

MIFFLINTOWN. Wednesday, Nov. 21, 1888. B. F. SCHWEIER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

The Legislature proposes to adjourn in December.

A woman challenged Bob Ingersoll to a discussion. No, I thank you.

The surplus distribution question may be settled by Congress repealing the internal revenue system.

Congress will convene on the first Monday in December. The Senate is Republican. The House is Democratic.

A great struggle is going on between through railroad lines to get mastery of the shortest through route from the west to New York.

Randall, Carlisle, Cox and other Democrats, are making things lively among the Democracy by their contest for the Speakership of the lower House of Congress.

The Legislature proposes to adjourn on the 5th day of December. They propose to take the pay of \$10 per day for the extra session. It will take a half million to pay them.

Boston has a sensation in the fact a wife aged forty years, is asking a divorce from her husband aged seventy years, for the reason that she caught him hugging her house maid.

The white ant is eating the timbers in the Massachusetts state house. It is feared that the wood work has been so worked through by the ant that the building is no longer a safe one.

General Sherman, who went to New York some days ago, was invited to accept the honors of a public reception, which he declined, preferring the comforts of a quiet coming and departure rather than the honors of a pompous display.

Governor Patterson went on a hunt to the woods of Columbia and Bradford counties, a few days before the election. Since the election, the Everett Press suggests, that "the Governor should take another hunt after asp suckers and porcupines."

Before the election almost every Democratic paper in the Commonwealth had a line or two standing which read, "Turn the rascals out." They meant the Republicans. Since the election they have taken the sentence in and are ashamed of their slang.

Forty-two inches of snow fell in Canada last Friday, and in some parts of the northwest the thermometer was at 40 degrees below zero. At Bismark, Dakota, the thermometer went down to 30 degrees below zero. It was no wonder that it was cold here among the hills of Pennsylvania.

The Philadelphia Record says, a proposition to regulate the pay of members of the Legislature by the time of their actual attendance at the Capitol in the performance of their duties was voted down in the House viva voce. Only two members voted for it. When the jolly representatives ask the people to send them back to Harrisburg no doubt there will be similar acclamations of dissent. Times go by turns.

It is said that Secretary Folger, Treasurer of the United States Treasury, will, in his fourth coming report recommend the retirement of all trade dollars offered the Government in exchange for the standard silver dollar. The mass of the people will say amen to that. That will be giving protection to the people that hold the trade dollar. A protection that Government is doubly bound to give because it coined and gave permission for the issue of the trade dollar.

On Friday, Nov. 16th, the Philadelphia Times stated that the members of the House got frightened last night for fear the Senate would block the half million grab and re-considered their resolution of final adjournment. There can be but one interpretation of this action, and that is that the House proposes to hold the Senate in session until its ten-dollars-a-day measure is agreed to. This makes the date of final adjournment as uncertain as the completion of the Keely motor. There appears to be absolutely no limit to the greed or senselessness of the lower branch of the Legislature.

The Philadelphia Record says it is settled by a decision of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania that when a passenger goes into a sleeping-car, and occupies a berth and pays for it, the valuables and portable property he may have in his possession, after he is asleep, are in the charge of the sleeping-car company. It is bound to exercise a reasonable vigilance in looking out for the welfare of the passenger, who is no longer in a condition to look out for himself. If the passenger is robbed under such circumstances the company must foot the bill. The decision does not seem to be unreasonable. The charge for the sleeping-car service is large enough to cover the cost of insurance against robbery.

The marriage question is always an important question, but the question of compatibility with the question of marriage is said by some people to be the larger question of the two. Without stopping to examine either one, or both of the questions, it may be stated that "marriage for those who live in the Siberian mines has peculiar features. When a prisoner desires to undertake it the only thing necessary for him to do is to send in an application to the overseer, who forthwith allows him a wife. Three days of probation are then allowed, and if any incompatibility of temper seems likely to arise the applicant may receive twenty-five lashes and another wife. This process is continued until he gets a wife to suit him."

