A Wife's Tact.

Every house has its "squally" days once in a while, when a "nor'easter" brews in the heavens and on the earth, giving every member of the household either toothache or rheumatism or the "blues." It was just such a time as this at our house last week. To cap the climax, about noon company was announced, and we had planned for "a picked-up dinner." I was in despair, and went down to the parlor with such an inhospitable face, that my little friend exclaimed, as she came forward to meet me: "You aren't glad to see me one bit, Aunt Sue!"

I was, though, and all my ill-nature vanished in a moment at the sight of her sad face.

"What is it, Kitty? What is the matter?" I asked, tenderly.

"I'm in trouble, Aunt Sue, and I thought perhaps you could help me." And the sweet face struggled bravely with tears.

"Of course I can, dear child. Take off your wraps and have lunch with me, and then you shall tell me all about it."

Kitty is one of my children—an old maid's darling. Why she ever took a fancy to "Aunt Sue" it is quite impossible to say; but the reasons for my partiality to her are self evident to all who know her, for who can help loving the thoroughly good, sincere, loving little child-woman? Then I had been her teacher before her marriage, and "foster mother" she had called me through a very desolate orphanage. She is the wife of a promising young lawyer; and though her lips had ever been sealed on the subject, we had a long time feared she was not a happy wife.

"Let me sit on this stool at your feet, auntie, and lay my head on your knee—so—as I used to do, long ago. Oh, it seems so long ago!"

"How long, pray, Kitty? You talk like an old woman."

"It is five years since Fred carried me off, you know, auntie."

"Five years to grow happy and wise, dear."

"Yes. But, Oh, auntie, Fred doesn't love me one bit. It's so dreadful to tell you, though."

It was all out now, and the flushed face buried itself in my lap for shame and sorrow, while the poor hands worked convulsively.

"Tell me all about it, Kitty," I replied, stroking the soft hair soothingly. "Fred is a noble fellow; I fear there is something wrong with you."

It was the old story of want of congeniality and oneness in habits of thought and action. The young husband loved society, public life, elegant dinners and an ever-hospitable board. He loved his young wife, too—no mistake about that—and wanted to take her everywhere; was loyal to her, but perhaps too volatile and fond of display. She, by nature and habit, was very different, loving privacy, domestic life, and above all things, her books. Society to her was a bore, and to keep open house an utter weariness of flesh and spirit. So they had grown apart. Sharp, recriminating words had been uttered, heartaches nursed, and each finding solace for a disappointed, vexed spirit in different ways. It was easy to see the chasm before their feet—the young pair who had vowed to walk together "till death do us part." Both were wrong, and I trembled for my bonnie Kate.

"Kitty," said I "I have a story to tell you. There is a lesson in it, if you really love your husband. I have a friend—a right royal woman, too, who married a man pre-eminent in business knowledge, and so absorbed therein as to have little interest in other things. He admired his elegant wife, though, and liked to see her presiding over his table, and entertaining his business acquaintances. Yet, between these two, there seemed a great gulf fixed—not one thing in common. When alone, there was nothing to talk about; no level ground on which to meet. To the wife there was thraldom and humiliation in such a life; but instead of turning away from her husband, or nursing dislike, she determined on a noble conquest. She turned her attention to political economy, studied everything pertaining to business—banks, brokerage, railroad stock, market reports, the rise and fall of all kinds of property, the national debt and the currency question. Wasn't she a plucky woman? By and by she began to talk, arresting her husband's ear by her knowledge of facts, lucid statements and evident acquaintance with all financial questions. Curious, was it not? Amazed, he watched her with delight and growing admiration. Soon he began to defer to her judgment, ask her advice, and quote her opinions. His esteem became profound; and now, when she ventures to introduce other topics nearer to her heart and taste, he not only listens with deference, but joins in with hearty interest. She has become wise and learned in the line of thought he values most; therefore, in his eyes, her opinions are of worth on every subject. Wise woman! Do you not see that she has conquered him in his citadel?

"Now, dear child, go home and adopt this rule. Adapt yourself so thoroughly to your husband's peculiarities that a love so deep and strong and unselfish will be born in his heart for you that you can mold him as you will; so that he can but choose to yield to you preference as the law of his life, the joy of his heart. You cannot "force" a point, but by loving integrity and "tact" you can wield a chain to bind your husband hand and foot, which he will never feel."

"I'll try it, Aunt Sue," said the little woman, with such a flash of spirit, will and hope, that I knew she would conquer.

