SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN

MIFFLINTOWN.

Wednesday, December 7, 1881.

B. F. SCHWEIER,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CHARLES HENKLE, an aged German musician, died of leprosy in New York last week.

THE Pennsylvania railroad carries cattle through from Pittsburg to Philadelphia in 17 hours, and to New York in 20 hours.

THERE is a ship-load of English commercial drummers coming to the United States to solicit trade. So foreign dispatches say.

OCCASIONALLY a man is heard say, "I wonder whether Arthur will carry out Garfield's policy." Arthur is as thoroughly a Republican as Garfield was, and therefore he can have no other policy than a Republican policy.

A CONVENTION of tariff men was held in New York city last week. Five hundred delegates were in attendance. Peter Cooper, the President, in his speech denounced the system of State banks, and favored a system of national currency.

A GOOD MANY bank cashiers are going wrong these days. A bank at Wellington, Kansas, closed the other day. The cashier was arrested. He received deposits after the bank was known to be insolvent by the management.

THE *Tribune* publishes paragraphs that are calculated to impress the reader with the belief that the *Tribune* was for Garfield for President. The reader should not be misled; the *Tribune* was for Hancock first, last and all the time; for Garfield after the election, as against Conkling and Arthur, and for Garfield since his murder, as against the stalwarts.

GUITEAU missed his calling. Instead of being a theologian, a lawyer, an editor, or a lecturer, to all of which positions he aspired, he should have been an actor. He would have done well as an actor in a theatre. As a member of a theatrical troupe he would have been a success. His effort at the play of insanity as exhibited in the Washington court room was first-rate, and some people were carried away by it to believe that he is crazy.

IF you desire to read how the principles of the Christian faith in prayer can be perverted by a devil to further the purposes of murder, read the evidence of Guiteau as published in other columns in this paper. The murderer has too clear a comprehension of first principles for an insane man. He is sane, and his occasional queer antics are but the part of the play of the man to save his neck from the halter. He is a bad man, acting to confuse the jury, so that his life may be spared from the penalty of his murderous act.

CONGRESSMAN FISHER is out in an open letter declaring that the speculative life insurance people that used his name as a reference did so without his authority. If the Congressman had as much sensitiveness on the question of appointment he would be more careful of his Washington appointments. The Congressmen are in most cases to blame for the appointment of worthless men to office in the departments at Washington. It is wrong to censure an administration for bad appointments. The appointments to office in most of the departments are made through the Senators and Congressmen, and they are the men to hold responsible.

THE trial of Wilson, the railroad scalper, in Philadelphia, last week developed or revealed a legal enactment in regard to railroad tickets that is not generally understood. The general belief is that if a man buys a ticket at Chicago to Philadelphia, and rides on it to Altoona that he may sell it to whomsoever he pleases; but the law is, if correctly laid down in court last week in the case of Wilson, that if the passenger rides no further than Altoona, and desires to sell his ticket from that point to Philadelphia, the proper party to sell to is the railroad company. That is said to be the law. The railroad ticket scalper is a man that manages to get railroad tickets at special rates, and then sells them to single-trip passengers at a price between special rates and the regular fare.

THE Philadelphia *Record* of last Wednesday published the following: Many hundreds of men and women, with solemn air and reverent mien passed yesterday afternoon through the marble shop of William Struthers & Son, at Twenty-fourth and Walnut streets, and viewed a memorial tablet, which to-morrow will be placed in the Baltimore and Potomac passenger station at Washington in commemoration of the sad tragedy of July 2. The exact spot where President Garfield fell is now marked by a large gilt star set in the floor, and on the wall directly opposite this point the tablet will be erected. It is a plain but expressive design, the main marble slab, which is about 4½ feet in width by 3 feet in height, being supported on either side by carved columns wreathed and dotted with stars to represent the "Stars and Stripes." On the top of the tablet rests an American eagle with outstretched wings, its talons grasping the national flag, which falls in graceful folds and forms an arch to the inscription. This is in depressed gold letters and simply reads: "James Abram Garfield, President of the United States, July 2, 1881." The tablet, which is a beautiful specimen of the artist's skill, was executed by Messrs. W. Struthers & Sons, from a design furnished by Edmund Smith. It was sent to Washington by an early train this morning, and immediately upon its arrival will be placed in position.

A devil fish—or octopus—has been received in New York from Newfoundland. It was packed in ice, is in first class condition, and will be placed in pickle so that a full view of it can be obtained. Its body is 5 feet 6 inches long, the head 15 inches long, and the largest tentacle measures 28 feet in length.

Guiteau as a Witness.

