SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN

MIFFLINTOWN.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 5, 1887.

B. F. SCHWEIER,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PROTECTIONISTS are the only people qualified to revise the tariff.

IN Massachussetts there are sixty-five thousand more women than men.

Thus far there are seven candidates for Logan's place in the United States Senate.

NEW YORK Democrats are talking of running Abram S. Hewitt for the Presidency in 1888.

THE Secretary of the United States Treasury has issued a call for $10,000,000 three per cent. bonds.

THE Inter-State Commerce bill is the cause of no little perplexity to the mind of a good many Congressmen.

EUROPEAN dispatches insist upon it that Russia will "let slip the dogs of war," next March, for the acquisition of Constantinople.

WHO ever heard of Henry George dividing his dimes and dollars with anybody. The charitable thing to say about him, he is only a blatherskite.

THE doctors report that about three per cent. of the cases of rheumatism are dangerous. General Logan was a victim of the 3 per cent. fatal cases of the disease.

A FUND amounting to fifty thousand dollars has been raised by the admirers of General Logan, to be presented as a gift to Mrs. Logan for her maintenance.

EVERYTHING of importance must have a woman connected with it, and accordingly, the exposure of the secret work of the Knights of Labor is said to have been accomplished by Miss Henrietta Frank.

IT is reported that the South Penn railroad is to be completed by the Baltimore & Ohio Company. The struggle by the trunk lines is for the control of highways over which the trade and travel of the continent must pass.

IT was a French journalist that started the report that the Czar frequently gets drunk. France is called on to answer, and it is now proposed to pass a law in France to make newspaper men liable to prosecution by the foreign officers that they write about.

THERE is no conflict between capital and labor in this country. The capitalist of this year may be the poor man of next year, and the poor man of to-day may be the capitalist of to-morrow. Every community in America has its cases of rich people getting poor, and poor people getting rich.

SOME days ago James G. Blaine in a speech, expressed the belief that preaching will be a great deal more effective if preachers will refrain from reading. Reading is not preaching, he says. Mr. Blaine's views on that point are entertained by ninety-five per cent. of the people who attend upon preaching.

THE arrest of Witrock and Cook, in Mo., last week, for robbing an express car last October, has been followed by a confession in which they say that the agent of the express car was a party to the robbery, he was to have a share of the plunder and for that had agreed with them to give up the car to them when they made the demand. The agent knew when he was carrying large sums of money.

THE question that agitates the people of the Roman Catholic religious faith, is that of the removal of Rev. Dr. McGlynn, of New York city, for having espoused the cause of Henry George when he was a candidate for Mayor of New York city during the late political campaign. Dr. McGlynn is like George himself, in this, that he has never been known to distribute his dollars and dimes around promiscuously as fast as he receives them. Neither of them practice what they preach.

SENATOR JOHN A. LOGAN, of Illinois, died about 9 o'clock on Sunday, December 26, 1886, at his home in Washington, D. C., aged 62 years. He was a brave soldier against rebellion, and a politician remarkably successful in his efforts to obtain office. He was the son of John Logan, who came from Ireland, in 1821. His mother was Miss Elizabeth Jenkins, of Tennessee. He was born on a farm in Jackson county, Illinois, in 1824. He secured a common school and academic education of two months, was in the Mexican war, after which he attended a law school and began the practice of law at the age of twenty seven years. He was a Congressman before the war, and when rebellion broke out he became famous as a volunteer general. He will be succeeded by a Republican in the Senate.

IT is charged that the Czar of Russia is drunk more than half his time, and that accounts for his preparation to take Constantinople, all of which may be true. There is this about it, the several Czars who preceeded him have had a desire to possess Constantinople. Were they drunk? It should be an inexcusable offense in a king to get drunk, for by his position he may inflict great injury upon the people of his government. But in this case, drunk or sober it is hoped the Czar may secure Constantinople.

ANARCHISTS of Chicago have issued a call on almost everybody in America to rise in arms and destroy the capitalists. The call is directed particularly to workmen, and as nearly everybody in the United States is a workman nearly everybody is included in the call. The most of the capitalists are workmen or ex-workmen, and the children and grand-children of most of them will be workmen, about the only people left out by the call are the anarchists, and as the most of them are loafers and beer guzzlers, it is a question of importance as to what is to become of them. They are a nice set of people to be talking about workmen and capitalists.

