SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN

MIFFLINTOWN.

Wednesday, Nov'r 14, 1877.

B. F. SCHWEIER,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

SENATOR CONKLING and a number of other Republican Senators seem to be on the verge of outs with President Hayes as to the manner of appointments. The question of appointing to office is the question that troubles Senators. Unless the Republican Senators can become a unit on the question of appointment, and act as such on all questions that relate thereto, it will be poor diplomacy to fall out with the President, for in that event the Democratic Senators, with the Republican Senators that adhere to the President, will confirm all of the appointments sent in from the White House, and the very thing that the Senators object to will be brought about by their own acts. Discretion, gentlemen, discretion. The Democracy are wide awake on that point. Their ears are cocked, and their eyes are open.

IN July, when the mob ran riot, and held high carnival in Pittsburg, the citizen soldiery, under command of General Pearson, fired into the rioters, and killed and wounded a number of the tumultuous class, and also killed and wounded a number of people who were looking at the disturbance. For the shooting, by the soldiers, General Pearson was charged with murder, and proceedings instituted. Governor Hartranft and other State officers were summoned as witnesses. The grand jury, however, ignored the bill, and thus the question ends.

JUST now the financial question seems to concern Congressmen to a much greater degree than the question of the Bloody Shirt. The situation now among Congressmen and Senators at Washington has the appearance of a break up, and unless appearances change, before six months have elapsed the money question will make "many strange bed fellows."

VOORHEES goes to the United States Senate, to fill the place of Senator Morton, deceased. Mr. Voorhees' getting in, comes through the Democratic victory in Indiana last fall.

The Republicans at the election in Connecticut last week, elected a majority of the Legislature.

In Miss., the election was one sided, the Republicans had no ticket in the field. In Virginia the situation was the same.

The Republicans swept, Kansas by a large majority.

The Democracy carried Maryland.

Nebraska went largely Republican.

A regular tidal wave of Republicanism rolled over Minesota taking all the crow out of the Democracy.

New Jersey went Democratic.

Massachusets rolled up a handsome majority for the Republican cause.

The Democratic State ticket in York State was elected, report has it that the majority of the Legislature is Republican.

Alas! for Pennsylvania, reader you know the result.

Wisconsin went Republican with a cheering majority.

Venango county people, where Judge Trunkey resides, are talking of uniting "in a petition to the Governor for the appointment of Judge Sterrett to the seat on the bench soon to be vacated by Judge Trunkey. This certainly would be a merited compliment to so able and pure a jurist as Judg Sterrett, who has been deposed from his position on the Supreme Bench only by the whirligig of politics."

It is conceded by all parties that the Democracy have carried the State. Their majority range between 7,000 and 9,000. We await the official announcement for publication.

Public Men of the United States.

"The late Senator Morton, of Indiana, was apprenticed to a hatter at the age of fifteen, and followed the business for four years. Andrew Johnson was a tailor. Grant was a tanner. Abraham Lincoln was a rail-splitter. Millard Fillmore, when fifteen years of age, was apprenticed as a wool-carder and cloth-dresser. Webster, and how many others, were farmer boys. Number of the most noted of our public men have risen from like stations to eminence, many of them having been mechanics, and others descendants of mechanics. Roger Sherman, of revolutionary fame, was a shoe-maker, and the Shermans of to-day and Mr. Evarts are his descendants. Mr. Hayes said in one of his speeches that his grandfather was a mechanic. It did not require any labor parties or labor organizations to bring these men to the front. Nothing obstructs the way of the mechanic or other laborer in this country to the highest positions if he has the capacity, the integrity and industry requisite to the performance of the duties involved."

Judge Fisher, of the York county bench, announced the other day that thereafter he would in view of the expense entailed upon the county by the evil of intemperance, enforce the act of assembly imposing a fine of $2 upon every one found intoxicated upon the streets, and he thereupon called upon every officer of the peace to arrest every offender and take him before the justice of the peace and have the said fine imposed, and in default of the payment of the same to have the party committed to prison. The court also stated that the fine collected under the law must be handed over to the board of school control for the benefit of popular education.

Myer Myers, the British consul at Norfolk, died on Thursday night. He was eighty six years old

Two Hours in the Institute on Monday Afternoon.

The Teachers' Institute convened and was called to order by County Superintendent Garman at 2 o'clock P. M. on Monday, in the Court House.

Music director, Turner, of Perry county, distributed pamphlet music, such as had been furnished for the occasion by the management of the School Journal, and with Mrs. Nankivell at the organ, the hymn or song "How gently God commands," was rendered with pleasant effect. The Institute as a body took part in the singing, after which Rev. E E Berry, of the Lutheran church, read a portion of the 3rd and 4th chapters of the book of Proverbs, and delivered a prayer.

