SENTINEL & REPUBLICAN

MIFFLINTOWN.

Wednesday, June 28, 1876.

B. F. SCHWEIER,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Republican National Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT,

RUTHERFORD B. HAYES,

OF OHIO.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

WILLIAM A. WHEELER,

OF NEW YORK.

Republican Primary Election.

The qualified members of the Republican party of Juniata county are requested to meet at the usual places of holding elections, in the respective districts, on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 19, 1876,

at 2 o'clock P. M., and after the election of a Judge and two clerks, by ballot, during the first 30 minutes, proceed to vote, by ballot, for the nomination of

One person for Congress,
One person for Senator,
One person for Representative,
One person for Register and Recorder,
One person for Sheriff,
Two persons for Associate Judges,
One person for Jury Commissioner,

Also, "For" or "Against the proposed amendment to Article one of the Crawford County System," limiting the time of announcements to two weeks instead of four weeks prior to the Primary Election.

The polls to remain open until 7 o'clock P. M., after which the votes shall be publicly counted, and all the papers taken possession of by the Return Judges, who shall meet in Convention at the Court House, in the borough of Mifflintown, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 21, 1876,

at 1 o'clock P. M., to return, add up the votes so polled, and announce the result, and to transact such other business pertaining to their office as may devolve upon them.

By order of the Committee.

J. P. STERRETT, Chairman.

Attest:

WM. M. ALLISON, Secretary, *pro tem.*

Mifflintown, June 10, 1876.

Shutting Up Shop.

The Democratic House of Representatives has unintentionally furnished several hints toward retrenchment and reform during its seven months' session. It was, however, on Fridry last that it really touched bottom, when it proposed to save a few thousands by abolishing the Signal Service—for that, in effect, is what it proposed. It was not even original in that. It borrowed the idea from the wag who advertised in many papers that, upon the receipt of the trifling sum of one dollar, he would impart to the sender the valuable information, "how to save rent." As business was not very brisk or remunerative and rents rather high, he received a good many dollars. His valuable recipe for saving rent was this: "Shut up shop!" There was not among all the applicants for information one so confoundedly stupid as to refuse to see the point. To the mariner who cannot comprehend the barometer that instrument is useless and represents an extravagant outlay. To the average Indian of the Plains the costly appointments of a first-class observatory must seem a fearful waste of money. To the man who does not know enough to go indoors when it rains the Signal Service must appear a costly extravagance. The average Democratic Congressman cannot see any use for the Signal Service. Only twice in his uneventful life has he ever seen any use for an army—once during the war with Mexico, and again during the great and fearfully destructive campaign of General Albert Sidney Johnson against the Mormons. We have obtained our will as regards Mexico, and the Mormons, remembering the punishment inflicted upon them by General Johnson, have voted the Democratic ticket ever since. In addition, the famous brigade of mule contractors is revelling in the loot of that campaign and is satisfied. There is no more slavery, therefore no demand for slave territory. The Mormons are all in harmony with Democratic policy, and there are therefore no more Mormons to conquer.

And really there is not much more for that Democratic house to do. It has abolished the colored brigade. It has cut down the pay of the men who do our little fighting. It has endeavored to convert our navy into a fleet of fishing smacks. It has saved a few dollars here and a few dimes there. Still it has not done the real thing. We advise it to do the real thing and then go home and pettifog its little cases before the local courts. The real thing to do is to shut up shop. Abolish the army. Abolish the navy. Abolish the mails. Abolish the civil service. Maintain the high courts, of course, because some of these fifth-rate lawyers who are funny, if anything will by and-by want to take the case of Peter Jones versus the town pump up there and argue it for a month. Let the judges be honorary; and in order that they may not starve let them be rich. Abolish the salary of the President. And as the poor devils who are intent upon saving the the expense of carrying on the government cannot expect to return, they may as well abolish Congress. The people would be very much obliged to them were they to do that. And as there will be no money to waste after the civil service shall have been abolished, perhaps it will be as well for them to abolish the national debt. Think of the interest charges, gentlemen. And then reflect that had there been no Democratic party there would have been no national debt to speak of. The debt is a reproach to the Democratic party. Just as the colored regiments hurt its feelings, the debt reminds its leaders of their sins. Therefore, in the interest of peace and sound sleep, and as an invitation to pleasant dreams, abolish the debt.

