SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN

MIFFLINTOWN.

Wednesday, April 30, 1884.

B. F. SCHWEIER,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

VANDERBILT is fond of fast horses.

THE Republican National Convention will be a big meeting when the 820 delegates all get together.

THE New York Republican State convention gave President Arthur's administration a hearty endorsement.

ST. LOUIS, at the present time is interested in an International dog show, with some 300 dogs on exhibition.

THE Union Republican Club, of Philadelphia, will leave for Chicago June 1st, and will make the Tremont House their headquarters.

JOHN WANAMAKER, the great clothing merchant of Philadelphia, served on a jury in the court of Common Pleas of Philadelphia last week.

PRESIDENT ARTHUR secured the delegates at-large from York State to the Chicago convention. by a combination with the Edmunds men.

IT is a mistake to believe that the perpetuity of the Republican party depends upon the men who want to be elected President of the United States.

AN attempt was made to burn St. Patrick's Cathedral, in Erie, Pa., some days ago. They are bad people who will burn churches and property of their neighbors for spite or gain.

THE Philadelphia Call remarks that the Democratic party has one hand on the nape of Tilden's neck and the other hand grasping him by the slack of his pantaloons, and the louder he shouts "No," the more it makes him walk "turkey."

THERE is a resolution before the United States Senate that proposes an amendment to the constitution to give the President of the Government the power to veto objectionable items in bills that pass Congress, without vetoing the whole bill.

ON the 23rd of April, William P. Hoops, a Baltimore lawyer was disbarred and prohibited from practicing his profession in the city of Baltimore for having fraudulently conspired with Elizabeth Bean to obtain a deed from Mrs. Cullen to Bean.

THE wheat reports, of the growing crop varies from 55 to 85 per cent. of an average crop, how nearly correct the reports are the harvest alone can determine, should they prove to be true reports, wheat next September will rule at a higher figure than at the present time.

ENGLAND was greatly disturbed by an earthquake shock last week one morning. In a number of towns the shock was severe enough to ring church bells, chimes, and high brick and stone houses fell into ruins. A Colchester a church spire 150 feet high fell to the ground.

LAST Wednesday, April 23rd, a committee of the anti-music party of the United Presbyterian Church at Pittsburg decided to ask the General Assembly to declare the use of instrumental music unlawful, on the ground that the question was not properly submitted to the Presbyteries.

THE Nationalists held a State convention at Trenton on last Wednesday, and elected delegates-at-large to attend their National convention which is to meet at Indianapolis on the 28th day of may. There is a talk of Governor B. F. Butler becoming their candidate for the presidency.

THE Springfield, Mass., Union says the strength of President Arthur is his excellent administration, and the more the plain people think over the record of his administration the more they ask themselves: "Why not let well enough alone and nominate and elect a man who has been tried and not found wanting?"

THE Chicago Herald says the Pennsylvania Randall tariff plank is framed so as to "cotch de coon a-comin' or a-gwin," declaring for revenue so adjusted as to be on both sides of the fence. The trouble with this ancient dodge is that it has been played so often that the people thoroughly understand it and despise it.

THE people of England are greatly alarmed because of the great earthquake shock that recently shook the whole island. Old books mention the disappearance of larger islands than England, for example the Island or Continent of Atalantis, which, it is said, was the connecting link of land between America and Europe.

THE Philadelphia Times of April 23rd says, the Presbyterians of the city are supporting the Rev. Dr. Dickey in the stand he took as President of the hospital board in refusing the money from the Charity ball. It is customary to distribute these honors—but, though he went as one last year, he has just been again elected a commissioner to the Presbyterian General Assembly, which meets at Saratoga in May.

THERE is no such an animal as a white elephant, unless it be a painted or chalked on. There are sacred elephants. The showman Barnum claims to have one that his agent bought in Burmah from a rich dead man's estate. The sacred beast was bought for 15000 rupees to repair God's images and monasteries.

SOME one in Congress has a bill that proposes to create a commission to inquire into the physical, moral and social condition of colored people. Perhaps it would have been just as well if the Congressman had proposed that investigation for his own race. If the colored race is given equal rights before the law he will take care of himself.

THE Democracy are getting ready to dodge the tariff question, and are preparing to fight the campaign on the mistakes that the Republican party has made. There is nothing new, however, in that, for that has been their manner of conducting a campaign the past many years. They have dodged the tariff question ever since the days of President Polk, and they have been fighting the Republicans on mistakes ever since they themselves made the greatest of all mistakes by permitting rebellion to take place under the administration of President Buchanan.