The enrollment of teachers present was next in order. The old secretaries, Mr. W. I Hibbs and Miss C. V. Daugherty, did the work. The call was responded to by 59 teachers, as follows:

LADY TEACHERS.

Pamelia M Garman, Mamie H Coffman, Lizzie R. Harman, Lizzie M. Deen, Lizzie S Louden Clara J. Deen, Mary T. Wickersham, Edie B Crawford, Emily A Patton, Annie E. Sherlock, Ida J. Patton, Ira Dunn, Lydia N. Shearer, Mary J Wise, Clara V. Daugherty Cecilia J. Regan.

GENTLEMAN TEACHERS.

John H. Hibbs, J. H. Smith, Peter Rumfelt, Wm. B. McLinn, David Lauver I. C. Lantz, George W. Rine, I. G. Marks, Jacob H. Smith, David E.Robison, Robert Clark, J. F. Turbett, J. H. Neely, E. Lindsey, Reuben I. Kerchner, Wm. Rodgers, John M. Leonard, Jas. S. Hamilton, E. A. Aumiller, Jas, C. Watts, E. D. Crawford, W. A Keister, C. G. A. Ramsey, C. B. Crawford, Silas C. Moyer, Wellington Smith, John A. McMeen, W. H. Groniger, E. D. Kreider, John W. Hibbs, A. F. Henkles, T. D. Garman, J. H. Caveny, R. T. McMeen, W. H. Lukens, W. D. Hibbs, David Watts, Milton Haller, D. E. Lantz, D. D. Stone, J. W. Plett, J. P. Stuart E. C. Snyder.

With Mr. Plett, Vice President of a former Institute, in the chair, the Institute elected D. E. Lantz Vice President, W. I. Hibbs, Secretary, and Clara V. Daugherty, Assistant Secretary, without a dissenting voice.

On motion the new officers were declared unanimously elected.

Mr. Plett, on retiring from the office of Vice President, which he had been elected to four times consecutively, delivered a speech, thanking the Institute for the honors conferred.

Mr. Lantz, the new Vice President, was called on for remarks, which he answered in a neat speech, thanking his fellow teachers for having unanimously elected him to the office made vacant by the retirement of Mr. Plett.

Mr. Hibbs, the new chief Secretary, was called on for a speech, and responded in a happy effort.

Miss Daugherty, the efficient Assistant Secretary, was called to deliver a speech. Rising in response to the call, she expressed her thanks for the manifestation of confidence rendered by the Institute, and begged to say that she had not been booked for a speech. The elegant, tiny speech of Miss Daugherty concluded the remarks of the outgoing and incoming officials of the Institute, whereupon

Mr. Garman, County Superintendent, delivered a speech such as is becoming a Superintendent, by virtue of office, on the opening of an Institute. The speech was a pleasant one, and was attentively listened to by the assembly, which was pronounced the largest that had ever been convened at the opening of an Institute in Juniata county.

The hours for the opening of the Institute were fixed at 9 A. M, 1:30 P. M. and 7 o'clock P. M.

The selection of the hours for opening the Institute was followed by music, "Work, for the Night is Coming." The music was followed by the reading of a speech on

TEACHERS AND PUPILS,

by E. O. Kreider. It was largely devoted to school government, and that being a vital question, a disposition to debate the question, as raised by Mr. Kreider, cropped out in a number of members, by their seeming inclination to speak to the question.

Wellington Smith, was the first to get the floor. He recognized in the paper read by Mr. Kreider the old question of school government. He cannot believe in the use of the rod in the school. The tendency of its use is to awaken the animal nature of the pupil. Resentment is often instilled into the mind of the child that has been whipped at school. To whip children may cause them to fear a teacher; but fear is not respect, and that is what teachers should strive for. When the respect has been gained government follows without trouble. Scolding is even worse than whipping. It has a tendency to awaken the same passions in the child, to a greater degree. He might use the rod in the school-room under the most serious offense, but from scolding he would entirely abstain.

I. C. Lantz, was the next speaker He felt glad to learn that Solomon was wrong in his advice to use the rod. It was a piece of news that Mr. Smith delivered, and he was glad to hear him deliver any kind of news, but still with all that, to his knowledge the use of the rod has been productive of good. Its use does sometimes stir up feelings. When the whipping does no more than stir the animal feelings, then it is productive of harm, but if the whipped child can be made to understand that it is whipped for its own good, good will follow the application of the rod. He cannot endorse scolding in the school room; it wears out a teacher's influence.

