SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN

MIFFLINTOWN.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1888.

B. F. SCHWEIER,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

REPUBLICAN.

Returns from the states are not definite in figures, but all returns indicate that the election held on Tuesday resulted in favor of Harrison.

The doubtful states. Indiana, Connecticut and York states are reported by despatch as having gone Republican.

With the exception of New Jersey the indications are that the North was solid for Harrison.

The people all are to be congratulated from their escape from the depressing free trade tendencies of the Cleveland administration; from their escape from the single gold standard of values of which Cleveland was the indirect champion.

Business will now take a new start for the better in Business Centres and by and by the improved condition of affairs, will reach the country.

Congressman Atkinson has been re-elected by a large majority.

Woods has been elected Senator.

Hertzler has been elected Representative.

McCauley for Sheriff, and Will for Register and Recorder have been defeated, each, by a small number of Republicans who voted for their opponents.

The unofficial returns in another column indicate clearly the strong holds and weak places of the candidates.

Our county returns do not include the Black Log vote, which is always slow in being returned. But the Black Log vote this election, cannot change the result.

How to Prove that the Earth Turns.

It has puzzled the heads of a good many youngsters to know how the earth turns round. A German educational journal published in Frankfort gives the following directions for proving that the earth "does move." "Take a good-sized bowl, fill upon the floor of a room which is not exposed to shaking or jarring from the street. Sprinkle over the Surface of the water a coating of lycopodium powder—a white substance which is sometimes used for the purposes of the toilet, and which can be obtained at almost any apothecary's. Then upon the facing of this coating of powder make, with powdered charcoal, a straight black line, say an inch or two in length. Having made this little black mark with the charcoal powder on the surface of the contents of the bowl, lay down upon the floor close to the bowl a stick or some other straight object, so that it will be exactly parallel with the mark. If the line happens to be parallel with a crack in the floor, or with any stationary object in the room, this will serve as well.

"Leave the bowl undisturbed for a few hours, and then observe the position of the black mark with reference to the object that it was parallel with. It will be found to have moved about, and to have moved from east to west—that is to say, in the direction opposite to that of the movement of the earth on its axis. The earth in simply revolving has carried the water and everything else in the bowl around with it, but the powder on the surface has been left behind a little. The line will always be found to have moved from east to west, which is perfectly good proof that everything else has moved the other way."—London Court Journal.

Five Thousand Settlers Ousted.

TOPEKA, November 3.—Judge Brewer has decided in the Allen county case, in which certain alternate sections of land granted by the government to the Missouri and Kansas and Texas Railway were claimed by the settlers thereon, that the land in question legally belongs to the railroad company. The settlers will, therefore, be compelled to give up possession. The land embraces a large amount of the most fertile farming lands in the country. About 5,000 settlers are thus thrown out of their homes. Many of them have occupied the land for ten or fifteen years and have made extensive improvements.

Two Fools.

CHICAGO, Nov. 5.—A despatch from Chattanooga, Tenn., says: "Information has been received of a fatal duel between two well known citizens of Elmer county, Alabama, at a point near Good Hope. The men, John Ray and W. T. Wilkerson, purchased a large tract of land for speculative purposes last week. When the surveys were made a dispute arose as to who should take possession of a certain portion of it. Blows followed, but the combatants were separated. Friday they met and began firing at each other with pistols. Ray was shot in the heart and instantly killed. Wilkerson was so badly hurt that he only lived long enough to tell the story of the shooting. Both men were well-known, Ray having been the County Treasurer."

JUNIATA COUNTY — Unofficial.

DISTRICTS.	President. Harrison, R.	President. Cleveland, D.	Supreme Judge. Mitchell, R.	Supreme Judge. McCollum, D.
Mifflintown	...	...	...	...
Port Royal	...	...	...	...
Turbett	...	...	...	...
Fermanagh	126	101	124	104
Patterson	...	...	...	...
Walker	...	...	...	...
Milford	112	179	108	161
Beale	...	...	...	...
Lack	...	...	...	...
Delaware	...	...	...	...
Fayette	...	...	...	...
Monroe	...	...	...	...
Tuscarora	...	...	...	...
Spruce Hill	...	...	...	...
Greenwood	29	98	29	98
Susquehanna	75	53	74	55
Thompsontown	...	...	...	...
Black Log	...	...	...	...

