SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN

MIFFLINTOWN.

Wednesday, Sept'r 28, 1881.

B. F. SCHWEIER,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Republican State Ticket.

STATE TREASURER,

SILAS M. BAILEY,

OF FAYETTE COUNTY.

PRESIDENT JUDGE.
B. F. JUNKIN.

ASSOCIATE JUDGES.
JACOB SMITH.
J. J. PATTERSON.

COUNTY TREASURER.
JACOB LEMON.

COMMISSIONERS.
J. B. WILSON.
H. L. McMEEN.

PROTHONOTARY.
WM. M. ALLISON.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY
MASON IRWIN.

COUNTY AUDITORS
LEWIS DEGAN.
D. W. WEIMER.

SENATORIAL DELEGATE
THOMAS PATTEN.

REPRESENTATIVE DELEGATE
S. L. McALISTER.

CHAIRMAN COUNTY COMMITTEE.
WM. HERTZLER.

"God reigns, and the Government at Washington still lives."—GARFIELD.

SATISFACTION is expressed with the inaugural address of President Arthur.

THE death of President Garfield was the cause of the postponement of many celebrities, re-unions and festivals.

A LARGE fund has been raised by voluntary subscription to be presented to Mrs. Garfield for her maintenance.

ALL the civilized governments of the world sent telegrams of condolence when President Garfield died.

THE 1500 Pennsylvania troops and the Legislature will go to Yorktown in boats, in October, to attend the centennial anniversary of the surrender of Lord Cornwallis.

THE assassin's bullet has given fame to the name of Garfield that will last as long as literature lasts. So far there are only a few names of the Presidents that will be remembered; they are, Washington, Lincoln, Grant, and Garfield. Should the Republic prove itself a failure, Buchanan will loom up as a bright political character.

THE expressions of sympathy for Mrs. Garfield by Queen Victoria were touching. Almost at regular stated intervals the Queen sent telegrams of sympathy, and the last tribute of respect and sympathy was a telegram ordering a wreath of flowers for the funeral obsequies of the deceased President. "Long live Queen Victoria."

EX-SENATOR CHRISTIANCY has had a doleful time of it since his advent in Washington. He there fell in love with a young woman, married her, lived a dog and cat sort of a life, appealed to court for divorce, was sent to Peru as Minister. When he came away from there, a lady gave him a box of diamonds and jewelry, worth six thousand dollars, of which he was robbed on his return to Washington; and now, last but not least, he has been challenged to fight a duel by the brother of the young woman that he married and wants to be divorced from.

CERTAIN stock operators believed that the death of the President would create a panic, and prices would consequently decline. But as it is well understood that the death of the Chief Magistrate of the Nation did not come through any defect in the political system of government, but through the revenge of a single worthless office-seeker, confidence in the stability of the Government was not in the least impaired, and prices, instead of declining, had a strong upward tendency. If the shooting of President Garfield shall indeed open the eyes of the people of the Republic to the number of tricksters and worthless men that are in office, and cause them to defeat all such people at the polls, where the remedy lies, then will the death of President Garfield, instead of proving itself a calamity, prove itself to be a blessing in disguise.

AN exchange, speaking of the plea of the Standard Oil Company against paying back taxes on the ground that the company has no property in this State, says: It is expected this plea will serve as a bar to further proceedings, and render the collection impossible. Whether this pettifogging special pleading shall accomplish its purposes, and lend the sanction of law to a fraud upon the State, depends altogether upon the ability and integrity of the people's attorneys. Our own view is that it will be a dismal failure. If there is no property in this State whose title is vested in the Standard Oil Company, there are millions of dollars worth which that company owns, controls and manages with unquestioned authority. The subordinate or auxiliary branches of the Standard are to be found in every quarter of the oil region. They exist nominally as distinct, independent corporations, but actually they belong to and are directly controlled by the central organization known as the Standard Oil Company. This company has entered Pennsylvania armed with a charter from another State, seized upon and monopolized the petroleum trade, enriched its members at the expense of those whom it has ruined, and now it attempts to evade payment of its lawful taxes on the plea that it has no taxable property in the State! Unless we are greatly mistaken, however, the Courts will show the monopoly that it has quite a bundle of property lying around loose in one place and another.