The murderer Guiteau, during the past week, has been on the witness stand. His evidence embraces a large part of the history of his life. He had been a religious man; he had been a lawyer, a sort of preacher, a lecturer, and had wanted to start several newspapers, and had been in New York jail. He would not declare himself insane; he would leave that question to the jury. A crank, he said, is the short way of putting it when you want to say a man is pretty bad crazed. He said:

MY THEOLOGY

never made me much money. I never got much sympathy, because my ideas were contrary to those of most people. They have been looking forward into the infinite future for the second coming of Christ, but the second coming occurred several hundred years ago. I never made any money out of theology, but I was well fed. The Lord took care of me, as he always does when I'm in the right, even if I do owe a few board bills. St. Paul didn't have any success either, but he had some new ideas just as I had. He led a vagabond life and was in jail half the time, but the Lord took care of him. I made up my mind the Lord would take care of me if I would do his work, and let him take care of my board bills. When I had money I paid my bills; when I had no money to pay railroad fare I told the conductors I was working for the Lord, and they generally said, "All right;" I suppose you would call it "dead-beating," but I don't; I was simply working for the Lord, and I looked upon it that he was taking care of me. Why I rode all the way from Toledo to Washington and only got put off twice. I lectured in Boston in 1878, against Ingersoll. People were ready to pay 50 cents to hear that there is no hell, but would not pay a cent to hear that there is a hell. After that I tried the law in Milwaukee, but failed to get a practice.

IN POLITICS.

I offered my services to the national committee to take an active part in the election of Garfield. I was advertised to speak at Poughkeepsie and Saratoga, N. Y., but no one came to hear me. I was assigned to address a colored meeting. I didn't like the crowd; talked about five minutes. I had my speech printed and sent to prominent men. I went to Washington, and after the inauguration of Garfield I asked the President and Blaine for the Paris Consulship. Blaine told me never to speak to him again on the subject. I gave up office hunting about the first of May, and began to study over the political situation. I believed the country to be in danger, and the Republican party going to wreck. I wrote a letter to the President, but got no answer. The newspapers continually talked about the situation as between Garfield and Blaine, as against the stalwarts. I became

INSPIRED.

Inspiration, as I understand it, is where a man's mind is taken possession of by a superior power and where he acts outside of his own nature, outside of himself. The inspiration came to me on Wednesday evening—the Wednesday evening that Senators Conkling and Platt resigned. At that time there was a great excitement in the public mind in regard to the resignation and I felt greatly worried about it. I retired about eight o'clock that evening, greatly depressed in mind and spirit over the political situation. Before I went asleep the impression came on my mind like a flash that if the President was out of the way the difficulty would all be solved. The next morning I had the same impression. I kept reading the papers and kept my mind on the idea of the removal of the President. This impression kept working me and working me and grinding me and oppressing me for about two weeks. All that time I was horrified and I kept throwing off the idea and did not want to give it any attention at all—in fact, I shook it off; but it kept growing on me and growing on me and pressing me and grinding me until at the end of two weeks my mind was thoroughly fixed as to the necessity of the President's removal and as to the divinity of the inspiration. I had not the slightest doubt as to the divinity of the inspiration from the 1st of June to the present moment. I felt just as confident as to the divinity of the inspiration then as I do now. The Lord inspired me to attempt to remove the President in preference to some one else because I had the brains and the nerve to do the work and because the Lord always employs the best materials to do His works. I also say that the Lord employed me because he wanted to advertise my theological book, "The Truth," and because that book was published to save souls, not for money, and the Lord wishes to save souls. I kept praying about it, and praying about it, and praying about, that if it was not the Lord's will that I should remove the President He should, in some way by His providence, interrupt it. That is always the way I have found the Lord. When I feel a pressure upon me to do anything and when I feel any doubt about it, I keep praying to the Deity that He may show it in some way if I am wrong. I never had the slightest shadow of doubt on my mind as to the divinity of the act and as to the necessity for it to the great American people. The inspiration was firmly established in my mind early in June, and I have never had any doubt of the divinity of the act and its necessity. I undertake to say that the people of this country, when they know that another war has been prevented, instead of saying: "Guiteau, the assassin," will some of these days say: "Guiteau, the patriot." My inspiration has made Arthur President, and I suppose that he is my friend. I have an idea that I shall yet be President. If I am ever President it will be by an act of God.

THE PISTOL.

Deity furnished the money with which I bought the pistol. Deity inspired me to remove the President, and I had to resort to my own means to accomplish the Deity's will. I was the agent; money and the pistol were the means.

NOT MURDER.