Have I one dissatisfied husband for a reader? Don't yield to despondency or ill-humor. Above all do not turn away in silent pride. Respect each other's rights, preferences and secret sorrows. Try the golden rule. Use love and tact and you are sure to win.

The Laboring Classes.

A public dinner was recently given to the villagers of Leigh, near Tunbridge, England, by Mr. S. Morley. The meal consisted of three courses—a soup, a savory and a sweet—and cost, without cooking, sixpence per head, the prime cost of the articles alone being only threepence. Mr. Morley, who presided, said he had been accused of wanting to deprive the workingman of his beer, and now he might be accused of wanting to deprive him of his meat; but it was, he thought, of the greatest importance, and worth considering by fathers and mothers, if they could have their children properly nourished at half their present cost. Then it was said that those who were thoroughgoing vegetarians were invariably total abstainers, and to his mind that was a very great charm. They ate so much fruit and vegetables that they did not need the drink which some people felt they could not do without except in the shape of intoxicants. He believed that a system of fruit and vegetable farming would pay better than corn growing, owing to the foreign competition in the latter article besides which it would enhance the wages of the laboring classes.

A LUNCHEON.—Beat two eggs, mixing with them a tablespoonful of cream. Put them in a saucepan, adding some anchovies and some minced tongue. Spread on toast and serve immediately.

DOMESTIC.

HOUSE AQUATICS.—There is a great charm in growing plants in water. Some of our ordinary house plants may be grown with great success in this way, so that any one who chooses can have a plant aquarium in the window. Where there are goldfish the tank or globe will answer for some plants, and these introduced will benefit the fish also by keeping the water in better condition for them. As to suitable plants, the calla, among common ones, may be placed at the head of the list. Either the ordinary species or its dwarf variety, or the near relative with spotted leaves, known as the richandia, are adapted to the purpose. Of these we think the dwarf calla would generally be found the most suitable. Hyacinths and other bulbs that have been brought forward, either in glasses or in soil, may be added to the aquatic collection. Those taken from the soil must first have their roots cleaned. The bulbs should be suspended over the water by means of wire holders, so that only the extreme base of each and the roots will enter the water. Here the bulbs will grow and flower very well. Growing branches of the trailing tradescantia or Wandering Jew will thrive in the water by inserting the lower ends in the element. The pickerel weed from the ponds is also a handsome aquatic for the house. This can be had all over the country for the digging.

INVALID'S WRAP.—Every one knows how difficult it is to keep sick persons protected when they want to use their arms, either when lying down or sitting up in bed. It is so hard to get off and on anything made with sleeves, and this wrap answers the purpose of a sacque, and is so easily slipped around a person it cannot be of the least inconvenience. To make the wrap you will require two yards of single width flannel; the one we are describing is made of pink basket flannel trimmed with white lace; cashmere would, perhaps, be better for use in warm weather; gray or dark blue flannel, made perfectly plain, is most suitable for a gentleman. Fold the flannel together and cut a slit in the middle six inches deep; turn the corners back to form the collar and the corner of each front to make the cuffs; cat-stitch a narrow hem around them and down the fronts; trim the collar and cuffs, also one side of the front, with white lace. Place four buttons and button-holes on the front, and pink satin ribbon at the neck to tie in a bow. Fasten it together around the person at the neck and have buttons and button-holes in the cuffs to fasten them around the wrist and draw the wrap in shape, so the arms can freely move without exposing them.

SPINACH prepared after this method is certain to give satisfaction; Boil the spinach in salt and water until tender. Drain in the colander and chop fine. Season well with pepper and salt. For each quart of chopped spinach put two tablespoonfuls of butter and one of flour in a frying pan. When this has cooked smooth, and before it has become browned, add the spinach. Stir for five minutes; then add half a cupful of cream or milk, and stir three minutes longer. Arrange in a mound on a hot dish. Garnish with a wreath of hard boiled eggs at the base, and finish the top with another wreath. Serve hot.

THESE breakfast cakes are very good: Put a piece of butter the size of an egg into a quart of milk and let the milk become warm enough to melt the butter. Stir in flour sufficient to make a stiff batter and add two teaspoonfuls of salt. Dissolve one-third of a cake of compressed yeast in a little warm water and mix with the batter. Cover tightly, let it stand in a warm place over night, and fry on a griddle.

CABLE PUDDING.—Bake in two layers; 1 cup of butter, 2 cups of sugar, 1 cup of milk, 3½ cups of flour, 3 eggs, ½ teaspoonful of strong soda, 1 teaspoonful of cream tartar, use yolks in cake; save whites for top. Beat whites to stiff froth with sugar. After spreading on the whites, put the cake in the oven, and let it brown. Cut and sugar pineapple, or any other fruit in season, several hours before using, and put it between the cake when hot.

