

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

GOVERNOR, General Henry M. Hoyt, of Luzerne.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR, Hon. Charles W. Stone, of Warren.

SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS, Hon. Aaron K. Dunkel, of Philadelphia.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT, Judge James P. Sterrett, of Allegheny.

Republican City Ticket.

CONGRESS, Hon. H. G. Fisher, of Haverhill County.

ASSEMBLY, Dr. J. P. Sterrett, of Port Royal.

COMMISSIONERS, H. L. McKeen, of Tuscarora.

J. Banks Wilson, of Fayette.

PROTHONOTARY, J. W. Wagner, of Fernhurst Township.

TREASURER, Jacob Lemon, of Fayette.

AUDITORS, Lewis Deagan, of Port Royal.

Samuel Cooper, of Port Royal.

The speediest way for a man to repudiate his individual obligations is to get out such an amount of paper against himself as that it will be apparent to every man who makes himself acquainted with the circumstances of the case, that the paper can never be redeemed. He will be forced to say, "I cannot pay my obligations," and that will put the stamp of worthlessness on his paper. When a man gets too much paper out, and it becomes apparent that it cannot be paid, that is the end of the paper, no one will receive it. "But," says a Greenbacker, "pay the old obligation with new paper." How would such a proposal work individually? If A gives B ten \$1.00 promissory notes, and B comes around to A and says, "Mr. A, I would like to have pay for those notes." "Yes, yes, Mr. B, give me the old notes, and here is your pay in new notes." Would that be paying the indebtedness? What a system!

The Greenbacker says the currency that this country needs is paper currency; no other kind is needed; that gold and silver currency is a humbug. In this particular case the Greenbacker argues from the point that paper money is a national currency, and that is the one that might be quite right if our interests were confined to ourselves, but such is not the case. We send and receive from other nations, products of all kinds; we travel to and from all nations; we engage in all kinds of commerce that the world engages in, and of course must have the world's money for all such intercourse. There is only one condition of society that will permit of an irredeemable paper currency, and that is the one that will shut itself out from all the world—away from everybody, and keep everybody away. We, as a nation, would have to get closer than the Chinese in point of exclusiveness.

A WAR between England and Afghanistan is about to take place. Afghanistan is a country in Asia. The cause of the trouble is that the government of Afghanistan refused to accord to English government representatives, privileges that are extended to representatives of the Russian government. As the question now stands it looks as if England and Russia will be brought to blows by the partiality of Afghanistan. European dispatches report English troops as already on the march for the country that so grievously insulted Alibon by refusing to receive her envoy, or ambassador. This is the second time that England directly crosses the path of Russia. If Russia were to send troops to resent an insult as is England, almost bloody war could not be avoided.

HUGHES, THURMAN, and other leading Democrats, favor the greenback irredeemable money, because they know that after such a system of finance has been put into practice, repudiation will follow, and then the hated unconstitutional money, as they called it, will be disposed of. The fair square opposition to it, made by the rebel element of the South is more commendable.

The currency question is the only issue. You are for irredeemable money, or for honest money. Ninety per cent. of the irredeemable money men are misled; they would not willingly wrong themselves by wronging the country, but they do both by advocating the payment of national obligations in irredeemable money.

If the irredeemable money men get into power, and pay the obligations in irredeemable currency, who would ever loan money to the Government hereafter, in times when it may need it? The policy of the Labor Reform Greenbacker will destroy the credit, and bankrupt the nation.

The free-traders are full of hope that the next Congress will listen to their request and pass a free-trade act. They are organizing all over the country for the purpose of making a simultaneous movement on Congress when it meets.

The great business interests of this country are wrapped up in Republican rule. If you wish to still further unsettle the business, go and vote for the Democratic or Greenback cause.

It is a mistake for a man to say that he cannot make the financial affairs of the country worse than they are; but some people will not be satisfied except by the bitterest experience.

STEALING bodies from graves for the doctors, has got to be a trouble in certain places in the West.

THE Paris Exhibition will remain open until November 29.

