SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN

MIFFLINTOWN.

Wednesday, February 17, 1886.

B. F. SCHWEIER,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

GENERAL HANCOCK had been in poor health all winter.

PEACH buds in Delaware are reported, killed by frost.

THE London riots caused the Socialists in all of the cities of Europe to jubilate.

WESTERN railroad companies are about to extend their lines into the Indian Territory.

THE question of the pensioning of soldiers who fought in the war against Mexico is again before Congress.

THE rioting of the strikers in the coke region of this State has caused the coke men to close their works, with their works closed there will be nothing to riot about.

AN investigating committee of preachers, suspended the clerical functions of Rev. I. C. Pershing, President of the Pittsburg Female College, on the charge of dishonesty and immoral conduct, last week.

THE blustering British, the past week, have not been talking in their newspapers about the lawlessness of the far west of America. A mob of fifty thousand people in London, knocked that kind of talk out of Johnnie Bull.

LONDON storekeepers are loud in their denunciation of the mob. The mob did not kill but they robbed. London is like all large cities, it has too many people, and those who are the poorest are the slowest about going away to seek a living elsewhere.

THE Seaboard and Pennsylvania and Western Railroad, is again talked of as a road that may be built. The probability is that it will not be built soon. A company, if it may be called such, that gives out as many impressions as it has, is not the kind of a company that is given to railroad building on the ground. But those who have faith in it, have faith.

SOME of the newspapers are in favor of the government becoming the owners of the silver and gold mines. If government is to own gold and silver mines, why not own iron and coal mines, railroads, telegraph lines and bridges, and maintain and clothe the people? That might do, but it will not do for a republican form of government, for when government owns everything, there is an end of liberty, and that is the point that the advocates of the government owning everything have perhaps not thought of.

GENERAL WINFIELD S. HANCOCK died about three o'clock on the afternoon of the 9th inst., at his home on Governor's Island. He had been a sufferer from diabetes for some time. The bad state of his blood developed a carbuncle on the back of his neck and that took his life. He passed quietly away, the last words that he spoke were, "Oh, Allie—Myra,—good— which were addressed to his wife. If he had lived till last Sunday he would have been sixty-two years of age. He was one of the able generals that the war against rebellion developed.

"By the death of General Hancock Major General John M. Schofield becomes the senior officer of that rank. His Major General's commission dates from March, 1869 General Pope's commission is dated from October, 1882, and as he will reach the age for retirement this year there will shortly be two Major Generalships to fill. The senior Brigadier General is Howard, followed in order by Terry, Augur, Crook, Miles and Mackenzie. It is believed in army circles that Howard and Terry will be promoted, although General Miles is regarded as a strong candidate.

GOVERNOR SQUIRE, of Washington Territory, doubtless prefers his own race of people of European extraction to that of the almond-eyed, heathen Chinese, but he put his prejudice behind him, and stood firmly by, to secure law and order in the government of Seattle. So long as government has treaty relations with China, and our merchants, travelers, and missionaries insist in going to China under the protection of the stars and stripes, protection should be extended to the Chinese when he comes to these shores, for the same purpose that our people go to China. The probability, however, is, that if the people of the United States could express themselves on the question a large majority of them would declare in favor of calling the travelers, merchants, and missionaries home, and shut the door on all Chinamen from coming here.

War Against The Chinese.

Seattle, Washington Territory, has a population of over twelve thousand. Several hundred Chinamen have located there. An intense feeling has been engendered against the Chinese. Committees were organized that had for their motto, "The Chinese Must Go." The crisis was reached on Sunday the 7th inst., when a steamer was to sail for San Francisco. A number of Chinamen had secured passage. The Committee was determined that all should go, and to force the "Celestials" to the ship, an immense mob gathered, as if by arrangement, and a raid was made on the Chinese houses. Without ceremony the household goods were dumped into wagons and carted to the dock. Fully four hundred frightened Chinamen were driven to the steamer, but the captain refused to take them aboard until their passage money had been paid, and only about one hundred were provided with tickets by collection. The others huddled on the dock awaiting events.