ALL of the grievances in America can be corrected at the ballot box. When there is a misadministration of public affairs, from the township to national affairs it can be remedied by voting down the men who abuse their official trust, and that is why the Nihilist and the Anarchist are a blotch on American civilization. If it were possible for the Anarchist to precipitate the nation into a state of anarchy for a period of six, ten, or a dozen years, the result would be the development of a despotic power that would recognize no law but its own will. Popular government, as represented through the ballot box would be destroyed, and the Anarchists would be annihilated. The Anarchists don't understand to what end their work naturally leads.

A COMPANY of Philadelphia base ball players went to Cuba to scoop in a fortune playing ball. They played at Havana to large crowds on an admission fee of twenty-five cents and were coining money. Suddenly, one morning, a big ship from Spain was announced as in port with Mazantilla, the bull fighter, on board. All the sports in the city went to see Mazantilla "fight the bull." The first day he showed on an admission fee of $1.75. He had thirteen horses killed under him and killed six bulls. The sport of seeing the bull killer having his horses killed, and seeing him kill the bulls, was enough to make such sports as base ball playing too tame for the Cubans, and the Philadelphia club came home out of pocket about $1,300.

CHURCH circles and Sunday school people in Philadelphia have been a good deal interested the past ten days in the trial of Rev. Messaros, on a charge of Mrs. Coulston, one of his flock, for indecent assault in her own house. Mrs. Coulston swears that the preacher put his arms around her and attempted an indecent assault. The preacher swears that she threw her arms around him and then called her husband and several friends from an adjoining room. The preacher insists on it that it was a conspiracy to ruin him. To hear their evidence, one concludes that they were afraid of each others arms, and yet if their evidence is worth anything, the preacher had his arm around the woman, or the woman had her arms around the preacher. She testifies that he was bad, he testifies that he had no confidence in her. The jury acquitted him of the charges of the woman.

Died Poor.

A Washington despatch says: "General Logan died a poor man. I am sure of that. About ten years ago he owned property and business investments in and around Chicago that were worth about $150,000. Since then he practically lost everything. His investments were lost in the panic of 1873, and he had nothing to depend upon outside his salary of $5,000 per year as Senator when he died. Logan was a lawyer by profession, but had not practised at the bar for many years and he had no reputation in the legal line. He was not a good business man. An illustration will suffice to explain what is meant. Several years ago he owned a farm in Illinois. Some one told him that coal lay underneath the farm and he became convinced of the fact. I told him that the geological survey of the State conclusively proved that there could not be coal on his property, but a rascally contract or came along who insisted to the contrary. He said that he would drill down after coal on the farm, and if he did not find it, he would charge nothing. If he was successful, he was to be paid $6,000. Logan thought that this was a good offer and he accepted it. The fellow ran his drill down about three hundred feet, found nothing and salted the hole with coal. He brought specimens around to the General, who paid him his $6,000, and the rascal decamped. At an expense of about $20,000 the General caused a shaft to be sunk to the point where the swindling contractor declared he had discovered a vein of coal, and then the fraud was discovered. The swindler was never found afterward and Senator Logan bore the loss."

Counterfeit Silver Dollars.

A despatch from Chicago says: "For several weeks counterfeit silver dollars have been daily appearing at the Sub-Treasury, and during the holidays there was a regular influx of them. They came through various banks, which obtained them at the holiday stores. Several excellent counterfeits were received to-day from the First National, Illinois National and Park National Banks. The coins came in bulk from the large retail stores, and the tellers of the various banks sent them to the Sub-Treasury without going over them. The best counterfeits were dated 1881, 1882 and 1885. The latter series is comparatively unknown here, and is said to be such a clever counterfeit as to deceive any one not an expert. The secret service officers think a new and very dangerous counterfeit has lately been put on this market, and will endeavor to find its source."

Conspiracy.

