SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN

MIFFLINTOWN.

Wednesday, February 26, 1879

B. F. SCHWEIER,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Four Millions.

On the 17th day of July, 1877, a riot, an insurrection, or violent and warlike outbreak of men, or whatever else it may please people to call it, began at Martinsburg, West Virginia, and rapidly spread itself until on the 24th of the same month it had disturbed the peace and good order of the people of fourteen States. While its government was not as complete as the government of the Davis Rebellion in 1861, its attraction greatly exceeded that of Confederate management, and it gathered adherents an hundred-fold more rapidly.

The authority at Martinsburg, where the outbreak first manifested itself, was unable to make even a show of resistance to the strikers, rioters, or insurrectionists, and the Governor of the State was called on for help. He promptly responded, and at the head of such military as the Commonwealth had, he marched to the focal point of the disturbance in his State. His troops were unable to cope with the insurrectionists; were driven from the field, and he himself pelted with stones. In such a helpless condition he dispatched to President Hayes for aid. The President promptly responded, by issuing a proclamation, dated at Washington, on the 18th day of July, 1877, against the "insurrectionary proceedings," and at once gave orders for the movement of United States troops to support his proclamation.

On the 20th of the same month Governor Hartranft issued a proclamation against the insurrectionists in Pennsylvania, who were over-riding Pittsburg, Reading, Scranton, and Wilkesbarre, and seriously menacing Harrisburg, the capital of the State, and in an hundred or two other places throughout the State manifesting themselves in such a way that there was no mistaking their purpose—that, if success attended their efforts at the *focal points*, it was intended that the whole territory embraced by their movement should fall to their control.

So threatening to the State Government had affairs become on the 22nd of July, that United States troops, under General Hancock, were marched into Philadelphia, and thence sent to different parts of the Commonwealth where their presence was deemed necessary, and one of their feats was to capture a company of insurrectionists that had thrown a train of cars off the track near Johnstown, Cambria county.

We write, or restate the above facts, to keep the truths fresh and green in the mind that the disturbances were not of a local character, that they were not confined to a county, or counties, or to a State.

Under an old law, on the books in this Commonwealth, an effort has been made to hold Allegheny county responsible for $4,000,000, said to have been destroyed by the insurrectionists in and about Pittsburg, thus clearly localizing the trouble. The sense of the country is, that if laws are on the books of this Commonwealth that require the respective counties to pay for damage to property that a lot of worthless men may commit, the sooner the laws are repealed the better.

It is doubtless true, as Pittsburg says, that if it be possible by *false construction* to require that city and the county of Allegheny to pay damages that grew out of a general insurrection in more than a dozen States, it will nearly, if not entirely, bankrupt that place and county.

The loss of property, under the circumstances of an insurrection, may be hard to bear, but it is not as hard to bear as to cause people who had no agency in the work of destruction to pay for the loss.

If the men who caused the destruction were punished or compelled to pay the damages, *the principle of justice could be seen*; but to allow the guilty to escape and compel those who had not the least agency in the matter to pay, would be to do a wrong through legal enactment, and make a precedent in which a *principle of justice cannot be seen*.

Pittsburg feels that she cannot pay the damages, and her appeal to the State to help her is based on the argument that the insurrection had such proportions that it extended to other places, that the State authority interfered to quell it, and therefore it involves the State, and that if anybody is liable for damages, the whole State is liable.

Pittsburg is correct in denying that the trouble was of a local character. The outbreak did not even begin there, and did not end there; but she is not correct in her conclusion when she wishes to throw the responsibility on the State for damages because of the proclamation of Governor Hartranft, for when she takes up that line of argument to find a place to lay damages she cannot make a period at Governor Hartranft's proclamation and stop there, for that is only half way. She must go further to reach a conclusion to such argument, she must go the proclamation of President Hayes, which antedated that of the Governor two days. President Hayes grappled with the insurrection two days before Governor Hartranft issued his proclamation.

If the proclamation of the Governor, and the movement of State troops bind the State, under the application of the same principle, the proclamation of the President, and the movement of United States troops bind the National Government.

The President's proclamation was issued July 18, 1877, and the proclamation of Governor Hartranft was issued July 20, 1877. It certainly was not a county outbreak, confined to Allegheny county; it certainly was not a State outbreak, confined to Pennsylvania, for it existed in a dozen or more States.

It seems like the application of a pernicious idea, to require the industrious people of a county, and State, who save their money to invest in property and thereby become subjects of taxation, to pay for the outrageous work of such malcontents as may live in the different counties and States. The application of such an idea, or principle, seems like putting a premium on the work of the bad, and a discount on the work of the good.