Meanwhile the authorities were unable to cope with the mob. The Governor's proclamation was received with jeers and it became necessary to call out the militia. The troops at once took possession of Chinatown and patrolled the streets. The steamer was enjoined from sailing and a writ of habeas corpus was issued charging that the Chinese were illegally restrained, and such was the situation at Seattle, when Sunday evening came. On Monday morning the 8th inst., at an early hour the militia and home guards marched to the dock where the steamer lay and where the Chinamen were confined and took charge. Warrants had previously been issued for the arrest of the prominent agitators. Before daylight the work of arresting them began and by eight o'clock all the leaders were in jail. They were, however, immediately bailed out. All the Chinamen on board the steamer were marched to the Court House by the militia, in answer to the writ of habeas corpus sworn out yesterday. No opposition was made to this movement. Judge Green informed each Chinamen that he was at perfect liberty to go or stay as he chose. The vast majority chose to leave. They were accordingly escorted to their home, all chose to go excepting sixteen. The Judge then addressed himself to those who had chosen to stay and told them that the trouble was likely to recur at any time, but that he thought the authorities would be able to protect them. Those that had chosen to stay were escorted to Chinatown, the others were escorted to the ship.

The Queen was soon filled with Chinamen, one hundred and ninety-five in all, and at 11.30 swung out into the stream, leaving behind fully one hundred whose passage had been paid for the next steamer. Those who remained then shouldered their blankets and started to return to Chinatown, under the escort of the Howe Guards. At the corner of Main and Commercial streets an immense crowd had congregated and as the procession approached yells and hoots were heard on all sides. Finally a few in the crowd made a rush for the Chinamen, attempting to break through the line of the Home Guards. There was a general impression that the Guards would not fire and the crowd had little fear of them. At first the Guards attempted to beat back their assailants with the butts of their muskets, but the latter attempted to wrest the weapons from them. At last the order was given and the question as to whether or not the Guards would fire was settled. All at once a volley rang out and five men fell. They were:

George Smith, thirty years old, shot through right arm.

Richard Nuraine, twenty-five, shot through the lung and probably fatally wounded.

Charles Stewart, thirty, wounded in body, right arm and head and will die.

Christian Schroeder, thirty, wounded in left shoulder.

James Murphy, special policeman, shot through the forearm.

Many others were clubbed or received other slight injuries. Sheriff McGraw had a bullet pass through his coat within half an inch of his body.

With the volley the crowd recoiled. At once the Seattle Rifles, who were just leaving the dock, came up at a double quick and formed a line to support the Home Guards. In another minute Company D came from the Court House on a dead run and fell in to support their comrades. The scene for a time was a remarkable one. The troops formed a hollow square facing up and down Commercial and Main streets. The Chinamen, who were in the centre, had thrown their blanket rolls on the ground at the first fire and were crouching behind them. Outside the square the large crowd swayed to and fro with cries of rage and defiance. The wounded men were placed in wagons and hauled away. For fully an hour the troops stood facing the crowd in this manner. Not a soldier flinched, but all kept their places, as cool, apparently, as veterans. At last the crowd dispersed sufficiently to allow the Chinamen to continue on their way to Chinatown.

From this time on the excitement and bitterness increased. Denunciations of the Home Guard were heard on all sides and prominent citizens belonging to the organization was threatened with hanging by the mob. at last a warrant was sworn out in the Police Court charging five of the Home Guards with shooting with intent to kill. A Constable attempted to serve the warrant, but Judge Green declared that the guards were officers of his court and that he would not have them molested.

It was plain that the most extreme measures were necessary, and Governor Squire issued a proclamation declaring martial law and assuming military command of the city. This stopped all judicial proceedings. Orders were issued closing the saloons indefinitely and all business places at 6 o'clock and warning all persons without passes from the streets after 7 P. M. A call for volunteers was issued and citizens responded in large numbers. The authorities were well supplied with ammunition and the volunteers were organized into companies as soon as enrolled.

SEATTLE, W. T., February 10.—The city has become a military camp and every corner is guarded by a sentry. Eight companies of the Fourteenth Infantry, under command of Lieutenant Colonel De Russey, arrived this afternoon from Vancouver barracks and at 8 o'clock the city was turned over to the regular troops.

PORTLAND, Oregon, Feb. 12.—Fifty four Chinamen at work in the mines at Carbonado, on the Puyallup branch of the Northern Pacific Railroad, were driven out to day, and are now at the station awaiting transportation to Tacoma and thence to San Francisco.

