SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN

MIFFLINTOWN.

Wednesday, Novemb'r 24, 1880

B. F. SCHWEIER,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

IN Chicago butter is made of lard.

SAN FRANCISCO has 60,000 less of a population than ten years ago.

THE order of Grangers, or Patrons of Husbandry is increasing numerically.

LAST week the weather was cold in the west. At Cheyenne the thermometer was 16 degrees below zero, and plenty of sleighing.

THE Chinese letter forgery business is not yet over. The disclosures yet to come will tell how bad some people, who should be better people, are.

THE largest market for diamonds in this country is in the Western cities. Western people are fond of display, and put money extensively in houses, furniture, dress, and diamonds.

THE Democracy are wonderfully exercised as to what will become of Grant. Please, gentlemen, don't disturb yourselves; Grant will take care of himself; he has always done that.

HARRY WHITE says that he will not contest for a seat in Congress unless the case presents evidence of intentional fraud; that no mere technicality can induce him to contest. Good for White. Spoken like a gentleman.

THERE is a general demand from men of all parties, that the cheats and workers in fraud during election times shall be punished, and the day is not far distant when the election cheat will be looked upon with as much abhorrence as a thief.

"THE bridegroom did not appear at a Sacramento wedding until an hour after the appointed time. His excuse was that, in going to a saloon for a drink of brandy to brace up his courage he had unaccountably fallen asleep over the glass. A subsequent investigation showed that he had been drugged at the instance of a girl with whom he had broken off an engagement."

WHERE the people will all find lodging in Washington, during the time of the inauguration of President Garfield is an unsolved question. That the crowd will exceed the capacity of the hotels to lodge them is evidenced by the fact that at this remote date from the inauguration most all the hotels have engaged their rooms. Where, oh, where will the multitude lodge?

THE coming of Sara Bernhardt to this country has greatly moved city church congregations, and the question of going to theatres will be more generally discussed by church people this winter than ever before. Perhaps it will result in a deliverance by the respective ecclesiastical bodies of the country, as to the action that shall govern church members when they live where shows and theaters are kept, and when a show or theater comes into the neighborhood in which they live.

JOSEPH BROWN is the name of the new United States Senator from Georgia. He says that the aim of his Senatorial career shall be to bring the South into accord with the civilization of the North. That is all that the people of the North ask. Senator Brown's position is a wise one. The South made the battle for her cause, and lost. The north won, and stands the victor; but she does not propose the humiliating terms of the narrow victor; all that she asks is that the common rights of manhood as in practical operation in the Northern States be put in operation in the Southern States. Willingly or not, the South must come to that, and the sooner she accepts Senator Brown's proposal of the recognition of events, the better.

NEW YORK was a good deal flurried by the arrival of the French actress, Sara Bernhardt. The city had almost recovered its virtuous breath when, lo and behold, who should step ashore last Friday but an Indian merchant of great wealth, from Bombay. A merchant from there itself could not excite New York, but it was what he had with him. He was clad in Oriental costume, and four wives and a eunuch and a multitude of servants accompanied him. It just nearly took the breath of the average New Yorker. The office of the eunuch is to lie on a mat at the door of the wives as a guard to the harem. No one can enter the room of the ladies without encountering the eunuch. According to report they have not come to stay in America but only to see it.

As if by a spirit of magic a deep concern has manifested itself for the well keeping of ex-presidents. The eastern cities are full of the enterprise for the providing of a fund on which an ex-president may live. Three plans are being discussed by the press of the country. The first plan as proposed is to raise by subscription a fund of a quarter million dollars, which shall be exempt from all taxes, the interest of which shall annually be paid to living ex presidents. To that plan no objection can be reasonably raised. Who would object to rich men raising by voluntary contribution a fund of half a million dollars to endow ex-presidents with a living? The second plan is to have Congress pension all living ex-presidents in a sum of not less than eight thousand dollars annually. How many people will be opposed to such a pension will be known after the question has been presented through the press to the people at large. The third plan is to amend the United States Constitution, making an ex-president a United States Senator at large, with the pay of a Senator. There is no use in proposing such an amendment; the people would vote it down, for the reason that it would create a life office, which is contrary to the spirit of the Republic. They will maintain that it is a step in the direction of an aristocratic form of government to create life offices. They will maintain that to create a life office with the rank and pay of Senator, is but the entering wedge to the creation of hereditary office—office that shall pass from father to son by right of inheritance.

Washington Letter.

The Feeling and Talk at Washington—Lincoln— Garfield — The Chivalry Will Adapt Themselves to the New Order of Affairs—Boston Will Find Garfield Congenial—The Silence of Fashion — The Prerogative of Congressmen and Senators— Politicians on the Alert—The People that the New Administration Will Draw to the Capital of the Republic.