Murder is a bad word. I call it the removal of the President, not murder of the President. I did not remove him on my own personal account, but I acted as the agent of Deity, and that puts a different construction on the act. I say that the removal of the President was an act of necessity from the situation and for the good of the American people. That is the idea that I want you to entertain and not to settle down on the cold-blooded idea of murder, because I never had the first conception of murder in the matter. The doctors killed the President.

BOARD BILLS.

I believe that I owe lady boarding-house keepers in Washington about one hundred and fifty dollars.

CONKLING.

I was on speaking terms with Conkling on the street. He always returned my salutations. He never promised to help me into the Paris Consulship. I never suggested it to him; I thought my personal influence with the President, Blaine and Logan would see it through to the Senate, and then Conkling would as a matter of course see it confirmed. On the 10th of the May, 1881, I wrote to President Garfield: "I have got a new idea about 1884. If you work your position for all it is worth you can be nominated and elected in 1884. Your opponents will probably be General Grant and Mr. Blaine. General Grant will never be so strong again as he was just after his trip around the world. Too many people are dead set against a third term and I do not think he can be nominated, much less elected. Two National Conventions have slaughtered Mr. Blaine on account of his railroad record. The Republican party are afraid to nominate him. This leaves the course open to you. Run the Presidency on your own account. Strike out right and left. The American people like pluck, and in 1884 we will put you in again." And I added a postscript to the letter: "I will see you about the Paris Consulship to morrow, unless you happen to send my name in to day."

BLAINE.

Garfield sold himself, body and soul, to Blaine. I said that the President would have no peace until he got rid of Secretary Blaine.

WHITE HOUSE PEOPLE.

On the 2nd of July I wrote a letter to the White House people. I meant all the inmates of the White House, including Mrs. Garfield. I said that the President's removal was a sad necessity; that life is a fleeting dream, and it matters little when we go; that the President is a christian, and that he will be happier in Paradise than here, and I do now believe the President to be happier than any man on earth.

MY BOOK.

I claim that my book is a collateral gospel. I undertake to say that the book is the Bible brought down to the present day. In so far as there is any truth in any book, it comes from the Deity; and I claim that it contains important truth. My statement that the President's nomination was an act of God, his election was an act of God, his removal was an act of God, is my concise way of stating things. If you want to see a specimen of that kind of style look through my book.

PREDESTINATION.

I believe in predestination. I claim that I am a man of destiny. Napoleon was a man of destiny, though he had different work from me. I am a man of destiny as much as the Savior or Paul or Martin Luther or any of those religious men. It was my destiny to obey the Divine will, and let Him take care of it, and I have not been hung or shot yet. I am satisfied with the Deity's conduct of this case up to the present moment.

DELUSIONS.

I believe in a personal devil. I do not have devilish delusions. When pressed to do a thing I always inquire whether it is the devil or God, and so it was when the question of killing the President came up. My defence is that the killing was the act of Deity and not mine. A good many people think I am badly insane. Let the experts and the jury decide whether I am insane.

GARFIELD AND BLAINE TOGETHER.

I followed the President to Blaine's house, one evening about 7 o'clock. They soon came out together. They were in a most delightful and cozy fellowship—just as hilarious as two young school girls. They had their heads together. Blaine was striking the air, and Garfield was listening very attentively. Their fellowship was perfectly delightful. It proved what the stalwart and liberal papers were saying, to wit, that Garfield had sold himself, soul and body, to Blaine, and that Blaine was using Garfield to destroy the stalwart element of the nation. That was the first eye evidence I had of their exceeding intimacy, and it confirmed what I had been reading for week in the newspapers. This was a positive eye confirmation of what the newspapers were saying, to wit, that Garfield was entirely under Blaine's control. Blaine is a bold, wicked, vindictive man, and I tell him so to his face. I say, furthermore, that Mr. Blaine is morally responsible for Mr. Garfield's death. If it had not been for Blaine's influence over Garfield, Garfield would have been alive to-day. He would not have disrupted the Republican party and imperiled the Republic; there would have been no necessity for his removal, and hence there would have been no necessity for the inspiration of his removal.

THE JAIL.

I visited the jail to see what kind of a place it might be, for I thought that would be the safe place to go to after the shooting. The mob would want to hang me. They would say that I was a disappointed office seeker. In jail I would be safe from them.

THE SHOOTING OF THE PRESIDENT.