There are accounts of conspiracy almost beyond number, but they are chiefly accounts of social conspiracy, a half dozen or a dozen people conspiring against some one or two individuals. There are accounts of church conspiracy, business conspiracy and political conspiracy, but it is so uncommon a thing for a man to conspire to ruin his wife, that the following account of a conspiracy to ruin a wife is reproduced from the Philadelphia Times of last Wednesday. The conspiracy case growing out of the marital trouble of Mr. and Mrs. Mark Elkin came to trial before Judge Reed, in the old Court House yesterday morning. There are three bills and the Commonwealth chose that charging Mark Elkin, Frederick A. Acker, Joseph R. Newton, and Nimrod Woolery with conspiring to effect the ruin of the former's wife. An hour was occupied in getting a jury and then the fight at once began in earnest.

A SERIOUS ARRANGEMENT.

Mr. Kinsey opened to the jury. He explained that after living together for eight or nine years Mr. and Mrs Elkin separated, he making her an allowance for the support of herself and three children. In order to get rid of this tax and be at liberty to marry another woman he determined to secure evidence upon which he could get a divorce. He began operations by telling Mrs. Elkin that to lighten expenses she must rent some rooms in the house in which she lived, No. 1902 North Twenty first street. For this purpose he suggested a newspaper advertisement. He next got a Mrs. Davis to answer this advertisement and take a room with Mrs. Elkin, her work being to ingratiate herself with the victim of the conspiracy, and introduce the men who were to carry on the work. For this purpose Mrs. Davis introduced thrae men—James Burns, a Mr. Healy and a man named Latch. In a very short time they all became ashamed of their work and retired in disgust. Then Elkin laid even a deeper plan. He got a man named Godshalk to open a commission coal office near Elkin's house, make her acquaintance, take a room in the neighborhood and then try to induce Mrs. Elkin to accompany him there at a time when witnesses would be present to testify of what they saw. These witnesses were quartered in the house of a Mrs. Stevens, opposite to Godshalk's room. One of them grew confidential with Mrs. Stevens and gave her an idea of what they were there for. She revealed the plot to Mrs. Elkin and the thing was at an end. Mr. Kinsey promised to call all of these witnesses, with the exception of Godshalk, who is a fugitive from justice, and thus reveal the whole plot to the jury.

In the bill which was put on trial Frederick A. Acker, Joseph R. Newton and Nimrod Woolery are joined with Elkin as defendents. Acker is his business partner, while Newton and Woolery, who is a lawyer, were the witnesses who boarded with Mrs. Steven.

TESTIMONY OF MRS. DAVIS.

Mrs. Kate Davis was the first witness called. She testified that when she first met Elkin in Lawyer Bonham's office, years ago, he told her he believed his wife was untrue to him and he wanted her house watched. He explained about the advertisement, and she took an unfurnished room with Mrs. Elkin, which Elkin furnished for her. After she had been there a few weeks he asked her to introduce parties to Mrs. Elkin to see whether she was "all wrong," as they had supposed. Burns, Healy and Latch were the "parties" whom she introduced one after another. She and Mrs. Elkin went to the theater with these men several times and had supper afterwards, but nothing was ever drunk nor did anything improper occur. The witness was paid $8 or $10 a week at Lawyer Bonham's office, and $3,000 was mentioned as the sum which would be paid by Mr. Elkin if Mrs. Elkin was proved to be untrue.

MRS. STEVENS' DISCOURSES.

When Mrs. Davis left the stand Mrs. Anna R. Stevens followed her. Mrs. Stevens is a dress maker, who lives at 2349 Oxford street, and takes a few boarders. In February or March, 1885, Woolery and a man giving the name of Nixon, whom she identified as the defendent Newton, called at her house and wanted board. They were accompanied on the visit by Elkin. They took her second-story front room and paid her $15 weekly. Elkin called twice to see them during the three weeks they were there. Woolery once remarked I suppose you wonder who we are?" She admitted the fact. He said: "Well we are here under assumed names, but you are too smart to be fooled. Here is my card. The gentleman up stairs can do as he pleases about giving you his name. We are here for the purpose of detecting a bad woman. She is getting enormous alimony, and is supporting another man from it and neglecting her three children." Woolery also told her about Godshalk's living opposite, and she watched the house. He also told her she said that Godshalk was to get $1,000 to ruin the woman and that he was to get $3,000 if he accomplished his part of the case. He and Nixon took turns in watching at the window. They had the slats fixed so that they could look out and not be seen. One afternoon she witness saw Woolery and Godshalk on the street together. She accused the former with being in league with Godshalk and asked him if he was not ashamed of himself. He replied he was ashamed and wished to God that he was out of it. He said Kate Davis had taken three men to Mrs. Elkin's house, and that they had all tried to do what Godshalk was trying to do without succeeding. He said Elkin was a fool, and that he believed Mrs. Elkin was a pure, virtuous woman—"which she is," declared the witness. When she told Woolery that she did not think Godshalk was doing much he replied, "I believe Godshalk is weakening." After hearing these revelations she disguised herself in a dress of one of her servants and followed Mrs. Elkin when she saw her walking down the street with Godshalk. When they separated she told Mrs. Elkin what she had heard. On the side of Elkin's are witnesses to prove that Mrs. Elkins was seen with other men under peculiar circumstances.

