SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN

MIFFLINTOWN.

Wednesday, August 2, 1882.

B. F. SCHWEIER,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

THE McKee Republican State Committee met in Philadelphia last Wednesday to consider the proposal of the Cooper Republican State Committee to harmonize Republicans on the State ticket, but they rejected the proposals of the Cooper Committee, which seems natural enough, when it is considered that the Republican reform element in the late Legislature was strong enough to send so able a man as Mitchell to the United States Senate. To say it the mildest, it was presuming that the reform element was green, or not in earnest, when it was presumed, that it would agree to present the Beaver ticket, and the Stewart ticket, both of which had been formed by convention management—to a vote of the people of the party. That would be no decision of the party as to its preference by a popular vote; it would only be an expression of preference as to which one of two tickets, both of which had been set up by a convention. The McKee Committee proposed to withdraw both convention tickets, and then provide for the holding of a nominating election for Governor and other State officers, in every election district in the Commonwealth, and the candidates that had the majority votes for the respective offices shall constitute the Republican State ticket. The McKee Committee also, demanded that none of the convention candidates shall become a candidate at the new election by the people this fall. The Stewart ticket proposed to withdraw from the field if the Beaver ticket would do so, and give the people the chance to nominate a ticket by a direct vote. It was a mistake, from a party stand point, that the popular method of the nominating of candidates was not agreed upon.

JUDGE PERSHING,—Democrat—in the Pottsville district, proposes to again become a candidate for the office of Judge, without regard to the action of any political party.

THE Egyptians say: that the English had seven war vessels sunk by the Egyptian forts on the 11th of July when the bombardment of Alexandaria took place.

THE United States Government has about 1,000 cats cared for in the several large Post offices, in such places, for instance as Philadelphia, and New York. The cats are the safest, and most certain rat and mouse exterminator. Rats and mice must be kept out of the mail. The Government pays for the keeping of the cats.

To a Cabinet meeting, on the question of Assessments, President Arthur, the other day "expressed his views freely and fully. They were in substance that no person in any one of the Executive Departments declining to contribute shall on that account be subjected to discharge or criticism, and no attempt to injure him on this ground will be countenanced or tolerated."

THE Philadelphia Trade and Labor Council have issued a call for a Convention to be held in Philadelphia August 28 1882. The Beaver people hope to catch the most of them, so as to make up for the loss of such as vote for Stewart. If Beaver can keep his feet and carry, a majority, over, the Stewart Republicans, over the Democrats, over the Greenbackers, over the Prohibitionists, and over the new prospective Labor ticket, he will be the next Governor. There will be 6 tickets to divide the vote of the people.

IF Beaver keeps on talking about the littleness of Senator Cameron both the father and the son may take offense, and turn against the General. Neither of the Camerons are running for office, and Beaver can be of no use to them excepting for three purposes. First. He could be of use to them to help them distribute the State offices to their friends. Second. He by being friendly could help keep their prestige of political influence or power. Third. He could veto any Legislative apportionment bill that might be favored by the Legislature that might not be in accord with the apportionment views of the Camerons. The Cameron succession depends more upon the complexion of the Legislature than upon the governorship. If Beaver throws off Cameron, Cameron can throw Beaver.

A BRITISH correspondent, from a town inland from Alexandria Egypt, came to the coast and despatched the following, relative to the barbarities he witnessed on the 13th of, July; "By mid-day I counted not less than eighty-five corpses carried past, in groups of three or four, each procession headed by two women, carrying each a bludgeon to which dismembered arms and legs were tied. Then followed other women uttering cries of joy as at weddings, surrounding the bodies, which were dragged along by ropes tied to the legs until they became dismembered. Then the rope was shifted to other limbs. The mob with bludgeons beat the bodies until they were flattened, and afterward they caught up the viscera with sticks and threw them against the windows of the houses inhabited by Europeans, the bodies having been previously robbed."

THE venerable and newsy Lewistown *Gazette* still keeps the bloody shirt hanging on the outer wall. Since the bloody tragedy that was enacted at Washington July 2, 1881, by a Republican office seeker, and bloody shirt flaunter, it is meet for good Republicans, to not mention the bloody shirt. Since that dreadfull enactment it is best to keep the bloodiy garment in the back ground. Hide the garment father Frysinger, and do your intelligence justice. The bloody shirt issue is dead, dead, as the issue of 1776, dead, as the issue of 1812, dead, as the issue of the annexation of Texas. Step a pace or two, to the front line of Republicanism, to the advocacy of a more perfect system of primary election laws, and you will be in accord with the Republicanism of the day and the only kind of Republicanism that can prevail.

MANY hogs are dying of cholera in Illinois.

A BANKER, at Jonesboro, Ill., has left for parts unknown and the bank is $200,000 short.