GENERAL NEWS ITEMS.

Centre county's expenditures last year were $42,911.88; the debt is only $18,618.67, and if the outstanding amounts due the county were collected there would be a balance of over $26,000 in the treasury.

It is said that Senator Beck, of Kentucky, has the largest foot in the Senate. He wears a broad eleven, of calf. Senator Voorhees, of Indiana, can stand a No. 10, if broad at the toes, while Senator Butler, of South Carolina, has the smallest foot, excepting Senator Mahone, who wears a No. 3 of the finest kid. Mr. Butler wears No. 5s, with stylish narrow toes, and is always careful to have them shining.

Greenville, Pa., boasts about Mrs. Magdalen Miller, who is ninety years old and the mother of twelve children. She has also had fifty-one grandchildren. When young she was as vigorous as a man, and could shoulder three bushels of wheat. During the grave-yard insurance craze she was insured for over $100,000, and has outlived all the companies. She is yet so hale and hearty that she can go through the snow for some miles on foot. She has smoked tobaco for more than seventy years.

A Woman Buried with Military Honors.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 10.—Mrs. Seneca Simmons, whose husband was killed during the war of the Rebellion, was buried at Pottsville to-day with military honors. She selected the music played at the funeral. The hearse containing her body was preceded by about eighty members of the Seneca Simmons Post, named for her deceased husband. This Post also also accompanied the remains to Pottsville, where funeral dirges were played as the body was removed from the hearse and lowered into the grave.

Butter, Cheese and Eggs.

CHICAGO, Feb. 11.—The Secretary of the National Butter, Cheese and Eggs Association has issued a circular to county, State and national legislators and the people generally in regard to the dairy interest of the country and the harm likely to accrue to it from the manufacture of what the circular calls "fraudulent imitations for butter." The circular gives a detailed statement of the dairy product of the country, according to the last United States census. The figures include the value of butter and cheese manufactured annually, the value of milk consumed in other ways, the value of milch cows and the money invested in dairy apparatus and machinery. To these figures is added twenty-five per cent. increase for the last six years, which is a low estimate, and the total sum now devoted to dairy purposes the circular quotes at $3,053,563,474.

This vast industry is disturbed, embarrassed, and threatened with destruction, the circular says, by a stupendous fraud which employs a few thousand men with a plant not exceeding $3,000,000, and turning about 60,000,000 pounds of product, worth in money value (supposing it to be wholesome food) not to exceed 12½ cents a pound, $7,500,000.

The whole evil is declared to lie in the "fraudulent sale" of this product, which "nobody wants to eat and nobody calls for." The circular closes with an appeal for legislation to suppress imitations of dairy products that are not sold to the consumer under their own proper names.

A London Mob.

London has a population of four millions, the business depression in the great city has added many thousands to the large number of idle hands and empty stomachs. On Monday the 8th inst., a large meeting of men out of employment was held in one of the squares of the city to talk over the situation. The socialists heard of the meeting and flocked there by thousands, the crowd was increased by many of the roughs of the town, such a mixture of discordant elements produced a great commotion. A Socialist named Burns was placed on an elevated place from which he waved a red flag and delivered a speech. The police forced their way through the crowd and arrested Burns. Other speakers were arrested. The crowd cheered and wrangled all afternoon with itself, and towards evening broke up into parties and surged off through different streets smashing windows of houses and robbing stores, but strange to say, no one was killed or seriously hurt. Wherever a high silk hat appeared the mob mashed it. On Monday evening the mob scattered off to individual quarters. The business men who had their stores torn out and plundered, complained bitterly of the failure of the Mayor to send a sufficient police force to disperse the rioters.

On Tuesday ten thousand and upwards of turbulent people gathered in Trafalgar Square, and were bolder than on Monday, they molested almost every carriage, and insulted almost every one who passed that way. In the afternoon about 4 o'clock a large force of police forced the crowd out of the Square into the by streets and followed every detachment till it was broken into individual fragments.

CAUTION NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against fishing or hunting, gathering berries, or crossing fields, or in any other way trespassing on the lands of the under signed J. S. KEEFF.

LEGAL.

