SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN

MIFFLINTOWN.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 14, 1888.

B. F. SCHWEIER,

PRINTER AND PROPRIETOR.

The Mayor of Philadelphia is ahead. He has already organized a 4th of July celebration committee for next summer. Mayor Fidler certainly has time by the forelock, on the 4th of July celebration question.

The Philadelphia Times says, tax collectors in Philadelphia have been trying to collect tax on household furniture and carriages, which are exempt by the late tax law. The collectors will come to grief now that their fraudulent work has been unearthed.

The Democracy affect to be dreadfully shocked over the speech of Senator Ingalls, in which he takes the position, that it is possible to get from any of the ranks of men, as good a man for President as Cleveland. The Senator is not alone in his belief on the question.

The Democratic brethren are fearfully exercised over the declarations of Senator Ingalls speech, reflecting on the patriotism of Generals McClellan and Hancock. The erring brethren seem to believe that every soldier against rebellion was a patriot, which is a mistake. There have always been soldiers for glory, fame and fortune. If the Democracy will only look at the right side of things, they'll find Ingalls about right. Some of their idols were soldiers for glory only.

"A STRIKE is war," said Mr. Powderly once. But what sort of war would it be for the Locomotive Engineers to bring untold trouble, loss and inconvenience to millions of people in this part of the country, in order to attack a corporation the eastern terminus of whose railroad is a thousand miles away and entirely independent of the control of any Eastern corporation? It would be a million times more irrational than for Germany to attack England and Italy because she had a quarrel with Russia.—New York Mail and Express.

Neal Dow's Defeat.

Neal Dow was nominated for Mayor of Portland, Maine, by a little knot of people numbering less than a hundred, who did not have the slightest idea that he would be elected. Then he was perfunctorily renominated by the Democrats who refrained, however, from indorsing him as their candidate. As Mr. Dow is now eighty five years of age, few voters believed that he was a serious candidate, or that he could discharge the duties of the office acceptably, if elected. His defeat was therefore, inevitable.—Maine paper.

EMPEROR WILLIAM of Germany, died last Friday morning about 8 o'clock. Had he lived till the 22 day of March he would have been 91 years old. He reigned 28 years, and as a soldier, fought off outside enemies of Germany and united most of the states into a solid Imperial government. His wife the Empress sat by his side and held his hand as he breathed his last. His last words were indicative of the soldiers ruling passion, and were. "I am a man of peace, but if Russia forces me to war I shall faithfully side with my ally, Austria." His son the Crown Prince has succeeded him under the title of Frederick the III, but as the Crown Prince is not capable of serving on account of a seriously diseased throat, his eldest son William, aged about 28 years, will manage the affairs of state. There is a world of trouble on hand for the young man, but if he has the faith, and is a capable soldier like his fathers, he'll get through.

THE Knights of Labor in the Schuylkill coal region are at last beginning to open their eyes. The result of this operation is that they are coming to a realization of the fact that they have been egregious fools. One of the assemblies in that region has passed a resolution declaring that the strike against the Reading Railroad Company was not only ill advised and badly managed, but entered into "blindly and without cause." The Assembly has therefore surrendered its charter and it is believed that others will follow suit. So stubborn are the pig headed fools who have led the men into this strike that they will refuse to declare it off. As a consequence the poor fellows who now see themselves ruled out of work are anxious to put an end to the series of blunders which they have been forced to commit by virtue of their connection with the Knights of Labor. It is not therefore surprising to learn that there is a probability of the disintegration of the order in the coal region. If this should turn out to be the case, the men would derive benefit after all from this late strike. There would be no greater blessing for them in the long run than the dissolution of an organization which crushes out their individual will and which subjects them to almost despotic authority of demagogues, knaves and asses.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

COMMUNICATION.

BLACK LOG, Juniata Co. Pa., March 6, '88.

Mr. Editor:—I will answer the communication from Academia, under date of Feb'y 21, 1888, and published in SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN 29, '88, over the signature of J. S. W., provided he will first correct his misrelation of the mission of Salvation given by Christ to his Apostles, Mark 16: 16 and admit that he has quoted scripture that is newhe bears on infant baptism. I firmly believe that no truly converted person will misquote the scripture, whether it be to bolster up a spurious doctrine or to gain a point over his opponent. Many salaried ministers are in the habit of strongly advocating infant baptism, knowing well that from pews packed with members, they take up fat contributions as collections and are likely to get larger salaries, consequently we don't feel surprised, when some of these well paid ministers, or their enchanted sleepy fly in our face and try to annihilate both the writer and his writings. I know very few persons about Academia and cannot say or even think who J. S. W. may be. Perhaps he is convalescent from a severe attack of brain fever. At all events if I am spared and he will knock, it shall be opened unto him. We will give the full length of the two-edged gospel sword, yea, from point to hilt. "Indirect," did you say? No sir! but it's gospel truths direct, so that the "wayfaring man though a fool may not err therein." Now brother J. S. W., knock if you feel the least inclined.

