SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN

MIFFLINTOWN.

Wednesday, August 14, 1878.

B. F. SCHWEIER,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

GOVERNOR,
General Henry M. Hoyt,
OF LUZERNE.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
Hon. Charles W. Stone,
OF WARREN.

SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
Hon. Aaron K. Dunkel,
OF PHILADELPHIA.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
Judge James P. Sterrett,
OF ALLEGHENY.

The Valedictory of the Tribune.

Some years ago, John W. Speddy, under the inspiration of encouragement from certain members of the Democracy in this county, brought a newspaper from the valley of the Susquehanna and set it up in this place, as an Independent Democratic organ. The paper was called the *Independent*. After the lapse of a period of time, E. B. McCrum bought the paper, and changed it from that of an Independent Democratic paper to that of an Independent Republican paper, with a change of name also, calling it the *Juniata Tribune*. For a number of years previous to his coming here McCrum was identified with the organ of the P. C. R. R. Co., at Altoona, and whatever support he gave with the paper at that place to the Republican party was as that of a *free lancer*, more than that of a pronounced advocate.

When his interest in the paper was disposed of in Altoona, and he was fairly loose from the support of the corporation that had maintained him so long, he soon drifted on the shoals of financial entanglement, and the *free lance* journal that he set up in this place passed into the hands of creditors.

Those of the creditors of Mr. McCrum, that got possession of the *Tribune* in this place, leased the concern to a Mr. Bowman, who, also, at one time was in the enjoyment of whatever favors a powerful corporation can confer, at Johnstown, Cambria county, Pa.; but it is not our purpose now to speak of his incompetency, or his failures at that place. We make mention of these things in order to properly notice the valedictory of the *Tribune*, which expired last week, as an Independent Republican journal. The paper has been purchased by E. D. Parker, who will convert it into a Democratic organ.

It is a matter of little concern how long the man who conducted the *Tribune* for its creditors has been in this place; perhaps he has been here eight months, perhaps a few more months than that number; but when he bade adieu as an editor he delivered himself of the following, relative to the SENTINEL AND REPUBLICAN, which adieu requires a brief note at our hands:

"The conversion of the TRIBUNE into a Democratic paper will leave the Republican party of this county practically without an organ, as the half-sheet concern printed out in Permanagh township, although purporting to be a Republican sheet, belongs body and breeches to the Court House ring, and dare not utter an independent word through fear of losing the patronage with which it is favored from that source. So at least say some of the best Republicans in the county."

Because of its standing as a Republican paper, and as a public journal, the SENTINEL AND REPUBLICAN has received such public printing as the law requires shall be made public through the public prints. The law does not intend that public notices shall be confined to Democratic papers or Republican papers in districts where either one or the other of the parties is in the ascendancy, but it contemplates that the leading journals of the respective counties shall become the journals for the public, or legal printing. For publishing what was due it, the SENTINEL AND REPUBLICAN is abused by the last editor of the *Tribune*, and is charged with not having discharged its duty to the public generally, and the Republican party particularly, by withholding something that it—the *Tribune*—knows. If the *Tribune* man—who might tell something of Johnstown affairs—knows anything outside of personal abuse, if he knows anything that is wrong in the public acts of the people he indirectly condemns, in this county, he should have said so when the columns of the dead *Tribune* were under his control.

How much virtue, how much intelligence, is there in a man who says there is something wrong, but will not tell it, and then bitterly condemns other people for not telling what he should tell himself? The man who blunders in that way, is a long distance removed from the ability that is necessary to edit a newspaper, and when he aspires to such a place, he longs for a place that he is not competent to fill. But the incompetent man of the defunct journal, in the last sentence of the above quoted paragraph, makes an apology, or an effort to get away from what he has said, by declaring that, "So at least say some of the best Republicans in the county."

His paragraph contains a charge, and an apology, and an implied declaration that the Republicans of the county were with him. Considering the months of time that the late incompetent editor had to make good all that he and his so-called friends claim to know, and their failure to even make an effort to do so, his writing appears worse than childlike.

If he had published no more of a valedictory relative to his standing than that under consideration, strangers might be led to the conclusion that the best Republicans had indeed been with him; but, as if determined to prove his utter incompetency, to prove that he is not capable of editorially issuing one number of a paper without contradicting himself, he publishes in his valedictory that—

"We—[he, Bowman]—have kept the paper alive for the last six months by our own unaided exertions, at a great personal sacrifice, without a word of encouragement or friendly counsel of a single prominent Republican in the county."