We are aware that the present House has done the Republican party many good turns, but it is rather costly. The Republicans have got a good start and may be left to take care of themselves. If the House can find nothing else for which to adjourn it might do so out of respect to the late Mr. Knott, the late Mr. Springer, and the late master Tarbox. Mr. Speaker pro tem Cox might do worse than tell off the Democratic members into their divisions and assign to them the pensive duty of escorting the remains of those unfortunate gentlemen to their former homes. The appropriation bills can wait. So long as they do not pass there can be no expenditure of public moneys after the 30th day of June. It is the best way. Shut up shop. We not only govern too much, but it costs too much to maintain a government. A government should rest in the affections of the people—any other exists for sordid reasons. There are hundreds who would be glad to take the place just vacated by Mr. Bristow without pay. Thousands would pay a handsome bonus for the privilege to sit in Mr. Treasurer New's chair. There is hardly a place where money is to be handled which cannot be filled by men who will take their chances of starving without any salaries whatever. —*North American.*

The Business Outlook.

From the Springfield Republican.

The woolen trade, like the cotton manufacture, has had a great trade sale and set a basis for future action. About $800,000 worth of woolen goods were thrown into last hands by this sale and are now passing under the tailor's shears, whence they ought to reappear in clothiers' prices even lower than those now current. These great sales fill the market for the time being, and the cotton manufacturers, discouraged by the probability of a general omission of dividends on the 1st of July, talk of a concurrent suspension of the production of print cloths and some other staples for a month. The Sprague mills have closed, throwing 10,000 operatives out of employment. The iron industry seems to be having more of a revival than almost any other. There continues to be general groaning in the pig iron manufacture, but we notice that the manufacturers yielded to the puddlers recently on a strike at Pittsburg, rather than close their works. Trade in some specialties is brisk—particularly in screws, in wire manufacture, the Washburn works at Worcester having a business fully up to last year's. About 25,000 tons of iron rails were ordered of American makers in May, one-half of them for Tom Scott's Texas Pacific road. Meantime our manufactures are being pushed abroad with considerable activity—American agricultural implements now have their excellent qualities advertised by many of the largest dealers in England. There will be a continued convalescence of business through the current year, and by the time the election is out of the way and a new administration, with no financial doubts, is inaugurated we shall be ready to enter on a new epoch of healthy industry.

An Indictment.

On Friday a week the Grand Jury of the District of Columbia returned indictments against Richard Harrington and Arthur B. Williams, each for bribery. The first named is charged with having on the 12th of October, 1873, while Assistant United States Attorney, received the sum of $15,000 to have his decision and action on a proceeding pending before him influenced in the matter of a motion for a new trial, filed by one Hope H. Slatter, and that he did ask and receive such sums therefor. The second indictment charges that A. B. Williams did give the sum of $15,000 to Harrington as a bribe to influence his action in the case referred to above. Hope H. Slatter is endorsed as a witness. Williams appeared before Judge McArthur and gave bail in the sum of $5000.

An Abductor Sentenced.

"CHARLES SALA, a Spaniard, who was arrested a short time ago, charged with the abduction of a little girl named Katie Vienot, was tried in New York on the 20th inst. He was found guilty, and Recorder Hackett sentenced him to the State Prison for ten years.

Ratification.

There was an immense ratification meeting at Washington a few evenings ago. A vast multitude of people, headed by a band, marched to the residence of Mr. Blaine, and asked that gentleman to come to the door. His appearance was received with deafening rounds of applause, after which he addressed his friends as follows:

FELLOW REPUBLICANS: The condition of my health forbids that I should address you at length, and I fear my weak voice may fail to reach any considerable portion of the large crowd to whom I am so much indebted for the compliment of this call.

