SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN

MIFFLINTOWN.

Wednesday, October 12, 1881.

B. F. SCHWEIER,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Republican State Ticket.

STATE TREASURER,

SILAS M. BAILEY,

OF FAYETTE COUNTY.

Republican Judicial Ticket.

PRESIDENT JUDGE.

B. F. JUNKIN.

ASSOCIATE JUDGES.

JACOB SMITH.

J. J. PATTERSON.

Republican County Ticket.

COUNTY TREASURER.

JACOB LEMON.

COMMISSIONERS.

J. B. WILSON.

R. L. McMEEN.

PROTHONOTARY.

WM. M. ALLISON.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY

MASON IRWIN.

COUNTY AUDITORS

LEWIS DEGAN.

D. W. WEIMER.

PRESIDENT ARTHUR was 51 years old last Wednesday.

WOLFE is stumping in the western counties of the State.

A NEW prophet has arisen in New York. He predicts the end of the world A. D 3000.

ON the 5th inst. the body of President Garfield was placed in an imperishable coffin.

PRESIDENT ARTHUR is the first President from the rank of civilians since Abraham Lincoln was in the chair.

THERE was a frost last Thursday morning. On the day before there was a fall of snow down in Maine.

CHARLES S. WOLFE opened his campaign for State Treasurer in Philadelphia last week in a long speech.

GOVERNOR HOYT has concluded that no more charters shall be issued to speculative life insurance companies.

THE Protestant preachers resident at Washington assembled, and in a body called on President Arthur last Friday.

MARVIN, the man that has between 12 and 20 wives, has been sent to the Virginia penitentiary for a period of ten years.

GENERAL BEALE, it is reported, will be one of President Arthur's cabinet. The General doubtless will give satisfaction if he goes into the cabinet.

THE United States Senate convened on Monday, under the proclamation of President Arthur, and proceeded to elect a President *pro tem.* Senator Bayard was elected President *pro tem.* of the Senate.

THE Canadian government is encouraging emigration along their proposed Railroad Route to the Pacific. The province of Manitoba, which lies north of Minnesota and Dakota, is said to be rapidly filling up with settlers.

DR. SUSAN EDSON, who was a great deal of her time in the presence of President Garfield during his time of suffering, has preserved a dignified silence which is commendable. People are given to too much undignified and reckless talking these days.

ON the 2nd of September three young men robbed the passengers on a train of cars on the Iron Mountain Railroad, in Arkansas. The robbers were captured. Last Friday the robbers in court pleaded guilty to fourteen indictments, and were sentenced to seventy years' imprisonment each.

ONLY thirteen years ago Henry J. Raymond owned the *New York Times*, one of the best paying newspaper offices in the land. He died, leaving a fortune for his family. The family since then has been broken up, and the accumulated fortune has been scattered. Such are among the vicissitudes of life.

THE Grand Jury of Washington has found a true bill against Guiteau for shooting President Garfield with a pistol with murderous intent, inflicting wounds from the effects of which the President died. That is about the sum of the indictment; it is presented in eleven counts, so as to cover every phase of the case. It is remarkably long, longer perhaps than need be. If the murderer had to read it three times, perhaps he would be sufficiently shocked so as to realize the enormity of his crime.

"THERE seems to be a pretty formidable Wolfe revolt in Juniata county, where it is predicted the independent candidate will get at least one-third of the Republican vote. The way in which Senator Cameron is acting about the Mifflintown postmastership is the cause of a good deal of the difficulty. It is stated that the support of the Juniata delegate to the late Republican State Convention was secured by a promise that there should be a change in the Postoffice, but of course there has been no change."