He claims to have counseled with Republicans, and then declares that for a period of time which embraces the greater part of the time of his living here, he received "not a word of encouragement or friendly counsel of a single prominent Republican in the county." Such charges, such apologies, such contradictions proceed from people who are more to be pitied than anything else for cherishing ambition for places that they are utterly incompetent to fill, and the utterances of such people would be unworthy of notice, if it were not that with people equally dumb they are calculated to mislead. The witness who contradicts himself is always ruled out.

Mr. Dill's Battle for the People.

Mr. Dill, the Democratic candidate for Governor, having been a member of the House and of the Senate for many years, and being announced to the workingmen, shippers, and transporters of Pennsylvania as an Anti-corporation Candidate, the following is presented as a brief record of his Legislative struggle in behalf of the People against the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and kindred corporations:

Mr. Dill being a member of the House of Representatives voted for the Nine Million Steal—a bill proposing to take nine million dollars from the securities in the sinking fund for the benefit of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and auxiliary corporations.—See House Journal of 1870, page 97.

At the same session a bill was presented to authorize railroad companies to lease or become lessees, and to make contracts with other railroad companies, corporations, and parties. Under its provisions gigantic combinations took life, and by merger and consolidation of corporations, individual enterprise was crushed. Mr. Dill voted "AYE."—See House Journal of 1870, page 335.

The Act to incorporate the now notorious Milford and Matamoras Railway Company being pending, Mr. Dill voted "AYE." See House Journal of 1870, page 725.

A supplement to the Milford and Matamoras Railway bill having afterward been introduced — diverting $10,000 paid annually by the Erie Railway Company from the State Treasury to the treasury of the Milford and Matamoras Railway Company—Mr. Dill voted "AYE." See House Journal of 1870, page 1119.

This naked theft of $10,000 annually from the State Treasury having been detected and brought to the attention of the Executive, Governor Geary, at the session of 1872, by a special message recommended a repeal of the law. A bill for that purpose having been introduced, Mr. Dill, then a Senator, voted "NO."—See Senate Journal of 1872, pages 795, 796.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company desiring a sort of Credit Mobilier Charter to enable it to operate its Western leased lines, an Act was introduced to incorporate the Pennsylvania Company. This Act was the forerunner of a series of bills passed during the session of 1871 and 1872 in the interest of associated capital, and in hostility to the interests of the working man and the business community. Mr. Dill voted "AYE." See House Journal of 1870, page 983.

Mr. Billingfelt, Senator from Lancaster, having offered the following resolution, viz: "*Resolved*, That the Committee on Railroads be instructed to report a bill fixing the maximum rates of freight and fare to be charged by all railroad companies in this Commonwealth," a motion was made to indefinitely postpone the resolution. Upon which motion Mr. Dill voted "AYE." See Legislative Journal of 1871, page 841.

Upon the Act to incorporate the infamous South Improvement Company, which corporation was the precursor of the Standard Oil Company, Mr. Dill voted "AYE." See Senate Journal of 1871, page 1078.

The Act to incorporate the Laurel Run Improvement Company, afterward the Reading Coal and Iron Company, under which Mr. Gowan acquired control of the coal fields of Schuylkill county, being before the Senate, Mr. Billingfelt offered an amendment which destroyed the effect of the vital clause of the bill. This clause was as follows: "And it shall be lawful for any railroad or mining company existing under the laws of this State to subscribe for, or purchase, or guarantee the bonds of the company hereby incorporated," Mr. Billingfelt's amendment having prevailed, and being fatal to the purpose of Mr. Gowan, the vote was, on motion of Mr. Dill, reconsidered, and the original section reinserted. See Legislative Journal of 1871, page 1022.

The original "Free Pipe Bill" having been introduced under the title of "A Supplement to the Act of April 29, 1874," extending the provisions of said Act to embrace within the provisions of the same the transportation of oil and natural gas by means of pipe lines, Mr. Dill made a dilatory motion to commit the bill to the Committee on Finance. See Senate Journal of 1875, page 339. The bill having been again reported on March 3, 1875, was defeated on March 4, 1875. Mr. Dill DODGED on the call of yeas and nays.

A bill having been introduced to authorize and direct the Attorney General, upon complaint made by parties whose interests are thereby affected, to institute proceeding according to law against corporations alleged to have violated duties imposed upon them by law, Mr. Dill voted "NO." See House Journal of 1870, page 1042.

A bill having been introduced entitled "An Act to prevent gambling and lotteries in this Commonwealth," Mr. Dill voted "No." See House Journal of 1870, page 562.

