved by the next speaker, Mr. D. Huntsbarger, of Port Royal who told of young Men's Clubs. This young man came before this meeting and made an honest confession which is said to be good for the soul. We believe he has had some experience in both sides of the Temperance question and is now trying to take a stand on the right side, and he needs and we hope will receive the sympathy of those whose duty it is to reach out the helping hand to those who are trying to do the right.

MRS. DANIEL KLOSS, Pres.
M. M. LYON, Rec. Sec.

Leading liquor dealers are issuing fancy cards, etc., showing how much of the state taxes are paid by the liquor traffic, and claiming that Prohibition, if carried, will put all these taxes on other taxpayers. What great big generous hearted fellows these brewers are. Pleading for the privilege of paying our taxes for us.

What a gudgeon he must be who is caught with such stuff. Well those men, and all thinking or well-informed men know that a large portion of all our taxes would never be necessary but for the business which put nine tenths of all our criminals in jail, which packs our almshouses and insane asylums, which makes our courts, jails, almshouses and reformatories and police force a necessity. The liquor revenue, good as it is, is but as a drop in the bucket as compared with the expenses.

A Cincinnati father bought his boy a drum. The boy paraded and drummed on his drum. Five of the neighbors went to law about it, and the drum was hung up and the boy sent to the country. The court held that it was a public nuisance.

## Delaware Lookouts.

Mr. Hughing on the T. S. Thompson farm is putting 55 acres in corn.

T. S. Thompson is doing a big business with his roller mill. There are teams there nearly all the time. He is going to do away with water-power and use steam power.

Lookout Sank that you don't fall in the limestone quarry.

Well Johnnie, you said Beauty surprised you a few weeks ago with such a large column of items. Well Johnnie, you are doing fine. Stick to it; you will be a man before your mother.

On the night of the 28th ult., a burglar went through the house of J. E. Longacre He was heard by some of the members of the family. The burglar found one of the boy's every day pants and turned the pockets inside out, looking for money I suppose. Burglars must not think Longacre and son let their money lay around in that kind of a way. They put the money in bank for safe keeping. A good thing would have been to have given the burglars a load of shot.

Jeremiah Loudanslager bought a horse of P. S. Lyner, one day last week.

W. F. Longacre bought a pony. Now you can go in W. T.

W. G. S., emigrated to his eastern farm to plant corn for the coons.

Hello, W. G. S., where are you going? Going to Egypt?

After corn is grown and the fox grapes ripe, we will call it a land of corn and wine. This ends this part of the program. Next would be a tune on the fiddle, but as we box'd up our fiddles and sent them home we can't do that. BEAUTY.

## Colonel Begawd's Vision.

THE STRANGE THINGS A KENTUCKIAN SAW AT THE GIRARD HOUSE.

Colonel J. Davis Begawd is a Kentucky lawyer. He hails from Covington. He struck Philadelphia early on a recent Monday morning. He was on his way to New York to do honor to the memory of the "Immortal Gawge." Colonel J. Davis Begawd stopped over at Philadelphia and met some friends That's why he didn't get to New York yesterday.

Mr. Begawd has a high strung nervous disposition. Yesterday afternoon he became dizzy looking for the trapeze fairy on the Public Buildings tower. At 4 o'clock he retired to his room on the Ninth street side of the Girard House.

Mr. Begawd's bed was between two windows. Opposite was a bureau mirror. It was 8 o'clock in the evening when Mr. Begawd awoke from a troubled slumber. As he arose in bed he saw Mrs. Cleveland gazing at him.

He rubbed his eyes and supplicatingly extended his arms, when Mrs. Cleveland disappeared and a three-headed tramp all under one high collar glared at him. Mr. Begawd fell back on the bed and covered his face with the counterpane.

When he looked up again two elephants, a camel and a rhinocerous were dancing in front of him. Then Mr. Begawd gave a wild shriek and fled down stairs, which he covered in three leaps, to the hotel office.

Clerk Carmack was just writing "Hon." in front of the signature of a Pocomoke justice of the peace on the peace on the register when the flying apparition, scantily clad, burst against the counter.

Help. Murder. It's haunted," shrieked the frightened Kentuckian.

