SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN

MIFFLINTOWN.

Wednesday, February 7, 1877.

B. F. SCHWEIER,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PRESIDENT GRANT sent a message to Congress in favor of specie payments.

THE lower House of Congress has again taken up the President's pay, and reduced it to $25,000.

LAST Thursday the counting of the electoral vote was begun. The States were taken alphabetically. The counting proceeded finely until Florida *was* reached, when four sets of returns were presented, three of them being for Tilden electors. Their case looks a good deal like that of a number of parties combined bidding for a contract.

IN Washington the strongest confidence prevails that the outcome of the electoral count will be the election of Hayes. In betting circles, the odds are two to one in favor of Hayes. The fact that Tilden is so plainly mixed up in the Oregon fraud, taints his character, so far as this is possible, and makes even respectable Democrats feel that he deserves defeat. The result will soon be known. —*Pittsburg Gazette.*

Prediident Grant's Message of Approval and the Bill to settle the Electoral Wrangle.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29, 1877.

To the Senate of the United States:

I follow the example heretofore occasionally presented of communicating in this mode my approval of the "act to provide for and regulate the counting of the votes for President and Vice President; and the decision of questions arising therefrom" because of my appreciation of the imminent peril to the institutions of the country from which, in my judgment, the act affords a wise and constitutional means of escape.—For the first time in the history of the country, under the constitution, as it now is, a dispute exists with regard to the result of the election of Chief Magistrate of the nation. It is understood that upon the disposition of disputes touching the electoral votes cast at the late election by one or more of the States depends the question whether one or the other of the candidates for the Presidency is the lawful Chief Magistrate. The importance of having clearly ascertained, by procedure regulated by law, which of the two citizens has been elected and having the right to this high office recognized and cheerfully agreed in by all the people of the republic, cannot be overestimated, and leads me to express to Congress and the nation my great satisfaction at the adoption of the measure that affords an orderly means of decision of the gravely exciting question.

While the history of our own country in its earlier periods shows that the President of the Senate has counted the votes and declared their standing, our whole history shows that in no instance of doubt or dispute has he exercised the power of deciding, and that the two houses of Congress have disposed of all such doubts and disputes, although in no instance hitherto have they been such that their decision could essentially have effected the result. For the first time, then, the Government of the United States is now brought to meet the question as one vital to the result, and this under conditions not best calculated to produce agreement or to induce calm feelings in the several branches of Government, or among the people of the country. In case, where as now, the result is involved, it is the highest duty of the law making power to provide in advance a constitutional, orderly and just method of executing the Constitution in this most interesting and critical clause of its provisions. The doing so, far from being a compromise of right, is an enforcement of right and an execution of the powers conferred by the Constitution on Congress. I think that this orderly method has been secured by the bill which, appealing to the constitution and law as its guide in ascertaining right provides the means of deciding questions of single returns through the direct action of Congress, and in respect to double returns by a tribunal of inquiry, whose decision stands, unless both houses of Congress shall concur in determining otherwise, thus securing a definite disposition of all questions of dispute, in whatever aspect they may arise. With or without this law, as all of the States have voted, and as a tie vote is impossible, it must be that one of the two candidates has been elected, and it would be deplorable to witness an irregular controversy as to which of the two should receive or which should continue to hold office

In all periods of history controversies have arisen as to the succession or choice of chiefs of States, and no party or citizen loving their country and its free institutions, can sacrifice too much of mere feeling in preserving, through upright course of law, their country from the smallest danger to its peace on such an occasion, and it cannot be impressed too firmly in the hearts of all people that true liberty and real progress can exist only through cheerful adherence to constitutional law.

The bill purports to provide only for the settlement of questions arising from the recent elections. The fact that such questions can arise demonstrate the necessity which, I can not doubt, will, before long, be supplied by permanent general legislation to meet cases which have not been contemplated in the Constitution or laws of the country. The bill may not be perfect and its provisions may not be such as would be best applicable to all future occasions; but it is calculated to meet the present condition of the question.

The country is agitated. It needs and it desires peace and quiet and harmony between all parties and all sections. Its industries are arrested, labor unemployed, capital idle and enterprise paralyzed. By reason of doubt and anxiety attending the uncertainty of a double claim to the chief magistracy of the nation, it wants to be assured that the result of the election will be accepted without resistance from the supporters of the disappointed candidate, and that its highest officer shall not hold his place with a questioned title of right. Believing that the bill will secure these ends, I give my signature.

U. S. GRANT.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, Jan. 29, 1877.

Witness Maddox from Louisiana.—Virtue.

