SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN

MIFFLINTOWN.

Wednesday, July 2, 1884.

B. F. SCHWEIER,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,

JAMES G. BLAINE,

OF MAINE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

JOHN A. LOGAN,

OF ILLINOIS.

A STATE convention of colored men will be held at Pittsburg, August 12.

THE Monroe doctrine, has always been a dead letter, Blain will give it life and make it a living issue.

THE Democratic National Convention will convene in Chicago, next Monday, to nominate a Presidential ticket, that Blaine and Logan will defeat.

THE king of Holland is dead, and the nearest heir to the throne is a four year old female child. They will have to be honest, and strong men to guard the rights and possessions of her fathers if she is to possess them.

BLAINE'S foreign policy as it was foreshadowed by the call that he issued while Secretary of State under Garfield, will bring to his side a greater number of supporters than can be taken from him by the bolters in New York and Massachusetts.

THE trade dollar committee of the Senate, has post-poned the further consideration of the redemption of the trade dollar till next December. Congress has not placed itself in accord with the people on the trade dollar question. The desire to have the coin redeemed at its face value is almost unanimous.

OF the 5,500,000 tons of sugar manufactured last year, —1883.—over 2,000,000 tons were made in Germany out of beets. It is a new industry that has sprung up in Germany the past fifty years, under the protection of government which gives a draw back of $6 per ton for every ton that is exported.

THE Democracy are in a state of great worrynent over the coming nomination. Cleveland will not do, he is a free trader. Bayard will not do, for he was a conscientious believer in slavery as a divine institution. Tilden will not do for that will raise the issue of fraud. They can fall back on Payne, that will suit them, for Payne is a Standard Oil man, and "file" with the Democracy goes a great length.

NEXT week the Democracy will nominate a Presidential candidate at Chicago. At first sight it seems as if Cleveland, of New York has the most strength as a candidate but the appearance is appearance only. If nominated he cannot be elected, he cannot carry York State. It was the Republican party that voted such a large majority for Cleveland for Governor, but that Republican element will support Blaine, and the foreign element will support Blaine on account of his foreign policy.

THE past six weeks of financial racket in financial centers has been hard on the greenback cause. Butler and his friends should get out of the wet by coming over to Blaine and Logan, for the past six weeks of financial racket has demonstrated the fact once again to all the world that a fortune in paper is not the best to have. A number of men counted their paper bonds by millions, but when they came to realize on them instead of dollars they were worth only a few cents on the dollar. The over-estimated value among N. Y., financiers has been equal to $1,500,000,000. It isn't hard to inflate a man to be a millionaire, but to be one with the solid property to establish it to all the world is quite an other thing.

THE Republican party has always been in advance of the Democratic party in its advocacy of the enlargement of the rights of the people to govern, and as it progresses toward a more perfect voicing of the people in the choice of candidates for office it pulls the Democracy with it. The Democracy are still a long distance behind. The Republican State conventions so ruled that delegates to the National convention should have the right to vote for whomsoever they pleased, and denied the right of a state convention to bind all delegates to vote as a unit for a candidate for the Presidency, and under that just rule, every delegate could vote for whomsoever he pleased. Witness the contrast between that rule, and the rule of the Democratic State convention of this commonwealth and the rule of the York State convention which instructed that the delegation from that state shall vote as a unit for Cleveland. There is no room for a man to exercise his individual freedom in such ruling. Do you see the difference.

THE funeral of Bishop Simpson of the Methodist Church took place last Wednesday, in Philadelphia. He was a great pulpit orator. It is believed that the coffin in which his body was lowered into the grave will preserve his remains for the period of one hundred years. Why have we all fallen into the habit of making an effort to preserve the body from decay after it has been put into the grave? Is it the right thing to do, to hedge a dead human body in a casket and cemented vault? Such a process must needs keep the body in a state of putrefication for years. How much better, and how much nearer to the laws of the creator to place the body down into the clean dry earth with the thinest of board coffin so that the earth may speedily come in contact with the remains and absorb it and release the gasses for the grass, trees and flowers to feed upon and flourish.

Down six feet into dry ground no worms go to prey upon dead humanity, there is nothing at that depth but clean earth to receive the body, and again re-convert it to earth from whence it came.

Curiosities of Suicide.

The record of suicides in 1883 affords interesting details of the 1,409 self-murders, as to age, cause, condition, sex, locality, (day or night), and the day of the month.

The fact that, as compared with similar previous records, the relations between the seasons of the year and their suicidal statistics maintain a certain degree of regularity, appear to demonstrate the further fact, noticed by scientists, that violence and crime depend largely on temperance.

Summer seems to be pre-eminently the suicidal season, and, although the mania of self murder in 1883 showed a decrease as compared with the previous year, the summer months of each year furnished the largest proportionate crop of suicides.