RECEIPTS & EXPENDITURES

—OF THE—

COUNTY OF JUNIATA

—FROM—

January 1, 1885, to January 1, 1886.

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Juniata County.

The undersigned, Auditors of the County of Juniata, elected and sworn according to law, to audit, settle and adjust the accounts of the Treasurer, Sheriff and Commissioners of the said County of Juniata, respectfully report that we met in the Auditors' office, in Mifflintown, on the first Monday of January, 1886, it being the fourth day of the month, and after a careful examination of said accounts, we find them to be as follows: from the first day of January, 1885, to the thirty-first day of December, 1885; the Treasurer for the year, John M. Copeland, Esq., pursuant to notice, being present at this settlement:

1885. JOHN M. COPELAND, *Treas.* **Dr.**

January 1,	To cash of Jacob Lemon, late Treas'r.	$ 494 61
"	outstanding taxes	11,946 42
"	amount taxes for '85.	15,628 74
"	cash fr'm sale bonds	18,130 00
"	cash of Parker & Co. money borrowed	593 60
"	cash collected of State under act of June 23, 1885	267 86
"	tax on unseated land	70
"	cash for old lumber	6 00
"	verdict fees and fines	23 00
Total,		$47,090 93

1885. JOHN M. COPELAND, *Treas.* **Cr.**

Decemb'r 31,	By county orders paid	$31,139 78
"	road view certificates paid	426 98
"	exonerations collectors	95 04
"	cash to W. E. Auman on account Teachers' Institute	187 00
"	outstanding taxes	12,292 55
"	salary of Treasur'r	600 00
"	balance due county	2,349 58
Total,		$47,090 93

1886,
January 1, To balance due county, $2,349 58

Outstanding Taxes, December 31, 1885.

Year.	Name of Col.	District.	Amounts.
1877.	Matthias Stump,	Lack	$ 3 70
1881.	Robert Innis,	Beale	2 00
1882.	S. T. McCulloch	Milford	196 59
1882.	George Register	Thompst'n	32 99
1883.	Joseph Bell,	Lack	42 63
"	Chas. M'Cormick	Port Royal	110 97
"	Wm. P. Graham,	Spruce H'l	12 00
"	A. R. Feehrer,	Thompst'n	41 12
"	James Kidd,	Tuscarora.	4 79
1884.	William Clark,	Beale	350 23
"	R. W. Humprey,	Delaware.	39 59
"	Sam'l H. Kinser	Fayette	396 95
"	S. A. Thomas,	Fermana'h	344 82
"	A. H. Wilt,	Greenwo'd	50 68
"	John McMeen,	Mifflin	118 48
"	J. S. Woodward,	Milford	19 35
"	C. A. Farleman,	Monroe	141 31
"	G. R. Henderson,	Patterson.	215 06
"	P. M. Kepner,	Port Royal	77 93
"	M. S. Esh,	Spruce H'l	307 51
"	D. G. Garman,	Susqueh' a	32 46
"	H. Z. Sowers,	Thomps'tn	15 58
"	Thos. Creighton,	Tuscarora.	87 38
"	W. H. Robison,	Lack	50 86
1885.	W. Zimmerman,	Beale	665 49
"	Henry Swab,	Delaware	944 85
"	Joseph Castle,	Fayette	673 92
"	John Stouffer,	Fermana'h	802 88
"	H. C Vanatta,	Greenwo'd	173 57
"	S. H. Rollman,	Mifflin	289 27
"	George Taylor,	Lack	368 08
"	John Leach,	Milford	1038 15
"	Wm. McConnel,	Monroe	251 53
"	Harvey Knisely,	Patterson.	324 62
"	John McManigle,	Port Royal	337 95
"	Cyrus Brackbill,	Spruce H'l	932 96
"	G. L. Barner,	Susqueh'a	281 60
"	Thos. Crummel,	Thomps'tn	86 65
"	George Fink,	Turbett	639 14
"	Eph. Duncan,	Tuscarora.	688 48
"	Daniel Wertz,	Walker	1107 18
Total,			$12292 55

All of which is respectfully submitted.

LEWIS DEGEN,
D. G. GARMAN,
G. W. CAMPBELL, } *Co. Auditors.*
AUDITORS' OFFICE,
Mifflintown, January 6, 1886.