The above is from the Philadelphia *Times* of last Saturday, and illustrates the old saying that to obtain the news one must go from home. It certainly is news to the people of Juniata to be told that Wolfe will receive fully one-third of the Republican vote of Juniata county for State Treasurer. Wolfe will receive some votes, but the *Times'* estimate is too high. It is news to the Republican people of Juniata to be told that their representative in the late State Convention supported Bailey in consideration of a bargain or promise that the Post-master at Mifflintown should be removed. W. C. Pomeroy, of Port Royal, was the Representative delegate, and H. A. Stambaugh was the Senatorial delegate from Juniata. It is not known here how correct the *Times* is in its statement that a bargain was made on the question of the Post mastership.

UNDER the rules that govern the primary election of the Republican party in Juniata county, citizens that desire to present themselves as candidates for nomination are required to be announced at least two weeks previous to the time for the holding of the election. In the past autumn when candidates were announced, no one came forward for the important office of Prothonotary. At the twelfth hour, Wm. M. Allison took advantage of the vacancy in the list of candidates and announced himself as a candidate for the office named above. When he announced himself the time was about up to close the nominations under the primary election system, and he thus became a nominee without a challenge. After his announcement at the last moment it mattered not that men felt that a mill-stone had been hanged on the necks of other candidates to carry, the mistake could not be remedied, for under Republican rules when a candidate has no opponent at the primary election it matters not whether he receives 12 votes or 1200 votes. The result with the 12 votes is the same as if he had received 1200 votes; in either case his name goes on the ticket as announced—with other candidates—by the return judges. In such cases when a candidate is objectionable because of habits that unfit a man for responsible office and endanger the interest of other people the only redress left is to unload; to not vote for the candidate at the general election. In the sketch of the Republican candidates as published in these columns in the issue following the primary election it became a painful duty to state the unfitness of Mr. Allison for the office of Prothonotary. He responds or answers by declaring that the *Sentinel and Republican* opposes his election because of jealousy, which answer might do if left stand unchallenged, as was his candidacy for the primary nomination. If some good man could have been announced after his name had been presented he would not now appear as among the candidates announced for the general election. He has nothing of which the editor of the *Sentinel and Republican* can be jealous. His theory of jealousy is an hallucination which he unwittingly, but justly, destroys when he brings B. F. Burchfield forward to prove a similarity of position on the part of the *Sentinel and Republican* in 1878. Mr. Burchfield was not a journalist, and there could not possibly be journalistic jealousy in his case; but if Allison wishes to use Burchfield as an illustration and as a club to knock his own hallucination to pieces we cannot help it, no more than we can help his bad habits. If the editor of the *Sentinel and Republican* had office to bestow, he would appoint largely from the journalistic profession. He, however, would reject such editors as indulge in disreputable writing and indulge in drink to intoxication, just as society rejects men that use disreputable language and drink to intoxication and make exhibition of themselves on the streets and in public places, and in newspaper articles when they have the opportunity.

It is high time for the Republicans to resent the insolence of men that have been everything, and are nothing. What right have they to berate Republicans that have always stood by Republican principles? What right have they to berate anybody? The Republican party is in earnest this fall; its good name is at stake; unworthy men are being pressed forward, and are pressing themselves forward into places that they cannot fill for the public good. Office is for the public good, and if men are put into office that are disqualified to discharge the trust, the public good must suffer.

PRESIDENT GARFIELD was a great friend of the church; but he was no more so than is President Arthur. An article in a New York paper on that point says: A great many conservative Republicans are pleased because the new President is an Episcopalian. General Arthur has been for years an attendant at the Church of the Holy Angels, on Fifth avenue, of which Rev. Dr. Robert S. Howland is rector, and which was principally built by the rector and his family. On account of its straight, broad aisle it is a favorite place for fashionable weddings, and being much frequented by folks of tender years it has come to be known as the "Church of the Holy Flirters." Dr. Howland is a son of the late Gardiner G. Howland, of the famous shipping firm of Howland & Aspinwall, and his father was a very rigid Congregationalist. The good Doctor was asked a day or two ago as to his illustrious parishioner. "Yes," he said, smiling, "we seem to have had fame thrust upon us in our modest parish. The President is a parisher of mine, and there is no one whom I more highly respect and esteem. I believe him to be a good man, fully competent for the high duties now thrust upon him, and am confident he will give the country a pure administration." This is indorsement from a high source.