D. D. Stone, followed Mr. Lantz in the discussion of the question. He expressed a feeling of satisfaction that the question had awakened so general an interest; it could not help but result in good. The question of "Teachers and Pupils" cannot well be too much discussed. As to the use of the rod, it were best not to occupy too much ground for or against the use of the rod. The teacher who cannot use the rod without hazing the animal nature stirred should not whip. The rod should not be used when the teacher is aroused by anger. The use of the rod may be almost, if not entirely, dispensed with by a proper study of the temperament or disposition of the respective pupils, Disposition, temperament, were the points to look to. Once they are understood the chief obstacle to good government is overcome; but with all of the greatest care, and keenest penetration as to the moving motives of pupils, real, genuine cases of stubbornness, willfulness, may develope in the school-room, which may not be overcome without the application of the rod. The idea, as expressed by Mr. Kreider in his paper, of getting the sympathy of the pupil, by getting him to understand that the teacher will do him good, is a good idea. The mutual sympathy of pupil and teacher is what is needed, and the teacher who knows how to arouse the latent sympathy that exists in all is sure to secure good government. But it will not do to say never use the rod If you can rule by sympathy, by love, rule that way, but discipline you must have; you must have government with or without love.

W. I. Hibbs, arose to express his great satisfaction at the manner in which the Institute is moving along. All the teachers should talk to the question. The question is an old and important one, and has often been talked over. He would like to have a special rule for the government of schools. There need be no punishment inflicted on teachers who come to the Institute; they all conduct themselves properly; they come with respect for themselves and respect for others. Pupils should enter the school with the same respect that teachers enter the Institute, and then there would be no trouble about government.

W. H. Groninger, next obtained the floor. In the question before the Institute he recognized an important question of government, that can scarcely be over estimated. He felt a good deal for the side that favors mutual sympathy, love, moral suasion. He can not be certain that his school is governed strictly by the principles of sympathy and love, yet when these principles are brought into active play they will reach every case. Of course if love will not answer, it is proper to reach the case through the nerves of the back. It may be hard to govern a school in these days of defective morals and blunted intelligence without the rod, but that does not disprove that the principle of sympathy, love and moral suasion is wrong. A child that is habitually whipped and scolded at some other place is a spoiled pupil before it enters the school-room. Whipping naturally arouses a spirit of resentment It is an autocratic power or exercise to whip. The child never gets a hearing in a school-room. It is whipped without daring to utter a word in excuse for the conduct that brings the whip to its back. The country is not yet advanced enough to abolish whipping in the schools, but we are far ahead of the people of fifty years ago. We are slowly working up to the abolition of the rod.

David Watts, spoke to the question He maintained that the question of school government is not as broad as many believe it to be; it is more of an individual question than most people are willing to concede; it narrows itself to this that the "teacher who can properly govern himself can govern a school." That, he maintains, is the secret of the whole question.

J. W. Plett, was the next speaker. He spoke to the point of the mental question in the subject. If a material impression on the back is needed to get a mental impression to lodge in the mind of the pupil, he will whip the child. The object is to reach a result, if you can reach it by the rod, and by no other way, use the rod. There is a great deal of wrong inculcated by the moral suasion doctrine. Men, pupils, must know that there is a stern authority that compels respect for place. He loves sympathy, he loves love, but if you give some people an over dose of sympathy and love it sours on them and ruins them. He would not think of abusing children, but while he is in the school room he expects to be "Monarch of all he surveys." Solid material is the stuff to lay on rebellious pupils.

Wellington Smith, again took up the question He spoke of extreme cases. It is not proper to anger rebellious pupils, so as to arouse the opposition of friends of the child. Trouble, prosecution, often follow. The thing to do is to see the parents of the unruly member, send the case of bad training home where it belongs. See the directors, and thus quietly cause the rebellious pupil to submit to other authority or stay at home. The parents and directors are the masters of the situation, and no teacher should aspire to train a child whose parents will not train it at home, let the disgrace of bad training fall where it belongs, do not shoulder it on the teacher. Let it be understood that it is a disgrace to send to school badly trained children, and good training at home will become an object with the parents. Do not use the rod unless the parents and directors give authority to do so. Mr. Smith's speech brought out.

John H. Hibbs, in ringing tones from the word go, he insisted that it is the right, duty of the teacher to preserve order in the School. The teacher in Juniata county does not live who can on all occasions govern without the rod. Parents and directors cannot always be looked up to decide questions of bad conduct and rebellion. The teacher who gets angered in whipping a pupil cannot properly expel a child. The child must be conquered from its bad ways, the pupil must understand that the teacher is Monarch in the school room, the teacher should be an Autocrat in the school room. Moral suasion is a curse, it poisons the minds of parents against authority, people are getting too loose on the question of authority, there are two many natural born bad people to permit of the teaching of such doctrine as moral suasion to permit of it being carried into practice, natural born devils must be held in check by authority, it is a waste of sympathy and love to offer it to such people.