STATEMENT OF ORDERS DRAWN by the Commissioners of the County of Juniata on the Treasurer thereof, from the 5th day of January, 1885, up to the 4th day of January, 1886, as taken from the records in the Commissioners' Office:

Miscellaneous.

Degen, Garman and Campbell, County Auditors	$ 60 00
John Diehl, attending Auditors.	3 00
S. B. Loudon, Court Crier	2 50
Harry Tyson, shoveling snow	60
John Fooreman, boarding jurors.	3 25
James Robison, repairs to locks.	1 00
W. H. Rollman, book, &c	4 65
Philo Pannebaker, repairs to mower	1 75
James Murray, boarding jurors	9 75
D. S. Coyle, Treasurer of Juniata Co. Agricultural Society	100 00
Dr. S. A. Sulouff, medical attention at jail	20 75
G. W. Heck, administering oaths	75
J. W. Wagner, repairs to clock.	4 00
Harrisburg Stencil Co., repairs to seal	3 25
John McNulty, blacking stoves.	50
I. D. Musser, soap	60
Mrs. Annie McCachren, cleaning court house	4 50
D. H. Sieber, shoveling snow	50
McLaughlin & Stimmell, policy on house	12 00
Money borrowed of Parker & Co.	600 00
Milliken and Patterson, Jury Commissioners	50 00
S. B. Loudon and others, clerking to Jury Commissioners	22 00
S. B. Loudon, extra service new tax law	50 00
A. J. Patterson, Counsel to Commissioners	50 00
A. J. Patterson, collecting tax from Commonwealth	66 90
J. W. Kirk, sundries	80
Dr. D. M. Crawford, medical attention at jail	5 00
Total,	$ 1,078 11

Stenographer.

Joseph F. Cummings, stenographer for the courts	$ 209 20

Coal for Court House.

D. B. Doty, coal for court house for 1884	32 60
George Goshen, coal for court house for year 1885	46 19
North & Son, coal for court house for year 1885	79 16
Total,	$ 157 95

Burying Deceased Soldiers.

John McManigal, for burial of Isaiah Burkey, Port Royal	$ 35 00
Michael Rumfeldt, for burial of Peter Cluck, Monroe twp.	17 62
Total,	$ 52 62

Gasoline, &c.,

Franciscus Hardware Co., gasoline, etc.,	$ 43 50

Collectors' Per Centage.

Henry Auker, and others, per centage	$ 392 01

Court Cryer.

J. B. M. Todd, Court Cryer	65 48

Insane Hospital.

G. Gross, Jr., Insane Hospital, Harrisburg	$ 326 79

State Tax

J. Lemon, ex County Treasurer, for State tax 1883 and 1884	$ 277 08

Expressage.

S. Kinzer, expressage	$ 2 40

Postage.

Rodgers and Crawford, for postage	$ 10 79

Constables' and Justices' Fees.

Theo. H. Meminger, constable and Justice's costs	$ 25 85

Public Buildings.

Jas. Robison, repairs to lock public building	$ 1 25
Joseph C. Watts, repairs to fence	20 00
Etka & Son, repairs and white-washing jail	16 50
S. C. Moyer, wood and kindling for court house	6 50
Clinton Singer, carpenter work at out-building	3 00
J. R. Hollobaugh, hauling ashes etc.,	3 00
C. Fisher, cleaning out-houses,	55 00
F. W. Noble, repairs to gas machine	1 00
Doras Switzer, repairing roof of house	1 25
W. E. Cresswell, repairs to gate,	2 10
Jos. Auker, copperas for out-buildings	35
M. Pannebaker, glazing windows	1 90
K. H. McClintic, repairs to Court House roof	14 02
David Holman, castings and labor at heaters	3 40
Notestine & Switzer, roofing county house	7 00
John Trego, stove, pipe, &c	5 05
S. S. Wilson, making door, &c.	1 00
Total,	$ 142 33

Commonwealth Costs, &c.

George S. Conn, in Glass case '84	$ 70 04
Theo. H. Meminger, in Milliken & Hack case, 1885	31 90
A. Y. Junk, costs	1 25
E. S. Doty, District Attorney, September term	30 00
T. H. Meminger, costs, September term	98 56
Total,	$ 231 75

Jurors' Pay—Grand and Petit.