Anarchistic War Whoop.

CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—An editorial in yesterday's edition of the Arbiter Zeitung concludes as follows: "When they (the capitalists) have created a standing army, a military station, a 'Fort Logan' that means civil war to the death and destruction to the workingmen. The workingman, the small tradesmen, the farmers, all thinking and liberty loving men have but one answer for that, namely, arming. Arm yourselves with the cheapest, the best, the most effective arms, such as can be handled easiest, whether Gatling guns, Winchester rifles or pistols. Working men, be men. Do not stand by idle and without plan when your enimies are arming themselves to annihilate you. Your honor, your self-esteem, demand this of you. Now there is time but it may soon be too late." This has, it is said, been laid before the State's Attorney.

The Bloomfield Advocate of last week publishes the following: Charles Sutton, tax collector for Greenwood township for 1884, came to Newport on Thursday last. As the county commissioners had requested that all duplicates for 1884 should be settled by the 23d inst., it is supposed Sutton was on his way to Bloomfield, but it is evident he could not meet the demand. This doubtless preyed on his mind. About 10 o'clock that same evening he was found in a dying condition along the road opposite Newport. He was brought to that place and Dr. Eby summoned, but as that physician was absent Dr. Orris was called in, and pronounced the man suffering from an overdose of laudanum, and exposure. The fatal opiate had done its work and the subject was beyond recovery. A bottle containing some laudanum was found on his person. He died soon after his removal. Exonerations amounting to about $29 were also found in a pocket, making his indebtedness to the county between $140 and $150. The supposition is he took the laudanum with suicidal intention. A coroner's jury found a verdict in accordance with the facts above related. Mr. Sutton was about 56 years old and leaves a widow but no children.

A young man living in Arkansas, wrote to his father in Daviess county, Ky., some months ago, the following: He said, "A Cambellite preacher once came into these parts and one Sunday afternoon went to see some of the families down in the Lake settlement. At one house he asked the lady where her husband was. She replied: 'He is out hunting.' 'What,' said the preacher, 'Has he no fear of God?' 'Oh, no!' she replied, 'he has his gun and dogs with him.' The preacher then inquired 'Have you any Campbellites about here, as they call them?' She replied 'I really don't know, my husband hunts and kills all sorts of varmints and stretches their skins on the side of the house. You can go and look at them and see for yourself." The preacher, of course, did not examine the "varmints" skins to find a Campbellite, but he no doubt concluded that they needed a missionary in the Lake settlement.

A footpad near South Prairie, W. T., held up a citizen the other evening about dusk, but before he could rifle the pockets of his victim some men came along. They caught the robber, stripped him to the waist, gave him a sound thrashing, and advised him to leave, otherwise he would be hanged on the spot. He took the advice.

A PRESBYTERIAN minister named Clayton Kelso, came home from the funeral of his sister last Wednesday, and committed suicide by hanging himself to a beam in his barn at Macon, Mo.

Two Philadelphia firemen went down to death in the giving way of a floor in the burning of the Singerly Temple Theatre last week.

Fall and Winter Goods.

I would inform the public that I have now in my new millinery store at my place of residence on Water street, Mifflintown, second door from corner of Bridge street, a full stock, of Fall and Winter millinery goods, all new, and of the latest styles, and having employed first class milliners, I am prepared to supply the public with everything found in a firstclass milliner store, come and examine my stock. I consider it no trouble to show goods.

