SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN

MIFFLINTOWN.

Wednesday, March 19, 1879.

B. F. SCHWEIER,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

"TALMAGE'S trial will begin on the 24th inst., and will be public."

"PRESIDENT GREVY, has signed a decree pardoning 151 Communists."

A METHODIST CONFERENCE in Germantown favored an amendment to the National Constitution recognizing God.

IF a State can be made to pay for the damages of rioters, it can be made to pay damages for the lives destroyed by rioters.

ATTUNE your ears to hear the loud-swelling notes of Democratic thunder that will burst from the halls of Congress within the next month.

THE number of Judges in this Commonwealth has been doubled in eight years; in 1871 they numbered 50, now they number 101.

THE Democrats in favor of passing the Chinese bill over the President's veto, were six to one; the Republicans were four to one.

THE Democracy in this State, at this early day are warm on the Presidential question for 1880. The Randall men are working hard for Tilden and the barrel, while Wallace is hard at work for Thurman.

BROOKLYN PRESBYTERY has put Rev. T. Dewitt Talmage on trial, and the Rev. T. Dewitt Talmage has put Brooklyn Presbytery on trial, the beginning of which will be on the 24th instant.

MOST of the religious bodies that have met since the adjournment of Congress, have been emphatic in expression against the late Congress for having transacted business on the last Sabbath of its existence.

A REPUBLICAN mass meeting at San Francisco on Tuesday evening a week, credited President Hayes with honesty of purpose in vetoing the Chinese bill, but maintained that his action did not represent Republican feeling in California.

A GRAND EXCURSION to California is proposed for the occasion of General Grant's landing from his foreign tour, next August. The excursionists will act as an escort for the ex-President. It is believed that at least seventy-five thousand people will attend the excursion.

WANTED—A speech, from some member of the Legislature, that will clearly set forth under what *principle* the industrial and business interests of the State should pay for the work of rioters, such as the burning of property, the stealing of property, and the destruction of life.

CONGRESS convened on Tuesday—yesterday—and as it is the first Democratic Congress that has convened in many years, there need be no wonder if it does not adjourn till the regular session begins next December. This session is the opening of the campaign of 1880, on the part of the Democracy.

"AT a meeting of Baptist ministers in San Francisco, on the 11th inst., a resolution was unanimously adopted to strike from the roll of ministers the name of Rev. H. W. Reed, for misrepresenting in New York city the sentiments of Christian people on the Pacific coast concerning the Chinese question."

THE *North American* says: "Poor Glover! He worked two years and never got at any fraud without yanking a Democrat first. Now the House has adjourned without even giving him leave to print, much less make a report to be acted upon. But the party will breathe easier now that he is gone."

WHAT a dear nice old gentleman Mr. Tilden is. He doesn't know anything about the cipher dispatches, or things of that sort, that interested him as a candidate for the Presidency; but he knew all about the set up job to make Mr. Randall speaker of Congress. La! how little the old gentleman knows about the greater affairs, and how much he knows about the smaller things.

As a charitable act, the State might pay the $4,000,000 riot damage bill, but the precedent it would make, would be worse than paying the $4,000,000. There is no legal liability on the part of the State, and moral liability or obligation of the State to pay the work of rioters or insurrectionists is too watery an excuse to give the steal much weight.

THE Lower House of Legislature had a lively time over the reduction of salaries, last Wednesday, and in the discussion that took place they got the newspapers mixed up with the question, and a number of virtuous and valorious members shook their fists, and raised their voices to a cracked pitch in defiance of the newspapers. The newspapers will tell how they voted on certain questions, after the adjournment of Legislature.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, held in Philadelphia last week, an account of a real estate transaction in Luzerne county in 1872 was read.

The account of the transaction, in substance, states that in a certain tract of land in Luzerne county lay a vein of 7,000,000 tons of stone coal. The land was for sale, and the reported existence of coal attracted the attention of a certain part of the management of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and they authorized that the land be bought for the Company. Forty thousand dollars was paid to the owner for the land. The Company was charged $93,000 for the tract, and the $53,000 difference was divided among certain members of the Company. The land may be cheap at $93,000 for future operations, but the stockholders who were not interested in the purchase and got none of the $53,000 divide, are exercised because the land was not turned in at the price at which it was bought, namely, $40,000.

THE Democracy always manage to have their men up to the front on great occasions, as for instance, when the President's call was issued for an extra session of Congress, John Whitaker Democratic Congressman from Oregon was telegraphed to come immediately to Washington. Whitaker took a special train at his Oregon home on March 7, took steamer to Portland on March 8 and arrived at San Francisco on Wednesday, March 12, twenty-four hours after the train had left which he must take to reach Washington in time for the organization of Congress. A special train was provided for him at San Francisco, and he went flying over the country sometimes at the rate of forty five miles an hour and never less than twenty-five miles.