IT is but a short time since the grave-yard insurance companies flourished and became like full grown sunflowers. The following despatch from Harrisburg last Wednesday, relate the process of closing out one of the death rattle concerns. Receiver John H. Weiss, of the Southern Pennsylvania Mutual Relief Association, of Hanover, York county, one of the first "grave-yard" insurance companies proceeded against by the State, this morning asked leave of the Court to present his account and plan of distribution on September 19, which is one week later than the day required by the rules of the Court. This was asked for with a view to enable him to have the same printed and a copy placed in the hands of each person interested thirty days before the day of confirmation, in order that it may carefully be examined by the beneficiaries and others. The amount of the beneficiary fund which Receiver Weiss is only ready to distribute now is $22,745.55, to be distribuited among about 2000 persons."

There is an investigation in progress in the Philadelphia Almshouse over the fact, that a baby was got out of the institution by a wife that had no baby, to satisfy the longing of her husband for a baby. The wife made her husband believe, that it was their own natural baby, and not until the authorities began to look up the missing Almshouse baby did the husband begin to suspect. The name of the family is Lohmeyer. The Philadelphia *Times* says; Mrs. Lohmeyer is very pretty. Her manner is frank and ingenious. They have been married more than a year and a half. She is very much in love with her husband and he thinks she is the best little wife in the world. When he learned how she had deceived him he was more pained than angry, and as she naively put it; "Henry was a little hurt, but he didn't scold me a bit, and he is as good humored as ever." "Well some time ago, my friend, Mrs. Rosenberg suggested that I should get a child out of the Almshouse and make my husband believe that it was ours. I consented to the scheme rather than make Henry unhappy, for he wanted a child very much. In February Mrs. Rosenberg and I went to the Almshouse and saw a man who showed us all the babies, but I didn't see any I liked and we came away. A few days later we went again and I saw this dear little thing." Here she dropped her story long enough to kiss the baby on her knee. "A girl named Mary Gallagher, who had been a serving girl or something of that kind, and who had just been taken into the Almshouse, was its mother. I was pleased with the baby and didn't care whether its father was known or not. The mother at once agreed to give up her baby, which was then about a week old, and Mrs. Rosenburg said it was young enough to deceive my Henry. "We came away and went back again two days later, on February 24. There was a meeting of a committee of the Board of Guardians, or something of that kind, and Mrs. Rosenberg and I went before them. I told them I wanted to get Miss Gallagher's baby, and I told them all about my case and what I wanted the baby for. I concealed nothing, and when I told them that I wanted the child to deceive my husband they all laughed. I said I did not want to take the child if there was any danger of my husband finding it out. They said there was no danger, and passed a resolution or a motion to let me get the baby. Mrs. Rosenberg and I came away from the meeting, and Mary Gallagher brought her baby outside the Almshouse and gave it to me. She did not want her relatives to know she had a baby, and was very glad to have any respectable person take it. Now I believe she wants to get it back but she shan't have it." Here Mrs. Lohmeyer administered a hasty kiss to the baby and went on with her narrative. "Well, we were going to have her christened Olivette in the Methodist church we go to, but the people have made so much fuss about it that I guess we won't do it." In closing the interview she said that as Henry has forgiven her she is satisfied, and they will keep and love Olivette. She says Henry told her last night that not one man in a thousand would take the deception as easy as he does, and she evidently believes he spoke the truth.

Englehart Bright, a farmer in Springfield township, Bucks county, claims that his daughter was cured by the prayers of a Boston minister.

John Sheehan, of Chicago was out late the other night, and finding the door locked when he went home he kicked it in. His wife stood in the hall and said: "If I had a pistol I'd shoot you." Sheehan handed her his revolver, and she immediately sent bullet into his shoulder.

Many years ago, Samuel Bailey, a farmer in the Isle of Wight, subjected himself and family to incredible privations. In order to save feed for horses they even did the ploughing and harrowing themselves, and would eat flesh of animals which had died a natural death. Yet he lived to be 92.

John R. Kœnig, of Womelsdorf, Berks county, has a hog only 3 years old that weighs 1300 pounds.

Aligator fat is now used for cooking purposes in some parts of Florida.

Large numbers of fish in the Susquehanna River have been killed recently by sulpher pumped into the water from the mines.

A log rolling down hill at York Furnace, York county, a few days since struck Henry Lyman, of that place, killing him instantly.

Moses Cross, of Richmond, Va., loved to go on periodical drunks, and when thus disguised would cruelly beat his wife. But on the last of these occasions she blacked both his eyes with the poker scalded him with hot water until the flesh peeled off his shoulders, and then had him locked up.

Miss Sarah Sargeant, aged 19, and very pretty, is a mail carrier in Washington county.