Let me say in brief that I heartily join with you in ratifying the nomination of Hayes and Wheeler. (Applause.) I know both the candidates well and have known them long. They are true and tried, honest and competent, strong and popular. I do not believe it was possible for the National Convention to present a more acceptable ticket to the great mass of American voters and I have no doubt of its triumphant election in November. To that great result your efforts and mine will, I am sure, be devoted with the most earnest zeal.

If I may be permitted to refer to the connection of my own name with the Republican nomination, let me say, gentlemen, that I look back upon it with pride and satisfaction—(immense enthusiasm)—with not one tinge of regret at the final result. I owe much to the true friends who so faithfully supported me, and I am sure that I do not entertain the slightest feeling of unkindness toward those who opposed me. I hope I can go further and say that out of all fierce conflicts of the past half year, I do not this moment cherish a trace of ill will or uncharitable feeling toward any political opponent. (Applause.)

Let us look forward hopefully to the future for the peace and prosperity of the American people, wisely guarded by a Republican administration of the Government, which shall be just to all sections and all citizens of our common country.

Thanking you again, gentlemen, for the honor of your call, I bid you a cordial good night. (Long and continued applause, and cries of "Go on.")

THE Secretary of the United States Treasury—Mr. Bristow—has resigned the office.

The Maine Republican State Convention recommend Blaine for the United States Senatorship, made vacant by Morrill going into the Cabinet.

LOT M. Morrill, U. S. Senator from Maine, is the new Secretary of the Treasury, in place of Mr. Bristow, resigned. Already the country is casting up for the successor of Mr. Morrill. Blaine is talked of for the place.

BOLD ROBBERIES EXPOSED.

The Leader Denounced by a Jealous Woman—The Son of a Wealthy Pennsylvanian Implicated — His Arrest and Subsequent Escape.

ROSEVILLE, Pa., June 20.—Great excitement prevails in this place over developments that have implicated the son of the wealthiest resident of the village as the leader in a series of bold outrages and robberies that have been committed here during the past year or so. In May, 1875, a blacksmith named Monroe, who had just been paid $3,500—a legacy—was surprised at midnight in his house by three masked men, who by threats and torture compelled him to hand over the whole of the above amount. No trace of the robbers could be found. A few months later the office of Webber's extensive tannery was broken into, the watchman bound, the safe blown open, and $30,000 abstracted. A detective was set to quietly work up the case, but, after three months' search, found no clue that could be followed. In February last five men, masked, effected an entrance into the house of Francis Beilman, an old German miser, living a mile out of the village, and by the most fiendish torture—they burning the old man with wisps of straw and holding him over a fire, and subjecting him to other cruel treatment—compelled him to deliver up to them $1,000. The perpetrators of the crime escaped detection, and the residents were forced into a feeling of insecurity.

About the 1st of June a fashionably-dressed young woman got out of the stage at this place and inquired the way to a justice's office. She was directed to Esquire Tomlinson's. She gave her name to him as Lottie Sargent, and said that she desired to give him some information as to the robberies that had been committed in Roseville. She said that for three years she had been the mistress of Charles Webber, son of Mr. Webber, the Roseville tanner, and Superintendent of that concern. In the winter of 1875 he was at her house in Philadelphia, and spoke of the fine chances there were in Roseville for burglary, if she only had the points to work from. Miss Sargent effected a meeting between young Webber and a man known as "Trusty Jack" Edgell, a professional burglar. This resulted in Edgell's visiting Roseville, and the planning by Webber and him of the robberies that followed. The woman produced three letters from Webber, dated at Roseville, in which he gave the details of the robberies to her. She made affidavit to the statement. The Justice, before taking official action in the matter, sent for Mr. Webber, Sr. He came to the office, and the affidavit of the woman was read to him. He was thunderstruck, but dispatched a messenger for his son. The latter answered the summons, but on seeing the woman in the Justice's office turned and tried to escape. On being confronted with her and her evidence he acknowledged the truth of her statements. He was placed under arrest, and his father went his bail to appear for a hearing. Since then he has disappeared, and his father has refunded the sums stolen of Monroe and Beilman. The woman was to appear on Thursday last with other evidence, but she did not come, and it is charged openly that she has been bought off. She made the disclosure because of jealousy, Webber having cast her off for a woman named Grey. The exposure here creates more excitement here because young Webber, who is but twenty-five years old, is a leading member of the church, and was considered a model young man in every respect.