GUITEAU is out in a long statement, giving reasons for the murder of President Garfield—he calls it the removal of President Garfield—with a brief history of his life. His habits were variable. He would reform occasionally, and again relapse. In 1880 he concluded to try politics. He addressed one meeting, a meeting of colored people. He had his speech printed, and forwarded to politicians in office. After General Garfield was inaugurated he asked for the Paris Consulship. Failing to secure that, he became impressed with the danger that threatened the division and destruction of the Republican party by the trouble between Conkling and Garfield. He became Divinely inspired to remove—murder—Garfield, to restore harmony to the Republican party. He states how he watched every movement of the President, so as to get a chance to shoot him. In reading his statement one is disgusted with the devilitry of the man. He is a breeder of mischief, and the sooner he is removed in accordance with the provisions of law the better for society.

A gram car at Round Grove, Illinois, was upset and four boys, who had been stealing a ride, were killed.

DISPATCHES.

BRADFORD, Pa., Oct. 10.—A terrible panic, fortunately without loss of life, occurred in the Methodist church here last night. The edifice is the largest in the city, and was packed to suffocation by a crowd which had gathered to witness the exercises of the Methodist Episcopal Conference, Bishop Harris, of New York, presiding. The church will hold two thousand five hundred people. Toward the close of the services a woman in the gallery fainted away. An alarm was given that the gallery was falling in, which was followed by a rush for the various exits, in which men women and children joined, many being trodden under foot and seriously injured. When the panic was at its height an unknown man jumped through a side door, yelling fire. An alarm resulted, and the fire department and thousands of citizens rushed to the scene. For ten minutes the people surged and crushed through the doors, many women being badly crushed, and, as reported, seriously injured. Chaplain M'Cabe jumped to his feet when the alarm of fire was given shouted, "There is no danger," and led off in a hymn, yelling at the top of his voice. Bishop Harris and others also exerted themselves to quiet the fears of the crowd.

LEBANON, Pa., Oct. 8.—A robbery by two unknown masked men was committed early this morning at the farm house of John Light, near here. During Mr. Light's absence, attending market, the robbers forced Mrs. Light, with revolvers at her head, to give them what money was about the premises. They secured however but little.

STATE ITEMS.

On Thursday the mercury was down to 23 degrees at Cresson.

A new disease is killing valuable horses in Adams county.

The Bradford ladies have organized a society for the reformation of fallen women.

A disease which manifests itself in blindness has appeared among cows in portions of Bucks county.

About a thousand hogs have died in Somerset county from cholera.

Wayne township Greene county, marketed 12,000 bushels of wheat last week.

In Wrightsville, York county, reside seventy citizens whose ages are between sixty and seventy years.

John Shissler, of Media Delaware county, served thirty-five years in the United States Navy.

The applicants for the free scholarships in the Agricultural college will not cover half the counties in the State.

The woods in all parts of Lycoming county are swarming with squirrels.

Thomas Jefferson Adams, of Bristol married four women in seven months, and says it was only "in fun." One of the women was a widow with five and another a widow with two children. The other three were maidens fair.

At Ligonier, Westmoreland county, on Thursday of last week, a small child of Harry Clarke's by some means got into his hands a loaded gun, with which he took direct aim and discharged the gun at a child of Joseph Clarke's The child lingered in great agony for several days and then died.

The tobacco crop of York county this year was the most valuable raised for ten years.

L. S. Albright a drover from Pottsville was killed by Chicago express last Thursday while standing on the railroad at the Harrisburg stock yard A bank book and $400 in money were found on his person.

Sixty one persons have been arrested in Philadelphia during the past three months, for carrying concealed deadly weapons.