Elizabeth, Barth, in kindling a fire at Ashland used coal oil. The oil ignited and she was burned so severely that she died yesterday.

A good medicinal tonic, with real merit, is Brown's Iron Bitters, so all druggists say

TRAGEDY AT MILLERSTOWN.

The shooting of Shuman Miller, hotel-keeper, in Millerstown, Perry county, on Saturday evening, July 22 1882, is still the subject of much talk. The man who shot Miller is named Wm. Wagner. The Newport, Perry county *News* says; Wm. Wagner is the son of a respectable farmer named John W. Wagner, tenant on Perry Kreamer's farm, in Tuscarora township almost 2 miles from Millerstown, on the road to Ickesburg. He is not quite 21 years old, weighs 140 pounds, is five feet ten inches high, of light complexion and dark hair. Wagner, and a burly negro named Charley Green, worked together in the mines. Green, was recognized as the "best man" physically in town. When in liquor, Miller had mauled Green on more than one occasion, and in an encounter with him on Saturday night, July 15, 1882, hammered him until the blood flowed freely from the negro. Shuman afterward took Green to the pump and washed the blood off his face and then "set up" the drinks. In the fracas, however the landlord received several abrasions of the skin on his face, which were still visible as he lay in his coffin on Monday. Wagner and the negro not only worked together but they were friends, and associated together to such an extent as to occasion unfavorable comment on the part of those, who think a too familiar companionship socially between a negro and a white man is not desirable On Saturday evening, July 22-1882, Green got into a fight, on Sunbury street, near the canal bridge. It looked as if Green would go out of the battle victor, but several other white men rushed in and assisted in unmercifully pummeling the "nigger." Shuman Miller, standing in his hotel, at least a square away, jumped from his porch and rushed to the scene of the disturbance and took a hand in pounding Green, who finally succeeded in getting away from his enemies, who would have handled him rougher had he not made good his escape. Drinking was indulged in up to a late hour, and during the evening Wagner said Green wasn't shown a fair chance in the row. This reached Miller's ears and highly incensed him. Green, afraid of his life, got out of the reach of his assailants and Wagner's future movements were directed to drinking up to the time he entered the Union Hotel, early Sunday morning.

The testimony of the witnesses, before Esquire Titzell's jury, best relates the story associated with the actual killing of Shuman Miller.

PAUL COCHUS—Sworn—In the first place known to me. Wm. Wagner took sides with the black man against the white man. I was told the man's name was William Wagner. He entered the sitting room of Shuman Millers hotel about 11;20 o'clock p. m., July 22, 1882. I describe Wm. Wagner as follows—Countenance rather sober looking, pale, middling prominent nose, heavy chin, all the lines of his face cut deep, hair and eyes appeared dark blonde; probably about 24 or 25 years old. Shuman Miller approached this man reproaching him for taking the part of the black man against the white in the fight and ordered him out of the house Miller and others followed except myself. I sat on the window. It appeared to me there was a scuffle outside, but I did not see any. I then approached the front window and heard some one, whose voice seemed to me, to be that of the man Wagner say, "come on, if you dare, Shuman Miller, you s—of a b——, I'll shoot you." At the commencement of this sentence Shuman Miller started to run towards him; at the close of the sentence I heard the shot and saw Miller stagger and fall on his face.

Question. How far was Wagner from Shuman. Answer; Not more than 5 yards, in my opinion. I saw Shuman; he was in his shirt sleeves; saw the flash of the revolver. The street lamp was extinguished on the corner. Wagner was clad in dark clothes, could see the outline of his person. I believe Wagner fired the fatal shot. I recognized him by the voice. I was in the front window.

Two minutes after Wagner came into the bar room the shooting occurred. I am not certain as to the time given above. I had been to the stable with Shuman and returned with him about 11 o'clock, and do not know how much time elapsed after that until Wagner came in. I was reading in the office in the meantime. It appeared to me that the shot was fired from close to the side of walk leading from Miller's to Martin's hotel.

RALPH B. THOMPSON—Sworn—In the first place I came into the hotel of Shuman Miller and lay down on the lounge in the office. Mr. Miller talked about white men taking the part of colored men. He said he would lick any white man in Millerstown, big or little, who would take the part of the black s—of a b—— Wm Wagner and some one unknown to me came into the office and was going straight through to the bar room, when Shuman stopped them. Shuman said to Wagner, "you are one of those men who take part with the niggers." He then made as though he would strike Wagner, and Wagner begged off, and said he was drunk and that Shuman was a better man than he. Shuman said, "that don't make a damn bit of difference; you take part with the niggers" Shuman then struck Wagner on the left side of the face. Wagner went out; Shuman followed after. He begged off once more and walked away, Shuman still following. Wagner said a few words before he shot Miller, but I can't tell what they were. When he fired Shuman staggered back, turned and fell on his face. He never uttered a word after the shot was fired. Wagner ran towards the bridge as soon as he had shot. Shuman staggered back and turn and fell at my feet about 6 or 8 feet from the point at which he was standing when shot. I believe Wm. Wagner to be the man that shot Miller. Wm Miller, son of Shuman fired 4 or 5 shots at Wagner as he was running away. It was 25 minutes of 1 o'clock by the office clock, Sunday morning, July 23, 1882, when Shuman was carried into the office immediately after the shooting.