DISTRICTS.	Auditor General. McCulloch, R.	Auditor General. Meyer, D.
Mifflintown	...	...
Port Royal	...	...
Turbett	...	...
Fermanagh	125	102
Patterson	...	...
Walker	...	...
Milford	112	151
Beale	...	...
Lack	...	...
Delaware	...	...
Fayette	...	...
Monroe	...	...
Tuscarora	...	...
Spruce Hill	...	...
Greenwood	29	98
Susquehanna	75	53
Thompsontown	...	...
Black Log	...	...

DISTRICTS.	Congress. Atkinson, R.	Congress. McWilliams, D.	Senate. Woods, R.	Senate. Jacobs, D.	Assembly. Hertzler, R.	Assembly. Shessley, D.
Mifflintown	127	92	96	127	118	106
Port Royal	72	56	64	61	82	48
Turbett	65	97	62	101	98	62
Fermanagh	128	103	118	111	126	105
Patterson	79	99	66	103	68	101
Walker	217	119	192	148	221	109
Milford	115	154	114	152	110	159
Beale	80	111	78	111	91	105
Lack	85	116	80	125	91	118
Delaware	177	69	177	69	167	65
Fayette	272	112	270	116	276	108
Monroe	95	135	77	151	97	149
Tuscarora	133	182	125	191	133	184
Spruce Hill	119	61	89	97	117	65
Greenwood	34	94	36	91	30	98
Susquehanna	78	51	76	58	77	51
Thompsonto'n	39	40	37	43	45	39
Black Log	...	...	...	...	...	...

DISTRICTS.	Sheriff. McCauley, R.	Sheriff. Noble, D.	Reg. & Recorder. Will, R.	Reg. & Recorder. Berry, D.	Jury Com. Clark, D.	Jury Com. Hartley, R.
Mifflintown	102	122	97	127	...	...
Port Royal	62	64	56	72	...	...
Turbett	74	87	44	119	...	...
Fermanagh	119	111	120	111	...	...
Patterson	74	96	63	106	...	...
Walker	203	140	215	128	...	...
Milford	99	160	77	181	...	...
Lack	70	135	78	131	...	...
Delaware	153	93	156	90	...	...
Fayette	206	173	277	108	...	...
Monroe	97	149	93	131	...	...
Tuscarora	116	200	124	194	...	...
Spruce Hill	112	74	106	80	...	...
Greenwood	33	95	39	87	29	99
Susquehanna	79	49	80	48	76	53
Thompsont'n	42	40	36	48	...	...
Black Log	...	...	...	...	...	...

The New Butter Color.

BOSTON, Nov. 1.—The butter color which nearly all farmers and creameries use is increasing. The yellow tint of the product is annatto boiled in cottonseed oil. The New England farmer of this week publishes a letter from the Commissioner of Internal Revenue with the decision that such a mixture, though containing an extremely small amount of cotton-seed oil, comes within the letter of the statute defining oleomargarine.

Old Boots and Shoes.

The Journal of the Constantinople Chamber of Commerce describes the industrial uses of old boots and shoes which are thrown out into the streets or into ash pits. After being collected they are ripped open and the leather is subjected to a treatment which renders it a pliable mass, from which a kind of artistic leather is derived. This in appearance resembles the finest Cordova leather. In the United States patterns are stamped on this, while in France it is used to cover trunks and boxes. The old boots and shoes are also treated in another way, by which they are converted into new ones. The brisoners in Central France are employed in this way, the old shoes coming chiefly from Spain. They are taken to pieces as before, the nails being all removed, and the leather is soaked in water to soften it. The uppers for childrens shoes are then cut from it. The soles are also used, for from the smaller pieces of the leather of the old soles for so-called Louis XV. heels for ladies' shoes are made, while the soles of children's shoes are made from the larger and thinner pieces. The old nails also are put to use, for by means of magnets the iron nails and the tacks and brade are separated and sold. The contractors of the military prison at Montpelier say that these nails alone pay for the old shoes. Nothing now remains but the scraps, and these have also their value, for they are much sought after by certain specialists for agricultural purposes.

Attacked by an Owl.