Guiteau related how he shot the President, which has been published, and with which fact every one is acquainted. The murderer closed the recital of the dreadful act by saying: I feel remorse so far as my personal feelings are concerned. I feel remorse as much as any man and regret the necessity of the act, but my duty to the Lord and to the American people overcame my personal feelings. If the Lord had not inspired that act it would not have been done. I am just as clear as to the divinity of the act and as to the necessity for it for the good of the American people since the 1st of June as a man can be on anything. From the middle of May to about the first of June all my natural feelings were against the act. That was the period when my natural feelings were excited, but since that time I have not had the slightest doubt as to the necessity for the act and the divinity of it; not the slightest doubt that the whole thing was inspired by the Deity and that he would take care of it. I told Mr. Scoville and Colonel Corkhill that I did not think the President would recover because the Lord did not wish him to recover.

After answering a few other questions relative to his effort to start a newspaper the prisoner closed his testimony, on Thursday last at two o'clock.

IN South Australia sparrows have become so numerous that they are declared a nuisance, and a reward is paid for their destruction, so much being paid for every head, and so much for every egg. In this connection it may be well to state that it is the opinion of sportsmen and observing citizens throughout the country that hawks have become so numerous, and are increasing so rapidly in Pennsylvania that they are destroying partridges and rabbits more rapidly than hunters do. There are sportsmen that advocate the passage of a law that will require the payment of a premium for the head of every hawk produced in the Commissioners' office of the respective counties of this Commonwealth.

STATE ITEMS.

Turkeys sell for six cents a pound in Allentown.

Hog cholera has made its appearance in Allegheny county.

Charles Thompson, in jail in Media, for horse stealing, has made several attempts at suicide.

Susan Anthony (not the orator) is in jail in Allegheny county for drunkenness and being a common socld.

A mob in Odessa stoned Sarah Bernhardt because she is a Jew, and stopped her performances at the theater for the same reason.

Henry Jackson, a colored citizen of Pike county, refuses to vote because he believes that the money it costs to pay tax to get the privilege is more than it is worth.

A hay stack on the farm of Mr. Daniel Stenger, near Loudon Franklin county, was blown over a few nights ago smothering three head of young cattle.

George Doebler a bricklayer of Philadelphia, cut his thumb off while dressing a brick to finish a cornice.

Solomon Myers, of Mauch Chunk, weighs 370 pounds and drinks fifteen or twenty glasses of beer every twenty-four hours.

Solomon Moist of Centre county, made a narrow escape from burning to death by falling into a lime kiln, and was rescued with only slight injuries.

Elizabeth Cunningham gave birth to five children in less than three years, at Pottstown, twins first and triplets. Her husband died a month after the triplets were born.

A farmer named Goodrich, of Bradford county, thought he saw a deer standing in a thicket, got a rifle, hurriedly shot and killed a young cow of great value.

W. L. Harper, of Meadville, has been arrested for forging the name of of William May, of that place, to a note for $900.

A gold watch-case factory is to be established at Milford Pike county.

Andrews, the colored man in jail at Harrisburg awaiting trial for murder, has secured a colored lawyer to defend him.

Miss Bessie Norris, of Wilkesbarre, whose lover, James, Weller, ran away the day they were to have been married has become a raving maniac.

At an Irish wake in Clearfield county, a "bit scrimmage" occurred, in which the corpse was rolled to the ground, and lay there until the fight was over, when the combattants joined in the prayers for the dead.

At Valentine Forge, Centre county, a few days since, George Grubb, while tossing hay into a barn, ran the tine of a pitchfork into the eye of Johnny Flack, penetrating the brain and causing death. The boys were each about 5 years old.

A young man living in Delaware county while taking a gun from a wag on a few days ago, was so unfortunate as to discharge it, the load passing through one of his arms. Although the injured member was amputated, lockjaw set in, and soon caused the death of the sufferer.

Burglars broke into the Post-office at Sunbury on Monday night a week and blew open the safe. Some persons attracted by the noise fired into the office and the robbers fled. They secured only four registered letters, dropping $250 worth of postage stamps in their flight. They also left behind them a set of burglar's tools and a can of powder.

The Chambersburg *Public Opinion* of last week says; The barn on the farm of Mr. John Sheely, near Bridgeport, was entirely consumed by fire on Monday afternoon, together with the crop of wheat of the tenant (Daniel, his son), between 400 and 500, bushels; the entire crop of oats, and cloverseed. They were engaged in threshing the cloverseed at the time, and the fire originated from a spark conveyed to the barn from the steamer. We have not learned the loss, but understand there was no insurance.