The testimony of other witnesses, and the testimony of the doctors on the point of examination of the wound of the deceased are not given here. The following verdict was rendered by the jury;

"That Shuman Miller came to his death by a gun shot wound, and that William Wagner fired the fatal shot from a revolver or other fire arm."

No sooner had Wagner shot than he started to run, in the direction of the river bridge, followed by Wm. Miller, aged about 15 years, Shuman Miller's oldest son, who fired 4 or 5 with a revolver at the man who had slain his father. One of the shots passed through between the fingers of the fleeing man's hands, merely cutting the skin, while other bullets came uncomfortably close to his head. He crossed the bridge as fast as he could run and reached the Tuscarora mountain in safety, remaining among its fastnesses until Sunday morning, when he descended to his home, where he was informed that he had killed Shuman Miller. He did not appear to particularly regret having committed the deed, claiming that he acted in self-defense and only intended shooting his antagonist in the arm. He remained at home only a short time, and when he took his departure he said he was willing to surrender himself to an officer of the law who would guarantee him protection, as he seems to feel that had he been captured on Sunday morning he would have been lynched, as public feeling ran high against him at that time.

GENERAL ITEMS.

An Arkansas woman was fined by a magistrate $8 for using abusive language to a neighbor; she had no money, but the obliging justice took 21 steel traps in full payment of fine and costs, and the no less obliging attorney who represented her in the trial took a spotted dog for his fee.

Hugh McCann, a laboring man of Albany has been in the habit of sleeping with his right arm under him. On Tuesday morning he awoke and found that that arm was paralyzed, and the surgeon tells him that it is doubtful if he ever regains the use of it.

A despatch from Little Rock, Arkansas, states that within the past 2 weeks more than 50,000 head of cattle have passed up the trail, which makes a grand total of over 150'000 for the seaon, thus far.

A despatch from Pittsburg under date of the 25th inst., says; The village of Freeport, in Wayne county, forty miles southwest of this city, was convulsed to day by the discovery that two girls named Stearns had murdered their stepmother last week. They secreted her body, but the secret bore heavily on one of them, and she told a friend, who informed the authorities. One of the girls has been arrested and is in jail at Waynesboro, but the other has fled. There are two stories of the tragedy. One is that the woman was poisoned, and the other that a sharp instrument was driven into her breast. The girls had not taken kindly to their stepmother for some time past.

Care-worn persons, students, weak and overworked mothers will find in Brown's Iron Bitters a complete tonic, which gives strength and tone to the whole system.

THE GREAT BURLINGTON ROUTE.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY R.R.

PRINCIPAL LINE

THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST and BEST line to St. Joseph, Atchison, Topeka, Denver, Dallas, Galveston, And all points in Iowa, Nebraska, Missouri, Kansas, New Mexico, Arizona, Montana and Texas.

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CHICAGO OR PEORIA TO KANSAS CITY

This Route has no superior for Albert Lea, Minneapolis and St. Paul. Nationally reputed as being the Great Through Car Line Universally conceded to be the best equipped Railroad in the World for all classes of travel.

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Try it, and you will find traveling a luxury, instead of a discomfort.

All information about Rates of Fare, Sleeping Cars, etc., cheerfully given by

T. J. POTTER, 2d Vice Pres't & Gen'l Manager, Chicago, Ill.

PERCEVAL LOWELL, Gen. Pass. Agt., Chicago, Ill.

Oh, My Back!

That's a common expression and has a world of meaning. How much suffering is summed up in it.

The singular thing about it is, that pain in the back is occasioned by so many things. May be caused by kidney disease, liver complaint, consumption, cold, rheumatism, dyspepsia, overwork, nervous debility, &c.

Whatever the cause, don't neglect it. Something is wrong and needs prompt attention. No medicine has yet been discovered that will so quickly and surely cure such diseases as BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, and it does this by commencing at the foundation, and making the blood pure and rich.

Logansport, Ind. Dec. 1, 1880.
For a long time I have been a sufferer from stomach and kidney disease. My appetite was very poor and the very small amount I did eat disagreed with me. I was annoyed very much from non-retention of urine. I tried many remedies with no success, until I used Brown's Iron Bitters. Since I used that my stomach does not bother me any. My appetite is simply immense. My kidney trouble is no more, and my general health is such, that I feel like a new man. After the use of Brown's Iron Bitters for one month, I have gained twenty pounds in weight. O. R. SARGENT.

