

BENTINEL & REPUBLICAN

MIFFLINTOWN.
Wednesday, May 1, 1884.

B. F. SCHWEIER,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

The temperance question is a lively question in the Southern States.

The prospects for a full grain crop in Europe are said to be first rate.

Four city people are moving to the sea-shore, to live there during the summer.

More election officers in Philadelphia have been sent to prison for making false returns.

It is not every one that can fast 40 days. A woman in Watpaua, Wisconsin, got only 17 of the 40 days fasted when she died.

There is a bill before the Legislature that prohibits the sale of deadly weapons, gunpowder and explosive substances to persons under 16 years of age.

Parties in this State that are interested in silk culture are asking that the Legislature appropriate money to develop the business of the culture of silk.

Over one hundred indictments were found in a St. Louis, Missouri, court against R. L. Lindsay, for engaging in the business of selling fraudulent land titles.

The New York World's Fair project for 1883, seems to have been abandoned. No encouragement was extended to the people that were trying to get it up.

O. N. Worken, aged 65 years, died at Lewisburg, Union county, last Wednesday. Mr. Worken had been a journalist all his life till in 1868, when he retired from the business.

The conspiracy against the Russian Czar seems to be animated by the nobility. People closely related to the reigning family have been imprisoned for having engaged in the conspiracy.

A SCRANTON paper of week before last says: "In the trial of Wm Burk, for murder, at Scranton, it was discovered that one of the jurors named Holton was suffering from delirium tremens. The trial was continued to June term."

TURKEY has issued an order prohibiting the importation of American pork. All the scare about people being eaten up by worms has arisen from the stories that the eating of uncooked pork kills the human body with worms that eat a man to death.

The North American remarks: "We have heard a great many queer and crooked things about South Carolina, but the statement by a contemporary that the garbals and convicts of the penitentiary of that State are an organized gang of counterfeiter, carrying on their nefarious operations behind the iron bars, rather goes ahead of anything yet recorded."

There has been such a great deal said about diseased pork, that people are becoming somewhat shy of it. As an offset to the almost general denunciation of certain people against pork diet, a skeptical Frenchman writes to the Prefect of Police at Paris that all the asserted discoveries in regard to trichine are mere inventions of vegetarians, and he offers to prove it by living three days on nothing but pork that is alleged to be diseased, if the Prefect will supply the meat.

The advocates of women's rights are delighted in mentioning the inventive genius of Mrs. Mary E. Walton, of New York city. Mrs. Walton's genius, they say, demonstrates that women can accomplish. They relate that "she invented the plan for deadening the noise on the New York Elevated Railway, for which she received \$10,000. She now claims to have invented a contrivance which will do away with smoke in the atmosphere, and enable cities like Pittsburgh and Allegheny to bask in the genial sunshine to their satisfaction. The machine works like a charm, and Mrs. Walton has been offered \$25,000 for the right for four States."

The Democracy will never get over the throes that Grant administered to the leaders of his party. Ever since Grant put down the rebellion they pretend to be alarmed lest he turn his attention against the liberty of the country. The general is now in Mexico, and the Democratic leaders are unhappy on that account. They pretend to believe that he is there to engage in a conspiracy to overthrow the Mexican government and have himself set up as a King. If Grant and his friends had such a project in view, his son, Fred Grant, would not have retired from the army and engaged in the peaceful pursuit of railroading. If the establishment of a Grant dynasty in Mexico be the object, the suspension would be of such importance, that the son must needs be a soldier—a man who can maintain himself by the power of the sword. The Democracy are distinguished for two things, namely, fighting for slavery, and fighting phantoms. They fought for slavery when they sympathized with, and engaged in, the rebellion. They now fight a phantom which is a King.

STATE ITEMS.

The earnings of the Pennsylvania railroad for March show a net increase of \$400,000.

Greene county farmers report an unfavorable outlook for the grain crop in that neighborhood.

Forty-four Mormon missionaries are on route for Wales, where they will work among the miners and ironworkers. Congressman Henry Walker, of Williamsport, has erected a costly monument over the grave of a pot dog at that place.