To take four millions of dollars from the industry and business of the State, as is proposed by a bill now in the Legislature, to pay for the insurrectionary work of the summer of 1877, is looked upon with the greatest disfavor by the people.

Fighting for $250,000,000.

The Big Bonanza Which the Van Horn and Anneke Jans Heirs Claim to Have Discovered.

[We republish the following article from the Philadelphia *Record* of the 12th inst., as a matter of interesting news to people of the same name as mentioned in the article, residing in this county.—ED.]

The Van Horn and Anneke Jans heirs think they have stumbled on a new bonanza. Both bodies have, for the last year, been actively engaged in tracing their genealogy for a century back. The Anneke Janses claim a large portion of the land upon which New York is founded, or what is known in that city as the Trinity Church estate. The Van Horns also claim a tract in close proximity to the former, alleging that their ancestors, a century or so ago, leased this property for ninety-nine years, moved into Pennsylvania, failed to collect the rents, and gradually allowed their title to be lost sight of. But now the heirs say they have made new discoveries. The Anneke Janses have married into the Van Horns, and *vice versa*, until some of the Van Horns are claimants to the Anneke Jans estate, and *vice versa*. More than this, they think they have ascertained that both bodies are the legal heirs of another New York property, known as the Lord Waldron's estate, as well as to another property in Holland, which in itself is valued at $82,000,000.

The efforts to perfect the titles to the properties are, the heirs say, proceeding satisfactorily. The Trinity estate once belonged to one Wolfert Arnant Webber, a grandchild of King William IV, of Holland, who came to this country in 1649. Wolfert secured a grant of sixty-two acres of land, fronting on North river, and running through Chatham street, near to Chatham Square, from Peter Stuyvesant. In turn, he became dissatisfied with the property, and conveyed it to his aunt, Anneke Webber, who came to this country with him. She leased it to Governor Lovelace, the first English Governor of New York, by whom it was released to the then Trinity church authorities.—Meanwhile, Anneke married a man by the name of Jans, and had progeny. When he died, she took unto herself a man named Borgardus, by whom she had children.

The families married and were given in marriage, and to-day their descendants are hunting up old deeds and ransacking worn out trunks to find some documents by which they can give a fair showing of their genealogy from either the Jans or Borgardus families.

Wolfert Webber, when he came to America, left considerable property in Holland. After his arrival here he married a Gertrude Hassing, by whom he had a daughter christened Hellegona. She married a man named Philip Minthorne in 1696. Wolfert Webber died in 1715, leaving a will in which his property was bequeated to his daughter and making Minthorne his executor. But sea traveling in those days, when ocean steamers were unknown, was a risky experiment, and the Minthornes did not think the game worth the candle. Borgardus essayed to cross the water in their interest, but was lost on the way. There the matter dropped for the time.

The Minthornes had children, these married, and so up to the present, day the family has been perpetuated. Recently the Government of Holland advertised for the heirs of the Webber estate, and the latter, who are none other than the Van Horns and Anneke Janses, although among those in Philadelphia are names such as Vanfelt, Hugunsan, Woolsey, Corson, Johnson, Longshore, McAlister, Townsend and Vandergrift, and who have taken preliminary steps in the direction of proving title and taking possession.

The last estate to which the heirs have laid claim is the Harlem Flats, which takes in Hell Gate, Central Park and a large space of ground, 27,809 acres of which are unoccupied. The allegation is that this land was conveyed by the Colonial Governor of New York in 1686 to Lord R. Waldron and four others, the number being afterward increased to twenty-three, the additional ones being sons, daughters and sons-in-law. The entire property, they say, was willed to the fifth generation of the second grantees and the sixth generation of the first ones. These generations have now arrived once more in the persons of the Van Horns. It is calculated that the amount of property for which a fight is shortly to be made, in both the old and new worlds, will not fall much short of $250,000,000.

STATE ITEMS.

2,000 cows in an area of six miles square, in Northampton county, yield over 4,000,000 quarts of milk annually.

Judge Stanton, of Scranton, is under $500 bail to appear at court and answer a charge of libel, which is the first time in the history of the State that such a case has occurred.

Jesse Bastorff, a farmer, of Jackson township, York county, hanged himself on Sunday. It was his second attempt His mind had been affected by the marriage, against his wishes, of his only daughter.

Theopholis H. Smith, the farther of Representative C. A. Smith, of Pike county, is a widower and on Saturday was 70 years old He celebrated the anniversary in grand style, the whole county being shocked because the gay and festive old three-score-and-tenner invited fifteen widows, but not a single fellow-widower.