Leading physicians and clergymen use and recommend BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. It has cured others suffering as you are, and it will cure you.

CUT THIS OUT!

AGENTS MAKE $15 to $40 PER WEEK.

We have stores in 15 leading Cities, from which our agents obtain their supplies quickly. Our Factories and Principal Offices are at Erie, Pa. Send for our New Catalogue and terms to agents. Address

M. N. LOVELL 912 Spring Garden St. PHILADELPHIA, PA.

CAUTION NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against fishing or hunting, gathering berries, or crossing fields, or in any other way trespassing on the lands of the undersigned

J. S. KENEPP.

If you wish to buy real estate, consult the columns of the *Sentinel and Republican*.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE.

For Governor.
GEN. JAMES A. BEAVER.

For Judge of the Supreme Court,
WM. HENRY RAWLE.

For Lieut. Governor,
W. T. DAVIES.

For Sec'y of Internal Affairs,
JOHN M. GREER.

For Congressman-at-large.
MARRIOT BROSIUS.

STATE.

For Governor.
JOHN STEWART.

For Judge of the Supreme court.
GEORGE JUNKIN.

For Lieutenant Governor.
COL. LEVI BIRD DUFF.

For Sec'y of Internal Affairs.
MAJOR GEO. W. MERRICK.

For Congressman-at-large.
COL. WILLIAM MCMICHAEL.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

SHERIFF.

Editor Sentinel and Republican—I would announce D. S. Landis, of Fayette township as a candidate for the office of Sheriff. Mr. Landis is a young man of good habits, and is abundantly qualified to fill the position of Sheriff. His father and grand-father were citizens in Juniata before him. He is an earnest Republican. He speaks both, the English, and German languages, which in Juniata county, is a matter of importance and satisfaction to both officers and people.

FAYETTE.

REGISTER AND RECORDER.

Editor Sentinel and Republican—The people of Juniata, will be called upon to choose a suitable person to fill the office of Register and Recorder at the election in November. Allow us to present the name of S. S. Caveny, of Patterson as a candidate for the Republican nomination. Mr. Caveny is well known as a gentleman of integrity, possessing every qualification requisite for the efficient discharge of the office, and if nominated will be a strong candidate.

FAYETTE.

REGISTER AND RECORDER.

Editor Sentinel and Republican—Allow me to announce the name of S. P. Wharton of Spruce Hill as a candidate for the office of Register and Recorder, subject to Republican usages. Mr. Wharton is a young man of good business qualifications and if elected, would make an obliging and efficient officer.

MILFORD.

LEGISLATURE.

Editor Sentinel and Republican.—Please announce Major J. D. HOWELL, of Spruce Hill, as a candidate for the office of Assembly, subject to Republican usages. The Major is a representative man of the people, was a good soldier, would be a strong candidate and, if elected a safe and prudent legislator.

BEALE.

JURY COMMISSIONER.

Editor Sentinel and Republican—I would present Henry Auker, of Walker township, to the Republicans of Juniata county, as a suitable candidate for the office of Jury Commissioner. Mr. Aucker is a good Republican, but still not so blind a party man as to do injustice in the relation of men for the jury wheel.

WALKER.

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE.

THE undersigned, Executors of the estate of Jacob Riehl deceased, late of Beale township, Juniata county, Pa., will offer at public sale, on the premises at 1 o'clock P M on

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1882,

the following described real estate to-wit: A FARM situate in Beale township, Juniata Co., Pa., containing

147 ACRES,

and 79 perches. The improvements are, a

FRAME HOUSE, AND BANK BARN,

with wagon shed, and corn crib, attached, and other necessary out-buildings. Fruit such as apples peaches, cherries, grapes, and so forth. The farm is bounded on the north by lands of William Clark, and J. M. Boon, on the East by lands of Calvin Stewart, and store road, south by lands of Adam Fisher. About half of the farm is under a good state of cultivation, the balance is in young timber nearly half of which is chestnut oak. The farm is in Tuscarora valley. 9 miles from Mifflintown, the county seat; 9½ miles from Port Royal; 1 mile west of Academia. Any person wishing to see the farm can do so by calling on the undersigned residing on the premises.

TERMS: 25 per cent. on the day of sale, 25 per cent. on April 1, 1883, balance in two equal annual payments with interest from April 1, 1883.

NOAH RIEHL,
FRANY RIEHL,
Aug. 2, 1882. Executors.

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE.