THE Philadelphia Times of the 23rd inst., remarks that those people who are fond of eating mustard as an appetizing accompaniment to their daily food will hardly feel comfortable under the revelations made by an official analysis in New York by Dr. Edson. He analyzed thirteen samples of the prepared mustard put up by certain manufacturers in that city and found three of them to contain napthal yellow, an active poison. Every sample contained flour or terra alba or both in amounts varying from twenty to seventy-five per cent. of the whole. Selling flour and terra alba for mustard is bad enough, but adding to it an active poison is criminal in the highest degree. Mustard is relied on as an antidote for poison in many cases. but when it contains an active poison itself it must prove anything but an antidote, unless on the somewhat doubtful theory that a hair of the dog will cure the bite.

The First Birth, The First Minister, Etc.

The first white child born in North America was Virginia, daughter of Ananias and Eleanor Dare, and grand daughter of Governor John White. She was born on the 18th of August, 1587, in Roanoke, North Carolina.—Her parents were of the expedition sent out by Sir Walter Raleigh in that year. There is no record of her history, save that of her birth.

The first minister who preached the Gospel in North America was Robert Hunt, of the Church of England, an exemplary man, who came out in the same company with Captain John Smith, in the year 1607.—He was much esteemed as a man of peace, and was in many ways useful to the colony. There is no record of his death, or of his returning to England; he most probably died at Jamestown He had a good library, which was burnt, with all his other property, in the burning of Jamestown, the next winter after he came out.

The first females who came to Virginia proper were Mrs. Forest and her maid, Anne Burras, in the expedition of Newport, 1608. The first marriage in Virginia was in the same year—John Laydon to Anne Burras. The ceremony was probably by the same "good Master Hunt."

The first intermarriage between the whites and Indians was John Rolfe to Pocahontas, in April, 1613. Pocahontas was also the first of the Virginian Indians that embraced Christianity and was baptized.

The first legislative assembly in Virginia met in July, 1619, at the summons of Governor or George Yeardley. One month later Negroes were first brought into the colony by a Dutch man-of-war.

The first periodical in North America, was the Boston News Letters, which made its appearance in August, 1705. The first in the Old Dominion was The Virginia Gazette, published at Williamsburg, by William Parks, weekly, at fifteen shillings. It appeared in 1736, and was long the only paper published in the colony. Slavery preceded the periodical press by 117 years.

The Blue Ridge was first crossed by whites in 1714. The first iron furnace erected in North America was by Governor Spottswood, in Spottsylvania county, Virginia.

A dispatch to the New York Sun from Reading says that the eastern part of the city where building preparations are going on may be seen two middle-aged, native born women engaged with hammers breaking stones into small pieces for the city streets. We have always been in favor of increasing the scope of woman's work; but the line must be drawn somewhere, and when women take to breaking stones on the streets we protest. That is taking the bread from the poor man's mouth.

It is rather early for snake stories in this latitude, but here is one from Buenos Ayres which may serve to bridge over the skin-shedding time: A cowboy found a baby lying on the banks of a stream inland. Suspecting something wrong, he looked closer and saw the mother of the child half swallowed by an anaconda. He fastened his lariat around the woman's waist and drew her out of the snake's jaw half suffocated. When she became conscious the mother explained to the cowboy that she had thrown off her garments and left her baby on the bank to go in bathing. While in the water the snake swung down from a tree and enveloped her in its coils.

A Religious Peace Meeting.

That colored religious people, can get up a church fight, as well as white people is proven by the following article from the Philadelphia Times of Thursday, April 24, 1884. Two warring congregations, headed by their pastors, met yesterday afternoon to settle differiences of a year's standing and the meeting' instead of being controlled by the spirit of forbearance that is usually supposed to control such gatherings, ended in an exciting row. The Rev. W. Wallace, pastor of Scott's colored Baptist Church, on Minster street, above Sixth, where the meeting was held, had Brother Elisha Brown expelled from the congregation last year. Then Brother Brown made application for membership to Shiloh Baptist Church, on South street, near Tenth, and was received into that fold Brother Wallace felt that he had been wronged by Rev. W. L. Dennis, pastor of Shiloh Church, and said so in a fiery letter addressed to the Shiloh congregation. Since then the members of the congregations have been bombarding each other with letters heavily loaded with wrath. It was decided at last to come together and heal, if possible, their dissensions, and with that object in view they met yesterday.