The North American remarks: Our Legislature is evidently determined to make the most of its opportunities. Its members probably have a kind of presentiment that this is the last time they will have a chance to get their hands into the bag, and they propose to play the great grab game for all it is worth. There is nothing mean about them so far as they have gone. Having voted themselves ten dollars a day, Sundays included, for doing nothing, they generously propose to give those who helped them therein a little share in the great divide. The clerks of the House and Senate are to be taken care of, and \$16,380 of the people's money has been appropriated for that purpose. It is true that these officials receive an annual salary which is supposed to compensate them for the discharge of their onerous duties, but what of that? This session is an extra.

JOHN SWINTON, of New York, has started a new paper. It seems to be started for the purpose of agitating the question of capital against labor and labor against capital. John Swinton, in his writings loses sight of the fact that the way the laws in this county are constructed, the laborer may become a capitalist employing men, and the capitalist may become a laborer employed by the man who he had formerly in his employ. The every day life in the Republic reveals many such cases. A change of fortune is probable in the line of the life of almost every one in this country. People in changed circumstances are met with every day, and in all probability Swinton's own paper, within the last ten days reported this statement, that "Judge Hoover, who once upon a time was Chief Justice of Arizona, is now chief waiter in a restaurant in Southern California. Judge Satterthwaite, also from Arizona, is now doing tinkering jobs for a living." But with all such facts looking him in the face he cares little just so that he squeezes his bread and butter out of the question of agitation.

The New York Independent of November 15, speaks as follows of Martin Luther: The tributes to Luther's memory from all quarters, Protestant lands and Catholic, show the amazing magnitude of the force he has exerted in the world. We are surprised that the world so readily catches the real point of Luther's work and character. He was so strong and willful a man, and he lived so early in the days of the Reformation, and he made so many mistakes, that it would be easy for all the religious and social cranks to claim him as their own. He was lawless and rude in language; he was lax in his notions of divorce; his theory of the Sacrament would be almost too ritualistic for the Ritualist, and would be charged with Romanism to-day; he was the father of the higher criticism and accepted and adopted its conclusions, without formulating its principles. We have almost feared that he would be adopted as the apostle by German rationalists. But we remember that he was born four hundred years ago, and that as you recede from a vast mountain which dominates the landscape, you lose sight of the ugly cliffs and chasms, and retain only the vast and truthful massiveness of form which gives it character. Such was Luther, the great reformer, who taught Europe that the Church does not rule, and that from Church, Pope, Council or Fathers, the appeal lies to God's word and each man's conscience; and that God is really good, and can be approached by every man directly, with no saint or Mary to intercede, and that God will accept him on his faith alone. These great facts the world sees when it looks at Luther.

The Chicago Weekly News of November 1st, says, the years are vindictive Gen. Grant's administration in more respects than one, and they will continue to vindicate him as time mellow the personal antagonisms which he excited. It is more than a decade since Grant, then president, advised the annexation of San Domingo. The island came to us begging protection and asking that theegis of our government be thrown over its weak and harassed community. It would have been a most valuable acquisition and we could have taken it honorably and without dispute; but a number of our public men, determined to oppose any scheme suggested by Grant, violently assailed the proposition, and even went so far as to question the motives of the president in presenting the plan. For weeks a contest waged in the United States senate over the question of annexation, and finally the project was defeated. Thus was a territory,

one of the richest under the sun, capable of supporting 10,000,000 of people and containing all told but 120,000 population, thrown away. It would have enabled us to command the entrance to the Caribbean sea and in case of war would have formed a most valuable depot for supplies and for the rendezvous of our commerce. But, as before said, the chance was thrown away and the opportunity lost. Now, when personal jealousy of Gen. Grant has somewhat cooled, we find newspapers which at that time violently denounced him for favoring the scheme lamenting that so fine an opportunity was neglected.

The Vote in the State. Fall Returns Make the Majority for Miles 16,914; Livsey's Majority, 16,924.

The following table gives the majorities by counties for the several candidates:

Table with columns: County, Miles, Livsey, and Fall Returns. Lists majorities for various counties including Adams, Allegheny, Armstrong, etc.