THE undersigned, Executor of the last will and testament of Abraham Knisely, late of Walker township, Juniata County, Pa., dec'd, will expose to sale by public vendue or out cry, at the premises about one half mile east of Mifflintown, on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 26, 1882.

the following valuable real estate, to-wit: A VALUABLE FARM, situate in Walker township, Juniata county, Pa., bounded by lands of Ezra D. Parker, Union Cemetery, Abram J. Moist, Jonas Kauffman, David Rickenbach, David Fowles, Thaddeus Swizer, and others, containing

74 ACRES,

and one perch, more or less, about 64 acres of which are cleared, and the ballance woodland. The improvements are a

DWELLING HOUSE And Bank Barn,

and other out buildings There is a good orchard on the property, and an abundance of excellent water.

TERMS OF SALE: Ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid on day of sale, one-half of the remainder on the second of April, A. D., 1883, when deed will be delivered and possession given; the remainder on the 1st day of December, A. D., 1883, to be secured by judgement bond.

JOSEPH BESHOAR,
Executor of Abraham Knisely, dec'd.

AT the same time and place, will be sold at public sale, the following personal property to wit. One cow and calf, 1 cook stove, 1 nine plate stove, 1 bureau, beadsteads and bedding, tables, stands, queensware, and crockery, 1 copper kettle, chairs, cupboard, together with a general assortment of household and kitchen furniture, lot of hay by the ton.

TERMS made known on day of sale.

JOSEPH BESHOAR,
Executor of Abraham Knisely, dec'd.
Aug. 2, 1882.

Subscribe for the *Sentinel and Republican*. It contains more, and a greater variety of good and useful reading matter than any other county paper.

Graybill's Column.

SPRING STOCK OF

CARPETS.

Choice Patterns in

VELVET,

Body and Tapestry

BRUSSELS,

Extra Super Medium and Low Grade

INGRAINS,

A Full Line of

VENETIAN,

A Complete Line of

RAG,

A Choice Lot of

HEMP,

Beautiful Patterns in

STAIR,

and

HALL

Carpets

AT THE

Carpet House

AND

FURNITURE ROOMS

OF THE

JUNIATA VALLEY.

JOHN S. GRAYBILL,

At the Old Stand,

ON THE SOUTHWEST CORNER OF

BRIDGE & WATER STREETS,

MIFFLINTOWN, PA.,

HAS JUST RECEIVED

All the above enumerated articles, and all other things that may be found in a

CARPET & FURNITURE STORE,

AT PRICES

BEYOND COMPETITION.

ALSO,

ALL KINDS OF

FURNITURE.

AN EXTRA LINE OF

MATTRESSES,

Bolsters and Pillows,

WINDOW SHADES,

IN ALL COLORS.

Looking Glasses

IN GREAT VARIETY,

&c., &c., &c.

In fact everything usually kept in a First-Class House Furnishing Goods Store.

JOHN S. GRAYBILL

BRIDGE STREET, South Side,

Between the Canal and Water Street,

MIFFLINTOWN, - - PENNA.

New Advertisements.

PUBLC SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned, Administrator cum testamento annexo of Jacob Frank, late of the Borough of Patterson, Juniata county, Pa., deceased, will expose to sale by public vendue, or out-cry, at the premises in the Borough of Patterson, on

SATURDAY SEPTEMBER 2, 1882,

at 1 o'clock P. M., on said day, the following valuable real estate, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground situate on the North side of Main Street, in the Borough of Patterson, near the Pennsylvania Railroad depot, having a front of 50 feet on Main Street, and extending back 110 feet to an alley, bounded on the South by Main Street, on the West by lot of Pennsylvania R. R., North by an alley, and East by lot No. 3, having thereon erected a good

DWELLING HOUSE, STORE-ROOM, STABLE AND OUT-BUILDINGS.

The above is one of the best business locations in the town, and a very desirable property.

No. 2. The undivided one-half of a half lot of ground, situate on Path Street, in said Borough, having a front of 25 feet on Path Street, and extending back 110 feet to an alley, having thereon erected a

Good Dwelling House.

Also, One Share of Stock in Perrysville Bridge Co.

TERMS OF SALE: Ten per cent of purchase money to be paid on day of sale, 25½ per cent. on 1st of January, A. D., 1882, when deed will be delivered and possession given; 33½ per cent April 1, A. D., 1884, with interest from January 1, 1883; 33⅓ per cent. of purchase money to remain in the property during the natural life of Elisabeth Frank, widow of Jacob Frank, deceased, and the interest thereof to be paid to be paid to her on the 1st day of January, A. D., 1884, and annually thereafter on the 1st day of January of each year, and at her death the principal to be paid to Joseph Rothrock, Administrator c. t. a. of Jacob Frank, deceased; unpaid purchase money to be secured by judgement bond and mortgage.