A GOOD CAKE.—A correspondent sends this recipe for cake: Beat one cup of butter and three cups of powdered sugar to a cream. Add the yolks of five eggs, well beaten, the juice and grated rind of one lemon and a cup of milk. Then add the whites of the eggs, beaten to a stiff froth, sift in four cups of flour, with two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, and bake.

PUMPKIN LOAF.—For two loaves, take two cups of buttermilk, three cups each of wheat flour and corn meal, one cup of stewed pumpkin, one cup of molasses, half cup of butter, two eggs, one tablespoonful of soda. Steam one hour and a half, then bake half an hour.

PLUM CAKE.—Take 2 cups of sugar, 1 cup of butter, 1 cup of milk, 1 teaspoonful of saleratus, 1 teaspoonful of essence of lemon, and sufficient flour to make a stiff batter. Beat this well together, add a ½ pound of raisins, chopped and stoned, ½ pound of currants, washed and dried by the fire, and ¼ pound of citron and bake in a brisk oven.

SPICED CORNED BEEF.—To ten pounds of beef take two cups of salt, two cups of molasses, two teaspoonfuls of saltpetre, one tablespoonful of ground pepper, one tablespoonful of cloves; rub well into the beef, turn every day and rub the mixture in; will be ready in ten days.

A POINT IN PHYSICS.—She was a Cleveland lady, and she stood watching a boat laden with ice. "What is that boat laden with?" "Ice," was the reply. "Oh, my!" she exclaimed in surprise, "if the horrid stuff should melt, the water would sink the boat!"

Pyronaptha.—An interesting trial was lately made in St. Petersburgh with a new illuminating material which is destined, it is considered, to take the place of kerosene. This is an illuminating oil said to be absolutely free from danger of fire. An experiment was made as to the power which pyronaptha has of extinguishing fire, and it was found that burning kerosene was easily put out by it. Pyronaptha can itself be extinguished by water. It is a product of the distillation of naptha residue, of which large quantities remain from the Baku distillation of petroleum. From these, illuminating gas is produced, and likewise pyronaptha. The idea would seem to have hitherto been carried out only by Ragosin & Co., of Baku. A celebrated Russian chemist, Professor Beilstein has examined pyronaptha, and has expressed his conviction has a brilliant future before it, and that it must eventually replace American and Russian kerosene. The specific gravity of pyronaptha is 0.864, and it ignites only at 230° F. It burns without smoke and vapor at 227° gives a brighter light than kerosene and is consumed less rapidly, while its prime cost is less.

Uranium photography is becoming popular in France. The salts of the metal are gold, green and greenish-brown, and in thin layers produce very delicate tints. For photographing forests and landscapes they are superior, giving pictures that are nearly perfect reproductions of Nature.

AGRICULTURE.

OATS AND PEAS.—We have for many years grown oats and peas together. On good, rich land, sow early you can get a great mass of fodder and grain. The drawback in the older States is the peaweevil. The peas are affected with the "bug," and we do not sell them, but feed them out on the farm to pigs and sheep, principally to the former. The pigs do not object to the bugs. What the bugs think of it is not reported. The fanning mill will separate nearly all the oats from the peas. No matter if a few of the split peas will remain with the oats. If cut before the oats get too ripe and the crop is carefully cured, the fodder is nearly as good as hay. As to the variety of peas, sow any that you can buy cheap enough. The seedsmen charge too much for it, or the White or Black-Eyed Marrow fat would be good. The common Canada Creeper or any other small, round pea answers a good purpose, and a bushel goes farther than the larger varieties. We mean that it is not necessary to sow them so thick. Two bushels of these small peas and a bushel of oats is enough seed per acre. The marrow fats should be sown at the rate of not less than three bushels per acre and a bushel to a bushel and a half of oats, thoroughly mixed together. Early sowing is very desirable, and as sod can be plowed earlier in the spring than stubble land, we prefer to sow on sod, putting in the seed as fast as the land is plowed. The crop can be drilled in or sown broadcast. If a drill is used, keep the grain well mixed, or the peas will be apt to sink to the bottom. If sown broadcast, and the land is well plowed in narrow furrows, sow on the furrows before harrowing. Then harrow and roll, and the peas will be well covered. You can rely on that.