He left San Francisco at 10.25 A. M on Saturday, having made the run of 1,928 miles in sixty-four hours. The usual fast time between those points is one hundred and one hours. He arrived at Chicago at 5 15 P. M. on Saturday, and there took his first regular-schedule train. He arrived at Pittsburg 12 27 noon and left at 8.06 P. M., and arrived at Washington at 9.02 A. M. on Monday, thus making the trip across the continent in five days, the shortest time on record.

IN Hungary, Austria, along the river Theiss, there is a town named Szegedin. The town, or the greater part of it is built on a piece of ground that is lower than the river. Last week a great rise in the water of the stream broke the banks and left the flood into the town. Hundreds of people were drowned, and many houses were swept away; as many as 80,000 people are said to be homeless. The calamity reached such proportions that the Emperor, Francis Joseph, who had assayed to celebrate his silver wedding last week, abstained from the celebration and distributed the money that was intended for the festivities, among the sufferers by the flood.

"Live and Learn."

People all get through living, but they never get through learning, while they live. A man may know a good deal about the horse, and about horse dealers and still not have met the kind of horse dealers, or swindlers, as the one whose operations are described in the following article, from McClure's *Times* of March 11th:

Behind Enochs' Variety Theatre, and approachable only through Scipio place, the wagon-way adjoining the theatre on the south, is a blind alley only wide enough for two wagons, side by side. In this narrow avenue are three or four dilapidated brick stables, the wood-work of which indicates considerable antiquity. The southernmost of these is, if all reports be true, the headquarters of as acute and active a gang of horse sharpers as ever practiced upon the unsophisticated countryman. The names of this coterie, according to the best information obtainable by the police, are Thomas Clare, Samuel Ogburn, William G. Collins, Henry West, Wesley Allen, Charles Lewis and W. T. Kelley.

Their working capital, so to speak, has consisted of a solitary, tolerably well-built horse, and yet with this, if the testimony of one of their own employes, unwittingly spoken a few days ago, is to be believed, they have already realized over $2,000, and still have the nag on hand for fresh conquests. The real head of the combination is not known. A firm doing business on Arch street, whose yard opens upon the narrow way in which the stables are located, says that the sharpers sometimes hid in their yard while one of the gang was negotiating with greenhorns. The firm were compelled, by the annoyance to which they were subjected, to forbid the men coming into the yard. Several instances are given where countrymen have been imposed upon.

The Arch street gentlemen turned their business horse loose for exercise in the enclosure about a week ago. They noticed soon after a bucolic-looking personage scrutinizing and that several of the "horse jockeys" were in the adjacent street. They merely interpreted the man's actions as the result of inquisitiveness and did not suspect his real purpose. They were surprised to hear on the day following that the horse had actually been sold to the rural person for $130, and that he had been green enough to pay at least one-fourth of the purchase money down and had given a note for the balance, which he was to clear off the next day. Naturally enough, when he returned the men were missing and a strange face was visible in the stable. The countryman went home lighter in pocket and without the horse.

In "gyp game" transactions between the dealers in horse-flesh and the unsophisticated the latter generally pay down from $35 to $50 on account and give a note for the balance, taking a receipt for the money paid. By an ingenious and obscurely worded condition in the note the purchaser forfeits the horse and what he has already paid on account unless he pays by a certain time on the following day the balance called for the note. When a bargain is effected the one who sold the horse contrives to be absent the day when the buyer calls; consequently, there is nobody there to receive the money and the purchaser forfeits his deposit.

Another trick in the pack is played in this way: While a stranger is looking at the horse and the owner's attention is temporarily attracted away, another man, well dressed and genteel looking, enters the stable. He addresses the intending purchaser as though accosting the owner, and generally offers a sum $10 or $15 over what the real owner has asked. If the owner happens to be present, stranger No. 2 tells No. 1, aside, "Now I want that horse, but he won't sell it to me because I am a dealer. Now you buy him; pay him so much down; give your note for the balance, and fetch him to me. I'll wait down here at the foot of the alley and pay you for him. If he won't take your note pay him the cash, and I'll give you $10 or $15 for your trouble." No. 2 leaves; No. 1 bites at the bait, makes the purchase, and finds when he seeks the "anxious one" that the latter has vanished completely. The upshot of the matter is that the man who is stuck prefers to abandon a good deal of his purchase-money to the dealer in order to get released from a bad bargain.