An Act being pressed at the session of 1877 by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to prevent strikes by their employees upon trains in transitu, known as the Engineers' Bill, or "Intimidation" Bill, entitled "An Act for the Protection of Passengers on Railroads," Mr. Dill voted "aye."—See Senate Journal of 1877, page 452.

Suffice it to say, his vote in the Legislature has always been at the service of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and kindred Corporations when it was needed. *When there was a surplus of votes he was sometimes excused.*

DURING the administration of Gov. Wm. Bigler, five hundred thousand dollars of new State bonds were signed to meet State bonds coming due. Of the number mentioned four hundred thousand dollars only appear on the books as accounted for, but the whole issue is out among the people, in the hands of innocent parties. The question is, what Democrats committed the steal? The Democracy issued charge upon charge against the Republican administrations for crooked ways in the State treasury, but could not sustain their charges; and now, after a lapse of twenty-five years, it turns out that they were the guilty parties. "The mills of the gods grind slowly."

UNDER Bigler's administration one hundred thousand dollars of regularly signed State bonds were sold, to some one, and no account of the sale was kept. The bonds are about due, and that's the way of their discovery. The State will have to foot the bill; but who sold the bonds twenty-five years ago, and pocketed the money? A steal of 20 per cent.

THE Democracy continually, for the past few years, have been charging crooked ways on the Republican State treasurers. It looks now as if all their noise was made to cover up the steal of one hundred thousand dollars that took place under Wm. Bigler's administration. It is the old story of a man digging a pit for his neighbor and falling into it himself.

THE coal mining districts in Illinois have been experiencing labor troubles. The Governor of the State has been asked for military aid. His invariable answer has been that the sheriffs of the respective counties in which the riotous demonstrations took place, must first exhaust their authority before they can receive aid from the State government.

BUCHANAN'S administration is noted the world over for its robbery of the Indian Trust Funds, and other departments, and the impairment of general confidence, till United States paper sank to 12 per cent. discount, and now Bigler's State administration comes to the front with a great robbery in the State Treasury.

ROBINSON'S FEMALE SEMINARY, at Exeter, N. H., was thought to be safe on a capital of $200,000, but unfortunately it was invested in stocks, and the splendid two hundred thousand dollars have come down by depreciation to twenty-five thousand dollars.

AN astronomer named Lockyer claims to have discovered changes going on in the sun, that, if not soon checked, will melt all the ice at the North Pole, and convert that region into a warm country like the tropical district.

RULE OF THREE QUESTION—If the Democracy in power in the State government would steal the one-fifth of the issue of State bonds, what would they do with the finances of the Nation?

RATHER rough in these times that the State shall be required to pay one hundred thousand dollars that the Democrats put into their pockets when Bigler was Governor.

IN 1867 the indebtedness of the State was $35,622,652.16. In 1878 the debt is $22,912,814.13; making an annual reduction of over a million of dollars.

THE Greenbackers ask the people to go to the polls, and vote that a note that is not to be redeemed is as good as a note that is to be redeemed.

SPEER, the salary grabbing chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, is running the Greenback as well as the Democratic campaign, beginning with Huntingdon county, where he has a brother-in-law who leads the Greenbackers, whose principal object is to elect members of the Legislature. Speer is ready to swop votes in any direction to secure Democratic members of the Legislature; ready even to sacrifice Dill or Ross, for the reason that the aspiring Speer is desirous to go the United States Senate. Such are the ways that are dark and the tricks that are vain of Democratic leaders, each of whom is to-day engaged in some dark scheme to overleap the other, plotting and planning for each other's overthrow, and willing to accept any auxiliary help that will do this. It is like the party, which was the original breeder of political mischief.—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

THE New York *Times* says: The announcement that an over-issue of Pennsylvania bonds to the tune of $100,000 took place during the official term of Treasurer John M. Bickel, a Democrat, and that the facts in the case were suppressed by another person equally prominent in that party, will hardly be regarded as a comforting one by the political leaders who have recently made so much ado about what they were pleased to call corruption in the Republican administration of the finances. What action the Legislature will take in the matter, remains to be seen. It is to be hoped, however, that the innocent holders of the fraudulent bonds will not be made to suffer for the peculations of Democratic officials.

THE grocery house, in Cincinnati, Ohio, of which Governor Bishop was the head, has exploded financially; liabilities, $360,000.

THE Republican party abolished the *property right in man*, which was a right under the Constitution previous to Rebellion.

CREDIT is one thing, capital is another.