"What's haunted?" gasped Clerk Carmack, as "Professor" Johnson, the six-foot porter, hastily picked up a trunk to fell the rash Southerner.

"My room. Hundred and fifty-seven! It's full of wild animals and three-headed men."

"You've been dreaming," said Clerk Carmack. "Hurry back to your room. You'll catch cold. Besides that, the ladies are coming down to supper."

Colonel Begawd trembled and insisted on taking Clerk Carmack to his room. Just as they entered a lot of fishes began to swim around in the mirror.

"There. See there," excitedly shouted the Kentuckian. "Oh Heavens, where am I Help, Help."

Clerk Carmack at a glance saw what it was. The mirror was so inclined as to catch and reflect the pictures thrown on a canvass by Vandegrift's advertising stereoptican which was just outside Mr. Begawd's window.

"I don't see anything," said Clerk Carmack.

"No?" said the Kentuckian, pleadingly. Then a big shoe began to revolve rapidly in the mirror, and Mr. Begawd, falling on his knees, clasped his hands and shrieked:

"Take it away! Take it away! Help! Help! I've got 'em again!"

When Clerk Carmack explained to Colonel Begawd the cause of the phenomena the colonel sat down and thought heavily for a few minutes. Then he dressed himself, went down to the barroom, set 'em up for the house, paid his bill and took the next train for Covington.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

## The Age of Paper.

The world has seen its iron age, its stone age, its golden age, and its brazen age. This is the age of paper. We are making so many things of paper that it will soon be true that without paper there is nothing made that is made. We live in paper houses, wear paper clothing, and sit on paper cushions in paper cars, rolling on paper wheels. We do a paper business over paper counters, buying paper goods, paying for them with paper money or charging them up in paper books, and deal in paper stocks on paper margins. We row races in paper boats for paper prizes. We go to paper theaters where paper actors play to paper audiences. We elect paper men with paper votes on a paper issue to represent a paper constituency in a paper Congress and make paper laws. As the age develops, the coming man will become more deeply embedded in the paper age. He will awake in the morning and creep from under the paper clothing on his paper bed, and put on his paper dressing-gown and paper slippers. He will walk over paper carpets down stairs, and seating himself in a paper chair, will read the paper news in the morning paper. A paper bell will call him to his breakfast, cooked in a paper oven, served on paper dishes, laid on a paper cloth on a paper table. He will wipe his lips with a paper napkin, and having put on his paper shoes, paper hat and paper coat and taken his paper cane, he will walk on a paper pavement or ride in a paper carriage to his paper office. He will organize paper enterprises and make paper profits. He will go to Europe on paper steamships and navigate the air in paper balloons. He will smoke paper tobacco in a paper pipe, lighted with a paper match. He will write with a paper pencil, whittle paper sticks with a paper knife, go fishing with a paper fishing-rod, a paper line and a paper hook, and put his catch in a paper basket. He will go shooting with a paper gun, loaded with paper cartridges, and will defend his country in paper forts with paper cannon and paper bombs. Having lived his paper life and achieved a paper fame and paper wealth, he will retire to paper leisure and die in paper peace. There will be a paper funeral, at which the mourners, dressed in paper crape, will wipe their eyes with paper handkerchiefs, and a paper preacher will preach a paper sermon in a paper pulpit from a paper text. He will lie in a paper coffin wrapped in a paper shroud, his name will be engraved on a paper plate, and a paper hearse, adorned with paper plumes, will carry him to a paper lined grave, over which will be raised a paper monument. The papers will record his paper virtues, while paper angels with paper wings will clothe him in a paper robe and waft his paper spirit from this paper world to the paper gates of a paper paradise, where all is paper, and fire-proof at that.—Paper World.

## GENERAL NEWS ITEMS.

Mr. J. Horton, of Mansfield, while splitting wood beneath a clothes line which caught his axe, split his face from eyebrows to mouth. Half an hour before he had ran for a doctor for a nephew who had hurt himself in just the same way.

There are now miles of roads in Chester county where it is impossible to find places to water horses, the troughs having been removed by hotels which get no licenses.

A Greensburg doctor has barely saved the life of John Fielding from erysipelas, the sequel of a spider bite on his thumb.

