SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN

MIFFLINTOWN.

Wednesday, April 18, 1877.

B. F. SCHWEIER,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Republican County Committee.

Chairman—W. C. LAIRD, Patterson.

Mifflintown—Solomon Books, C. B. Horning, Mifflintown P. O

Fermanagh—Isaac Sieber, Samuel Thomas, Mifflistown P. O.

Fayette—Dr. H. Harshberger, Enoch Sheleinberger, McAlisterville.

Susquehanna—S. G. Dressler, Oriental P.O. Emanuel Long, Pfoutz's Valley P. O.

Greenwood—Harrison Minnium, Thomas Kumberger, Pfoutz's Valley.

Delaware—John M. Stutts, Abraham Kurtz, East Salem.

Thompsontown—J. M. Nelson, J. A. Hostetler, Thompsontown

Monroe—Jacob Page, Evendale; G. Metteriing, Richfield.

Walker—John A. Gallagher, Mexico; M. Coldren, Van Wert.

Patterson—S. B. Caveny, B. R. Mitchell, Patterson.

Port Royal—T. M. Moore, H. H. Snyder, Port Royal.

Spruce Hill—J. D. Howell, Pleasant View, T. T. Patton, Spruce Hill.

Milford—Wm. N. Sterrett, David Cunningham, Patterson.

Turbett—John G. Hertzler, C. Richards, Port Royal.

Lack—J. C. Burns, Peru Mills; Ezra Montgomery, Waterloo.

Black Log—Robert McIntyre, James McKee, Peru Mills.

Beale—Dr. D. L. Allen, Academia, Dan Kauffman, Walnut.

Tuscarora—J. E. Laird, McCoysville; Thos. Morrow, Waterford.

The member of the State Central Committee for Juniata county is John T. Nourse, of Academia.

TURKEY seems to want a fight.

Now you have a solid South, and gold goes up.

THERE is a talk that when Congress meets it will reduce the army to 5,000 men.

EVEN the Democrats seem to be stunned into silence over the turn of Southern affairs.

EX-GOVERNOR CHAMBERLAIN, of South Carolina has joined himself to a firm of lawyers to practice in New York.

ON Saturday the Brotherhood of Engineers in the employ of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company struck and quit work.

THE fate of the negro is in the hands of his master. If faith is broken, there will be one of the speediest retributions ever heard of among men.

EUROPEAN despatches announce that the Pope is pleased at the prospect of an European war. Reason not given. Of course there is an ax in it somewhere to grind.

An Ohio legislator introduced a bill in the Ohio Legislature last week that proposes to keep all men who are past the age of sixty-five years from serving as jurors. What should be done with such a man?

THE general opinion is, that proprietors who conduct and manage such large hotels as the one that burned last week in St. Louis, in which so many human lives were lost, should have an ample force of night watchmen.

GOVERNOR CHAMBERLAIN passed the State of South Carolina over to Wade Hampdon last Wednesday, after the withdrawal of the United States troops. He issued a long address to the people of the State when he surrendered, stating that he is the regularly elected Governor, but under the position that the Hayes Government has taken he cannot maintain himself as the Governor of the Commonwealth.

THE other day a legal gentleman in Pittsburg, in the exercise of his assumed prerogative, said to a witness, "Now you know you are lying." The witness manifested his feeling by directing a blow at the lawyer's head. The stroke sent the lawyer lying full length on the floor. It is said the stroke made remarkable difference in the appearance of the legal gentleman's face, and his speech was toned as smoothly as if addressing a lady friend, after the pugilistic reply of his witness.

THE way Democratic papers fire at Senator John J. Patterson is remarkable. They have him performing the most astounding somersaults known in the political arena. According to their writings he is, "now you see me, and now you don't see me." It was a bomb-shell in their camp when some one announced that he will favor Mr. Butler, of South Carolina, for the office of United States Senate. They seemed shocked at such a proposition, but they take quite kindly to President Hayes' ways of admitting other people who are no better than Mr. Butler. If Patterson were Hayes and would confer with Hampdon and others, and Hayes were Patterson and would confer with Butler and others, what would they say? The question is respectfully submitted to Col. McClure for consideration.

THE average "Radical" Republican now a days feels a good deal like the Irishman who visited the theatre for the first time. Just as the curtain descended on the first act an engine in the basement exploded, and he was blown through the roof and into the adjoining street. Recovering his senses he picked himself up and anxiously asked, "An' what piece do yiz play nixt?"—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

State Superintendent of Schools, Mr. Wickersham, has sent circulars to the county superintendents, directing that in place of the usual annual report, an educational history of each county be prepared. These sketches are to begin with the mention of the earliest schools of record, and to trace the course of educational progress down to the present time. They are not to exceed twelve printed pages in length.