A fiend named Hollett, living near Franklin, Venango county, cowhided his daughter, a girl of thirteen, because she came home late from school, and he had to wait ten minutes for his supper. He whipped his daughter so severely that she was unable to cook, and, consequently, he missed his supper altogether.

Kate Servis, who was charged in Allegheny City with the larceny of a lot of valuables, of which after trial she was aquitted, brought suit for damages, and she has just been awarded $3,000.

The house of an old man named Jurat, who lives near Atwood, Armstrong county, was entered by two robbers recently, who beat him severely and then carried away about $400 in money and a couple of guns. The villains were tracked by their foot-prints in the snow and captured.

STATE ITEMS.

A man from meadville, Pa., has found a 75,000 lead mine in Colorado.

Four masked men entered R. R. Bachman's store at Reigleisville, Pa., on Friday night, bound and gagged a member of the firm and two clerks, broke open two safes, and decamped with $1,000 worth of bonds.

Austin Clarke, a teacher in the Common Schools of Blairsville, this State, was so beaten, on Monday a week, by the scholars, that he died last Thursday afternoon. The particulars are given by a dispatch as follows: Mr. Clarke was called away to attend a funeral, and employed a substitute, who found it impossible to control the pupils, some of whom left the school without leave. When Mr. Clarke returned the next day the unruly scholars, among whom were two brothers named Spiney, and a boy named Lear, were called upon to explain. The younger Spiney was encouraged to resist the teacher's authority, and when force was used the elder brother struck the teacher over the head with a handy-billy. The boy Lear—who had previously agreed to assist—seized a poker and struck the teacher, and felled him to the floor. The teacher was carried to his home, where he died as above stated. Lear and the younger Spiney were arrested, but the older Spiney escaped, and has not been captured.

The Lancaster *Examiner and Express* of the 17th inst, says: George Benner, a drover of Harrisburg, had his arm cut off at three different places at Downingtown, about six o'clock last evening. He was accompanying a car load of horses drawn by engine No. 164 east, and the freight train, the Downingtown accommodation, east had left the depot. The freight train then moved on, and Benner attempted to get on it while in motion, and was struck by a milk stand, knocking him from the cars, and half the length of the train passed over his arm. It is also thought that there is a hole in the back part of his head. His arm was wedged between the tracks so firmly that it was with considerable trouble that it was released. The injured man, in his despair, wanted some one to cut it off. The company's physician at Downingtown was unable to give him the necessary attention on account of the want of conveniences, and Benner was sent to the hospital at Philadelphia on the Harrisburg accommodation. The man when removed was in a stupor, and the injury may end very seriously.

GENERAL ITEMS.

The New York Senate is considering a bill fixing six per cent. as the legal rate of interest.

Colonel Thomas A. Scott has left Paris and gone to the East, a trip up the Nile being on the programme. His physicians do not advise his return until next spring or summer.

The Rev. Wm. J. Ross, a Baptist preacher, at Cheltenham, Missouri, was so carried away by anger on Saturday a week that he seized a knife and instantly killed L. Montgomery, a parishioner.

The Senate of West Virginia has passed a joint resolution directing the Attorney General to proceed against the Baltimore and Ohio railroad company by a quo warranto for alleged violation of its charter in the matter of excursion charges.

At noon last Thursday, in Crawford county, Ga., John Humber waylaid E. M. Roberson while he was riding on horseback and shot a load of buckshot into his breast, killing him almost instantly. Humber fled. He claims that Roberson called his wife a liar.

The Springfield *Republican* prints the following in its correspondence from Holyoke, Mass.: "In trying to save 'Big Pete' Aubrey's leg, now in a dangerous condition from a wound received in the late war, the doctors have recourse to this curious remedy: A cat is securely muffled, as to its head and claws, cut open, the viscera quickly removed, and the warm, live body wrapped around the wounded leg, the life remaining about ten minutes. This is rather rough on the cats, but it may save Aubrey's leg."

Rev. Joshua V. Himes, of Nebraska, formerly a well-known Millerite preacher and editor in Boston, has joined the Episcopal Church, and is now a candidate for orders. He is 73 years old.

Mrs. Clara S. Foltz, of San Francisco, who was recently admitted to practice as an attorney-at-law in the District Court of that city, has applied for a writ of mandamus against J. P. Hoge and the other trustees of the Hastings Law College to compel them to admit her as a student. Laura De Force Gordon has applied to the Supreme Court for a similar writ.