Minnesota farmers are alarmed over the appearance of great swarms of grasshoppers in the region around St. Paul.

A Satter county, California, farmer has a traction engine that will plow seventy five acres in twenty-four hours.

**100 Ladies Wanted.**

And 100 men to call on any druggist for a *free* trial package of Lane's Family Medicine, the great root and herb remedy, discovered by Dr Silas Lane; while in the Rocky Mountains. For diseases of the blood, liver and kidneys it is a positive cure. For constipation and clearing up the complexion it does wonders. Children like it. Everyone praises it. Large size package, 50 cents. At all druggists.

## Caution Notice.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned, not to trespass on the land of the undersigned in Spruce Hill, and Beale townships, for the purpose of gathering berries, hunting, fishing, or in any other way trespassing, on said lands, as the trespass law will be enforced against people who violate said law

HARRISON MINSINGER

June 9, 1889.

## Notice to Trespassers.

Having leased 400 acres of wood land of David Wilson, and 400 acres of wood land of John McClure, adjoining lands of Pennsylvania Railroad Company in the vicinity of Bozler's Gap. I hereby caution all persons against trespassing on the above mentioned leased lands for the purpose of cutting timber and so forth.

JOHN BRASHOR.

Mifflintown, May 26, 1888.

**PRIVATE SALE.**

The undersigned offers 14 acres of choice land, adjoining the borough of Patterson, a private sale. There is a good barn and corn crib on the tract The land is all clear and level and well adapted for the growth of all kinds of grain and garden products. For particulars call on

JOHN CUNNINGHAM.
Patterson, Juniata Co., Pa.

**SOMETHING NEW** under the sun which King Solomon never heard of—a CLOTHES LINE that requires NO CLOTHES PINS. Every house-keeper, laundress and store-keeper wants it. Sample sent by mail, 6 feet for 25cts., 12 feet for 50cts. *First Class AGENTS WANTED for this County.* Address NORTON R. BOND & CO., Manufacturers Agents, Philadelphia Pa., (Lock Box 968.)

Successful Treatment of Disease

A SCIENTIFIC DISCOVERY!

MICROBES the Cause of all Diseases.

MICROBE KILLER Kills the Microbes.

Successful Treatment.

CURES: Catarrh, Bronchitis, Consumption, Sciatica, Rheumatism.

Wonderful Tonic and Blood Builder.

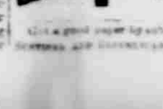
The officers of the Microbe Killer Co. cure of consumption have been so all-wisely demonstrated that we are justified in claiming for it curative powers beyond all so of any medicine known. We do claim for it a marvellous power in curing cases so far gone that cure is impossible, but we do claim that it will cure any case where the lungs are not more than half gone. Persons with poor appetite, weak and debilitated will find it the best tonic. Every one should use it, particularly those who have suffered for years with incurable chronic diseases. Microbes or germs are causes of disease. The result is that it will kill the germs and at the same time build the patient up from the start.

$50 order in one action cures the worst case. Price $2.00, sufficient to cure a common case usually. Cheap within the reach of all. Physicians of 17 years experience in charge of the office. Send for circular and information.

Wm. Hadden's Microbe Killer, Philadelphia, Pa.

DR. DIX'S CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS are the most powerful and reliable. Used by 10,000 American women. Guaranteed. Perfectly safe. Ladies ask druggist for Dix's Pills, take no other, or enclose $1 in letter to Dr. Dix, 37 Tremont St., Boston, Mass.

Life of HENRY WARD BEECHER beautifully illustrated, giving his life from his birth to his death. Price One Dollar. Expensive pictures. Agents wanted. Address UNION BOOK CO., Station G., Brooklyn, N.Y.



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Give a good paper by advertising in the SENTINEL AND REPUBLICAN.

## LEGAL.

PROPOSALS.

Proposals for Building of Bridge across Tuscarora Creek at Showers Crossing in Lack Township will be received at the Commissioner's Office up to 10 o'clock, May 20th, 1889. Also proposals for the Repairing of the South East Wing Wall of Bridge at Thompson's Lock in Delaware Twp. Plans and specifications to be had in Office. The right to reject any or all of the Bids are reserved.