J. E. M.

Communication.

For the SENTINEL AND REPUBLICAN.

I noticed several lengthy communications on infant baptism in your paper of late and concluded to give the subject some attention and accordingly I submit the following:

"Suffer little children to come unto Me and forbid them not" is what Christ the Prince of Life (of Christian life on earth and of Eternal life in the next world,) said to his own disciples when they would have forbidden women to bring their children to Him to be blessed. It is not at all probable the children could give assent or not, to be brought before Him. It was the will of the mothers drawn by the Savior, that brought the little ones before Him (then as God manifest in the flesh on earth, and now the ever living, risen Resurrection and Life and Way interceding at the right hand of God) J. E. M., says that infants cannot will to be baptized nor rise up to do so as did some adults that believed and that he refers to in a communication. This may be. But the parents can will to have them baptised. Christ was willing to bless the children although the disciples would not have permitted. Some church sects are as much opposed to infant baptism as Christ's own disciples were opposed to Him blessing little children. Surely such church sects however true their members, may be in error as the disciples were until it was explained to them by the Master himself. What is meant by coming to Jesus Christ, (whose name is above every name?) This question can be answered in this way: Several Bible verses in a communication to which J. E. M. has attached his initials, (although he says himself, in a past issue of your paper that a writer for the Christian Messenger is the author of it, not J. E. M.) states in what position persons are that come to Christ and are as follows: "Buried with Christ in Baptism, wherein ye are also risen with him through the faith of the operation (or work) of God." Col 2 12. also "Baptism does also now save us (not the putting away of the filth of the flesh but the answer of a good conscience toward God) by the resurrection of Jesus Christ." Through these New Testament verses, it can be proved that those who have come to Christ and are to be resurrected for the Heavenly kingdom are the baptised in Christ. As stated, Christ says "Suffer little children to come unto me and forbid them not," also "for of such is the kingdom of Heaven. To obey this command let infants by the will and act of parents, be baptised in to Christ. I am not prepared to say whether so called innocent infants that die unbaptised are saved or not. But will say that if some such be saved it is Salvation through the merits of Him who taketh away the sin of the world, and who is able to save to the uttermost those that come unto God through Him. Baptism is the wisest safest and surest step to the Salvation of the infant, for if it dies baptized, before it reaches adult age it being "buried with Christ in baptism" it will rise with "Him through the faith of the operation (or work) of God. The operation or work of God here referred to may have reference to the atonement and resurrection of the Just Christ, by whom the unjust infant and adult (by laying hold of Him as offered in the gospel) shall be made just before God; the former being baptized by the consent of Christian relatives. Then it can be said that the baptized infant has been permitted to come to Christ as He said "Suffer little children to come unto me. He also says no man cometh unto the Father except by me and he that cometh unto me I will in no wise cast out. The adult that comes by his own will and the infant that truly comes having received the blessing of God by the baptism administered by the parents consent will not be cast out. Christ to whom all power is given in Heaven and earth has given the little children the invitation to come unforbidden. He has given the promise that he that cometh shall not be cast out. Infant baptised children often become the strongest Christian preachers, teachers and the holiest men and women on earth.

Infants that die in the faith having been baptised and adults that pass in to the sleep of death believing in Christ Jesus (whom revelations speaks of as "I am he that liveth and was dead; and, behold, I am alive forever more, Amen;) will be raised in the resurrection of those made just before God through the blood of Him crucified on Calvery who having overcome death and the grave will come with the holy angels to judge the living and dead. The baptised believers and their baptised infants will surely be acquitted and admitted to the right hand of God to perfect life then with Him. "Repent and be baptised every one of you in the name of the Lord Jesus is a Biblical verse, addressed probably to people beginning to observe the reality of a living, risen, mediating Redeemer of souls, but as individuals not yet baptised. But it is meant for the unbaptised of the generations of this nineteenth century as well as for the people of past and future generations.

AARON.

Knock at the Door.