JAMES A. GARFIELD.

The 20th President of the United States of America.

Born on the 19th, day of November, 1831, in Ohio.

Assassinated in Washington, D. C. July 2, 1881.

Died at Long Branch N. J. on the 19th day of September 1881.

Entombed at Cleveland Ohio on the 26th day of September 1881.

After the death of President Garfield, a post mortem examination was made, which has been announced by the doctors as follows —Elberon, Sept. 20.—The following official bulletin was prepared at eleven o'clock to-night by the surgeons who have been in attendance upon the late President; By previous arrangement a post-mortem examination of the body of President Garfield was made this afternoon, in the presence and with the assistance of Drs. Hamilton, Agnew, Bliss, Barnes, Woodward Reyburn, Andrew H. Smith, of Elberon, and Acting Assistant Surgeon D. S. Lamb, of the Army Medical Museum, Washington. The operation was performed by Dr. Lamb. It was found that the ball, after fracturing the right eleventh rib, had passed through the spinal column in front of the spinal canal, fracturing the body of the first lumbar vertebra, driving a number of small fragments of bone into the adjacent soft parts and lodging below the pancreas about two inches and a half to the left of the spine and behind the peritoneum, where it had become completely encysted. The immediate cause of death was secondary hemorrhage from one of the mesenteric arteries adjoining the track of the ball, the blood rupturing the peritoneum and nearly a pint escaping into the abdominal cavity. This hemorrhage is believed to have been the cause of the severe pain in the lower part of the chest complained of just before death.

An abscess cavity, six inches by four in dimensions, was found in the vicinity of the gall bladder, between the liver and transverse colon, which were strongly adherent. It did not involve the substance of the liver and no communication was found between it and the wound. A long suppurating channel extended from the external wound, between the loin muscles and the right kidney, almost to the right groin. This channel now known to be due to the burrowing of pus from the wound, was supposed during life to have been the track of the ball.

On an examination of the organs of the chest evidences of severe bronchitis were found on both sides, with bronchо-pneumonia of the lower portions of the right lung and, though to a much less extent, of the left. The lungs contained no abscesses and the heart no clots. The liver was enlarged and fatty, but free from abscesses. Nor were any found in any other organ except the left kidney, which contained near its surface a small abscess about one-third of an inch in diameter.

In reviewing the history of the case, in connection with the autopsy it is quite evident that the different suppurating surfaces, and especially the fractured, spongy tissue of the vertebra, furnish a sufficient explanation of the septic condition which existed.

D. W. BLISS,
J. K. BARNES,
J. J. WOODWARD,
ROBERT REYBURN,
FRANK H. HAMILTON,
D. HAYES AGNEW,
ANDREW H. SMITH,
D. S. LAMB.

Services of the Funeral OF PRESIDENT GARFIELD.

After the post mortem examination the body of the President was prepared for the funeral. "He was laid out in the clothes which he wore on inauguration day. His left hand lay across his breast after the manner he had in life. Artificial means had to be resorted to give the clothes the appearance of fitting." The casket in which the President lay was plain, with a few silver mountings. The remains lay in state on the first floor of the Franklyn cottage, in which he died at Long Branch, New Jersey. At 8 o'clock and 30 minutes on Wednesday morning, September 21, 1881, the people at and around the cottage were informed that all who desired could view the remains of the deceased Chief Magistrate of the Republic. "Two sentinels were stationed at each side of the entrance door to prevent more than one person entering at one time. The people passed in at the east door and without stopping passed out at the west door. At half-past 9 o'clock in the morning the religious services were conducted by the Rev. Charles J. Young, of Long Branch. There were present besides the family and the attendants, the members of the Cabinet and their wives and a few personal friends, numbering in all not more than fifty individuals. When the moment for the solemnities was announced, the windows and doors were closed and all sounds were hushed. Owing to the necessity of starting the train promptly on time, Col. Rockwell had requested the officiating clergyman to occupy but five minutes. The service was as follows:

The minister read from the Scripture appropriate passages relating to death and the resurrection, such as are found in the burial service of the Episcopal church. He then offered the following prayer:

Thou, who didst open the grave of thy brother at Bethany; who hadst compassion on the widow of Nain, as she bore her beloved dead; who art the same yesterday, to-day and forever, and in whom there is no variableness, nor shadow of turning, have mercy upon us at this hour, when our souls have nowhere else to fly. But we fly to Thee. Thou knowest these sorrows that we bow under. Oh! Thou, God of the widow, help this stricken heart before Thee. Help these children and those that are not here Be their father. Help her, in the distant State, who watched over him in childhood. Help this Nation that is to-day bleeding and bowed before Thee. O! sanctify this heavy chastisement to its good. Help those associated with him in the Government. O! Lord, grant that from the darkness of this night of sorrow there may arise a better day for the glory of God and the good of man. We thank Thee for the record of the life that is closed, for its heroic devotion to principle. We thank Thee, O. Thou Lord, that he was Thy servant, that he preached Thee. Thy noble life and example, and that we can say of him now, "Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord Their works do follow them." Now, Lord, go with this sorrowing company, in this sad journey. Bear them up and strengthen them. O! God, bring us all at last to the morning that has no shadow, the house that has no tears, the land that has no death, for Christ's sake. Amen.

Immediately after conclusion of the services at the Francklyn cottage Mrs. Garfield, accompanied by her son Harry, Col. Swaim, Col. and Mrs. Rockwell, Miss Mollie Garfield and Miss Rockwell, and Dr. Boynton and C. O. Rockwell came from the Francklyn cottage and entered the first car. The members of the Cabinet and their wives followed and took seats in the second car.

Mrs. Garfield was heavily veiled, and in passing to the train exhibited the same fortitude which has characterized her manner throughout. The Governor of New Jersey and other persons connected with government entered the train.

At exactly ten o'clock the funeral train started from the Franklyn cottage, moving from the grounds very slowly. The train reached Elberton Station at about 10:08, and stopped up the road about a quarter of a mile from the station. At this point the special train which brought President Arthur and Gen. Grant from New York was run up, and guards were stationed in the vicinity to prevent annoyance from the crowd, there being from five hundred to six hundred persons in the immediate neighborhood. As soon as President Arthur's train was stopped alongside the train which bore the remains, the President and Gen. Grant stepped across and entered the second car of the funeral train. Gen. Grant took the second from the last seat on the right hand side of the second car. President Arthur sat in the next seat in front of Gen. Grant, by himself, and the next seat in front of that in which President Arthur sat was occupied by Secretary Blaine."

The funeral train passed West Philadelphia at 12:44. At many places along the route at the railroad yards, beautiful flowers were strewn, and bells were tolled as the train passed by. The train reached

WASHINGTON

at 4:32 afternoon, bearing the lifeless body of the late President, and glided slowly and solemnly into the depot. As Mrs. Garfield appeared at the door every head inside the depot was uncovered. She leaned upon the arm of Secretary Blaine and her elder son Harry. Behind her came Miss Mollie Garfield, accompanied by General Swaim and Miss Rockwell. Mrs. Garfield and her daughter, accompanied by Mrs. James and Mrs. MacVeagh, were driven immediately to the residence of the Attorney General. After they had departed the rest of the mourners left the car and proceeded to the pavement. After they had been placed in carriages and assigned a position in the line of procession the coffin was brought out, borne upon the shoulders of ten sturdy soldiers of company D, First United States artillery, commanded by Second Lieutenant Thomas C. Patterson, and was placed in the hearse, which was drawn by six gray horses, their harness being draped with crape. As the body-bearers emerged from the depot every head in the vicinity was again uncovered and remained so until the remains were placed in the hearse and the procession moved away from the depot. The United States Marine band, stationed opposite the entrance, meanwhile played the beautiful air known as "Nearer, my God, to Thee."

Everything being in readiness the procession took up its march to the capitol. The sidewalks, windows and housetops along the entire route of the funeral procession were crowded with spectators, who remained with uncovered heads until the entire cortege had passed.