As to the ages and impelling motives, there are some interesting illustrations. For example: The earliest age at which the desire for self-destruction manifested itself in the past twelve monts was six years.

The oldest person committing self murder was ninety-four years of age.

As usual, the greatest number at ages after twenty years were at intervals of five years. That is to say, the greates number, relatively, occurred at the ages of 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, and so on to the age of 60. The greatest number occurring at any specific period of life was 52 at the age of 50 years.

There appears to be little change in the suicide climacterics, so to speak. In childhood the suicidal act generally seems to be impelled by chagrin at parental discipline. An illustration occurred in Utah last December, when a young and sensitive lad swallowed poison because an hour before his father had spoken crossly to him and threatened to punish him.

In the next period, love troubles chiefly lead to self destruction; next family troubles and business cares precipitate suicidal rashness, and later on causes vary from dissipation to disgust at life, and not infrequently in old age suicides occur from hallucinations resulting from second childhood. For example a well-to-do Kansas farmer hung himself because he had conceived the wholly unwarranted idea that he and wife were coming to want and would die in the poor-house.

The aggregates as to known causes or motives of more than one thousand of these suicides are as follows.

Business troubles, 111; chagrin at parental discipime, 13; destitution, 46; dissipation, 111; family trouble, 170; grief, 30; home sickness, 1; insanity, 276; love trouble, 94; pimple on nose, 1; sickness, 149; to avoid assassination, 2; undergoing or threatened with punishment, 46. Some of these impelling motives were both curious and absurd.

We are told that an Indian young woman suicided in May because her sweet heart took another young woman on an excursion.

A Pennsylvania school teacher swallowed laudanum on account of an incurable pimple on her nose, which made her morbidly sensitive.

An Ohio politician, a candidate for office, committed suicide because he suffered defeat.

An Indiana candidate for office for Mayor took his own life for the same reason.

A Colorado millionaire, who squandered his money in riotous living, shot himself in a fit of desperation and dissipation.

A New York German believed himself bewitched and that all his money troubles were due to witches, and for this reason destroyed himself.

A Missouri criminal committed suicide from regret that, while he had killed three men and one woman, he had not killed two more.

A Tennessee student died by his own hand because an examination of the thought of the ancients convinced him that man's life was his own property, and no discredit attached to suicide; and so on.

As to the occupation of these suicides, it appears that farmers led the list, no fewer than 221 such being recorded.

Merchants come next, to the number of eighty-seven.

Of laborers there were sixty two, and of saloon keepers the number was forty-one.

Of some other occupations the record specifies:

Physicians, twenty-seven; politicians twenty-two; commercial travelers and courtesans, twenty one each; lawyers, seventeen; engineers, fifteen; shoemakers, fourteen; butchers, servants and tailors, eleven each; jewelers and miners, ten each; tramps, masons, machinists and journalists, eight each; school teachers and speculators, nine each; barbers, carpenters, gardeners and printers, seven each.

By an odd coincidence, an equal number of judges, gamblers, cigar makers, drug clerks, postmasters and waiters (five each) took their own lives. And, sad to say, four ministers find place in the doleful record.

As to sexs, the men are ahead by a large majorty, there being 1,083 males and 326 females in the list.—Insurance Chronicle.

Items.

New wheat has made its appearance from Northwestern Texas in the St. Louis market.

Governor Robinson, of Massachusetts, has succeeded in attaining celebrity by his warm advocacy of the admission of women to the medical profession, and by telling Harvard college that he didn't want their degree of LL. D.

A jury at Little Rock, Ark., has awarded a verdict of $125 damages and costs to a man who refused to surrender his railroad ticket unless furnished with a seat, and who was accordingly ejected from the train.

GREENSBURG, Pa., June 24.—The oldest son of John Walp, living near Jurraysville, was struck by lightning yesterday and killed, together with two horses which he was driving. Two colts belonging to Eisman, near adamsburg, were also killed by lightning.

BUTLER, Pa., June 24.—Mrs. Benninger was badly stunned here by lightning to-day and her recovery is exceedingly doubtful. The residence of Mrs. William Miller, on Main street, was badly shattered at the same time.

Fourteen millions of dollars were removed yesterday from the United bank building to the elegant new structure of the Mutual Life Insurance Company in Nassau street. First came the colored porter of the banking concern, carrying a peck basket in either hand. The porter was the custodian of $3,500,000. Next came the office boy with books and papers representing $6,000,000. In the rear was a man with a push-wagon on which were piled $4,500,000. These effects belonged to the late firm of of Grant & Ward. The most valuable portion of the assets of the firm followed on a truck. This comprised a large cane chair, in which General Grant often reposed, three cuspidores, two sofas, a broom, a tooth-brush, a door-mat and a glass sign which read "Deposits received here."