ONE of the fashionable mansions of New York lately sold by the sheriff, has a romantic history. It is situated on the east side of Madison Square, nearly opposite the Fifth Avenue Hotel, and is one of the most expensive and pretentious dwellings in the city. Its occupants have been among the best known people in fashionable society, and all have met with misfortune while in this brown stone palace. It was erected just before the rebellion, by George Leupe, a leading hardware merchant, who had the reputation of having made a large fortune. His wife and daughters were prominent in fashionable society and he built a house to suit their tastes. The commercial disasters of 1861 made him a bankrupt, and he committed suicide in his palace before it was completed. The story was then current that his ghost nightly haunted the building, and for this reason or because of the cost of maintaining such an establishment, it was for some time without a tenant. At last it was taken by the Athanæum Club, whose members feared neither ghosts nor expense, but their reign was of short duration. The club went out, and the sheriff went in. The house was then purchased by Mr. Barreda, a wealthy South American, the Peruvian Minister to the United States, who had made a large fortune in guano. He was a leader in society and had a magnificent villa at Newport, one of the most elegant at that famous watering place. He remodeled the New York house, at an expense of about $100,000, but before the improvements were completed, purchased an equally elegant mansion on Fifth Avenue, into which he removed. The Madison Square house was accordingly labeled "to let," and its first occupant was Peter Lorillard Ronalds, generally known as "Pete," whose beautiful wife, for several years after her marriage, led American society in Paris. Among other conquests, she was said to have made a captive of the Emperor, who greatly admired her beauty and talents. When they returned to New York Mr. and Mrs. Ronalds made the "Barreda Mansion" the centre of fashionable society. Its receptions and entertainments were of the most elaborate character. The master of the mansion drove his four-in-hand, and so did his wife—four beautiful well-trained ponies and a phaeton which were the admiration of the Avenue and Central Park. Their fancy ball given in the winter of 1866 7 was the sensation of the season. But there was a skeleton in the closet which money, fashion and gayety could not conceal. The apparently happy couple separated, and the "Barreda mansion" again wanted a tenant. It was rented for $17,500 a year, by Mr. Delancey Kane, a New York millionaire, the father of Col. Kane, who has lately acquired some notoriety as the driver of the Pelham four horse coach. He died in the house about three years ago, so that misfortune in some shape has overtaken all its occupants. Lately the owner has suffered financial reverses, and the property of the "Guano King" has all come under the hammer, the Newport villa and the city mansions. The purchaser of the Madison Square house is said to be robust in health and strong in pocket. He got it at a bargain, and it is to be hoped may enjoy it undisturbed by ghosts, skeletons or misfortunes.—*Ex.*

National Liberal League.

An anti-orthodox religious organization expect soon to hold a Congress in Philadelphia, under the name of "National Liberal League." We republish the following, from a circular issued by the organization. The reader can judge of the moral and religious merits and demerits of the League for himself:

"A Centennial Congress of Liberals' is to be convened at Concert Hall, Philadelphia, July 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th, for the purpose of organizing a National Liberal League—about fifty local Liberal Leagues having been already organized during the past three or four years in different parts of the country. The general object of these Leagues is to accomplish the total separation of Church and State, by repealing all laws which exempt church property from taxation, permit Bible-reading and worship in the public schools, enforce a Sabbatarian observance of Sunday, and so forth. Over $1,700 have been paid in to defray the expenses of this convention, and more than five hundred certificates of membership have been already issued. Francis E. Abbot, editor of the Boston *Index*, is the chairman of the committee of arrangements. A vigorous agitation in favor of strictly secular government, State and National, will be undoubtedly initiated. Addresses will be made by James Parton, B. F. Underwood, Charles F. Paige, Mrs Carrie Burnham Kilgore, Francis E. Abbott, and others.