In Bethlehem, Northampton county, the people have mutually pledged each other not to give a tramp anything to eat until he has earned it. Most of the gardens in the village have been dug in this way.

A Carlisle woman informs the people of that region of perpetual bliss that she is prepared to do whitewashing, estimating, carpet-cleaning, garden-making, house cleaning, trimming trees, repairing shoes and boiling soap.

John Morrow, of Easton, caught his left hand in a circular saw on Thursday a week in consequence of which three fingers had to be amputated.

William Folmer, a German, residing not far from Lancaster, obtained more liquor than was good for him on Friday afternoon. On his way home he fell out of his wagon, striking upon his head, and the wheels struck over his back. He died immediately, his neck having been broken by the fall.

Mrs. Igo, aged 50, died at Shenandoah a few days ago, very poor, yet she had the grandest funeral ever seen in the region. It turns out that the deceased was insured for \$100,000, that the case had been donated by policy holders, that the beautiful funeral decorations had been furnished by policy holders, and that the mourners were policy holders.

As the Harrisburg accommodation was about one-fourth of a mile west of Mountville on Friday evening a week some miscreants threw a number of stones at the train, two of which crashed through the car windows, narrowly missing some of the passengers.

A Cincinnati dispatch states that on Monday night a week, the wife of an ex-representative J. D. Thompson, of Lewis county, Ky., was drowned by the upsetting of a row-boat in a swollen stream. Mr. Thompson, a delicate man, supported his wife for nearly half an hour, but when help arrived and they were brought ashore, the lady was dead and Mr. Thompson so much exhausted that his recovery is deemed doubtful.

A woman named Bryan called on a dentist in North Vineland, N. J., recently, for the purpose of having her teeth extracted, and fearing to take chloroform, resolved to test the anesthetic properties of whiskey and applejack. She drank a half-pint of each of the beverages and became unconscious. She never recovered from the effect of the liquor, and died in a few hours.

Owing to the severity of the past winter in Japan, the deer have in some parts descended from the mountains to the neighborhood of the seashore, where they have been slaughtered by thousands, without any apparent cause. At noon his daughter arrived at an accident, under such circumstances, and a deer's carcass, worth from twelve to fifteen yen as ordinary rule, may now be purchased in Hakodate for a yen and a half—equal to \$1.56.

Royal S. Carr, convicted of murdering W. W. Murdock on the 11th of December, 1878, was hanged on the 29th of April, at Windsor, Vt., in the State Prison. Carr wished to marry Murdock's wife, and induced the former to go hunting with him, when he deliberately shot him from behind. He had served a ten years term for killing Mary E. Loomis at Worcester. He was a brutal, ignorant fellow, and has manifested no concern since his sentence.

Five Children Drowned in a Well. The Little Rock (Ark.) Gazette has the following from a reliable correspondent at Stover, Dallas county, this State: "One of the most terrible tragedies occurred near this place on yesterday evening known in the annals of this county. The wife of a Mr. Nutt, a well-to-do planter, residing some six miles from this place, in the northern portion of Calhoun county, during the absence of her husband threw all her children, five in number, into a well, and to make sure of their drowning let the bucket into the well and suspended herself in the well by the rope and kept them pushed under water with her feet until she was satisfied that life was extinct. The husband returned just at nightfall, and on being told by his wife that their children were in the well hastened to the residence of a neighbor near by, a Mr. Clemons, and informed him of what had occurred, requesting him to have the bodies drawn out. He (Nutt) went to his father's, a few miles distant, and has not returned to his home, where his five children lay wrapped in the icy embrace of death. The eldest child, a boy, was twelve years of age and plowed the forenoon before his death. Dr. Holderness, of Chambersville, and Dr. Roberson were summoned this morning and pronounced Mrs. Nutt insane."