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

"A novel feature in the hotel line at the New Orleans Exposition will be the steamship Great Eastern, which will be moored at the Exposition wharf and used as a hotel under the charge of a skillful caterer. It has three hundred and fifty State rooms, and will no doubt, be well patronized.

If you want bargains, call on R. E. Parker, in the Wilson store room on Bridge street as he is closing out his entire stock of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and so forth. Also his large stock of Hats, at cost with the intention of retiring from business.

June 23, 1884, 3t.

No injurious effects can follow the use of Ayer's Ague Cure in the treatment of malarial diseases. It contains, besides a specific and unfailing antidote for miasmatic poison, other remedial agents which unite to expel the poisonous humors, purify the system, and leave it in a healthy and reinvigorated condition.

Farmers.

Kennedy and Doty are prepared to furnish you with all kinds of Farming implements. Phosphates at a saving to you of 20 per cent.

NORMAL CLASS.—A Normal Course for the especial benefit of those preparing to teach will be conducted during a term of six weeks, commencing July 14th, 1884, at Richfield, Juniata county, Pa. Satisfaction guaranteed, and terms reasonable.

P. G. SHELLY.

Prof. Harris' Pastilles for nervous debility, etc., are offered on free trial. Their failure causes no loss except to proprietors, who know their merit. Harris Remedy Co., St. Louis, Mo. [June 14-1m.

If you suffer with Sick Headache, Constipation, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, or Bilious attacks, Emory's Little Cathartic Pills will relieve you; as a regulator of the bowels they have no equal; very small, one to three a dose.—15 cents. [June 15-1m.

An exchange says: Bakers should bear in mind that the law of this State provides that all bread shall be sold by the pound, and that scales for the purpose of weighing shall be kept on the counter or some other conspicuous place in all bakeries. The law further provides that unless the bread be weighed, the sale is illegal, and the seller liable to a fine of $10 and costs for each offense, and that one half of this sum shall go to the informer, therefore, unless the baker complies with the provisions of this act, he cannot, under the law, collect a bill for the sale of bread.

A FEW FACTS.

The machinists, carpenters, moulders, weavers and other skilled workmen in Philadelphia, says the North American, may perhaps believe that they have no advantage in wages over such workmen in Free Trade England. They are so assured by Free Trade papers. If they choose to believe it, they may at least do so after the presentation of a few facts which we take from official statistics. The average weekly wages of the trades named in Birmingham and Glasgow are as follows:

Machinists, best, (per week)	$8 00
Carpenters (per hour)	16
Iron moulders (per week)	10 50
Weavers, women (per week)	2 64

In Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Harrisburg and also in New England, the average weekly wages of the same grades and trades are reported to have been in 1880 as follows:

Machinists (per week)	$14 05
Carpenters (per hour)	25
Iron moulder (per week)	14 00
Weavers, women, (per week)	5 33

But we are informed further that the cost of living is so much greater here than elsewhere as to wipe out this difference in wages. The cost of living in Oldham, Manchester and other English cities was in 1883 about as follows:

Flour, per pound	03½ cents
Potatoes, per bushel	60 "
Eggs, per dozen	30 "
Milk, per quart	08 "
Lard, per pound	16 "
Butter, "	28 "
Coffee, "	32 "
Tea, "	49 "
Sugar, "	07 "
Bacon, "	15 "
Ham, "	22 "
Beef, "	20 "
Pork, "	18 "
Cheese, "	16 "
Rice, "	06 "
Soap, "	08 "
Candles, "	12 "

These rates will serve to give an idea of the cost of maintaining a table in England. It is not necessary to give the prices current here, as every householder knows them. We do not fear to leave these figures to the people themselves.

As to clothing, we give the following list of prices in the manufacturing districts of England. They are for 1883:

MEN'S WEAR, VIZ.:

Cotton Cord Suits	$ 6 32
Tweed suits	7 29
Worsted Suits	12 16
Overcoats, Suits	7 29
Felt Hats	97

WOMEN'S WEAR, VIZ.:

Calicoes, per yard	08
Flannel, per yard	28
Skirts	1 00
Cashmere, per yard	44
Stockings, worsted	32

This exhibit speaks more forcibly than all the bald statements to be found in Free Trade papers. It can be extended much farther with the same result. But this will do for once.

Anybody

That desires to save 20 to 35 per cent. on agricultural implements can be accommodated by Kennedy & Doty.—This same firm has the sole agency in Juniata county, for the well known Susquehanna Bone Phosphate and are also prepared to furnish pure, ground, raw bone, at lowest prices. In the feed line: Corn, Oats, Rye, Shorts, Middlings, Bran, Oil Cake and Meal.