Within the past week a great deal of testimony has been taken by the committees of Congress as to the election troubles in the Southern States. A man named Maddox and others from the State mentioned were on the stand. If their testimony is true, the returning board of Louisiana was eager to sell out to either the Republican or Democratic party, whichever one would pay them one million of dollars.

The witnesses say Secretary Cameron was applied to; he refused to have anything to do with the bad work. Hewitt was applied to; he refused to have anything to with it. Just how much truth there is in all the testimony is hard to tell. The counter swearing is terribly contradictory, and almost immense in quantity. Maddox said:

Mr. Wells stated that he would like to serve his party in making a return in favor of Hayes, but he would not take the risk unless he was paid for it. Mr. Wells said the majority was very heavy, and too much for him to handle, and that he did not know where to commence to throw out. He said the probability was he would have to throw out the vote of New Orleans on the ground, as witness thought he meant, of necessity. Mr. Wells asked him to go to Washington, see influential men and obtain protection for him, and also to see whether he could not get the required money to satisfy him. Mr. Wells said he ought to have $1,000,000

The witness showed to the President and Secretary Cameron the two letters addressed to him, by Governor Wells. He told the Secretary that Governor Wells wanted money, but the Secretary declined to have anything to do with the matter.

The first negotation failed. Governor Wells stated to witness that he wanted for himself and General Anderson at least $200,000 apiece and a smaller sum for the darkies or negroes of the Returning Board. When the witness returned to New Orleans he had communication with Governor Wells about the failure negotiation.

Governor Wells suggested that the witness should endeavor to make some arrangement with the Democrats. The witness made an effort in that direction, but did not succeed.

Witnesses, Wells and Anderson.

Governor Wells and General Anderson certified just to the opposite of Maddox before the Congressional Committee. Wells denied all Maddox said. The Democrats wanted to buy the Board, but could not. Anderson said:

A gentleman came to my room at 11 o'clock at night, Dr. W. A. Robeson a State Senator, and said to me there was an opportunity to make a good thing, and that I would insure the State for the Democrats; I replied that was a subject I did not wish to entertain; he asked me to think over it; I replied that it would be useless for me to do so, and before he left the room he exacted a promise of me to meet at the St. Charles Hotel at 6 o'clock next evening; I promised to meet him, in order to get rid of him; I did not meet him; he came to the board and called me out, inquiring why I did not meet him; I said I had forgotten, when he replied it was too important for me to forget; I said to him, "I do not want you to converse any further with me on the subject, and if you wish to retain my friendship you will never again mention it." Dr. Robeson was a Democratic Senator, and the conversation was on the 24th or 25th of November.

"The Mississippi Plan."

A dispatch from Washington under date of the 3d, says:

The investigation into the conduct of the late election in Mississippi was continued before the Senate committee on privileges and election this morning. J. T. Lecester, president of the Hines county Board of Registers, testified that there was a conference of the leading Democrats of Hines county held at Raymond a short time before the election, at which it was proposed to furnish one of the Democratic judges of election at each polling place in Hines county with a duplicate key to the ballot-box in their respective polling places. Witness furnished about fifteen of these duplicate keys to different men, all of whom were white men, and who, he thinks, were Democrats. He remembers that he slipped a small parcel into the vest pocket of one of the judges, remarking as he did so, "Here is something which may be of use to you." Witness does not remember who this man was. He tho't, however, that he was a man whom he (witness) could trust. In giving the keys to the judges witness did not tell them what use was to be made of them. He did not use one of the keys, and does not know that any of the judges did.

Henry Outlaw, of Aberdeen, Monroe county, Miss., testified that all the political meetings which the colored Republicans attempted to hold in his county during the late campaign were broken up by armed Democrats. Witness was at a meeting in Aberdeen during the month of September last, and at that meeting seventeen colored men were shot. Some of them were killed outright, and others were so seriously wounded that they have since died.

The Democrats had a practice of riding through Monroe county at night, taking colored men from their beds and whipping them, and he and many of his race had slept out of doors for several nights previous to the late election, to prevent being dragged from their homes and whipped. Witness was wounded in the shoulder by a bullet at a political meeting in September last.

On taking the witness stand Mr. Outlaw asked to be excused from testifying, for he said he should not dare return home if he told the whole truth.

Do not Want it at a Fancy Price.

The indefinite postponement of the bill to remove the Capital was much better than submitting to the voters of the State a proposition asking them to add to the debt of Philadelphia five or six millions of dollars. When the Commonwealth wants its seat of government here we will welcome it. If that time never comes we can stand it, and certainly don't propose to buy the honor at a fancy price.—*North American.*

The North Pole.