Soon the busy seasons for farm teams will be fully upon us. Breaking sod for corn should be begun as early as the weather will permit, and it is certainly about as hard work as horses are required to do during the year. If they have not had work to do, at least a part of the winter, it is necessary that they have some preparation for this trying ordeal in the way of strengthening food, careful grooming, plenty of exercise. Horses that have had steady work all winter will be found able to do much the most work with the least fatigue, and are much less liable to have sore shoulders; hence the advantage of keeping them busy if possible. If well summered is half wintered, as the old adage has it concerning all kinds of live stock, it is safe to reverse it in regard to horses at least, and say that well wintered is half summered. The value of farm teams during the busy season depends a great deal more upon the condition they are in when they enter upon it than many suppose. This is more especially true in regard to the heavy work of early spring than any other time, and the farmer who has not already begun to temper his teams for the work they have before them certainly stands in his ogn light.

AS SOON as the frost leaves the ground the work of preparing fences should begin, and as it is a work that must be done before the pressing work of spring is over, every day's work that can be done in April will be so much time gained. This being a work that can be done at odd jobs, it is well to employ every leisure hour on it after spring opens, until the work is completed. On many farms the expense of keeping the fences in repair is quite large, especially if nothing but wood is used for the posts and rails. Farmers should every spring carefully look over their farms to see if there are not some division fences that can be dispensed with, and if so, what posts and rail are good can be used to repair the other fences on the farm.

TO RUN a hot-bed needs a good deal of care and attention, and nobody should attempt it unless they are willing to give the time and attention. The beds must be covered up at night with mats and shutters, must be aired on sunny days, and watered whenever needed; the neglect of these particulars will spoil the whole thing in a single hour; but those who like to give their attention to such things will find much pleasure in seeing things growing, while all around is bound in frost, and will have the satisfaction of having early vegetables at a time when they are most acceptable, and of having their flowers in bloom at least a month earlier than can be done in the open air.

YOUNG fruits and ornamental trees, whether in turf or cultivated land, should be protected from injury by mice during winter, by a mound about a foot high of clean soil or manure around each one. When the orchard is situated near a forest, rabbits often do much injury by girdling the trees. This may be prevented by applying a paint made of common lime whitewash, to which is added about a half pint of gas or coal tar to the pailful. This mixture is thickened with garden soil until it will form considerable of a coating when applied with a common paint brush. This is also said to be a protection against borers in the trunk of both the apple and the peach tree.

MILK FEVER.—This disease seems almost an epidemic among the "fancy" cows at present, and it is not creditable to the breeders, as it indicates that such animals are forced beyond their capacity. It is of no value to an owner to secure a large record for his cow with the chances of losing her from the effort. The system certainly does not improve the breed, and does much to prejudice the average farmer against the pure breeds, as milk fever is rare among the common herds.

Captain C. G. Lundborg, late a captain in the Swedish Navy, exhibited recently to the members of the American Yacht Club of New York a peculiar ship model which he has invented. He showed two models of ship's hulls constructed on his plan. A good idea of these models may be given by saying that a cross-section is like an old-fashioned dice-box cut in two, and the load water-line is at the point where the sides approach each other nearest. The models had an extremely sharp entrance and a delicate run. They had also twin screws supported by an extension of the lower part of the hull. These screws are at such a distance from the stern-post that the water strikes them at a righ angle, or nearly so. With such a model, Captain Lundborg is confident (from experiments made under the Froude system) that he can obtain a speed of twenty-two knots an hour. "I had observed," said he, "fishes in swimming below the surface could go with great speed and little apparent effort. But when they approached the surface there seemed to be greater resistance to be overcome. It led me to think that possibly the greater resistance was at the surface, and that the generally accepted rule that the resistance increased as the square of the velocity was not correct. By experiments I found that the resistance increased in a greater proportion to the speed at the surface and in a less proportion below. I find that Beaufoy, who in 1798 conducted a series of experiments by the direction of the British Government in regard to resistance, arrived at the same conclusion. As you will see, I have constructed my ship so that the load water-line is at the point of her smallest beam, and her extreme beam is beneath the surface.

"I HARDLY think we shall remain more than a week at Newport, as the judge is partial to mountain air." "The judge?" queried Mrs. Snarling; "I was not aware, my dear madame, that your husband had adorned the bench." "Oh dear, yes!" smillingly chirruped little Mrs. Scantiwit; "why, he's been three times judge of our town election!"

A Good Breakfast.

MRS. E. W. Carpenter, Overlee, Baltimore county, Maryland, writes: I was greatly benefited by the use of Red Star Cough Cure, when suffering from a severe cold. My cook was seriously ill from a deep-seated cough. She had consulted her doctor without relief. By my advice she used the Cough Cure in connection with an external application of St. Jacob's Oil to her side. In one night the change wrought was most gratifying and astonishing. In the morning she was like a new person.