The bridge crossing the Schuylkill at Philadelphia has been declared unsafe.

John Thomas, a Montgomery county farmer, sent his hired man to a neighbors a few day's ago to get sixteen dollars. After getting the money the man disappeared and has not yet been heard of.

It is reported that thousands of bushels of apples are rotting on the ground in the orchards of Bucks county, the crop being so abundant that the price obtained for them will not defray the expense of gathering and shipping them to market.

Colporteur Denny in canvassing Mercer county found 19 families without the Bible. His collection for the cause amounted to $60.50.

A new blast furnace at Mill Hall, Clinton county, was "opened with prayer."

Nine barrels of cider were recently pressed from one wagon load of apples in Barry township, Schuylkill county.

Mrs. George Kerr, living near Titusville, attempted suicide by shooting on Monday while melancholy over continued illness.

Annie Wollage, of Mount Joy, Lancaster county, died in great agony on Tuesday from the effects of a dose of ergot she had taken for an improper purpose. Her husband was sentenced to jail nearly two years ago for an assault upon her with a gun, believing her to be unfaithful to him.

The Half Moon Swamp, on the old pike south of Sheakleyville, has been burned over and out to an average depth of three feet, the drouth having dried it out completely. This will leave a basin for a lake, which the owners had better utilize for a carp pond. The fire, of course, took the cranberry patch, which promised a crop of one hundred bushels this year.—*Greenville Argus.*

On Friday evening an Easton family had for supper, among other things, potatoes boiled with the skins on. Early on Saturday morning those members of the family who had eaten of the potatoes became seriously ill, and suffered greatly for a time. A physician was promptly called, who afforded relief to the sufferers. It is thought the illness was caused by Paris green, which had been used on the potato vines to destroy potato bugs.

At late hour last Wednesday night Edward Sanders and Philip Rogers, two notorious characters of Lancaster city, forced their way into the room of Mary Seymour, living on John street, Lancaster city, and in the presence of her three children Sanders criminally assaulted her. The woman struggled desperately to escape, and at last succeeded. Sanders followed her into the street, knocking her down several times Mrs. Seymour escaped to a neighbor's house where she died from the effects of her injuries in a few moments. Both men were arrested and are now in jail charged with murder.

GENERAL ITEMS.

Ex-President and Mrs. Hayes will sail for Europe next month.

The astronomers have discovered a large red spot on the face of Jupiter.

A famine is said to be impending in Sweden, owing to failure of the crops.

The wife of a man named Garrett, arrested at Colwell, Michigan, on suspicion of having murdered her husband, hanged herself on Monday in the jail.

There are 30,000 shop girls in Boston; likewise 1,500 woman compositors, who set type on weekly papers and magazines.

Peter the Great ordered Russian seamen to shave clean. The present Czar, for the first time in two hundred years, has rescinded that order.

In fixing up the White House and preparing it for occupancy, one of the greatest difficulties experienced is in cleaning out the roaches and other insects. They infest the house in myriads. All kinds of roach and other insect-destroying powders are being used in the house.

President Arthur said to two ladies who congratulated him on his accession to the presidency; "The office has come to me in such a sad way that grief and sympathy seem more appropriate than congratulations."

When President Garfield's mother was a young girl she taught in a little Ohio country school held in a primitive building standing near a heavily timber wood. One day a fearful storm came up, the school house was struck by lightning, and teacher and pupils were all thrown to the floor by the shock. The teacher recovered first, and one by one her little pupils rose all but one child, whose reason had departed forever.

A valuable scientific discovery made in Huntington county, Indiana a short time ago, can fairly be credited to the drought which prevailed in that region. A stock-raiser whose wells had gone dry began digging for water in a neighboring bog, and had proceeded but a short distance when his shovel struck a hard substance, which proved to be the skull of an immense mastodon. Further search has been rewarded by the discovery of a rib four feet two inches in length; two tusks, each eleven feet long, and several leg bones. Two teeth which dropped from the jaw weighed seven and three-quarters and eight and one-third pounds respectively.