The communication for which the Grand Duke Nicholas, of Russia, has been exiled to Orenburg was a pamphlet in favor of the speedy construction of the Orenburg and Tashkend railway in order to force England to abandon her resistance to Russia's Eastern policy.

A despatch from Ohio under date of the 20th says; Mrs. Marion West, of Indianapolis, was arrested at Washington Court House, Ohio, yesterday for forgery, having raised a check of twen- dollars to two thousand dollars. The check was given by a farmer whom she had in her toils.

A despatch from Elmira, N. Y., under date of the 20th says; Dr. William B. Pierce, a well known physician, residing near Waverly, N. Y., ran away about a week ago with the wife a journeyman carpenter named Riggs, of Factoryville. Pierce was a married man, deserting his lovely and accomplished wife, the daughter of Abram Thomas, one of the wealthiest residents of Sayre, Penn., Previous to his flight Pierce induced his wife to sign a check purporting to be for $30; it was drawn, however, for $1,500, which money he procured from the bank and fled, it is believed, to California, with Mrs. Riggs, who took with her a young child. The elopement created much excitement at the time, which has now been intensified by the sudden death of the wife whom Pierce had deserted. Mrs. Pierce died unexpectedly a day or two ago, under circumstances which seem to indicate that her death was from poison administered to her by her husband before he fled. She was the possessor of considerable property, and the opinion is expressed that Pierce thought to get control of it in the event of her death and his return afterward. There is a strong public feeling against him, the people of the town being exasperated to such a degree that should he return, he might suffer summary punishment.

GENERAL ITEMS.

The President has approved the act to allow women to practice before the Supreme Court.

The women lawyers of the United States are Mrs. Lockwood, of Washington; Mrs. Mira Bradwell, editor of the Chicago *Legal News*. Miss Phœbe Cozzens, of Missouri; Mrs. Foster of Iowa; Miss Goodell, of Wisconsin, and Mrs. Foltz, of San Francisco.

Among the effects of an old lady who recently died in Maine were found 102 pairs of stockings which she had knitted and stored away.

Twenty-five families of Mennonites in Manitoba cultivates 10,400 acres.

Mrs. Haines, aged eighty-six, of Old Walesboro', Ind., was fatally burned recently in consequence of placing a lighted pipe in her pocket.

George W. Dupre, State printer of Louisiana, has been indicted by the grand jury for perjury.

On the 18th inst sixteen tramps took possession of a Fort Wayne, Jackson and Saginaw railroad engine house driving out the employes. The police captured the entire gang.

The English are sending troops forward into Africa to overcome the defeat of the Zulus.

Noyes, the founder of the Oneida Community, is a cousin of President Hayes, and he was the first person to present Rutherford B Hayes' name for the Presidency.

Senator Howlan, of Prince Edward Island, Province of Ottawa, while disinfecting a ship which had the small pox on board a short time ago, accidentally splashed some of the disinfecting fluid into his eyes and destroyed the sight.

William Conrad, aged sixteen years of Decatur, Indianna, fell from a hay loft, on Monday a week in such a manner that his necktie caught on a hook and he was strangled to death.

Miss Allie Robinson of Indiana aged only 14 years and 9 months, committed suicide by taking morphine. After her mother's death she was placed in charge of her Uncle, Mr. Rink, who objected to her keeping the company of a Mr. Lamb, and for this she took away her own life.

Mrs Elizabeth Leopold died in Graniteville, South Carolina, a few days ago, at the age of 107 years. Around her grave stood the only surviving son, a white haired bent old man of four score; a grand child of fifty-six years, several great-grand children over forty years of age, a number of great great grandchildren more than twenty-five years old and some toddlers, great-great-great-grandchildren—five generations in all.

As long ago as the summer of 1852 Zeb Ward, Sheriff of Kenton county, enticed Henrietta Wood, a free colored woman, to leave her home in Cincinnati and make a flying visit across the Ohio into Kentucky. Once over, the whip whistled about Henrietta's ears and the poor woman was sold as a slave and taken into the heart of Texas. When the war was over Henrietta returned to Cincinnati and brought suit against Ward for damages. The case was in litigation until last April, when the Court awarded her claim of 2,500. Last December a motion for a new trial was filed. Last Saturday Judge Baxter read an eleborate opinion in the Cincinnati Court overruling the motion for a new trial and giving Henrietta her $2,500.

Sam Hall, a Columbus (Ga.) negro was sentenced to be hung, the other day, for the murder of a man named Holmes in November, 1876. The evidence upon which his conviction was based appeared of the strongest character, but he now states that he was in the penitentiary throughout the year 1876, and could not have done the deed He escaped from the penitentiary in 1877. The records show, sure enough that in 1872 the same Sam was sentenced for fifteen years for horse stealing, and that he escaped in February, 1877. His neck is saved.