MRS. DEISL.

May 2-83,1.y.

DR. SINE'S SYRUP CURES COUGHS AND COLDS.

CAUTION NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against fishing or hunting, gathering berries, or crossing fields, or in any other way trespassing on the lands of the under signed J. S. KEEFER.

FROM LIFE TO DEATH

is but a moment if rheumatism or neuralgia strikes the heart. These diseases are the most painful and the most dangerous of any to which human kind is liable. They fly from one part to another without a moment's warning, and liniments and other outward applications are in themselves dangerous because they are liable to drive the disease to some vital organ and cause instant death. Rheumatism and neuralgia are diseases of the blood, and can only be reached by a remedy which will drive from the blood the dangerous acids. Such a remedy is Athlophoros. It has been thoroughly tested and is a safe, sure cure.

Spruce Creek, Pa., Oct. 5, 1885.

In answer to your request to know what your Athlophoros has done for me, I will say it has done wonderful work. I have suffered from rheumatism for eighteen years more or less, and sometimes not able to put my clothes on or eat alone. I took all kinds, doctored with a good many doctors, but nothing did me any good. I was getting worse instead of better. I read your advertisement in the "Democrat" and "Sentinel" papers of Louistown. I have taken in all four bottles. I feel no pain. I was drawn crooked, but now I am straight once more. Thank you for the good it done me. Athlophoros is the medicine. PHILIP HARPSTER.

Your medicine has cured me of neuralgia. I suffered with it for three days, and it gave me instant relief.

WM. F. KINCH.

Palmyra, N. Y., August 19th, 1886.

I used one bottle of Athlophoros for neuralgia after being laid up eight weeks. The result was very satisfactory.

R. S. EDDY.

Every druggist should keep Athlophoros and Athlophoros Pills, but where they cannot be bought of the druggist the Athlophoros Co., 112 Wall St., New York, will send either (carriage paid) on receipt of regular price, which is $1.00 per bottle for Athlophoros and 50c. for Pills.

For liver and kidney diseases, dyspepsia, indigestion, weakness, nervous debility, diseases of women, constipation, headache, impure blood, &c., Athlophoros Pills are unequalled. 9

FOR WINTER WEAR.

Some Special Low Prices on All-Wool, Double Width

DRESS GOODS,

HAIR-LINE STRIPES,

50 CENTS A YARD.

Camels' Hair Suitings at 50 cts., worth 75cts.

French Tricots at $1.40, worth $2.00.

Plain Colored Cloths at 50c., 65c., 75c. and $1,00.

BLACK SILKS AT LOW PRICES.

Special Values in BLACK AND COLORED SILKS, SATIN RHADAMES and FAILLE FRANCAISE.

Large assortment of Plain, Colored, and Fancy

STRIPED SILK VELVETS

at Lowest Prices.

Latest Novelties in Dress Trimmings, in Braid, Jet, Feather and Fur.

Our $20.00 and $25.00 English Seal Plush Coats are unequaled at the prices—all sizes.

Short Seal Plush Mantles, Cloth Jackets and Newmarkets in latest styles.

Finest Alaska Seal Coats and Short Wraps at close prices.

Small Furs in great variety.

Our Mail Order Department sends prices and samples promptly.

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Perfect Hair

Indicates a natural and healthy condition of the scalp, and of the glands through which nourishment is obtained. When, in consequence of age and disease, the hair becomes weak, thin, and gray, Ayer's Hair Vigor will strengthen it, restore its original color, promote its rapid and vigorous growth, and impart to it the lustre and freshness of youth.

I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for a long time, and am convinced of its value. When I was 17 years of age my hair began to turn gray. I commenced using the Vigor, and was surprised at the good effects it produced. It not only restored the color to my hair, but so stimulated its growth, that I have now more hair than ever before.—J. W. Edwards, Coldwater, Miss.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers.

IF YOU ARE SUFFERING from debility and loss of appetite; if your stomach is out of order, or your mind confused; take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. This medicine will restore physical force and elasticity to the system, more surely and speedily than any tonic yet discovered.