A moderator was elected and the trial began.

"Brother Moderator," said Brother Wallace, taking the floor, "I wants a fair show in dis heah meetin'an' fur dat reason I wants to make my own statement ob de case."

"Not just yet, Brother Wallace. You are a little out of order," said the moderator.

"Order or no ordes, I's gwine to talk. Brudder Dennis done me wrong in 'ceiven Brudder Brown in his church an' he knows it."

"I rise to a point of order, Brother Moderator," said another brother.

"We'll hear your pint when de time comes," said Brother Wallace, continuing.

"Brother Wallace, we must hear the brother's point," said the moderator.

A BROTHER MAKES A POINT.

"My point is this: What did Brother Wallace dismiss Brother Brown from his church for?"

"For saying dat I were a liar and he could prove it. Dat is what I dismissed him fur," answered Brother Wallace, growing excited.

Brother Elijah Jenkins succeeded after many efforts in gaining the floor, "fur de popus," as he said, "ob 'splainin' matters." In his explanation he incidently remarked that Brother Dennis was "a liar." At this irreverent remark the whole of the Shilohites bounced to their feet to defend their pastor's honor. For a few moments a free fight appeared imminent.

Brother Jenkins explained that he calledt Brother Dennis a liar only indirectly and in a "gen'l way."

The explanation, however, was not satisfactory to Brother Dennis, but the moderator succeded in restoring order. Brother Wallace again took the floor and began a fiery harangue, saying: "I will hab justice. You has got fur to heah me and if you doan' I'll 'peal to de courts of de law."

At this point the moderator, seeing that there was likely to be a fight at any moment, made a conciliatory speech.

It was no use, however, for the factions were so thoroughly excited that they would not listen to him.

"Well, brethren," said the moderator. "we have heard all the facts in the case and to prevent further trouble I think it will be best for the deacons who have the case in hand to adjourn to a private room for secret deliberation. And now, brothers and sisters. while we are going on with the trial I hope you will engage in singing and prayer that the Lord will guide us in this hour of trouble." The deacons then withdrew and unfortunately delayed and a general discussion of the merits of Brother Dennis and Brother Wallace began.

SISTER WHITE EXPRESSES HER OPINION.

"As for my own self," said Sister White, one of Brother Wallace's staunchest supporters, "I would not believe Brother Dennis on his oath, for I have seen him drunk."

"Dat's nuffin," retorted Sister Lancaster, of the Shiloh congregation; "I's seen Brother Wallace comin' outen saloons drunk more'n once."

"You a black liah!" exclaimed Sister Murray, of Scotts' Church.

Those words were as fire to tow. The sisters sprang to their feet and rushed together. As they clinched a dozen masculine spectators grabbed and pulled them apart. Every one in the church was wildly excited. Men shouted and gesticulated and women by their screams increased the uproar.

"Look there she's got a razor!" yelled a young sister, scrambling to ward the door. There was a general stampede to get out of the reach of thesister with the razor. As no one knew who was handling that deadly weapon every sister was viewed with suspicion by those around her. The crowd surged up and down the aisles and over the pew backs, shouting and quarreling like mad people. In the midst of the tumult one of the sisters was frightened into hysterics and falling down began screaming at at the top of her voice. This had the effect of quieting the excited crowd. When the tumult subsided and the congregation sat down a dozen people, in stage whispers that were heard all over the house, inquired: "Is she cut bad?"

"Brothers and sisters, I wants ordah in dis heah church, an' Brother Lane, ef you doan keep quiet, I,ll put you out," said Brother Gardener, striking an attitude in front of the man he addressed.

The latter jumped to his feet and assumed a defensive attitude. The crowd interfered, however, and quiet was again restored. At this pont a brother came in from the council room and said that the deacons would not be able to conclude their work until to-day. The congregation was then dismissed.

Chester county has more creameries in its limits than any other county in the State.

It is all folly to say that Love is blind. A fellow in love is very quick to detect if his girl smiles at the other chap.

Blaine's Nickname.

HOW HE CAME TO BE CALLED "GOOSEY" AT HIS BOYHOOD'S HOME.