Six members of the family of W Cox got up from the table at Worchester, Massachusetts, the other day, with their hands accross their stomachs. They had been eating chicken. The doctors relieved all but one, a boy of four years old. A investigation as to what could be the matter was made. It was decided that the poison came from the chicken. The freezing and thawing of the fowl had impregnated it with poisonous gases.

One Eli Wangers entered suit at Ostrander, Ohio, on Saturday a week to recover five thousand dollars from J. C. Faulkner and others, "for damages sustained by receiving a dose of Croton oil, administered in cider, at a sociable in the house of a young lady acquaintance."

A special dispatch on the 18th says that Isaac Newland, a country merchant living near Fort Wayne, Ind., started home from Fort Wayne one evening in September, 1876, getting off the cars at New Haven, the nearest station to his home. His body was found next morning in a lonely piece of woods near New Haven. He had been brutally murdered for the money known to have been on his person when he left Fort Wayne. No trace of the murderer was found until last night, when a courtezan named Mary Durrer confessed that Perry Tracy, John Garmeyer and herself murdered Newland and robbed his body of fifty one dollars. They drove out in a carriage and headed him off after he left the train. Garmeyer is dead and Tracey is serving out a life sentence for murdering one James O'Brien. Mary also states that the same persons murdered a woman named Lizzie Early four years ago, she having incurred their wrath.

New Advertisements.

Airy View Academy.

IN connection with the regular Academic course of this institution a NORMAL CLASS will be organized on the

SEVENTH OF APRIL, 1879.

Term to continue Twelve Weeks.

Board and Furnished Room, $2.50 per week. For particulars send for circular to

J. T. AILMAN, A. B., Principal.
or, J. H. SMITH, Co-Principal.

Feb. 26, 1879.

WE HAVE IT AT LAST.

A perfect working Shirt Bosom Stretcher and Ironing Board. Best selling article in market. Sells at sight, both in city and country. It is superior in every respect, and more saleable than any other board. The latest improvement over all.—Patented Nov. 20, 1877. Large percentage paid. Territory sellers and canvassers wanted. Agents do not fail to send for circular and terms to A. W. Smith, McKeesport, Allegheny county, Pa. Say in what paper you saw this adv't. [oct16

Legal Notices.

RECEIPTS & EXPENDITURES

OF THE

COUNTY OF JUNIATA,

FROM JANUARY 1, 1878, TO JANUARY 1, 1879.

To the Honorable, the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Juniata County:

The undersigned, Auditors of the county of Juniata, elected and sworn according to law, to audit, settle, and adjust the accounts of the Treasurer, Sheriff, and Commissioners of the said county of Juniata, respectfully report: That we met in the Auditors' Office in Mifflintown, on the first Monday of January, 1879, it being the 6th day of the month; and, after careful examination of said accounts, we find them to be as follows, from the 1st day of January, 1878, to the 1st day of January, 1879, inclusive; the Treasurer for the year 1878, Robert E. Parker, being present at this settlement:

1878. ROBERT E. PARKER, *Treas.*		Dr.
Jan. 1, To bal. from last year....	$15701 70	
To outstanding taxes from last year	14797 19	
To amt. of taxes levied for 1878..	19497 50	
Jan. 12, To cash from Milford twp. on account of judgment.....	80 00	
April 8, To ditto.....	92 00	
Dec. 4, To cash from Esq. Barner, fines, killing game out of season	5 00	
Dec. 21, To cash for verdict fees, by J. Beidler.....	48 00	
Dec. 31, To cash rec'd by James Deen from sale of Bonds	25119 53	
		$75340 83
1878. CONTRA.		Cr.
Dec. 31, By county orders paid, issued in 1877...	$ 1412 66	
By ditto, issued in 1878.	48154 34	
By road view certificates paid.....	203 90	
By cash to W. Smith, Supt, on account of Teachers' Institute....	169 00	
By State tax paid, as per receipt.....	1124 84	
By percentage on same.	11 36	
By exonerations to collectors	618 18	
By outstanding taxes...	18617 36	
By Treasurer's salary...	775 00	
By bal. due county.....	4254 19	
		$75340 83
Jan. 1, 1879, To bal. due county..	$4254 19	