At the foot of the steps at the east front of the capitol the cortege stopped. At the east end a vast assemblage had congregated to view the funeral cortege. At the foot of the steps there was a double file of Senators and Representatives, headed by their respective officers, waiting in respectful silence to escort the remains into the rotunda.

Immediately following the coffin was President Arthur and Secretary Blaine, arm in arm, and then following were the Cabinet and other officials of the Government. Bringing up the rear were the army and naval officers, who had previously formed lines up the steps, the army officers on the right and naval officers on the left. The coffin was slowly placed upon the catafalqte, with the feet of the corpse pointing to the East.

All those present then passed in single file upon the left side of the catafalque, stopping a moment to take a final view of the features of the dead President. The lid of the casket when lifted exposed to view the face and nearly all the upper portion of the body. A constant stream of persons passed through the rotunda all night. Twenty-five thousand people passed along by the coffin during the night to view the remains. The crowd were orderly and solemn. The face of the deceased had changed and the evidences of decomposition were so marked that the casket was closed in the morning.

THE LAST FAREWELL.

At a quarter past 11 o'clock on Friday morning Mrs. Garfield and family drove up to the east entrance of the Capitol and entered by the private stairway to the Vice President's room. All persons, including the guards, were requested to withdraw from the rotunda. In a few minutes a little procession emerged from the Vice President's room and proceeded to the rotunda, to take the last earthly look, and say the last earthly farewell to all that remained of the mortal body of the murdered President. It was the family of the deceased President with a few friends. They were, Sergeant-at-arms Bright, leading; then followed Mrs. Garfield and General Swaim, Harry Garfield, Mollie Garfield and Miss Rockwell, Colonel and Mrs. Rockwell, Attorney General MacVeagh and Mrs. Swaim. They remained about 20 minutes, and then the casket was closed forever to all human eyes.

Services of one hour was held in the Capitol building at 3 o' clock. The service consisted of praying, singing and speaking.

The funeral train left Washington at 5,16 P. M., everywhere along the route at the stations large crowds of people assembled to silently greet, as it passed.

The train passed this place at 11,02 P. M. The Court House bell was tolled by Cyrus Morrison colored. A great crowd of people had assembled at the station. The train was run slowly through the yard and a sight of the casket was had. The white wreath of flowers that lay on it, was the floral tribute of Queen Victoria. The railroad company took special pains to to guard against accident. All trains were ordered out of the way 40 minutes before the time of the funeral train. Soloman Huffmaster engineer, and Train Master W. D. Cramer ran the train through the Juniata Valley to Altoona, where they arrived at 1.35 o' clock on Saturday morning The train reached Cleveland Ohio at 1.30 o' clock on Saturday afternoon, and lay in State in that city till on Monday afternoon at 3.30 o'clock when it was entombed in Lake View Cemetery at Cleveland Ohio. The Republic was never before so humiliated, and never before gave such manifestation of sincere sorrow and grief.

Inaugural Address.

President Arthur took the oath of office at Washington on the 22nd, at the Capitol building, "in the presence of the Cabinet, the Justices of the Supreme Court, a few Senators and Congressmen, Generals Sherman, Grant and others, forty in all. Chief Justice Waite, in full robes of office, administered the oath."

It will be remembered that President Arthur took the oath of office first in New York city. The second administration of the oath of office was to avoid quibble that might arise because the first oath was of too private a character and away from Washington.

The President then delivered the following inaugural address:

For the fourth time in the history of the Republic, its Chief Magistrate has been removed by death. All hearts are filled with grief and horror at the hideous crime which has darkened our land, and the memory of the murdered President, his protracted sufferings, his unyielding fortitude. The example and achievement of life and the pathos of his death will forever illuminate the pages of our history. For the fourth time an officer elected by the people and ordained by the Constitution to fill the vacancy so created, is called to assume the executive chair. The wisdom of our fathers foreseeing even the most dire possibilities made sure that the government should never be imperiled because of the uncertainty of human life. Men may die, but the fabrics of our free institutions remain unshaken. No higher or more assuring proof could exist of the strength and permanence of popular government than the fact that though the chosen of the people be struck down, his Constitutional successor is to be peacefully installed without shock or strain, except the sorrow which mourns the bereavement. All the noble aspirations of my lamented predecessor which found expression in his life; the measures devised and suggested during his brief administration to correct abuses and enforce economy, to advance prosperity and promote the general welfare, to insure domestic security and maintain friendly and honorable relations with the nations of the earth, will be garnered in the hearts of the people, and it will be my earnest endeavor to profit and see that the nation shall profit by the example and experience.