News Items.

Moody is down in Connecticut.

Illinois has 2,000,000 cows and 200 cheese factories.

Mr. Ira Faucher says that the world will come to an end before or on July 4.

The salmon put into the Connecticut river two years ago are now from four to six inches in length.

Peleg G. Collins, a school teacher, committed suicide in South Kingston, R. I., on Friday a week, by hanging.

Almost the entire crop on French Broad River, Tennessee, has been destroyed by the recent freshet.

Eleven tons of cucumbers for Northern digestion were shipped from Jacksonville, Fla., a few days ago.

Titusville, Pa., recently sent a man to jail for sixty days for sounding a false alarm of fire on the city fire bell.

Frank Webber, a night herder, was killed by Indians, on the 15th inst., near Sydney Crossing, on the Platte river. His horse and revolver were taken by the savages.

The Supreme Court of New York has decided that bank depositors are not subject to assessment for taxation.

A torpedo factory at Greenville, N. J., exploded on the 21st inst., and killed two boys.

In Mesopotamia, a country a long distance away, the "real plague" prevails to an alarming extent.

A. J. Williams, one of the Luzerne county commissioners charged with bribery, plead guilty, at Wilkesbarre, on the 23d inst., and was sentenced to pay a fine equal to the amount of bribes received.

Sixty men employed in the Erie shops, at Port Jervis, were discharged on the 22nd inst.

London society is in a fever of excitement over the elopement of a young Nobleman's wife with a tailor's son.

A Centennial jubilee took place in Reading, Pa., on the 20th inst., marked by a procession three miles in length and a celebration at Lauer's Park, in which 8000 persons participated.

George Knight was convicted of murder in the fourth degree, on the 20th inst., in New York for stabbing Joseph Bennett, from the effects of which the latter died. Knight was sent to the State prison for one year, with hard labor.

Mr. Adin, who killed his wife, stepdaughter, and Mrs. Benton, in December last, was hanged at Cleveland on the 22nd inst. He maintained to the last that the deed was unpremeditated.

Mrs. M. R. Pittiplace, wife of the pastor of the Second Advent Church, Lowell, Mass., has presented serious charges against her husband. A committee at once walked upon the accused, who, taken by surprise, confessed the truth of the charges.

Two immense cheeses, made in Buffalo, N. Y., one of twelve and another of fourteen tons weight, have been built on platform cars, upon which they will be kept during the entire Centennial Exhibition. They are ten or twelve feet high, and are bound with iron hoops one inch thick.

An unknown man was detected in the effort to fire the Catholic church at Houtzdale, Pa., on Friday night a week. He escaped. This is the same church in which a contractor was killed and thirty persons were injured on Sunday, the 18th inst., by the floors giving way.

On Sunday night a week a number of men, supposed to belong to "The Circassian League," set fire to a Chinese cabin, occupied by three Chinamen, near Truckee, California. As the Chinamen ran out they were fired upon by the mob, and one was instantly killed and another seriously wounded. It is said that about forty shots were fired.

Joseph S. Neville committed suicide in a cell of the Jersey City prison on Saturday a week, by severing the veins and arteries of his left arm, nearly cutting the limb from his body. He had been committed for swindling emigrants, was a native of Natick, Massachusetts, and was very respectably connected. At one time he owned a drug store at Millstone, New Jersey.

A boy ten years of age was terribly gored by a bull on the farm of Jonathan Cornell, Northampton township, Bucks county, on Sunday a week. He died next day. Mr. Cornell had taken the lad from the almshouse last spring.

A despatch from Muskegee, Illinois, under date of the 21st inst., says: The most terrible hail storm ever known in this section passed over the South Canadian river yesterday morning. The course of the storm was from west to east and varied in width from a half to two miles. Timber was blown down, trees entirely stripped of leaves, and every species of vegetation in its track destroyed. All the glass in dwellings and passing trains was broken. At seven o'clock in the morning cars could have been loaded with hail stones the size of hen's eggs, and at three o'clock in the afternoon they still covered the ground. The damage done is immense and cannot now be estimated.