A colored man entered a house in Pittsburg on Tuesday evening a week and after searching the rooms in the lower part of the house, ascended to the second story, where the lady of the house was alone with an infant child. The burglar inquired if there was any money in the house and where it was kept, and seizing the child, raised it above his head and threatened to dash its brains out if the lady did not at once give him all the money in her possession. She handed him her pocketbook, and while he was examining the contents she seized her child and made her escape. She gave the alarm at once, and a crowd soon collected, but the thief had made his escape, and at last accounts had not been captured. He would no doubt have been roughly handled had he been found on the evening of the occurrence, as the citizens were intensely excited over the outrage.

Wedding Bells.

Eight days ago, the family circle of a number of citizens were pleasantly greeted by a card that read:

"Mr. and Mrs. Solomon Books *request the pleasure of your company at the marriage ceremony of their daughter* Charlotte M. to W. W. Cox, Tuesday, Dec. 6th, 1881, at 8 o'clock P. M., Mifflintown, Pa."

That date, last evening, found a large company assembled at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Books, to witness the marriage ceremony of their daughter to Mr. Cox. Precisely at 8 o'clock the bride and groom, attended by David R. Cadwalader, of Harrisburg, and Miss Fanny Cramer, of Patterson, and E. L. Casner and Miss Agnes McNair, both of Harrisburg, entered the parlor. Rev. R. E. Wilson received them, and in a ceremony as nice as it was brief united Miss Books and Mr. Cox in the holy bonds of matrimony and pronounced them man and wife. There were present on this interesting occasion Mr. Moore and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Downs, Mr. Robison and wife, Mrs. Zellinger, John W. Kirk and wife, John S. Graybill and wife and daughter Grace, William B. Crawford and wife, Jacob Will and wife, Mrs. Davis and daughters Beckie and Lillie, C. B. Horning and wife, I. D. Musser and wife, Jesse Howe and wife, and Mrs. John Howe, W. H. Aikens and wife, Henry Hawk mother and sister, John Emery and wife, Mrs. Dr. Deckart, Mrs. H. H. Wilson and daughter, George Doughman and wife, E. S. Parker, Mrs. Margaret Belford, Mrs. Isaac Coffman, Mrs. Murphy, Andrew Sulouff, Miss Sallie Christy, Dr. Smith and wife, William Books, Miss Haller, Samuel H. Showers and wife, Henry S. Scholl and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Cox, the father and mother of the groom, S. A. Trees, Emmett Etter, Wm. Kenawell and wife and two daughters, Hutchinson Wilson and wife, Mrs. Wright, grandmother of the bride, Miss Jessie Cramer, Mrs. Wilson, wife of Rev. R. E. Wilson, B. F. Schweier and wife.

The groom is brakeman on a passenger train of cars, and his fellow employees on the Middle Division sent valuable presents to him and the bride. There were many presents, but our space is too limited to enumerate them this Wednesday morning. After the ceremony a splendid supper was served, at the conclusion of which the bridal party left on the cars eastward for a tour. The Band came forward and gave a serenade of its sweetest music.

Congress convened on Monday. Lemuel Keifer, of Ohio, was elected Speaker and Edward McPherson clerk of the Lower House.

On Tuesday Joseph Martin shot a 19 pound wild cat on Shade mountain. A man is not much of a hunter any more unless he can shoot a wild cat, catch or shoot a bear.

STATE ITEMS.

A wolf was shot at Tioga Center, Tioga county, last week.

A wife beater in Philadelphia was sent to the Penitentiary for six years and seven months.

A Lancaster county man has obtained letters patent on a machine for making cigars, which he claims will do the work of five men.

Peter Johnson, an insane patient of the Warren Asylum broke out in nearly a nude condition, and remained absent two days before found. He thought he was hunting cows.

Two small sons of James Sartin broke through the ice at Yostville, Luzerne county, on Saturday while skating, and were drowned.

The directors of the Lehigh Valley railroad company forbid all assessments of employees of that road to raise money to purchase presents for any of its officers.

Hiram Graffius, a farmer living near Jersey Shore, was found dead in his bed Thanksgiving night, after a hard day's debauch.

Thomas Shay, of Nanticoke, has become insane on account of unprofitable investments in graveyard insurance policies.

The Bethlehem *Times* says a photographer in that town displays in his window a picture of a farmer and his wife and fifteen children.

Heron Kendig, living near Parksburg, had his arm so badly injured while running a threshing machine that amputation was necessary

Coal thieves are very active along the lines of railway near Philadelphia. It is said they frequently steal as much as five hundred pounds from Reading cars while in transit to the city.

NOBODY enjoys the nicest surroundings if in bad health. There are miserable people about to-day to whom a bottle of Parker's Ginger Tonic would bring more solid comfort than all the doctors they have ever tried. See other column.