Prosperity blesses our country. Our fiscal policy as fixed by law is well grounded and generally approved. No threatening issue mars our foreign intercourse, and the wisdom, integrity and thrift of our people may be trusted to continue undisturbed the present assured career of peace, tranquility and welfare. The gloom and anxiety which have enshrouded the country must make repose especially welcome now. No demand for speedy legislation has been heard. No adequate occasion is apparent for an unusual session of Congress. The Constitution defines the functions and powers of the Executive as clearly as those of either of the other two departments of the government, and he must answer for the just exercise of the discretion it permits, and the performance of the duties it imposes. Summoned to these high duties and responsibilities, and profoundly conscious of their magnitude and gravity, I assume the trust imposed by the Constitution, relying for aid on Divine guidance, and the virtue, patriotism and intelligence of the American people.

THE *North American* writes: District-Attorney Corkhill is said to be authority for the statement that under the laws of the District of Columbia Guiteau cannot be convicted of murder, owing to the fact that his victim died out of the District. It has been suggested that even if this were the case, he might be tried and executed in New Jersey under the statute law of that State; but that, for obvious reasons, is an unsatisfactory solution of the question presented. We cannot doubt, however, that his trial can be conducted under the laws of the United States and the punishment awarded which his crime deserves. There is more common sense in connection with the law than people are apt to imagine, and the idea that this miscreant should be able to escape upon a technical defence without his due deserts is unimaginable.

"GENERAL ARTHUR is the first President who entered upon the duties of office elsewhere than at the seat of Government, but there was a Vice-President who took the oath of office in a foreign land. Hon. William R. King, of Alabama, was elected Vice President in 1852 on the ticket with President Pierce. He was in feeble health, and early in January, 1853, his physicians advised him to go to Cuba. Congress passed a special act under which he took the oath of office before the consul-general at Havana, March 4, 1853. He died soon after returning to his home."

"IT is announced that President Arthur, who is a widower, will not live at the White House. His office will be there, but he will reside in a house rented from Senator Jones."

MANY miserable people drag themselves about with failing strength, feeling that they are sinking into their graves when Parker's Ginger Tonic would begin with the first dose, to bring vitality and strength back to them.—*Sun.*

A STRANGE coincidence, such as awakens the reflection of people, is noted by the fact that on the night of the 19th inst. a new comet appeared during the very hour when President Garfield was passing away. It was discovered by telescope, by Professor Barnard, of Nashville, and on the morning of the 20th, Encke's comet, which has been expected, put in an appearance and is now visible by telescope.

Another remarkable coincidence is related by dispatch from Pittsburg, under date of September 21, as follows: W. B. Horner, for several years managing editor of the *Commercial Gazette*, died this morning, in the thirty-sixth year of his age. He was stricken down from overwork the day after President Garfield was shot and has been ill ever since. At the time he conceived an idea that his fate was wrapped up in that of President Garfield, and his condition improved and grew worse as the late President's condition changed. On Monday night he heard the bells tolling, knew Garfield was dead and, though his friends attempted to mislead him, he grew rapidly worse. He rallied somewhat yesterday morning, but grew worse towards evening and kept sinking till death occurred at an early hour this morning.

THE Standard Oil Company proposes to resist the claim of the State for $2,500,000 taxes that Auditor General Schell said the company owes the State. The company say that they are not engaged in business in Pennsylvania that they are exercising no privileges in the State, and therefore they are not subjects for taxation. They say that Schell gave them no fair chance to make a statement to his inquiry as Auditor General of Pennsylvania, and that his account is only an estimate without a proper data from which to count. The company denies its liability to the Commonwealth for taxable purposes. The case goes to the courts for settlement.