POLITICAL NOTES. From the Atchison (Kansas) Champion. We are inflexibly opposed to the new-fangled, "flat" greenback. It is a bastard greenback. It is a fraud and a cheat. It bears not the slightest resemblance to the greenback we have now in circulation. The old-fashioned greenback, the child of the Republican party, is an honest greenback. It is the promise note of the Republic, and the faith and honor of the nation it pledged in its redemption in the money of the civilized world. It is now as good as gold. We are opposed to degrading it. We are opposed to substituting for it a bastard "flat" scrip, irredeemable, and issued by billions to destroy our commerce, paralyze our industry, inaugurate a period of wild speculation, inflate values, dishonor our good name, and wreck the happiness and prosperity of the people.

From the Burlington Hawkeye. General Weaver is a consistent fat money man. He would just as soon chew up a milk ticket when he is thirsty as drink a quart of milk. So long as the ticket is good for the milk it suits him just as well. When he wants to go to Chicago he buys a ticket, sits down in his office, and actually believes that he goes to Chicago without getting out of his chair, because his ticket says it is good for a passage to Chicago.

Here are words of truth and soberness from Mr. George H. Pendleton. "The writ of man has never discovered a means by which paper currency can be kept at par value except by its steady, certain convertibility into gold and silver." These words however, were spoken in 1862. Now Mr. Pendleton, as well as Mr. Thurman and other western Democratic states men, seem to have forgotten what he knew so well sixteen years ago.

[From the Pittsburgh National Labor Tribune, Workingman's Organ.]

Andrew H. Dill as a Reformer.

Mr. Speer asks the people of Pennsylvania to vote for Mr. Dill as the special representative of honesty, and an economical administration of the State government. A reference to the record of Mr. Speer upon the Congressional bank pay salary grab leads some to doubt his sincerity in the cause of reform, and a reference to the proceedings of the Democratic State Convention of 1873, which rejected him for this reason as its chairman, may impair their confidence in his right to speak for his party.

The record of Mr. Dill himself does not sparkle with evidences of his devotion to economical administration of the State finances, nor of a desire to protect the Treasury from corporate and individual greed.

Section 5 of the supplement to the act to authorize the New York and Erie Railroad Company to construct said road through a portion of Susquehanna county, approved March 26, 1846, is as follows:

"Section 5. That it shall be the duty of the president and managers of said company, as soon as said rail road shall have been completed through Susquehanna and Pike counties, Pennsylvania, to prepare, a full and accurate of the census of that portion of said road within the territory of this State, authenticated by the oath or affirmation of the president and secretary of said company, and communicate the same to the Auditor General of this Commonwealth, who shall file the statement in his office. That after said railroad has been completed and in operation to Dun kirk or shall have been completed to the western end with any other improvement extending to Lake Erie, said company shall cause to be paid into the Treasury of this State, annually in the month of January, TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS; and any neglect or refusal by said company to pay as aforesaid shall work a forfeiture of the rights and privileges granted by this act."

This annual payment of ten thousand dollars having attracted the attention of certain covetous gentlemen, a bill was introduced at the session of our Legislature of 1870, entitled "An Act to incorporate the Milford and Matamoras Railroad Company," authorizing Henry S. Mott, D. M. Vanuiken and others to construct a railroad from a point in Milford, in Pike county, to a point near the village of Matamoras, in the same county. The country is not large, and the population is not dense, quite the contrary, and the enterprise was not formidable. The act having been approved 1st April, 1870, was promptly followed by a supplement containing the following remarkable section:

"Section 4. That said company shall connect with the Erie Railway at the railroad bridge constructed by the Erie Railway at the village of Matamoras; and that the provisions of the fifth section of the act entitled 'An Act to authorize the New York and Erie Railroad Company to construct a road in the State of Pennsylvania,' approved March twenty-sixth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, shall ensure to the benefit and be enjoyed by the Milford and Matamoras Railroad Company, their successors and assigns, for the term of ninety-nine years, as fully and to all intents and purposes as if the same had originally been enacted for the benefit of said Milford and Matamoras Railway Company; Provided, however, nothing in this act shall be construed to exonerate or relieve the New York and Erie Railroad from the provisions of the fifth section of said act of March 26, 1846; and provided further, that said Milford and Matamoras Railroad shall be completed within three years, or this act shall be null and void."