THE SIXTH COMET.

"Intelligence received at the Warner Observatory, Rochester, N. Y., from Bristol, England, states that Prof. W. F. Denning discovered a bright new comet on the 4th inst. It is located in the constellation of Leo, right ascension 9 hours 22 minutes, declination North 16 degrees, daily motion 30 minutes East. This is the sixth comet which has been seen since May 1st, five being new discoveries, all but two of which were first observed by Americans, and it is certainly a high compliment to the industry and skill of American astronomers that they have shown so fine a record. The total amount which Mr. H. H. Warner has given in comet prizes during the past year is $1,300 which shows that the interest taken in astronomical affairs in this country is greatly increasing."

The Meadville *Republican* of October 7 says. Henry Kepner of Sharon, thrust his hand down a cow's throat to extract an apple, and the animal bit him so severely that his arm may have to be amputated.

MANY miserable people drag themselves about with failing strength, feeling that they are sinking into their graves when Parker's Ginger Tonic would begin with the first dose, to bring vitality and strength back to them.—*Sun.*

Legal Notices.

Sheriff's Proclamation.

WHEREAS, By an act of General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, "It shall not be lawful for any person or persons to place any fish basket, gill nets, pond nets, eel weirs, kiddles, brush or fascine nets or any other permanent set means of taking fish in any waters of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania," and

WHEREAS, It has been reported to James R. Kelly, High Sheriff of the county of Juniata and Commonwealth aforesaid, that divers persons within the jurisdiction of the county of Juniata have been fishing in the streams of the county aforesaid in violation of the aforesaid law, and whereas it is incumbent by law upon the said Sheriff to take cognizance of said violation of said law,

THEREFORE, I, James R. Kelly, High Sheriff of the county of Juniata, do hereby make known and give notice to all such divers persons aforesaid that have been violating the "Game and Fish Laws" aforesaid of this Commonwealth that they refrain from further violation of said laws, and remove forthwith all such contrivances for the catching of fish as are contemplated by the aforesaid law.

Given under my hand at my office in Mifflintown this eleventh day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one.

JAMES R. KELLY, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's Office, Mifflintown, }
October 11, 1881. }

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE.

THE heirs of Samuel Horning, deceased, will offer at public sale, on the premises in Fermanagh township, Juniata county, Pa., at 1 o'clock P. M., on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 5th, 1881,

The following described real estate, to wit:

A FARM OF 97 ACRES,

situated in Fermanagh township, Juniata county, about three miles from Mifflintown, the county seat of Juniata, adjoining lands of David S. Sieber, George Hower, Samuel Thomas and D. W. Harley. The land is all clear and in a good state of cultivation. The improvements are a

TWO-STORY MANSION HOUSE,

TENANT HOUSE, LARGE BANK BARN, Spring House, and other outbuildings.

There is a large Apple Orchard on the farm, convenient to the buildings.

ALSO, at the same time and place, THIRTY-FIVE ACRES OF WOODLAND, convenient to the farm.

Terms made known on day of sale,

BY THE HEIRS.

Oct. 8, 1881.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Joseph Richison, deceased.

WHEREAS Letters of Administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Joseph Richison, deceased, late of Lack township, Juniata county, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will please present them without delay to

R. H. PATTERSON,
Oct. 12, 1881. Administrator.

Subscribe for the *Sentinel and Republican.*

Legal Notices.

[GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.]