Such cases frequently get into court, but the complainants generally lose their cases. In one instance recently, where Magistrate Pole had committed a member of the gang for trial, the Judge, in refusing to hear the case, said that the man who was bitten had rendered himself liable to prosecution for conspiracy. Another case, involving several men, was compromised upon reached court by the payment of the prosecutor's claim and expenses. The last "angel" that the Scipio place gang encountered was John A. Bozarth, of Camden, N. J. He bought a horse for $135 last Friday, paid $50 down, gave his note for the balance, returned for the steed and found himself duped. Then he sued out a warrant before Magistrate Pole, charging that Clare, Ogburn, Collins, West, Allen, Lewis and Kelley had conspired to cheat and defraud him. They were arrested and put under $600 bail each for a further hearing on Thursday next.

From the Scientific American.

IT is not long since several cases of arsenical poisoning were traced to the wearing of scarlet and blue stockings. Next came a somewhat remarkable case in which the mischief was traced to a highly-colored hat lining. More recent English and German papers, medical and other, have called attention to dangerous gloves. In the London *Times* a writer describes the poisonous effect of a pair of the fashionable "bronze green" silk gloves when worn by a member of his family. After wearing them a day or two the patient was attacked with a peculiar blistering and swelling of both hands, which increased to such an extent that for three weeks she was compelled to carry her hands in a sling, suffering acute pain, and being, of course, unable either to feed or dress herself. Inquiries among the writer's friends discovered three other ladies similarly afflicted. A German medical journal reports a case of serious poisoning by a pair of navy blue kids. Dress goods of woolen, silk and cotton have been found to contain arsenic in dangerous quantities; so, also, gentlemen's underclothing, socks, hat linings, and the linings of boots and shoes.—Prof. Nichols, of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, reports the examination of a lady's dress which contained eight grains of arsenic to the square foot. In Troy, N. Y., lately, the death of a child was attributed to arsenic sucked from a veil which had been thrown over the child's crib to keep off the flies. At this rate it will soon become necessary to test for arsenic all goods purchased before venturing to wear them, or else the label—"Warranted to contain no poisonous dye."

THE following special dispatch, to the Philadelphia *Press* explains itself:

ALLENTOWN, March 12.—About ten o'clock last night Mr. Paul Roth, living in Cedarville, a small village about 3 miles from this place, came home, and he and his family were about retiring when Mr. Roth heard a noise in his pig stable, the noise at the same time waking Mr. Charles Blank, who lives in the same house with Mr. Roth. Having lately purchased some pigs, Mr. Roth was afraid something was the matter with them. He listened awhile, and told his wife to watch while he went out. Arriving at the stable he saw a man in it, who at once took to his heels, running as fast as he could, hotly pursued by Mr. Roth, who soon overtook him and collared him. In the meantime Mr. Blank came out with a double-barreled shot gun. Just at this time another man named John Whey, living in this city, who was subsequently killed, came to the aid of the man whom Mr. Roth had down, and pointed a large navy revolver at his breast and threatened to shoot if he did not at once release the other man. Upon this urgent request Mr. Roth let the man go, who at once ran off and has not been seen since. Mr. Blank now came to the aid of Roth and discharged one barrel of the gun in the air, with the intention of scaring the thieves away. Whey, finding that he was getting into a tight place, fired at Roth and Blank, but, fortunately, his aim missed. Roth now called out to Blank, "Let him have it," whereupon Blank fired. The shot, as was afterwards found out, entered Whey's face. Roth and Blank then went to the house, their ammunition having been exhausted, and not knowing how many men they had to deal with. Whey was seen about the farm all night wandering about aimlessly, sometimes approaching the house and barn. He was seen to stagger, but thinking it merely as a blind to get the men out again, and as it was not known how many of them were outside, they concluded to remain in the house. Towards daybreak Roth and Blank ventured out, and near the Methodist church, adjoining Mr. Roth's lot, found several bags full of live chickens which belonged to Mr. Blank. Shortly after daybreak Whey was found, being in an unconscious state at the side of the garden fence, resting his head on his arms. His face was badly torn by shot, and it was evident that he could live but a short time. His eyesight was destroyed, and he was carried to the barn, where he died shortly after. Coroner Troxell was summoned, and impaneled a jury of inquest, who rendered the following verdict: "The cause of death was a gunshot wound inflicted at the hands of Charles Blank while protecting his property, and we, the jury, exonerate the said Charles Blank from blame in the case, he acting in self-defense." Whey is about 45 years old, and was a bad character, having served several terms in the county jail. His wife is at the poorhouse, and had for years been an inmate there. The body of Whey has been removed to the poorhouse, and was there interred this afternoon.

STATE ITEMS.