Said an old resident of Washington, Pa., to a Leader reporter this morning: "Of all I have seen written about James G. Blaine's early life, I have seen nothing at all published as to how he got the name of 'Goosey' which clung to him all through his school days, and indeed afterwards." Continuing, the gentleman said: "At the time the incident occurred the Blaine family lived in what is known as the old Silvey property, near the foot of town, and young Jim, who was at the time 8 or 10 years old, was sent to the market (which was half way up Main street and a half mile from the Blaine residence) early one morning for a turkey. On reaching the market house he approached an old farmer in a bashful sort of a way, and made known his want, when the farmer, it seems, judging from Jim's appearance, took him for a greeny in such matters (which he was), and gave him a large goose. After paying for the fowl he started down street with it, and on the way several old residents asked him what he was going to do with the goose, to which Jim would reply: 'It's no goose; it's a turkey.' Finally, on reaching home and taking it into the kitchen, the cook also told him it was a goose, and all the family had a good laugh at his expense, and he had to tug the big thing clear back to the market-house and get the farmer, who, as well as himself, and others whom he had told of the joke he had played on him, were enjoying a good laugh at Jim's expense. The latter did not say a word, but after making the exchange, carried a big turkey home, and the upshot of the whole thing was, Jim had no time to prepare his lessons and was kept in at noon.

"Now at the time spoken of Charley Post and Samuel Rial (the latter being well known in the city as proprietor of the St. Charles and Central Hotels and afterward lost in the big Chicago fire) ran a tailor shop under the style of Post & Rial, and it is doubtful if there were two more popular men among the young folks in town than they. Consequently their shop was a resort for the boys who, hour after hour, would sit and listen to the big stories told by them, and no one enjoyed the stories more than young Blaine. Well, on the evening after the goose episode young Jim dropped in as usual, and was greeted by each with 'Hello, Goosey.' Blaine, who always was ready with a reply, said, 'Hello, Post & Rail;' and afterward the firm was called Post & Rail and Jim was called Goosey. In the meantime Jim was on the lookout to get even with the old farmer who had put the job up on him, and at last his turn came. It was in a very busy season, and the man, whose name I have forgotten, brought a big four-horse wagon load of corn to the Fulton House, and in unloading it the men would lay an ear up on a sill for every bushel they carried into the crib. Jim and some more boys whom he had taken into his confidence watched the unloading process until they had the wagon nearly emptied, when they managed to remove the tally ears they had laid up, and the owners had to go to work and carry all the corn out and measure it over, taking them until near midnight.—But, to digress, it is wonderful what a memory Blaine has for names and faces. Nearly twenty years after the events recorded, after Blaine had won fame and distinction, he paid a visit to Washington, and while walking up street past the Sheriff's office Sam Rial, one of the gentlemen mentioned, was sitting in front of the Fulton House door, when he noticed the distinguished looking stranger passing on the opposite side of the street, and remarked to a companion by his side: 'I believe in my heart that's Jim Blaine.' Said he, 'I'll halloo "Goosey," and if it's Blaine he may remember his old nickname,' and sure enough he did. The word was scarcely out of Rial's mouth till Blaine hallooed back, 'Hello, Post and Rail,' started across the street to greet his old friend, where they had a long talk over old matters, Blaine recalling incidents which had long escaped the memory of the others."—Pittsburg Leader.

Items.

Five thousand dollars' worth of fancy pigeons were recently destroyed by fire at Melrose, Mass.

Dogs got among a flock of sheep belonging to Mr. George England, of West Providence township, Bedford county, and badly wounded thirteen of them.

There is a boy living near Elk Mills, Chester county, who is 14 years old, stands 6 feet 4½ inches in height, 40 inches around the breast and weighs 194 pounds.

The barn of Calvin Hohenshildt, Madison township, Perry county, was destroyed by fire the other night.—Mr. H. had $400 concealed in the granery and it was all lost.

Michael Keffer, a prominent citizen of Westmoreland county, died at Ligonier on last Wednesday night, aged 73 years. His wife, who was one year his senior, died the next evening of grief.

A Western man seeks a divorce on the ground that his wife makes bad coffee. Although he seems to have grounds enough for his action an effort ought to be made to settle it.—Baltimore Day.

Recently a carpenter named Thomas Powers, while assisting in moving a barn at Mercer, fell from the upper floor and striking his breast on a manger below, received injuries which caused his death in a few minutes.