J. W. McCahan, and others, grand jurors	$ 551 45
Andrew Shover, and others, petit jurors	1,483 21
Total,	$ 2,034 66

Road Damages.

D. B. Dimm, and others, road damages	$ 198 17

Registering and Assessing.

John G. Noss, and others	$ 500 00

Constables' Returns.

William Campbell, and others	$ 338 02

Fox and Mink Scalps.

Daniel Boilinger, and others	$ 251 75

Western Penitentiary.

Maintenance of prisoners for '84	$ 147 12

County Prison.

George Shivery, Sheriff, boarding prisoners, fees, &c	$ 435 07
J. North & Son, coal for jail	118 59
Etka & Son, repairs to jail	12 50
Total,	$ 566 16

County Bonds Redeemed.

County Bonds paid	$17,510 00

Interest Paid on County Bonds.

Interest paid on Bonds,	$ 1,755 00

County Printing.

Garman & McDonald, public printing	$ 172 00
Bonsall & Jackman, public printing	158 61
Total,	$ 330 61

Stationery.

F. L. Hutter, Transcripts, 3 years	$ 220 00
Wm. Mann, ink and stationery	21 75
L. Hart, docket, &c	4 50
Total,	$ 246 25

Bridges.

R. H. Humphrey, repairs to bridge at Cross Roads	$ 7 76
James N. Groninger, repairs to Port Royal bridge	9 50
Jonathan Burns, repairs to Colonna bridge	3 00
A. J. Ferguson, shingles and nails bridge over Pond	31 74
Williamson & Peck, roofing bridge over Pond	25 00
John D. Pay, hauling at Hawn's bridge	6 00
G. W. Campbell, repairs to Concord bridge	71 63
J. C. Crawford, shingles and nails for Bealetown bridge	80 40
James Milliken, roofing, &c., at Bealetown bridge	40 00
Wilson Paim, work and lumber at Briner's bridge	8 00
H. J. McNeal work at Briner's bridge	6 25
James M. Ard, work at Briner's bridge	18 37
John and Stewart Hench, work at Briner's bridge	84 75
J. S. and J. Barton, material for Briner's bridge	20 00
S. F. Ludwig, repairs to McCulloch's bridge	5 30
J. M. Briner, hauling, &c., at Briner's bridge	6 00
J. N. Groninger, overseeing and work at Port Royal and Groninger's bridge	7 00
Arthurs S. Bennett, mason work at Briner's bridge	8 25
James J. Patterson, plank for Briner's bridge	16 38
Robert Johnston, hauling plank at Briner's bridge	75
Frank Fulton, boards for Briner's bridge	5 50
James Beale, boards, &c., for Briner's bridge	6 00
W. L. Howell, work at Briner's bridge	37 00
J. L. Barton for sundries as per bill, at Briner's bridge	12 21
H. E. Hopple, repairs at Brown's bridge	33 47
J. N. Groninger, piling plank at Port Royal bridge	5 00
D. L. Palm, lumber for Briner's bridge	14 70
George S. Conn, repairs to McCulloch's Mill bridge	80 90
Lemuel McKinley, repairs to McCoysville bridge	11 78
Lizzie McFadden, administratrix for repairs to the McCulloch's Mill bridge, Milford township.	3 50
J. E. McCahan, planking, &c., bridge over Lost Creek	52 30
H. McDonald for repairs to bridge over Licking Creek	2 00
David S. Sieber, repairs to Lost Creek bridge	116 88
J. L. Barton for Brant, smithing for Briner's bridge	10 70
Franciscus' Hardware Co., for bolts, &c., at Briner's bridge	6 34
Total,	$ 854 36

Commissioners Office.

O. P. Barton Commissioner's fees	$ 191 60
John T. Dimm, Commissioner's fees	156 04
W. North Sterrett, Commissioner's fees	157 84
S. B. Loudon, Clerk to County Commissioners	550 00
Darwin C. Louder, Janitor	115 00
J. W. Kirk, for brooms	70
Total	$ 1,171 18

Public Offices.