GRANGERISM is not so popular as it was. Its decline has been rapid according to all accounts from the west, and apparently it will soon be numbered among the "things that were." Not less than 9000 local Granges have gone out of existence, says the St. Paul, Minnesota, *Press*, within the last year, while the membership fell away to the number of 180,000. Too much politics did the work. Starting out with the declaration that "Grangerism" would have nothing to do with politics, the order sprang all at once into formidable dimensions and power, yet just so soon as it "felt its oats" it assumed to control elections and from that moment it lost its influence. Whatever of good may have been embodied in the principles of the order was killed when its leaders undertook to manipulate tickets and direct the results of local or State elections. Politicians were its ruin. Old party hacks rushed into the organization because they thought that they saw in it a chance for retrieving their scant fortunes; and so they wrecked the Grangers as they will wreck anything with which they may come in contact.—*North American.*

TO BLACK HILLERS.

Three Different Routes to the New Gold Fields.

The Department, with the approval of the Secretary of War, issues a circular, announcing, for the information of all concerned, the following routes connecting the Missouri river with the Black Hills in accordance with the late treaty with the Sioux Indians:

Route No. 1. Beginning at Bismarck, Dakota, the present western terminus of the Northern Pacific Railroad, it will cross the 103d meridian of longitude, the western boundary of the Sioux reservation, on the shortest and most practicable route to Deadwood City.

Route No. 2. Beginning at a point on the right bank of the Missouri river, known as Fort Pierre, or at some point not over eighteen miles north from that place, it will cross the 103d meridian on the shortest and most practicable route to Deadwood City.

Route No. 3. Beginning at the Yankton crossing of the Missouri river, and thence up the south bank of the Niobrara to its crossing opposite the mouth of the Keya Paha river; thence up the latter stream to or near the sources of Porcupine Creek, whence it will cross the 103d meridian on the shortest and most practicable route to Custer City.

All people who establish themselves at stations along these lines are notified that such establishing will not carry with it any property right to land, which will be subject to the conditions which may be imposed by the Secretary of War. The western boundary of the Sioux reservation, as fixed by the recent treaty, is as follows: Commencing at the intersection of the 103d meridian of longitude with the northern boundary of Nebraska; thence to its intersection with the south fork of the Cheyenne river; thence down said stream to its junction with the north fork of the Bellefourche; thence up that fork to the 103d meridian, to the south branch of Cannon Ball or Cedar Creek.

Loss of Life by Fire.

At 1:25 on the morning of the 11th inst., the Southern Hotel at St. Louis was destroyed by fire. The exact number of lives lost cannot be given, but it is feared that some forty or fifty persons perished, either by being burned directly or first smothered by smoke and then consumed.

From the best information it seems the fire caught in the store room in the basement, and was first seen coming through the ground floor just north of the office, and in a short time it had ascended the elevators and rotunda and spread itself over the sixth floor under the roof. This floor was occupied entirely by employees of the hotel, the most of whom were women.

The fire spread rapidly, filling every room and hall with flames and smoke, and the scene was of the most terrible description. Frantic men, women and children ran through the halls shrieking in the most heart-rending manner in their wild and desperate efforts to escape.

Ladders were raised as soon as possible, and women and children with nothing but their night-clothes on were thus taken from the burning building The ladders were too short to reach the fifth and sixth stories, but by hoisting some of them on the one-story balcony on the east side and the two-story balcony on the north side of the building, these floors were reached and all those at the windows rescued.

"Gentlemen, Stand Up. Every one of You, and take off your Hats."

When Gen. Ricketts was a wounded prisoner in Richmond his wife went to stay with him, nursing him and other wounded Northern prisoners. For three months she was the sunshine of that horrible place, and her patients have never forgotten her. Two years afterward she got into a car at the corner of Broadway and Fifth avenue with her mother. It was full, and she stood a moment without a seat. Suddenly a great six-footer sprang up at the far end of the car, and sang out: "Gentlemen, stand up, every one of you, and take off your hats, for this is Mrs. Gen. Ricketts, who nursed fourteen of us in Libby Prison for three months. God bless her!" And they *did* stand up, and led by her former patient, cheered until the street rang, she in the meantime half provoked, half amused, and wholly embarrassed.

There are 100 Lutheran congregations in Brazil, with 25 pastors.

Thieves Drowned in the Susquehanna River.

The Cries for Help from the River at Duncannon Explained.