From our Regular Correspondent.

At this date after the Presidential election, four years ago, everybody at Washington was in a feeling of dread uncertainty as to who would be inaugurated on the 4th of March, 1877. Then there was a talk of calling one hundred thousand insurrectionary militia soldiers to inaugurate Tilden. Now there is a feeling of security, and a talk of how the several hundred thousand people who will be here, not as insurrectionary soldiers but as "lookers on," shall be accommodated with lodging places during the time of the inauguration of President elect Garfield. It will be the greatest outpouring of the people to the capital of the Republic that has ever taken place in America. The election was pre-eminently a victory for the people, second only to the election of Abraham Lincoln, and, therefore, why not have the people here on the 4th of March next by the half million? Why not have the country militia here from the respective States by the thousand? Lincoln was one of the people, and when he came here, he came among a people whose manners had all been molded by the proud polish of the cavilier of the Southern plantation. Lincoln's manner was that of the bold, free, joking kind of the Western frontier lawyer. He was honest, and his expressions were hearty and just suited the millions of Northern militia that surged through Washington against rebellion. Garfield comes no less from the people than did Lincoln, but he is a smoother and more versatile man. There is no man within the limits of the Republic that has passed through more of the phases of life than the incoming President. A laborer, a teacher, a college president, a preacher, a soldier, a lawyer, a politician, a president, he has filled the measure from the lowest to the highest place in the nation. I predict for his administration a complete success. While the chivalry will not look upon him as one of their own, they realize that he is purely Northern, and no demagogue, and therefore will adapt themselves under his administration to the new order of affairs. He is soldier enough to know where the civilian ends and the soldier begins. The business will trust him, because he is not a profesional politician and will not countenance a sacrifice of the business interests to promote political ends. The masses will trust him because he has sprung from their ranks. The wealth of the country will trust him because his financial principles are as sound as the precious metals themselves. The intellectual culture of the country will trust him because he is an intellectually cultured man himself. Boston may have thin blood, but she has intellectual culture, and money, and if the administration cannot say "cul chaw" quite as full as Boston people, they will still doubtless find it congenial. How fashion will fare at the White House no one seems to be sufficiently positive to say. Will there ever be a hop there? Will there be wine used within its gates? Will mirth and hilarity go hand in hand through its historic halls? Fashion answers by placing a finger on her lip, signifying silence till we all see. Garfield is the highest type of Northern citizen that has been elected President, and yet he is cosmopolitan enough to not seek an invasion of the prerogatives of Congressmen and Senators in matters of appointment, unless indeed the appointments asked for be for unworthy men. Politicians already are on the *qui vive*, and a number of the unsavory class have concluded that some other men will be here soon, and have arranged accordingly. Real estate dealers are rubbing their hands in gleeful anticipation of a substantial advance in the price of property, for it is quite well understand that the administration of Garfield will draw more largely upon the intellect and wealth of the nation, and assemble a larger per cent. of it here as a resident population than any administration that has ever preceded it.

"Ohio is a lucky State. They have the President and the President elect, the Chief and one of the Justices of the Supreme Court, the General, Lieutenant General and one out of three of the Major Generals, while in the diplomatic corps she has a full share."

"DEMOCRATS in the interior of New York, who voted for Hancock, are leaving their party because of the Morey letter developments."

"President Hayes thinks that the Morey letter forgery cost the Republicans 1,000 votes in Nevada, 2,000 in Oregon and 5,000 in California."

"Charles S. Fisher, a young lawyer and a prominent worker in the Republican party has been held for trial in Cincinnati for stuffing a ballot box."

STATE ITEMS.

When diphtheria makes its appearance in a Cambria county family, it as a rule sweeps off all the children.

The south face of the Carlisle town clock was dislodged by the winds on Saturday night the 6th inst.

A few nights ago a dog entered a flock of sheep on the farm of I. N. Hays at Middle Spring Franklin county, and wounded thirty eight of which a number will die.

Levi R Nisely, of East Donegal township, Lancaster county, has made one thousand five hundred and sixty barrels of cider this year.

Kindling fire with coal oil is doing its work very successfully in the eyes and face of the people who use it. A sexton in Lancaster was severly burned on Sunday while in one of these acts.

The Coatesville *Union* says: "One of the girls of our place having boasted that she could husk twenty-five shocks of corn in a day, the head of the house offered her $2 50 to do it, and on Wednesday last she went to the farm, husked her twenty-five shocks and started for home at four o'clock.

Abbott vs. Guiterrez.