If you feel angry, beware lest you become revengeful.

The Kidneys Cleanse the System.

It is important to keep them healthful and active, and this is best done with HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY. It is a specific for all kidney, liver and urinary complaints. Some of the worst chronic cases, that have been given up to die by physicians and friends, have been cured.

Mr. Stephen A. Aplin, Washington, D. C., says: "A member of my family having been troubled for several years with kidney disease was induced to use your HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY, and has been completely cured."

Health is better than wealth but wealth will bring health to all sufferers from diseases of the kidneys, liver and urinary organs, if it is expended in judicious amounts for the old reliable HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY. Dropsy, Rheumatism and Bright's Disease are immediately relieved by its use.

You will discover what a number of things you can do without when you have no money to buy them.

Dairymen Prefer It.

MESSRS. WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co.; Since the introduction of your improved Butter Color among my customers, it has given universal satisfaction. The leading dairymen of this section who have used it give it the preference over all other colors, of whatever name or nature.

They are especially pleased with the fact that it does not become rancid, like other oil colors and their product brings highest prices in market.

W. S. NAY, Druggist.
UNDERHILL, VT., April 5, 1882.

Idleness is always beset with trouble. Persistent labor allows no time for the indulgence of folly.

Important.

When you visit or leave New York City, save baggage expressage and $3 carriage Hire, and stop at the **Grand Union Hotel**, opposite Grand Central Depot.

600 elegant rooms, fitted up at a cost of one million dollars $1 and upwards per day. European Plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroad to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the city.

Exaggeration and actual lying are very closely related. Fact and truth are always powerful.

So Say We All of Us.

The greatest beauty seen
Of womankind so rare,
Is when she uses Carboline
To beautify her hair.

Do not for a moment let your confidence betray you into supposing yourself incapable of mistake.

"Rough on Corns."

Ask for Wells' "Rough on Corns." 15c. Quick complete cure. Hard or soft corns, warts, bunions.

Labor to keep alive in your breast that little spark of celestial fire called conscience.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 149 *Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y.*

Never impose upon a business man's time or attention. See him by his own appointment.

"Buchu-Paiba."

Quick, complete cure, all Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases, Scalding, Irritation, Stone, Gravel, Catarrh of the Bladder. $1. Druggists.

ARABI'S FAMILY.—A Green Bay, Wis., mother writes: "Are the children of Arabi Bey called Arabi Beybies?"

WARRANTED PURELY VEGETABLE. The best cure for Liver and Bilious Complaints, Costiveness, Headache, Dizziness and Dyspepsia. As a Blood Purifier and Spring Medicine they have no equal. No family should be without a box of the St. Bernard Vegetable Pills in the house. Price 25 cents at Druggists, or by mail. Sample sent FREE. Address F. NEUSTAEDTER & CO., 81 Mercer St., New York.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS

The finest tonic for nervous people is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which insure perfect digestion and assimilation, and the active performance of their functions by the liver and bowels. As the system acquires tone through the influence of this benign medicine, the nerves grow stronger and more tranquil, headaches cease, and that nameless anxiety which is a peculiarity of the dyspeptic, gives way to cheerfulness. To establish health on a sure foundation, use the peerless invigorant. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

I had a valuable horse taken with the pinkeye, resulting in blood poison. After nine months of doctoring with all the remedies to be found in horse books, I despaired of a cure. His right hind leg was as large as a man's body, and had on it over forty running sores. At last I thought of Swift's Specific. I used fifteen bottles. In August last all symptoms of the disease disappeared. There have been no signs of a return, and the horse has done a mule's work on my farm ever since. JAS. L. FLEMING, Augusta, Ga. January 9, 1885.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga., or 159 W. 23d St., N. Y.

BAUGH'S

$25 PHOSPHATE

Contains the Life and Essence of Animal Bones. We are selling Baugh's Strictly Pure Raw Bone Meal, also Baugh's Ready Dissolved Pure Animal Bones, at very Low Prices. It would surprise farmers to know how very low they can procure these brands direct from us. Send your name and address, and we will send you our Pamphlets Gratis. BAUGH & SONS, 20 So. Sol. Ave. Philadelphia, Pa.

RED STAR

TRADE RED STAR MARK

COUGH CURE

Absolutely Free from Opiates, Emetics and Poisons.

A PROMPT, SAFE, SURE CURE

For Coughs, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Influenza, Colds, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Quinsy, Pains in Chest, and other affections of the Throat and Lungs.