Items. A new bicycle school has just opened in Harrisburg.

Samuel Finney, of Buena Vista, Allegheny county, was kicked to death by a horse on Saturday.

Daniel Rex, of Lehigh, has a mare which, although forty-three years old, is sound and performs light labor.

John Brubaker who shot and killed James Wolf at Cobson, West moreland county four years ago, has been captured in Nebraska.

Dr. William Linnenbrink, of Economy, Beaver county, while sitting in his brother's store at Rochester, on Monday, put a bullet in his brain.

One hundred horsemen and a pack of seventy hounds will take part in the hunt of the West Chester Fox Hunting Club on Thanksgiving day.

Mrs. Hugh Williamson, of Boggs township, Armstrong county, committed suicide recently by cutting her throat. No cause was assigned for the act.

Dr. Ege, of Reading, lashed his horse at a street curb and went in for a patient. When he returned somebody had stolen the horse, with bridle and saddle.

Harriet Ross is still navigating Lake Erie. She belonged to the victorious fleet of Commodore Perry in 1812 and is the only original portion left of her is her keel.

Mrs. August Ulrich, of Pittsburg, became insane on her wedding night. She loved another man but was persuaded to throw him over and marry Ulrich. The result has been unfortunate.

Elk county, with a population of 15,030, has but two papers, one of which is kept at the Allegheny county times and the other at Erie county almshouse, both at the expense of Elk county.

The Chinamen still continue to come, the washer-washer men arm and girls with "standards" papers, while the women are claimed by resident Chinamen as their wives. Ah Sin maintains his reputation. Cullin Haynes, his wife and two children residing at Topton, Berks county, were poisoned by eating boghansausage purchased in the village. They all became very sick and one child died in great agony. The others are now thought to be out of danger.

Mr. Hallet Kilbourn, of the Washington Real Estate Pool, claimed \$30,000 as damages for a false imprisonment by the order of the House of Representatives, extending through forty-five days; and a Washington jury gave a verdict of \$60,000 in his favor.

Carlisle will be elected. I am a Presbyterian; I believe in foreordination, predestination, the preservation of the saints, and that whatever is to be will be, whether it ever happens or not; and I tell you Carlisle will be elected. He ought to be elected, you see, and I think he will be.—Joe Blackburn.

On Thursday, the 8th inst., a fire in the State-House at Madison, Wis., caused by a defective masonry. Nearly thirty workmen were busy upon the wing, when it gave way, of whom four were killed, the others being, almost without exception, more or less seriously injured. The catastrophe caused the greatest excitement.

The fire in Savannah destroyed 312 houses. The city has not been visited with a conflagration so disastrous since 1820, when 463 houses were burned, entailing a loss of \$4,000,000. In 1786 229 houses were burned, a larger proportion, having in view the total number of houses, than were destroyed by the fire that ever devastated the town.

All of thirteen New Yorkers who sat down to dinner on November 13, 1882, to defy superstition, again dined together on Tuesday evening, November 13. On the left of each guest's plate was a gravestone bearing the wine list, upon its right a coffin with the dinner list on it, while the ghastly spectacle was illuminated by thirteen black candles.

A fellow at night left all the pigs out of the pen of Farmer Pyle, of Chelsea, Delaware county, and drove them up and down the road until they lay down from exhaustion. Then he called Farmer Pyle out, and, having a wagon, kindly offered to haul the pigs to the pen. The farmer helped the generous stranger to put the pigs into the wagon. Then the fellow drove off, leaving Mr. Pyle to mourn the loss of his porkers.

Another terrible accident occurred in the yard of the New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio Railway at Meadville, by which Martin T. Cooney, a brakeman, was instantly killed. Cooney was in the act of coupling two flat cars loaded with timber, the ends of which extended over the ends of the cars, and as the cars came together his head was caught between the projections and crushed out of shape.—He was twenty-three years old and unmarried.