A Harrisburg despatch of the 13th inst. says: Five weeks ago John D. McElwee, a dealer in old iron and rags, disappeared from this city, and to-day his body was found in the Susquehanna river four miles above Harrisburg. On the night of March 10 a boat was capsized near Duncannon, fifteen miles west of here, and simultaneously cries for assistance were heard and struggles in the water observed by the light of a lamp from the shore. Next day the boat, which belonged to Washington Dill, was discovered. It was supposed the owner had been drowned until his appearance dispelled the belief. The discovery of McElwee's body and the development of other facts render it certain that he and Charles Duffy were the persons drowned on the night indicated. At that time over one hundred pounds of brasses were stolen from the engine house of the Duncannon iron works, and it is supposed McElwee and Duffy loaded the boat down with the plunder. The river being high and the current swift, the vessel turned over and the thieves and their booty went to the bottom. Duffy served a term in the Eastern Penitentiary for stealing brasses in this city about two years ago.

Eighty Dollars and a Sewing Machine.

On general principles it is held that custom makes law, but such rules of action are subject to review, and even to reversal, according to Judge Gilbert, of Brooklyn. In that city a lady made a lease of a sewing machine, and paid for it the sum of eighty dollars, but failing to pay a last installment when due, the agent seized the mechanical scamstress, *vi et armis*, and took it to his salesrooms. The lady brought suit to recover the amount she had paid to the agent, and the jury awarded her a verdict for the sum of eighty dollars, with interest, and the Court ordered execution to issue forthwith, although the defendant asked for delay. Judge Gilbert observed, in support of this action, that the defendant had shown no mercy to his helpless customer by allowing reasonable time to make up the final installment on the sewing machine, which she had really purchased under what was misnamed a lease, and it was but even-handed justice to require the defendant to repair the damage he had done at once.

Sued for Kissing a Woman and Tearing her Dress at a Wedding.

Miss Connor, a bridesmaid, summoned Dr. Lynch, a wedding guest, before a Dublin police court on March 24, on a charge of having damaged her silk gown. At the wedding he had attempted to kiss her, and in their struggles her dress was torn. He also accidentally spilled some tea on it. The dress was worth £4, and he promised to replace it, but did not. She said she complained of his conduct to her aunt, who only laughed and said, "she would get used to it." For the defense it was pleaded that the wedding guest only took the recognized liberties with a bridesmaid; but the magistrate contended that not being the best man the defendant was not privileged. The counsel evincing a disposition to be disputatious, the magistrate dismissed the case abruptly with the remark, "Go away out of that."

American Beef by English Butchers.

English butchers have adopted an ingenious method of disgusting their customers with American meat. The are buying up all the old worn-out bulls and emaciated cows and labeling them when dressed, "Real American beef, not frozen." The price charged for the meat thus labeled seems low to the purchaser, but it is really very high for the stuff given in exchange, and leaves the seller about three pence per pound profit. It has also the advantage of thoroughly sickening the purchaser, who, finding it quite void of nutrition, and tough as a whipthong, at once swears to eschew American beef for the future, and goes back to beef at the old high prices, when he often really gets unconsciously American beef, which the wily butcher sells as English, and thereby reaps increased profits.

Estimate Put on the Life of a Prize Package Man

A few days ago a fiend in human shape displaced some rails on an Iowa railway and threw a passenger train from the track. The villain was captured, and the indignant passengers were about to hang him on the spot, when the conductor announced that the disaster had killed a prize-package man. Then the passengers let up on the rope, begged his pardon, called him their preserver, and took up a purse of $200 for him.

Prayer to Keep AWay the Grasshopper.

Governor Pillsburg, of Minnesota, has issued a proclamation setting apart Thursday, April 26, as a special day for prayer throughout the State for the annihilation of the grasshopper scourge this season.

"Is that You, Willie?"

A young woman cured her husband of staying out late at night by going to the door when he came in, and whispering through the keyhole, "Is that you, Willie?" Her husband's name is John, and he stays at home every night now, with one eye open.

The Bank of Avon, N. Y., has suspended. It was owned and controlled by G. W. Swan.

Tight, Tighter, Tightest.

A Paris letter says: The "eel-skin" dress is now the great rage both in London and Paris. In the wildest days of the tie-back or pin-back mania, there never was seen such a tightness in the matter of skirt as now prevails. Whatever the paucity of folds in the pin-back in its fronter part, in the enormous exuberance of the pannier or bustle the balance was struck. But now, not only is the bustle a thing of horror, but even the necessary underclothing is considered *de trop*. To lengthen the waist far beyond its natural proportions, a stiff webbing of elastic is fastened to the stays to the depth of half a foot; and to this, at first, narrow skirts were buttoned. But even this is now abandoned for another scheme to acquire slenderness.