FOR RENT.—A house and lot of 4 acres near Van Wert, in Walker township. Address or call on John Cleck, Van Wert, Juniata county, Pa.

You Can Have It.

"My dear, what would I give to have your hair!" is often said by middle-aged ladies to young ones.—Madam you may have just such hair. Parker's Hair Balsam will give it to you. It will stop your hair from falling off, restore the original color and make it long, thick, soft and glossy. You need not stand helplessly envying the girls. The Balsam is not oily, not a dye, but is an elegant dressing, and is especially recommended for its cleanliness and purity. June 18-1m.

Announcements.

ASSEMBLY.

MR. EDITOR:—Please announce the name of Maj. Jno. D. Howell as a candidate for Assembly, subject to Republican usages.

VETERAN REPUBLICANS.

PROTHONOTARY.

EDITOR, SENTINEL AND REPUBLICAN. I. G. Marks, of Patterson, is a staunch Republican, and he has many friends who won'd like to support him as the standard bearer for the office of Prothonotary. I therefore present him as a candidate, to the Republicans of Juniata, for primary nomination under the rules that govern the party, feeling satisfied that if he receive the nomination his chance for election in November will be very good. MIFFLINTOWN.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

EDITOR OF THE JUNIATA SENTINEL AND REPUBLICAN. *Dear Sirs*—Allow me to announce the name of B. H. Custer, of Monroe township, as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to Republican usages. Mr. Custer is a man well qualified for the office. MONROE.

STATE SENATOR.

Without the urgent solicitation of numerous friends but solely of my own volition, I offer myself as a candidate for State Senator, subject to Republican usages.—That I possess the ability to discharge the duties of the office, will hardly be denied; that I have been a soldier, and in every position in which I was placed faithfully performed my duty, the records will show; and that I have done my full share in making the Republican party successful in Juniata during the last few years, is well known to every Republican in the county. If they recognize the truth of the adage that the laborer is worthy of his hire, then I shall expect them not to forget my claims at the primary election, as I purpose making no personal canvass, having neither the time nor the means to spare. Respectfully,

WM. M. ALLISON.

MR. EDITOR.—I would announce the name of W. C. Pomeroy, of Port Royal, for State Senator. In doing so I express the wishes of a large number of Republicans in this county and in this Senatorial district. Mr. Pomeroy, as a member of the Legislature, was a popular representative. He was faithful in the discharge of his official duties. He voted against the continuance of the extra session. He voted for an adjournment on every occasion, when he found no agreement could be had between the Senate and the House. His course in the House of Representatives was such as to deserve commendation. Knowing the wants of his constituents so well, and with his legistative experience, his nomination would be a merited one, and be to the best interests of the Republican party.

June 2, 1884.] WALKER.

MR. EDITOR.—Permit me to announce the name of Captain James J. Patterson for State Senator. This Senatorial District is a close one, and it behooves the Republican party to put forth as its candidate, one who has the fitness to fill the position, and who will command the confidence of the people. Captain Patterson was a brave soldier in the 148th Pa., Reg't, commanded by Col. Beaver, and served honorably through the whole war. If he will accept the nomination, no worthier candidate could be selected. LACK.

COUNTY TREASURER.

MR. EDITOR.—Allow me to announce the name of David G. Shellenberger, of Monroe, as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer. Subject to Republican usages. Mr. Shellenberger has been a life-long Republican and if nominated would carry Fayette, Monroe, and Susquehanna like a whirl wind, and if elected would make an obliging officer. FAYETTE.

Cocolamus, May 19th, 1884.

MR. EDITOR.—We have no more capable man for the office of County Treasurer than Samuel Buck, of Port Royal, and we desire to bring his name before the Republicans of Juniata for nomination at the primary election, subject to the rules and regulations of the Republican party.

REPUBLICANS.

The name of George W. Wilson has often been spoken of in connection with county office, but he has never heretofore consented to permit his name to go before the people for nomination. His numerous friends are confident that he will make one of the best officers in the interest of the county, and therefore, do now announce him as a candidate for the office of County Treasure, under the nominating rules of the Republican party. His successful career as a merchant in Patterson, has given him an extensive acquaintance in the county and demonstrated his fitness for one of the best offices in Juniata in the gift of the people.

April 28th, 1884. MILFORD.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for County Treasurer, subject to the rules and regulations of the Republican party.

JAMES H. SIMONS.

Mifflintown, Pa., April 11, 1884.

MR. EDITOR.—Allow me to announce the name of G. W. SMITH, of Mifflintown, as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to Republican usages. Mr. Smith is a man of good business qualification, and if elected will make an obliging and efficient officer. FAYETTE.

To the Republican voters of Juniata Co.: I announce myself as a candidate for nomination for County Treasurer, subject to the Primary Election rules of the Republican party. JACOB S. THOMAS.