At a blast at the Kemble quarries, near Lumberton, Bucks county, recently, a ledge of stone 250 feet long, 33 feet deep and 50 feet high was loosened. Twenty-six kegs of powder were used, and it is estimated that 30,000 tons of stone were removed.

At Riverside, Northumberland Co., a farmer named Henry Sutter, crazed by drink, after an unsuccessful attempt to kill his son, drove his family out, set fire to the house and finished by blowing the top of his own head off. The building was burned to the ground.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

About 5 o'clock on Sunday afternoon, Jamestown, in Green county, Ohio, was struck by a storm and two-thirds of the houses were blown down, and six persons killed and many wounded.

There will be an Association held at the Baptist church, in Milford township, commencing May 14th, and will continue three days, preaching commencing at 10 o'clock each day. Also, preaching the following Sunday, May 18th.

On Sunday evening, about 9 o'clock, a fire broke out in a stable and wagon house, owned by Schock & Bros., in Selinsgrove, Snyder Co Twenty stables and a tinware establishment were destroyed. A number of horses and cattle perished in stables that were burned. Loss, about $30,000.

MARRIED:

BEASOR—FISHER.—On the 15th inst., at the Franklin House, in Harrisburg, by Rev. W. J. Stevenson, Pastor of Grace M. E. Church, W. Howard Beasor, of Mifflintown, and Tillie S. Fisher, of McAlisterville.

DIED:

MILLER.—On the 21st inst., in East Salem, Eli Miller, aged 52 years. By his death a family of six children have been bereft of support.

Dear husband, father, thou hast left us,
But 'tis God that hast bereft us,
For Christ has claimed you as his own,
And in his mercy called you home.

Dear friends, your home will now be sad
and drear,
You'll see his vacant chair,
And oft your hearts will burst with grief,
To know that he's not there.

But upward look! me thinks he bids you,
Wipe away each bitter tear;
Wife, friends, mourn not for me,
Weep no more my children dear.

Then I know you will not murmur,
Blessed hope to you is given,
That your father is an angel,
And his home is now in heaven.

M. R. K.

Announcements.

COUNTY TREASURER.

The name of George W. Wilson has often been spoken of in connection with county office, but he has never heretofore consented to permit his name to go before the people for nomination. His numerous friends are confident that he will make one of the best officers in the interest of the county, and therefore, do now announce him as a candidate for the office of County Treasure, under the nominating rules of the Republican party. His successful career as a merchant in Patterson, has given him an extensive acquaintance in the county and demonstrated his fitness for one of the best offices in Juniata in the gift of the people.

April 28th, 1884. MILFORD.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for County Treasurer, subject to the rules and regulations of the Republican party.

JAMES H. SIMONS.

Mifflintown, Pa., April 14, 1884.

MR. EDITOR.—Allow me to announce the name of G. W. SMITH, of Mifflintown, as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to Republican usages. Mr. Smith is a man of good business qualification, and if elected will make an obliging and efficient officer. FAYETTE.

To the Republican voters of Juniata Co.: I announce myself as a candidate for nomination for County Treasurer, subject to the Primary Election rules of the Republican party. JACOB S. THOMAS.

Mifflintown, Pa., April 21, 1884.

NEW GOODS.

I would inform the public that I have now in my new millinery store at my place of residence on Water street, Mifflintown, second door from corner of Bridge street, a full stock, of spring and summer millinery goods, all new, and of the latest styles, and having employed first class milliners, I am prepared to supply the public with everything found in a firstclass milliner store, come and examine my stock. I consider it no trouble to show goods.

MRS. DEIHL.

May 2-83.1.y.

MIFFLINTOWN MARKETS.

MIFFLINTOWN, April 29, 1884.

Butter	25
Eggs	12
Lard	12
Ham	17
Shoulder	10
Sides	10
Rags	1½

MIFFLINTOWN GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat	95
Foltz	1 05
Lancaster	1 07
Corn	60
Oats	35
Rye	70
New Cloverseed	6 00
Timothy seed	1 40
Flax seed	1 40
Bran	1 00
Chop	1 50
Shorts	1 30
Ground Alum Salt	1 25
American Salt	1 00a1 10

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

Milch cows 30a$70, fat cows 3a4½c per lb. Veal calves at 4a7c per lb. Sheep at 4a7, lambs at 5a8c, hogs 7½a8½, extra beef cattle 7c, good 5½a6c, common 4a5c per lb. Wheat 95ca$1.20, Corn 57a60c. Oats 42c. Butter 22a34c. Eggs, 14a15c. Cloverseed 8a9c per lb. Straw 16a$17 per ton. Hay 15a$17c per ton. Chickens 15a16c per lb. Ducks 16 a 17c per lb.