For six months I suffered from liver and stomach troubles. My food did not nourish me, and I became weak and very much emaciated. I took six bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and was cured.—J. M. Palmer, Springfield, Mass. ††

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

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Illustrating the wit humor, and eccentricities of noted celebrities. A richly illustrated treat of inner Society History, from "ye olden time" to the wedding of Cleveland. Wonderfully Popular. Agents report rapid sales. Address for circular and terms, HUBBARD BROS., Publishers, Philadelphia, Pa.

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To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City.

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You will find one of the most complete in the county. The gum boots and shoes that we sell this fall have an improved sole and heel that adds to their wearing quality. Don't miss them.

We have Men's Fine Shoes at prices that will astonish you, our stock of Ladies' Shoes can not be surpassed in the county. Our stock is all fresh and clean and sold at prices that will surprise you. We have on hand a full line of Fresh, Plain and Fancy

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All orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

Remember the place,

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Worth Knowing,

That I can STOP TOOTHACHE in less than five minutes; no pain, no extracting.

That I can extract teeth without pain, by the use of a fluid applied to the teeth and gums; no danger.

That Diseased Gums (known as Scurvy) treated successfully and a cure warranted in every case.

Teeth FILLED and warranted for life.

Artificial Teeth repaired, exchanged or, remoddled, from $9.00 to $12 per set. Beautiful Gum Enameled Teet inserted at prices to suit all.

All work warranted to give perfect satisfaction. People who have artificial teeth with which they cannot eat, are especially invited to call. Will visit professionally at their homes if notified by letter.

G. L. DERR,

Practical Dentist,

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Pure Raw Bone Meal

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Special Manure for Seed Leaf Tobacco

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We can suit you in Sack, Cutaway, or Albert, or any of the nice styles of these days.

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Nice white vests, broad cloth coats, and fine cassimere pants. We sell a great many shirts of all kinds, and all kinds of goods that men and boys wear.

We can accommodate you from the crown of the head to the feet. We invite you to see us, in the finest Clothing House in Juniata.

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PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

TIME-TABLE

On and after Monday, Nov. 15th, 1886, trains that stop at Mifflin will run as follows:

EASTWARD.

ALTOONA ACCOMMODATION leaves Altoona daily at 5 10 a. m., Tyrone 5 44 a. m., Huntingdon 6,30 a. m., Mount Union at 6,56 a. m., Newton Hamilton 7,02 a. m., McVeytown 7,24 a. m., Lewistown 7,50 a. m., Milford 8,09 a. m., Mifflin 8,15 a. m., Port Royal 8,22 a. m., Mexico 8,27 a. m., Tuscarora 8,30 a. m., Vanuyke 8,34 a. m., Thompsontown 8,42 a. m., Durward 8,46 a. m., Millerstown 8,53 a. m., Newport 9,00 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg at 10 10 a. m., and at Philadelphia, 3 15 p. m.

SEA SHORE EXPRESS leaves Altoona daily at 7.00 a. m., and stopping at all regular stations between Altoona and Harrisburg, reaches Mifflin at 9-56 a. m., Harrisburg 11.40 p. M., and arrives in Philadelphia at 3.15 p. m.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Pittsburg daily at 6.55 a. m., Altoona at 2.00 p. m., and stopping at all regular stations arrives at Mifflin at 5-08 p. m., Harrisburg 7.10 p. m., Philadelphia 4 25 a. m.

Mail Express leaves Pittsburg at 1 00 p m. Altoona 6 20 p m; Tyrone 6 54 p m; Huntingdon 7 37 p m; Lewistown 8 51 p m; Mifflin 9 15 p m; Harrisburg 10 45 p m; Philadelphia 4 25 a m.

Philadelphia Express will stop at Mifflin at 11 35 when flagged.

WESTWARD.

WAY PASSENGER leaves Philadelphia daily at 4 30 a. m.; Harrisburg, 8 15 a. m.; Duncannon, 8 53 a. m.; Newport, 9 23 a. m.; Millerstown, 9 36 a. m.; Thompsontown, 9 47 a. m.; Van Dyke, 9 55 a. m.; Tuscarora, 9 59 a. m.; Mexico, 10 02 a. m.; Port Royal, 10 07 a. m.; Mifflin, 10 15 a. m.; Milford, 10 21 a. m.; Narrows, 10 29 a. m.; Lewistown, 10 40 a. m.; McVeytown, 11 0 a. m.; Newton Hamilton, 11 29 a. m.; Huntingdon, 12 06 p. m.; Tyrone, 12 58 p. m.; Altoona, 1 40 p. m., and stop at all regular stations between Harrisburg and Altoona.