The North American of the 1st inst., published the following despatch from New Haven, Pa. Joseph D. King, a painter of this village, was attacked by an owl yesterday. He had been repairing the iron fences at the Grove street Cemetery, and was out inspecting the work his assistants had done on the fence, when the bird, a fine specimen of the tawny horned owl, weighing six pounds and measuring four feet nine inches from tip to tip, swooped down upon him, and pulling the hat from his head, proceeded to tear it to pieces with its beak.

Mr. King picked up a section of a rail by the road side and struck the owl a stunning blow, felling it to the ground. The bird rose and attacked him fiercely, and it required several terrific blows to again drive it to earth, where it lay and fought with its beak and talons. Securing a stout rope from a drover who happened to pass by. Mr. King lassoed the bird and it is now in captivity at Mohn's store.

Robbed of $5,000.

A despatch from Akron, Ohio, says: "Jacob Dickeroff, of Indiana, came here with $5,320 to buy property. He is seventy years old. He was walking along a side street with his cash in a valise, when two men stepped up and ordered him to throw up his hands. He cried 'murder,' but was knocked down with a stone. After recovering consciousness he dragged himself to his home. Dickerhoff declares that he will kill himself."

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—A despatch from Glenwood Springs, Col., says: A hunting party returned from the mountains north of the Grand River yesterday, and reported the discovery of a wonderful waterfall hitherto unknown. Though not equal to Niagara in volume, it was thought to exceed it in beauty.

The place is on Rifle Creek, twenty-five miles from here, and is supposed to have never been visited by white men before. The stream spreads out to a width of three hundred feet at the brink, and the water glides over the rocky edge, spreading out in a thin sheet as it falls a distance of one hundred and fifty feet to the bottom of the canon directly underneath.

The party dismounted and, carefully creeping along the base of the perpendicular wall, passed behind the aquatic tapestry into nooks and caverns beneath the overhanging ledges. The walls and arches were thickly studded with stalactite and stalagmite formation of rare beauty.

It is without doubt the finest waterfall in Colorado. The discoverers say the volume of water falls softly over the ledge and gracefully dissolves itself into mist before reaching the botton. A party is being organized to visit the spot, and it is thought to name it Rocky Mountain Falls.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 30.—Acting Secretary Thompson to day received a long telegram from San Francisco, signed by Senator Hearst and others, informing of the perilous situation of the crews of about a dozen whalers fast in the ice near Herald Island, in the Artic Ocean, and asked that a revenue steamer be sent at once to their assistance. There are said to be nearly 500 men in the party, and they are in no condition to stand the rigors of an artic winter. The revenue steamer Bear is desired for the purpose of sending them provisions and clothing, without hunger and cold. Acting Secretary Thompson visited the White House during the day and laid the matter before the President saying that there is now no vessel in the revenue service in fit condition for a winter cruise to the artic. The President thereupon sent for Commodore Harmony, acting Secretary of the Navy, and instructed him to take immediate steps for the relief of the whalers. Commodore Harmony promised to do so, and said he would endeavor to communicate with Commander Emory, commanding the U S. Steamer Thetis, now cruising in the artic, and which is expected to arrive at San Francisco in a short time. The present plan is to fit this vessel out for a relief expedition as soon as she shall have arrived at San Francisco and to expedite her arrival there with that end in view.

Since the above despatch, information has been received that the ice pack is broken and the whalers with the 500 men on board made their escape.

READING, Pa., Nov. 2.—A terrible accident resulting in the killing of five men and injuring many others, took place this forenoon on the farm of Jonas Spade, in Berne township, this county, where a steam threshing machine was in operation. The boiler exploded with fearful force carrying destruction on every hand. The killed are:

Wm. Rever, a boy aged 16.

Joseph Machmer, aged 14, the only support of his widowed sister.

Isaac Marberger, aged 16.

Joseph Spade, aged 32.

Irwin Dunkelberger, aged 19.

These men were engaged in operating the threshing machine when the boiler burst, and were standing only a few feet from the latter. When the smoke had cleared away a terrible scene was presented.

The bodies of all five were lying some distance away, having been hurled from 30 to 50 feet, horribly mutilated. The body of Machmer was hurled clear through the weather boarding of the barn. The building was completely wrecked. The force of the explosion was felt for many miles around.