This is the little joker—part of an act entitled simply 'A Supplement to the Milford and Matamoras Railroad Company.' And in this connection I want to call the attention of the Senate to section 8, article XL of the constitution of Pennsylvania, which provides that no bill shall be passed by the legislature containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in the title, except appropriation bills.

"Just how far this title, namely, 'A Supplement to the Milford and Matamoras Railroad Company,' clearly expresses the subject of the act, others can determine and govern their notions of rights vesting under the bill accordingly.

"But, sir, there is a further history in relation to this matter. The bill after its supposed passage was hurried to the Secretary's office, and there the champion of the measure represented that his wife was dangerously ill; that he had to get home that night; that it was very important that he should get home that night; and he signed a supplementary bill to the enrollment law, and took a certified copy home with him. The bill was registered and he was directed to take it to the Secretary of the Commonwealth for examination, but instead of doing so, he took it directly to the Governor, and by making similar appeals and representations in relation to sickness in his family, and misrepresenting the character of the bill, he procured the Executive's signature.

"And here let me remark upon a somewhat remarkable coincidence. When it was necessary to have this bill signed there was somebody sick. When this repealing act was to be considered by the Senate Committee, it was put off from time to time because somebody was alleged to be sick, and I notice in looking over the record of a closing of the Assembly, in the other branch of the legislature, the effort was made to prevent its consideration because again somebody was sick. It seems in some way to be connected with a great deal of sickness, enough to almost occasion a suspicion as to the character of the malady.

"But to return more particularly to the history of the matter, some time in April, 1870, application was made to the Governor for letters patent, which he refused to grant on account of the peculiarity of the measure, and the manner in which its signature was obtained, and not until

the 26th of July, 1871, were letters patent granted under the act to incorporate the Milford and Matamoras Railroad Company, but no reference was made therein to the supplement which proposed to give this nice little annuity of ten thousand dollars to the company for the term of ninety-nine years.

After quoting the language of Governor Geary's messages recommending the repeal, the Senator had read an article from a Harrisburg correspondent to the Philadelphia Inquirer of March 18, giving a complete exposure of the matter, and concluded as follows:

"The supplement is also in conflict with that portion of the fifth section of the constitution, which provides 'That the credit of the commonwealth shall not in any manner or event be loaned to any individual, company, corporation or association.' Yet in this act the credit of the commonwealth to the extent of ten thousand dollars annually, for the period of ninety-nine years, is loaned or given to this proposed Milford and Matamoras Railroad Company, a corporation created by the Legislature of the State.

"Now, the only allegation that I have heard against the repeal of this odious section, was with reference to vested rights. To that I have only to answer in a few words. If this Milford and Matamoras Railroad Company have any vested rights to this annuity, it receives them either by the letters patent or the supplement to its charter. But it cannot get such rights from the letters patent, for no reference whatever is made therein to the provisions of the supplement, and it cannot get them from the latter, for that is in conflict with the constitution, and therefore void. But even if it should be constitutional its passage and approval was secured by trickery and misrepresentation, and it is therefore not entitled to that consideration due to honest and proper legislation."

Yet upon a call of the yeas and nays, with a full understanding of all the facts, Mr. Dill voted against the repeal.

When Mr. Dill next appears before the footlights in the character of a reformer, let him explain this vote, and then we will call his attention to other like indiscretions.

POLITICAL NOTES.

THE Massachusetts Democrats want hard money.

Dill, Clymer, and Coffroth were at Johnston on Tuesday night. Clymer omitted to state to the foreman of that section that he did all he could to destroy their works by trying to pass Fernando Woods, free trade bill.

The Standard, the organ of the Greenback party of Massachusetts, has suspended its publication for lack of support, after an existence of five months.