Mifflintown, Pa., April 21, 1884.

NOTICE TO TRESPASSERS.

All persons are hereby notified not to trespass on the lands of the undersigned, in Walker and Fermanagh townships, for the purpose of hunting, building fires, or for any other trespass purpose.

SAMUEL AUKER,	HENRY AUKER,
CHRISTIAN MUSSER,	REUBEN MOIST,
ISAAC AUKER,	WILLIAM RICKENBACH,
WELLINGTON SMITH,	KURTZ KAUFFMAN,
JOSEPH S. WEAVER,	SUSAN BONNER,
JONAS KAUFFMAN,	CYRUS SIEBER.

Oct. 31, 1883-tf.

The *Sentinel and Republican* office is the place to get job work done. Try it. It will pay you if you need anything in thatline.

New Advertisements.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the Orphans' Court of Juniata County, in the estate of William Kanawell, deceased.

The undersigned appointed auditor by the Orphan Court of Juniata county to make distribution of the balance in the hands of Jacob Beidler, Esq., and Solomon Books, administrators of the said William Kanawell hereby gives notice that he will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in the borough of Mifflintown, on Wednesday, July 9th, 1884, between the hours of ten o'clock a. m., and four o'clock p. m. of said day. When and where all persons interested must present their claims or be debarred from coming in upon said fund.

ALFRED J. PATTERSON, *Auditor.*

Mifflintown June 13 1884.

PRIVATE SALE.

A house and lot of 4 acres of flint land, 1½ miles from Van Wert, 5 miles from Mifflintown, the county seat. The house is 2 stories high with 6 rooms, and a cellar.—There is a stable for 3 or 4 cattle or horses, hog pen. There is both running and pump water on the premises. Fruit of all kinds, cherries, grapes, pears, apples and peaches. Churches and schools convenient. The Dunker church is only half mile distant.—The Presbyterian and Lutheran churches are 4 miles away. Terms easy. Possession given immediately. If sold before harvest the 2½ acres, now in wheat, will be put into the bargain. For price and other particulars address JOHN CLECK,

Van Wert, Juniata county, Pa.

April 9, 1884.

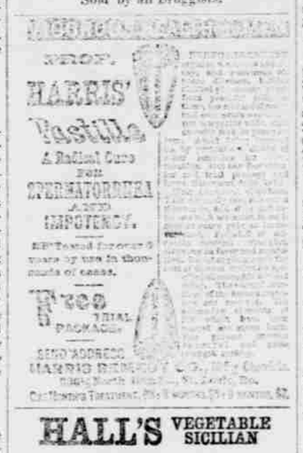
AYER'S AGUE CURE

contains an **antidote for all malarial disorders** which, so far as known, is used in no other remedy. It contains no Quinine, nor any mineral nor deleterious substance whatever, and consequently produces no injurious effect upon the constitution, but leaves the system as healthy as it was before the attack.

WE WARRANT AYER'S AGUE CURE to cure every case of Fever and Ague, Intermittent or Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Bilious Fever, and Liver Complaint caused by malaria. In case of failure, after due trial dealers are authorized, by our circular dated July 1st, 1882, to **refund the money.**

Dr. J. C. Ayer's & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.



HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN Hair Renewer.

Seldom does a popular remedy win such a strong hold upon the public confidence as has HALL'S HAIR RENEWER. The cases in which it has accomplished a complete restoration of color to the hair, and vigorous health to the scalp, are innumerable.

Old people like it for its wonderful power to restore to their whitening locks their original color and beauty. Middle-aged people like it because it prevents them from getting bald, keeps dandruff away, and makes the hair grow thick and strong. Young ladies like it as a dressing because it gives the hair a beautiful glossy lustre, and enables them to dress it in whatever form they wish. Thus it is the favorite of all, and it has become so simply because it disappoints no one.

BUCKINGHAM'S DYE

FOR THE WHISKERS

Has become one of the most important popular toilet articles for gentlemen's use. When the beard is gray or naturally of an undesirable shade, BUCKINGHAM'S DYE is the remedy.

PREPARED BY

R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N.H.

Sold by all Druggists.

PATENTS

MUNN & CO., of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, continue to act as Solicitors For Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, for the United States, Canada, England, France, Germany, etc. Hand Book about Patents sent free. Thirty-seven Years' experience. Patents obtained through MUNN & CO. are noticed in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, the largest, best, and most widely circulated scientific paper. $3.20 a year. Weekly. Splendid engravings and interesting information. Specimen copy of the **Scientific American** sent free. Address MUNN & CO., SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN Office, 261 Broadway, New York.

ALABASTINE

A Superior Substitute for Kalsomine, etc.