The Misfortunes of Chio. Chio or Seo, the scene of the recent disastrous earthquake, causing the death of hundreds of people, is the ancient Chio, one of the numerous cities that claimed to be the birthplace of Homer. The island belongs to Turkey, and lies on the west coast of Asia Minor. It is 32 miles long, 18 wide, and has an area of 400 square miles. The inhabitants are mostly Turks, and number about 50,000. Chio, the chief city is on the east coast. It is a fine harbor defended by a castle, and manufactures silk, velvet, and cotton. The population of the city is about 15,000. The island of Chio, one of the most fertile in the Levant, has been visited by many misfortunes. It was invaded and devastated by the Persians in 494 B. C., and became a member of the Aethian league. In 358 it became independent, and 150 years later became subject to Rome. In the Fourteenth Century the Turks captured the town of Chio, and killed the inhabitants. Then for 200 years the Greeks held possession until the Turks again seized it. In 1822, during the Greek revolution, the island rose against the Turks. The Turks invaded the country in great force, massacred 28,000 Scioites and sold 48,000 into slavery. Thousands of others fled from the country, and in a few months only 2,000 of 104,000 Scioites that had inhabited the country remained on it. No previous earthquakes are recorded in the history of the island. The surface of the country is rocky and uneven. Only a small part of the land is arable. The soil is irrigated chiefly by means of wells. Gum mastic is the staple product, though fine wines are produced and fruit and wool are articles of export.

According to the Paris papers an epidemic of crime is raging in the French capital, the severity of which is without parallel in any city of Europe. It is estimated by persons who have had access to criminal statistics that between 70,000 and 80,000 professional law-breakers are now at liberty within the city limits while the number of resident criminals has largely increased of late years their average age has diminished, and it is youthful desperadoes under twenty years of age who are now rendering the gay capital the most dangerous place of residence in the civilized world.

Reinrich, the New Jersey music teacher who ran away with a pupil and abandoned a wife and several children, has been sentenced to four years' imprisonment at hard labor for stealing his victim's clothes. He is in the last stage of insanity.

Lief, the Norseman, who discovered New England, is to have a monument in Boston.

Mrs. Windom, wife of the Secretary of the Treasury, cares little for society. The same may be said of Mrs. Kirkwood, wife of the Secretary of the Interior.

Mrs. Wayne McVeagh, wife of the Attorney General, is tall and graceful and a good deal of a politician.

An employe in a Wisconsin plow factory had a good thing of it in selling plows and selling them, till he was discovered. At his house were found \$2,000 worth of plows ready for shipment. He hid them off piece by piece.

GENERAL ITEMS.

A twelve-year-old girl of Mt. Gil east, Ohio, has just died from the effects of over-exertion in jumping rope.

The wedding at a Muscatine (Ohio) bridegroom put on his hat immediately after the ceremony, said "Good by" to his wife, explained to the guests that he had no intention of living with her, and coolly departed.

At Louisville, Ky., last Thursday afternoon, during a storm of hail and lightning four boys, ranging in years from 12 to 14, were struck by lightning and killed. They were engaged in playing ball, during recess at the school, at the time of the sad accident.

Three masked men forcibly entered the dwelling of John Baker, an old man, near Mannington, W. Va., on Tuesday night a week, beat Baker severely and robbed him of \$300, with which they escaped.

William Drummond, aged 50, a curstone broker, was burned to death on the morning of the 28th ult., in a room of a building on Sixth Avenue, New York, which he occupied as a sleeping apartment. The fire was caused by Drummond smoking while in bed.

Forty robbers, mostly Mexicans, have raided a settlement near Farmington, New Mexico, plundering houses and driving the people away. A hot fire was kept up during the raid. Four settlers were killed and the robbers carried off one hundred head of cattle.

A terrible case of sickness is reported from Cresco, Mich. A destitute family named Weaver, eight in number, living on an island in the center of a large marsh, were found nearly all down with a malignant form of scarlet fever. Three of the children died in twenty-four hours.

Royal Carr, convicted of murdering W. W. Murdock on the 11th of December 1878, was hanged on the 29th ult. at Windsor, Vt., in the State Prison. Carr wished to marry Murdock's wife and induced the former to go hunting with him when he deliberately shot him from behind. He had served a ten years term for killing Mary E. Loomis at Worcester. He was a brutal, ignorant fellow, and has manifested no concern since his sentence.