New Advertisements.

ALABASTINE

A Superior Substitute for Kalsomine, etc.

Alabastine is the *first* and *only* preparation made from calcined gypsum rock, for application to walls with a brush, and is fully covered by patents and perfected by many years of experiments. It is the only permanent wall finish, and admits of applying as many coats as desired, one over another, to any hard surface, without danger of scaling, or noticeably adding to the thickness of the wall, which is strengthened and improved by each additional coat, from time to time. It is the only material for the purpose not dependent upon glue for its adhesiveness. Alabastine is hardened on the wall by age, moisture, etc., while all kalsomines or whitening preparations have inert soft chalks and glue for their base, which are rendered soft or scaled in a very short time.

In addition to the above advantages, Alabastine is less expensive, as it requires but one-half the number of pounds to cover the same amount of surface with two coats, is ready for use by adding water, and easily applied by any one.

For sale by your Paint Dealer. Ask for Circular containing Samples of 12 tints manufactured only by the ALABASTINE Co., M. B. CHURCH, Manager, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Consult Dr. BUTTS

Dr. La Darge, Successor to

In Disease of the Blood, Skin and Bones.—Nervous Debility, Insomnia, Organic Weakness, Gonorrhœa, Syphilis and Mercurial Affections. Scientific treatment, safe and sure remedies. Deformities Treated. Call or write for list of questions to be answered by those desiring treatment by mail.

(Persons suffering from Rupture should send their address, and learn something to their advantage. It costs nothing.)

Address Dr. C. L. LaDARGE, Physician in Charge, Central Med. & Surg. Institute, 1708 Locust st., St. Louis, Mo. Successor to Dr. Butts' Dispensary. Established 50 Years.

IT LEADS ALL.

No other blood-purifying medicine is made, or has ever been prepared, which so completely meets the wants of physicians and the general public as

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

It leads the list as a truly scientific preparation for all blood diseases. If there is a lurking taint of Scrofula about you this will dislodge it and expel it from your system.

SCROFULA AYER'S SARSAPARILLA will dislodge it and expel it from your system. For constitutional or scrofulous Catarrh, AYER'S SARSAPARILLA is the true remedy. It has cured **CATARRH** numberless cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

"Hutto, Tex., Sept. 20, 1883.

ULCEROUS SORES "At the age of two years one of my children was terribly afflicted with ulcerous running sores on its face and neck. At the same time its eyes were swollen, much inflamed, and very sore. Physicians told us that a powerful alterative medicine must be employed. They united in recommending AYER'S SARSAPARILLA. A few doses produced a perceptible improvement, which, by an adherence to your directions, was continued to a complete and permanent cure. No evidence has since appeared of the existence of any scrofulous tendencies; and no treatment of any disorder was ever attended by more prompt or effectual results.

Yours truly, B. F. JOHNSON."

SORE EYES

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

TIME-TABLE

On and after Sunday May 13th, 1883, trains that stop at Mifflin will run as follows

EASTWARD.

MIFFLIN ACCOMMODATION leaves Mifflin daily at 6.20 a. m., and Stopping at all stations between Mifflin and Harrisburg, arrives at Harrisburg at 8 20 a. m; at Philadelphia, 3 15 p. m.

Leaves Mifflin daily at 1 15 p. m.; Port Royal, 1 20 p. m.; Thompsontown, 1 42 p. m.; Newport, 1 50 p. m.; arrives at Harrisburg at 2 40 p. m.; at Philadelphia at 7-25 p. m.

JOHNSTOWN EXPRESS leaves Altoona daily at 7.05 a m., and stopping at all regular stations between Altoona and Harrisburg, reaches Mifflin at 10.30 a. m., Harrisburg 12.30 p. M., and arrives in Philadelphia at 5.05 p. m.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Pittsburg daily at 7.33 a. m., Altoona at 2.25 p. m., and stopping at all regular stations arrives at Mifflin at 5-38 p. m., Harrisburg 7.30 p. m., Philadelphia 2 55 a. m.

Mail Express leaves Pittsburg at 1 00 p m. Altoona 6 25 p m; Tyrone 7 17 p m; Huntingdon 8 05 p m; Lewistown 9 20 p m; Mifflin 9 45 p m; Harrisburg 11 15 p m; Philadelphia 2 55 p m.