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, by an act of General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act relating to Elections of this Commonwealth," passed the 2d day of July, 1839, and its supplements, it is the duty of the Sheriff of every county within this Commonwealth to give public notice and to enumerate

The Officers to be Elected;

Designate the Places at which the Election is to be held; and

Give notice that certain persons holding other offices of profit or trust are incapable of holding or exercising, at the same time, the office or appointment of Judge of election, inspector, or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth; therefore,

I, JAMES R. KELLY, High Sheriff of the county of Juniata, do hereby make known and give this public notice to the electors of the county of Juniata that on

Tuesday, November 8, 1881,

(it being the first Tuesday after the first Monday of said month,) a General Election will be held in the several Election Districts established by law in said county, at which time they will vote by ballot for the several officers hereinafter named, to wit:

JUDICIARY.

ONE PERSON for the office of President Judge of the Forty-first Judicial District in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, composed of the counties of Perry and Juniata.

TWO PERSONS for the office of Associate Judge for the Court in the county of Juniata.

STATE.

ONE PERSON for the office of Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

COUNTY.

THREE PERSONS for the office of County Commissioners in the county of Juniata.

THREE PERSONS for the office of County Auditors for the county of Juniata.

ONE PERSON for the office of Prothonotary for the county of Juniata.

ONE PERSON for the office of District Attorney for the county of Juniata.

ONE PERSON for the office of County Treasurer for the county of Juniata.

I also hereby make known and give notice, that the places for holding the aforesaid General Election in the several boroughs and townships within the county of Juniata, are as follows, to wit:

The freemen of the borough of Mifflintown are to hold their election in the southeast room of the Court House, known as the Sheriff's office, in said borough.

The freemen of the township of Fermanagh are to hold their election in the northeast room of the Court House, known as the Treasurer's office, in Mifflintown borough.

The freemen of the township of Walker are to hold their election at the School House in Mexico, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Delaware are to hold their election at Smith's School House, in said township.

The freemen of the borough of Thompsontown are to hold their election at the School House in said borough.

The freemen of the township of Greenwood are to hold their election at the Public House of Thomas Cox, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Monroe are to hold their election at the School House in Richfield, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Susquehanna are to hold their election at Frymoyer's Hotel, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Fayette are to hold their election at the School House in McAlisterville, in said township.

The freemen of the borough Patterson are to hold their election at the School House in said borough.

The freemen of the borough Port Royal are to hold their election at the School House in said borough.

The freemen of the township of Milford are to hold their election at Locust Grove School House, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Spruce Hill are to hold their election at Spruce Hill School House, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Turbett are to hold their election at the Church Hill School House, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Beale are to hold their election at the School House at Academia, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Tuscarora, except that portion of it lying north-westward of the summit of the Shade mountain, are to hold their election at the School House near McCulloch's Mills, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Lack, except that portion of it lying north-westward of the summit of the Shade mountain, are to hold their election at the Lick School House, in said township.

The freemen of so much of the townships of Lack and Tuscarora as lie north-west of the summit of the Shade mountain are to hold their election at Lauver's School House, in said district.

☞ The election is to be opened at **7 o'clock** in the forenoon, and shall continue without intermission or adjournment, and is not to be closed before **7 o'clock** in the evening.

I also hereby make known and give notice, "that the inspectors and judges shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the district at which they respectively belong, before 7 o'clock in the morning of Tuesday, November 2, and each said inspector shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of such district.

"In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend on the day of any election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for judge at the next preceding election shall act as inspector in his place. And in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes shall not attend, the person elected judge shall appoint an inspector in his place; and in case the person elected judge shall not attend, then the inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a judge in his place; and if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward or district for which such officer shall have been elected, present at the place of election, shall elect one of their number to fill such vacancy.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

is hereby directed to the 8th Article of the New Constitution.

SECTION 1. Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections:

First—He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

Second—He shall have resided in the State one year, (or if having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of State, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months,) immediately preceding the election.

Third—He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

Fourth—If twenty-two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid within two years a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election.

I also hereby make known and give notice, that "every person excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of office or trust under the United States, or that State, or any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under legislative, executive or judiciary departments of this State, or of the United States, or of any incorporated city or district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law, incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election in this Commonwealth, and no inspector, judge, or other officer of such election shall be eligible to any office then to be voted for."