W. H. Groninger, obtained the floor the second time. He had not been informed of the establishment of whipping posts in Delaware, but from remarks made in the Institute the cracks of the lash could almost be heard coming up from that district. Whipping mental culture or acquirement into a child or pupil, is worse if possible than whipping religion or christainity into a man or woman. Here Mr. Groninger drew a picture of the famous Rev. Peter Cartwright whipping a ferryman into the delivery of a prayer. Perhaps it was religion or christianity for the ferryman to pray under the superior muscular power of the preacher, but was it the right kind of religion to have? Did it produce the right kind of a prayer from the whipped man? Was it the kind of prayer that Deity listened to? Prayer, to receive a response, must be honest, living prayer. Forced prayers are of no account. Whipping may impart a slavish fear in the pupil, as it did in the ferryman, but with such fear before it the pupil cannot learn, and thus the very object of the creation or institution of the school is defeated. You cannot whip mental culture or learning into children. It is a contrary way of doing things to whip, and then conciliate, why not conciliate at first and lift the mind of the pupil to the plane of respect. Mr. Groninger at this juncture yeilded the floor to the reading of a despatch by Superintendent Garman from Railroad authority stating that the Atlantic Express eastward-bound at 9.10 P. M., will stop every night at Port Royal and Thompsontown for the accomodation of teachers and visitors.

Music followed the reading of the despatch, "There is music in the air," at the conclusion of which piece we withdrew, and heard no more.

Juniata County—Official.

	SUPREME JUDGE.		STATE TREASURER	
	Sterrett.	Trunkey.	Hart.	Noyes.
Mifflintown	87	55	58	81
Fermanagh	60	107	58	105
Walker	88	87	88	88
Fayette	162	82	162	80
Delaware	70	32	70	30
Thompsontown	22	25	23	24
Monroe	42	85	43	87
Greenwood	7	56	7	47
Susquehanna	27	45	27	77
Patterson	31	57	27	59
Milford	58	66	55	70
Port Royal	68	41	53	56
Turbett	29	62	28	65
Beale	51	76	46	80
Spruce Hill	62	32	56	38
Tuscarora	25	91	23	99
Lack	25	67	17	74
Black Log	2	17	1	18
Total	916	1083	837	1146

Trunkey's maj., 167; Noyes' maj., 309.

	AUDITOR GENERAL.		COUNTY SURVEYOR.	
	Passmore.	Schell.	Henderson.	Miller.
Mifflintown	58	82	63	79
Fermanagh	58	104	58	104
Walker	88	88	89	87
Fayette	160	82	159	82
Delaware	70	32	71	32
Thompsontown	23	24	17	27
Monroe	42	86	42	89
Greenwood	7	56	22	38
Susquehanna	28	51	22	49
Patterson	28	59	44	56
Milford	50	70	59	78
Port Royal	53	55	55	50
Turbett	29	64	27	63
Beale	46	80	47	79
Spruce Hill	56	38	57	36
Tuscarora	23	90	25	89
Lack	17	73	18	74
Black Log	1	18	0	18
Total	831	1152	874	1121

Scholl's maj., 321; Wilt's maj., 247.

GREENBACK-LABOR, AND PROHIBITION VOTE.

	SUPREME JUDGE		AUDITOR GENERAL.		STATE TREA'R.	
	Bentley, G-L.	Winton, P.	Emerson, G-L.	Barker, P.	Wright, G-L.	Garnett, P.
Mifflintown	7	1	7	1	8	1
Fermanagh	1	0	1	0	0	0
Walker	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fayette	3	0	3	0	3	0
Delaware	1	0	1	0	1	0
Thompsontown	3	0	3	0	3	0
Monroe	0	0	0	0	0	0
Greenwood	0	0	0	0	0	0
Susquehanna	0	0	0	0	0	0
Patterson	25	0	27	0	28	0
Milford	20	0	25	0	25	0
Port Royal	0	0	1	1	0	1
Turbett	0	0	0	0	0	0
Beale	0	0	0	0	0	0
Spruce Hill	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tuscarora	0	1	0	3	0	3
Lack	0	1	0	1	0	1
Black Log	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	61	3	69	6	69	6

News Items.

The gold bulls will fight the silver bill in the Senate.