An Interesting Suit in Court, in Passaic, New Jersey—A Young Woman 20 Years of Age Sues a 50 Year Old Widower for $25,000 for Breach of Promise.

A Passaic paper mentions it as follows: The gentleman against whom the suit is brought is a widower and has a family of children, some of whom are married. His first wife died about a year ago. Miss Abbott's friends give the following account of the case: They say he began courting her almost immediately after his wife's funeral, and was an attentive lover. In time they were engaged, and the wedding was to have been this month. The fact of the engagement and coming marriage was known and commented upon outside the family, and there was a general sentiment that it would be a good match. But Miss Abbott's friends say Mr. Guiterrez went to Saratoga last summer and there became acquainted with another young lady, whose name does not yet appear in the case. With this young lady, they say, he fell in love, and then discarded Miss Abbott, and became engaged to her Saratoga rival, and the wedding is announced to be early in December. Such is the history of the case as told by the girl's friends. Mr. Guiterrez could not be found yesterday, but his friends say they look upon it as an attempt at blackmail.

Murder in Dauphin County.

Daniel Troutman, a farmer, seventy years old residing near Uniontown, Dauphin county, was awakened on Sunday night a week by two burglars at his bedside. He fired at them, and one of the men returned the fire. The return shot struck Troutman in the breast, and he fell dead at his wife's feet, saying that his murderer was Henry Romberger. Romberger, who is known as a bad character, has been arrested, but no trace has been found of the other burglar. Troutman leaves a wife and fourteen children. Henry Romberger, who was arrested on Monday for the murder of Daniel Troutman, near Uniontown on Sunday night, admitted that he was implicated in the burglary, but denied the shooting. He has however given such information as will lead to the arrest of his companion in the crime.

The Harrisburg Telegraph published the following confession:

HARRISBURG, Nov. 19, 1880 – Henry Romberger states: "Frank Rumberger started with me at Small bridge, near Savage's building (below Lykens), near dusk on Sunday evening, November 14, 1880. A lady living near Rev. Lenker's, in Lykens, saw Frank Rumberger get in the buggy with me. We had a gray horse and a carriage, which I had hired at Tower City. Jacob Rettinger met us on the road, near John Wallace's farm. Down below Shadel's Hotel we met Harry Snyder in a carriage. We left the carriage and horse stand on the hill, near the creek, at James Troutman's. William Ferry passed Frank Rumberger near Hiram Bueck's place, in Lykens, before we started. We crossed the foot-bridge at James Troutman's and went up the creek to Daniel Troutman's. We entered the door of the dwelling, and went into the room in front of the bed. Frank called, and then the old woman told Daniel Troutman to get up, some one called him. Then Frank asked him for his money. The old man said: "What?" Then Frank said: "We want your money or your life."

Then the old man said he had no money. Frank replied: "I know you have money of other people's." The old man said he had a few dollars, and then he got up and wanted to go out. we would not allow and then he (Daniel) went to the window, and boisted it. When he was done at the window he walked to the bed, and stepped on it. He got his gun and I retreated and ran out of the house and turned to the left. I looked back and saw Daniel Troutman behind me with the gun. I went a few steps towards the fence and climbed over it. Daniel Troutman shot and I left myself fall. The shot missed me Frank Rumberger told me he had shot at the old man, Daniel Troutman, and Frank said that we must get out of this; I did not see Frank shoot, but I heard the shot. Then we started for home, and Frank got of the carriage above the railroad crossing at Lykens. We then parted. I then went to Tower City; we were up at Schoffstall's saloon, Lykens, on Saturday and planned the expedition to rob the old man; we had talked together before about this robbery.

Life in China.

J. H. Burnett, a young American who has been posted as tide surveyor for Chinese customs at Umchow, China, wanted a Chinese wife, and hired Ah Hee, a boatman, to find him one. Ah Hee took out his boat with muffled oars one night, and with two "coparseners" rowed up to the walls of a nunnery by the waterside and raised an alarm of fire The nuns disbanded in confusion from the supper-table and the prioress unbarred the door to let them escape. Ah Hee knocked her down, seized a pretty girl named Chong Ling, tied her hand and foot, and carried her to the boat. When they reached Surveyor Burnett's house he offered her gold and rice to live with him She refused, was locked up for two days, and was then taken back and put ashore near the nunnery. She had him arrested and tried and he was sentenced to a year's imprisonment and $500 fine, but appealed to Minister Seward, and it has not yet been settled.

A Young Woman Shot.