George Hinnershatz, Sr., was badly injured about the head and cannot recover. Engineer Hoover received injuries of a most serious character.

Coroner Denhardt has gone to the scene of the accident to hold an inquest. The boiler is supposed to have been rotten and totally unfit for use. People flocked to the scene of the accident for miles around

George Hinnershitz, one of the injured was the owner of the threshing machine. He has had it in use for several years, removing it from place to place, and doing threshing for farmers. The boiler has been in use as long as the machine. The Coroner's Jury made up its verdict at noon that the cause of the explosion was an accident without inquiring as to the condition of the boiler. The machine stood down in a valley, just outside of the barn, or the destruction would have been more widespread. Pieces of the boiler were thrown over 350 feet.

A Young Distiller.

Bascoe Johnston, 17 years old, living in Franklin county, Georgia was on trial in the United States District Court there recently for illicit distilling. He put in a plea of guilty, and in answer to Judge Newman said: "I used a powder can for the still, a common coffee pot for the cap and connected them with a gun barrel, which answered the purpose of a worm. I mashed a peck of meal at a time and got about a pint and a half of Mountain Dew from it; that is all I know about it."

How he Escaped From Ashtabula.

From the St. Louis Globe Democrat.

I was a passenger on the ill fated train that fell through the great structure. When we had approached within a few miles of the bridge, being very dry, I asked the conductor where I could get a drink of whiskey. He said that just before we reached the bridge the train would stop at a small town, and that while it waited I would have ample time to run down the street, a distance of half a block to a saloon, take my medicine and be back at the depot to resume my journey. I found the saloon all right and just crooked my elbow, when I heard the locomotive whistle and hurried out to chase the train in a helpless sort of way out of the depot. Then I sat down on a trunk and began to swear at that conductor. Within a few minutes a telegram was received stating that my train had crashed through the Ashtabula bridge Then I thought I had time to walk slowly back to the saloon and take another drink. I don't mean to defend the practice of drinking whisky, but I can never be grateful enough that I wanted that particular dram.

A Barrel of Flour made into Bread.

The American Analyst thus sums a baker's profits, or what a barrel of flour is worth when made into bread. A baker will toss a barrel of flour into a trough. Then he tosses 104 pounds of water on top. A quantity of yeast is added, and then the jolly baker has 300 pounds of dough to operate on. The 300 gounds cost him $5. In short order the dough is turned into "twists," high lowrer, pan louves, and other styles of the same quality. The oven's heat reduces the 300 hundred pounds of dough to 260 pounds of bread. The baker sells his bread at the rate of four cents a pound, or at an advance of over 30 per cent. over what it cost him. There are 1,400 bakers, great and small in this city, who make one thousand three hundred loaves of bread per day and sell it from $80 to $150, or at a net profit of $40. Little money is lost in the business, and most bakers do a cash trade. It is very seldom that bakers fail. The business is steady, reliable, and attended with a very few risks, unless incompetent workmen.

Best Record of Fast Butchers.

From the St. Louis Globe.

I find that a bullock was dressed by Mr. John Malone, at Chicago, on August 18, 1888. On the same day Walter Dennison, at the same match, dressed a bullock in market style in four minutes and twenty-nine seconds The dressing of sheep is a skilful performance, and tournaments to exhibit proficiency in this line wese formerly quite popular. P. Fitzgerald, of Newark, N. J., has the best record, having dressed ten sheep in thirty tree minutes on September 15, 1888. Three years before that another Newark butcher dressed and left ready for market twenty five sheep, assistants killing and handling the sheep into the sink, in one hour and twenty-six minutes. Poultrymen have often engaged in chicken dressing matches, the best record being that of George A. Fisher, of Detroit, Mich., who, on August 15, 1886, dressed two hundred chickens for the market in exactly forty four minutes. The oyster-opening match in this city last week reminds me that the best time for opening one thousand oysters was by John Labey, in New York city, April 2, 1886, time forty-five minutes.

Causes of Fire.