DISPATCHES.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., August 8.—One hundred armed horsemen went to the jail at Franklin on Tuesday night, broke open, and took out Calvin Beatty, colored, aged 18, charged with having outraged the person of a six-year old daughter of Daniel Christman, a prominent citizen, while returning from school last Friday, and probably hanged him. No trace of his body, however, can be found.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., August 8.—A shower on Tuesday afternoon did much damage in East Providence. In one place a hole five feet deep was washed out in the street, in which a son of Pardon Goff was drowned. The body was found an hour after.

PROVIDENCE, Aug. 8.—Albert Parmington, of Manchester, Mass., was drowned at Rehoboth, Mass., yesterday. He plunged into the river to save a youth who could not swim, and, although a good swimmer, immediately sank. The boy was saved.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Aug. 9.—The Republican State Convention which met here yesterday adopted the following as the ninth article of its platform: We deem it inexpedient to nominate candidates for Governor and other State officers, because, owing to the condition of affairs in this State, occasioned by rifle club rule and two years of Democratic supremacy it is impossible for the Republican voters in many counties, without incurring great personal danger, to organize for the campaign or to vote at the election when held.

NEWS ITEMS.

People in New Orleans have yellow fever.

The speediest horse is Rarus. Recently, at Buffalo, N. Y., he trotted a mile in 2.13¼.

Satan lives in Toronto, and the Detroit Free Press, which is well acquainted with him, says he is really a good fellow.

New Haven, Conn., has a telephone company, which has put up over 400 telephones and forty miles of wire during the last six months.

There were sixty-seven failures in New York during July, which aggregate liabilities of $5,738,171, an increase over June in the number of failures and the amount of liabilities.

Two trunks belonging to John H. Draper, custom house auctioneer, who arrived in New York from Europe on Sunday a week were seized by the custom house officials. It is charged they contain smuggled goods.

Hiram A. Johnson, lawyer, of New York, has filed a petition in bankruptcy; liabilities, $114,000.

Royal B. Conant, the defaulting cashier of the Elliot National bank, was lodged in jail at Boston.

5,000,000 barrels of petroleum are unsold and await shipment in the oil region.

Two colored men, brothers, quarreled about two dollars, near Hampton, Va., on Saturday a week, when one stabbed the other through the heart, killing him instantly.

During the month of July five hundred and four deaths occurred in Havana from yellow fever, and sixty-three from small pox.

There is a jail at Deadwood, a log hut 30x20, within which is a small one with iron grating doors. It is white-washed and surrounded by a six-foot fence. The guard is composed of one muscular man and four bull dogs.

A special from Anna, Ill., states that three women, while seeking shelter from the storm on Sunday evening a week, were instantly killed by the top of a large oak tree, which was broken off by the storm and hurled upon them.

The office of the Ocean House, at Watch Hill, R. I., was entered at 2 o'clock on the 7th inst., and the safe rolled out on the highway, where five men were trying to open it when they were alarmed by movements in the house. It is thought that the party came and escaped in a small sloop.

Philip Strich, of Hamilton, Ohio, returning with an excursion party from Niagara Falls, got off the train when it stopped at Bismark, Ontario, yesterday. His foot got fastened between the rails, and before he could extract it he was run over by the Chicago express and instantly killed.

On the 30th of July, at Fort Keogh Dakota Territory, Jim Crow Collins, a gambler shot Bigler Thomas, of the Second Cavalry. The soldiers of his company surrounded the jail and wounded the Sheriff. The Sheriff then abandoned the jail, and a fight ensued between Collins and the soldiers. A soldier named Hurly was killed, and another named Sanders was wounded. Another company of soldiers put down the riot. The row started in a dance-house, and was about a woman.

At a barbecue at Sandy Riffs, Ky., a few days ago, ten miles from Frankfort on Saturday evening, John Thompson and William Gordon began quarreling and firing upon each other. Their respective friends and followers immediately drew their pistols, and some thirty shots were fired before the termination of the affair. Gordon was wounded in the face. Thompson's horse was killed under him. Leonidas Howard was shot in the hip; Deane Roach was shot in the lung, and will probably die. Walter Roach had his horse killed. The deputy sheriff is raising a force of assistants, and will endeavor to arrest all the participants.

The ladies practicing law in Washington city are Mrs. Belva A. Lockwood, Mrs. Mariella M. Ricker, and Mrs. Lavinia C. Dundore. Two young men are studying law under Mrs. Lockwood's tuition. These ladies have good practice in the courts of Washington. Mrs. Lockwood is of medium size, with a halo of gray hair around a fresh, rosy face; dark eyes that are calm and look as if they were listening. Mrs. Ricker is young, handsome, talented, rich and independent-minded, yet circumspect and self-respecting. She intends to practice criminal law. Mrs. Dundore is fine looking, a good lawyer, and has at times a "snap way," but is said to be a pleasant lady.