There are more Hoyt clubs in Pennsylvania than were ever organized by the Republican party in a political caucus.

Speer says Mr. Dill will discuss all questions with Mr. Mason or any other candidate for Governor. We propose that they start out with the Nine Million Steel which Dill so ably advocated in the Pennsylvania Senate.—(Clinton Republican.)

The debt of Iowa, the banner State of Republicanism, is \$1,000,000, while the debt of Missouri, the banner State of Democracy, is over \$30,000,000. A distinction with a difference.

Four hundred naturalization papers are already in course of preparation in Luzerne county.

The "tremendous" oration to Dill at Wilkesbarre was given by seventeen persons present, including orators.

The Democratic press of this State seems a great deal mixed on finances, and reasonably so. The platform proclaimed for soft money, but seeing that this was a blunder, Mr. Dill jumped upon hard money; and now Senator Wallace veers toward the same conception and in the meantime the organs blow soft and hard, hot and cold, as their instincts or impetuous condition may demand.

STATE ITEMS. The State Fair was largely attended at Erie, last week.

A bridge near Huntington fell into the water while a two horse team and driver were in the act of crossing the other day, killing both animals, the man escaping with slight injuries.

On Monday, Detective W. W. Yobe arrested William Cox and Lewis Febr of Bushkill township, Northampton county, for placing obstruction upon the track of the Lehigh and Lackawanna Railroad, for the purpose of wrecking a train on the 18th inst. Cox confessed to the crime, saying he committed it at the instigation of Febr, who paid him for the deed.

A young attorney-at-law in Pittsburg named Lightenheld has fallen heir to a fortune of \$200,000 in Germany.

H. R. Knecht, who committed suicide at Jersey Shore by cutting his throat, left \$88, directing that the exchequer and throws into the water, and be therefrom, and that the balance should be sent to his wife in New York.

A Remarkable Dream. The Edenburg (Clarion county) Herald tells the following story: For several years past a notion peddler named Goodman, has made periodical visits to this county, and during that time has sold over eight several times at the house of John Logue in Perry township. In fact his visits have become so frequent of late that Mr. Logue looked on him as an old friend. One night last week the same individual came round and took lodgings as usual. Next morning he related a singular dream which he had during the night, to the his own wife, who had a hidden treasure in a tree which stood on Mr. Logue's farm. The peddler staid in the neighborhood for two or three days, and made his headquarters at Mr. Logue's house. For three successive nights he claimed to have dreamed the identical dream and on the morning of the third prevailed on Mr. Logue to accompany him to the spot. In a dense wood the peddler pointed out a large oak tree as the one he saw in his vision. It was apparently sound at the butt, but about twenty feet up, a limb had broken off. Mr. Logue did not feel like humoring what he supposed to be a superstitious whim, but the old fellow seemed to have so much confidence in his vision that he offered Mr. Logue one-half of the spoils if he would help him cut down the tree.

He did so. When the tree fell there was a rattle of coins near where the limb had broken off, and a small hoop was found there. By a little chopping a larger cavity was found, and enclosed therein was "loads of silver." Both seemed to be wild with delight, and on counting up found the pile amounted to \$5,000. The peddler expressed his unwillingness to carry around so much silver in his pocket, and inquired where he would be likely to get greenbacks for his share. Mr. Logue, having considerable money in his house, immediately transferred to the peddler \$2,500 in paper money and took charge of the entire bulk of silver. The peddler went off and has not since been heard from. On endeavoring to pass some of the silver it was found to be counterfeit of the poorest kind. Mr. Logue is \$2,500 out, and the story ends. It was a job of a gang of counterfeiters which probably inhabit this county.