Captain Howgate's bill to establish a colony in the Polar regions for exploration has been favorable reported by the Committee on Naval Affairs and the project has received the endorsement of many prominent members of both branches of Congress. It is thought that the measure will pass next week. Secretary Robeson is warmly in favor of the bill and on its passage will take immediate steps to carry out its provisions and further the enterprise so that the expedition may set out at the earliest moment practicable.—*North American, Feb. 3.*

Repented, Confessed, Sent to Jail.

A man who had been acquitted of a charge of robbing an express company in Akron, Ill., attended one of Moody's meetings in Chicago, became converted, returned to Akron and confessed his guilt. The law does not allow of a new trial after an acquittal, but he was sentenced to three years, imprisonment for perjury in swearing, on the trial, that he was innocent.

What a Peddler did.

"A peddler called at the house of S. S. Chalfant, near Thornville, O., Friday evening, and obtained permission to lodge over night. During the night he chloroformed the entire family and ransacked the house, carrying off $900 in money and $35,000 in drafts. The robber was tracked to Lancaster, Ohio, but not apprehended."

A Tilden Reformer.

The Indianapolis *Journal* remarks that the latest specimen of Democratic reform is the catching of the Attorney General of that State in a gambling saloon and his giving the name of Smith at the station-house. He is a Tilden "reformer."

At Least a Dozen.

A minister was telling a young girl, who was about to become a bride, that she must remember that the man and wife are one. "Lord," said she, "if you were under my father and mother's window when they are quarreling you'd think there were at least a dozen."

A New Departure---A Priest Married.

A Roman Catholic priest of the city of New Orleans recently married, and that, too, with the sanction and endorsement of 1500 of his parishioners, and in spite of the opposition of oppressive occupants of the seats of power in that church.

Royalty and Freemasonry.

A despatch from London, under date of Feb 1st, says: The King of Sweden the Crown Prince and Prince John of Glucksburg have been initiated into Free Masonary. The ceremony was held in a newly-built hall, in the presence of 1,600 brethren, including delegations from England, Germany and France.

White and Black Marriages.

A Newport, R. I., dispatch says a bill passed on Wednesday by the House of Representatives, legalizing intermarriage between whites and blacks, was yesterday reconsidered, the vote being 37 yeas to 23 nays.

News Items.

Eggs are worth $1 a dozen in Arizona.

Chicago made fifty million pounds of soap last year.

Corn-cob pipes are the rage in New York City.

The peanut crop of Tennessee is 800,000 bushels.

A Doylestown pupil, when asked "Who is Governor of Pennsylvania?" promptly replied, "Christopher Columbus."

Now it is said that two ladies are bank directors, one at Peoria, Ill., and the other at Canton, Ohio.

John Dig, of Colorado, has married no less than six wives during the last two years, and in each case Dig has dug out and left them.

Fifty-seven thousand cattle are grazing in Cheyenne county, Nebraska.

There are now seven murderers confined in Pottsville jail: James Carroll, James Roarty, James Boyle, Hugh Monaghan, Thomas Duffy, Thomas Dunley, and last, but not least, Jack Kehoe.

Those who dance must pay the fiddler. A boy while coasting in Reading ran into a large sled, and had the flesh on one leg, from the ankle to the knee, stripped off to the bone.

Sixty sleds were counted at one time recently between Clarion and Elk City loaded with lumber.

A marriage recently took place in Centre county, by which a lady married her nephew and became mother to her niece and step-mother and aunt to her daughter-in-law; one uncle to her children becomes their grandfather, another brother-in law; their cousin becomes half-sister, and their nephew and niece now become brother and sister in law, and her brother in-law now becomes her father in law.

John H. Tritle, aged 19 years, a resident of Tod township, Fulton county, met with a strange accident on the 22d ult. He was playing ball on the school ground at Mercersburg, and while in the act of throwing the ball, the bone of his arm snapped off and the arm fell powerless by his side

A Filibustering Expedition is said to be organizing in the West, to take a slice off Mexico.

A $500 bill was recently dropped in the collection box of the Eleventh street Methodist Episcopal Church of Philadelphia.

A pipe is to be laid from an oil well about two miles from Bradford, and the gas used to light up the town at night.

Thousands of cattle are dying in Texas, the result of the prolonged drouth during the fall.

Lancaster county produces more seed leaf tobacco than any State in the Union.

The Penn'a railroad company are building 1000 coal cars at their shops in Altoona.

Passers of counterfeit money have been operating in Harrisburg.

Signor Blitz, the magician, died in Philadelphia, on Sunday, aged 67.