New Advertisements.

FOR $750

We will insert a one-inch advertisement, thirteen times, in one thousand American weekly newspapers, and from good parties will accept a six months' note in settlement. Advertisements may appear three months every week, or every other week six months.

HALF INCH.....FOR $125
FOUR LINES.....FOR $280
THREE LINES.. .....FOR $225

For cash payment entirely in advance, five per cent. discount. No extra charge for making and sending cuts. Files may be examined at our office. For catalogue of papers and other information address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce street, New York.

P. S.—For an order amounting to $1,000 we will give a reading notice gratis.

CHAMBERLAIN INSTITUTE, Randolph, Catt. Co., N. Y., on A. & G. W. R. R. Both sexes. Property $103,000. Well endowed, homelike, thorough. Graduating courses, music, general education. *Expenses for 14 weeks*, $50. $150 *per year. No extras* Address Rev. J. T. EDWARDS, D. D. Fall term opens August 27.

PIANO Beautiful Square Grand Pianos, price $1,000, only $275. Magnificent Upright Pianos, price $1,000, only $275. Elegant Upright Pianos, price $800, only $175. Pianos, 7 octave, $125, 7½ $135, New Styles. **Organs** $35. Organs, 9 stops, $57.50. Church ORGAN 16 stops, price $390, only $115. Elegant $375 Mirror Top Organs only $105. Beautiful Parlor Organ, price $340, only $95. "Fraud Exposed, $500 reward. Read "Traps for the Unwary" and Newspaper about cost of Pianos and Organs, sent FREE. Please address
DANIEL F. BEATTY,
Washington, N. J.

$7 A DAY to Agents canvassing for the FIRESIDE VISITOR. Terms and Outfit Free. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

SWEET Chewing JACKSON'S BEST NAVY Tobacco

Awarded highest prize at Centennial Exposition for fine chewing qualities and excellence and lasting character of sweet and flavoring. The best tobacco ever made. As our blue strip trade-mark is closely imitated on inferior goods, see that Jackson's *Best* is on every plug. Sold by all dealers. Send for sample, free, to C. A. JACKSON & Co., Mfrs., Petersburg, Va.
G. F. WARDLE, Phila., Pa., Gen'l Agent.

KINGS COUNTY REFINERY SYRUPS

All Standards. No Of Grades. None Genuine unless branded with CROWN BURNT in head of the Barrel or Hogshead. VEILLER, JAYNE & CO. N. Y.

$20. $50. $100. $500.
Invested judiciously in Stocks (Options or Privileges), often returns ten times the amount in 30 days. Full details and Official Stock Exchange Reports free. Address T. POTTER WIGHT & Co., Bankers, 25 Wall street, New York.

THE MILD POWER CURES
HUMPHREYS'
HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS
Been in general use for twenty years. Everywhere proved the most SAFE, SIMPLE, ECONOMICAL and EFFICIENT medicines known. They are just what the people want, saving time, money, sickness and suffering. Every single specific the well tried perscription of an eminent physician.

Nos.	Cures.	Cents.
1.	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations,	25
2.	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic,	25
3.	Crying-Colic, or Teething of Infants,	25
4.	Diarrhœa, of Children or Adults,	25
5.	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic,	25
6.	Cholera-Morbus, Vomiting,	25
7.	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis,	25
8.	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache,	25
9.	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo,	25
10.	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach,	25
11.	Suppressed, or Painful Periods,	25
12.	Whites, too Profuse Periods,	25
13.	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing,	25
14.	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions,	25
15.	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains,	25
16.	Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Agues,	50
17.	Piles, blind or bleeding,	50
18.	Ophthalmy, and Sore or Weak Eyes,	50
19.	Catarrh, acute or chronic, Influenza,	50
20.	Whooping-Cough, violent coughs,	50
21.	Asthma, oppressed Breathing,	50
22.	Ear Discharges, impaired hearing,	50
23.	Scrofula, enlarged glands, Swellings,	50
24.	General Debility, Physical Weakness,	50
25.	Dropsy and scanty Secretions,	50
26.	Sea-Sickness, sickness from riding,	50
27.	Kidney-Disease, Gravel,	50
28.	Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness,	1 00
29.	Sore Mouth, Canker,	50
30.	Urinary Weakness, wetting the bed,	50
31.	Painful Periods, or with Spasms,	50
32.	Disease of Heart, palpitations, etc.	1 00
33.	Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance,	1 00
34.	Diphtheria, ulcerated sore throat,	50
35.	Chronic Congestions and Eruptions,	50

FAMILY CASES.