Legal Notices.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Wesley Andrews, deceased.

WHEREAS Letters of Administration d. b. n., having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Wesley Andrews, deceased, late of Fayette township, Juniata county, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will please present them without delay to

LEWIS DEGEN,
Nov. 29, 1881. Administrator.

PUBLIC SALE.

I will sell at public sale, on the premises, on FRIDAY, 23rd day of DECEMBER, A. D. 1881, the Lot with Cottage, Stable, and outbuildings thereon erected, situated near Tuscarora Academy, Juniata county, Pa., containing One-fourth of an Acre, more or less. The house contains eight rooms, with cistern in the cellar. There are several fruit and ornamental trees on the lot.

Terms made known on day of sale, and possession given when first payment is made.

DAVID D. STONE,
Attorney for Wm. A. McDowell.
S. S. Lourson, Auctioneer. [Nov. 30, 1881.

CAUTION NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against trespassing upon the lands of the undersigned, in Fayette, Delaware or Walker township, by fishing, hunting, or in any other way.

Jonathan Kiser	C G Shelly
Wm Brauthoffer	A H Kurtz
Henry Speece	David Smith
Catharine Kurtz	S Owen Evans
John McMeen	Teston Benner
D B Dimm	C. F. Spicher
G W Smith	John L Anker
S J Kurtz	J B Garber
Henry Auker	S M Kauffman
Lucien Dunn	J F Detterа
J W Hostetler	David Hinberger
Jesse Pines	Arnold Varnes
Jacob Hoops.	Levi K Myers

Nov 9, 1881.

Subscribe for the *Sentinel and Republican*, it gives you a great deal more, and a greater variety of reading matter than any other paper issued in Juniata county.

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

HARRISBURG, Nov 25, 1881.

The Stockholders of the *South Pennsylvania Railroad Company* [incorporated under the name of the Duncannon, Landisburg and Broad Top Railroad Company, afterwards duly changed to that of The Sherman's Valley and Broad Top Railroad Company, and again changed to that of the Pennsylvania Pacific Railway Company, but now by Act of Assembly, approved April 1, 1863, changed to the corporate name of The South Pennsylvania Railroad Company] are hereby notified that an instalment of Five Dollars ($5 00) per share has been called by resolution of the Board of Directors of said Company, payable to the Treasurer thereof on the 10th day of December, 1881.

Said instalment can be paid on or before said date to the undersigned at the office of the Company, corner of 5th and Market streets, in the city of Harrisburg, Pa.

By order of the Board of Directors.

F. J. GROTEVENT,
Secretary & Treasurer,
Nov. 30, 1881. S. P. R. R. Co.

Register's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following persons have filed their accounts in the Register's Office in Mifflintown, and that the same will be presented to the Court for confirmation and allowance, on TUESDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1881, at 10 o'clock A. M.:

1. The first and final account of George W. Jacobs, administrator *d. b. n.* of J. M. Thompson, late of the borough of Port Royal, as stated by Benjamin Jacobs, administrator, etc., of George W. Jacobs, deceased.
2. The first and final account of Wesley Andrews, executor of Alexander Andrews, late of Fayette township, deceased, as stated and presented by H. H. Brubaker, administrator of Wesley Andrews, deceased.
3. The final account of David G. Shellenberger, executor of Christian Shellenberger, late of Monroe township, deceased.
4. The first and partial account of D. D. Stone, executor of Mary J. Runner, late of Mifflintown, deceased.
5. First and final account of George S. Conn, administrator of Daniel Conn, late of Tuscarora township, deceased.
6. The account of W. N. Sterrett, executor of Sarah Sterrett, late of Milford twp., deceased.
7. Final account of David B. Esh, executor of the last will and testament of John Esh, late of Spruce Hill township, dec'd.
8. First and partial account of Jonathan Bottiger, executor, etc., of George Bottiger, late of Monroe township, deceased.
9. First and final account of J. C. Beale, administrator of Peter Beale, late of Beale township, deceased.
10. First and final account of Reuben Caveny, administrator of H. K. Graybill, late of Fayette township, deceased.
11. First and final account of Reuben Caveny, administrator *d. b. n. c. t. a.* of David Longacre, deceased, of Fayette township.
12. First and final account of David S. Coyle, administrator of James S. Thompson, late of the borough of Port Royal, deceased.
13. First and partial account of John Harry, executor of Philip Smith, late of Lack township, deceased.
14. The account of E. S. Doty, administrator of James Mairs, deceased.
15. First and partial account of Levi Light, executor of Joseph Light, late of Susquehanna township, deceased.
16. Final account of Ezra D. Parker, executor of John Wright, late of Mifflintown, deceased.
17. The first and final account of Henry H. Kloss, guardian of Rebecca Jane Snyder, Margaret Ellen Snyder and George Franklin Snyder, minor children of George Snyder, late of Port Royal, deceased.
18. The first and final account of William T. Evans, guardian of Salina F. Yoder, minor child of John Yoder, late of Spruce Hill township, deceased.
19. The account of Samuel Anghey, guardian of Anna Elizabeth and Jerome P. Hardy, children and heirs of Vaness Hardy, late of Milford township, deceased.