The State Sunday School Convention will meet at Altoona in June.

A colony is being formed in Kittanning whose purpose is to emigrate to Georgia.

A hundred new dwelling houses are to be erected in Altoona this spring, and there is demand for them all.

There was an ice gorge in the Susquehanna, not far from Lock Haven, last week. The ice was piled up thirty feet high. The railroad was covered to the depth of ten feet with ice.

On the 11th inst at Allentown, Edward Spitler, committed suicide by hanging herself in the garret of her house with a bed cord. She leaves a husband and five children. Her suicide was caused by prolonged sickness and melancholy.

STATE ITEMS.

No tramp eats a meal in the Chester county jail or almshouse without having first earned it.

The first barn struck by lightning this year was that of Charles Miller, in Berks county. The building was entirely destroyed.

The taxpayers association of Concord Delaware county, unanimously oppose any further appropriation to Normal school.

Lycoming county has sent 286 prisoners to the Eastern Penitentiary since the establishment of that institution in 1829. Of this number 24 have been pardoned—a percentage of 8.39.

The religious revivals in Armstrong county are the most successful ever had in that part of the State. Over three hundred persons joined the different churches in January.

Josiah Higley, of Clarion county, was killed by lightning Sunday night He was recently convicted of adultery, and was to have been sentenced on Monday.

Governor Hoyt decided to reprieve Hezekiah Shaffer, the Franklin county murderer, until April 17.

An extensive soap factory has been started in Lewisburg.

Female pickpockets are very expert and successful in Philadelpia.

William P. Sieg for thirty years an employe of the Pennsylvania Railroad at Harrisburg, died on Wednesday night.

A brave little girl was left alone in a store in Altoona while her father went to dinner. An old man came in and made an assault upon her when she escaped from his clutches and felled him to the floor with an iron weight. She then locked him in and ran home and told her parents.

The body of an unknown young man with the initials "R. M. B." on the right arm, was found on Wednesday near Mill Creek, Montgomery county, on the line of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad.

John Horner, who resides on top of the mountain between Bellefonte and Centre Hall, has killed fourteen foxes this season.

William M. Rutherford, of Oxford, who was convalescent from a severe spell of pneumonia, dropped dead on Sunday morning while going to the breakfast table.

While the Rev. Mr. Gilbert, of Morrisville, was preaching the sermon at the funeral of young Stephen Anderson, he fell back in the pulpit, insensible.

John Michael Ribholtz, of Reading, was one hundred years old on Wednesday, when a grand re-union of his family was held at his residence.

A little girl in Lewistown is reported to have committed the entire New Testament to memory. Thus she has it, line upon line, precept upon precept.

J. C. Lomiller, a blind man, arrested for larceny of watches in Wilkesbarre, though dressed in ragged clothes, had one thousand dollars in his pockets and a bank book showing deposits of twenty-two hundred dollars. He sells prize packages and stationery. He says he bought the watches, not knowing they were stolen. He left his money with the alderman as bail.

The borings on the Woodward property at Kingston, Luzerne county, has shown that at a depth of 830 feet an aggregate of ninety-one feet of coal has been found in the different veins encountered.

The manufacture of fine skins for gloves will be a feature with some of the leather factories of Reading hereafter.

The trial of Joseph Stodd, in Schuylkill county, for the murder of his wife, Mary Stodd, was brought to a close for the present, on Tuesday a week, because of the condition of one of the jurors, who was prostrated by homesickness and terror at being placed in such a position.

A terrible explosion occurred last Thursday afternoon at the Mahoning Powder Works of P. M. Gallagher & Co., near Danville, completely destroying the building and instantly killing Willis Lloyd (one of the proprietors), John J. Evans and John C. Mowrer, their mangled remains being scattered in every direction. The cause of the explosion is unknown.

In a trivial case returned for trial in the Schuylkill county court, the jury returned a verdict of "not guilty," with this addition: "The jury unanimously regret that they cannot compel the committing magistrate to pay the costs."

A special dispatch from Red Rock, Pa., says: "At about five o'clock Saturday afternoon an unknown man, evidently intoxicated, staggered through the streets, carrying on his shoulders a bag containing eight quart cans of nitro-glycerine. Fifteen minutes later the town was shaken and the inhabitants terribly frightened by a most terrific explosion. Investigation revealed the fact that the man had slipped down causing the explosion, which scattered fragments of his body in every direction."