Mrs. Swissbelm's much-ridiculed chemiloon is in demand, and garments made in this way are sold at the furnishing shops, and patterns of it pass eagerly from hand to hand among lady friends. Some ladies have had regular stage tights made in thick webbing, and over those they wear nothing but the outer dress, under-skirts being simulated by pleated ruffles of white muslin, sewn to the edge of the dress, which is then tied back till the woman within is shackled almost like a convict in a chain gang. No more uncomfortable fashion ever was devised; for not only are the limbs confined by the binding dress, but the wearer must constantly concern herself about the condition of the bodice, that portion being in incessant danger of turning itself up behind, wrong side out, like an umbrella in a windstorm. The desired effect of youthful slenderness is generally obtained by the "eel skin," but by a good deal of sacrifice of personal ease.

Shot by a Horsethief.

The Toledo *Blade* of the 9th inst., has an account of a shooting affair which occurred near Weston, Ohio, early on Sunday morning. A man named George Holliday, hearing a noise at his barn, went out to find out the cause, and was followed by his hired man, who heard two shots in quick succession before reaching the barn. Upon arriving there he found Holliday lying on the floor, with a bullet hole through the head. A valuable horse owned by Holliday was found saddled and ready to be led out. It appears that when Holliday reached the barn he discovered a horsethief, and the two fired almost simultaneously. The thief escaped. Holliday was alive when found, but it was thought he could survive but a short time.

A Bullet-Proof Car.

There has been completed at the car shops in York the first bullet-proof car in the United States. The car is thirty one feet long, eight feet high, and furnished with all the latest improvements in ventillation, etc. The body below the windows is covered with ¼-inch iron, and the panels between the windows and the body above them are covered with 3-16-inch steel. The windows can be closed with steel slides, and when they are down the entire car is bullet-proof. It weighs about 6500 pounds, and was ordered by the Spanish government for use in Cuba.

The Guests are Frightened.

The guests of the large hotels in Chicago are very much excited over the burning of the Southern Hotel in St. Louis. The hotel proprietors are doing all in their power to suppress the excitement by adding the latest means of fire-escape to their buildings and by employing special fire patrols in order to guard against such accidents. One of the principal hotel-owners offers to expose any room in his hotel to ignited combustibles in order to test the absolute security of the house against fire. The test will take place this week.

Without a Normal School.

In the last issue of the Kutztown National Educator attention is called the fact that the Fourth Normal School District of Pennsylvania is without a normal school. It is one of the largest, best, most progressive and wealthy in the State. It consists of the following counties: Northampton, with 244 schools; Carbon, with 130; Monroe, with 124; Luzerne, with 554; Pike, with 56; Wayne, with 210, making a total of 1328 schools.

"Texas Jack" tells this story: "I was out once with a party in Texas, and we came across a big Cinnamon bear. A fellow proposed to capture him with a lasso. He made a good throw, and got the loop around the bear's neck. When old cinnamon felt it get tight, what do you think he did? He just sat up on his haunches, felt of the rope with one paw, and then began pulling it in, hand over hand. There was a man and a horse fast to the other end of the rope, but they had to come, both of them. As for the hunter, he jumped down and got away, but the bear drew the pony right up to him, and killed him."

She Wanted a Baby.

A woman employed by a large dry goods firm in Chicago stole $110 from her fellow female clerks, spent $50 for baby clothes, and then went to the Foundlings' Home and begged a baby to fix up.

The other day Mr. M. Stewart returned to Tyrone after an absence of over twelve years in the West. During this time he was twice elected to the Colorado Legislature and also served a term as Superintendent of Schools, but lately has been in the mercantile business in Arizona Territory.

News Items.

The police of Lebanon arrest street performers.

Henry Ward Beecher is to lecture in Altoona on the 21st inst.

A Williamsport paper suggests a bounty for tramp scalps.

Reading has a woman who professes to visit the angels in a trance.

The salaries of Methodist ministers in California ranges from $60 to $4,000 a year.

Sarah Baller, who was burned at Lebanon by the explosion of a can of rose oil, is dead.

Every family in Boston is to be visited by religious workers, under the direction of Moody.

A new cattle disease is carrying consternation among the farmers in Montgomery county. The oxen and cows attacked swell up and exhibit many of the symptoms of distemper in horses.

Dr. John Hall says: Out of every hundred young men who enter our large cities with the dream of amassing a fortune by brain work, ninety-five make total failures.

A California grower has raised four thousand boxes of raisins, worth $8000, on twenty acres of land.