1878. WM. D. WALLS, *Sheriff.* Cr.
Dec. 31, To verdict fees during year $48 00

1878. CONTRA. Cr.
Dec. 31, By cash from Prothonotary Beidler..... $48 00

JAMES W. MCLAUGHLIN, D. B. COX, and W. H. GRONINGER, *late Commissioners.*

1878.		Cr.
Dec. 31, To amount of Bonds sold during the year.....		$25577 05
1878. CONTRA.		Cr.
Dec. 31, By cash paid to Treasurer R. E. Parker. by James Deen.....	$25119 53	
By bal. due county.....	457 52	
		$25577 05
Jan. 1, 1879, To bal. due county..		$457 52

STATEMENT of OUTSTANDING TAXES in the hands of the several Collectors, January 6th, 1879:

Yr.	Collectors.	Districts.	Amts.
1875	John Conn....	Spruce Hill.	$ 34 74
1876	Philip Smith..	Lack	107 17
1877	I. Brennisholtz	Beale	135 56
1877	H. H. Brubaker	Fayette.....	92 75
1877	John Harry...	Tuscarora..	597 47
1877	Henry Hopple.	Delaware ..	473 96
1877	G. W. Jacobs .	Port Royal .	196 66
1877	John M'Minn..	Walker	804 95
1877	W Poffenberg'r.	Fermanagh .	198 90
1877	Mathias Stump	Lack	346 16
1877	David Swarts .	Monroe.....	358 39
1877	Sam'l Wharton	Spruce Hill.	120 09
1877	H. F. Zeiders.	Greenwood .	1137 37
1878	Jas. Cubbison..	Spruce Hill.	1314 53
1878	A. A. Crozier.	Port Royal.	419 38
1878	Jos. Dowling..	Tuscarora..	1096 70
1878	S. C. Frank...	Patterson ..	340 93
1878	Jos. Feerer...	Thomps'nt'n	83 37
1878	Jos. Gray.....	Lack	581 69
1878	H. S. Goshen.	Mifflintown.	724 97
1878	D. G. Garman.	Susquehan'a	555 45
1878	Stewart Heuch	Turbett....	886 97
1878	O. P. Harris..	Milford	1057 97
1878	Wm. Kurtz ...	Walker	2395 65
1878	D B M'Williams	Beale.....	813 55
1878	Simon Mumma	Fermanagh.	1394 51
1878	H. Minnium ..	Green wood	304 92
1878	S. S. Stong...	Fayette	1662 03
1878	D. Spicher....	Delaware...	973 46
1878	J Sheilenberg'r	Monroe	557 89
			$18617 36

All of which is respectfully submitted.

JOHN F. ALLEN,
LEWIS DEGAN,
County Auditors.

AUDITORS' OFFICE,
Mifflintown, Jan. 18, 1879.

STATEMENT OF ORDERS DRAWN by the Commissioners of the County of Juniata, on the Treasurer thereof, from the 1st day of January, 1878, to the 1st day of January, 1879, as taken from the records in the Commissioners' Office:

Miscellaneous.

Buyers & Kennedy, coal for jail ...$	32 55
County Auditors	66 24
G. W. Jacobs, abatement allowed tax-payers.....	17 50
Crew, Moore & Levick, for gasoline	25 13
D. S. Coyle, Juniata County Agricultural Society.....	100 00
Wm. Knavel, overpaid tax, 1876...	11 42
L. Banks, medical attendance at jail	5 00
John Kelley, abatement allowed tax payers	31 20
C. B. Horning, abatement allowed tax payers.....	31 44
C. B. Horning, per cent. as collector	56 10
Wm. Clark, abatement allowed tax payers.....	35 68
Wm. Clark, per cent. as collector..	78 93
Wm. Rutherford, abatement to tax payers	13 00
Wm. Rutherford, per cent. as collector	31 92
Daniel Knouse, per cent. as collector	36 03
Buyers & Kennedy, coal for jail....	20 00
George Shively, abatement allowed tax payers.....	73 28
T. J. Reynolds, commission as collector	10 13
Jacob Fisher, abatement allowed tax payers.....	5 64
Jacob Fisher, commission as collector.....	19 47
Peter Kilmer, com. as collector....	71 76
George Shively, com. as collector..	143 66
W. N. Sterrett, com. as collector..	103 02
D. S. Coyle, Juniata County Agricultural Society.....	100 00
Buyers & Kennedy, coal for court house and jail.....	129 50
S. M. Beale, abatement on tax.....	43 25
S. M. Beale, per cent. as collector.	79 42
Mathias Stump, abatement on tax..	9 52
Andrew Reed, attorney's fees on State tax	300 00
Samuel Wharton, com. as collector,	80 42
H. H. Brubaker, com. as collector .	115 29
Alexander Speddy, court crier	43 00
D. P. Sulouff & Co., boarding jurors in 1878.....	39 40
Jury Commissioners and Clerk.....	66 60
Jas. F. Cummings, short hand writer	150 00
S. B. London, court crier...	32 00
Sundry small bills, amounting to...	236 45
Total .....$	2408 36

Constables' and Justices' fees in Commonwealth Cases

E. W. H. Kreider, S. S. Wilson and others.....	$210 65

Commonwealth Witnesses.