Rev. Mr. Breidenbach, of Philadelphia, performed the rite of circumcision recently upon a son of S. L. Reese, of Lancaster, in the presence of a large company.

Six Baltimore policemen have been dismissed for abetting robberies.

Seven members of the Boston bar have been convicted of crimes within a year.

In five States the law of hanging has now been abolished. These are, with the dates of their abolition, as follows: Michigan, 1846; Rhode Island, 1852; Wisconsin, 1853; Iowa, 1872; Maine, 1876.

The bears in the neighborhood of Bethel Vt., are so troublesome that it is proposed to celebrate the "Fourth" by a grand bear hunt.

Mrs. Carnoyle of Breckinridge county, Ky., has a child five years old whose body appears to be absolutely boneless. Although well developed in every particular, its limbs can be literally tied in a knot.

While William Whitman and Uriah Sheets were bathing in the canal, about two miles below Middletown, on Thursday evening, the former was seized with cramps and was drowned. The body was recovered.

The Tipton (Ind.) *Republican* relates this shocking story: "Yesterday morning, at about 8 o'clock, Bax. Short, Doc. Berty and Pleas Hackleman were working in the sawmill near the depot, and, while in the act of turning the log preparatory to sawing on the opposite side, Bax.'s handspike slipped, throwing him on the saw, which was in motion, cutting his head completely off, his head falling on one side and his body on the other, lifeless."

Last evening, between five and six o'clock, a boy named Harry Howlett, aged seven years, whose parents reside at Parkesburg, Chester county, and who has been visiting a family named Kirby, residing in Adams avenue, near Liberty street, was drowned in the river at the water house wharf. He in company with another boy about his age, visited the wharf and were washing in the water at the wharf, which had partly covered it. He stepped over the outer wall where the water is eight or ten feet in depth and was drowned before any person could go to his assistance.—*Harrisburg Telegraph, June 23.*

A despatch from Denver, under date of June 22d, says: J. W. Ileff has arrived here from the locality of the Indian troubles down the Platte, and says the reports of 100 men being killed near Sidney, Neb., also fifteen below Greeley, are false, and originated from a report of three men being killed two weeks ago. None have been killed since. The Indians in small parties are stealing stock. Advices from Custer City say that a large number of Sioux braves have deserted from Sitting Bull and Crazy Horse and are now on their way to other reservations on the south. The same despatch says that a miner recently from Detriot, named Wilson, was shot and scalped while temporarily separated from his party. The Indians are now principally upon the defensive, and are not so aggressive as formerly.

New Advertisements.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

THE public are hereby notified that the partnership heretofore existing between Y. D. Yoder and Brothers, of Fermanagh township, Juniata county, Pa., has been dissolved by mutual consent.

Y. D. YODER & BROTHERS.

June 28, 1876.

Prothonotary's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following named persons have filed their Assignees' accounts in the Prothonotary's office of Juniata county, and the same will be presented for confirmation and allowance at the Court House in Mifflintown, at the August term of adjourned court, August 15, 1876:

The first and partial account of Reuben Leonard, Assignee of Samuel Leonard.

The first and final account of John Jamison, Assignee of Amos Graybill.

The account of Wm. Udsh, Assignee of George Singer.

JACOB BEIDLER, *Prothonotary.*

PROTHONOTARY'S OFFICE, Mifflintown, June 28th, 1876.

MEAT!

MEAT!!

The undersigned have commenced the Butchering business in the borough of Mifflintown.

BEEF,
VEAL,
MUTTON,
and PORK

can be had every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings at their meat store at the residence of Mr. Howe, on Cherry street. Their wagon will also visit the residence of citizens the same mornings. Kill none but the best of stock, and sell at fair prices. Give us a trial.

HOWE & ETKA.

June 28, 1876-tf

Executors' Notice.

Estate of Lewis Evans, deceased.