S. B. Caveny, Register and Recorder	$ 26 15
Wm. M. Allison, auditing accounts of Prothonotary's office and Reg. and Recorder's office	15 00
Geo. S. Conn, Prothonotary, '84, indexing dockets.	496 00
Mary J. Hunt, stationery for Public Offices	16 10
William Mann, ink for Public Offices	5 10
T. H. Meminger, bills rendered.	36 48
Franciscus Hardward Co., stove, &c., for Reg. and Rec. office.	27 38
William Mann, deed book, &c	22 85
Hay & Bro., form book for Prothonotary's Office	4 50
R. M. Dangler, inkstands	2 00
W. F. Snyder, case for Prothonotary's office	10 50
K. H. McClintic, gasoline and sundries	18 80
T. H. Meminger, recording election returns	72 88
T. H. Meminger, Prothonotary's fees	66 71
T. H. Meminger, Prothonotary's fees	22 89
F. L. Hutter, index books for Register and Recorder's office.	675 00
Total,	$ 1,512 94

General and Spring Elections.

Amount paid Election officers, clerks, constables, house rent, &c.,	$ 708 81

Recapitulation.

Miscellaneous	$ 1,078 11
Stenographer	209 20
Coal for Court House	157 95
Burying Deceased Soldiers	52 62
Gasoline, &c	43 50
Collectors	392 01
Court Crier	65 48
Insane Hospital, Harrisburg	326 79
Taxes paid State for '83 and '84.	277 08
Expressage	2 40
Postage	10 79
Justices' and Constables' Fees	25 85
Public Buildings	142 33
Commonwealth Costs, &c	231 75
Courts and Jurors	2,034 66
Road Damages	198 17
Registering and Assessing	500 00
Constables' Returns	338 02
Scalps	251 75
Western Penitentiary, 1884 bill.	147 12
Jail	566 16
County Bonds paid	17,510 00
Interest paid on County Bonds	1,755 00
Public Printing	330 61
Stationery	246 25
Bridges	854 36
Commissioners' Office	1,171 18
Public Offices	1,512 94
General and Spring Elections	708 81
Total	$31,140 92

We, the Commissioners of the County of Juniata for the year 1885, in compliance with the law, do publish the foregoing as a full statement of the Receipts and Expenditures of the county aforesaid for the year A. D. 1885.

Given under our hands at the Commissioners' office, in Mifflintown, this 4th day January, 1886.

O. P. BARTON,
JOHN T. DIMM,
W. NORTH STERRETT,
County Commissioners.

Attest: S. B. LOUDON, *Clerk.*
February 3, 1886.—4 w.

LIABILITIES OF COUNTY.

Outstanding County Bonds....$ 34,530 00

ASSETS OF COUNTY.

Balance in hand of Treasurer.....$ 2,349 58
Outstanding taxes on January 1, 1886 .. 12,292 55 — 14,642 13

Liabilities over Assets. $19,887 87

JUNIATA VALLEY BANK,
OF MIFFLINTOWN, PA.
WITH
BRANCH AT PORT ROYAL.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

J. NEVIN POMEROY, President.
T. VAN IRWIN, Cashier

DIRECTORS:
J. Nevin Pomeroy, Joseph Rothrock,
Noah Hertzler, Philip M. Kepner,
Amos G. Bonsall, Louis E. Atkinson.
W. C. Pomeroy,

STOCKHOLDERS:
J. Nevin Pomeroy, R. E. Parker,
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(Jan28, 1886-tf

HALL'S Vegetable Sicilian HAIR RENEWER.

The great popularity of this preparation, after its test of many years, should be an assurance, even to the most skeptical, that it is really meritorious. Those who have used HALL'S HAIR RENEWAL know that it does all that is claimed.

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HALL'S HAIR RENEWER produces its effects by the healthful influence of its vegetable ingredients, which invigorate and rejuvenate. It is not a dye, and is a delightful article for toilet use. Containing no alcohol, it does not evaporate quickly and dry up the natural oil, leaving the hair harsh and brittle, as do other preparations.

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Colors them brown or black, as desired, and is the best dye, because it is harmless; produces a permanent natural color; and, being a single preparation, is more convenient of application than any other.

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We have Warm Overcoats. We have Fine Warm Overcoats. We have Men's Reliable All Wool Suits. We have Fine Suits All Wool of Different Styles. We have Little and Big Boys' Suits.

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