In Reading they put tramps to cleaning gutters.

The property of the Methodist Church in New Jersey is estimated to be worth $5,000,000. There are 500 churches and 200 parsonages.

Lock Haven offers $20,000 cash, etc to any one erecting a rolling mill there.

The York Daily says that several residents of that place think of making a search for the $100,000 buried by the robber Lewis in the vicinity of Newville, Cumberland county.

The men on trial for riot at Pittsburg have been acquitted. The prosecuting officers say it is impossible to get a jury in the county to convict any so charged and an attemp will be made to secure a change.

Mrs Sophia Howard, an old widow lady residing in Derry township, within a mile and a half of Derry station, has attained the remarkable age of 103 years. She is no Doubt the oldest lady in the State. Score one for Dauphin county.

The tide of war has again turned this time in favor of the Turks in Armenia. The Russians have met with a severe repulse before Erzeroum, that is if Mukhtar Pasha's dispatches are to be believed,

The trial of Judge Yellott, of the Baltimore county Circuit Court, for yesterday at Annapolis, has been posponed until January 22, 1878.

Mrs. Rebecca Patterson, of Little Britain township, Lancaster county, died of lockjaw on Saturday last.

Jack Moore, the Altoona printer who was reported as having been recently hung in the south, turned up in that in that city the other day.

Two students were dismissed and two suspended at Dickinson College, Carlisle, for indulging in Hallow E'en frolics.

Benjamin Fish, of Trenton, cast his seventieth vote on Tuesday.

Senator Cameron says he is using his influence for Mr. Welsh's confirmation. It is also expected that he will make a speech in his behalf.

A brute living in McKeesport, while intoxicated, held the hand of his six-year old daughter among the coals of a red hot stove The child's screams attracted the attention of the neighbors, and she was rescued, but not before her hand was fearfully burned.

The barn of John Rose, in Penn township, Westmorland county, was burned to the ground on Sunday night a week together with all its contents. It is said that the flames started from the ignition of matches in the hands of careless children. There was an insurance of $1,000 on the building.

On Tuesday morning Mathew Houser aged 28 years, while employed in the lower machine shop of Altoona fell to the floor and almost instantly expired from disease of the heart. He leaves a wife and two children.

News Items.

Solomon's temple stood 424 years.

Turkeys nine cents a pound in Reading.

A "milk festival" is the latest thing in Lebanon.

Chester county thieves steal honey in the hive.

Six whisky distilleries in Berks county.

Mexican mustangs are a drug in the Pittsburg market.

Corn husks are worth one-and a-half cents per pound in Pittsburg.

John Findlay, of Columbia Lancaster county, fell upon a revolving circular saw His stomach was cut open, and it was thought he could not recover.

Margaret Dunn has been arrested as the murderer of the fourteen months old child found in a creek in Lancaster county a couple of weeks ago.

The new Gas Company of Harrisburg has already laid pipe to the extent of 15 miles.

The Lock Haven Academy of Music has been sold for $25,000

A scaffolding at the new Catholic church at Warren fell burying six workmen. One was killed and the others dangerously injured.

The young ladies of West Chester have formed a "cooking club.

Japanese radishes, weighing ten pounds, have been grown in Morristown N. J.

A grocery bill, twenty five feet long, was the subject of a recent suit in Paterson N. J.

Licking the cheese in a rat-trap cost a Bucks county cow her tongue's end.

The Ringgold Band of Reading has had two offers to go to the paris Exposition next season.

The new iron bridge of the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Rockville near Harrisburg, has been completed.

Peter S. Haintz for twelve years postmaster at Hamburg, Berks county, has been arrested charged with robbing the mails.

The four companies of the Second Artillery, that had been on duty near Wilkesbarre for some time returned to Carlisle Barracks, on Saturday evening, the 28th ult., in a special train.

The farm of Judge Hepburn, one mile east of Carlisle, was sold to James W. Bosler, Esq., at $127 per acre.

A number of grass bass from Western waters have been placed in the Susquehanna, at Harrisburg.

Samuel Winn, of Berks county, aged seventy years, has been in the habit the past forty years of getting out of bed at twelve o'clock at night and eating a hearty meal.

William P. Elliott, Esq. of Lewistown is probably the oldest printer in Pennsylvania, having been apprenticed to the business in 1807, seventy years ago.

Jas. Glover, of Westmoreland county is prosecuting a claim against the general government, at Washington, of $70,560 for damages done to his personal property in Louisana by the Union army in 1862.