LETTERS Testamentary on the estate of Lewis Evans, late of Fayette township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands are requested to make known the same without delay to

J. D. LONGACRE,
LEWIS DEGAN,
Executors.

June 14, 1876.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Jacob Swymler, deceased.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Jacob Swymler, late of Fayette township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will please present them without delay to

JOSIAH SWYMLER,
Administrator.

June 14, 1876.

Notice to Tax-Payers.

THE Commissioners of the county of Juniata hereby give notice that no more County Bonds will be issued and sold by them at present, as we consider that we have funds enough for all necessary purposes. We also give notice to collectors of *County and State Taxes* for the year 1876, that they allow the tax-payers of the county an abatement of 6 per cent. on all taxes paid by them previous to the first day of September, 1876, and such collectors will be required to settle their respective *Duplicates* in full within one year from date of same.

The Commissioners will be at their office in Mifflintown on the second Tuesday of every month, to transact any business connected with said office. By order of Commissioners.

JAMES DEEN, Clerk.

Commissioners' Office, Mifflintown, May 30, 1876.

Large stock of ready made clothing of the latest and choicest styles, for men and boys, hats, caps, boots and shoes, notions, furnishing goods in endless variety for sale at Samuel Strayer's, in Patterson.

New Advertisements.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

There will be many, who resorted to the fashionable minerable mineral springs in bygone years, whose pockets will not permit them to leave this year, as all must visit the Centennial. We advise such to buy TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT, drink it, get good from it, save money, and visit Philadelphia. A word to the wise is sufficient.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

$12 A DAY at home. Agents wanted.—Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

A GREAT OFFER! During this month we will dispose of 100 new and second-hand PIANOS and ORGANS of first-class makers, including WATERS', at lower prices than ever before offered. New 7 octave Pianos for $260 boxed and shipped. Terms $40 cash and $10 monthly until paid. New 5 octave 4 stop Organs with book closets and stool, warranted for $100—$20 cash and $5 monthly until paid. Illustrated catalogues mailed. Agents wanted

HORACE WATERS & SONS,
481 Broadway, N. Y.

$77 PER WEEK GUARANTEED to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and OUTFIT FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Terms free. Address GEO. STINSON & Co., Portland, Me.

LAND FOR SALE.

60,000 ACRES OF FARMING AND TIMBER LANDS; near the great Kanawha River, in Putnam county, West Virginia, in quantities to suit purchasers. Soil good, water pure and abundant, timber excellent; churches, schools and mills convenient; title perfect. Price $3 to $8 per acre. Terms accommodating. Send for full description to J. L. McLEAN, Winfield, Putnam Co., W. Va.

STILL GREATER REDUCTION

—IN THE—

PRICES OF TEETH!

Full Upper or Lower Setts as Low as $4

No teeth allowed to leave the office unless the patient is satisfied.
Teeth remodeled and repaired.
Teeth filled to last for life.
Teeth extracted without pain, by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, always on hand.

Owing to the hard times, I will insert full single sets teeth, of the very best kind, for $10.00.

Toothache stopped in five minutes without extracting the tooth, at the Dental Office of G. L. DERR, established in Mifflintown in 1860.

G. L. DERR,
Practical Dentist.

Jan 24, 1872.

NEW DRUG STORE.

BANKS & HAMLIN,

(Belford Building,)

Main Street, Mifflintown, Pa.

DEALERS IN
DRUGS AND MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, DYE STUFF, PAINTS OILS, VARNISHES, GLASS, PUTTY, COAL OIL, LAMPS, BURNERS, CHIMNEYS, BRUSHES, HAIR BRUSHES, TOOTH BRUSHES, PERFUMERY, COMBS, SOAPS, HAIR OIL, TOBACCO, CIGARS, NOTIONS, STATIONERY
LARGE VARIETY OF

PATENT MEDICINES,

Selected with great care, and warranted from high authority.

☞ Purest of WINES AND LIQUORS for medical purposes.

☞ PRESCRIPTIONS compounded with great care. [June 22-tf.

PUMPS!

PUMPS!

PUMPS!