They have a man in Maine 106 years of age, who plays the fiddle and dances a jig.

A Wisconsin man has eleven children, five of whom have been perfectly bald ever since their birth.

News Items.

Johnstown has shipped two carloads of hoop-poles to Cuba.

The *Intelligencer* declares the city of Lancaster insolvent.

In Chicago nearly 8,000 children have been carried away by scarlet fever and diphtheria within three months.

What a ghastly joke it was naming that swindling Life Insurance Company in New York, "The Security."

It is strange that the counterfeit ten cent pieces cause more general alarm than the counterfeit $1000 bills.

The Harrisburg Car Manufacturing Company have a contract for building a number of cars for Barnum, the great showman.

Moses Oxenrider, of Berks county recently made the following preparations for the subsistence of his family. He killed a bullock weighing, dressed, 887 pounds, and five hogs weighing 2,276 dressed. He made 1,028 pounds of sausage, one of which weighed 33 pounds; 130 pounds of pudding, over 1,200 pounds of lard, besides a lot of scrapple. Moses must have a large family.

Mr. Jeremiah W. Andreas, of Berlinsville, Northampton county, is owner of a horse 39 years old.

A black eagle, weighing forty four pounds, was recently killed by a party of hunters near Monticello, Va., and only surrendered after both its wings had been broken and it had been pursued several miles by hounds and horsemen. It had on its neck when captured a brass collar, with "U. S." engraved upon it.

Mrs. Abigail Gage, wife of Rev. J. W. Gage, pastor of the U. B. church, of Union City, Erie county, died a few days ago from the effect of a dose of corrosive sublimate purposely swallowed. She left a note stating that she had been struggling all her life against a desire to take her own life, and that since the death of her child she could no longer resist it.

In a Cambridge (Mass.) evening school is a man of fifty seven learning to read, and one of forty working arithmetic.

The Pittsburg pickpockets are reaping the teetotal field with great success At one of Murphy's recent meetings one gentleman had $1900 stolen from his pocket.

At Keeneyville, in Tioga county, the other day, Edwin Mosier, a lad of twelve years, adopted a singular method to relieve a gun of a charge it had contained for a couple of years. Taking the barrel out of the stock he put the butt of it in the kitchen fire, with the muzzle pointing into the room. The little daughter of the family, Hattie, aged about three years, sat on the floor deeply interested in the operation and looking directly toward the fire. Very soon there was an explosion, and the little girl fell unconscious, the ball having struck her near the right temple and passed through the brain to the back of the skull, where it was afterwards found flattened against the bone. She died in two hours. The careless mother sat by and watched the whole performance.

A Man and his wife and six children residing near Honesdale, were recently poisoned by eating a pie that had been cooked in an imperfectly glazed plate. A father or mother who will cut a pie in eight pieces deserves punishment of some kind.

A San Francisco clerk paid $85 a month for his rooms, ate $3 dinners, and smoked 25 cent segars. The firm overhauled his accounts and found them $21,000 short.

The Fresno (Cal.) Expositor of the 17th of January says that a flock of wild geese, forming a solid column of birds seven miles in length, passed over that town the day before.

Charles Snyder was tried in Meadville two weeks ago and convicted of murder in the second degree. The crimes charged against him were beyond belief, being among other things, the murder of his illegitimate child, of which his daughter was the mother. The evidence as adduced showed that Snyder had put the child in a box before it was dead, and carried it off and buried it no one knows where, as no trace of it has ever been found.

Sixty-two foxes and two wild cats were killed in Dauphin county last year.

It has been discovered that a swindling scheme is on foot for obtaining unclaimed interest on the registered bonds by means of forged powers of attorney, the sharpers having previously obtained the numbers, amounts and owners' names of the bonds.

The St. Louis *Republican* claims that the wheat belt is shifting from the Northwestern to the Middle, Western and Southwestern States, and that the flour best suited to foreign commerce is made from wheat grown in Southern Illinois, Southern Missouri, Kentucky, Tennessee and Kansas, and to the list of States there will be speedily added Arkansas, Texas, Colorado, New Mexico and the Indian country.

At a Dunkard baptising near Green Tree on the Schuylkill, the preacher and a woman he was dipping would both have been drawn under the ice and drowned but for the timely aid of two of the spectators who rushed in and caught them.

Philadelphia brews 1,000,000 barrels of beer annually, valued at nearly $10,000,000.

Geo. Schlamp's pistol fell out of his pocket in Lehigh county last week, "went off," and George's lamp of life nearly went out.

Mrs. Dugan, of Harrisburg, draws a double pension—as the widow of two revolutionary soldiers.