President Arthur has called the United States Senate to convene October 10, 1881.

GENERAL ITEMS.

A despatch from Kansas City Mo., last Friday, says. Yesterday afternoon fire broke out in the west end of the main hall at the fair grounds. The hall was densely crowded at the time, and a panic seized upon the multitude. All efforts to quiet the excited and terror stricken people were of no avail, and in their confusion they rushed hither and thither trampling each other down, while shrieks, groans and cries filled the air. A strong wind was blowing, and the fire spread with wonderful rapidity. The flames next attacked the grand stand on which not less than twelve thousand people were seated watching the races. The people fled in terror before the advancing fire. Many fell and were trampled upon and many were maimed and mutilated The confusion was indescribable. A panic seized upon the vast multitude and it seemed impossible to quiet the fears. There were no facilities at hand for extinguishing the fire and it did not stop until there was no more material for it to feed upon. It is believed that there was no loss of life, and no one is reported missing up to the present time. The losses will foot up $50,000, including the buildings and their contents.

Mr. John W. Painter, a prominent grain dealer at Altamont Ill., committed suicide on Wednesday night by shooting himself. His mind was unbalanced on account of Garfield's death.

Deer may be shot from October 21st to December 31st, but no dogs can be used legally to hunt the game.

STATE ITEMS.

Over three thousand new buildings are in course of erection in Philadelphia.

The Chester high school boys burned Guiteau in effigy.

A despatch from Reading last Wednesday says; While out hunting near Indiantown Gap to day Constables Ringler and Gates discovered a counterfeiting shop and arrested the man, who was busily engaged making trade dollars. He gave his name as George Hummel, brother of Josiah Hummel, one of the Baber murderers. Several moulds and plates and a number of spurious trade dollars were found.

A Philadelphia local item published in the *Times* last Thursday says: A week ago Morgan Williams, of 1708 Fitler street bit Jeremiah Sullivan's thumb during a tussel. Lock jaw set in and Williams who had been admitted to slight bail, was rearrested and sent to prison to await the anticipated fatal result of the mayhem.

Kate Quigley, of Plymouth township Montgomery county while on a drunken spree on Tuesday night seized a pistol and shot her seventeen year old son, who was endeavoring to keep her quiet The ball entered the right breast and lodged near the armpit. The wound is a severe one but no fatal result is apprehended. The woman has been arrested and committed to await the result of the injuries.

KENNEDY & DOTY,

(Successors to Buyers & Kennedy,)

DEALERS IN

GRAIN,

COAL

LUMBER,

CEMENT.

Calcined Plaster, Land Plaster,

SEEDS, SALT, &C.

We buy Grain, to be delivered at Mifflintown, Port Royal, or Mexico.

We are prepared to furnish Salt to dealers at reasonable rates.

KENNEDY & DOTY.

April 21, 1881-tf

Subscribe for the *Sentinel and Republican*, a paper that gives you a greater variety, and better selection of reading matter than any other paper in the Juniata Valley.

Sale Bills printed on short notice at the office of the *Sentinel and Republican*.

Legal Notices.

Orphans' Court Sale of VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Juniata county, will be sold by Henry H. Brubaker, Administrator of Wesley Andrews, late of Fayette township, Juniata county, deceased, at the premises, about three-fourths of a mile north of Oakland Mills, Juniata county, on

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1881,

at 1 o'clock P. M., of said day, the following described valuable real estate, to wit:

The undivided two-thirds of a certain plantation or tract of land in said township, bounded by lands of Reuben Leonard, Samuel Leonard, Margaret Gastner, William Harman, Jacob Shirk and Henry H. Brubaker, containing

78 Acres and 9 Perches,

more or less, about Seventy-three Acres of which are cleared, and the balance well set with good timber. The improvements are a

GOOD FRAME HOUSE,

FRAME BANK BARN, Wagon Shed, and outbuildings. The land is in an excellent state of cultivation, and is a very desirable property.