"In regard to spontaneous combustion, the fires of the year in Boston have furnished some new observations of considerable importance. In one case, says the American Architect, a quantity of feather dust in a bedding manufactory took fire without apparent reason. It was found, however, that a piece of thick glass had been lying on the feathers, and the sun's rays, concentrated in some way by the glass, had set fire to them, although the day was a cold one in the month of March. In another case, a number of tarpaulin hats were lying, packed together, in a window. The high temperature, with, perhaps, the close packing of the hats, caused them to burst into a blaze. The other fires were caused by putting paraffine paper, such as candy is wrapped in, into a refuse barrel which contained a little sawdust; and a third, which destroyed twenty thousand dollars' worth of property, was occasioned by putting greasy paper, which had been used to wrap lunches in, into a wooden refuse barrel, which contained some sawdust and sweepings."

Is Salt a Necessity.

The question of the need of salt as essential to health is being widely discussed by scientists and medical men. It has been claimed by many to be good for the blood and an aid to digestion. A scientific writer now says that this is not so and that the importance of salt has been very much overrated. He claims that instead of preventing scurvy the excessive use of salt produces scurvy. Then he shows that there are many places in the world where salt is not known and yet the inhabitants are all very healthy. In South Africa salt is very scarce and only the very wealthy can afford to have it on their tables. The poorer people who have never tasted salt are all very strong and healthy. Previous to the discovery of this country the Indians never had salt, and in the day salt is not in use in Siberia. Many say that the wholesomeness of salt is proved by the way in which animals eat it. In parts of the world where salt is not known antelopes abound in great quantities, and instances are on record where cattle and sheep have been raised very successfully without the use of salt. Dogs, cats and other carnivorous animals are not at all fond of salt.

GENERAL ITEMS.

Squire W. N. Coppege, of Line Creek, Ga., married eleven of the Widow Helms's children, and was only prevented from marrying the twelfth by sickness, says the Summerville News.

General James Craig, who died recently at St. Joseph, Mo., was one of the few men whom history records as having been defeated by a single vote. This happened when he ran for Congress in 1880.

Lincoln county, Georgia, requires on the average only a day and a half of court. At the last session the only prisoner who has been in jail in the county for several years was let go on his own recognizancei the prosecutor failing to appear.

The Professors and students of the theological seminary at Gettysburg have built a shade path five feet wide from the town limits to the seminary grounds, a distance of 100 yards. They did the work with their own hands.

The United States Express messenger on the train on the New Orleans and Northeastern Railway which arrived at New Orleans Saturday morning at seven o'clock, was robbed at 5 A. M. between Lacey and Derby stations, fifty miles from that city. The express officials decline to state the amount of the robbery, but it is understood the loss is between $40,000 and 50,000. The robbers entered the car, compelled the two messengers at the muzzle of the revolver to hold up their hands and then put bags over their heads When found they were still holding up their hands, believing that the robber, who had made his escape, was still in the car.

Some Foolish People

Allow a cough to run until it gets beyond the reach of medicine. They often say, "Oh, it will wear away." The most cases it wears them away. Could they be induced to try the successful medicine called Kemp's Balsam, which we will sell on a guarantee to cure they would immediately see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Price 50c and $1.00. *Trial size free.* At all druggists.

WM. RADAM'S MICROBE KILLER

The Great GERM or BACTERIA DESTROYER.

To Cure Disease, Remove the Cause.

Physicians, by scientific researches, have discovered that Germs or Bacilli commonly called Microbes are the cause of disease.

The MicrobeKiller CURES by *destroying the microbes*; at the same time *purifies the blood* and *Fortifies the patient against Disease.* Has established Offices, 703 Arch Street.

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A SURE RESTORATIVE TO HEALTH.

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6-in. FARM WRENCHES.

Light, Handy and Strong; will Outwear and Outlast two Ordinary Wrenches.

YOU WANT AN ELLRICH Household S. D. Set.

This set consists of a Rosewood Handle and four interchangeable blades (2 screw drivers and 2 chisel fitting spade; all packed in a neat wood box. This tool is constantly useful every where, around the house, at the office, in the shop, on the farm. Sent free on receipt of $1.60.

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for them, if he has not got them, he will get them for you, or we will send either on receipt of price, as above. *Send stamp for our illustrated catalogue.*

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"Peerless" Traction and Portable Engines, "Domestic" and Creamery Engines, Steam Gang Plows, The "Geiser" Thresher and Cleaner.