A man who had been committed to the Jersey City jail on the charge of robbing a saloon called at the house of the man he had robbed a few days before the time fixed for the trial, and coolly informed him that he would not be on hand for trial. When asked how he had got out of jail, the fellow replied that he had walked out with a party of visitors without being noticed. On inquiry at the jail some days after, it was discovered by the keeper that one of his guests had really departed without his knowledge, and his absence had not been noticed.

During a dispute on Saturday between John J. McLean, mayor of East St. Louis and Marcel Mouchereon in regard to the title of a piece of land upon which they were standing, Mouchereon became enraged and fired one barrel of a shotgun at the mayor's face, putting out one of his eyes. Policemen Williams rushed to the mayor's assistance and Mouchereon discharged the other barrel at him, nearly tearing one of his arms off. A bystander then drew a pistol and shot at the Frenchman, lodging a bullet in his neck, producing a dangerous wound. The mayor and Mouchereon now clinched, whereupon Mrs. Mouchereon, first driving the disabled policeman and citizen with a pistol from the field, took hold on the mayor and gave him the completest thrashing any man in St. Louis ever got.

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GENERAL ITEMS.

A lady named Mamma, aged ninety-four years, living in Shelby township, Indiana, hanged herself.

An order has been issued declaring postal cards unmailable with anything but the direction on the address side.

Lots Daring is a clairvoyant at Lawrence, Mass., but her sight was not strong enough to discern the approach of her husband while another man was kissing her, or a fight might have been prevented.

Peter Leuen, of Detroit, is strangely afflicted by a lizard which he swallowed when it was very small two years ago. He has dwindled from 160 to 75 pounds in weight.

In Stone county, Ark., a fire in the woods surrounded an immigrant named Dement and family, and the mother and two children were burned to death.

On Sunday a week Mrs. Rentzel, the wife of a farmer living three miles from Weatherford, Texas, while in front of a fire, fainted and fell face foremost into the flames. There is little hope of her recovery.

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J. S. Graybill's Advertisement.

The following, from the address of Judge Pearson, against Speculative Insurance, as delivered last week to the Grand Jury of Dauphin county, is reproduced in the columns of the Sentinel and Republican at the request of a number of citizens. Ed.

"I am well satisfied that a large portion of the insurance companies supported for the purpose of insuring lives are public nuisances and that those carrying them on, those acting as agents, and those acting as inspecting physicians for them ought to be indicted and convicted for a misdemeanor and that they enter into a conspiracy in establishing such institutions and in conducting them in the manner they do. We know, not merely by public reports, but by the news papers, but by what has been tried frequently in the courts, that these, the men interested in these insurance offices, are sometimes perfectly honest. Generally speaking, they know what is going on. And they sometimes know that what is going on is neither honest nor safe. The physician who certifies to a man being a good and suitable subject, a proper person to have his life insured, knows perfectly well he is over 85 years of age, feeble and infirm, and at the same time hardly expects to live a year, and yet they will insure him for twenty, thirty or forty thousand dollars on his life, not in favor of his relatives, but in favor of some person or other who hires him to use his name to have the insurance taken. Those things unquestionably are a high misdemeanor. They are a conspiracy to cheat. It is an evidence to cheat on the part of those who manage the company if they knew what is done. It is a conspiracy to cheat on the part of the physician, the party who certifies to cases of that kind—on those who take the insurance, and yet they only know it, but at the same time they are mislead many. In a neighboring county it led to a case of murder, where men were hanged for a crime of this kind. They conspired to get a man's life insured, which they did, in a considerable sum of money. They found that he would not die quick enough and they put him to death. The whole thing is a nuisance, deceiving those who enter into them. A man goes there—he imagines he can take insurance on the life of a man whom he would not venture to trust with \$25. He takes an insurance on his life for \$5,000 and pays the insurance for a year or two and calls that a fair business transaction. It is such a transaction that could not be put in duccanous, Newport, McEgown, Mt. Union, Petersburg and Flagg.