Price 50 cents a bottle. Sold by Druggists and Dealers. *Parties unable to induce their dealer to promptly get it, for them will receive two bottles, Express charges paid, by sending one dollar to*

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER COMPANY, Sole Owners and Manufacturers, Baltimore, Maryland, U. S. A.

Never was any person remarkably ungrateful who was not also insufferably proud, nor anyone proud who was not equally ungrateful.

* * * * Nervous debility, premature decline of power in either sex, speedily and permanently cured. Large book, three letter stamps. Consultation free. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

We always know everything when it serves no purpose, and when the seal of the irreparable has been set upon events.

Bartholdi's Statue of "Liberty Enlightening the world"

will be a reminder of personal liberty for ages to come. On just as sure a foundation has Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" been placed, and it will stand through the cycles of time as a monument to the physical emancipation of thousands, who by its use have been relieved from consumption, consumptive night-sweats, bronchitis, coughs, spitting of blood, weak lungs, and other throat and lung affections.

No man was ever so much deceived by another as by himself.

"That Miss Jones is a nice-looking girl, isn't she?"

"Yes, and she'd be the belle of the town if it wasn't for one thing."

"What's that?"

"She has catarrh so bad it is unpleasant to be near her. She has tried a dozen things and nothing helps her. I am sorry, for I like her, but that doesn't make it any less disagreeable for one to be around her."

Now if she had used Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, there would have been nothing of the kind said, for it will cure catarrh every time.

Wise men are instructed by reason; men of less understanding by experience: the most ignorant, by necessity; and the beast by nature.

"Rough on Rats."

Clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bedbugs, skunks, chipmunks, gophers. 15c. Druggists.

Nobody cares about being accused of wickedness. No vanity is hurt by that sort of charge.

Frazer Axle Grease.

The Frazer Axle Grease is the best and, intrinsically the cheapest. Don't work your horses to death by using poor grease. Try it.

BETWEEN FASHIONABLES.—"That infernal tailor of mine has disappointed me again, confound him! I wish I could find some way of punishing the beast." "I'll attend to that—he shall be punished adequately—a fearful revenge. He shall be ruined!" "How?" "I will transfer my custom to him."

AN EXTENDED POPULARITY. BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES have been before the public many years. For relieving Coughs and Throat troubles they are superior to all other articles. *Sold only in boxes.*

Strive for the mastery in whatever you undertake. Inefficient services are fruitless.

Now is the time to prevent and cure Skin Diseases, and to secure a white, soft and beautiful complexion use "BERSON'S AROMATIC ALUM SULPHUR SOAP." 25 cents by Druggist, or by mail. Wm. Dreydoppel, Phila., Pa.

Love has many languages and the tenderest and most eloquent of them is silence.

FOR DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, depression of spirits and general debility, in their various forms, also as a preventive against fever and ague and other intermittent fevers, the "Ferro-Phosphorated-Elixir of Calisaya" made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic, and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness, it has no equal.

Time waits for no man. Do not be a laggard, but rush onward in the battle of life determined to win.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell it. 25c

Simplicity of character is the natural result of profound thought.

Heart Pains.

Palpitation, Dropsical Swellings, Dizziness, Indigestion, Headache, Sleeplessness, cured by "Wells' Health Renewer."

The principle of cooling by evaporation is one on which some ice-making machines are constructed; ether or aqua ammonia applied to the skin when heated produces a cooling effect by its rapid evaporation; a playing spray fountain in a room will sensibly cool the air from the same cause. Under favorable circumstances this principle may be economically applied to the cooling of overheated rooms. Many years ago the proprietor of a summer boarding-house in eastern Massachusetts cooled his upper rooms in summer by spraying water through an air duct, the plan being almost identical with that described in an exchange as being employed in the composing-room of the New Orleans Picayune. In this case a vertical wooden box was constructed in the corner of the room, with openings at the floor and ceiling, and furnished with a pipe for supplying water at the top, and a pan and drain at the bottom for receiving the flow and carrying it safely away. The supply pipe was bent over the upper end of the shaft, and fitted with a rose like that of a watering pot, so as to deliver a shower of spray instead of a solid stream. On connecting it with the service pipe the movement of the water was found to cause an active circulation of the air in that part of the room, which was drawn in at the upper opening of the shaft and issued again cool and fresh from the one at the floor level. The relative temperatures of the water, the air at the top of the room and the cooler air that had passed the water bath were—Water, 84 degrees; air in the room, 96 degrees; cooled air, 74 degrees; showing that the air was cooled ten degrees below the temperature of the water when it cooled it. This refrigeration was due to the rapid evaporation of the water by the heated air, the water being in the form of a fine spray.