J. Wesley McNew and others	$507 22

Coroners' and Justices' Inquisitions.

Jos. Middagh, Wm. Dunn & others	$108 88

Public Buildings.

J. F. Hummel and others, repairs to court house.....	$ 54 80

Courts, and Jurors' Pay—Grand and Petit.

Joseph Ard, Solomon Books and others.....	$2847 88

County Bonds Redeemed.

E. S. Doty, Geo. W. Jacobs and others.....	$62652 08

Legal Notices.

Assessors.

Aaron Leidy, John Adams & others	$407 50

Constables' Returns and Tip Staves.

Robt. Rhine, John McCoy & others	$391 91

Wild Cat, Fox and Mink Scalps.

Andrew Yeater, George Honts and others	$402 05

County Prison.

Wm. D. Walls, keeping tramps, boarding prisoners, fees, &c..	$1554 40

Road Damages.

Wm. G. Barnard	$50 00
Thomas Quinn	28 00
Emanuel Moyer.....	25 00
J. B. Obeson.....	50 00
William Hart.....	90 00
Eliza Bair, Adm'r of M. Bair, dec'd ..	6 50
J. C. Crawford.....	20 00
T. S. Thompson.....	75 00
Total.....	$344 50

Interest.

Joseph Rothrock, John Book and others	$3194 32

Public Printing.

Bonsall & Jackman.....	$323 68
B. F. Schweier	266 84
Total	$590 52

Stationery.

Wm. Mann, dockets for Prothonotary's and Register's offices, and stationery	$177 18
F. L. Hutter, transcripts and registration books	81 02
Total	$258 20

Bridges.

Hench, McCulloch, Hertzler and others, material furnished and repairs done to county bridges ..	$431 78

Commissioners' Office and Court House.

James McLaughlin, commissioner's fees	$238 50
D. B. Cox, do. do.....	212 25
W. H. Groninger, do. do.....	192 16
Jacob A. Christy, counsel's fees...	50 00
Jacob A. Christy, fee for collecting money from sureties of tax col.	10 00
James Deen, clerk	480 00
John McNulty, janitor.....	119 00
Total	$1301 91

Public Offices.

J. A. Christy, auditing Prothonotary's office and Register and Recorder's office.....	$ 16 00
A. J. Patterson, District Attorney fees.....	45 00
Jacob Beidler, Prothonotary's fees.	386 86
Total.....	$447 86

General and Spring Elections.

Michael Rumfelt, William Clark and others, judges, inspectors, clerks &c., for holding general & spring elections	$748 11

Recapitulation.

Miscellaneous.....	$2408 36
Constables' and Justices' Fees in Commonwealth Cases.....	210 65
Commonwealth Witnesses.....	507 22
Coroner's and Justices' Inquisitions	108 88
Public Buildings	54 80
Jurors' Pay—Grand and Petit....	2847 88
County Bonds Redeemed	$2452 08
Assessors	407 50
Constables' Returns, Tip Staves, &c	391 91
Wild Cat, Fox and Mink Scalps...	402 05
County Prison	1554 40
Road Damages.....	344 50
Interest.....	3194 32
Public Printing.....	590 52
Stationery	258 20
Bridges	431 78
Commissioners' Office.....	1301 91
Public Offices.....	447 86
General and Spring Elections	748 11
Grand total.....	$48,652 93

WE, the Commissioners of the county of Juniata for the year 1878, in compliance with the law, do publish the foregoing as a full statement of the Receipts and Expenditures of the county aforesaid for the year 1878.

Given under our hands at the Commissioners' Office in Mifflintown this 28th day of January, 1879.