Intelligence from Wellingford under date of the 11th inst says; Charles Hill, the young man who set fire to a neighbor's barn, entirely destroying it, on the night of February 14, was sentenced on Saturday evening last to pay a fine of $500, the cost of prosecution and undergo an imprisonment in seperate confinement at hard labor in the Eastern Penitentiary for ten years. Hill, and his neighbor, Thomas Barclay, attended a party on the evening of the burning. They had a dispute, the latter coming off victorious, and Hill, for revenge, set the barn on fire.

A dispatch from Confluence, Pa., on the 12th inst., says: On Saturday evening, February 1, William Glisson and wife returned home from church. On Sunday it was reported that Mrs. Glisson was dangerously ill from injuries received the night before by falling on her doorstep. On Monday evening death ensued, and on Wednesday, February 5, the remains were buried. Husband and wife had frequently quarreled. As time gassed relatives of the deceased were more strongly convinced that Mrs. Glisson had met with foul play. Last Monday her body was exhumed, on Tuesday post mortem was held, and to-day the Coroser's jury returned a verdict that Mrs. Glisson had been murdered by her husband, who was immediately arrested and is now in jail at Uniontown.

Seven prisoners, one of them a murderer serving out a life sentence, escaped from the jail at Georgetown, Del.

GENERAL ITEMS.

153,207 immigrants arrived in the United States during 1878.

Mrs. John Taylor and two sons, Willie aged ten and Johnny, aged five, were drowned in the Mantic Ice Company's pond, at Mantic Conn., on Thursday. The children went for a pail of water and fell in. Mrs Taylor hearing their cries, ran to their assistance and was also drowned.

A bill passed the New Jersey House imposing a fine of $2000 and imprisonment for two years on pools and other gambling.

A committee of the Boston School Board has reported in favor of reducing teachers' salaries, and discontinuing some of the ornamental branches of education.

James Larkin, one of the masked burglars who robbed Mr. Perry's residence at Jamaica, L. I., was sentenced last Wednesday to ten years at hard labor in Sing Sing Prison

Max Griefeld died in Brooklyn recently after eating raw ham. A coroner's jury on Thursday returned a verdict that death resulted from embolism of the pulmonary arteries, due to trichinocis. Another member of the family is now lying at the point of death.

The case of Mrs. Mary S. Oliver against Hon. Simon Cameron for breach of promise, in which damages are laid at $50,000, was on the calendar for trial on Thursday in the Circuit Court in Washington city, but did not come up, there being several other cases ahead of it.

The Supreme Court of Tennesse on Thursday decided that sleeping cars running through the State are taxable. An appeal will be taken to the Supreme Court.

Ex-Mayor Haser, a prominent brewer of Galena, Ill, is on trial, charged with using internal revenue stamps more than once, thereby defrauding the Government.

Aunt Phillis, an old negro woman, living at Biggus Powell's six miles below Yanceyville, on the Yanceyville and Milton road, has just given birth to twins. Philis is sixty years of age. The funniest is the old woman stoutly persists that they had no father. There is an excellent mineral spring on Mr. Powell's land, and the old woman insists that it came from drinking Mr. Powell's mineral water.—*Reidsville* (N. C) *Times.*

Minister Foster writes that the International Exhibition in the City of Mexico will open on January 15, 1880, and continue three months. Goods for exhibition may be entered free of duty.

Charles Herbeck, residing ten miles west of Lincoln, Ills, who has been separated from his wife for the past ten days, owing to a domestic quarrel, calling on Tuesday a week where his wife was engaged in ironing and shot her through the body. When the neighbor attempted to arrest him he placed his pistol to his own head and fired, killing dead. The wife is dangerously injured.

A young woman married an old widower in Tannerville, Ga., and soon fell in love with his son, who was about her own age. The matter was fully discussed by the trio, and all agreed that it would be better for her to become the wife of the son. The transfer was amicably made by means of a divorce. Since then the old man has married his ex-wife's mother, and the rearanged family is harmonious and happy.—*Troy Times.*

Rev. J. B. Heroy, pastor of the Methodist church at Hancock, Delaware county, N. Y., is in trouble. Some time ago A. J. Edwards, a prominent furniture dealer of that village, whose wife was a member of Mr. Heroy's church, discovered a letter written by him in his wife's writing desk that seemed to prove the infidelity of his wife and the guilt of her pastor. Mrs. Edwards afterward made a full confession, made out in legal form and sworn to before a Justice of the Peace, in which she acknowledged that she had committed a great sin, and implicated Mr. Heroy as her paramour, giving a full history of the origin and progress of her intimacy with him.