A Brighton, Mass., man writes the *Ploughman* that his flock of twenty-one white Leghorn pullets, between January 1 and October 1, 1876, laid 3,560 eggs, a daily average of over thirteen eggs in the nine months. They were not allowed to run at large.

William Rand, of Fayette, Vt, imprisoned a potato-bug in a glass case last fall, and it was found a day or two ago to have deposited 2,300 eggs.

Selden L. Jones, of Memphis, Tenn., and George H. Makely, of Little Rock, Ark., met at the latter place on Friday to fight a duel. Shots were exchanged, but the seconds had loaded the pistols with blank cartridges. Both parties were arrested.

Samuel Hoffman, of Columbia, while working on the edge of a stone quarry, made a misstep and fell to the bottom, a distance of sixty feet. He was picked up in a terribly bruised and bleeding condition, and is thought to have been fatally injured.

While D. Langfelt, of Baldwin, Dauphin county, with his little daughter, aged five or six years, were descending in the elevator, with other persons, from the top of a blast furnace, one hundred feet high, on Sunday a week, the little girl suddenly stepped aside and fell eighty feet feet to the ground, fracturing her skull. She died the same night.

John Harvey, a lad twelve years of age, engaged in blowing the bellows at Tyson's chrome pit, in Little Britain township, while ascending a ladder, slipped and fell a distance of about two hundred feet. He escaped with a fractured leg.

Henry Seymour, from Troy, New York, who has been confined in the jail at Memphis, sentenced to fifteen years' imprisonment for horse-stealing, was shot and fatally wounded on Friday night while resisting the attempts of the turnkey to search him, on suspicion of his having tampered with the door of his cell.

Mrs. William Morrison, of Holbrook, L. I., was bitten in the wrist by a dog two months ago. The wound was immediately cauterized, but on Monday a week Mrs. Morrison was seized with hydrophophia, and died on Wednesday night, after intense suffering.

Ex Governor Tilden was riding in his carriage on Monday afternoon at New York when the horses ran away. Mr. Tilden jumped out and escaped without any injuries. The horses were stopped after proceeding a short distance.

The entrails of sheep are now used for the manufacture of belting at Oakland, Cal. They make a very strong and durable bolt. They are first cleansed and soaked in brine for several days, and after that twisted into ropes or woven into belting.

The Alabama game law recently enacted prohibits the killing of any species of game from April 14 to October 1. It also prohibits the killing of wild ducks at night at any time of the year, and at any time or season with floats, blinds or other devices.

A family in Bedminster, Bucks county, has lost four children within a week from diphtheria.

Isaac N. Cox, the Bowdoin, Me., boy who killed his father, has been convicted of manslaughter.

The National Bank of Berwick will close its business. It cannot make any money.

A colony of San Francisco women have undertaken to solve the woman problem by buying a big farm and going to work.

Mrs. Butler, a fortune-teller, who was found dead in Franklin township, York county, and the cause of which has not yet been ascertained, is said to have become quite wealthy by plying her vocation among the people of that vicinity.

The broken German Bank of Morisiana wants to settle with its depositors for 25 cents on the dollar. What an encouragement to saving and economical habits it is to salt down dollar after dollar in one of these banks month after month and year by year and for every dollar put in get a whole quarter back again.

Reuben Kemmerer, of St. Clair, Pa., who has been missing from his home since April 5, was found dead near Silver creek dam on Friday, with his throat cut. It is not known how he came to his death, but the appearances indicate suicide.

A Gallitzin correspondent of the Altoona *Mirror* writes the following: There is a farmer living a couple of miles from this place, who once owned a team of three horses. About two or three weeks ago he "ran out" of feed for the horses, and turned them out to hunt something to eat. The last cold snap followed, and when he started to hunt for his horses he found them in a swamp, frozen in. He called some of his neighbors to his assistance, but he was compelled to build a fire around the horses to thaw them out. When he had succeeded in getting them loose they died.

The County Collectors in Berks are still behind on the taxes of 1876 about $43,000.

At a recent funeral of a young lady in Alton, Ill., the pall-bearer were young ladies, dressed in white and wearing crape sashes.

Two thousand persons went to the river at Williamsport on Sunday a week to see one person baptized.

News Items.

The assignees of the City Banking firm, at Harrisburg, will distribute about $50,000 to the depositers in June.

Thomas & Taggert, bankers at Coatesville, have closed their doors. Liabilities not stated.

The large locomotives which have been used on the eastern slope of the mountains between Altoona and Gallitzin, on the Pennsylvania Road, have been taken off. The ordinary engines do as well.

Thomas Swenk, an old merchant of Milton, has failed, with liabilities reaching $75,000 and assets of about 50 per cent of it.