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For our Choice and Hardy Nursery Stock. Steady work for energetic, temperate men. SALARY AND EXPENSES, or commission if preferred. The business quickly and easily learned. Satisfaction guaranteed to customers and agents. Write immediately for terms. State age. Address

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Will be found a Combination not always to be had.

A FINE QUALITY OF PLUG TOBACCO AT A REASONABLE PRICE

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Old Honesty A FAIR TRIAL

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR IT. DON'T TAKE ANY OTHER. THE FINZER & BROS., LOUISVILLE, KY.

GREAT AMERICAN MEAT-CUTTER. Unequalled and pronounced the best by 1000 Farmers, Mince Meat, Sausage, Chemistry, Hashing Stock, &c. &c. No. 121 sent, express prepaid, on receipt of $12.00. AMERICAN MFG. CO., 232 S. Washington Ave., Philadelphia.

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A FEW FACTS Worth Knowing,

That I can stop TOOTHACHE in less than five minutes; no pain, no extracting.

That I can extract teeth without pain, by the use of a fluid applied to the teeth and gums; no danger.

That Diseased Gums (known as Scurvy) treated successfully and a cure warranted in every case.

Teeth FILLED and warranted for life.

Artificial Teeth repaired, exchanged or remodelled, from $9.00 to $12 per set. Beautiful Gum Enameled Teet inserted at prices to suit all.

Satisfaction. People who have artificial teeth with which they cannot eat, are especially invited to call. Will visit professionally at their homes if notified by letter.

Will visit regularly at Richfield the 2nd weeks of May and October.

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G. L. DERR, Practical Dentist,

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Mason & Hamlin offer, as demonstration of the unequaled excellence of their organs, the fact that at all of the great World's Exhibitions, since that of Paris, 1867, in competition with best makers of Europe and America, they have received the highest awards, including PRIZE MEDAL at Paris, 1878. Illustrated catalogues SENT TO ALL, free.

Mason & Hamlin do not hesitate to make the extraordinary claim for their pianos, that they are superior to all others. They combine the high excellence achieved by other leading makers in the art of piano building, but also claim a superiority. This they attribute solely to the remarkable improvement introduced by them in the year 1882, and now known as the "Mason & Hamlin Piano Strings," by the use of which the greatest possible purity and refinement of tone, with greatly increased capacity to withstand the strain of tune and other important advantages, are secured.

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MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN AND PIANO CO. BOSTON. NEW YORK. CHICAGO.

Notice to Trespassers.

Having leased 400 acres of wood land of David Wilson, and 400 acres of wood land of John McClure, adjoining lands of Pennsylvania Railroad Company in the vicinity of Boxler's Gap. I hereby caution all persons against trespassing on the above mentioned leased lands for the purpose of cutting timber and so forth.

JOHN BRASHOR.

Mifflintown, May 26, 1889.

Caution Notice.

All persons are hereby cautioned, not to trespass on the lands of the undersigned in Spruce Hill, and Beale townships, for the purpose of gathering berries, hunting, fishing, or in any other way trespassing, on said lands, as the trespass law will be enforced against people who violate said law.

HARRISON MINSIMINE

June 9, 1863.

AUTUMN AND WINTER,

I HAVE THE

Latest Fall

And

WINTER STYLES!

The Champion Clothier of Juniata County having just returned from the Eastern cities with a wonderful

FALL AND WINTER STOCK,

Will make friends, outshine rivals, win victories, and sell itself on its merits. MEN'S BOY'S & CHILDREN'S

FASHIONABLE CLOTHING

and Gent's furnishing goods. First Class, combining Style, Quality and Elegance, with prices that will astonish you. No sale is expected unless I prove this.

But I ask your patronage only when I give complete satisfaction. My stock of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES OVER-ALLS, WATCHES and JEWELRY, Calico, Percale and White Shirts, Neck wear, Collars and Cuffs, Trunks and Satchels, is full and complete. Call and see.

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THE OLD RELIABLE CLOTHIER AND FURNISHER IN PATTERSON.

June 16, 1886.

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Collecting and Conveyancing promptly attended to.

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Has resumed actively the practice of Medicine and Surgery and their collateral branches. Office at the old corner of Third and Orange streets, Mifflintown, Pa. March 29, 1876.

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MCLAUGHLIN & STIMMEL, INSURANCE AGENTS, PORT ROYAL, JUNIATA CO., PA.