Twenty three persons were immersed in the North Branch about four miles above Northumberland, Jan. 20th.

Pittsburg is over $14,000,000 in debt, and is talking temperance

Four persons, while coasting recently at Sunbury, met with an accident. One lady had her leg broken, another had her face dreadfully lacerated, and a boy had his skull fractured.

A terrible famine prevails in India, more than a half million of people subsisting on rations provided for them by the government; failure of crops, is the cause of the famine.

Mr. Isaiah V. Williamson has just given $5,000 to the Germantown Hospital to endow a free bed.

Mexico has paid $300,000 on account of her debts to the United States.

An organization has been started at Shamokin Dam, Northumberland county, with the title of the Fishermen's Association of Pennsylvania whose, object is to remedy the defects of the present fish law.

Legal Notices.

RECEIPTS & EXPENDITURES

OF THE

COUNTY OF JUNIATA,

From the 7th day of January, 1876, to the 31st day of December, 1876, inclusive:—

1876. ROB'T. E. PARKER, *Treas.*	Dr.
Jan. 7.	
To cash rec'd from S. H. Showers, late treasurer	$ 1965 83
" outstanding county tax's	13222 80
" outstanding State taxes	1992 01
" amt of taxes levied for 1876	26737 64
" amt. of money rec'd from Jas. Deen for County Bonds sold during the year 1876	29650 00
" cash rec'd from J. Beidler, Prothonotary, for verdict fees	80 00
" cash rec'd from Mifflin county, costs on suit in which there was a change of venue, (by James Deen)	117 88
" cash received from E. W. H. Kreider, fines	5 00
" cash from Overseers of Milford township, (per Jas Deen)	46 28
" cash from same	39 40
" cash from J. Lyons, Assignee of C. B. Bartley	23 12
" cash from Snyder county, share of expense of building bridge at Judge Wiser's	42 68
	$72622 67
Jan. 1, 1877, To bal. due county,	$613 79
1876. CONTRA,	Cr.
Dec. 31.	
By amt. of Commissioners' orders paid, issued prior to 1876	$ 387 06
" Do. Do., issued in 1876	52746 02
" amt. of road view certificates paid	265 08
" State tax paid, asper receipt,	1420 16
" Percentage on same	14 34
" Exonerations allowed	892 97
" Percentage allowed Collectors	170 50
" Voucher of J. M. Garman, Co. Supt., on account of Teachers' Institute	165 00
" Outstanding taxes	15172 72
" Treasurer's salary	775 00
" Balance due county	613 79
	$72622 67
1876. WM. H. KNOUSE, *Sheriff.*	Dr.
Jan. 7, To balance due county	$ 8 00
Dec. 31, to verdict fees	80 00
	$ 88 00
Jan. 1, 1877, To bal. due county	$ 88 00
1876. CONTRA.	Cr.
Dec. 30, By amt. paid Treasurer by Jacob Beidler	$80 00
Dec. 31, By balance due county	8 00
	$88 00

STATEMENT OF OUTSTANDING TAXES in the hands of the several Collectors January 1, 1877:

Collectors.	Districts.	Yrs	Amount
J C Beale	Beale	1875	$ 619 93
S M Beale	Tuscarora	1876	968 16
Joseph Barner	Susquehan'a	1876	377 58
John Conn	Spruce Hill	1875	104 87
Wi. Clark	Beale	1876	1017 46
M'D Dougherty	Lack	1875	125 40
Jacob Fisher	Greenwood	1876	321 45
John N Howe	Mifflintown	1875	271 24
Wm Kenawell	Walker	1876	2378 50
S F Ludwig	Tuscarora	1875	34 99
C A Lauver	Monroe	1875	247 77
S M'Laughlin	Spruce Hill	1876	807 31
J B Meloy	Milford	1876	1132 89
J Burns Marley	Patterson	1876	479 84
Jas R Marley	Fermanagh	1876	941 55
Wm McConnell	Monroe	1876	454 01
Joseph Nipple	Greenwood	1874	251 65
W H Nelson	Thomps'nt'n	1876	60 77
Caleb Parker	Mifflintown	1876	375 08
Absalom Rice	Lack	1873	69 27
W H Rutherford	Port royal	1876	484 25
L Schrader	Fermanagh	1875	22 47
Philip Smith	Lack	1876	764 91
George Shivery	Fayette	1876	1750 81
C G Shelly	Delaware	1876	710 68
J. Winegardner	Fayette	1875	265 78

Amount standing out	$15172 72

All of which is respectfully submitted.