A fine big brindle and white bulldog belonging to a Hartford merchant was lying asleep in the kitchen the other day, when a rag merchant bent on a bargain hoisted in without the formality of knocking. He probably is cured of the habit, for the dogs first movement was to leap for the man's face, and he caught him by the upper lip and tore that to shreds. Then he grabbed him by the wrist, and before the woman of the house could drag him away he had chewed that in a most unpleasant manner was a close call.—Ex.

Remedy for Ivy Poisoning.

To the editor of the Scientific American.

The best of all remedies for poison ivy is simply hot water. All other remedies that I have tried (and I have tried many of them) only aggravate the poison, but hot water, as hot as can be borne, affords instant relief. It must be applied every hour or two, or as often as the itching returns. In a couple of days a cure is effected. Poison sumac yields to the same treatment. The inflammation, and with it the itching and burning, are allayed at once. I am poisoned dozens of times every year, but suffer no inconvenience except the trouble of applying the hot water.

JOHN BURROUGHS

Eaten by Wolves.

CHICAGO, March 7.—A despatch from Fargo, Dakota, says: "Word has reached here that a man and his son, living at Poplar Grove, near Fort Totten, were eaten by a pack of wolves last week. The facts as near as could be obtained are described as follows: The father and son left their house with shovels to clear the snow from a haystack not more than 15 or 20 rods distant. The father and son were at once attacked by a pack of sixteen wolves, which literally ate them alive, while the wife and mother gazed through the window at the horrible sight, knowing it was certain death to go out. After the brutes had eaten all the flesh off the bones, they came up to the house and ran around it several times and went away."

London Saturday Review.

A short time ago a quack experimented in Lambeth with considerable success upon the pockets of an awe stricken crowd. After a preliminary harangue and a terse little lecture on the viscera, which the charlatan sketched in with colored crayons upon a blackboard on which the human skeleton was outlined in white paint, the fellow came to business. "I am going to demonstrate to you," said he, "by a startling experiment upon one of you by standers, that my miraculous remedy can cure all diseases of the lungs and chest. Now, whoever's got a bad cough or cold on the chest, let him stand forward."

There was some little hesitation and a good deal of giggling. "Don't be afraid, my friends, said the quack "it's all free gratis, for nothing. Let any afflicted person come forward and I'll show him the nature of his disorder and give him a packet of my lung healer for nothing." At last a man with a violent cold and cough came forward. The quack doctor pretended to sound his chest with a stethoscope of almost pantomimic proportions and informed the staring crowd that the patient was in a galloping consumption.

"My friend," said the quack to the unfortunate victim, "so terrible is the disease that you can actually see it." He handed a glass tube to the patient and then poured a pint of clear water into a large tumbler. "Just you blow into the water, my friend," he cried. The man obeyed, the water grew discolored, turbid, and at last as white as if it had been mixed with milk. The patient himself became as pale as ashes. "This unhappy man, my friends," said the quack, as he held the glass on high, "if he hadn't had the good fortune to come across me to night wouldn't have been long for this world. I should have given him about a fortnight; that's all. Now a packet of my lung healers will cure him. What you see in the glass of water are his vitiated humors, the products of corruption. My magic lung healers destroy these humors in the body or out of the body. Observe, my friends, watch me carefully, there is no deception here." The quack dropped a pinch from one of a packet of powders into a glass, and directed the patient to stir it with the tube. The water became immediately clear. Then he reaped his harvest. The water was lime water, and the carbonic acid in the man's breath naturally threw down the carbonate of lime at once and rendered the water turbid. And the miraculous lung healer was simply a little citric acid and sugar, which instantly dissolved it.

A WIND MESSAGE.

BY STENET DAYNE

O PRETTY wind, as you blow, blow, blow
All over the great wide world, I know
What I would like to whisper to you
If only you'll wait a moment or two.

Away, 'cross off on the wide blue sea
Somebody's sailing away from me.
O, beautiful wind, if you'll only go
And whisper to him as sweet and low
As here you sing in the tree-tops tall
I'm sure he'll listen and hear it all.

Sing to him softly while you say
A dear little girl you've seen to day,
Is crying because he does not come,
And begs her papa will soon come home.

"What is a good sermon? "That is a good sermon which does me good," said Mathew Henry, and we do not know that any later writer has invented a better definition."

"Some Florida cabbages measure five feet across the top and weigh twenty five pounds, so the Florida papers say. They also tell of a potato twenty seven pounds in weight, and a turnip weighing ten pounds."

"A young man in Lewiston, Me., never misses an opportunity for making a little money. The other day he sold the boots clean off his feet, making a clean profit of 30 cents, and walked home in his stocking feet."