INDIANA. Pa. November 12.—At West Lebanon, twelve miles southwest from here, on Saturday evening Joseph Sarber shot his father twice, first in the arm and again through the head killing him instantly. He then entered the house and told Mary Kelly, the housekeeper, that he had killed his father and would kill her. He then shot her in the arm and face, inflicting probably fatal wounds. Sarber fled but was captured and lodged in jail yesterday. He denies the crime, but the evidence against him is overwhelming.

Shenandoah, a town of 10,000 inhabitants in Schuylkill county, this State, was devastated by fire on the 12th inst. Eight squares of houses were burned. The fire broke out at noon, in the United States hotel, a large three-story frame structure, corner of Main and Centre streets.

The wind was blowing a hurricane at the time, which continued during the afternoon. The building was soon enveloped in flames which communicated to the adjoining building north of Centre street. The flames then communicated with a block on the opposite side of the street, and at 3 o'clock sixteen street fronts were destroyed, including the United States Hotel, Odd Fellows hall, Academy of Music, the Herald office row and opera house. Mining Herald and Saturday Evening News office Assistance was telegraphed for, which was responded to from Pottsville, Allentown, Girardville, Tamaqua, Mahanoy City and other places. Over two hundred and fifty families are homeless, having lost everything. The loss is variously estimated at from \$750,000 to \$1,000,000.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS. And then remember, my son, you have to work. Whether you handle a pick or a peg, a wheelbarrow or a set of books, digging ditches or editing a paper, writing an auction bell or writing funny things, you must work. If you look around, son, you will see the men who are most able to live the rest of their days without work are the men who work the hardest. Don't be afraid of killing yourself with over-work, so. It is beyond your power to do that, on the sunny side of thirty.—They die sometimes, but it's because they quit work at 6 P. M. and don't get home until 2 A. M. It's the interval that kills, my son. The work gives you an appetite for your meals, it lends solidity to your slumbers, it gives you a perfect and grateful appreciation of a holiday. There are young men who do not work, my son, but the world is not proud of them. It does not know their names, even; it simply speaks of them as old so-and-so's boys. Nobody likes them; the great busy world doesn't know that they are there. So find out what you want to be and do, my son, and take off your coat and make a dust in the world. The busier you are the less deprivty you will be apt to get in.

to, the sweeter will be your sleep, the brighter the morning, your holidays, and the better satisfied will the world be with you.—Burdette. The Germantown Telegraph publishes this article very often during the year, and we intend following the good example, so that our farmers may see the protection they have from that class of people who think property owners have no rights which they are bound to respect.

"The trespass laws passed by the State Legislature, provides that any person or persons entering upon any garden, yard, orchard, field, &c., and doing damage upon property of any kind, or being arrested and taken before an Alderman or Justice of the Peace and proven guilty, shall be fined not less than \$5 nor more than \$50 for every such offence. Also, that any Alderman or Justice of the Peace, on complaint being made by affidavit by one or more persons, shall issue his warrant to any constable or police officer for the arrest of any trespasser or trespassers as aforesaid, and being brought before him and the offence proven, or if they shall pay the penalty aforesaid with costs; and if the penalty and costs are not so paid, he or they shall be committed to the common jail of the county for a period of not less than one day for each dollar of the penalty imposed, unless the offender or offenders give good and sufficient security to be tried at the court of Quarter Sessions on the charge of misdemeanor, which court, on the conviction of the offender or offenders, and failure to pay the costs and penalty aforesaid, shall commit him or them to the common jail of the county for a period of not less than one day for each dollar of penalty imposed."

Teachers' Institute. The annual session of the Juniata county Teachers' Institute for 1888, will be held at Mifflintown, Pa., commencing Monday, December 10th, at 2 o'clock p. m., and closing on Friday evening, December 14th.

INSTRUCTORS FROM ABROAD. The assistance secured from abroad will be Dr. A. N. Raub, Principal of the Lock Haven State Normal School; Dr. D. J. Waller, Jr., Late Professor of Eloquence, Lafayette College, and Prof. R. M. McNeal, Superintendent of Common Schools of Dauphin Co.