JOSEPH ROTHROCK.
July 26-82.] Adm'r of Jacob Frank dec'd.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.
—OF—
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

Pursuant to an order of sale issued out of the Orphan's Court of Juniata county, Pa., and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on the premises, one-half mile north of Oakland Mills, in Fayette township, Juniata county, at one o'clock p. m., on

SATURDAY AUGUST 26th, 1882,

All that certain

Messuage, Plantation, and Tract of Land,

In Fayette township, Juniata county, Pa., bounded by lands of Isaac Shellenberger, David Smith, Reuben Leonard, J. A. and J. C. Pines, and John Auker, containing

115 ACRES,

More or less, and having thereon erected a

STONE DWELLING HOUSE, New Bank Barn, Wagon Shed,

And other out-buildings, all of which are cleared except five acres The land is in the highest state of cultivation, good water on the premises, and excellent fruit.

No. 2. A Tract of Woodland,

Situate in Fermanagh township, bounded by lands of David Wolfgang, H. Zook and Clifford Singer, containing

70 Acres and 80 Perches,

More or less.

TERMS OF SALE: One-fourth the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale by the court; one fourth on the 1st day of April, A. D 1883, when deed will be delivered and possession given; one fourth on the first of April A. D 1884, with interest from April 1st, 1883; one-fourth on the 1st day of April, A. D 1885, with interest from April 1st 1884, two last payments to be secured by judgement.

LEWIS DEGAN,
Administrator of Henry H. Brubaker.
June 21, 1882.

JUNIATA VALLEY BANK,
OF MIFFLINTOWN, PA.
WITH
BRANCH AT PORT ROYAL.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

J. NEVIN POMEROY, *President.*
T. VAN IRWIN, *Cashier*

DIRECTORS:

J. Nevin Pomeroy, Joseph Rothrock, George Jacobs, Philip M. Kepner, Ames G. Bonsall, Louis E. Atkinson, W. C. Pomeroy,

STOCKHOLDERS:

J. Nevin Pomeroy, R. E. Parker, Philip M. Kepner, Annie M. Shelley, Joseph Rothrock, Jane H. Irwin, George Jacobs, Mary Kurtz, L. E. Atkinson, Samuel M. Kurtz, W. C. Pomeroy, J. Holmes Irwin, Amos G. Bonsall, T. V. Irwin, Noah Hertzler, F. B. Frow, Charlotte Snyder, John Hertzler.

☞ Interest allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. on 6 months certificates, 3 per cent. on 12 months certificates.

[jan23, 1879-tf

CAUTION NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against trespassing upon the lands of the undersigned, in Fayette, Delaware or Walker township, by fishing, hunting, or in any other way.

Jonathan Kiser	C G Shelly
Wm Brantlhoffer	A H Kurtz
Henry Speece	David Smith
Catharine Kurtz	S Owen Evans
John McMeen	Teston Benner
D B Dimm	C. F. Spicher
G W Smith	John L Auker
S J Kurtz	J B Garber
Henry Auker	S M Kauffman
Lucien Dunn	J F Dettra
J W Hostetler	David Hunberger
Jesse Pines	Arnold Varnes
Jacob Hoops.	Levi K Myers

Nov 9, 1881.

Legal Notices.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Elizabeth Fisher, deceased.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Elisabeth Fisher, late of Beale township, Juniata county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, those having claims or demands, will make known the same without delay.

JOHN KAUFFMAN,
July 12, 1882. Administrator.
Huntingdon Pa.,

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Oliver P. Rotherman, deceased,

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of O. P. Rotherman, late of Monroe township, Juniata county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

W. G. SMITH,
Administrator.
July 11, 1882. Thompsontown Pa.,

Travelers' Guide.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

TIME-TABLE

On and after Monday June 5, 1882, trains that stop at Mifflin will run as follows:

EASTWARD.

MIFFLIN ACCOMMODATION leaves Mifflin daily at 6.20 a. m., and stopping at all stations between Mifflin and Harrisburg, arrived at Harrisburg at 8 20 a. m.

JOHNSTOWN EXPRESS leaves Altoona daily at 7.30 a m., and stopping at all regular stations between Altoona and Harrisburg, reaches Mifflin at 10.43 a. m., Harrisburg 12.40 p. M., and arrives in Philadelphia at 5.05 p. m.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Pittsburg daily at 7.35 a. m., Altoona at 2.25 p. m., and stopping at all regular stations arrives at Mifflin at 5 48 p. m., Harrisburg 7.40 p. m., Philadelphia 2.55 a. m.

Mail Express leaves Pittsburg at 1 00 p m; Altoona 6 30 p m; Tyrone 7 17 p m; Huntingdon 8 05 p m; Lewistown 9 20 p m; Mifflin 9 45 p m; Harrisburg 11 15 p m; Philadelphia 2 55 p m.