Commissioner's Office, Mifflintown, April 25, 1889.

JOHN H CUNNINGHAM, FRANCIS HOWER, ABSALOM RICE, } Com.

Attest: *G. W. Burchfield*, Clerk. May 1, 4w.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION proposed to the citizens of this Commonwealth by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for their approval or rejection at a special election to be held June 18, 1889. Published by order of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, in pursuance of Article XVIII of the Constitution.

Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth:

SECTION 1. *Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met* That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:

AMENDMENT.

Strike out from section one, of article eight, the four qualifications for voters which reads as follows:

"If twenty-two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid within two years, a state or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months, and paid at least one month before the election," so that the section which reads as follows:

"Every male citizen, twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections:

First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

Second. He shall have resided in the state one year (or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the state, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election

Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

Fourth. If twenty-two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid, within two years, a state or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election," shall be amended, so as to read as follows:

Every male citizen twenty one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at the polling place of the election district of which he shall at the time be a resident and not elsewhere:

First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least thirty days.

Second. He shall have resided in the state one year (or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the state, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months,) immediately preceding the election.

Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least thirty days immediately preceding the election. The legislature, at the session thereof next after the adoption of this section, shall, and from time to time thereafter may, enact laws to properly enforce this provision.

Fourth. Every male citizen of the age of twenty one years, who shall have been a citizen for thirty days and an inhabitant of this state one year, next preceding an election, except at municipal elections, and for the last thirty days a resident of the election district in which he may offer his vote, shall be entitled to vote at such an election in the election district of which he shall at the time be a resident and not elsewhere for all officers that now are or hereafter may be elected by the people: *Provided*, That in time of war no elector in the actual military service of the State or of the United States, in the army or navy thereof, shall be deprived of his vote by reason of his absence from such election district, and the legislature shall have power to provide the manner in which and the time and place at which such absent electors may vote, and for the return and canvass of their votes in the election district in which they respectfully reside.

Fifth. For the purpose of voting, no person shall be deemed to have gained or lost a residence by reason of his presence or absence while employed in the service of the United States or the State, nor while engaged in the navigation of the waters of the State or of the high seas, nor while a student of any college or seminary of learning, nor while kept at any asylum or public institution, except the inmates of any home for disabled and indigent soldiers and sailors, who, for the purpose of voting, shall be deemed to reside in the election district where said home is located. Laws shall be made for ascertaining, by proper proofs, the citizens who shall be entitled to the right of suffrage here by established.

A true copy of the joint resolution.

CHARLES W. STONE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

We will OFFER A PARTICLE by sending upon receipt of price, or on easy payments, a choice selection of our celebrated pianos, to be used in this county and vicinity by responsible parties who may be known. Our pianos are of the finest quality, and we guarantee every first class piano sold for the price. Pianos, $150 to $1500. Organs, $35 to $600. Rent for trial three months before you buy. GUARANTEED SIX YEARS. Catalogues free. Marshal & Smith Piano Co., 836 N. 11th St., N.Y.

MASON & HAMLIN

The cabinet organ was introduced on its present form by Mason & Hamlin in 1861. Other makers followed in the manufacture of these instruments, but the Mason & Hamlin Organs have always maintained their supremacy as the best in the world. Mason & Hamlin offer, as demonstration of the unequalled excellence of their organs, the fact that at all of the great World's Exhibitions, since that of Paris, 1867, to the present time, they have invariably received the highest honors. Illustrated catalogues free. $22 TO $900.

ORGANS

Mason & Hamlin do not hesitate to make the extraordinary claim for their pianos, that they are superior to all others. They recognize the high excellence achieved by other leading makers in the art of piano building, but still claim superiority. This they attribute solely to the remarkable improvement introduced by them in the year 1882, and now known as the Mason & Hamlin Piano Strut, by which the vibrating portion of each note is secured the best possible conditions of tone, together with great durability. Illustrated catalogues free.

PIANOS

MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN AND PIANO CO.
BOSTON. NEW YORK. CHICAGO.

Spring & Summer.

I HAVE THE

LATEST SPRING

And

SUMMER STYLES!