Instruction will be given in Spelling, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography, Grammar, History, School Government, Discipline, Management, and Eloquence or Vocal Culture.

SPECIAL EXERCISES. Language Lessons, by Prof. J. T. Ailman; Beauties of Nature, by Prof. W. H. Groninger; English Literature, by Prof. J. N. Keller. Reviews, by Prof. John Mason Duncan; Methods of Teaching Arithmetic, by Prof. A. Y. Moore; Mathematical Geography, by Prof. E. Harkins; Juvenile Composition, by Prof. W. E. Auman; Conducting Recitations, by Prof. E. O. Kreider.

A number of home speakers, not teaching, will be invited to speak in the Institute. If they have no time to prepare regular exercises they can "skirmish all along the line." In this way the best impressions are frequently made.

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY AFTERNOONS will be entirely introductory to the regular sessions. Prof. David Wilson will open a discussion on Text Books:—"A plea for uniformity, and time for change, ten years," on Wednesday afternoon. On Thursday afternoon he will open a discussion on "What should be the course of study in the public schools to secure to the children of the Commonwealth a good elementary education?" Here are two vital questions for consideration.

A number of the ablest speakers in the County are making preparations to discuss these questions, and arguments will go forth that will regulate, through public opinion, unnecessary change in text books. This is the only way to reach the case, as legislation has been repeated tried and failed.

SUBJECTS FOR ESSAYS. The following subjects are given to teachers for five-minute essays: 1. Communications and whispering—causes and cures. 2. Tarpons and irregular attendance—causes and cures. 3. Wise and unwise incentives. 4. The kinds of school-room punishment.

TOPICS FOR GENERAL DISCUSSION. 5. Should newspapers supplement our reading books? 6. Ought a teacher who cannot sing be expected to have music in school? 7. Should teachers be allowed to select the text books? 8. Ought teachers have the power to decide what branches the pupils should study? 9. Should a person be allowed to teach who is not well read professionally? 10. Are prizes and grade marks proper incentives to study? 11. What constitutes wise punishment? 12. Should age, say 18 or 21, be a necessary qualification to teach? 13. Is the teacher always responsible for a poor school? 14. Ought teachers be required to own a certain amount of school apparatus? 15. Is hard study one of the "lost arts"?

Let teachers and others that feel an interest in our public and private schools come prepared to discuss these questions. Ample time will be given for any or all of them. The music will be in charge of Teacher R. E. McEwen, and Miss Seidner M. Cooper will be organist.

Evening Exercises. MONDAY. Prof. J. T. Ailman, Address—Psychology. Prof. John Mason Duncan, Address—How to Make the Best of One's Self. TUESDAY. Dr. A. N. Raub, of Lock Haven, Lecturer—Educational Fallacies. WEDNESDAY. Col. J. P. Sanford, of Iowa, Lecturer—Paris in War Times. THURSDAY. Dr. D. J. Waller, Jr., of Bloomsburg, Lecturer—What Can We Do for Our Boys? Ezra D. Parker, Esq., Address—Popular Education. FRIDAY. Col. L. P. Copeland, of Indiana, Lecturer—Snobs and Snobbery.

A HOME DRUGGIST

TESTIFIES. Popularity of home medicine has been the best proof of merit, but we would point to the fact that no other medicine has won so much success in curing all kinds of fever, cholera, and all other ailments of the stomach, and among all people, as Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

RHEUMATISM. "Eight years ago I was afflicted with Rheumatism, so severe that I could not move from the bed, or dress, without help. I tried several remedies without result, but finally secured a bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and it still retains its wonderful efficacy. The most notable cure I have effected in this vicinity confirms me in the belief that the best medicine ever offered to the public." E. P. HARRIS, River St., Buckland, Mass., May 15, 1882.

SALT RHEUM. GEORGE ANDREWS, General Agent, writes: "I have been afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form. My skin was covered with sores and my hair fell out. I was entirely cured by Ayer's Sarsaparilla. See circular sent. Agents: Almanac for 1882." PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists; 25 cts. bottles for 50.