The Fulton county Republican says: We last week published a notice of the shooting of Miss Kate Hann. We have since been furnished with the following particulars: "On the morning of the 9th inst., she went to her uncle Benjamin Hann's to spend the day. After dinner they got the rifle out and shot at a mark three times.—Kate H. shooting once The fourth load was put in while Kate was sitting on the porch leaning against the house. The load was put in and Miles Hann was putting on the cap when the hammer slipped and the load was discharged. Miles H. was sitting on the opposite side of the porch with the rifle across his lap and the muzzle pointed directly at Kate, when the gun went off.—The ball entered the right breast. After entering the body the ball glanced, broke her neck and lodged in the left shoulder as near as can be told."

The butterfly is unknown in South America and the West Indies.

Human Suffering

A dreadful scene of human suffering was enacted by the burning of the State Insane Asylum at St. Peter, Minn., on Tuesday night a week. A western paper says: "The scene at the burning of the poor inmates in the hospital was heartrending in the extreme. So appalling a sight has rarely been witnessed. The patients in the annex wing were males Many of them refused to leave the building at all. They ran up and down the halls screaming and crying, and those who could not be coaxed nor forced out of the building became the unhappy victims of the flames or were suffocated. Some were saved by ladders, and others by leaping from the windows. Some were nearly nude, some shoeless and hatless, and all were exposed to the exceeding cold of the night. Many of the demented and crazed inmates fled as if for their lives and could not be overtaken or confined Their sufferings in this frightful condition can better be imagined than described. The whole catastrophe is a heartrending one. Those who escaped the flames were at large half clothed, and were to be seen in all direction flying in wild fright from those who attempted to save them. The rir was bitter cold, and the poor wretches with half naked bodies and bleeding feet were flying about, hiding in alleys and and dark corners for some time. The capacity of the building has been tried to its utmost. There were about 600 patients, and every inch of space was utilized. What will be done with these poor creatures turned out in the cold, and their malady increased by the excitement of the occasion, is a very serious question. There are two other buildings situated in the town which are used, but they are already crowded. The superintendent of the asylum says there were not more than twelve lives lost, and probably as many more persons were hurt and are suffering from the bitter cold of last night. More people are believed to be injured and dying from exposure to the weather than from burns. Other people say that as many as twenty either perished in the flames or died on the bills during the night. The loss on the building is $300,000."

A Guard's Story.

A citizen of Richmond tells a good story of the time of the rebellion, when Libby prison was full of captive Union soldiers. The Richmond man whose name is Joseph F. Wingfield, was on guard about the prison. Under one room that was full of prisoners—it was across the street from Libby when that den was overflowing with loyal humanity and they had to find extra quarters—under this supplementary room was a store-room full of large sweet potatoes—North Carolina yams. These had been disappearing at the rate of a bushel a day, and Wingfield was posted to guard them, with orders to shoot any body caught stealing them. He was locked in; about midnight he heard a queer creaking noise, but could see no one Presently he saw a brick let down on a string from the ceilling and light on the pile of potatoes. Then it went up again with pretty nearly a peck of them sticking to it, and disappeared through a hole in the ceiling. In a few minutes it came down again, and Wingfield looked at it well. He says: "Well, sir, it was the cutest thing you ever saw. Those Yankees had taken that brick and drilled about thirty holes in it, and through these holes they had put tenpenny nails which they had sharpened. Whenever the brick fell among the potatoes those nails just spiked them right and left, and finally gathered them in." Wingfield took the cord and held it firm. The prisoners pulled and tugged thinking there was a big load of yams on it. Then Wingfield cut the string, and heard a voice say: "There—our rope has broke We've lost our brick, and they'll find us out." Then a man's head poked through the hole, and he began peering around. Wingfield said: "If you all don't let them yams alone, I'll shoot up there among." The prisoners didn't get any more yams.

Damages for Affections.

A breach of promise case was concluded at West Chester a few days ago. Miss Mary Summers, aged twenty seven, a working girl, living in Wallace township, sued James Wagonseller, a farmer of considerable means, for damages. In the spring of 1877 the defendant began to court her, and continued his attentions nearly two years, giving her presents, engagement ring, etc., and writing her several very warm letters. The trial excited great interest, and the jury brought in a verdict for the fair plaintiff of $5,000.

A White Girl Colored.

A white girl in Ulster county, New York, fell in love with a comely colored youth hired by her father, and they eloped. They tried several preachers and magistrates, but nobody would marry them Then the girl blacked up her face with burnt cork, and they visited a rural preacher of the Dutch Reformed church who had never been to a minstrel performance and thought she was a genuine negress. He married them promptly, and was very much surprised to hear of his mistake when it was too late.

Twenty-six Miles a Day.