Alabastine is the *first* and *only* preparation made from calcined gypsum rock, for application to walls with a brush, and is fully covered by patents and perfected by many years of experiments. It is the only permanent wall finish, and admits of applying as many coats as desired, one over another, to any hard surface, without danger of scaling or noticeably adding to the thickness of the wall, which is strengthened and improved by each additional coat, from time to time. It is the only material for the purpose not dependent upon glue for its adhesiveness. Alabastine is fast supplanting glue, oil, water, moisture, etc., which, in kalsomines or whitening preparations have been soft chalks and glue for their base, which are rendered soft or scaled in a very short time.

In addition to the above advantages, Alabastine is less expensive, as it requires but one-half the quantity of any other material to cover the same amount of surface. It is ready for use by adding water, and easily applied by any one.

For sale by your Paint Dealer. Ask for Circular containing samples of 12 tints, manufactured only by the ALABASTINE CO., M. B. CHURCH, Manager, Grand Rapids, Mich.

CAUTION NOTICE.

All persons are hereby cautioned against trespassing upon the lands of the undersigned, in Fayette, Delaware or Walker townships, by fishing, hunting or in any other way:

JONATHAN KISER,	WM. BRANTHOFFER,
CATHARINE KURTZ,	JOHN MCMEEN,
D. B. DIMM,	G. W. SMITH,
S. J. KURTZ,	HENRY AUKER,
LUCIEN DUNN,	JESSE PINES,
JACOB HOOPS,	C. G. SHELLY,
A. H. KURTZ,	DAVID SMITH,
S. OWEN EVANS,	TESTON BENNER,
C. F. SPICHER,	JOHN L. AUKER,
J. B. GARBER,	S. M. KAUFFMAN,
J. F. DETTRA,	DAVID HUMBARGER,
ARNOLD VARNZS,	LEVI K. MYERS.

November 30, 1883-tf.

PEABODY HOTEL,

Ninth St, south of Chestnut, one square south of the New Post Office, one-half square from Walnut St. Theatre and in the very business centre of the city. On the American and European plans. Good rooms from 50c to $3 00 per day. Remodeled and newly furnished. W. PAINE, M. D., Owner and Proprietor.

Nov. 21, 1883, 1y.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

TIME-TABLE

On and after Monday, June 30th, 1884, trains that stop at Mifflin will run as follows:

EASTWARD.

HUNTINGDON ACCOMMODATION leaves Huntingdon daily at 6,00 a. m., Mount Union 6,25 a. m., Newton Hamilton 6,32 a. m., McVeytown 6,54 a. m., Lewistown 7,20 a. m., Milford 7,38 a m., Mifflin 7,45 a. m., Port Royal 7,52 a. m., Mexico 7,57 a. m., Tuscarora 8,00 a. m., Vanayke 8,04 a. m., Thompsontown 8,12 a. m., Durward 8,16 a m., Millerstown 8,23 a m., Newport 8,35 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg at 9 40 a. m., and at Philadelphia, 3 15 p. m.

JOHNSTOWN EXPRESS leaves Altoona daily at 7,05 a. m., and stopping a all regular stations between Altoona and Harrisburg, reaches Mifflin at 10.30 a. m., Harrisburg 12.20 p. M., and arrives in Philadelphia at 5.05 p. m.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Pittsburg daily at 7.33 a. m., Altoona at 2.20 p. m., and stopping at all regular stations arrives at Mifflin at 5-33 p. m., Harrisburg 7.30 p. m., Philadelphia 3 05 a. m.

Mail Express leaves Pittsburg at 1 00 p m. Altoona 6 45 p m; Tyrone 7 17 p m; Huntingdon 8 05 p m; Lewistown 9 20 p m; Mifflin 9 45 p m; Harrisburg 11 15 p m; Philadelphia 3 05 p m.

WESTWARD.

WAY PASSENGER leaves Philadelphia daily at 4 30 a. m.; Harrisburg, 8 15 a. m.; Duncannon, 8 52 a. m.; Newport, 9 20 a. m.; Millerstown, 9 34 a. m.; Thompsontown, 9 46 a. m.; Van Dyke, 9 55 a. m.; Tuscarora, 9 59 a. m.; Mexico, 10 02 a. m.; Port Royal, 10 07 a. m.; Mifflin, 10 15 a. m.; Milford, 10 21 a. m; Narrows, 10 29 a. m.; Lewistown, 10 40 a. m.; McVeytown, 11 07 a. m.; Newton Hamilton, 11 29 a. m.; Huntingdon, 12 06 p. m.; Tyrone, 12 58 p. m.; Altoona, 1 40 p. m., and stop at all regular stations between Harrisburg and Altoona.