WESTWARD.

MIFFLIN ACCOMMODATION leaves Harrisburg daily at 10.15 a. m., and stopping at all stations, arrives at Mifflin at 12.10 p. m.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Philadelphia daily at 7.00 a. m., Harrisburg 11.15 a. m., Mifflin 12.35 p. m., stopping at all stations between Mifflin and Altoona reaches Altoona at 4.00 p. m., Pittsburg 8.50 p. m.

MIFFLIN ACCOMMODATION leaves Harrisburg daily except Sunday at 5.00 p. m., and stopping at all stations, arrives at Mifflin at 7.00 p. m.

Pacific Express leaves Philadelphia 11 20 p m; Harrisburg 3 05 a m; Duncannon 3 52 a m; Newport 4 18 a m; Mifflin 5 01 a m; Lewistown 5 25 a m; McVeytown 5 40 a m; Mt. Union 6 19 a m; Huntingdon 6 45 a m; Petersburg 7 02 a m; Spruce Creek 7 15 a m; Tyrone 7 34 a m; Bell's Mills 7 55 a m; Altoona 8 15 a m; Pittsburg 1 35 p m.

Fast Line leaves Philadelphia at 12 05 a m; Harrisburg 3 15 p m; Mifflin 4 27 p m; Lewistown 4 58 p m; Huntingdon 5 50 p m; Tyrone 6 40 p m; Altoona 7 20 p m; Pittsburg 11 30 p m.

LEWISTOWN DIVISION.

Trains leave Lewistown Junction for Milroy at 6 35 a m, 10 50 a m, 3 25 p m; for Sunbury at 7 05 a m, 1 25 p m.

Trains arrive at Lewistown Junction from Milroy at 9 10 a m, 1 50 p m, 4 50 p m; from Sunbury at 10 20 a m, 4 45 p m.

TYRONE DIVISION.

Trains leave Tyrone for Bellefonte and Lock Haven at 8 30 a m, 7 30 p m. Leave Tyrone for Curwensville and Clearfield at 8 50 a m, 7 50 p m.

Trains leave Tyrone for Warriors Mark, Pennsylvania Furnace and Scotia at 8 30 a m and 3 30 p m.

Trains arrive at Tyrone from Bellefonte and Lock Haven at 7 30 a m, and 6 25 p m.

Trains arrive at Tyrone from Curwensville and Clearfield at 7 24 a m, and 5 55 p m.

Trains arrive at Tyrone from Scotia, Warriors Mark and Pennsylvania Furnace at 7 30 a m, at 2 45 p m.

Philadelphia & Reading Railroad.

Arrangement of Passenger Trains.

JUNE 26th, 1882.

Trains leave Harrisburg as follows:

For New York via Allentown, at 7 50 a m, and 1 45 p. m.

For New York via Philadelphia and "Bound Brook Route," 5 52 7 50 a m, and 1 45 p m.

For Philadelphia, 5 52, 7 50, 9 50 a m, 1 45, and 4 00 p m.

For Reading at 5 20, 8 23, 7 50, 9 50 a m, 1 45, 4 00 and 8 00 p m.

For Pottsville at 5 20, 7 50, 9 50 a m, and 1 45 and 4 00 p. m. and via Schuylkill & Susquehanna Branch at 7 40 p m. For Auburn, 5 10 a m.

For Allentown at 5 20, 7 50, 9 50 a m, 1 45 and 4 00 p m.

The 7 50 a m, and 1 45 p m trains have through cars for New York via Allentown.

SUNDAYS

For Allentown and way stations at 8 30 a m.

For Reading, Philadelphia and way stations at 5 20 a m and 1 45 p m.

Trains for Harrisburg leave as follows:

Leave New York via Allentown at 9 30 a m, 1 00 and 5 30 p m.

Leave New York via "Bound Brook Route" and Philadelphia 7 45 a m, 1 30, 4 00 and 5 30 p m, and 12 00 midnight, arriving at Harrisburg 1 40, 8 20, 9 25 p. m., and 12.10 and 5 40 a m

Leave Philadelphia at 4 30 9 45 a m., 4 00, 5 50 and 7 35 p m.

Leave Pottsville at 6 00, 8 00 a. m. and 4 40 p m.

Leave Reading at 6 40, 7 20, 11 50 a m, 1 27, 4 15, 7 40 and 10 25 p m.

Leave Pottsville via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Branch, 8 15 a m. and 4 40 p m.

Leave Allentown at 6 00, 8 40 a m., 12 15, 4 30 and 9 05 p m.

SUNDAYS.

Leave New York via Allentown, at 5 00 p. m.—Philadelphia at 7 35 p m.

Leave Reading