On the highlands, back of Newport, Ky., a tramp called at the house of Mr. Truesdale, a well-to-do farmer, and finding Mrs. Truesdale alone, knocked her down and tearing a sheet into strips bound her firmly to a bench with her hands tied under it, and feet lashed to a peg in the wall. He robbed the house of a small sum of money and some valuables. The woman remained five hours in this condition till the return of her husband and in the meantime had become a mother. The tramp left, but a force of forty men started in pursuit of him. He was caught, lodged in jail, and on Saturday taken out to the woods and hung on a tree. Mrs. Truesdale's condition is very precarious.

On Saturday night a week a party of fifteen masked men called at the residence of William Moore, a brother of Ben. Groom, the "cattle king," at Winchester, Ky., and told him unless he made an immediate settlement of his debts he must leave the country. Moore procured a shotgun and fired into the crowd. The latter fired a volley in answer, three shots taking effect in Moore's body, inflicting severe wounds. Two men suspected of being implicated in the affair were afterwards arrested and jailed. On the following Monday their confederates overpowered the guard and liberated them.

A dispatch last Thursday from St. Louis says: Two of the most prominent lawyers of this city had a quarrel in a justice's court to-day, which culminated in one of them stabbing the other four times, inflicting serious wounds. The person stabbed was Wm. M. Eccles; his assailant was ex-Circuit Judge J. M. Krum, a man who has been Mayor of St. Louis, and is ranked as one of the finest lawyers of the State. The case being tried was an important one, and during the argument of Judge Krum, Mr. Eccles interrupted him rudely, and charged him with being intoxicated. The Judge promptly knocked him down and the Court promptly fined them both for contempt. The fine was paid, and the argument proceeded, but Mr. Eccles again offended, and, another fight occurring, the Court ordered both men under arrest. While they were being conducted from the court Judge Krum drew his pocket knife, and slashed his opponent's arms and side four times, inflicting as many severe wounds. Both men immediately were taken to their homes, Mr. Eccles declining to prosecute his assailant.

GENERAL ITEMS.

The Forty-fifth Congress considered 25,000 bills.

Mrs. General T. W. Sherman died last Wednesday.

Two national banks at Middletown N. Y., have given notice that they will no longer receive trade dollars at par.

The skeleton found recently in an abandoned lead mine at Eilenville, Ulster county, N. Y., which was being reopened, has been identified as the remains of a telegraph operator named David Smith, who disappeared mysteriously from Ellenville in February, 1866. It is supposed he was murdered by one Joseph Flicker, who became insane and died after Smith's disappearance.

A cow, the property of J. N. Sawyer, who lives about six miles south of this city, on the 12th inst gave birth to fifty-six calves. One of them was fully matured and still lives; the other fifty-five were about the size of small kittens and, with the cow, died. It is one of the most curious freaks of nature that has ever taken place in this county.—*Newark (O) Special to Cincinnati Enquirer.*

H. C Holland has been arrested at Omaha, Nebraska charged with having robbed the safe of an express car on the North Missouri railroad in December 1875, of about $3,000. He was an engineer on the road, and his fireman was his accomplice. They overpowered the messenger, locked him up and rifled the safe. Holland, after considerable wandering, enlisted as a soldier at Fort Omaha, whither he was eventually traced The fireman was caught and convicted some time ago.

Legal Notices.

LIST OF DEALERS AND VENDERS of Foreign and Domestic Merchandise in the county of Juniata, for the year 1879, as approved and classified by the Mercantile Appraiser:

MIFFLINTOWN.