Eight persons have been arrested, charged with having participated in tarring and feathering, and riding on a rail Mrs. Ess, a disreputable woman of Watterford Erie county

A Pottsville pastor has notified his congregation that in future he will not hold funerals on Sunday, unless an attending physician would certify that it was not safe to delay the interment.

A student named Hurst, of Lebanon Valley College, while performing on the horizontal bar broke both his arms. He was in the act of making a turn on bar when he twisted the arms in such a manner as to break them.

A prominent Greenbacker, one who has been making speeches for the cause was debarred from voting in the Sixth ward yesterday by reason of not having paid his taxes. 'Twas ever thus, etc. —*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

Horse Valley Franklin county is over run with ground squirrels, which have become so very numerous as to be doing a great deal of injury to the farmers.

Thomas Clemens a young lawyer of Bergen Point, N J. has been missing from his home for two weeks. As his affairs were in a prosperous condition, his relatives fear that he has met with an accident.

Jack Tripler, of Carlisle, the oldest fireman in the State has in his possession a fireman's belt which he has worn ever since 1812. He has also his old fireman's horn which was originally used as a speaking trumpet on a British man-of war, and dates back nearly a century. He carries a handsome gold watch he had with him in the year 1812, and the seal of which bears the heads of Washington and Jackson.

The trials of George Williams and James Gallagher, two of the Delaware and Lackawanna strikers, took place before Judge Nixon, in the United States District Court in Trenton, on Friday They were charged with having on July 19, obstructed and impeded the passage of the United States mails by stopping a mail train at Washington. They were convicted, and fined one hundred dollars each and costs, the full penalty.

William S. Cook, a Pittsburg letter carrier, has been arrested for opening letters. This is the third arrest of letter carriess in Pittsburg the past year.

One night last week thieves visited the hog pen of Mr. Kock, farmer of Manchester township, York county, cut the throat of a fine porker and carried off the carcass.

Mrs J. M. Kershberger, landlady of the Kennet Hotel, Kennet Square Chester county, retired a few nights ago, and left a coal oil lamp burning low in her bed room when after a while the lamp filled the appartment with suffocating fumes. Mrs. Kershberger awoke with a feeling of great oppression, and at once opened the window, and as the air rushed in she became better. A little niece, who was sleeping in the appartment, was rescued in an exhausted condition, but on being removed to the open air she recovered.

The striking segar makers of New Orleans, to the number of about nine hundred, held a meeting and passed resolutions demanding an increase of $2 to $4 per 1000. A committee of fifty was appointed to induce workman to join the strike.

A tramp stopped a foot peddler named Drescher, about five miles from York, on the Baltimore turnpike, on Thursday. Without saying a word, struck his assailant senseless to the ground with a loaded cane, that he carries for just such emergencies as this and then hurried on his way. After administering the blow he heard nothing more of the tramp.

Legal Notices.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF HOUSE AND LOT.

PURSUANT to an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Juniata county, and to the undersigned directed, will be exposed to public sale, on the premises, at 3 o'clock P. M., on

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1877,

The following property, to wit: A lot of ground situate in the borough of Patterson, fronting about 20 feet on Main street, and extending back 120 feet to an alley, bounded by F. F. Rohm on the west, and by lot of F. F. Rohm on the east, and having thereon erected a

Good Frame Dwelling House,

Stable, and other outbuildings.

TERMS.—Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale; fifteen per cent. when the sale is confirmed by the Court; and the balance in five and eight months from the date of the confirmation of the sale, with interest after three months from said confirmation.

LOUIS E. ATKINSON,
Administrator of David A. Doughman.
Nov. 14, 1877.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of *Vend. Ex., Leva Fa.* and *Fi. Fa.*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Juniata county, and to me directed, will be exposed to sale by public outcery, at the Court House, in the borough of Mifflintown, on

Friday, November 30, 1877,

at 1 o'clock P. M., the following described real estate, to wit:

A Tract of Land situate in Susquehanna township, adjoining lands of Adam Chubb and others on the north, Absalom Barker and others on the east, Levi Light on the south and Samuel Dimm on the west, containing 121 Acres, more or less, about 50 acres cleared, and having a Log Dwelling House, Log Stable, and other out-buildings thereon erected. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John Acley.

A Tract of Land situate in Greenwood township, adjoining lands of John Dimm's heirs on the south, west and north, and George W. McElwee and Samuel Stroup on the east, containing 10[illegible] Acres, more or less, 70 acres cleared, having thereon erected a Log Dwelling House, Log Barn, and other out-buildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of William Carl.

A Tract of Land situate in Milford township, adjoining lands of Mrs. Horning on the north, Nipple's heirs on the east, J. Hawn & Co. on the south and Henry Bossinger on the west, containing 112 Acres, more or less, 60 acres cleared, and having thereon erected a Log Dwelling House, Stable and other out buildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Samuel King.