The Champion Clothier of Juniata County having just returned from the Eastern cities with a wonderful

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK,

Will make friends, outshine rivals, win victories, and sell itself on its merits. MEN'S BOY'S & CHILDREN'S

FASHIONABLE CLOTHING

and Gent's furnishing goods. First Class, combining Style, Quality and Elegance, with prices that will astonish you. No sale is expected unless I prove this.

But I ask your patronage only when I give complete satisfaction. My stock of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES OVER-ALLS, WATCHES and JEWELRY, Calico, Percale and White Shirts. Neck wear, Collars and Cuffs, Trunks and Satchels, is full and complete. Call and see

Sam'l STRAYER.

THE OLD RELIABLE CLOTHIER AND FURNISHER IN PATTERSON.

June 16, 1886.

*New Firm.*

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS.

No more winter for months to come. Spring and Summer are here, and to conform to the change, the Senior member of the firm has just returned from Eastern Markets, where he selected with great care the goods that his many patrons favor.

DROP IN.

We have now filled our shelves with SPRING AND SUMMER Goods of all kinds. Our customers have appreciated our efforts to give them goods to suit their purposes, and we believe that we are better prepared than ever to merit their confidence. We invite you to come and see and be satisfied. In our dress goods department we have almost everything. Don't be backward, call for what you want.

*Shoes and Boots.*

Our Boot and Shoe Department is full in its assortment, and you certainly can be suited in fit, quality and price. Whatever improvements have been added by the manufactures we have them all. We can supply you with foot wear for any in or out door service. Our grocery Department never lags. We have on hand a full line of Fresh, Plain and Fancy

GROCERIES.

Also, the only full line of

QUEENSWARE

in the county. Every house must have its full supply of Queens and Glassware, this is the store to call on for such articles.

All orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

Remember the place,

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.

Mifflintown, Pa.,
Fred'k ESPENSCHADE & Son.

Spring and Summer Goods.

I would inform the public that I have now in my new millinery store at my place of residence on Water street, Mifflintown, second door from corner of Bridge street, a full stock, of Spring and Summer millinery goods, all new, and of the latest styles. and having employed first class milliners I am prepared to supply the public with everything found in a firstclass millinery store, come and examine my stock. I consider it no trouble to show goods.

MRS. DEIBL.

March 22-87.1.y.

OILS! OILS! OILS!

THE STANDARD OIL COMPANY

of Pittsburg Pa., make

A SPECIALTY

of manufacturing for the Domestic trade the *Finest Brands* of Illuminating and Lubricating Oils, Naphtha and Gasoline, that can be made from Petroleum.

We challenge comparison with every known Product of Petroleum.

If you wish the most

*UNIFORMLY SATISFACTORY OILS IN THE MARKET,*

ask for ours, trade for Mifflintown and vicinity—Supplied by

FRANCISCUS HARDWARE & CO.

January 2nd, '89-1y.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

TIME-TABLE

On and after Sunday Nov. 20th, 1887 trains that stop at Mifflin will run as follows.

EASTWARD.

ALTOONA ACCOMMODATION leaves Altoona daily at 5.20 a. m., Tyrone 5.32 a. m., Huntingdon 6.33 a. m., Mount Union at 6.57 a. m., Newton Hamilton 7.02 a. m., McVeytown 7.22 a. m., Lewistown 7.40 a. m., Milford 8.00 a. m., Mifflin 8.12 a. m., Port Royal 8.17 a. m., Mexico 8.22 a. m., Tuscarora 8.26 a. m., Vandyke 8.28 a. m., Thompsontown 8.37 a. m., Durward 8.44 a. m., Millerstown 8.49 a. m., Newport 9.00 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg at 10.05 a. m., and at Philadelphia, 1.25 p. m.

SEA SHORE EXPRESS leaves Altoona daily at 6.55 a. m., and stopping at all regular stations between Altoona and Harrisburg reaches Mifflin at 9.56 a. m., Harrisburg 11.40 p. M., and arrives in Philadelphia at 3.15 p. m.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Pittsburg daily at 6.50 a. m., Altoona at 2.00 p. m., and stopping at all regular stations arrives at Mifflin at 5.08 p. m., Harrisburg 7.00 p. m., Philadelphia 4.25 a. m.