Names.	*Class.*	*Am't.*
J. W. Kirk, merchant	14	$ 7 00
Jacob Will, hotel	5	50 00
Solomon Books, confectionery	14	7 00
J. W. Wagner, jeweler	14	7 00
W. F. Snyder, furniture store	14	7 00
J. S. Thomas, grocery	14	7 00
D. E. McMurtrie, hotel	5	50 00
B. F. Kepner, druggist	14	7 00
J. W. Muthersbaugh, hardware	14	7 00
John Yeakley & Son, merchants	14	7 00
Joseph Pennell, merchant	13	10 00
Banks & Hamlin, druggists	14	7 00
Central Dry Goods Store	14	7 00
R. E. Parker, merchant	14	7 00
John Etka, confectionery and grocery	14	7 00
J. H. Simons, dealer in harness	14	7 00
Frank & Co., boot & shoe store	14	7 00
Emil Schott, merchant	13	10 00
L. A. Segelbaum, clothier	14	7 00
J. C. Moser, liquor dealer	13	25 00
J. A. Murray, hotel	5	50 00
J. E. Hollobaugh, restaurant		20 00
D. W. Harley, clothing store	14	7 00
Franciscus Hardware Co.	12	12 50
Kennedy & Doty, grain, coal and lumber	12	12 50
Joseph Musser, flour and grain dealer	14	7 00
PORT ROYAL.		
W. T. McCulloch, merchant	11	15 00
Charles Shields, hotel	5	50 00
John McManigle, hotel	5	50 00
Rannels & Son, merchants	13	10 00
Kepner & Groninger, grain, coal and lumber	14	7 00
N. Hertzler, grain, coal and lumber	14	7 00
Kepner & Groninger, groceries, flour and feed	14	7 00
A. A. Crozier & Co., grocery	14	7 00
J. S. M. Gibson, merchant	14	7 00
J. P. Sterrett, druggist	14	7 00
PATTERSON.		
J. North & Son, grain	12	12 50
Brown & Wilson, merchants	13	10 00
Wm. H. Egolf, confectionery	14	7 00
Jos. Pennell, merchant	13	10 00
Samuel Strayer, clothier	13	10 00
Hamlin & Co., druggist	14	7 00
Stevens & Guss, hardware	13	10 00
J. B. M. Todd, clothier	14	7 00
J. M. Goshen, grocery & coal	14	7 00
David Hollman, grocery	14	7 00
F. F. Rohm, millinery and dry goods	14	7 00
Middagh & Copelin, grocery	14	7 00
D. Coffman & Co., confectionery and meat store	14	7 00
H. Kirk, tobacconist	14	7 00
John Foreman, hotel	5	50 00
John Hays, hotel	5	50 00
John Hays, restaurant		20 00
TURBETT.		
N. Hertzler & Son, merchants	12	12 50
SPRUCE HILL.		
J. C. Conn & Bro., merchants	14	7 00
J. L. Barton, merchant	13	10 00
BEALE.		
J. Nevin Pomeroy, merchant	14	7 00
John P. Kelley, merchant	14	7 00
Alexander Woodward, merchant	14	7 00
L. Dundore & Co., merchants	14	7 00
TUSCARORA.		
H. S. Thompson, merchant	14	7 00
John Laird, merchant	14	7 00
Wm. Van Sweringen, merchant	14	7 00
E. P. Titzell, merchant	14	7 00
L. Mauger & Son, merchants	14	7 00
A. J. Ferguson, merchant	14	7 00
Abraham Evins, hotel	5	50 00
LACK.		
Campbell & Robison, merchants	14	7 00
R. H. Patterson, merchant	13	10 00
FAYETTE.		
L. & J. B. Wilson, merchants	12	12 50
J. B. Baughner, merchant	14	7 00
J. T. McAlister, merchant	13	10 00
S. S. Beaver, merchant	14	7 00
Frank Shields, hotel	5	50 00
S. S. Beaver, liquor dealer	13	25 00
W. H. McAlister, merchant	14	7 00
Brown & Son, merchants	14	7 00
MONROE.		
J. S. Graybill, merchant	14	7 00
W. B. Winey, merchant	14	7 00
Rhine & Graybill, merchants	12	12 50
E. C. Graybill, hotel	5	50 00
Dan Schroll, hotel	5	50 00
SUSQUEHANNA.		
Edward Shaffer, merchant	13	10 00
Ely Crawford, merchant	14	7 00
Jacob Weiser, merchant	14	7 00
Jacob Weiser, hotel	5	50 00
THOMPSONTOWN.		
Keely & Wickersham, merchants	13	10 00
J. G. Haldeman, merchant	13	10 00
Elihu Benner, grain merchant	14	7 00
Mrs. Mary A. Snyder, hotel	5	50 00
DELAWARE.		
Samuel Schlegel, merchant	14	7 00
Winey & Custer, merchants	13	10 00
WALKER.		
W. H. Kurtz, merchant	14	7 00
N. D. Van Dyke, merchant	14	7 00
John Thompson, merchant	14	7 00
Jacob Rickenbaugh, merchant	14	7 00
C. A. Thompson, coal	14	7 00
W. Hetrick & Co., merchants	14	7 00
Kennedy & Doty, grain, (C. A. Thompson, agent)	14	7 00
GREENWOOD.		
Thomas Cox, hotel	5	50 00
J. T. Dimm & Bro., merchants,	14	7 00

The license mentioned in the above list will be due and payable to the County Treasurer on and after the 1st day of May, 1879.

An Appeal will be held in the Commissioners' Office in the borough of Mifflintown, on TUESDAY, the 8th day of APRIL, 1879, when all persons feeling themselves aggrieved, can attend if they think proper.

SAMUEL COOPER,
Mercantile Appraiser.

Mar. 12, 1879.

NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against trespassing, for hunting, or other purposes, on the lands of the undersigned, in Milford township, Juniata county.

HENRY GRONINGER.
JOHN CUNNINGHAM.