MANURE should be subject to the same rule. We advocate plowing in the manure if it is at all coarse; if it is fine we spread it on the plowed ground and work it in with the Acme harrow or a cultivator. When manure is plowed in with lop furrows and the harrow is drawn across the furrows it is evident that the manure and soil be very intimately mixed together and this is precisely what is wanted for the Spring sowing. Land so prepared and well manured needs no fertilizer; but where is the farmer who ever found his supply of manure ample for his needs.

THE DRILL FOR SOWING SEED.—This puts the seed precisely where it ought to be, about an inch and a half below the surface and the passage of the drill spouts through the soil mingles the soil together and drops the seed exactly where the fertilizer can be reached.

HUMOROUS.

MRS. BRIGHT (guest at a little dinner)—"Oh, I am so glad Mrs. Dash has come."

Mr. Bright—"Why, my dear, I thought you and she were great social rivals."

"We are."

"And, worse than that, she is a particular favorite with our host, Mr. De Kiumsey, and may be given the place of honor at the table. That would be mortifying."

"On the contrary, that is why I am so glad. In this house the host does the carving, and the place of honor, as you know, is at his right hand."

"But what of that?"

"It will be her dress, not mine, that gets splashed all over with gravy this time."

MR. LEAF (tobacco dealer)—"I have been to Boston, and something I saw there gave me an idea. Over the door of every street car, on a certain line, is a large advertisement, 'Smoke Blank's Tobacco.' Now, I would like to arrange with you to have my advertisement, 'Smoke Leaf's Tobacco,' over the doors of your cars."

Street-car Magnate—"It would be a good thing for you, and you probably would be willing to pay well; but it won't do—won't do at all."

"Why not?"

"It would cause us so much inconvenience."

"I can't imagine how."

"Well, you see, our cars go so slow that people would be continually mistaking them for tobacco stores."

HE HAD a paper in one hand and his spectacles in the other, and he looked greatly agitated as he leaned forward and said:

"My dear sir, do you know that our exports fell off $65,000,000 this last year?"

"No. Is that a fact?"

"That's a fact, sir, and now let me ask you, what are you going to do about it?"

"W-e-l-l," replied the other, as he consulted his watch, "in thirty-five minutes the train will reach the next station; I propose to take whisky. What will you have?"

A LAMENTABLE AFFAIR.—Gus De Smith was ejected violently from a doctor's office on Austin avenue. Gus complained that he felt very much debilitated. "You should eat oat meal for breakfast. I eat oat meal and feel as stout as a jackass," said the doctor. "The oat meal can't have anything to with your feeling like a jackass," remarked Gus. "I'll kick you out of this office," roared the exasperated doctor. "If you do, doctor, I'll not kick back. I'll do like the other fellow who was kicked by a jackass. I'll consider the source." After that Gus stalked out. The affair is much to be regretted, as both parties are respectably connected.

AN official in the water board of a western city, having departed this life, the city government, who esteemed him as a faithful employe, sent his salary for the remainder of the year with a letter of condolence to the widow. A friend of the latter, in speaking of her loss, remarked that the action of the city had been very considerate, etc. "Yes," said the bereaved one, "but seems if they might have shut off the water for half a day at least, as a mark of respect for John."

FOGG has a neat way now and then of turning a compliment. Seeing the elderly Miss Pangley in the street the other day he tried to avoid her, but did not succeed. When they met, said Miss Pangley: "Oh, you naughty man! You wanted to cut me." Replied Fogg, blandly; "I should be cutting a pretty figure, shouldn't I?" Miss Pangley tells her friend, Miss Sagegreen, that Mr. Fogg is a perfect gentleman.

ALTOGETHER TOO SMALL.—In response to an inquiry for court-plaster the other day a Detroit druggist handed out a piece about six inches square and asked the boy if he thought that would do.

"I dunno," was the doubtful reply.

"Who is it for?"

"For father."

"Didn't he say how large a piece?"

"No, but I know that isn't half large enough. Ma hit him with the whole side of the washboard at once and that won't begin to cover the clip."

A FARMER'S will was presented for probate (it was in old days) to an archdeacon during his visitation. He found a name scratched out. The widow stepped forward and explained. "I tells you how he be, sir. When we come to look into the will we sees £50 left to John Wheeler. 'What's he got to do with master's money?' says I. So I gets a knife and as scratches him out, and that's how he be, sir."