Legal Notices.

ASSIGNED ESTATE of JAMES L. MOORE.

NOTICE is hereby given that James L. Moore and wife, of Fayette township, Juniata county, Pa., have made an assignment for the benefit of creditors, to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present them without delay to

LOUIS E. ATKINSON, *Assignee.*

April 14, 1877.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of David A. Doughman, dec'd.

WHEREAS Letters of Administration on the estate of David A. Doughman, late of the borough of Patterson, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will please present them properly authenticated for settlement, to

LOUIS E. ATKINSON,

April 18, 1877. *Administrator.*

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Estate of Evard Oles, deceased.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that Letters Testamentary on the estate of the late Judge Evard Oles, of Beale township, Juniata county, deceased, have been duly granted by the Register of Juniata county to the undersigned, residing in the boroughs of Mifflintown and Patterson, to whom, or to either of whom, all persons knowing themselves to be in any way indebted to the said estate, are required to make payment, and those having claims against said estate, will please present them without delay for settlement.

JACOB A. CHRISTY,
JAMES NORTH,
Executors.

April 18, 1877.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

PURSUANT to adjournment, the undersigned, Assignee of Isaac Snook, of the township of Delaware, county of Juniata, Pa., will, on

SATURDAY, MAY 12th, 1877,

at 2 o'clock P. M. of said day, by virtue of an order of sale for the payment of debts of said Assignor, expose to sale by public vendue, on the premises in township aforesaid, a Valuable Farm, containing

FIFTY ACRES,

more or less, having thereon erected a Log Frame

DWELLING HOUSE,

FRAME BANK BARN, Spring House and other outbuildings; the said tract of land or farm being bounded by lands of Nelson on the south, lands of John Detra on the west, lands of John McMeen on the north, and on the east by lands of Teston Benner. The buildings are new and in very good repair. The land is all under cultivation but about four acres, which are set in growing timber. The cleared land is in a fine state of cultivation, having been heavily limed once, and much of it twice. There is also a FINE ORCHARD on the premises, just arrived at full bearing condition. It contains the finest selection of apple trees, pear trees, peach trees, plum trees and other fruits. This farm is well watered, there being a never-failing spring of water and a flowing pump thereon, is situated on the public road leading from Mifflintown to Thompsontown, by way of Van Wert, is two miles distant from Thompsontown station of the P. R. R., and is located within one mile of public schools, churches, stores &c.

TERMS OF SALE.

Twenty per cent of the purchase money to be paid when the property is stricken down; thirty per cent. additional on the 1st day of July, 1877, and the balance of the purchase money (being one-half of the whole) on the 1st day of January, 1878, with interest thereon from day of sale. The two last payments to be secured by judgment bonds.

At the same time and place will be sold 11 Acres of OATS in the ground. Attendance will be given at the time and place above mentioned by

ROBERT McMEEN,
Assignee of Isaac Snook.

April 18, 1877.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of David H. Ubil, dec'd.

WHEREAS Letters of Administration on the estate of David H. Ubil, late Spruce Hill township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will please present them without delay to

JACOB ESH, *Adm'r.*,
Pleasant View P. O., Juniata Co., Pa.

April 11, 1877.

Prothonotary's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Pleasant View Saving Fund and Loan Association will make application to the Court for an amendment to its charter, on Wednesday, April 25, 1877, when all persons interested can attend if they see proper.

JACOB BEIDLER, *Prothonotary.*

Prothonotary's Office, Mifflintown, April 2, 1877.

Assigned Estate of John Benner.

WHEREAS John Benner, of Delaware township, Juniata county, Pa., and Amanda Eliza, his wife, by deed of voluntary assignment, have conveyed all the estate and effects of the said John Benner to the undersigned, in trust for the benefit of creditors, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said Assignor to come forward and make payment forthwith, and those having claims will present them, duly authenticated for settlement, to

ROBERT McMEEN,

March 29, 1877. Assignee.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Levi Van-Ormer, deceased.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Levi Van-Ormer, late of Fayette township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will please present them without delay to

LEWIS DEGAN, Adm'r.

April 4, 1877.

Executors' Notice.

Estate of William Pannebaker, deceased.

LETTERS Testamentary on the estate of William Pannebaker, late of Tuscarora township, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands are requested to make known the same without delay to

SAMUEL PANNEBAKER,
WILLIAM M. PANNEBAKER,

March 7, 1877. *Executors.*

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership between D. B. Spanogle and Henry J. Rite, under the firm name of D. B. Spanogle & Co., in the business of tanning, near East Waterford, Juniata county, Pa., expired on the 1st day of January, 1877, by limitation.