Western Cattle Trade. From the Baltimore Sun. Few people in the East have any idea of the magnitude to which stock raising has grown in the West, and they probably be somewhat astonished to learn that the returns for the present season give California 650,000 head, Colorado 550,000, Utah 850,000, Montana 200,000, Wyoming 200,000, Washington 200,000, and Oregon 175,000; a total of 2,450,000 head. Texas is estimated to have twice as many more, making a grand total of between seven and eight millions beaver now fattening or about to be fattened for the eastern markets. Within the last few years a great change has taken place in the cattle trade, and although, as shown above, Texas now holds the lead it is likely that at no distant day the range in the middle latitude States will be the great center of breeding. The cattle drives from Texas thither this season will reach it, it is thought, a total of 250,000 head, and even far off Oregon sends its contribution of 100,000 head, some to be held back on the plains, but a portion to be driven direct across the continent for eastern marketing.

The sheep-shearing match that took place at French Camp on Saturday between Thomas King and G. Caruthers, for a purse of \$500, was won by Thomas King. The shearing began at half-past 8, and at noon King had sheared thirty-one sheep and Caruthers thirty. A truce was declared for dinner, after which the shearing was resumed and continued until ten minutes past two o'clock, when King had sheared forty-five sheep to forty-one sheared by Caruthers. The latter then gave up the contest, as he had given out. There were eighty or ninety persons present, about thirty of whom were from Stockton. Representatives of the sporting fraternity were there, of course, to bet on the result. While the shearing was in progress a gambling game was dealt out for the entertainment of the crowd by Antoine Aldeco, a Stockton sport. The sheep were said to have been well sheared, but they had little wool, and the by-standers were tolerably well fleeced.—Stockton Independent.

The greatest oil-pond in America is on the farm of James N. Wells, in the town of Riverhead. It covers five acres, and is now so full of eels that they can be raked out with a garden rake. Two years ago Mr. Wells put the track of the Lehigh and Lackawanna Railroad, for the purpose of wrecking a train on the 18th inst. Cox confessed to the crime, saying he committed it at the instigation of Febr, who paid him for the deed.

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The next petroleum excitement will probably be in Clearfield county where a number of strikes have been made within the past few weeks, and where extensive preparations are making for boring.

Archbishop Wood confirmed 450 Catholics as members of the Catholic Church of the Holy Infancy in South Bethlehem on Sunday last week.

The entire survey of the Conemaugh and Kiskiminetto rivers will be made by the middle of next month, and it will then be determined whether these streams can be rendered navigable.

GENERAL ITEMS. On Monday afternoon a week the house of Mrs. Abby Davol, in Portsmouth, R. I., was discovered on fire. When neighbors reached the scene nothing could be saved. The body of Mrs. Davol could be seen on a bed burned to a crisp. By the side of the stove was a kerosene can, which probably explains the disaster.

A "tame" bear at Romo, Michigan, seized a little girl on Saturday last and injured her so severely that she can scarcely recover. She was rescued by a woman, who drove the beast off with a large stone.

John White a former salesman in a St. Louis cutlery house, has been arrested for burglarizing the concern while sleeping in the office. His possessions exceeded over three months, and the goods stolen are valued \$4000.

GENERAL ITEMS.

London, Ontario has sent two thousand blankets to the yellow fever sufferers.

Indian Ocean calls attention to the fact that hogs had been knocked in the head in Chicago, cut up and sold for fresh pork. Investigation is badly needed in that city.

The Indian scare in Nebraska continues, and settlers are appealing to the military authorities for protection. James Mullen, a wealthy farmer living near Gower, Mo., was found dead near his barn, on Saturday morning, with his flesh nearly all eaten by hogs. It is supposed that he was killed by falling from the loft of the barn.

STATE ITEMS. Thomas Mosier, of Butler turned highwayman the other night, and hatched a Millerstown peddler by the name of Van Houghton, robbed him of \$150. Mosier is in jail.

The Lancaster County Tobacco Grower's Society is to be disbanded.

NERVOUS DEBILITY. Vital weakness or depression is a weak, excited feeling, no energy or courage; the result of mental over-work, indiscretions or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by NEPHEUR'S HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, drives the gloom and despondency, restores strength, and drives away the depression, restores the entire man. Been used twenty years with perfect success. Sold in single vials, or \$5.00 per package of five vials and \$2.00 per vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Write to NEPHEUR'S HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINE DEPOT, 109 FULTON STREET, N. Y.