J. BANKS WILSON,
H. L. MCMEEN,
J. P. MCWILLIAMS,
Commissioners.

Attest:
JAMES IRWIN, *Clerk.*

Is addition to the foregoing statement of the Receipts and Expenditures of the county of Juniata for the year 1878, we herewith publish the following, as showing the indebtedness of the county of Juniata on the 1st day of January, 1879, as ascertained by the County Auditors, on examination of the same, to wit:

Aggregate amount of outstanding County Bonds, with interest on the same, up to Jan. 1, 1879...		$57,041 21
Outstanding orders	508 59	
		$57,549 80
Outstanding taxes in the hands of collectors, on Jan. 1, 1879.....	$18,617 36	
Bal. in hands of Treasurer.....	4,254 19	
Bal. of judgment vs. Milford township	555 00	
Balance in hands of old Commissioners.....	457 52	
		23,884 07
Indebtedness of Co. Jan. 1, 1879,		$33,665 73

Respectfully, &c.

J. BANKS WILSON,
H. L. MCMEEN,
J. P. MCWILLIAMS,
Commissioners.

Attest:
JAMES IRWIN, *Clerk.*

Commissioners' Office,
Mifflintown, Jan. 28, 1879.

Prothonotary's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that Reuben Leonard, Assignee of Samuel Leonard, has filed his account, as said Assignee, in the Prothonotary's office of Juniata county, and that the same will be presented for confirmation and allowance at the Court House in Mifflintown, on TUESDAY, MARCH 18, 1879.

GEO. REYNOLDS, *Prothonotary.*

Prothonotary's Office,
Mifflintown, Feb. 19, 1879.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Philo Hamlin, dec'd.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION on the estate of Philo Hamlin, deceased, late of the borough of Mifflintown Juniata county, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands are requested to make known the same without delay to

PHILO D. HAMLIN,
Feb. 12, 1879. *Administrator.*

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Jane Boblitz, of Juniata county, who was the wife of Jonas Thatcher, a sergeant in the war of 1812, who died in the year 1835, intends to apply to the General Assembly of Pennsylvania for the passage of a special bill granting certain relief to her, the said Jane Boblitz, and in accordance with Art. 5, Sec. 8 of the Constitution of Pennsylvania and an act passed in accordance with the same, I do hereby publish and make known my intention to make application to have an act passed for the relief of Jane Boblitz, a widow of a soldier of the war of eighteen hundred and twelve.

JANE BOBLITZ.

Jan 14, 1879.

CAUTION NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against trespassing on the lands of the undersigned either in Delaware or Walker township, for the purpose of fishing or hunting, or for any other purpose.

L. E. ATKINSON.
N. A. LUKENS.
G. S. LUKENS.

oct31-tf

NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against trespassing, for hunting, or other purposes, on the lands of the undersigned, in Milford township, Juniata county.

HENRY GRONINGER.
JOHN CUNNINGHAM.

Dec 10, 1877-tf

Legal Notices.

Register's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following persons have filed their accounts in the Register's Office in Mifflintown, and that the same will be presented to the Court for confirmation and allowance, on TUESDAY, MARCH 18, 1879:

1. The first and partial account of David Hetrick, administrator of Jerome Hetrick, late of Mexico, Walker township, deceased.

2. The account of Samuel S. Pannebaker, executor of Benjamin Pannebaker, late of Beale township, deceased.

3. The first and partial account of J. W. Kenepp, adm'r of John Kenepp, late of Lack township, dec'd.

4. The first and final account of Jeremiah Lyons, administrator *cum-testamento-annexo* of Philip Ranck, Sr., late of Walker township, deceased.

5. The account of Daniel Sieber, guardian of Isaac Nathan Bell, minor child of Ephraim Bell, deceased.

6. The first and final account of D. B. and John D. Milliken, executors of Thomas I. Milliken, late of Spruce Hill township, deceased.

7. The first and final account of Daniel Knouse, administrator *d. b. n. c. t. a.* of Adam Dressler, late of the township of Monroe, deceased.

8. The first and final account of Samuel Dimm, guardian of Lewis A. Dimm, minor son of John Dimm, dec'd.

9. The first and final account of William Gosshorn, administrator *cum-testamento-annexo* of Christian Cook, late of Lack township, deceased.

10. The first and final account of John Kurtz, executor of Nancy Musser, late of Monroe township, deceased.

11. The first and final account of Samuel Dimm, guardian of Minerva E. Sieber Dimm, minor daughter of John Dimm, deceased.

I. D. MUSSER, *Register.*

Register's Office, Mifflintown,
Feb. 18, 1879.

Administrators' Notice.

Estate of Robert Patterson, deceased.

WHEREAS Letters of Administration on the estate of Robert Patterson, deceased, late of Spruce Hill twp., Juniata county, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will please present them without delay to

THOMAS T. PATTON, *Adm'r.*

Jan. 22, 1879.

CAUTION NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against trespassing upon the lands of the undersigned, in Fayette, Delaware or Walker township, by fishing, hunting, or in any other way