Lyman Potter, who started from Albany to San Francisco with his wheelbarrow in September, 1879, and who walked across the continent, has reached Baltimore on his trip back His clothes are soiled and greasy, and he wears a broad brimmed hat and a necklace of minerals. He is accompanied by a wolf, snakes and scorpions The wheelbarrow, which contains 200 pounds of specimens, etc., he thinks will hold out until he gets back to Albany. He has averaged about twenty six miles a day since he started

Never Churched.

Rev J. Hyatt Smith, the Brooklyn Congressman-elect, went to a theatre to see Edwin Booth in "Hamlet." While going to his seat he saw one of the strictest members of his church in the same aisle, and said to him. "Oh, you sinner, prepare to be churched. I have a long time suspected that some of my church members were theatre-goers, and I determined to find out for myself. I brought my daughter along as a witness, and the first one we see is yourself." The detected brother was never "churched," though.

A company is about to be organized in Clinton county for the purpose of manufacturing sewing thread from wool.

STATE ITEMS.

Catharine Miller, who is to be hanged with George Smith at Williamsport on the 6th of January for the murder of the former's husband, is almost crazed with fear.

A few month ago Mrs. Shuts, of Coleville, while under the influence of liquor, attempted to walk accross the floor with a lighted lamp. She fell and the lamp exploded and she was burned to death.

The newly elected Sheriff of Lycoming county will have been in office three days when he will be called on to execute Catharine Miller and George Smith for the murder of the former's husband.

A Reading gunsmith, named Lewis Royet, is making an immense ducking gun for W R Lewis, of that city, which is to cost $700. The weapon will be six feet three inches long, will weigh from twenty to twenty-two pounds, will kill one hundred and fifty yards and takes a charge of ten grains of powder and two ounces of shot.

A short time since a Mrs. Roberts, of Centre township, Perry county, while taking her cow to pasture, scared up a wild turkey, which flew against a fence and was stunned. She ran after it and captured it, carried it home safely and the family ate it.

GENERAL ITEMS.

Mr. George Gardner, proprietor of an omnibus line running to the Old Town and Bean Hill from Norwich, Connecticut, mysteriously dissappeared about a month ago. It was known that he was heavily in debt, and at first it was believed that he had fled to escape creditors. A week ago it was pretty definitely settled that he had eloped with the pretty twenty-eight-year-old wife of Captain Fox of Preston. Gardner, who is about forty years old and lame, leaves a wife and and one or two children in his home at Bean Hill. Mrs. Fox leaves a four-year-old girl. It is thought the couple have sailed for Australia, though a friend of Gardner asserts that they took passage on a steamer for Florida. Captain Fox traced his wife as far as New York city and there lost all clue. Gardner has been attentive to Mrs. Fox for a long time and used to take her out riding in his small omnibus. Mrs. Gardner is overcome with grief.

Many years ago the Metropolitan Hotel in New York used to be troubled with rats. The proprietors determined to clean them out, and hired a professional rat catcher, who took a big canvas bag, dark lantern and a pair of tongs into the cellar. His assistant was instructed to shut up the lantern till he heard a good many rats running around him, and then suddenly flood the middle of the room with light. This so bewildered the rats that the rat catcher easily captured them with the tongs and put them in his bag. They kept the thing up all night, and by breakfast time they had caught a bagful. Then the rat-catcher walked into the dining-room, sat down at the proprietor's table and remarked. "I'm going to breakfast at the hotel's expense." "I guess not," said the landlord; "we agreed to pay you for catching rats, but I'll be hanged if we agreed to feed you too." The high-toned rat-catcher got up and left the room, but came back in a minute with his bagful of rats, yelled out, "Take your rats, I don't want them," and opened the bag. The rats scampered all about, and the way the guests jumped and yelled was as good as a circus.

New Advertisements.

After the First Day of December, 1880,

YOU WILL FIND

JACOB G. WINEY

In his New Store Room at the East end of

McALISTERVILLE,

with a Large Lot of

STOVES AND HEATERS

of all kinds, Stove Pipe, Lard Cans, Mica Granite Iron Ware, Dripping Pans, and all kinds of

TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE,

Which articles he will sell at the Lowest Possible Prices.

Thankful for past patronage he expects, by strict attention to business, to receive at least his share in the future.

JACOB G. WINEY.

Nov. 24, 1880.

The leading Scientists of today agree that most diseases are caused by disordered Kidneys or Liver. If, therefore, the Kidneys and Liver are kept in perfect order, perfect health will be the result. This truth has only been known a short time and for years people suffered great agony without being able to find relief. The discovery of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure marks a new era in the treatment of these troubles. Made from a simple tropical leaf of rare value, it contains just the elements necessary to nourish and invigorate both of these great organs, and safely restore and keep them in order. It is a **POSITIVE Remedy** for all the diseases that cause pains in the lower part of the body—for Torpid Liver—Headaches—Jaundice—Dizziness—Gravel—Fever, Ague—Malarial Fever, and all difficulties of the Kidneys, Liver and Urinary Organs.