LEWIS DEGAN,
JOHN F. ALLEN,
GEORGE W. HUFFMAN,
Auditors.

County Auditors' Room, Mifflintown, January 5, 1877.

STATEMENT OF ORDERS DRAWN by the Commissioners of the County of Juniata, on the Treasurer thereof, from the 1st day of January, 1876, up to the 1st day of January, 1877, as taken from the records in the Commissioners' Office:

Miscellaneous.

County auditors and auditors' clerk	$74 00
Jacob A Christy, auditing county offices for the year 1876	15 00
Jno M'Nulty, janitor at court house	145 00
Wm F Snyder, tables and chairs for court house	25 50
Abraham Leister, overpaid taxes for 1873	16 58
James Robison, for tables, blackboard, &c	40 50
Ephraim Lauver, overpaid taxes	2 12
B F Batman, balance on repairing fence	50 00
John E Dobbs, overpaid taxes	9 50
E D Parker, attorney fees	175 00
Samuel Buck, Juniata Agricultural Society	100 00
Amos & Bonsall, return judge to Chambersburg	23 40
Robert McMeen, return judge to Lewistown	4 30
Boyers & Kennedy, coal for 1876	237 60
Alexander Speddy, for court crying	88 65
James Murray, for boarding jurors	106 50
Jury Commissioners and clerk	85 00
Jacob A Christy, balance counsel County Commissioners for 1875	10 00
Jacob A Christy, counsel fee for County Commissioners for 1876	50 00
D. Partner, collector's percentage.	84 45
B Kerchner, " "	220 69
O P Barton, " "	44 83
David Bossert, " "	88 19
D K Sniouff, " "	37 61
W A Wright, " "	34 76
John Jenkins, " "	40 19
Israel Wetzler, " "	12 00
Jno Karstetter, " "	41 51
B F Crozier, " "	59 16
John E Dobbs, " "	82 41
Jas McMeen, " "	149 74
J C Beale, " "	82 41
Eph Lauver, " "	122 49
Jesse Reed, " "	14 76
Jos Desinger, " "	224 44
P M Kepner, " "	33 70
J J Castles, " "	20 66
Jacob Forney, " "	76 06
J A Rice, " "	87 52
John Conn, " "	78 28
S F Ludwig, " "	82 89
Benj. Kerchner, abatement on tax	2 67
W H Nelson, " "	10 99
Wm McConnell, " "	17 55
John A Rice, " "	75 96
Wm Kenawell, " "	115 35
Samuel McLaughlin, " "	59 04
J B Marley, " "	19 20
C G Shelly, " "	42 83
J A Rice, " "	21 76
J B Marley, " "	71 00
Caleb Parker, " "	59 63
James R Marley, " "	71 48
Other small bills of sundry persons amounting in the aggregate to	249 50
Total	$3830 23

Constables' and Justices' Fees in Commonwealth Cases

E W H Kreider, S S Wilson, and others	$253 68

Commonwealth Witnesses.

S G Davis and others	$ 506 62

Coroners' and Justices' Inquisitions.

David A Doughman and others	$ 72 50

Public Buildings.

J F Hummel and others	$ 48 49

Jurors' Pay—Grand and Petit.

S H Showers, David Diven and others at February term, 1876	$ 761 71
Wm Metrick, John F Allen and others at February term, 1776	294 24
Jas Beale, S B Bartley and others at April term, 1876	484 72
Cyrus Hench, Elias Crawford and others at September term, 1876	847 34
S S Pannebaker, William Hart and others at December term, 1876	609 30
Total	$2997 31

County Bonds Redeemed.

Wm C Pomeroy and others	$34545 00

Assessors.

Aaron Leiby and others	$ 492 00

Constables' Returns and Tipstaves.

John M Stutts and others	$ 358 34

Wild Cat, Fox and Mink Scalps.

Lewis A Landis and others	$ 223 95

Western Penitentiary.

Paid to Edward S Wright, warden of Western Penitentiary	$ 69 40

State Lunatic Hospital.

Paid to John A. Wier, treasurer, for maintenance, &c., of Margaret Brackdill	$ 211 64

County Prison.

W H Knouse, sheriff, boarding prisoners, fees, &c	$ 314 61
W H Knouse, for keeping tramps	896 00
Total	$1210 61

Road Damages.

Joseph Rothrock, executor of R C Gallaher, dec'd, and others	$ 172 00

Interest Paid on County Bonds, &c.

John Book, Edmund S Doty, and others	$3255 29

Printing

Bonsall & Jackman, public printing, election blanks, &c	$ 408 40
B F Schweier, public printing, election proclamation, &c	277 32
Total	$685 72

Stationery.