DAVID B. SPANOGLE.

March 28, 1877.

Legal Notices.

PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS, the Hon. BENJ. F. JUNKIN, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas for the 41st Judicial District, composed of the counties of Juniata and Perry, and the Honorables Noah A. Elder and Francis Bartley, Associates Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of Juniata county, have issued their precept to me directed, bearing date the 10th day of February, 1877, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, at MIFFLINTOWN, on the FOURTH MONDAY of APRIL, 1877, being the 23rd day of the month.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace and Constables of the County of Juniata, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at one o'clock on the afternoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations and over remembrances, to do those things that to their offices respectively appertain, and those that are bound by recognizance to prosecute against the prisoners that are or then may be in the Jail of said county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

By an Act of Assembly, passed the the day of May, A. D., 1854, it is made the duty of the Justices of the Peace, of the several counties of this Commonwealth, to return to the Clerk of this Court of Quarter Sessions of the respectives counties, all the recognizances entered into before them by any person or persons charged with the commision of any crime, except such cases as may be ended before a Justice of the Peace, under existing laws, at least ten days before the commencement of the session of the Court to which they are made returnable respectively, and in all cases where any recognizances are entered into less than ten days before the commencement of the session to which they are made returnable, the said Justices are to return the same in the same manner as if said act had not been passed.

Dated at Mifflintown, the 10th day of February, in the year of our Lord on thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven.

WM. D. WALLS, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's Office, Mifflintown, March 28, 1877.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of *Vend. Ex.*, and *Fi. Fa.*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Juniata county and to me directed, will be exposed to sale by public outcry, at the Court House, in the borough of Mifflintown, at 2 o'clock P. M., on FRIDAY, APRIL 20, 1877, the following described real estate, to wit:

A tract of land situated in Greenwood township, Juniata county, adjoining lands of George W. McElwee on the north, James S. Cox, Jesse Reed and others on the east, John S. Stroup on the south and John Dimm's heirs and Peter Wetzler on the west, containing 180 ACRES, more or less, and having thereon erected a Log and Frame Dwelling House, Bank Barn, Carriage and Corn House, Spring House, Log Stable and Blacksmith Shop; Also,

A tract of Woodland in same township, containing 40 ACRES, more or less, bounded on the west by John Dimm's heirs, on the south by J. J. Castles and others, and on the north by other lands of Samuel Stroup and Dimm's heirs. To be sold as the property of Samuel Stroup.

ALSO,

A tract of land situated in Milford township, Juniata county, adjoining lands of B. D. Kepner and Lewis Burchfield on the north, Jacob Lemon on the east, George Brillinger and Lewis Burchfield on the west and Lewis Burchfield and William Mitchell on the south, 13 ACRES, more or less, seven acres cleared, having thereon erected a Dwelling House, Grist Mill, Saw Mill, Stable and outbuildings. To be sold as the property of Peter H. Hawn.

ALSO,

A tract of land situated in Greenwood township, Juniata county, adjoining lands of J. and E. Butler on the north, William S. Zeiders and John Cox on the east, Samuel Stroup on the south, A. Zeiders and others on the west, containing 200 ACRES, more or less, 100 acres cleared, having a Log House, Bank Barn and other outbuildings thereon erected. To be sold as the property of George W. McElwee.

ALSO,

A tract of land situated in Walker township, Juniata county, adjoining lands of David Diven and John Gingrich on the north, public road and Philip Rank on the east, lands of Samuel Auker and public road on the south, lands of Moses Yoder and Jude Tyson on the west, containing 114 ACRES, more or less, about 90 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a Log-Frame House, Bank Barn, and other necessary outbuildings. To be sold as the property of Martin Weaver.

ALSO,

A lot of ground situated in the borough of Patterson, Juniata county, Pa., fronting 50 feet on south side of Main street, and extending northward at right angles with said Main street 110 feet to an alley, bounded on the east by lot of John Cunningham, and on the west by lot of E. J. Naugle, being lot No. 10 in the general plan of said borough, having thereon erected a two-story Frame Dwelling House, two one-story Store-Rooms, and Frame Stable. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Patrick McNiff.

ALSO,

A tract of Woodland situated in Beale township, Juniata county, Pa., bounded on the north and northwest by lands of William Miller, on the west by lands of John Robison, on the south by lands of Mrs. M. H. & S. C. Todd, and on the east by lands of John and Frederick Waldsmith, containing 200 ACRES, more or less. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Wallace Bratton.