J. M McDONALD, *Register.*

Register's Office, Mifflintown,
Nov. 12, 1881.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of H. H. Brubaker, deceased.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of H. H. Brubaker, deceased, late of Fayette township, Juniata county, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them without delay to

LEWIS DEGEN,
Nov. 9, 188.. Administrator.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Henry Clotfelter, deceased.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Henry Clotfelter, late of Monroe township, Juniata county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands, will make known the same without delay.

W. R GORDON, Adm'r.
Richfield, Oct. 18, 1881.

CAUTION NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned not to allow their dogs, cattle or hogs to run, or themselves to fish, hunt, gather berries, or cut wood or young timber, or in any way trespass on the lands of the undersigned in Greenwood or Susquehanna township.

Peter Miller	Henry Rush
Daniel Shadle	George Dressler
E Long & S Dimm	Frederick Roats
Joel Dressler	Jonathan Miller

Nov 29, 1878

Miscellaneous.

FOUNDRY.

THE undersigned, having put the Mifflintown Foundry in a state of repair, is prepared to do all kinds of foundry work.

CASTING OF ALL KINDS,

STOVES AND HEATERS

will be made and supplied to order.

Plows, Plow Shears, Cast Iron Hog Troughs and Field Rollers.

THRESHING MACHINES and POWERS repaired in a workmanlike manner.

Iron Railing and Fencing

made and ordered to suit purchaser.

For any and all kinds of work that is produced in a foundry, call on

DAVID HOLMAN,
FOUNDRYMAN,
Mifflintown, Juniata Co., Pa.
Oct. 26, '81.

Complete Stock.

F. L. GRAYBILL,

McAlisterville, Pa.,

Has just returned from the Eastern Cities with a Large and Complete Stock of

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES, QUEENS-WARE,

Hats & Caps, Boots & Shoes,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

Cigars, Tobacco, &c., &c.

Parties will find it greatly to their advantage to call and see my *Stock* and hear my *Prices* before purchasing elsewhere.

Stock Entirely New and Fresh.

I can accommodate you in almost everything called for in a Store of this kind.

F. L. GRAYBILL.
Oct. 26, '81.

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. Address H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. [mar 2 '81

Graybill's Column.

THREE LARGE

STORE ROOMS

FILLED WITH

FURNITURE, CARPETS, BEDDING, OIL CLOTHS,

&c., &c., &c.

THE LARGEST

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS ESTABLISHMENT

—IN—

CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA.

IN THE

LARGE BRICK BUILDING, ON BRIDGE STREET, South Side,

Between the Canal and Water street,

Mifflintown, - - Penn'a.

LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST.
LOOK TO YOUR PURSE.

JOHN S. GRAYBILL,

believes people do not buy goods unless they need them, and then they look for the place where the best selection is to be had, and where they can be bought the most reliably and THE CHEAPEST. This he is prepared to offer and do, and only asks an opportunity to prove it. His stock being complete thro'out, demands the attention of all purchasers in the following line of merchandise:

FURNITURE.

PARLOR SUITS, in Raw Silk, Rep and Hair Cloth.

CHAMBER SUITS, in Walnut, Ash and Painted.

OFFICE SUITS, in Walnut.

LOUNGES of all kinds and prices.

MARBLE TOP, Breakfast and Extension Tables.

SIDEBOARDS, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Safes, Sinks, Rocking-chairs, Wood & Cane-seat Chairs, and almost anything you ask for in the FURNITURE LINE.

CARPETS.

The Finest Line of BRUSSELS; Three-ply, Extra Super, Medium and Low Grade INGRAIN; Hall, Stair, Rag and Hemp Carpets. A good Ingrain Carpet for **25 cents.** Carpets cut and matched when desired.

Floor Oil Cloths.

1 Yard Wide.
1¼ Yards Wide.
1½ Yards Wide.
2 Yards Wide.
2½ Yards Wide.
3 Yards Wide.
Table and Stair Oil Cloth.
Oil Cloth Rugs, all sizes.

BEDDING.