The undivided one-sixth of a Tract of Land situate in Greenwood township, adjoining lands of Thomas Miller and others on the north, Doty, Parker & Co. on the east, Haul Cox's heirs and others on the south, Doty, Parker & Co., Paul Cox and James Cox on the west, containing 160 Acres, more or less, 100 acres cleared, and having thereon erected a large Log and Frame Dwelling House, Log Barn and other out-buildings; known as the Seven Star property. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John Cox

A Lot of Ground situate in Fayette township, adjoining lands of Jacob Page on the north, J. Beers on the east and south, and W. Jamison's heirs on the west, containing 5 Acres, more or less, with Log Dwelling House and Log Stable thereon erected.

Also No. 2.—A Lot of Ground situate in same township, adjoining lands of J. Beers on the north, Jacob Smith on the east, Jacob Page on the south, and W. Jamison's heirs on the west, containing 5 Acres, more or less, unimproved. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Daniel Page.

A Tract of Land situate in Fermanagh township, adjoining lands of L. H. Beers on the north, George Hower on the east, —— Spigiemoyer on the south, and J. M. Hower on the west, containing 89 Acres, more or less, unimproved. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of L. H. Beers.

A Tract of Land situate in Monroe township, adjoining lands of Jacob Swartz on the north, Solomon Lauver on the east, J. and E. Butler on the south, Michael Lauver and others on the west, containing 171 Acres, more or less, about 100 acres cleared and having thereon erected 2 Log Dwelling Houses and Log Barn. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Amos Folk.

Two Tracts of Land situate in Greenwood township, one thereof composed of two pieces, to wit: One piece adjoining lands of Peter Runberger, Adam Wilt, William Cox and Frederick Wilt, containing 62 Acres and 15 Perches, and the other piece adjoining lands of A. Markle's heirs, Eby's heirs and other lands of Eliza Jane Cameron, containing 8 Acres and 71 perches, and the other of said two tracts of land, adjoining lands of Adam Wilt, George Tharp, A. Markle's heirs, the 8 acres and 71 perches above described, W. Stroup and Catharine Wilt, containing 79 acres and 59 perches, and being purports Nos. 2 and 6 in the proceedings in partition of the real estate of Adam Wilt, deceased, and accepted by the said Eliza Jane Cameron, as per diagram upon Orphans' Court Docket E, page 11. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Eliza Jane Cameron and Noah Cameron.

A Tract of Land situate in Fermanagh township, adjoining lands of Stine's heirs on the north, Frederick Haines and others on the east, other lands of Enos Bergy on the south, and John Sieber on the west, containing 140 acres, more or less, having thereon erected a Stone Dwelling House and Tenant House, Grist Mill, Saw Mill, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed and other outbuildings.

Also No. 2.—A Tract of Land situate in same township, adjoining lands of Enos Bergy on the north, Puffenberger on the east and south and Wm. Banks on the west, containing 110 Acres, more or less, having thereon erected a Frame Dwelling House and Bank Barn.

Also No 3.—A tract of Land situate in Fayette township, adjoining lands of Wm. Banks on the north, Stine's heirs on the west and Wilson & Bro. on the east and south, containing 190 Acres, unimproved. All seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Enos Bergy.

A lot of Ground situate in the village of East Waterford, Tuscarora township, bounded on the north by an alley, east by lot of A. J. Ferguson, south by Main street, and west by a lot of M. E. Church, having thereon erected a Frame Dwelling House, Log Stable and a Well of Water, containing ¼ acre.

Also No. 2—A lot of Ground situate in in Lack township, bounded on the north by Tuscarora creek, on the east and south by lands of Lewis Kirk and on the west by lands of Wm Kirk's heirs cyntaining one acre, more or less, bearing an Apple Orchard. All seized, taken in execution and to besold the property of John Kops.

A Tract of Land situate in Susquehanna township, adjoining lands of John Acley on the north, Levi Light on the east and south and David Zeiders on the west containing 16 acres more or less, having thereon erected a Log Dwelling and Log Stable. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of D. D Bohner.

All the right, title and interest of Adam H. Weidman in and to the following real estate; A Tract of Land situate in Walker township adjoining lands of Samuel Imes on the north, by Kleck and others on the east, by Jerome Thompson on the south and by Moors and Klecks on the west, containing 96 Acres, more or less having thereon erected two Frame Dwelling Houses, two Frame Bank Barns Wagon Sheds and other outbuildings. Also

A Tract of Timber Land situate in same township, adjoining lands of John McMeen on the north and east, lands of Wm. Griffith on the south and lands of James Whitmer on the west, containing nine Acres, more or less unimproved. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Adam H. Weidman.