Wm Mann, docket and stationery	$ 92 68
F L Hutter, township duplicates, &c	141 27
Total	$233 95

Bridges—Old and New.

King Iron Bridge Company, new bridge near Dimm's mill	$ 620 60
J T Dimm & Brother, new bridge near Dimm's mill	604 62
George Reynolds, new bridge near McClure's, in Tuscarora twp	63 15
Peck & Williamson, repairing old bridge in East Waterford	81 00
Wm Hench, repairing old bridge at Port Royal	12 00
J G Kennedy, repairing old bridge at East Waterford	20 00
G L Weimer, repairing old bridge near Hertzler's in Turbett twp	12 25
Jacob Snioufl, repairing old bridge near Cuba Dam, in Fermanagh township	104 73
Jonathan Weiser, repairing old bridge at Weiser's mill, in Susquehanna township	85 36
W H Cavehy, repairing old bridge at Cocolamus, in Fayette twp	30 00
A B M'Knight, repairing old bridge at Thompsontown	12 00
Geo S Conn, repairing old bridge near McCulloch's, in Tuscarora township	4 34
George McCulloch, repairing old bridge near McCulloch's in Tuscarora township	72 36
S F Ludwig, repairing old bridge near McCulloch's, in Tuscarora township	41 55
David Guss, repairing old bridge near Hertzler's, in Turbett twp	2 50
Bogantreat, repairing old bridge at Thompsontown	50
Total	$1767 01

Commissioners' Office.

Jas McLaughlin, Commissioner's fees	$ 162 00
David B Cox, Commissioner's fees	201 28
W H Groninger, Commissioner's fees	149 18
James Deen, clerk to County Commissioners	480 00
Total	$ 992 46

Public Offices.

Robert McMeen, district attorney fees	$ 15 00
Alfred J Patterson, district attorney fees	80 00
I D Wallis, prothonotary	22 25
Jacob Beidler, "	115 39
Total	$ 232 64

General and Spring Elections.

William H McAlister and others, judges, inspectors, clerks, &c., of elections, spring and fall	$ 691 41

Recapitulation.

Miscellaneous	$3830 23
Constables' and justices' fees in commonwealth cases	253 68
Commonwealth witnesses	506 62
Coroners' and justices' inquisitions	72 90
Public Buildings	48 49
Jurors' pay—grand and petit	2997 31
County bonds redeemed	34545 00
Assessors	492 00
Constables' returns and tipstaves	358 34
Wild cat, fox and mink scalps	223 95
Western penitentiary	69 40
State lunatic hospital	211 54
County prison	1210 64
Road damages	172 00
Interest	3255 26
Printing	685 72
Stationery	233 93
Bridges—old and new	1767 01
Commissioners' office	992 49
Public offices	232 64
General and spring elections	691 41
Total	$52850 56

WE, the Commissioners of the county of Juniata for the year 1876, in compliance with the law, do publish the foregoing, as a full statement of the receipts and expenditures of the county aforesaid, for the year 1876.

Given under our hands at the Commissioners' office, in Mifflintown, this 19th day of January, 1877.

JAMES McLAUGHLIN,
D. B. COX,
WM. H. GRONINGER,
Commissioners.

Attest: JAMES DEEN, *Clerk.*

In addition to the foregoing statement of the Receipts and Expenditures of the County of Juniata for the year 1876, I herewith publish the following as showing the indebtedness of the County of Juniata on the first day of January, 1877, as ascertained by the County Auditors on examination of the same on the 9th day of January, 1877, to wit:

Aggregate amount of outstanding county bonds with interest on the 1st day of January, 1877	$53697 60	
Outstanding county orders on Jan. 1, 1877	87 84	
		$53785 44
From which deduct amount of outstanding taxes in the hands of collectors on the 1st of Jan'y, 1877	$15172 72	
Bal. in hands of treasurer, Jan. 1, 1877	613 79	
Bal. in hands of Sheriff Knouse	8 00	
		$15794 51
Indebtedness of county Jan. 1, '77		$37990 93

Respectfully, &c.,

JAMES DEEN, *Clerk.*

Commissioners' Office, Mifflintown, Jan. 30, 1877.

Notice is Hereby Given,

To all persons who are indebted to the undersigned on his books, or on matured paper, to come forward and make prompt payment on or before the 15th day of FEBRUARY, 1877, as after said date collections will be made in pursuance of law.

JOHN W. MUTHERSBAUGH.

February 7, 1877.