52 DIVIDENDS A YEAR From \$3 Invested. That is what any one will receive who subscribes for THE INSURER of New York.

It comprises two fields. First, as a religious journal it is undenominational and broader than any sect. Its aim is to strengthen and extend Evangelical religion and to defend it against the attacks of Materialism, Atheism and Unbelief. It is free to approve or criticize in any of the denominations whatever it believes is designed to advance or hinder the progress of the Gospel of Christ.

Among its religious writers are Leonard W. Bacon, D. D., S. C. Bartlett, D. D., Dr. Prentiss, John Bascom, Bishop Thos. M. Dewey, Rev. Jos. Cook, Bishop C. A. Gore, George R. Crooks, D. D., Howard Crosby, D. D., Theo. L. Cuyler, D. D., Rev. Samuel Dike, Geo. P. Fisher, D. D., Prof. Norman Fox, Washington Gladden, D. D., Bishop F. H. Huntington, Bishop J. P. Hurst, E. D. Morris, D. D., Pres. Noah Porter, Francis L. Patton, D. D., Philip Schaff, D. D., R. S. Stearns, D. D., Wm. M. Taylor, D. D., Wm. C. Wilkinson, D. D., Pres. T. D. Woolsey.

Second, as a literary journal it stands without a peer among the weekly press. During the past year it has published articles and poems by more than three hundred of the most talented writers in this country and Europe.

Among them Amelia A. Barr, Mary Clemens, Rose Terry Cooke, Kate Poole, Rosa Donk Goodale, Rev. W. E. Griffis, "Grace Greenwood," Thomas Hill, D. D., William D. Howells, "H. H.," Sidney Lanier, Rose Hawthorne Lathrop, Louise C. Moore, Josquin Miller, R. A. Oakes, Mrs. S. M. Platt, Josephine Pollard, Richard Henry Stoddard, Edmund Clarence Steadman, Mrs. Laura Thompson, J. T. Tappan, Cora Thaxter, John Thayer, Walter Whittey, Sarah C. Woolsey, Susan E. Wallace, Wm. C. Ward and Prof. Charles A. Young.

THE INSURER will, within the next few months, publish stories by Wm. D. Howells, author of "Their Wedding Journey," "A Modern Instance," etc.; W. E. Norris, author of "Martyrdom," "No. 96," etc.; F. Marion Crawford, author of "Mr. Isaac," "Dr. Claudius," etc.; S. de la, author of "Guerrilla," Edward Everett Hale, author of "Ten Times One is Ten," Julia Schayer, author of "The Hard Lily, and Other Stories," Rebecca Harding Davis, Sarah Orne Jewett, Fred D. Story, Kate Upson Clark, etc., etc. It is also replete with other distinguished stories of writers of England and America, whose names it does not as yet feel at liberty to make public.

IN civil and political affairs THE INSURER speaks for sound ideas and principles. It believes in the reform of the civil service and tariff, in the purification of politics, and maintains those principles with the highest ability and best intelligence require.

TERMS TO SUBSCRIBERS. One subscription one year, \$3.00. For 6 months, \$1.50; for 3 months, .75. One subscription two years, \$5.00. One subscription five years, \$12.00.

"TRIAL TRIP." We offer a month's subscription, as a "Trial Trip," for 20 cents, which can be admitted by postage stamp. Payment of \$2.70 in addition will secure the balance of a year's subscription.

Send postal card for free specimen copy and judge for yourself. Address THE INDEPENDENT, 251 Broadway, New York. Nov. 14, 1888-2t.