TERMS OF SALE. — One-fourth of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale by the court; one-fourth on the 1st day of April, 1882, when deed will be delivered and possession given; one-fourth on the 1st day of April, 1883, with interest from April 1st, 1882; one-fourth on the 1st day of April, 1884, with interest from April 1st, 1882. The two last payments to be secured by judgment bond.

HENRY H. BRUBAKER,
Administrator of Wesley Andrews, dec'd.

The remaining undivided one-third will be sold at the same time and place and on the same terms, by George Andrews, so that the purchaser will take the whole title.

Sept. 14, 1881.

PRIVATE SALES.

A FARM OF 70 ACRES, MORE or LESS, in Beale township, 50 acres clear, under a good state of cultivation. Log house, bank barn, outbuildings, orchard, well of water at the door, running water near the house and barn for stock. ALSO, a Farm of 36 acres, adjoining the above. Ten acres clear. A good stone house with frame kitchen, frame stable, fruit. These farms make desirable country homes. They are only six miles from Mifflin station on the Pennsylvania railroad and only one mile from Johnstown, Juniata Co., Pa. ALSO, the undivided half of 300 acres of mountain land in Beale township. ALSO, a Lot of Ground, about one fifth of an acre, in Johnstown, having thereon erected a two-story frame house and a wood-house. Fruit on the lot. These properties can all be bought together, or separately, at a bargain. For further particulars, call on or address John Kauffman, or Benjamin Shellenberger, Johnstown, Juniata Co., Pa.

House and Lot in McAlisterville.

A Lot containing one-fourth Acre of ground, with a two-story double Log House, weather-boarded in front, and some rooms plastered inside, suitable for one or two families; also, Stable, Large Shop, Pig-pen, &c., all under good fence, and well supplied with large and small fruits. Terms easy, and price to suit the times. Apply to Stephen Lloyd McAlister, near the premises, or to Mrs. Rebecca L. Wilson, Port Royal, Juniata Co., Pa.

A FARM OF **200** ACRES, MORE OR less, of limestone and shale land, in Milford township, in Licking Creek valley, Juniata county, Pa.; about 160 cleared, 40 acres timberland "under fence." The improvements are a Large Double Stone and Frame House, Large Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Large Hog Pen, Sheep House, Carriage House, Wash Hous, Spring House within ten yards of the door. Fountain pump of never-failing water at both house and barn. This is a desirable property, and is only two miles from Mifflin railroad station. Terms easy. For particulars, call on or address John Robison, Patterson, Juniata Co., Pa., or Shelburn Robison, same address.

KIDNEY-WORT

DOES WONDERFUL CURES! WHY?

Because it acts on the LIVER, BOWELS and KIDNEYS at the same time.

Because it cleanses the system of the poisonous humors that develope in Kidney and Urinary Diseases, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Piles, or in Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Nervous Disorders and Female Complaints.

SEE WHAT PEOPLE SAY:

Eugene B. Stork, of Junction City, Kansas, says, Kidney-Wort cured his wife after regular Physicians had been trying for four years.

Mrs. John Arnell, of Washington, Ohio, says her boy was given up to die by four prominent physicians and that he was afterwards cured by Kidney Wort.

H. M. B. Goodwin, an editor in Chardon, Ohio, says he was not expected to live, being bloated beyond belief, but Kidney-Wort cured him.

Anna L. Jarrett of South Salem, N. Y., says that seven years suffering from kidney troubles and other complications was ended by the use of Kidney-Wort.

John R. Lawrence of Jackson, Tenn., suffered for years from liver and kidney troubles and after taking "barrels of other medicines," Kidney-Wort made him well.

Richard Cote of Montgomery Center, Vt., suffered eight years with kidney difficulty and was unable to work. Kidney-Wort made him "well as ever."

KIDNEY-WORT

PERMANENTLY CURES KIDNEY DISEASES, LIVER COMPLAINTS, Constipation and Piles.

It is put up in Dry Vegetable Form in tin cans, one package of which makes six quarts of medicine. Also in Liquid Form, very Concentrated, for those that cannot readily prepare it.

It acts with equal efficiency in either form.