OYSTER EXPRESS leaves Philadelphia daily at 5 40 p. m., Harrisburg, 10 40 p. m., stopping at Rockville, Marysville, Duncannon, Newport, Millerstown, Thompsontown, Port Royal, time at Mifflin, 12 15 p. m.; Altoona, 2 40 a. m., and Pittsburg, 6 50 a.m.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Philadelphia daily at 7.00 a. m., Harrisburg 11.00 a. m., Newport, 12 09 p. m., Mifflin 12.40 p. m., stopping at all regular stations between Mifflin and Altoona reaches Altoona at 3.25 p. m., Pittsburg 8.45 p. m.

HUNTINGDON ACCOMMODATION leaves Philadelphia daily at 11 10 a. m., Harrisburg at 5,00 p. m., Duncannon 5.35 p. m., Newport 6,02 p. m., Millerstown 6,13 p. m., Thompsontown 6,25 p. m., Vandyke 6,32 p. m., Tuscarora 6,36 p. m., Mexico 6,39 p. m., Port Royal 6,44 p. m., Mifflin 6,51 p. m., Lewistown 7,15 p. m., McVeytown 7,-39 p. m., Newton Hamilton 7,59 p. m., Huntingdon 8 30 p. m.

Pacific Express leaves Philadelphia 11 20 p m; Harrisburg 3 10 a m; Duncannon 3 39 a m; Newport 4 01 a m; Mifflin 4 42 a m; Lewistown 5 06 a m; McVeytown 5 30 a m; Mt. Union 5 58 a m; Huntingdon 6 25 a m; Petersburg 6 40 a m; Spruce Creek 6 54 a m; Tyrone 7 12 a m; Bell's Mills 7 32 a m; Altoona 8 10 a m; Pittsburg 1 00 p m.

Fast Line leaves Philadelphia at 11 10 a m; Harrisburg 3 15 p m; Mifflin 4 37 p m; Lewistown 4 58 p m; Huntingdon 6 00 p m; Tyrone 6 40 p m; Altoona 7 20 p m; Pittsburg 11 30 p m.

Fast Line west, on Sundays, will stop at Duncannon and Newport, when flagged.—Mail Express east, on Sundays, will stop at Barree, when flagged.

Johnstown Express east, on Sundays, will connect with Sunday Mail east leaving Harrisburg at 1 00 p. m.

Way Passenger west and Mail east will stop at Lucknow and Poorman's Spring, when flagged.

Johnstown Express will stop at Lucknow, when flagged.

LEWISTOWN DIVISION.

Trains leave Lewistown Junction for Milroy at 6 35 a m, 10 50 a m, 3 25 p m; for Sunbury at 7 15 a m, 2 55 p m.

Trains arrive at Lewistown Junction from Milroy at 9 10 a m, 1 50 pm, 4 50 p m; from Sunbury at 9 25 a m, 4 30 p m.

TYRONE DIVISION.

Trains leave Tyrone for Bellefonte and Lock Haven at 8 10 a m, 7 30 p m. Leave Tyrone for Curwensville and Clearfield at 8 50 a m, 7 50 p m.

Trains leave Tyrone for Warriors Mark, Pennsylvania Furnace and Scotia at 9 20 a m and 4 30 p m.

Trains arrive at Tyrone from Bellefonte and Lock Haven at 7 05 a m, and 6 35 p m.

Trains arrive at Tyrone from Curwensville and Clearfield at 6 58 a m, and 5 56 p m.

Trains arrive at Tyrone from Scotia, Warriors Mark and Pennsylvania Furnace at 6 58 a m, at 2 35 p m.

H. & B. T. R. R. & BEDFORD DIVISION.

Trains leave Huntingdon for Bedford, Bridgeport and Cumberland at 8 35 a. m. and 6 05 p. m.

Trains arrive at Huntingdon from Bedford, Bridgeport and Cumberland at 12 40 p. m., 5 55 p. m.

Philadelphia & Reading Railroad.

Arrangement of Passenger Trains.

MAY 11th, 1884.

Trains leave Harrisburg as follows:

For New York via Allentown, at 7 50 and 9 50 a. m., and 4 00 p. m.

For New York via Philadelphia and "Bound Brook Route," 6 25 7 50 a m, and 1 45 p m.

For Philadelphia, 6 25, 7 50, 9 50 a m, 1 45 and 4 00 p m.

For Reading at 5 20, 6 25, 7 50, 9 50 a m, 1 45, 4 00 and 8 30 p m.

For Pottsville at 5 20, 7 50, 9 50 a m, and 1 45 and 4 00 p. m. and via Schuylkill & Susquehanna Branch at 8 05 a m., and 3 00 p. m.

For Allentown at 5 20, 7 50, 9 50 a m, 1 45 and 4 00 p m.

Way and Market for Lebanon, 4 00 a. m. Runs on Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

SUNDAYS.