Also, that in the 4th section of the Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act relating to executions and for other purposes," approved April 16th, 1840, it is enacted that the aforesaid 13th section "shall not be construed so as to prevent any military officer or borough officer from serving as judge, inspector or clerk of any general or special election of this Commonwealth."

As therein directed, I also give official notice of the following provisions of an act approved March 30, 1866, entitled "An Act regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties of this Commonwealth:"

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections, are hereby hereafter authorized and required to vote by ticket, printed or written, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all Judges of Courts voted for, and to be labeled outside "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace all the names of State officers voted for, and be labeled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all county officers voted for, including office of Senator, member and members of Assembly, if voted for, and members of Congress, if voted for, and labeled "County;" and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot-boxes.

First and Second Sections of the Act of Congress of March 31, 1870.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That all citizens of the United States, who are, or shall be otherwise qualified to vote at any election by the people, in any State, Territory, district, county, city, parish, township, school district, municipality or other territorial subdivisions, shall be entitled and allowed to vote at all such elections without distinction of race, color, or previous condition of servitude, any Constitution, law, custom, usage or regulation of any State, Territory, or by, or under its authority to the contrary notwithstanding.

SECTION 2. *And be it further enacted,* That if, by or under the authority of the Constitution or laws of any State, or the laws of any Territory, any act is or shall be required to be done as a prerequisite or qualification for voting, and by such Constitution or law persons or officers are or shall be charged with the performance of duties in furnishing to citizens an opportunity to perform such prerequisite to become qualified to vote, it shall be the duty of every person and officer to give all citizens of the United States the same and equal opportunity to perform such prerequisite and to become qualified to vote without distinction of race, color or previous condition of servitude, and if any such person or officer shall refuse or knowingly omit to give full effect to this section, he shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars to the person aggrieved thereby, to be recovered by an action on the case, with full costs and such allowance for counsel fees as the court shall deem just, and shall also for every such offence be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, on conviction thereof, be fined not less than five hundred dollars or be imprisoned not less than one month nor more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court.

Given under my hand at my office in Mifflintown, this fourth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, and of the Independence of the United States, the one hundred and sixth.

JAMES R. KELLY, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's Office, Mifflintown, }
October 3, 1881. }

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF
REAL ESTATE!

THE undersigned, Executor of the estate of Joseph Light, deceased, late of Susquehanna township, Juniata county, Pa., will sell, on the premises, at 10 o'clock A. M., on

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1881,

The following described real estate, to wit: A farm situated in Susquehanna township, about one-half mile west of Oriental P. O., and six miles from Liverpool, adjoining lands of Simon Miller on the east, Abraham Haas on the south, and Absalom Varner and a church property on the west, containing

185 ACRES,

more or less, about 135 acres clear, and the balance in timber. The improvements are a large two-story

DOUBLE FRAME HOUSE,

BANK BARN, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Cider Press, Hog Pen and other outbuildings. Apple Orchard of choice fruit. The fences are in good state of repair. Running water at the door of the house. A creek of never-failing water flows through the farm.

ALSO—At the same time and place, a TWO-ACRE LOT, with a HOUSE AND STABLE erected thereon. Running water at the door of the house. About one-fourth of a mile from the farm first above mentioned.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to remain in the land during the life of Julia Ann Light, widow, the interest to be paid her annually, and to be secured by judgment bond and mortgage; *Ten per cent.* of balance on day of sale; *Fifteen per cent* in 30 days from sale; *One-third of residue* April 1, 1882, and the balance in two equal payments, on April 1, 1883, and April 1, 1884, with interest from April 1, 1882, and to be secured by judgment bonds.

LEVI LIGHT,
Executor of Joseph Light, dec'd.
Sept. 7, 1881.

Medical.