SOLOMON SEIBER,

Will visit Mifflin and Patterson every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings and will furnish the citizens of these boroughs with the best of

BEEF, VEAL, MUTTON, PORK, &c.

at the very lowest prices. He respectfully solicits the patronage of the public.

Legal Notices.

NOTICE OF APPEALS.

THE County Commissioners will hold Appeals on the triennial assessments for the year 1877, at the following times and places, to wit:

For the borough of Port Royal, at the Public House of John McManigal in Port Royal, on Monday, February 12, 1877.

For the township of Turbett, at the public house of John McManigal in Port Royal, on Tuesday, February 13, 1877.

For the township of Beale, at the public house of Gideon Hableman in Johnstown, on Wednesday, February 14, 1877.

For the township of Tuscarora, at the public house of J A Newcomer in East Waterford, on Thursday, February 15, 1877.

For the township of Lack, at the public house of John A Newcomer in East Waterford, on Friday, February 16, 1877.

For the township of Spruce Hill, at the Spruce Hill school house in said township, on Saturday, February 17, 1877.

For the township of Fayette, at the public house of W W Sharon in McAlisterville, on Monday, February 19, 1877.

For the township of Monroe, at the public house of R C Graybill in Richfield, on Tuesday, February 20, 1877.

For the township of Susquehanna, at the house of H K Frymoyer in said township, on Wednesday, February 21, 1877.

For the township of Greenwood, at the public house of Thomas Cox in said township, on Thursday, February 22, 1877.

For the borough of Thompsontown and the township of Delaware, at the public house of Mrs. Snyder in Thompsontown, on Friday, February 23, 1877.

For the township of Walker, at the school house in Mexico, on Saturday, February 24, 1877.

For the township of Milford, at the public house of John Hayes in the borough of Patterson, on Monday, February 26, 1877.

For the borough of Patterson, at the public house of John Hayes, in said borough, on Tuesday, February 27, 1877.

For the township of Fermanagh, at the Court House in the borough of Mifflintown, on Wednesday, February 28, 1877.

For the borough of Mifflintown, the court house in Mifflintown, on Thursday, March 1, 1877.

The County Commissioners will be in session at the above times and places from 9 o'clock A M to 3 o'clock P M. The assessors of the townships and boroughs will be required to attend in their respective districts on the above days.

JAMES McLAUGHLIN,
D. B. COX,
W. H. GRONINGER,
Commissioners.

Attest:
JAMES DEEN, *Clerk.*

Commissioners' Office, Mifflintown, Jan. 29, 1877.

Notice to Justices of the Peace.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE are hereby notified that hereafter they must certify that the animals killed were *full grown*—whether foxes, wild-cats or munks—that hereafter premiums will only be paid upon full grown animals. Any Justice of the Peace issuing a certificate of any other character, will be prosecuted for a misdemeanor, because there is no premium on the scalp of an animal not full grown in Juniata county. By order of the Board of County Commissioners.

JAMES DEEN, *Clerk.*

Jan. 13, 1877.

County Bonds for Sale.

THE County Commissioners hereby give notice that we are prepared to renew County Bonds, and also to sell a limited number of New Bonds, to procure money to meet Bonds coming due. Said Bonds to be at 5 per cent. interest. By order of the Board of County Commissioners.

JAMES DEEN, Clerk.

Dec. 8, 1876.

Executor's Notice.

Estate of John Hostetler, deceased.

WHEREAS Letters Testamentary on the estate of John Hostetler, late of the borough of Thompsontown, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will please present them properly authenticated for settlement, to

JOHN C. HOSTETLER, *Executor.*

Jan 31, 1877.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

AT

J. B. M. TODD'S,

PATTERSON, PA.

I have just returned from Philadelphia with a full line of

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

Men's Suits, $3.50, $5.00 to $20.00. Boys' Suits, $2.50, $4 50 to $10.00.

A full line of the

MOST FASHIONABLE HATS,

at low prices. A complete assortment of Ladies' Best Shoes, at $1.25 and upwards. A full line of Children's Shoes. I have also a full line of Ladies' Hose, Handkerchiefs, &c. Also, a large stock of

GROCERIES.

Arbuckles' Coffee 30c. Mackeral, No. 1, $2.50 per ½ bbl.

I am now selling SEWING MACHINES at WHOLESALE PRICES. I will sell you any kind of a machine at

TWENTY PER CENT. LESS

than they are usually sold. Leave your orders, and you can have any kind you want.

J. B. M. TODD.

Patterson, May 17, 1876.

ACTIVE AGENTS, GENTLEMEN OR Ladies, wanted *instantly* to introduce a splendid book,

THE CENTENNIAL EX