Valuable Grist Mill and Saw Mill at Private Sale. The undersigned offers for sale a GRIST MILL and SAW MILL, situated in old Port Royal, Juniata county, Pa., with 11 ACRES of land, more or less, with mill dam, mill house 30x50 feet, three stories high, containing 200 bushels of stone, and two of iron, containing 300 bushels, two pair of burrs, and one sand stone, chopper and corn breaker, a Silver Creek steam machine, and separating machine, two four bolt 20" cast-iron flour packers, all driven by the water of Hunter's creek on a 17 feet overshot wheel. The mill has a good run of custom work and is in a good wheat growing country, and is in good running order. The saw mill is driven by a Rose water wheel, and is in good running order, doing a large amount of sawing in the season. FRANK HOUSE, Spring of water, Glatfelter Farm, Stable, hog house, an orchard of thirty trees of choice fruit in bearing. Any person wishing to view the property can do so by calling on the premises, and any person wishing to learn the particulars can do so by calling on or addressing JOHN HERTZLER, Sr., Port Royal, Juniata Co., Pa.

JUNIATA VALLEY BANK, OF MIFFLINTOWN, PA. WITH BRANCH AT PORT ROYAL. Stockholders Individually Liable. J. NEVIN POMEROY, President. T. VAN IRWIN, Cashier. DIRECTORS: J. Nevin Pomeroy, Joseph Rothrock, George Jacob, Philip M. Kepner, W. C. Pomeroy, Lewis E. Atkinson, W. C. Pomeroy.

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Interest allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. on 6 months certificates, 3 per cent. on 12 months certificates. [Jan 23, 1888-tf]

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION. Notice is hereby given that the firm of Kennedy & Doty is this day dissolved. The partnership having expired by limitation. H. M. KENNEDY, D. A. DOTY.

The business will be carried on by the undersigned under the firm name of Kennedy & Doty. The continued liberal patronage of the public is solicited. Nov. 7, 1888-4c] DAVID B. DOTY.

Graybill's Column

FALL STOCK OF CARPETS.

Choice Pattern VELVET Body and Tapestry BRUSSELS, Extra Super Medium and Low Grade INGRAMS, A Full Line of VENETIAN, A Complete Line of RAG, A Choice Lot of HEMP, Beautiful Patterns in STAIR, and HALL Carpets

AT THE Carpet House AND FURNITURE ROOMS OF THE JUNIATA VALLEY.

JOHN S. GRAYBILL, At the Old Stand, ON THE SOUTHWEST CORNER OF BRIDGE & WATER STREETS, MIFFLINTOWN, PA.

HAS JUST RECEIVED All the above enumerated articles, and all other things that may be found in a CARPET & FURNITURE STORE, AT PRICES BEYOND COMPETITION.

ALSO, ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE. AN EXTRA LINE OF MATTRESSES, Bolsters and Pillows, WINDOW SHADES, IN ALL COLORS. Looking Glasses, IN GREAT VARIETY, &c., &c., &c.

In fact everything usually kept in a First-Class House-Furnishing Goods Store.

JOHN S. GRAYBILL, BRIDGE STREET, South Side, MIFFLINTOWN, PENN.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD. TIME TABLE

On and after Sunday May 16th, 1888, trains that stop at Mifflin will run as follows: EASTWARD.

MIFFLIN ACCOMMODATIONS leave Mifflin daily at 6:30 a. m., and stopping at all stations between Mifflin and Harrisburg, arrives at Harrisburg at 8:20 a. m.; at Philadelphia, 3:15 p. m. Leaves Mifflin daily at 1:15 p. m.; Port Royal, 1:20 p. m.; Thompsonstown, 1:42 p. m.; Newport, 1:50 p. m.; arrives at Harrisburg at 2:40 p. m.; at Philadelphia at 7:25 p. m.

JUNIATA EXPRESS leaves Altoona daily at 7:05 a. m., and stopping at all regular stations between Altoona and Harrisburg, reaches Mifflin at 10:30 a. m., Harrisburg at 12:30 p. m., and arrives in Philadelphia at 6:55 p. m.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Pittsburg daily at 7:35 a. m., Altoona at 8:25 p. m., and stopping at all regular stations between Altoona and Harrisburg, reaches Mifflin at 10:30 a. m., Harrisburg at 12:30 p. m., and arrives in Philadelphia at 6:55 p. m.