For Allentown, Reading, and way stations 7 00 a. m., and 4 00 p. m.

For Philadelphia at 7 00 a. m., and 4 00 p m.

Trains for Harrisburg leave as follows:

Leave New York via Allentown at 9 00 a m, 1 00 and 5 45 p m.

Leave New York via "Round Brook Route" and Philadelphia 7 45 a m, 1 30, 4 00 and 5 30 p m., and 12 00 midnight, arriving at Harrisburg 1 50, 8 20, 9 25 p. m., and 12 10 and 9 40 a m.

Leave Philadelphia at 4 30 9 50 a m., 4 00, 5 50 and 7 45 p m.

Leave Pottsville at 6 00, 9 00 a. m. and 4 40 p m.

Leave Reading at 5 00, 7 30, 11 50 a m, 1 27, 6 15, 7 50 and 10 25 p m.

Leave Pottsville via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Branch, 8 20 a m. and 4 40 p m.

Leave Allentown at 6 00, 8 40 a m., 12 15, 4 30 and 9 05 p m.

Way Market leaves Lebanon (Wednesdays and Saturdays only,) 5 05 a. m.

SUNDAYS.

Leave New York via Allentown, at 5 30 p m. Philadelphia at 6 30 a. m., and 7 45 p. m.

Leave Reading at 9 00 a m and 10 25 p m.

Leave Allentown at 7 35 a. m., and 9 35 p m.

STEELTON BRANCH.

Leave HARRISBURG for Paxton, Lochiel, and Steelton daily, except Sunday, 5 35, 6 40, 9 35 a m, 1 35 and 9 40 p m; daily, except Saturday and Sunday, 5 35 p m, and on Saturday only, 4 45 and 6 10, p m.

Returning, leave STEELTON daily, except Sunday, 6 10, 7 05, 10 00, 11 45 a m, 2 15 and 10 15 p m; daily, except Saturday and Sunday, 6 10 p m, and on Saturday only, 5 10 and 6 20 p m.

C. G. HANCOCK

General Pass'r and Ticket Agent.

J. E. WOOTTEN,

General Manager.

JOHN YORGEY'S NEW BOOT AND SHOE SHOP

has been removed to

Main street, Patterson, Pa.,

where he will make all the latest styles of LADIES', GENTLEMAN'S, BOY'S and MISSES' SHOES.

FINE BOOTS and REPAIRING a specialty.

☞ *PRICES REASONABLE.* ☜

Give him a call before going elsewhere.

Dec. 19, 1883-1y.

SPRING STOCK OF CARPETS.

Choice Pattern

VELVET

Body and Tapestry

BRUSSELS,

Extra Super Medium and Low Grade

INGRAINS,

A Full Line of

VENETIAN,

A Complete Line of

RAG,

A Choice Lot of

HEMP,

Beautiful Patterns in

STAIR,

and

HALL

Carpets

AT THE

Carpet House

AND

FURNITURE ROOMS

OF THE

JUNIATA VALLEY.

:o:

JOHN S. GRAYBILL,

At the Old Stand,

ON THE SOUTHWEST CORNER OF

BRIDGE & WATER STREETS,

MIFFLINTOWN, PA.,

HAS JUST RECEIVED

All the above enumerated articles, and all other things that may be found in a

CARPET AND FURNITURE STORE,

AT PRICES

BEYOND COMPETITION.

ALSO,

ALL KINDS OF

FURNITURE.

AN EXTRA LINE OF

MATTRESSES,

Bolsters and Pillows,

WINDOW SHADES,

IN ALL COLORS.

Looking Glasses

IN GREAT VARIETY,

&c., &c., &c.

In fact everything usually kept in a First-Class House-Furnishing Goods Store.

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BRIDGE STREET, South Side,

Between the Canal and Water Street,

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F. ESPENSCHADE,

AT THE

CENTRAL STORE

MAIN STREET,

OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE,

Mifflintown, Pa.,

Calls the attention of the public to the following facts:

Fair Prices Our Leader!—The Best Goods Our Pride!

One Price Our Style!—Cash or Exchange Our Terms!

Small Profits and Quick Sales Our Motto!

Our leading Specialties are

FRESH GOODS EVERY WEEK

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DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS, GROCERIES, BOOTS AND SHOES, for Men, Women and Children, Queensware, Glassware, Wood and Willow-ware, Oil Cloths, and every article usually found in first-class stores.

COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods at highest market price.

Thankful to the public for their heretofore liberal patronage, I request their continued custom; and ask persons from all parts of the county, when in Mifflin to call and see my stock of goods.

F. ESPENSCHADE.

Sept. 7, 1883

LOUIS E. ATKINSON. GEO. JACOBS, JR

**AT