THEOLOGICAL ITEM.—Alas! that so many people look upon religion simply as a fire escape!

Dowright Cruelty.

To permit yourself and family to "Suffer!"

With sickness when it can be prevented and cured so easily

With Hop Bitters!!!

Having experienced a great deal of "Trouble!" from indigestion, so much so that I came near losing my *Life!*

My trouble always came after eating any food—

However light
And digestible.

For two or three hours at a time I had to go through the most

Excruciating pains,

"And the only way I ever got

"Relief!"

Was by throwing up all my stomach contained. No one can conceive the pains that I had to go through, until

"At last!"

I was taken! "So that for three weeks I lay in bed and

Could eat nothing!

My sufferings were so that I called two doctors to give me something that would stop the pain; their

Efforts were no good to me.

At last I heard a good deal

"About your Hop Bitters!

And determined to try them."

Got a bottle—in four hours I took the contents of

One!

Next day I was out of bed, and have not seen a

"Sick!"

Hour, from the same cause since.

I have recommended it to hundreds of others. You have no such

"Advocate as I am."—Geo. Kendall, Allston, Boston, Mass.

Columbus *Advocate*, Texas, April 21, '83. Dear Editor:—I have tried your Hop Bitters, and find they are good for any complaint. The best medicine I ever used in my family. H. TALENER.

☞ None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

..LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S..
VEGETABLE COMPOUND
*** IS A POSITIVE CURE FOR ***
All those painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best * * * * *
** FEMALE POPULATION. **
Price $1 in liquid, pill or lozenge form.

* Its purpose is wholly for the legitimate healing of disease and the relief of pain, and that it does all it claims to do thousands of ladies can gladly testify. *
* It will cure entirely all Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted to the Change of Life. * * * * * * * *
* It removes Faintness, Flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves Weakness of the Stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. * Send stamp to Lynn, Mass., for pamphlet. Letters of inquiry confidentially answered. For sale by druggists. *

Spring Medicine

Everybody needs a spring medicine. The blood must be purified, the system strengthened, and the digestive organs toned and regulated. If you have never tried Hood's Sarsaparilla, do so this season. It has just those purifying, regulating, and strengthening influences which you so greatly need. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now and we are sure you will be glad that you resorted to this reliable spring medicine. Do not delay.

"For years I have made it a rule to use a medicine every spring to cleanse my system. Last spring I used three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and derived more benefit from it than from any other medicine I have ever used." CHARLES P. SMITH, Youngstown, Ohio.

Purify the Blood

"Hood's Sarsaparilla as a blood purifier has no equal. It tones the system, strengthens and invigorates, giving new life. I have taken it for kidney complaint with the best results; have used several bottles in my family and am satisfied that its reputation is merited." D. R. SAUNDERS, 81 Pearl Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

"I believe Hood's Sarsaparilla is a good medicine—one of the best blood medicines made." J. F. OLIN, Columbia, N. H.

"I was troubled with disease of the kidneys five years, and was urged to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. After taking half a bottle I felt greatly relieved, my appetite has never been so good, and I sleep soundly." O. COMBOS, Burlington, Vt.

"We all like Hood's Sarsaparilla, it is so strengthening." LIZZIE BALFOUR, Auburn, P. Q.

"I have sold more of Hood's Sarsaparilla within the past two years than of all other blood purifiers together, and I can recommend it as an A No. 1 article of merit." A. B. LEE, druggist, 458 Grand River Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

"I used Hood's Sarsaparilla last spring and can truly say it helped me very much. To those suffering with bilious complaints, nervous prostration, or rheumatism, I earnestly recommend it." MRS. E. CARPENTER, Kalamazoo, Mich.

"I was seriously troubled with biliousness and sour stomach; had no appetite, and nothing tasted good or natural. Hood's Sarsaparilla gave me permanent relief." C. L. BARRETT, Syracuse, N. Y.

"I took Hood's Sarsaparilla in the spring, when I was so weak I could not do any work. I had not a particle of faith in it, but it has made a new person of me, and all I ask is for a person to try one bottle to see its quick effect." MRS. C. A. M. HUBBARD, North Chili, Monroe Co., N. Y.

Strengthen the System

"I had become very much run down, and generally out of order, was very bilious, and my liver and kidneys were more or less deranged. A few bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla built me right up and put new life into me. I most cheerfully recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla to the like afflicted." W. R. SPAYNER, Cambridgeport, Mass.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla gave me new life and restored me to my wonted health and strength." WILLIAM H. CLOUGH, Tilton, N. H.

"When I began taking Hood's Sars