The Handsomest Lady in Mifflintown and Patterson Remarked to a friend the other day that she knew Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs was a superior remedy as it stopped her cough instantly when others had no effect whatever. So to prove this and convince you of its merit, any druggist will give you a Sample Bottle *Free*. Large size 50c and $1.

MASON & HAMLIN PIANOS.

THE improved method of fastening the strings of pianos, invented by the Mason and Hamlin Organ and Piano Company a few years since, is acquiringing use of the most important improvements ever made, making the instrument more richly musical in its tones, as well as more durable, and less liable to get out of tune.

The Population of Mifflintown and Patterson is about 1600, and we would say at least one half are troubled with some affection of the Throat and Lungs, as these complaints are, according to statistics, more numerous than others. We would advise all such to avail the opportunity to call on their druggist and get a bottle of **Kemp's Balsam** for the Throat and Lungs. Price 50c and $1.00. *Trial size free.* Sold by all druggists.

MIFFLIN ACADEMY.

An English and Classical School for both sexes. Thorough preparation for college or business. During the coming term special attention will be paid to those preparing to teach. Low rates. The Spring term of 12 weeks begins

MONDAY, APRIL 2ND, 1888.

For any further information address the Principal,

R. F. ELLIOTT, A. B.,
Mifflintown, Pa.

"A young woman near Troy, N. Y., is making her fortune at selling Dutch cheese. A neighbor with a stock farm makes great quantities of butter. She bought all the sour milk at a nominal price and began making Dutch cheese. She made it into little pats and sold them at five cents each. She drove into the city—eight miles—every morning with a wagon full of anxious pans. Soon she had a route and regular customers. Then a boy took her place on the wagon, while she attended to the making of cheese. She has succeeded beyond her expectation."

LEGAL.

LIST OF DEALERS AND VENDERS of Foreign and Domestic Merchandise in the county of Juniata for the year 1888, as approved and classified by the Mercantile Appraiser.

Names	Class.	Am't
MIFFLINTOWN.		
Manbeck & Nelson, grain coal, lumber dealers	12	$ 12 50
W. J. Hafner, butcher	5	100 00
D. W. Harley, clothier	13	10 00
C. B. Hornbg, furniture dealer	13	10 00
K. H. McClintic, hardware	14	7,00
John Foreman, hotel	5	150 00
James A. Marks, hotel	5	150.00
C. S. Kepner, confectionery	14	7 00
Emil Schott, dealer in dry goods, boots & shoes	11	15 00
O. P. Robison, merchant	14	7 00
William Bell, implement dealer	14	7 00
McCauley & Myers, implement dealers	14	7 00
George W. Heck, boot & shoe dealer	14	7 00
I. D. Mosser, merchant	14	7 00
Fred Espenschade & Son, merchants	14	7 00
I. Banks & Co., druggists	14	7 00
John Eisa, merchant	14	7 00
Albert Hockenberger, merch't	14	7 00
Joseph Pennell, merchant	13	10 00
Francisco Hardware & Co., hardware	12	12 50
C. F. Hinkle, merchant	14	7 00
W. A. Rodgers, druggist	14	7 00
Joseph Adams, confectioner	14	7 00
W. F. Snyder, furniture deal'r	14	7 00
W. H. Redman, jeweler	14	7 00
BEALE TWP.		
L. B. & J. M. Wilson, merch's	13	10 00
Sharron & Shirk, merchants	14	7 00
Joseph Page, implement dealer	14	7 00
J. H. Winey, merchant	14	7 00
Edward M. Kelly, merchant	14	7 00
Brown & son, merchants	13	10 00
MONROE TWP.		
J. Winey, merchant	14	7 00
J. R. VanHorn, hotel	5	75 00
Rhine & Grubb, merchants	12	12 50
John W. Dickert, druggist	14	7 00
Edward Shiffer, merchant	14	7 00
Jacob Ludwig, merchant	14	7 00
SUSQUEHANNA TWP.		
E. G. Sheaffer, merchant	14	7 00
H. Beale, merchant	14	7 00
GREENWOOD TWP.		
John T. Dimm & Bro., merchants	14	7 00
Adam Arnold, hotel	5	75 00
DELAWARE TWP.		
C. G. Winey, merchant	13	10 00
Samuel Schlegel, merchant	13	10 00
THOMPSONTOWN.		
Samuel Kepner, hotel	5	150 00
Nelson & Manbeck, dealers in grain & coal	13	10 00
J. P. Wickersham, merchant	13	10 00
WALKER TWP.		
N. D. Vandyke, merchant	14	7 00
W. A. Herrick, merchant	14	7 00
G. R. M. Kepler & Bro.	14	7 00
C. A. Thompson, dealer in coal	14	7 00
W. W. Dimm, merchant	14	7 00
PORT ROYAL.		
W. T. McCulloch, merchant	14	7 00
Reynolds & Son, merchants	13	10,00
A. J. Pettit, merchant	13	10 00
J. F. McNeal, hotel	5	7 00
Philip Kepner, coal dealer	14	7 00
D. H. Bossman, merchant	14	7 00
Jacob Groninger, grain and lumber dealer	14	7 00
N. Hertzler, merchant	12	12 50
N. Hertzler, grain dealer	14	7 00
SPRUCE HILL TWP.		
J. C. Conn & Bro., merch's	14	7 00
Samuel Mower, merchant	14	7 00
J. L. Barton, merchant	13	10 00
BEALE TWP.		
J. P. Kelly, merchant	14	7 00
H. W. Kling, merchant	14	7 00
Alexander Woodward	14	7 00
William Pomeroy, merchant	14	7 00
PATTERSON.		
R. L. Gass, hardware	13	10 00
Meloy & Son, merchants	14	7 00
Farmer's Mercantile Ass'n	14	7 00
John Hass, hotel	5	150 00
Robert Nixon, hotel	5	150 00
T. J. McDaugh, merchant	13	10 00
Isaac Gosheon, merchant	14	7 00
W. H. McDonald merchant	14	7 00
Howard Kirk, Tobacconist	14	7 00
J. North & Son dealers in grain & coal	12	12 50
Samuel Strayer, clothier	13	10 00
M. Mason & Beale, merch'ts	13	10 00
Joseph Pennell, merchant	13	10 00
W. H. Banks, druggist	14	7 00
T. S. Reese, confectioner	14	7 00
MILFORD TWP.		
J. B. Meloy & Bro.	14	7 00
TUSCARORA TWP.		
M. Culloch & Wilson, merch's	14	7 00
J. M. Crawford, merchant	14	7 00
A. J. Ferguson, merchant	14	7 00
W. VanSwerigin & Son	14	7 00
H. Thompson merchant	13	10 00
LACK TWP.		
G. W. Campbell, merchant	14	7 00
A. W. Oigel, merchant	14	7 00
John Vaughn, merchant	14	7 00
R. H. Patterson, merchant	13	10 00
R. Rhine, merchant	14	7 00