It is an excellent and safe remedy for females during Pregnancy. It will control Menstruation and is invaluable for Leucorrhœa or Falling of the Womb.

As a Blood Purifier it is unequaled, for it cures the organs that *make* the blood.

READ THE RECORD.

"It saved my life."— *E. B. Lakely, Selma, Ala.*

"It is the remedy that will cure the many diseases peculiar to women."— *Mothers' Magazine.*

"It has passed severe tests and won endorsements from some of the highest medical in the country."—*New York World.*

"No remedy heretofore discovered can be held for one moment in comparison with it."—*Rev. C. A. Harvey, D. D., Washington, D. C.*

This Remedy, which has done such wonders, is put up in the LARGEST SIZED BOTTLE of any medicine upon the market, and is sold by Druggists and all dealers at **$1.25** per bottle. For Diabetes, inquire for WARNER'S SAFE DIABETES CURE. It is a POSITIVE Remedy

H. H. WARNER & CO.,
Rochester, N. Y.

Legal Notices.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of *Vend. Ex., Leva Fa.* and *Fi. Fa.*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Juniata county, and to me directed, will be exposed to sale by public outcery, at the Court House, in the borough of Mifflintown, on

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 3rd, 1880,

at 1 o'clock P. M., the following described real estate, to wit:

No. 1. A tract of land, situated in Fermanagh township, Juniata county, Pa., bounded on the north and east by lands of George Jacobs, Sr., west by Francis Hower, and John Ballentine, south by Wilson, containing 160 Acres, more or less, having erected thereon a Log House, Log Stable and Saw-Mill in good running order.—Seized and taken in execution as the property of John H. Miller.

No. 2. A tract of land situated in Lack township, Juniata county, bounded on the north by lands of Samuel Woodside, south by Matthew Clark, east by Robert Howell, west by Jacob Felmlee, containing 17 Acres, more or less, improved. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Alfred Magonigle, dec'd.

No. 3. A tract of land, situated in Lack township, Juniata county, bounded on the south by lands of Parsons' heirs, on the east, west and north by lands of Jonathan Gifford, containing 4 Acres, more or less, having thereon erected a Plank House and Stable.

No. 4. Also, Another tract of land, bounded on the north by Huntingdon county line, on the east by Gifford and Parsons' heirs, on the south by Thomas Vahn and others, on the west by lands of Gifford, containing 28 Acres, more or less, mostly timberland. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Cyrus Frankenberry.

No. 5. A lot of ground situated in Thompsontown borough, the west lot No. 2 bounded on the south by Main street, east by an alley, north by Tanner's alley and west by lot of Nathan Keely's heirs, having thereon erected so much of the Dwelling House on lot No. 2 as is built of stone, also a Frame Stable. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Horace A. Myers.

No. 6. A tract of land, situated in Lack township, Juniata county, Pa., adjoining lands of John Patterson on the north, J. B. Yeater on the east, William Reeder on the south and George Varner on the west, containing 100 Acres, more or less, and having thereon erected a Log House, Log Stable and other outbuildings. Seized and taken in execution as the property of J. S. McCahan.

No. 7. A lot of ground situate in Mifflintown, Juniata county, Pa., bounded on the west by Third street, north by Whitmer's heirs, east by alley, south by Mrs. Joseph Watts, having thereon erected a Frame House, 26x30 feet wide, a back kitchen and two out-buildings.

No. 8. Also, The one-half interest in a tract of land situated in Fermanagh township, Juniata county, bounded west and north by lands of Henry Sulouff and Wm. Ulsh, on the east by lands of Sulouff and Allison, south by Ruth Bunce, containing 65 Acres, more or less, five acres cleared and fenced, the balance ridge timber land. Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Daniel Pannebaker.

No. 9. A tract of land, situated in Lack township, Juniata county, Pa., bounded on the south by lands of John Patterson, west by lands of Mary Devinney, north by Wm. Swamler, and east by Luther Reeder, containing 25 Acres, more or less, about 12 acres cleared, having thereon erected a Log House. Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John Campbell.