WESTWARD.

MIFFLIN ACCOMMODATION leaves Philadelphia daily at 4 30 a. m.; Harrisrisburg at 10.10 a. m., and stopping at all stations, arrives at Mifflin at 12.05 p. m.

OYTER EXPRESS leaves Philadelphia daily at 5 40 p m., Harrisburg, 10 05 p. m., stopping at Rockville, Marysville, Duncannon, Newport, Millerstown, Thompsontown, Port Royal, time at Mifflin, 11 39 p. m.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Philadelphia daily at 7.00 a. m., Harrisburg 11.10 a. m., Mifflin 12.22 p. m., stopping at all stations between Mifflin and Altoona reaches Altoona at 3.50 p. m., Pittsburg 8.45 p. m.

MIFFLIN ACCOMMODATION leaves Philadelphia daily at 11 10 a. m., Harrisburg except Sunday at 5.00 p. m., and stopping at all stations, arrives at Mifflin at 7.00 p. m.

Pacific Expressleaves Philadelphia 11 20 p m; Harrisburg 3 10 a m; Duncannon 3 39 a m; Newport 4 02 a m; Mifflin 4 42 a m; Lewistown 5 06 a m; McVeytown 5 30 a m; Mt. Union 5 58 a m; Huntingdon 6 25 a m; Petersburg 6 40 a m; Spruce Creek 6 54 a m; Tyrone 7 12 a m; Bell's Mills 7 32 a m; Altoona 8 10 a m; Pittsburg 1 00 p m.

Fast Line leaves Philadelphia at 11 10 a m; Harrisburg 3 15 p m; Mifflin 4 37 p m; Lewistown 4 58 p m; Huntingdon 6 00 p m; Tyrone 6 40 p m; Altoona 7 20 p m; Pittsburg 11 30 p m.

LEWISTOWN DIVISION.

Trains leave Lewistown Junction for Milroy at 6 35 a m, 10 50 a m, 3 25 p m; for Sunbury at 7 10 a m, 1 50 p m.

Trains arrive at Lewistown Junction from Milroy at 9 10 a m, 1 50 pm, 4 50 p m; from Sunbury at 9 50 a m, 4 30 p m.

TYRONE DIVISION.

Trains leave Tyrone for Bellefonte and Lock Haven at 8 30 a m, 7 30 p m. Leave Tyrone for Curwensville and Clearfield at 8 50 a m, 7 50 p m.

Trains leave Tyrone for Warriors Mark, Pennsylvania Furnace and Scotia at 9 20 a m and 4 00 p m.

Trains arrive at Tyrone from Bellefonte and Lock Haven at 7 05 a m, and 6 35 p m.

Trains arrive at Tyrone from Curwensville and Clearfield at 6 58 a m, and 5 56 p m.

Trains arrive at Tyrone from Scotia, Warriors Mark and Pennsylvania Furnace at 6 58 a m, at 2 35 p m.

Philadelphia & Reading Railroad.

Arrangement of Passenger Trains.

OCTOBER 29th, 1883.

Trains leave Harrisburg as follows:

For New York via Allentown, at 7 50 a. m. and 1 45 p. m.

For New York via Philadelphia and "Bound Brook Route," 6 25 7 50 a m, and 1 45 p m.

For Philadelphia, 6 25, 7 50, 9 50 a m, 1 45 and 4 00 p m.

For Reading at 5 20, 6 25, 7 50, 9 50 a m, 1 45, 4 00 and 8 00 p m.

For Pottsville at 5 20, 7 50, 9 50 a m, and 1 45 and 4 00 p m. and via Schuylkill & Susquehanna Branch at 3 00 p m. For Auburn, 8 10 a m.

For Allentown at 5 20, 7 50, 9 50 a m, 1 45 and 4 00 p m.

The 7 50 a m, and 1 45 p m trains have through cars for New York via Allentown.

SUNDAYS.

For Allentown and way stations at 5 20 a. m.

For Reading, Philadelphia and way stations at 5 20 a m and 1 50 p m.

For Philadelphia, 5 20 p. m.

Trains for Harrisburg leave as follows:

Leave New York via Allentown at 9 00 a m, 1 00 and 5 30 p m.