I will hold my appeal on Saturday, the 21st day of April, A. D., 1888, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. At the Commissioner's Office.

D. B. DEEN,
Mercantile Appraiser

March 14, 1888. 4t.

In our Popular Brand

Old Honesty

Will be found a *Combination not always to be had.*

A FINE QUALITY OF PLUG TOBACCO AT A REASONABLE PRICE

IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR A FIRST CLASS ARTICLE IN CHEWING TOBACCO DON'T FAIL TO GIVE

Old Honesty

A FAIR TRIAL

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR IT
DON'T TAKE ANY OTHER

JNO. FINZER & BROS., LOUISVILLE, KY.

JUNIATA VALLEY BANK,

OF MIFFLINTOWN, PA.

WITH

BRANCH AT PORT ROYAL.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

JOSEPH ROTHROCK, *President.*
T. VAN IRWIN, *Cashier.*

DIRECTORS.

W. C. Pomeroy, Joseph Rothrock, John Hertzler, Philip M. Kepner, Amos G. Bonsall, Louis E. Atkinson, Robert S. Parker,

STOCKHOLDERS:

Philip M. Kepner, Annie M. Shelley, Joseph Rothrock, Jane H. Irwin, L. E. Atkinson, R. S. Parker, W. C. Pomeroy, J. Holmes Irwin, Amos G. Bonsall, T. V. Irwin, Charlotte Snyder, John Hertzler, Mary Kurtz, Jerome N. Thompson, Jr.

Three and Four per cent. interest will be paid on certificates of deposits.

Jan 23, 1887—tf

LET US TELL YOU WISE TO STATE

A FEW FACTS

Worth Knowing,

That I can stop TOOTHACHE in less than five minutes; no pain, no extracting.

That I can extract teeth without pain, by the use of a third applied to the teeth and gums; no danger.

That Diseased Gums (known as Scurvy) treated successfully and a cure warranted in every case.

Teeth FILLED and warranted for life.

Artificial Teeth repaired, exchanged or remodelled, from $9.00 to $12 per set. Beautiful Gum Enameled Teeth inserted at prices to suit all.

All work warranted to give perfect satisfaction. People who have artificial teeth with which they cannot eat, are especially invited to call. Work done professionally at their homes if satisfied by letter.