No. 10. A certain house and lot of ground situated in Mifflintown, Juniata county, Pa., bounded on the south by Washington street, east by Foundry lot, north by an alley, west by lot of John Huzzard. Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Silas A. Shamp.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

Fifty dollars of the price or sum at which the property shall be struck off shall be paid to the sheriff at the time of sale, unless the purchase money shall be less than that sum, in which case only the purchase money shall be paid, otherwise the property will again be immediately put up and sold; the balance of the purchase money must be paid to the sheriff at his office within five days from the time of sale, without any demand being made by the sheriff therefor, otherwise the property may be sold again at the expense and risk of the person to whom it is struck off, who in case of any deficiency at such resale, shall make good the same.

JAMES R. KELLY, *Sheriff.*

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
Mifflintown, Nov. 12, 1880.

Register's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following persons have filed their accounts in the Register's Office in Mifflintown, and that the same will be presented to the Court for confirmation and allowance, on TUESDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1880:

1. The account of Mary E. Trego, Executrix of the estate of Solomon Hertzler, late of the borough of Port Royal, dec'd.

2. The first and final account of John Motzer, Executor of the estate of Sophia Oswald, late of Walker township, dec'd.

3. The first and final account of Adam Shoop, Jr., Executor of the estate of Adam Shoop, Sr., late of Delaware township, deceased.

4. The first and final account of Abram E. Sieber, Administrator of Joseph Funk, late of Juniata county, deceased.

5. The first and final account of James H. Junk, Administrator of William Junk, late of Tuscarora township, deceased.

J. M. McDONALD, *Register.*

Register's Office, Mifflintown, November 9, 1880.

REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC SALE.

THE undersigned, Administrator of the estate of Levi Van-Ormer, deceased, late of Fayette township, Juniata county, Pa., will offer at public sale, at the mansion house, as hereinafter mentioned, on tract No. 1, at 1 o'clock P. M., on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1880,

The following described real estate, to wit:

No. 1.—A tract of land in Fayette township, two miles north of McAlisterville, bounded by lands of Williamson Van-Ormer, Nelson Van-Ormer and others, containing

SIXTY ACRES,

more or less, all cleared, having thereon erected a good

LOG-FRAME HOUSE,

weather-boarded outside, a good Out-kitchen, and a good BANK BARN. The property has on it a very good Orchard, and presents as good a site for a Peach Orchard as there is in Juniata county.

No. 2.—A tract of WOODLAND in Slim Valley, distant one-half mile from the above tract, containing 26 Acres, more or less.

No 3.—A LIMESTONE QUARRY near McAlisterville, containing 40 Perches.

Terms made known on day of sale.

LEWIS DEGAN,
Adm'r of Levi Van-Ormer, dec'd.

Nov. 3, 1880.

Executor's Notice.

Estate of Joseph Light, deceased.

LETTERS Testamentary on the estate of Joseph Light, late of Susquehanna township, Juniata county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands are requested to make known the same without delay to

LEVI LIGHT, Executor.

Oct 20, 1880.

Executor's Notice.

Estate of James Leach, deceased.

LETTERS TESTAMENTARY ON THE estate of James Leach, late of Beale township Juniata county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands are requested to make known the same without delay to

WILLIAM LEACH,
Executor.

Nov. 3-4t

Legal Notices.

PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS, the Hon. BENJ. F. JUNKIN, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas for the 41st Judicial District, composed of the counties of Juniata and Perry, and the Honorables Noah A. Elder and Francis Bartley, Associates Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of Juniata county, have issued their precept to me directed, bearing date the 10th day of Sept., 1880, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, at MIFFLINTOWN, on the FIRST MONDAY of DECEMBER, 1880, being the 6th day of the month.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace and Constables of the County of Juniata, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at one o'clock on the afternoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations and other remembrances, to do those things that to their offices respectively appertain, and those that are bound by recognizance to prosecute against the prisoners that are or then may be in the Jail of said county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

By an Act of Assembly, passed the 9th day of May, A. D., 1854, it is made the duty of the Justices of the Peace, of the several counties of this Commonwealth, to return to the Clerk of this Court of Quarter Sessions of the respectives counties, all the recognizances entered into before them by any person or persons charged with the commision of any crime, except such cases as may be ended before a Justice of the Peace, under existing laws, at least ten days before the commencement of the session of the Court to which they are made returnable respectively, and in all cases where any recognizances are entered into less than ten days before the commencement of the session to which they are made returnable, the said Justices are to return the same in the same manner as if said act had not been passed.

Dated at Mifflintown, the 9th day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty

JAMES R. KELLY, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's Office, Mifflintown, Nov. 9, 1880.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE!