WESTWARD FAST TRAINS. Pacific Express leaves Philadelphia 11:55 p.m.; Harrisburg 4:20 a.m.; Dunncanon 4:45 a.m.; Newport 5:11 a.m.; Mifflintown 5:50 a.m.; McEgown 6:22 a.m.; Mt. Union 7:00 a.m.; Harrisburg 7:22 a.m.; Petersburg 7:55 a.m.; Spruce Creek 7:49 a.m.; Tyrone 8:12 a.m.; Bell's Mills 8:31 a.m.; Altoona 8:50 a.m.; Pittsburg 1:35 p.m.

Pittsburg Express leaves Philadelphia at 6:25 p.m.; Harrisburg 10:25 p.m.; Rockville 10:35 p.m.; Mifflintown 11:45 p.m.; Lewistown 12:00 p.m.; McEgown 11:30 p.m.; Harrisburg 1:38 a.m.; Altoona 2:25 a.m.; Pittsburg 7:00 a.m.

Fast Line leaves Philadelphia at 12:10 a.m.; Harrisburg 6:40 p.m.; Mifflintown 5:25 p.m.; Lewistown 5:45 p.m.; McEgown 6:20 p.m.; Harrisburg 7:30 p.m.; Altoona 8:00 p.m.; Pittsburg 12:01 p.m.

Chicago Express leaves Philadelphia at 6:00 a.m.; Harrisburg 12:25 p.m.; Mifflintown 1:54 p.m.; McEgown 2:30 p.m.; Harrisburg 3:21 p.m.; Altoona 4:05 p.m.; arrives at Pittsburg 7:30 p.m.

Fast Line West on Sundays will stop at Dunncanon, Newport, McEgown, Mt. Union, Petersburg and Flagg.

LEWISTOWN DIVISION. Trains leave Lewistown Junction for Mifflintown at 7:00 a.m., 11:05 a.m., 4:33 p.m., for Sunbury at 7:25 a.m., 2:05 p.m.

Trains arrive at Tyrone from Bellefonte and Clearfield at 8:45 a.m., and 7:32 p.m. Arrive at Tyrone from Clearfield and Clearfield at 7:45 a.m., and 6:00 p.m.

Philadelphia & Reading Railroad. Arrangement of Passenger Trains.

NOVEMBER 15th, 1880. Trains leave Harrisburg at 8:05 a.m., for New York via Allentown, at 8:55 a.m., and New York via Philadelphia and Mount Brook Route, at 9:35, 9:55, a.m., and 1:45 p.m.

For Philadelphia, 6:35, 8:05 (through car), 9:50 a.m., 1:45 and 4:00 p.m. For Reading at 5:45, 6:35, 8:05, 9:50 a.m., 1:45, 4:00 and 8:00 p.m.

For Potsville at 5:45, 8:05, 9:50 a.m., and 4:00 p.m. For Schuylkill and Susquehanna Branch at 2:40 p.m. For Auburn, 5:30 a.m.

For Allentown at 5:45, 8:05, 9:50 a.m., 1:45 and 4:00 p.m. The 8:05 a.m., and 1:45 p.m. trains have through cars for New York via Allentown.

SUNDAYS. For Allentown and way stations at 6:00 a.m. For Reading, Philadelphia and way stations at 1:45 p.m.

Trains for Harrisburg leave as follows: Leave New York via Allentown at 8:45 a.m., 1:00 and 5:00 p.m.

Leave New York via "Round Brook Route" and Philadelphia 7:45 a.m., 1:30, 4:00 and 5:30 p.m., arriving at Harrisburg 1:00, 8:20, 9:10 p.m., and 12:35 a.m.

Leave Philadelphia at 9:45 a.m., 4:00, 5:50 and 7:45 p.m. Leave Potsville at 7:00, 9:10 a.m., and 4:40 p.m.

Reading at 4:50, 8:00, 11:50 a.m., 1:30, 6:15, 9:50 and 10:25 p.m. Leave Potsville via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Branch, 8:30 a.m.