IN BEDDING HE CAN SUPPLY YOU WITH

Mattresses,
Bolsters,
Pillows,
Feathers.

VARIETIES.

WINDOW SHADES.

He has the Shading in all colors, and if you bring the size of your windows he will make the shades for you, ready to hang on your windows.

LOOKING GLASSES.

If you want a nice Looking Glass, he has a large variety to select from.

Clocks, Pictures, and Picture Frames.

All kinds of Clocks and Fine Pictures on hand, and Picture Frames fitted to order.

Lamps.

If you want to buy a Nice Lamp call with me. A complete line of Hanging, Bracket, Hall, Table and Hand Lamps TO SELECT FROM.

Window Screens,

and many other useful and ornamental articles for the house.

JOHN S. GRAYBILL

BRIDGE STREET, South Side,

Between the Canal and Water Street,

MIFFLINTOWN, - - PENNA.

New Advertisements.

F. ESPENSCHADE,

AT THE

CENTRAL STORE

MAIN STREET.

2ND DOOR NORTH OF BRIDGE STREET,

Mifflintown, Pa.,

Calls the attention of the public to the following facts:

Fair Prices Our Leader!—The Best Goods Our Pride!

One Price Our Style!—Cash or Exchange Our Terms!

Small Profits and Quick Sales Our Motto!

Our leading Specialties are

FRESH GOODS EVERY WEEK

IN

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS, GROCERIES, BOOTS AND SHOES, for Men, Women and Children, Queensware, Glassware, Wood and Willow-ware, Oil Cloths, and every article usually found in first-class stores.

COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods at highest market price.

Thankful to the public for their heretofore liberal patronage, I request their continued custom; and ask persons from all parts of the county, when in Mifflin to call and see my stock of goods.

F. ESPENSCHADE.
Sept. 7, 1881.

Professional Cards.

LOUIS E. ATKINSON, GEO. JACOBS, JR

ATKINSON & JACOBS,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

MIFFLINTOWN, PA.

Collecting and Conveyancing promptly attended to.

OFFICE—On Main street, in place of residence of Louis E. Atkinson, Esq., south of Bridge street. [Oct 26, 1881.

BRODIE J. CRAWFORD,

Attorney at Law,

MIFFLINTOWN, - - PENN'A.

All business promptly attended to. Special attention given to Collecting and Conveyancing. Office on Bridge street, opposite Court House Square.

MASON IRWIN,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

MIFFLINTOWN, JUNIATA CO., PA.

All business promptly attended to

OFFICE—On Bridge street, opposite the Court House square. [Jan7, '80-1y

JACOB BEIDLER,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

MIFFLINTOWN, PA.

Collections attended to promptly.

OFFICE—With A. J. Patterson Esq. on Bridge street. [Feb 25, '80

DAVID D. STONE,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

MIFFLINTOWN, PA.

Collections and all professional business promptly attended to.
June 20, 1877.

THOMAS A. ELDER, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon,

MIFFLINTOWN, PA.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M. Office in his father's residence, at the south end of Water street. [oct22-tf

D. M. CRAWFORD, M. D.,

Has resumed actively the practice of Medicine and Surgery and their collateral branches. Office at the old corner of Third and Orange streets, Mifflintown, Pa.
March 29, 1876.

J. M. BRAZEE, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Academia, Juniata Co., Pa.

OFFICE formerly occupied by Dr. Sterrett. Professional business promptly attended to at all hours.

JOHN McLAUGHLIN,

INSURANCE AGENT,

PORT ROYAL, JUNIATA CO., PA.

Only reliable Companies represented.
Dec. 8, 1875-1y

HENRY HARSHBERGER, M. D.

Continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery and all their collateral branches. Office at his residence in McAlisterville. Feb 9, 1876.

After the First Day of December, 1880,

YOU WILL FIND

JACOB G. WINEY

In his New Store Room at the East end of

McALISTERVILLE,

with a Large Lot of

STOVES AND HEATERS

of all kinds, Stove Pipe, Lard Cans, Mica Granite Iron Ware, Dripping Pans, and all kinds of

TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE,

Which articles he will sell at the Lowest Possible Prices.

Thankful for past patronage, he expects, by strict attention to business, to receive at least his share in the future.

JACOB G. WINEY.
Nov. 24, 1880.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. [mar 2 '81-1y

NOTICE.

I TAKE this method of giving information in reference to a flock of turkeys that came to my place some time ago, and hereby give notice to the owner to come forward, prove property, pay damages, &c.

M. R. BASHORE.
MEXICO, Nov. 19, 1881.-4t