Case, Morocco, with above 35 large vials and Manual of directions, $10.00
Case Morocco, of 20 large vials and Book, 6.00

These remedies are sent by the case single box or vial, to any part of the country, free of charge, on receipt of price. Address
Humphreys' Homeopathic Medicine Co.
Office and Depot, 109 Fulton st. New York.
For Sale by all Druggists.
☞ Humphreys' Specific Manual on the care and treatment of disease and its cure, sent FREE on application.

For sale by HAMLIN & CO., Patterson, Pa.
July 10, 1878–6m

JUNIATA VALLEY BANK,
OF MIFFLINTOWN, PA.
WITH
BRANCH AT PORT ROYAL.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

J. NEVIN POMEROY, *President.*
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L. E. Atkinson,	Mary Kurtz.
W. C. Pomeroy,	Samuel M. Kurtz,
Amos G. Bonsall,	J. Holmes Irwin,
Noah Hertzler,	T. V. Irwin,
Daniel Stouffer,	F. B. Frow.
Charlotte Snyder,	John Hertzler.
Sam'l Herr's Heirs,	

Interest allowed on twelve months' certificates of deposit, five per cent.; on six months' certificates, four per cent.
[Jan23, 1878–tf

TAKE NOTICE.

I would respectfully inform the Citizens of Mifflintown, and surrounding country, that I have commenced the

Merchant Tailoring Business

on the East side of Main Street, five doors North of the corner of Main and Cherry Streets, in the house formerly known as the Kinkead house, and latterly as the Weller house, where I will be ready to give all customers

FITS.

To new customers, I would say, give me a trial. To my old friends and customers throughout the county, I have but to say, I am here.

GIVE ME A CALL.

may1,78–6m. G. S. MILLS.

ESSENTIAL OILS.

WINTERGREEN, PEPPERMINT, PENNYROYAL, SPEARMINT, &c.,

of prime quality, bought in any quantity for cash on delivery, free of brokerage, commission, storage, &c., by
DODGE & OLCOTT,
Importers & Exporters, 88 William St., N.Y.

Legal Notices.

Prothonotary's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that Louis E. Atkinson and Jos. W. Stimmell, Assignees of Winey & Landis, and W. H. Landis, have filed their first and final account, as said Assignees, in the Prothonotary's office of Juniata county, and that the same will be presented for confirmation and allowance at the Court House in Mifflintown, on WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1878.
JACOB BEIDLER, *Proth'y.*
Prothonotary's Office,
Mifflintown, Aug. 7, 1878.

CAUTION.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned not to allow their dogs to run, or themselves to fish, hunt, gather berries, break or open fences, or cut wood or young timber, or in any unnecessary way trespass on the lands of the undersigned.

M. R. Beshore.	M. & J. H. Wilson.
David Hetrick.	Henry Hartman.
Thomas Benner.	Porter Thompson.
Christian Shoaffstall.	William Hetrick.
John Motzer.	David Sieber.
Henry Kloss.	[aug7, '78

PUBLIC EXAMINATIONS.

EXAMINATIONS of Teachers, for the several School Districts of Juniata county, will be held at the following times and places:

For Mifflintown borough and Fermanagh township, at the school house in Mifflintown, Wednesday, August 14, 1878.

For Patterson borough and Milford township, at the school house in Patterson, Friday, August 16.

For Walker township, at the school house in Mexico, Monday, August 19.

For Port Royal borough and Turbett township, at the school house in Port Royal, Tuesday August 20.

For Greenwood township, at Bethlehem school house, Tuesday, August 27.

For Susquehanna township, at Prosperity school house, Wednesday, August 28.

For Monroe township, at the school house in Richfield, Thursday, August 29.

For Fayette township, at the school house in McAlistersville, Friday, August 30.

For Thompsontown borough and Delaware township, at the school house in Thompsontown, Wednesday, September 4.

For Lack township, at the Lick school house, Tuesday, September 10.

For Tuscarora township, at the school house at McCulloch's Mills, on Wednesday, September 11.

For Beale township, at Johnstown, Thursday, September 12.

For Spruce Hill township, at Spruce Hill school house, Friday, September 13.

Examinations will begin at 9 o'clock A. M. Applicants must be examined in the Districts in which they propose to teach, and should be provided with pen, ink, and an abundant supply of paper. Strangers must bring written testimonials certifying to good moral character. The public generally and Directors especially are cordially invited to be present at the examinations.