Will visit regularly at Richfield the 2nd weeks of May and October.

TERMS—Cash.

G. L. DERR,

Practical Dentist,

ESTABLISHED IN MIFFLINTOWN, PA., IN 1865.

Oct. 14 '85.

Mason & Hamlin

Organs and Pianos.

The Cabinet Organ was introduced by Mason & Hamlin in 1861. Mason & Hamlin Organs have always maintained their supremacy over all others, having received Highest Honors at all Great World's Exhibitions since 1867.

The Improved Mode of Stringing Pianos, invented by Mason & Hamlin in 1882, is a great advance in piano construction, experts pronouncing it "the greatest improvement in pianos in half a century." Fine circular, containing 300 testimonials from purchasers, musicians, and users, and Piano and Organ Catalogues, free.

MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN AND PIANO CO.,
46 East 14th St. (Union Square), NEW YORK.

A PRIME INVESTMENT.

TORTILITA

Gold and Silver Mining Co.

JOSEPH H. REALL, President.

42-48 Congress St., Boston,
57 Broadway, New York.

SHARES $2 EACH IN ANY SIZE LOTS

The twelve Mines and mill of this company have just been examined by the eminent English mining engineer, Mr Francis D. Taylor, 54 Merchants Exchange, Boston, who reports the property as represented. It is the best in America for its capitalization. April 11 1887.

COMBINATION.

SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN AND THE WEEKLY PRESS.

One dollar and fifty cents in advance will secure you the SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN and THE WEEKLY PRESS for the period of one year.

The SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN gives nearly twice as much reading as any one of the other papers in Juniata. Its reports of all important home news and enterprises is full and within the period of a year its variety of reading matter comprehends within its scope almost every topic. Consider that in addition to this, the best local and literary paper published in Juniata county, you can have the Philadelphia WEEKLY PRESS, one of the best papers published in America, you have an offer that comes seldom to a man and his family.

After children have learned to read, the greatest educator is the newspaper. Every man should do justice to his family by subscribing for a public journal.

Subscribers who are in arrears can avail themselves of this combination offer by paying arrearages and paying one dollar and fifty cents in advance, thereby securing the two papers.

When you have subscribed for the SENTINEL AND REPUBLICAN you are certain in your securement of the county paper that gives you a larger quantity and greater variety of reading matter than is presented by other journals published in Juniata county, and when you accept this combination offer of the two papers you have secured for yourself and family a newspaper prize of inestimable value for a price so low that it amounts to almost a marvel.

In this day and generation it amounts almost to a wrong to one's self and family to deny themselves the advantage of a good paper like the SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN and a state paper like the WEEKLY PRESS. There are more than a thousand and one things during the passage of a year that interest and sometimes directly benefit the individual and family, that appear in the home paper but like the rain, sunshine and air, that we are so familiar with, we do not appreciate as they merit.

Do you appreciate a first rate offer? Have the kindness to mention it to your neighbor if your neighbor has not already found it out, and if he has it will not do harm to speak to him concerning it.

A SPLENDID COLLECTION

—OF—

Bright, New Fall

—AND—

WINTER STYLES!

The Champion Clothier of Juniata County having just returned from the Eastern cities with a wonderful

AUTUMN & WINTER STOCK

Will make friends, outshine rivals, win victories, and sell itself on its merits. MEN'S BOYS & CHILDREN'S

FASHIONABLE CLOTHING,

and Gent's furnishing goods. First Class, combining Style, Quality and Elegance, with prices that will astonish you. No sale is expected unless I prove this.

But I ask your patronage only when I give complete satisfaction. My stock of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES OVER-ALLS, WATCHES and JEWELRY, Calico, Percale and White Shirts, Neck wear, Collars and Cuffs, Trunks and Satchels, is full and complete. Call and see.

Sam'l STRAYER,

THE OLD RELIABLE CLOTHIER AND FURNISHER IN PATTERSON.

June 16, 1886.

J. WARREN PLEITE,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

MIFFLINTOWN, JUNIATA CO., PA.

Collecting and conveyancing promptly attended to. Office in second story of Beford building. Entrance on Main street. [4-29-87.]

LEWIS E. ATKINSON. F. M. M. PENNELL

ATKINSON & PENNELL,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

MIFFLINTOWN, PA.

Collecting and Conveyancing promptly attended to.

OFFICE—On Main street, in place of residence of Louis E. Atkinson, Esq., south of Bridge street. [Oct 26, 1886.