OYSTER EXPRESS leaves Philadelphia daily at 5 40 p. m., Harrisburg, 10 25 p. m., stopping at Rockville, Marysville, Duncannon, Newport, Millerstown, Thompsontown, Port Royal, time at Mifflin, 11 56 a. m.; Altoona, 2 20 a. m., and Pittsburg, 6 10 a. m.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Philadelphia daily at 7.00 a. m., Harrisburg 11.00 a. m., Newport, 12 13 p. m., Mifflin 12.47 p. m., stopping at all regular stations between Mifflin and Altoona reaches Altoona at 3.30 p. m., Pittsburg 8.20 p. m.

ALTOONA ACCOMMODATION leaves Philadelphia daily at 11 14 a. m., Harrisburg at 4.10 p. m., Duncannon 4.45 p. m., Newport 5,13 p. m., Millerstown 5,23 p. m., Thompsontown 5,34 p. m., Vandyke 5.41 p. m., Tuscarora 5,46 p. m., Mexico 5,48 p. m., Port Royal 5,52 p. m., Mifflin 5,58 p. m., Lewistown 6,22 p. m., McVeytown 6-48 p. m., Newton Hamilton 7,10 p. m., Huntingdon 7 40 p. m. Altoona 9 00.

Pacific Express leaves Philadelphia 11 25 p m; Harrisburg 3 10 a m; Duncannon 3 39 a m; Newport 4 01 a m; Mifflin 4 42 a m; Lewistown 5 04 a m; McVeytown 5 27 a m; Mt. Union 5 54 a m; Huntingdon 6 20 a m; Petersburg 6 33 a m; Spruce Creek 6 48 a m; Tyrone 7 07 a m; Bell's Mills 7 27 a m; Altoona 8 05 a m; Pittsburg 12 40 p m.

Sea Shore Express east, on Sundays, will connect with Sunday Mail east leaving Harrisburg at 1 15 p. m.

Way Passenger west and Mail east will stop at Lucknow and Poorman's Spring when flagged.

LEWISTOWN DIVISION.

Trains leave Lewistown Junction for Milroy at 6 35 a m, 10 45 a m, 2 50 p m; for Sunbury at 7 15 a m, 2 00 p m.

Trains arrive at Lewistown Junction from Milroy at 9 00 a m, 1 18 pm, 4 10 p m; from Sunbury at 9 25 a m, 3 55 p m.

TYRONE DIVISION.

Trains leave Tyrone for Bellefonte and Lock Haven at 8 10 a m, 7 10 p m. Leave Tyrone for Curwensville and Clearfield at 8 20 a m, 3 05 p m, 7 00 p m.

Trains leave Tyrone for Warriors Mark, Pennsylvania Furnace and Scotia at 9 20 a m and 4 30 p m.

Trains arrive at Tyrone from Bellefonte and Lock Haven at 12 05 p m, and 5 42 p m.

Trains arrive at Tyrone from Curwensville and Clearfield at 8 58 a m, and 11 45 a m, 5 30 p m.

Trains arrive at Tyrone from Scotia, Warriors Mark and Pennsylvania Furnace at 8 58 a m, at 2 35 p m.

H. & B. T. R. R. & BEDFORD DIVISION.

Trains leave Huntingdon for Bedford, Bridgeport and Cumberland at 8 25 a. m and 5 20 p. m.

Trains arrive at Huntingdon from Bedford, Bridgeport and Cumberland at 12 35 p. m., 5 05 p. m.

HOLLIDAYSBURG BRANCH.

Trains leave Altoona for points South, at 7 20 a m. 8 25 a m. 2 00 p m. 5 00 p m. 6 50 p m.

Trains arrive at Altoona from points South, at 6 50 a m. 11 35 a m. 5 55 p m. 6 00 p m. 7 45 p. m. and 10 35 p m.

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