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JOSEPH ROTHROCK, *President.* T. VAN IRWIN, *Cashier.*

DIRECTORS.

W. C. Pomeroy, John Hertzler, Robert E. Parker, T. V. Irwin, Joseph Rothrock, Philip M. Kepner, Louis E. Atkinson,

STOCKHOLDERS:

Philip M. Kepner, Joseph Rothrock, L. E. Atkinson, W. C. Pomeroy, John Hertzler, Mary Kurtz, Charlotte Snyder, Annie M. Shelley, Jane H. Irwin, R. E. Parker, J. Holmes Irwin, T. V. Irwin, Jerome N. Thompson, Jr

Three and Four per cent. interest will be paid on certificates of deposits. [Jan 23, 1887—tf

New Firm.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

No more summer for months to come. Fall and Winter are here, and to conform to the change, the Senior member of the firm has just returned from Eastern Markets, where he selected with great care the goods that his many patrons favor.

DROP IN.

We have now filled our shelves with FALL AND WINTER Goods of all kinds. Our customers have appreciated our efforts to give them goods to suit their purposes, and we believe that we are better prepared than ever to merit their confidence. We invite you to come and see and be satisfied. In our dress goods department we have almost everything. Don't be backward, call for what you want.

Shoes and Boots.

Our Boot and Shoe Department is full in its assortment, and you certainly can be suited in fit, quality and price. Whatever improvements have been added by the manufactures we have them all. We can supply you with foot wear for any in or out door service. Our grocery Department never lags. We have on hand a full line of Fresh, Plain and Fancy

GROCERIES.

Also, the only full line of

QUEENSWARE

in the county. Every house must have its full supply of Queens and Glassware, this is the store to call on for such articles.

All orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

Remember the place,

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE,

Mifflintown, Pa., Fred'k ESPENSCHADE & Son.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

TIME-TABLE

On and after Sunday May 13th, 1888 trains that stop at Mifflin will run as follows:

EASTWARD.

ALTOONA ACCOMMODATION leaves Altoona daily at 5 20 a. m., Tyrone 5 52 a. m., Huntingdon 6.33 a. m., Mount Union at 6.59 a. m., Newton Hamilton 7.04 a. m., McVeytown 7.26 a. m., Lewistown 7.53 a. m., Milford 8.11 a. m., Mifflin 8.17 a. m., Port Royal 8.25 a. m., Mexico 8.28 a. m., Tuscarora 8.32 a. m., Vandyke 8.35 a. m., Thompsontown 8.43 a. m., Durbin 8.47 a. m., Millerstown 8.54 a. m., Newport 9.04 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg at 10 10 a. m., and at Philadelphia, 3 15 p. m.

SEA SHORE EXPRESS leaves Altoona daily at 6.55 a. m., and stopping at all regular stations between Altoona and Harrisburg, reaches Mifflin at 9.56 a. m., Harrisburg 11.40 p. M., and arrives in Philadelphia at 3.15 p. m.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Pittsburg daily at 6.55 a. m., Altoona at 12.00 p. m., and stopping at all regular stations arrives at Mifflin at 5.03 p. m., Harrisburg 7.00 p. m., Philadelphia 4 25 a. m.

Mail Express leaves Pittsburg at 1.00 p. m. Altoona 6.20 p. m.; Tyrone 6.52 p. m.; Huntingdon 7.37 p. m.; Lewistown 8.05 p. m.; Mifflin 9.10 p. m.; Harrisburg 10.45 p. m.; Philadelphia 4.25 a. m.

Philadelphia Express will stop at Mifflin at 11 33 p. m., when flagged

WESTWARD.

FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia daily at 11.50 a. m.; Harrisburg 3.40 p. m.; Mifflin 5.05 p. m.; Lewistown 5.29 p. m.; Altoona 8.10 p. m.; arrives at Pittsburg at 11.55 p. m.