D. M. CRAWFORD, M. D.,

Has resumed actively the practice of Medicine and Surgery and their collateral branches. Office at the old corner of Third and Orange streets, Mifflintown, Pa.

March 30, 1876.

JOHN McLAUGHLIN. JOSEPH W. STIMMEL

McLAUGHLIN & STIMMEL,

INSURANCE AGENTS,

PORT ROYAL, JUNIATA CO., PA.

Only reliable Companies represented.

Dec. 8, 1886—1y

New Firm.

WINTER GOODS.

To the coming and going of Seasons we must all conform. The Goods suitable for spring and summer must be supplanted by

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

We have now filled our shelves with Fall and Winter Goods of all kinds. Our customers have appreciated our efforts to give them goods to suit their purposes, and we believe that we are better prepared than ever to merit their confidence. We invite you to come and see and be satisfied. In our dress goods department we have almost everything. Don't be backward, call for what you want.

Shoes and Boots.

Our Boot and Shoe Department is full in its assortment, and you certainly can be suited in fit, quality and price. Whatever improvements have been added by the manufactures we have them all. We can supply you with foot wear for any in or out door service. Our grocery Department never lags. We have on hand a full line of Fresh, Plain and Fancy

GROCERIES.

Also, the only full line of

QUEENSWARE

in the county. Every house must have its full supply of Queens and Glassware, this is the store to call on for such articles.

All orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

Remember the place,

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE,

Mifflintown, Pa.,

Fred'k ESPENSCHADE & Son.

CAUTION NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against fishing or hunting, gathering berries, or crossing fields, or in any other way trespassing on the lands of the under signed. J. B. KEEPER.

293 VICTOR

Smallest MANURE SPREADERS & FARM WAGONS

Feed Cutters, Fodder Shellers, Horse Stackers, Straw Stackers, Feed Mills, Corn Shellers, Cut Feed, Etc. All are warranted. Truck Wagons, Platform Scales, Etc. Catalogue free. Address Victor Manufacturing Co., Springfield, O.

Eastern Branch, Boston, Mass.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

TIME-TABLE

On and after Sunday Nov'r 13th, 1887 trains that stop at Mifflin will run as follows:

EASTWARD.

ALTOONA ACCOMMODATION leaves Altoona daily at 8 20 a. m., Tyrone 8.42 a. m., Huntingdon 8.33 a. m., Mount Union at 6.59 a. m., Newton Hamilton 7.04 a. m., McVeytown 7.26 a. m., Lewistown 7.33 a. m., Milford 8.11 a. m., Mifflin 8.17 a. m., Port Royal 8.28 a. m., Mexico 8.38 a. m., Tuscarora 8.42 a. m., Vandyke 8.46 a. m., Thompsontown 8.43 a. m., Durward 8.47 a. m., Millerstown 8.54 a. m., Newport 9.05 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg at 10 10 a. m., and at Philadelphia, 3 15 p. m.

SEA SHORE EXPRESS leaves Altoona daily at 6.55 a. m., and stopping at all regular stations between Altoona and Harrisburg, reaches Mifflin at 9.56 a. m., Harrisburg 11.40 p. M., and arrives in Philadelphia at 3.16 p. m.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Pittsburg daily at 6.35 a. m., Altoona at 2.00 p. m., and stopping at all regular stations arrives at Mifflin at 5.43 p. m., Harrisburg 7.00 p. m., Philadelphia 4 25 a. m.

Mail Express leaves Pittsburg at 1 00 p. m. Altoona 6 20 p m; Tyrone 6 54 p m; Huntingdon 7 37 p m; Lewistown 8 01 p m; Mifflin 8 13 p m; Harrisburg 10 45 p m; Philadelphia 4 20 a m.

Philadelphia Express Will stop at Mifflin at 11 33 when flagged.

WESTWARD.

FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia daily at 11 40 a m; Harrisburg 3 40 p m; Mifflin 4 08 p m; Lewistown 4 28 p m; Altoona 8 10 p m; arrives at Pittsburg at 11 35 p m.

WAY PASSENGER leaves Philadelphia daily at 4 30 a. m.; Harrisburg, 8 15 a. m.; Duncannon, 8 54 a. m.; Newport, 9 26 a. m.; Millerstown, 9 40 a. m.; Thompsontown, 9 52 a. m.; Van Dyke, 10 00 a. m.; Tuscarora, 10 05 a. m.; Mexico, 10 07 a. m.; Port Royal, 10 13 a. m.; Mifflin, 10 20 a. m.; Milford, 10 26 a. m.; Narrows, 10 34 a. m.; Lewistown, 10 45 a. m.; McVeytown, 11 16 a. m.; Newton Hamilton, 11 39 a. m.; Huntingdon, 12 17 p. m.; Tyrone, 1 04 p. m.; Altoona, 1 40 p. m., and stop at all regular stations between Harrisburg and Altoona.