Mail Express leaves Pittsburg at 9.00 p. m., Altoona 6.20 p. m., Tyrone 6.45 p. m., Huntingdon 7.37 p. m., Lewistown 8.18 p. m., Mifflin 9.10 p. m., Harrisburg 10.45 p. m., Philadelphia 4.50 a. m.

Philadelphia Express will stop at Mifflin at 11.57 p. m., when flagged.

WESTWARD.

FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia daily at 11.50 a. m., Harrisburg 3.40 p. m., Mifflin 5.06 p. m., Lewistown 5.26 p. m., Altoona 6.10 p. m., arriving at Pittsburg at 11.05 p. m.

WAY PASSENGER leaves Philadelphia daily at 7.50 a. m., Harrisburg, 8.15 a. m., Duncannon, 8.54 a. m., Newport, 9.26 a. m., Millerstown, 9.40 a. m., Thompsontown, 9.52 a. m., Van Dyke, 10.00 a. m., Tuscarora, 10.04 a. m., Mexico, 10.07 a. m., Port Royal, 10.12 a. m., Mifflin, 10.20 a. m., Milford, 10.35 a. m., Narrows, 10.44 a. m., Lewistown, 10.55 a. m., McVeytown, 11.04 a. m., Newton Hamilton, 11.22 a. m., Huntingdon, 12.17 p. m., Tyrone, 1.07 p. m., Altoona, 1.45 p. m., and stops at all regular stations between Harrisburg and Altoona.

OSTER EXPRESS leaves Philadelphia daily at 8.50 p. m., Harrisburg, 10.20 p. m., stopping at Rockville, Marysville, Duncannon, Newport, Millerstown, Thompsontown, Port Royal, time at Mifflin, 11.55 p. m., Altoona, 2.20 a. m., and Pittsburg, 6.10 a. m.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Philadelphia daily at 7.00 a. m., Harrisburg 11.20 a. m., Newport, 12.12 p. m., Mifflin 12.47 p. m., stopping at all regular stations between Mifflin and Altoona reaches Altoona at 3.00 p. m., Pittsburg 8.20 p. m.

ALTOONA ACCOMMODATION leaves Philadelphia daily at 11.50 a. m., Harrisburg at 4.15 p. m., Duncannon 4.43 p. m., Newport 5.10 p. m., Mifflin 5.47 p. m., Thompsontown 5.56 p. m., Vandyke 6.01 p. m., Tuscarora 6.05 p. m., Mexico 6.09 p. m., Port Royal 6.14 p. m., Mifflin 6.20 p. m., Lewistown 6.45 p. m., McVeytown 6.58 p. m., Newton Hamilton 7.16 p. m., Huntingdon 7.40 p. m., Altoona 8.00 p. m.

Pacific Express leaves Philadelphia 11.20 p. m.; Harrisburg 3.10 a. m.; Duncannon 3.58 a. m.; Newport 4.01 a. m.; Mifflin 4.29 a. m.; Lewistown 4.61 a. m.; McVeytown 5.20 a. m.; Mt. Union 5.49 a. m.; Huntingdon 6.12 a. m.; Petersburg 6.25 a. m.; Spruce Creek 6.40 a. m.; Tyrone 7.00 a. m.; Bell's Mills 7.22 a. m.; Altoona 8.00 a. m.; Pittsburg 12.45 p. m.

Sea Shore Express east, on Sundays, will connect with Sunday Mail east leaving Harrisburg at 1.15 p. m.

LEWISTOWN DIVISION.

Trains leave Lewistown Junction for Milroy at 6.10 a. m., 10.55 a. m., 3.15 p. m.; for Sunbury at 7.45 a. m., 5.00 p. m.

Trains arrive at Lewistown Junction from Milroy at 8.00 a. m., 1.25 p. m., 4.30 p. m.; from Sunbury at 9.25 a. m., 4.00 p. m.

TYRONE DIVISION.

Trains leave Tyrone for Bellefonte and Lock Haven at 8.10 a. m., 7.15 p. m. Leave Tyrone for Clearvaville and Clearfield at 8.20 a. m., 3.05 p. m., 7.25 p. m.

Trains leave Tyrone for Warriors Mark, Pennsylvania