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made, under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to Provide for the Incorporation of Certain Corporations," for the Charter of an intended corporation, to be entitled "*The Juniata Building and Loan Association,*" for the purposes, and with the powers and privileges, as specially set forth in Section 37 of said Act.

JEREMIAH LYONS,
Solicitor for Applicants.

March 5, 1879–5t

Administrators' Notice.

Estate of Frederick Emery, deceased.

WHEREAS Letters of Administration on the estate of Frederick Emery, deceased, late of Mexico, Walker township, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will please present them without delay to

JOHN MOTZER, *Adm'r.*

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Philo Hamlin, dec'd.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION on the estate of Philo Hamlin, deceased, late of the borough of Mifflintown Juniata county, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands are requested to make known the same without delay to

PHILO D. HAMLIN,
Feb. 12, 1879. *Administrator.*

CAUTION NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against trespassing upon the lands of the undersigned, in Fayette, Delaware or Walker township, by fishing, hunting, or in any other way.

Jonathan Kiser	C G Shelly
Wm Branthoffer	A H Kurtz
Henry Speece	David Smith
Catharine Kurtz	S Owen Evans
John McMeen	Teston Benner
D B Dimm	Daniel Spicher
G W Smith	John L Auker
S J Kurtz	J B Garber
Henry Auker	S M Kauffman
Noah Cameron	J F Dettra
J W Hostetler	John Lycom
Christian Kurtz	David Hunberger
Jesse Pines	Arnold Varnes

Oct 23, 1878

CAUTION NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned not to allow their dogs, cattle or hogs to run, or themselves to fish, hunt, gather berries, or cut wood or young timber, or in any way trespass on the lands of the undersigned in Greenwood or Susquehanna township.

Peter Miller	Henry Rush
Daniel Shadle	George Dressler
E Long & S Dimm	Frederick Roats
Joel Dressler	Jonathan Miller

CAUTION NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against trespassing on the lands of the undersigned either in Delaware or Walker township, for the purpose of fishing or hunting, or for any other purpose.

L. E. ATKINSON.
N. A. LUKENS.
oct31-tf G. S. LUKENS.

CAUTION.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned not to allow their dogs to run, or themselves to fish, hunt, gather berries, break or open fences, or cut wood or young timber, or in any unnecessary way trespass on the lands of the undersigned.

M. R. Beshore.	M. & J. H. Wilson.
David Hetrick.	Henry Hartman.
Thomas Benner.	Porter Thompson.
Christian Shoalfstall.	William Hetrick.
John Motzer.	David Sieber.
Henry Kloss.	[aug7, '78

CAUTION.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned not to fish, hunt, gather berries, break or open fences, or cut wood or young timber, or in any unnecessary way trespass on the lands of the undersigned.

SIMON MUMMAH.	LUDWICK SHRADER.
GEO. DIFFENBARFER.	WILLIAM PEOPLES.
FREDERICK HAINES.	FRANCIS HOWER.

Fermanagh Twp., June 22, 1878.

CAUTION.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned not to fish, hunt, break or open fences, or cut wood or young timber, or in any unnecessary way trespass on the lands of the undersigned.

R M Thompson	T S Thompson
J B Thompson	E P Hudson
Wm G Thompson	Abram Shelly
Davis Smith, Jr.	C A Shermer

New Advertisements.

Airy View Academy.

IN connection with the regular Academic course of this institution a NORMAL CLASS will be organized on the

SEVENTH OF APRIL, 1879.

Term to continue Twelve Weeks.

Board and Furnished Room, $2.50 per week. For particulars send for circular to

J. T. AILMAN, A. B., Principal.
or, J. H. SMITH, Co-Principal.

Feb. 26, 1879.

JUNIATA VALLEY BANK,

OF MIFFLINTOWN, PA.

WITH

BRANCH AT PORT ROYAL.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

J. NEVIN POMEROY, *President.*
T. VAN IRWIN, *Cashier.*

DIRECTORS:

J. Nevin Pomeroy,	Joseph Rothrock,
George Jacobs,	Philip M. Kepner,
Amos G. Bonsall,	Louis E. Atkinson.
W. C. Pomeroy,	

STOCKHOLDERS:

J. Nevin Pomeroy,	James B. Okeson,
Philip M. Kepner,	Wm. Van Sweringen.
Joseph Rothrock,	H. H. Bechtel,
George Jacobs,	Jane H. Irwin,
L. E. Atkinson,	Mary Kurtz,
W. C. Pomeroy,	Samuel M. Kurtz,
Amos G. Bonsall,	J. Holmes Irwin,
Noah Hertzler,	T. V. Irwin,
Daniel Stouffer,	F. B