Leave New York via "Bound Brook Route" and Philadelphia 7 45 a m, 1 30, 4 00 and 5 30 p m, and 12.00 midnight, arriving at Harrisburg 1 50, 8 20, 9 25 p. m., and 12 10 and 9 40 a m.

Leave Philadelphia at 4 30 9 50 a m., 4 00, 5 50 and 7 45 p m.

Leave Pottsville at 6 00, 9 00 a. m. and 4 40 p m.

Leave Reading at 5 00, 7 30, 11 50 a m, 1 27, 6 15, 7 50 and 10 25 p m.

Leave Pottsville via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Branch, 8 20 a m. and 4 40 p m.

Leave Allentown at 6 00, 8 40 a m., 12 15, 4 30 and 9 05 p m.

Way Market leaves Lebanon (Wednesdays and Saturdays only,) 5 15 a. m.

SUNDAYS.

Leave New York via Allentown, at 5 30 p. m.—Philadelphia at 7 45 p m.

Leave Reading at 7 30 a m and 10 25 p m.

Leave Allentown at 9 05 p m.

STEELTON BRANCH.

Leave HARRISBURG for Paxton, Lochiel, and Steelton daily, except Sunday, 5 55, 6 40, 9 35 a m, 1 35 and 9 40 p m; daily, except Saturday and Sunday, 5 35 p m, and on Saturday only, 4 45 and 6 10, p m.

Returning, leave STEELTON daily, except Sunday, 6 10, 7 05, 10 00, 11 45 a m, 2 15 and 10 15 p m; daily, except Saturday and Sunday, 6 10 p m, and on Saturday only, 5 10 and 6 30 p m.

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General Pass'r and Ticket Agent.
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Choice Pattern

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Beautiful Patterns in

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—:o:—

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All the above enumerated articles, and all other things that may be found in a

CARPET & FURNITURE STORE,

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Calls the attention of the public to the following facts:

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FRESH GOODS EVERY WEEK

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NOTIONS, GROCERIES, BOOTS AND SHOES, for Men, Women and Children, Queensware, Glassware, Wood and Willow-ware, Oil Cloths, and every article usually found in first-class stores.

COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods at highest market price.

Thankful to the public for their heretofore liberal patronage, I request their continued custom; and ask persons from all parts of the county, when in Mifflin to call and see my stock of goods.

F. ESPENSCHADE.

Sept. 7, 1883

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ATKINSON & JACOBS,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

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Collecting and Conveyancing promptly attended to.

OFFICE—On Main street, in place of residence of Louis E. Atkinson, Esq., south of Bridge street. [Oct 26, 1881.

MASON IRWIN,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

MIFFLINTOWN, JUNIATA CO., PA.

All business promptly attended to.

OFFICE—On Bridge street, opposite the Court House square. [jan7, '80-1y

JACOB BEIDLER,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

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Collections attended to promptly.

OFFICE—With A. J. Patterson Esq, on Bridge street. [Feb 25, '80

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Physician and Surgeon,

MIFFLINTOWN, PA.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Office in his residence, on Third street, opposite Methodist parsonage. [oct22-tf

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OFFICE formerly occupied by Dr. Sterrett. Professional business promptly attended to at all hours.

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MCLAUGHLIN & STIMMEL,

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Only reliable Companies represented.

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AGENT AND DEALER IN

Farmers and Mechanics Machinery.

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Office on Bridge street opposite South side of Court House.

Nov. 8, 1882.

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AGUE CURE

contains an **antidote for all malarial disorders** which, so far as known, is used in no other remedy. It contains no Quinine, nor any mineral nor deleterious substance whatever, and consequently produces no injurious effect upon the constitution, but leaves the system as healthy as it was before the attack.

WE WARRANT AYER'S AGUE CURE to cure every case of Fever and Ague, Intermittent or Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Bilious Fever, and Liver Complaint caused by malaria. In case of failure, after due trial dealers are authorized, by our circular dated July 1st, 1882, to **refund the money.**

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Sold by all Druggists.

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All persons are hereby notified not to trespass on the lands of the undersigned, in Walker and Fermanagh townships, for the purpose of hunting, building fires, or for any other trespass purpose.

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ISAAC AUKER, WILLIAM RICKENBACH,
WELLINGTON SMITH, KURTZ KAUFFMAN,
JOSEPH S. WEAVER, SUSAN BONNER,
JONAS KAUFFMAN, CYRUS SIEBER.

Oct. 31, 1883-tf.