GET IT AT THE DRUGGISTS. PRICE, $1.00

WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Prop's.

(Will send the dry post-paid.) BURLINGTON, VT.

BROKE OUT IN A NEW PLACE.

Tin and Sheet-Iron Manufactory,

Main Street, Mifflintown, Pa.

CLARK WRIGHT & SON,

Would most respectfully inform the public that they have started a branch of their Patterson Tin and Sheet-Ironware Establishment in the Thomas room, formerly occupied by M. L. Littlefield, where they are prepared to manufacture and repair everything in their line.

Their stock will be found to embrace a complete assortment of Tinware, Japanned ware, Cooking Utensils, &c., which will be kept fully up to the times in variety, style, quality and price.

As one of the firm will be constantly at work in the shop, the public may depend on having all kinds of JOBBING with which they may favor us, executed in the prompt and most workmanlike manner, *and at the lowest rates*

TIN ROOFING and SPOUTING put on new and repaired in a workmanlike manner and at lowest rates.

Manufacture of stove-pipe and fitting up of stoves a specialty.

By strict attention to business, good work and moderate charges, they hope to merit and receive a fair share of public patronage.

OYSTERS, FISH, &c.

All kinds of Oysters, Fresh Fish, &c., in season, supplied to families on shortest notice. All orders left at the shop will be promptly attended to.

Mifflintown, April 27, 1881-tf

Professional Cards.

LOUIS E. ATKINSON,

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june20, 1877.

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March 29, 1876.

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April 27, 1881-tf

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PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

TIME-TABLE

FOR

THROUGH AND LOCAL PASSENGER TRAIN BETWEEN HARRISBURG AND ALTOONA.

LEAVE WESTWARD.					LEAVE EASTWARD		
Mifflin Accommod'n.	Passenger.	Way Mail.		STATIONS.	Mail.	Johnstown Express.	Mifflin Accommod'n.
P. M.	A. M.	A. M.			A. M.	P. M.	A. M.
12 10	12 20	7 30		Phil'adel'a	11 35	5 30	
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.			P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
5 00	8 00	2 00		Harrisb'g.	750	1 30	10 00
5 15	8 15	2 15		Rockville	7 15	1 16	9 46
5 22	8 22	2 21		Marysvi'e	7 08	1 09	9 39
5 29	8 30	2 27		Cove	7 00	1 01	9 32
5 41	8 40	2 38		Duncan'n	6 50	12 52	9 22
5 47	8 48	2 44		Aqueduct	6 43	12 44	9 14
5 57	9 02	2 55		Baily's	6 32	12 33	9 03
6 07	9 14	3 05		Newport	6 22	12 22	8 51
6 19	9 27	3 15		Millerst'n	6 10	12 12	8 40
6 29	9 35	3 24		Durward	6 04	12 03	8 30
5 33	9 40	3 28		Thomp'n	6 00	11 59	8 27
6 41	9 48	3 36		Van Dyke	5 53	11 53	8 20
6 46	9 51	3 40		Tuscaro'a	5 50	11 48	8 15
6 49	9 54	3 44		Mexico	5 47	11 46	8 12
6 53	10 00	3 48		Perrysv'e	5 41	11 41	8 07
7 00	10 18	3 54		Mifflin	5 35	11 35	8 00
	10 23	4 00		Milford	5 31	11 28	
	10 32	4 08		Narrows	5 24	11 20	
	10 46	4 20		Lewisto'n	5 15	11 17	
	11 00	4 35		Anderson	5 03	10 55	
	11 17	4 50		McVeyt'n	4 50	10 42	
	11 28	5 07		Manay'nk	4 37	10 30	
	11 43	5 23		N Hamil'n	4 25	10 18	
	11 50	5 32		Mt. Union	4 19	10 11	
	11 58	5 40		Mapleton.	4 12	10 05	
	12 06	5 47		Mill Creek	4 05	9 58	
	12 18	6 05		Hunting'n	3 52	9 45	
	12 35	6 18		Petersb'g	3 38	9 31	
	12 44	6 28		Barree	3 31	9 25