Leave Allentown at 6:35, 9:00 a.m., 12:10, 4:30 and 9:05 p.m.

SUNDAYS. Leave New York at 5:30 p.m. Leave Philadelphia at 7:45 p.m. Leave Reading at 8:00 a.m. and 10:35 p.m. Leave Allentown at 9:05 p.m.

BALDWIN BRANCH. Leave Harrisburg for Paxton, Lochiel, and Sectionville, except Sunday, 6:25, 6:40, 9:35 a.m., 2:00 p.m., daily, except Saturday and Sunday, 4:45 p.m., and on Saturday only, 4:45, 6:10, 9:30 p.m.

Returning, leave SEEBERTON daily, except Sunday, 6:10, 7:00, 10:00 a.m., 2:20 p.m., daily, except Saturday and Sunday, 6:10 p.m., and on Saturday only, 5:10, 6:30, 9:00 p.m.

C. G. HANCOCK, General Pass' Ticket Agent. J. E. WOOTEN, General Manager.

VALUABLE MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE! THE undersigned has for sale the valuable property, known as the

CUBA MILLS, located about two miles north of Mifflintown, Juniata county, Pa. The advantages of this property are unequalled in the county.

Parties interested in the milling business would well give this notice prompt attention. Apply to DAVID D. STONE, Attorney at Law, Mifflintown, Pa. July 28, 1880.

Travellers' Guide.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD. TIME TABLE. THROUGH AND LOCAL PASSENGER TRAINS BETWEEN HARRISBURG AND ALTOONA.

WESTWARD. EASTWARD. STATIONS. Mifflintown, Altoona, Harrisburg, McEgown, Mt. Union, Tyrone, Bell's Mills, Altoona, Pittsburg.

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Pittsburg Express leaves Philadelphia at 6:25 p.m.; Harrisburg 10:25 p.m.; Rockville 10:35 p.m.; Mifflintown 11:45 p.m.; Lewistown 12:00 p.m.; McEgown 11:30 p.m.; Harrisburg 1:38 a.m.; Altoona 2:25 a.m.; Pittsburg 7:00 a.m.

Fast Line leaves Philadelphia at 12:10 a.m.; Harrisburg 6:40 p.m.; Mifflintown 5:25 p.m.; Lewistown 5:45 p.m.; McEgown 6:20 p.m.; Harrisburg 7:30 p.m.; Altoona 8:00 p.m.; Pittsburg 12:01 p.m.

Chicago Express leaves Philadelphia at 6:00 a.m.; Harrisburg 12:25 p.m.; Mifflintown 1:54 p.m.; McEgown 2:30 p.m.; Harrisburg 3:21 p.m.; Altoona 4:05 p.m.; arrives at Pittsburg 7:30 p.m.

Fast Line West on Sundays will stop at Dunncanon, Newport, McEgown, Mt. Union, Petersburg and Flagg.

LEWISTOWN DIVISION. Trains leave Lewistown Junction for Mifflintown at 7:00 a.m., 11:05 a.m., 4:33 p.m., for Sunbury at 7:25 a.m., 2:05 p.m.

Trains arrive at Tyrone from Bellefonte and Clearfield at 8:45 a.m., and 7:32 p.m. Arrive at Tyrone from Clearfield and Clearfield at 7:45 a.m., and 6:00 p.m.

Philadelphia & Reading Railroad. Arrangement of Passenger Trains.

NOVEMBER 15th, 1880. Trains leave Harrisburg at 8:05 a.m., for New York via Allentown, at 8:55 a.m., and New York via Philadelphia and Mount Brook Route, at 9:35, 9:55, a.m., and 1:45 p.m.

For Philadelphia, 6:35, 8:05 (through car), 9:50 a.m., 1:45 and 4:00 p.m. For Reading at 5:45, 6:35, 8:05, 9:50 a.m., 1:45, 4:00 and 8:00 p.m.

For Potsville at 5:45, 8:05, 9:50 a.m., and 4:00 p.m. For Schuylkill and Susquehanna Branch at 2:40 p.m. For Auburn, 5:30 a.m.