WELLINGTON SMITH,
Superintendent of Juniata County.
aug7

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of *Vend. Ex., Leva Fa.* and *Fi. Fa.*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Juniata county, and to me directed, will be exposed to sale by public outcry, at the Court House, in the borough of Mifflintown, on

FRIDAY, AUGUST 30th, 1878,

at 1 o'clock P. M., the following described real estate, to wit:

A tract of land situated in Milford township, Juniata county, Pa., adjoining lands of Andrew Bossinger, on the west, lands of Samuel King on the north, lands formerly of Sarah A. Diven on the east, and lands of widow Jacobs on the south, containing 9 Acres, more or less.

Also, all the right, title and interest of the Defendant of, in and to a tract of land in said township, adjoining lands of the widow Jacobs on the south, lands of Isaac Hawn & Co. on the east, lands of John Horning's heirs on the north, lands of Samuel King and the nine acres above described on the west, containing 8 acres, more or less, and having thereon erected a Log Dwelling House, Stable, &c. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Samuel King and Benjamin Mumpher.

A tract of land situate in Lack township, bounded on the north by lands of William Short, on the east and south by Tuscarora creek, and on the west by lands of Margaret Campbell, containing 57 Acres, more or less, having thereon erected a Frame and Log Dwelling House, Log Barn and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Ephraim Young.

A tract of land situate in Beale township, bounded on the north by public road, east by lands of Joseph Wallace, south and west by land of B. F. Crozier, having thereon erected a Stone Dwelling House, Log and and Frame Barn, and other outbuildings, containing 30 acres, more or less, about 20 acres cleared. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of James McKinley.

A lot of ground situate in the borough of Mifflintown, fronting 60 feet on Main street, bounded on the south by an alley, extending back 130 feet west to an alley, and adjoining lot of R. McMeen on the north, and having thereon erected a two-story Brick Dwelling House, Frame Stable and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John W. Muthersbaugh.

A tract of land situate in Tuscarora township, bounded on the north by lands of J. Dobbs and others, east by lands of Abraham Noss, south by Tuscarora creek, and west by lands of Levi Trego, containing 57 acres, more or less, and having thereon erected a Log Dwelling House, Frame Stable, &c. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John Brant.

A Dwelling House, two stories high, having a front of twenty-four feet and a depth of twenty feet, frame weatherboarded, situated upon a piece of land in Susquehanna township, Juniata county. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of David Strawser.

A tract of land situate in Lack township, Juniata county, beginning at a Spanish oak, thence 50¼ deg west 252¾ prs to a post, thence north 20 deg west 35¾ to a chestnut tree, thence south 37 deg west 50 prs to a white oak, thence north 40 deg west 74 prs to a white oak, thence north 51 deg east 40 prs to a post, thence north 79¼ deg east 92¼ prs to a maple, thence north 70 deg east 44 prs to a hickory, thence north 45 deg east 106 prs to a post, thence south 54 deg east 82 prs to a Spanish oak, the place of beginning, containing 138 Acres and 138 Perches and allowances of six per cent., having thereon erected a Large Tannery Building, Bark Sheds, Four Dwelling Houses and Log Barn.

Also, another tract of land situated in same township, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post, thence N 52 deg E 48¼ prs to a pine, thence S 40 deg E 34 prs to a post and stone, thence S 52 deg W 48¼ prs to a rock oak, thence N 40 deg W 35 prs to a post, the place of beginning, containing Ten Acres and allowances.

Also, the following tract of land situated in said township, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a white oak on the corner of George Moss' land, thence N 45 deg E 124¾ prs, thence N 44 deg W 40 prs, thence N 55 deg E 440 prs, thence N 45 deg W 80 prs, thence 45 deg E 233 prs to a black oak, thence S 68 deg E 114 prs to a chestnut, thence N 45 deg E 117 prs to a Spanish oak, thence N 52 deg W 35 prs to a post, thence S 86¼ deg E 137¾ prs to a white oak, thence S 45 deg E 175¾ prs to a chestnut oak, thence S 54 deg W 77 prs to a chestnut oak, thence W 149 prs to a chestnut, thence S 44 deg W 280 prs to a gum, thence S 40 deg W 448 prs to a black oak, thence N 66¼ deg W 187 prs to an oak, the place of beginning, containing 1220 Acres and 147 Perches.

Also, another tract of land, situated in said township and county, Beginning at a post near run at Stem & Johnson's corner, thence S 45 deg W 73 prs to a post, thence S 60 deg E 181 prs to a stone, thence N 34 deg E 119¾ prs to a post, thence N 66¼ deg W 187 prs to a post, the place of beginning, containing One Hundred and Three Acres, more or less.