W. D. WALLS, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's Office, Mifflintown, March 26, 1877.

LICENSE PETITIONS.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested that the following applications for License have been filed in the Prothonotary's office, in Mifflintown, and will be presented to the Court at April Sessions, 1877:

1. Petition of John E. Hollobaugh, for license to keep a Restaurant and Eating House in the borough of Mifflintown.
2. Petition of J. A. Newcomer, for license to keep an Inn at East Waterford.
3. Petition of John Hayes, for license to keep an Inn in the borough of Patterson.
4. Petition of John Foreman, for license to keep an Inn in the borough of Patterson.
5. Petition of James A. Murray, for license to keep an Inn, in the borough of Mifflintown.
6. Petition of Frank Shields, for license to keep an Inn, in the borough of Mifflintown.
7. Petition of Thomas Kirk, for license to keep an Inn, in Port Royal.
8. Petition of Ephraim C. Graybill, for license to keep an Inn, in Richfield.
9. Petition of John C. Moser, for license to sell spirituous, malt and brewed Liquors, in quantities not less than one quart, in the borough of Mifflintown.
10. Petition of Thomas Cox, for license to keep an Inn, in Greenwood township.
11. Petition of Mary Snyder, for license to keep an Inn, in the borough of Thompsontown.
12. Petition of Samuel Romberger, for license to keep an Inn, in Monroe township.
13. Petition of Thomas Rees, for license to keep a Restaurant and Eating House in the borough of Patterson.
14. Petition of John McManigle for license to keep a Restaurant and Eating House in the borough of Port Royal.
15. Petition of John Hayes, for license to keep a Restaurant and Eating House in the borough of Patterson.
16. Petition of Jacob Will, for license to keep an Inn, in the borough of Mifflintown.
17. Petition of Jacob Weiser, for license to keep an Inn, in Susquehanna township.

JACOB BEIDLER, *Prothonotary.*

PROTHONOTARY'S OFFICE, Mifflintown, March 27th, 1877.

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Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE

SPECIAL TAXES.

MAY 1, 1877, TO APRIL 30, 1878.

The Revised Statutes of the United States, Sections 3232, 3237, 3238, and 3239, require every person engaged in any business, avocation, or employment which renders him liable to a SPECIAL TAX, TO PROCURE AND PLACE CONSPICUOUSLY IN HIS ESTABLISHMENT OR PLACE OF BUSINESS a STAMP denoting the payment of said SPECIAL TAX for the Special Tax Year beginning May 1, 1877, before commencing or continuing business after April 30, 1877.

A return, as prescribed on Form 11, is also required by law of every person liable to Special Tax, as above.

The taxes embraced within the provisions of the law above quoted are as follows, viz:

Rectifiers	$200 00
Dealers, retail liquor	25 00
Dealers, wholesale liquor	100 00
Dealers in malt liquors, wholesale	50 00
Dealers in malt liquors, retail	20 00
Dealers in leaf tobacco	25 00
Retail dealers in leaf tobacco	500 00
And on sales of over $1,000, fifty cents for every dollar in excess of $1,000.	
Dealers in manufactured tobacco	5 00
Manufacturers of stills	50 00
And for each still manufactured	20 00
And for each worm manufactured	20 00
Manufacturers of tobacco	10 00
Manufacturers of cigars	10 00
Peddlers of tobacco, first class (more than two horses or other animals)	50 00
Peddlers of tobacco, second class, (two horses or other animals)	25 00
Peddlers of tobacco, third class, (one horse or other animal)	15 00
Peddlers of tobacco, fourth class (on foot or public conveyance)	10 00
Brewers of less than 500 barrels	50 00
Brewers of 500 barrels or more	100 00

Any person so liable, who shall fail to comply with the foregoing requirements will be subject to severe penalties.

Persons or firms liable to pay any of the Special Taxes named above must apply to C. J. BRUNER, Collector of Internal Revenue at Sunbury, Pa., and pay for and procure the Special-Tax Stamp or Stamps they need, prior to May 1, 1877, and WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE.

Special-Tax Stamps will be transmitted by mail only on receipt from the person or firm or firm ordering the same of specific directions so to do, together with the necessary postage stamps or the amount required to pay the postage. The postage on one stamp is three cents and on two stamps six cents. If it is desired that they be transmitted by registered mail, ten cents additional should accompany the application.

GREEN B. RAUM,
Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE, Washington, D.C., Jan 23, 1877.

New Advertisements.

THIS TRADE MARK ON EACH PLUG — CHEW—SMOKE MATCHLESS — FINEST Plug TOBACCO in the World. ASK FOR IT. TAKE NO OTHER. FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS IN PLUG. THE PIONEER TOBACCO CO. BROOKLYN, N. Y.

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$12 A DAY at home. Agents wanted.—Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

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