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Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

Diseases of the pulmonary organs are so prevalent and fatal, that a safe and reliable remedy for them is invaluable to every community. AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL is such a remedy, and no other so eminently merits the confidence of the public. It is a scientific combination of the medicinal principles and curative virtues of the finest drugs, chemically united, to insure the greatest possible efficiency and uniformity of results, which enables physicians as well as invalids to use it with confidence. It is the most reliable remedy for diseases of the throat and lungs that science has produced. It strikes at the foundation of all pulmonary diseases, affording prompt and certain relief, and is adapted to patients of any age or either sex. Being very palatable, the youngest children take it without difficulty. In the treatment of ordinary **Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Influenza, Clergyman's Sore Throat, Asthma, Croup, and Catarrh,** the effects of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL are magical, and multitudes are annually preserved from serious illness by its timely and faithful use. It should be kept at hand in every household, for the protection it affords in sudden attacks. In **Whooping-cough** and **Consumption** there is no other remedy so efficacious, soothing, and helpful.

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F. ESPENSCHADE.

Sept. 7, 1881.

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☞ Collecting and Conveyancing promptly attended to.

OFFICE—On Main street, in his place of esidence, south of Bridge street.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

MIFFLINTOWN, JUNIATA CO., PA.

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june 20, 1877.

THOMAS A. ELDER, M. D.

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Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Office in his father's residence, at the south end of Water street. [oct22-tf

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Travelers' Guide.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

TIME-TABLE

FOR

THROUGH AND LOCAL PASSENGER TRAIN BETWEEN HARRISBURG AND ALTOONA.

LEAVE WESTWARD.					LEAVE EASTWARD		
Mifflin Accommod'n.	Way Passenger.	Mail.	STATIONS.	Mail.	Johnstown Express.	Mifflin Accommod'n.
P. M.	A. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.	
12 10	12 30	7 30	Phil'adel'a	11 35	5 30	
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.		P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
5 00	8 00	2 00	Harrisb'g.	750	1 20	10 00
5 15	8 15	2 15	Rockville	7 15	1 16	9 42
5 22	8 22	2 21	Marysvi'e	7 08	1 09	9 37
5 29	8 30	2 27	Cove	7 00	1 01	9 32
5 41	8 40	2 38	Duncan'n	6 50	12 52	9 22
5 47	8 48	2 44	Aqueduct	6 43	12 44	9 14
5 57	9 02	2 55	Baily's	6 32	12 33	9 03
6 07	9 14	3 05	Newport	6 22	12 22	8 51
6 19	9 27	3 15	Millerst'n	6 10	12 12	8 40
6 29	9 35	3 24	Durward	6 04	12 03	8 30
6 33	9 40	3 28	Thomp'n	6 00	11 59	8 27
6 41	9 48	3 36	Van Dyke	5 53	11 53	8 20
6 45	9 51	3 40	Tuscaro'a	5 50	11 48	8 15
6 49	9 54	3 44	Mexico	5 47	11 46	8 12
6 53	10 00	3 48	Perrysv'e	5 41	11 41	8 07
7 00	10 16	3 54	Mifflin	5 35	11 35	8 00
	10 23	4 00	Milford	5 31	11 28	
	10 32	4 08	Narrows	5 24	11 20	
	10 46	4 20	Lewisto'n	5 15	11 17	
	11 00	4 35	Anderson	5 03	10 55	
	11 17	4 50	McVeyt'n	4 50	10 42	
	11 28	5 07	Maparv'nk	4 37	10 30	
	11 43	5 23	N Hamil'n	4 25	10 18	
	11 50	5 32	Mt. Union	4 19	10 11	
	11 58	5 40	Mapleton.	4 12	10 05	
	12 06	5 47	Mill Creek	4 05	9 58	
	12 18	6 05	Hunting'n	3 52	9 45	
	12 35	6 18	Petersb'g	3 38	9 31	
	12 44	6 28