Also, another tract of land, situated in Tuscarora township, said county, bounded and described as follows: Bounded by lands of Jacob Drolesbaugh, Wm. T. Beale, Samuel Peck, Anthony Hockenberry and others, containing 139 Acres and 53 Perches, Deviney tract.

Legal Notices.

Also, another tract of land, situated in Horse Valley, Perry county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at stones by lands of James Beaston, N 39 deg W 227 prs to stone, thence by lands of George and Alexander Johnston N 50 deg E 153 prs to chestnut oak, thence by lands of Hayes, Bryner & Stambaugh S 32 deg E 168 prs to stones, thence by lands of Jacob Shearer S 32 deg W 60 prs, by lands of G. & A. Johnston S 72 deg W 84¼ prs to stones, the place of beginning, containing 170 Acres and 172 Perches, neat measure, known as the Klinger acorn tract.

Also, another tract of land, situate in Toboyne township, Perry county, bounded as follows: Beginning at stones, thence N 48 deg E 535¼ prs to stones S 24 deg E 134 prs to a post S 48 deg W 110 prs to a dead white oak, S 50 deg W 425 prs to a post, N 77 deg W 119 prs to stone heap, the place of beginning, containing 382 Acres and 62 Perches, known as the Stambaugh tract.

Also, a tract of land in Madison township, Perry county, Beginning at the line between Juniata and Perry counties, on top of Tuscarora mountain, thence running along Jacob Shearer's S E line until it crosses the Mill Corn run, then adjoining lands of Stambaugh, Sheitly and others, being part of a large tract of land sold and conveyed by John M. Nordien and George Beaver to Samuel Peck; the present sale includes all of the above tract lying in Madison township, south of the Juniata county line, and supposed to contain about One Hundred Acres, more or less.

Also, a tract of land, situated in Horse Valley, Perry county, Beginning at a chestnut oak, thence N 24 deg W 259 prs to stones, 59 deg E 265 prs to a black oak, S 21 deg E 214 prs to stones, S 49 deg W 193¼ prs to place of beginning, containing 339 Acres and 115 Perches, and allowances.

Also, a tract of land, situated as aforesaid, known as the Macolm Wright tract, Beginning at a chestnut oak, thence by the Hugh Metnell tract N 49 deg E 193¼ prs to stones, S 48 deg E 387 prs to stones, S 49 deg W 193¼ prs to stones, N 48 deg W 287¼ prs to place of beginning, containing 438 Acres and 51 Perches, and allowances.

Also, a tract of land, situated as above, known as the Arthur Miller tract, Beginning at a chestnut oak, thence by the Malcolm Wright tract, S 48 deg E 387¼ prs to stones, thence by lands of Solomon Bowers S 49 deg W 201 prs to stones, N 48 deg W 320 prs, N 30 deg E 204 prs to the place of beginning, containing 516 Acres, more or less. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of David B. Spangle and wife.

A tract of land situate in Susquehanna township, adjoining lands of Absalom Barner and Joseph Light on the north, Warner Haas on the east, Michael Shoot on the south, and George Zeller and others on the west, containing One Hundred Acres, more or less, having thereon erected a Log Dwelling House, and Log Barn. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John C. Shoop.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

Fifty dollars of the price or sum at which the property shall be struck off shall be paid to the sheriff at the time of sale, unless the purchase money shall be less than that sum, in which case only the purchase money shall be paid, otherwise the property will again be immediately put up and sold; the balance of the purchase money must be paid to the sheriff at his office within five days from the time of sale, without any demand being made by the sheriff therefor, otherwise the property may be sold again at the expense and risk of the person to whom it is struck off, who, in case of any deficiency at such resale, shall make good the same.

WM. D. WALLS, *Sheriff.*
SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
Mifflintown, Aug. 5, 1878.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC SALE.

AS directed by the Will of John Wright, deceased, I will sell at public sale, at the Court House in Mifflintown, at 2 o'clock P. M., on

Thursday, August 15, 1878,

The following described valuable Real Estate of said decedent, to wit:

No. 1.—The LOT and MANSION, on Main street, Mifflintown.

No. 2.—The LOT and FRAME HOUSE, on Main street, adjoining the basin, in Mifflintown.

No. 3.—TWO DWELLINGS and LOTS on Third street, adjoining the Lutheran Church and Parsonage.

No. 4.—TWELVE ACRES OF LAND in three pieces, adjoining the Presbyterian graveyard, land of B. F. Schweier and public street in Mifflintown.

No. 5.—SIX FRAME HOUSES in one block, situate on Mowry street, fronting the Pennsylvania Railroad, in Patterson.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale; one-half of balance on the first day of April, 1879