WAY PASSENGER leaves Philadelphia daily at 4.30 a. m.; Harrisburg, 8.15 a. m.; Duncannon, 8.54 a. m., Newport, 9.24 a. m.; Millerstown, 9.40 a. m.; Thompsontown, 9.52 a. m.; Van Dyke, 10.00 a. m.; Tuscarora, 10.04 a. m.; Mexico, 10.07 a. m.; Port Royal, 10.13 a. m.; Mifflin, 10.20 a. m.; Milford, 10.26 a. m.; Narrows, 10.34 a. m.; Lewistown, 10.45 a. m.; McVeytown, 11.0 a. m.; Newton Hamilton, 11.23 a. m.; Huntingdon, 12.17 p. m.; Tyrone, 1.07 p. m. Altoona, 1.45 p. m., and stop at all regular stations between Harrisburg and Altoona.

OYSTER EXPRESS leaves Philadelphia daily at 5.50 p. m., Harrisburg, 10.20 p. m., stopping at Rockville, Marysville, Duncannon, Newport, Millerstown, Thompsontown, Port Royal, time at Mifflin, 11.55 a. m.; Altoona, 2.20 a. m., and Pittsburg, 6.10 a. m.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Philadelphia daily at 7.00 a. m., Harrisburg 11.20 a. m., Newport, 12.13 p. m., Mifflin 12.47 p. m., stopping at all regular stations between Mifflin and Altoona reaches Altoona at 3.30 p. m., Pittsburg 8.20 p. m.

ALTOONA ACCOMMODATION leaves Philadelphia daily at 11 50 a. m., Harrisburg 4.15 p. m., Duncannon 4.40 p. m., Newport 5.16 p. m., Millerstown 5.26 p. m., Thompsontown 5.36 p. m., Vandyke 5.40 p. m., Tuscarora 5.48 p. m., Mexico 5.50 p. m., Port Royal 5.54 p. m., Mifflin 6.05 p. m., Lewistown 6.25 p. m., McVeytown 6.48 p. m., Newton Hamilton 7.10 p. m., Huntingdon 7.40 p. m., Altoona 9.00 p. m.

Pacific Express leaves Philadelphia 11.20 p m; Harrisburg 3.10 a m; Duncannon 3.58 a m; Newport 4.01 a m; Mifflin 4.24 a m; Lewistown 5.01 a m; McVeytown 5.22 a. m; Mt. Union 5.43 a m; Huntingdon 6.12 a m; Petersburg 6.25 a m; Spruce Creek 6.40 a m; Tyrone 7.00 a m; Bell's Mills 7.22 a m; Altoona 8.05 a m; Pittsburg 12.45 p m.

Sea Shore Express east, on Sundays, will connect with Sunday Mail east leaving Harrisburg at 9 15 p. m.

LEWISTOWN DIVISION.

Trains leave Lewistown Junction for Milroy at 6.35 a m, 10.55 a m, 3.10 p m, for Sunbury at 7.15 a m, 3.00 p m.

Trains arrive at Lewistown Junction from Milroy at 9.00 a m, 1.25 pm, 4.40 p m; from Sunbury at 9.25 a m, 4.10 p m.

TYRONE DIVISION.

Trains leave Tyrone for Bellefonte and Lock Haven at 8 10 a m, 7 15 p m. Leave Tyrone for Curwensville and Clearfield at 8.20 a m, 5.05 p m, 7 25 p m.

Trains leave Tyrone for Warriors Mark, Pennsylvania Furnace and Scotia at 5.20 a m and 4 30 p m.

Trains arrive at Tyrone from Bellefonte and Lock Haven at 12.05 p m, and 6.35 p m.

Trains arrive at Tyrone from Curwensville and Clearfield at 6.58 a m, and 11.45 a m, 6 17 p m.

Trains arrive at Tyrone from Scotia, Warriors Mark and Pennsylvania Furnace at 8 58 a m, at 2 35 p m.

H. & B. T. R. R. & BEDFORD DIVISION.

Trains leave Huntingdon for Bedford, Hyndman and Cumberland at 8 25 a. m and 6 35 p. m.

Trains arrive at Huntingdon from Bedford, Hyndman and Cumberland at 12 15 p. m., 6 20 p. m.

HOLLIDAYSBURG BRANCH.

Trains leave Altoona for points South, at 7 20 a m. 8 25 a m. 12 50 p m. 1 50 p m. 5 00 p m., 8 00 p m 9 50 p m.

Trains arrive at Altoona from points South, at 6 50 a m. 11 35 a m. 1 35 p m. 4.