THE undersigned, Executor of the estate of Mary J. Runner, deceased, late of Mifflintown, Penna., will offer for sale on the premises,

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1880,

At 2 o'clock P. M., the following described real estate, to wit:

Three Dwelling Houses,

situated on Third street, Mifflintown, Pa., now occupied by Messrs. Rogers, Hess and Musser. These houses are nicely located in a very desirable neighborhood, with pleasant surroundings. Parties wishing a cheap and comfortable home will find a rare opportunity to be accommodated. Capitalists desiring a good paying investment would do well to give this property attention.

TERMS.—Ten per cent. of the purchase money when the property is stricken down; one-half of the balance April 1, 1881, when possession will be given; the residue January 1, 1882, with interest from April 1, 1881.

DAVID D. STONE,
Executor.

Nov. 17, 1881.

HEIFER LOST.

LEFT the premises of the subscriber, in July last, a heifer, one year old in June. Color, red roan, or red with some white mixed along the sides; short horns turned up and back. Any person who will return her to the undersigned in Mifflintown, or give information of her whereabouts, will be suitably rewarded.

J. H. McALISTER.

Nov. 16, 1880-4t

CAUTION NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against trespassing upon the lands of the undersigned, in Fayette, Delaware or Walker township, by fishing, hunting, or in any other way.

Jonathan Kiser	C G Shelly
Wm Brantlinger	A H Kurtz
Henry Spece	David Smith
Catharine Kurtz	D Owen Evans
John McKees	Teston Benner
D B Dimm	C. F. Spicher
G W Smith	John L Auker
S J Kurtz	J B Garber
Henry Auker	S M Kauffman
Noah Cameron	J F Dettra
J W Hostetler	John Lycom
Christian Kurtz	David Hanberger
Jesse Pace	Arnold Varner
Jacob Hoops.	Levi K Myers

Oct 28, 1878

CAUTION.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned not to fish, hunt, gather berries, break or open fences, or cut wood or young timber, or in any unnecessary way trespass on the lands of the undersigned.

SIMON MUMMAU.	LUDWICK SHRADER.
GEO. DIFFENDERFER.	WILLIAM PEOPLES.
FREDERICK HAINES	FRANCIS HOWER.

Fermanagh Twp., June 22, 1878.

CAUTION.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned not to allow their dogs to run, or themselves to fish, hunt, gather berries, break or open fences, or cut wood or young timber, or in any unnecessary way trespass on the lands of the undersigned in Greenwood or Susquehanna township.

Peter Miller	Henry Rush
Daniel Shadle	George Dressler
E Long & S Dimm	Frederick Reats
Joel Dressler	Jonathan Miller

Nov 20, 1878

CAUTION.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned not to fish, hunt, break or open fences, or cut wood or young timber, or in any unnecessary way trespass on the lands of the undersigned.

R M Thompson	T S Thompson
J B Thompson	E P Hudson
Wm G Thompson	Abram Shelly
Davis Smith, Jr.	C A Shermer

Oct 9, 1878.

CAUTION.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against hunting, fishing, gathering berries, building fires, or in any way trespassing on the lands of the undersigned in Fermanagh township.

WM. McLAUGHLIN.

may 14, 1879-tf

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored

Just published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the *radical cure* (without medicine) of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc; also, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance, &c.

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and *radically*.

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land. Sent free, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address.

Address the Publishers,

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.,
41 Ann St., New York:
Post-Office Box 4586.

june18-1y

PRIVATE SALES.

Large Farm at Private Sale.

The Valuable Farm of the Heirs of William Okeson, deceased, is offered for sale. It is located in the fertile valley of Tuscarora, Juniata county, Pa., one and a half miles west of Academia, containing **240 Acres** of prime limestone land, all in cultivation, except 10 acres of Timber. Buildings good, Large Mansion House, Bank Barn, 100x50 feet; Wagon Sheds, Corn Cribs, Hog Pens, Good Spring and Spring House, and all other outbuildings, also other springs and running water; Two Orchards bearing choice fruits. It is well located, near to churces, schools, mills and stores. The land is well adapted to grain and grass and for making money for a new owner, as is well known, it did for many years for its former owner. Price will be reasonable, and time given to suit purchaser.

For terms, &c., call on James B. Okeson, Pleasant View, near the farm, or J. B. Okeson, Port Royal.

A FOUNDRY FOR SALE.

A Foundry, in good order, at Johnstown, Juniata Co., Pa. The engine is new. The melting apparatus has just been overhauled and made as good as when new. The shop is large and roomy. All of the several departments are under one roof. The Foundry has the best run of custom in the county. In connection with the Foundry there 5¼ or 6 acres of land for sale, having thereon erected a Large Frame Dwelling House, nearly new, and a good-sized Barn. Good Orchard, Apples, Grapes, &c. Everything convenient about the premises. Will sell all or part. For further particulars call on or address J.