MAIL EXPRESS leaves Harrisburg daily at 4:30 a. m., and stopping at all stations, arrives at Mifflin at 12:05 p. m.

EXPRESS leaves Philadelphia daily at 6:40 p. m., Harrisburg at 8:05 p. m., stopping at Rockville, Marysville, Duncan, Newport, Millerstown, Thompsonstown, Port Royal, time at Mifflin, 11:30 p. m.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Philadelphia daily at 7:00 a. m., Harrisburg at 9:00 a. m., Mifflin 12:22 p. m., stopping at all stations between Mifflin and Altoona reaches Altoona at 8:50 p. m., Pittsburg 9:45 p. m.

MIFFLIN ACCOMMODATIONS leave Philadelphia daily at 4:30 a. m., Harrisburg at 10:10 a. m., and stopping at all stations, arrives at Mifflin at 12:05 p. m.

EXPRESS leaves Harrisburg daily at 6:00 a. m., Harrisburg at 6:00 a. m., McVaytown 6:40 a. m.; Mt. Union 6:45 a. m.; Huntington 6:55 a. m.; Tyrone 7:12 a. m.; Bell's Mills 7:25 a. m.; Altoona 8:10 a. m.; Pittsburg 9:00 p. m.

Past Lines leave Philadelphia at 11:10 a. m.; Harrisburg 2:15 p. m.; Mifflin 4:37 p. m.; Lewistown 4:50 p. m.; Huntington 4:50 p. m.; Tyrone 5:40 p. m.; Altoona 7:20 p. m.; Pittsburg 11:00 p. m.

LEWISTOWN DIVISION. Train leaves Lewistown Junction for Mifflin at 6:45 a. m., 10:50 a. m., 8:26 p. m.; for Sunbury at 7:10 a. m., 1:50 p. m. Trains arrive at Lewistown Junction from Mifflin at 10:10 a. m., 1:40 p. m., 4:50 p. m.; from Sunbury at 9:40 a. m., 4:40 p. m.

TYRONES DIVISION. Trains leave Tyrone for Bellefonte and Lock Haven at 8:10 a. m., 7:40 p. m. Leave Tyrone for Curwensville and Clearfield at 8:50 a. m., 7:40 p. m. Trains leave Tyrone for Warriors Mark, Pennsylvania Furnace and Scotia at 9:30 a. m., 7:40 p. m. Trains arrive at Tyrone from Bellefonte and Lock Haven at 7:05 a. m., and 6:45 p. m. Trains arrive at Tyrone from Curwensville and Clearfield at 10:10 a. m., and 8:45 p. m. Trains arrive at Tyrone from Scotia, Warriors Mark and Pennsylvania Furnace at 6:55 a. m., at 2:45 p. m.

Arrangement of Passenger Trains. OCTOBER 29th, 1888. Trains leave Harrisburg as follows: For New York via Allentown, at 4:00 a. m., and 1:45 p. m. For New York via Philadelphia and "Bond Brook Route," 5:25, 7:30, 9:50 a. m., and 1:45 and 4:00 p. m. For Reading at 5:20, 6:25, 7:40, 9:40 a. m., 1:45, 4:00 and 8:00 p. m. For Pottsville at 5:30, 7:55, 9:00 a. m., and 1:45 and 4:00 p. m. and via Schuylkill & Susquehanna Branch at 9:00 p. m. For Auburn, 8:10 a. m. For Allentown at 5:20, 7:30, 9:40 a. m., 1:45 and 4:00 p. m. The 5:20 a. m., and 1:45 p. m. trains have through cars for New York via Allentown.

SUNDAYS. For Allentown and way stations at 8:20 a. m., and 7:50 p. m. For Reading, Philadelphia and way stations at 5:20 a. m. and 1:50 p. m. For Philadelphia, 5:20, 7:30, 9:50 a. m., and 1:45 and 4:00 p. m. For Reading at 5:20, 6:25, 7:40, 9:40 a. m., 1:45, 4:00 and 8:00 p. m. For Pottsville at 5:30, 7:55, 9:00 a. m., and 1:45 and