For sale by HAMLIN & CO., Patterson, Pa. July 19, 1878.

Legal Notices. ORPHANS' COURT SALE. BY virtue of a decree of the Orphans' Court of Juniata county, the undersigned, executor of the last will and testament of Jesse Saylor, deceased, will sell at public sale, on the premises, in Turbett township, Juniata county, at 2 o'clock P. M., on FRIDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1878, the following valuable real estate, to-wit: A tract of farm land in said township, bounded by the farm of Daniel McConnel, Dr. G. M. Graham, Yost Taylor, Tom Stewart and others, containing about 70 acres, more or less, which are situated in the balance good timberland. The improvements are a

STONE AND FRAME HOUSE, Log Barn, and good out-buildings. The land is all under good cultivation except two acres of woodland, well fenced, and supplied with choice fruit. There is an excellent Spring of water on the premises. This property is located about three miles from Port Royal in one of the finest farming neighborhoods in the State, and the soil is strictly first class.

TERMS.—Ten per cent cash on day of sale; \$1000 per acre to be paid on completion of the purchase money, over and above an amount sufficient to pay the debts, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises in the proper name of the heirs of the said Jesse Saylor, widow, the interest thereof to be paid to her yearly and regularly, and the balance on the 1st day of April, 1879. The debts to be paid out of the proceeds of the sale will be about \$1500. JOHN SAYLOR, ELIZABETH SAYLOR, Administrators. Oct. 2, 1878.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE! THE undersigned, Executor of Jane Beale, deceased, will sell at public sale, on the premises, in Beale township, Juniata county, at 2 o'clock P. M., on TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1878, The undivided one-third part of a valuable tract of land late of the late Hon. John Beale, deceased, near Johnstown, bounded by lands of Samuel S. Pannebacker, Todd's heirs, Jeremiah Frankhouse, the heirs of George S. Sutherland.

One Hundred and Fifty eight Acres, more or less, having thereon erected a good Frame House, Frame Bank Barn, and other out-buildings, situated in a good Orchard on the premises, and the farm is well supplied with water, is well fenced and is an excellent state of cultivation. An opportunity will be given to the purchaser to view the whole property. The terms, which will be easy, will be made known on day of sale. J. HARVEY BEALE, Executor. ec12

Assigned Estate of John W. Clynch and wife, of Milford township, Juniata county, Pa., have made an assignment for the benefit of creditors, to the undersigned, and those having claims against said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present them without delay to the undersigned. ROBERT MCCRINN, Assignee. Sept. 16, 1878.

Executor's Notice. JEFFERSON Testamenary on the estate of James McCrinn, late of Milford township, Juniata county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims against said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present them without delay to the undersigned. JOHN W. MCCRINN, Executor. FARMERS HOTEL, Fernhurst Twp., June 22, 1878.

CAUTION. ALL persons are hereby cautioned not to allow their dogs to run, or themselves to fish, hunt, gather berries, break or open fences, or cut wood or young timber, or in any unnecessary way trespass on the lands of the undersigned. SIMON MUMFORD, LEWIS SHREADER, GEO. DIFFENBAUGH, WILLIAM PROFFER, FARMERS HOTEL, Fernhurst Twp., June 22, 1878.

CAUTION NOTICE. ALL persons are hereby cautioned against trespassing on the lands of the undersigned either in Delaware or Walker township, for the purpose of fishing or hunting, or for any other purpose. L. E. ATKINSON, N. A. LUKENS, G. S. LUKENS. ec13-14

CAUTION. ALL persons are hereby cautioned not to allow their dogs to run, or themselves to fish, hunt, gather berries, break or open fences, or cut wood or young timber, or in any unnecessary way trespass on the lands of the undersigned. M. R. B. BROTHER, M. & J. H. WILSON, DANIEL BEHREND, HENRY HARTMAN, THOMAS BEYER, PORTER THOMPSON, CHESTER SHIFFALL, WILLIAM HETRICK, JOHN MOTTER, DAVID SIEBER, HENRY KLOS. [aug. 7, 78]