Legal Notices.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE!

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Juniata county, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of John Smoker, deceased, late of the township of Spruce Hill, and county aforesaid, will offer at public sale, on the premises, at 2 o'clock P. M., on

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1877,

The following tracts of land, late the property of said decedent:

No. 1.—A tract of farm land in said township, adjoining lands of Joseph Yoder on the south, Jacob Delaney on the west, Mrs. Thompson and Dr. Graham on the north, and Thomas Stewart on the east, containing

One Hundred and Ten Acres,

more or less, having thereon erected a good

LARGE FRAME HOUSE,

with out-kitchen; New Frame Bank Barn, together with two Wagon Sheds, Out Stabling and other buildings. There are two Wells of good water on the premises, one at the house, the other at the barn. The farm is well supplied with good Fruit of all kinds. This land is located in one of the best valleys in the county, is of fine quality, well fenced, and in close proximity to public schools and churches.

No. 2.—A tract of WOODLAND in same township, adjoining lands of Joseph Yoder, Jacob Delaney, Jesse Rice, Samuel Wharton, and others, containing

FIFTY ACRES,

more or less. This land is well set with thrifty Chestnut, Rock Oak, and other valuable timber, is easily accessible, and not far distant from the farm.

TERMS OF SALE.

Ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid oash; fifteen per cent. when the sale is confirmed by the Court; one third of the purchase money to be paid at the death of Mary B., wife of said decedent, the interest thereof to be paid to her annually; and the balance in three equal instalments, payable April 1, 1878, April 1, 1879, and April 1, 1880, interest to begin on all payments April 1, 1878, and together with the principal to be secured by judgment bond and mortgage.

If the Woodland is sold separately from the Farm, bail will be required of the purchaser for its price.

DAVID HERTZLER,
Administrator of John Smoker, dec'd.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

BY virtue of an alias order of the Orphans' Court of Juniata county, the undersigned, Administrator of Joseph S. Laird, dec'd, will offer at public sale, on the premises, in McCoysville Tuscarora township, on

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1877,

at 1 o'clock P. M., the following described real estate, late the property of said decedent, to wit:

No. 1. A tract of about TWO ACRES of Ground, in McCoysville, bounded by lands of John Dobbs on the west, by a public road on the south and east, and on the north by lands of J. C. Stewart, having thereon erected a

LARGE DWELLING HOUSE,

A GOOD STABLE,

and all necessary outbuildings. There is a good Orchard of Choice Fruit on the premises, also running water.

No. 2. A lot of about 2 Acres of Ground in McCoysville, bounded on the west by school lot, on the north and east by public road, and on the south by lands of James Steenson, having thereon erected a new

Two-Story Frame Store-House,

30x32 feet, with WAREHOUSE, STABLE, and Wagon Shed. There is a good young Apple Orchard on the premises, also running water.

The above tract will be divided into two lots and sold either separately or together, to suit the convenience of purchaser.

No. 3. A tract of about 80 ACRES of land, near McCoysville, bounded on the west by lands of John E. Dobbs, on the south by lands of Abraham Noss and heirs of Thos. Barnard, on the east by lands of Jacob Noss and public road, and on the north by lands of James Steenson. About 35 acres of this land is cleared and in a good state of cultivation, the balance is in good timber. Four or five building lots will be taken off this tract and offered for sale separately at the same time and place.

TERMS.—Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale; fifteen per cent when the sale is confirmed by the court; and the balance in two equal instalments, payable in six and twelve months from the date of confirmation, interest to be paid from April 1st, 1878, when possession will be give

SAMUEL B. CRAWFORD,
Adm'r of Joseph S. Laird, deceased.
May 16, 1877.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Juniata county, the undersigned, Assignee of Solomon Coffman for the benefit of his creditors, will offer at public sale, on the premises, in Fayette township, Juniata county, at 2 o'clock P. M., on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1877,

The following described real estate, to wit

A tract of land, being the Mansion Farm of said Assignor, containing

One Hundred and Forty Acres,

more or less, having thereon erected a

Large Stone Dwelling House,

BANK BARN, Wagon Shed with Stabling, Corn Crib, and other outbuildings. About 125 acres of this land is cleared, well fenced, and in a high state of cultivation. The balance is well set with Chestnut, Oak, and other valuable timber.

There is a fine Quarry of excellent LIMESTONE on the premises, with KILN erected thereon. The land has recently been thoroughly limed. There is a fine Spring of water on the premises, with a