OVERNIGHT EXPRESS leaves Philadelphia daily at 5 50 p. m., Harrisburg, 10 20 p. m., stopping at Rockville, Marysville, Duncannon, Newport, Millerstown, Thompsontown, Port Royal, times at Mifflin, 11 53 a. m.; Altoona, 2 20 a. m., and Pittsburg, 5 10 a. m.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Philadelphia daily at 7.00 a. m., Harrisburg 11.20 a. m., Newport, 12 13 p. m., Mifflin 12.47 p. m., stopping at all regular stations between Mifflin and Altoona reaches Altoona at 3.30 p. m., Pittsburg 8.20 p. m.

ALTOONA ACCOMMODATION leaves Philadelphia daily at 11 50 a. m., Harrisburg at 4 15 p. m., Duncannon 4.49 p. m., Newport 5.16 p. m., Millerstown 5.25 p. m., Thompsontown 5.36 p. m., Vandyke 5.44 p. m., Tuscarora 5.48 p. m., Mexico 5.50 p. m., Port Royal 5.54 p. m., Mifflin 6.05 p. m., Lewiston 6.25 p. m., McVeytown 6.40 p. m., Newton Hamilton 7.10 p. m., Huntingdon 7 40 p. m., Altoona 9 00.

Pacific Express leaves Philadelphia 11 20 p m; Harrisburg 3 10 a m; Duncannon 3 39 a m; Newport 4 01 a m; Mifflin 4 42 a m; Lewistown 5 04 a m; McVeytown 5 27 a m; Mt. Union 5 54 a m; Huntingdon 6 20 a m; Petersburg 6 36 a m; Spruce Creek 6 48 a m; Tyrone 7 05 a m; Bell's Mills 7 27 a m; Altoona 8 05 a m; Pittsburg 12 40 p m.

Sea Shore Express east, on Sundays, will connect with Sunday Mail east leaving Harrisburg at 1 15 p. m.

Way Passenger west and Mail east will stop at Luxmow and Freeman's Spring, when flagged.

LEWISTOWN DIVISION.

Trains leave Lewistown Junction for Milroy at 6 35 a m, 10 55 a m, 3 15 p m; for Sunbury at 7 15 a m, 3 00 p m.

Trains arrive at Lewistown Junction from Milroy at 9 00 a m, 1 25 p m, 4 50 p m; from Sunbury at 8 25 a m, 4 10 p m.

TYRONE DIVISION.

Trains leave Tyrone for Bellefonte and Lock Haven at 8 10 a m, 7 15 p m. Leave Tyrone for Curwensville and Clearfield at 8 20 a m, 8 05 p m, 7 25 p m.

Trains leave Tyrone for Warriors Mark, Pennsylvania Furnace and Scotia at 9 20 a m and 4 40 p m.

Trains arrive at Tyrone from Bellefonte and Lock Haven at 12 05 p m, and 6 27 p m.

Trains arrive at Tyrone from Curwensville and Clearfield at 8 55 a m, and 11 45 a m, 6 17 p m.

Trains arrive at Tyrone from Scotia, Warriors Mark and Pennsylvania Furnace at 8 55 a m, at 2 35 p m.

B. & B. T. R. R. & BEDFORD DIVISION.

Trains leave Huntingdon for Bedford, Hyndman and Cumberland at 8 25 a. m and 6 25 p. m.

Trains arrive at Huntingdon from Bedford, Hyndman and Cumberland at 12 15 p. m., 6 20 p. m.

HOLLIDAYSBURG BRANCH.

Trains leave Altoona for points South, at 7 20 a m 8 25 a m, 2 00 p m, 5 00 p m, 6 00 p m., 9 50 p m.

Trains arrive at Altoona from points South, at 8 50 a m, 11 25 a m, 4 35 p m, 7 00 p m, 7 25 p. m. and 10 25 p m.

CAUTION NOTICE.

All persons are hereby cautioned against hunting, cutting timber, building fires, throwing down stone and rail fences, or crossing fields, or otherwise trespassing on any of the several tracts of land belonging to the undersigned in Lack township for persons thus trespassing will be dealt with according to law.

W. D. WALLS.

November 16, 1886.

The *Sentinel and Republican* office is the place to get job work done. Try it.