NOTICE. ALL persons are hereby cautioned against trespassing on the lands of the undersigned, either in Walker or Dasher township, by fishing, hunting, or in any other way. JOHN CUNNINGHAM. ec13-14

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Administrators Notice. Estate of Sam'l B. Crawford, deceased. WHEREAS Letters of Administration have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate, or those having claims against said estate, are requested to make payment, and those having claims will please present them without delay to the undersigned. J. G. CRAWFORD, JAMES H. JUNK, Administrators. aug28

ESTRAY NOTICE. I HEREBY give notice that I have been a WHITE BOAR, at my place since about the 15th of May; will weigh about 150 pounds, live weight. The owner is notified to come forward, present property charges, and take him away, otherwise he will be disposed of as the law directs. WALKER TOWNSHIP, JUNIATA CO., Pa. Aug. 21, 1878.

THE SENTINEL AND REPUBLICAN has 50 copies as an advertising medium in this county, and as a journal of varied news, and nothing is not surpassed by any weekly paper on central Pennsylvania. Job work on short notice at this office.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

PURSUANT to an order of the Orphans' Court of Juniata county, will be sold at public sale, on the premises, at 1 o'clock P. M., on

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1878, The following described real estate, to-wit: The property of James G. Long, deceased. All that certain message or tract of land situated in Spruce Hill township, Juniata county, on the 24th part of said township, bounded by Spruce Hill, on the east, by Centre, on the south, on the stage road, on the west, and by Johnstown road, about four miles from Port Royal station on the P. R. R., and bounded by Tuscarora creek, lands of the widow of the late Rev. G. W. Thompson, Wagon Laird, and others, containing

175 ACRES, more or less, about 100 acres being clear land and the remainder timberland. The improvements thereon are a Two-and-a-half

FRAME HOUSE, 26x28 feet, having three rooms on the first floor, six on the second, and cellar and basement kitchen underneath; a Spring House over a new-fashioned Spring of good water within a few feet of the house; a good BARN, stable of stone, 20x24 feet, with Wagon Shed, Corn Crib and Machine Shed attached; running water from never-failing Spring in the rear of the house, 18x18 feet, with a good loft above, and all other necessary out-buildings. The barn, sheds, spring, stone and log house never-failing Spring within the tract, and there is a good young APPLE ORCHARD and a variety of other fruit trees on the premises, in a very good condition. The property is within a few miles of a mile of a public school by a public road, and is convenient to both a male and a female school. It is situated in a healthy, fertile, and well-watered neighborhood, and, being in a good neighborhood, is well worthy the attention of those having money to invest.

Persons wishing to view the property before the day of sale, can do so by calling on John F. G. Long, residing there. Ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid on completion of sale; fifteen per cent, at the confirmation of the sale at the Orphans' Court in December, and the balance on or before the first day of April, 1879, when the title and possession will be given. WILLIAM T. LONG, Administrators of Jas. G. Long, dec'd. Sept. 25, 1878.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE. WILL be sold, by virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Juniata county, directed to the undersigned, Executor of Philip Zentz, late of Walker township, Juniata county, Pa., bounded by lands of Jacob Adams, Andrew Babers, John A. Smith, Michael S. Baber, and others, containing ONE HUNDRED ACRES, more or less, of which about 70 acres are situated in the balance good timberland. The improvements are a

STONE DWELLING HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, and other out-buildings. There is a good Orchard of choice fruit, in bearing condition, on the premises. Excellent Spring of water near the house.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on completion of sale by the Court; one-third April 1, 1879, when Deed will be delivered and possession given; one-third on the 1st of October, 1879, when interest from April 1, 1879, to be secured by judgment bond. JACOB ZENTZ, Executor of Philip Zentz, dec'd.

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STONE DWELLING HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, and other out-buildings. There is a good Orchard of choice fruit, in bearing condition, on the premises. Excellent Spring of water near the house.

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