Pumps, lighter heavy, made to order. Cucumber Wood Pumps always on hand. These guaranteed never to freeze in Winter. Wood, Iron, Terra Cotta, or Lead Water Pipe put down on short notice

☞ Repairing promptly attended to.

Please give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined to sell at the very lowest prices.

Call on or address

WM. NOBLE, Port Royal,
or, FRANK NOBLE, Mifflintown.

mar22-8m

JUNIATA VALLEY BANK.

MIFFLINTOWN,
JUNIATA COUNTY, PENN'A.

GEORGE JACOBS, President.
T. VAN IRVIN, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

George Jacobs, H. H. Bechtel, John Balsbach, J. W. Frank, Amos G. Bonsall, Jerome N. Thompson, Joseph Rothrock.

August 4, 1875-tf

SILVER PLATED WARE.

Electro-Plated Table Ware,

AND

ORNAMENTAL ART WORK

IN GREAT VARIETY,

MANUFACTURED BY THE

MERIDEN BRITANNIA COMPANY,

550 Broadway, New York.

The best Plated SPOONS and FORKS are those Silver Plated heaviest on the parts where necessarily the most wear comes, and bearing the Trade Mark,

1847—Rogers Brothers—XII.

N. B.—This great improvement in Silver-Plated Spoons and Forks is applied alike to each grade of Plate, A 1, 8 and 12 oz., as ordered. The Process and Machinery for manufacturing these goods are Patented. The Extra or "Standard Plate" made by this Company is stamped A 1, simply, and is plated 20 per cent. heavier than the ordinary market standard.

☞ First Premiums awarded at all Fairs where exhibited, from World's Fair of 1852 to American Institute Fair, 1874, inclusive.

mar15-6m

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Wm. Woodward, deceased.

WHEREAS Letters of Administration on the estate of William Woodward, late of Tuscarora township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will please present them without delay to

NICHOLAS ICKES, *Adm'r.*

May 31, 1876.

Sentinel and Republican $1.50 a year

New Advertisements.

HEALTH AND ITS PLEASURES,

or

Disease with its Agonies!

CHOOSE BETWEEN THEM.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

Nervous Disorders.

WHAT is more fearful than a breaking down of the nervous system? To be excitable or nervous in a small degree is most distressing, for where can a remedy be found? There is one:—drink but little wine, beer, or spirits, or far better, none; take no coffee,—weak tea being preferable; get all the fresh air you can; take three or four Pills every night; eat plenty of solids, avoiding the use of slops; and if these golden rules are followed, you will be happy in mind and strong in body, and forget you have any nerves.

Mothers and Daughters.

If there is one thing more than another for which these Pills are so famous, it is their purifying properties, especially their power of cleansing the blood from all impurities, and removing dangerous and suspended secretions. Universally adopted as the one grand remedy for female complaints, they never fail, never weaken the system, and always bring about what is required.

Sick Headaches and Want of Appetite.

These feelings which so sadden us, most frequently arise from annoyances or trouble, from obstructed perspiration, or from eating or drinking what is unfit for us, thus disordering the liver and stomach. These organs must be regulated if you wish to be well. The Pills, if taken according to the printed instructions, will quickly restore a healthy action to both liver and stomach, whence follow, as a natural consequence, a good appetite and a clear head. In the East and West Indies scarcely any other medicine is ever used for these disorders.

How to be Strong.

Never let the bowels be either confined of unduly acted upon. It may appear singular that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for a run upon the bowels, many persons supposing that they would increase relaxation. This is a great mistake, however; for these Pills will immediately correct the liver and stop every kind of bowel complaint. In warm climates thousands of lives have been saved by the use of this medicine, which in all cases gives tone and vigor to the whole organic system, however deranged,—health and strength following as a matter of course. The appetite, too, is wonderfully increased by the use of these Pills, combined in the use of solid in preference to fluid diet. Animal food is better than broths and stews. By removing acrid, fermented, or other impure humors from the liver, stomach or blood, the cause of dysentery, diarrhœa, and other bowel complaints is expelled. The result is, that the disturbance is arrested, and the action of the bowels becomes regular. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the bowels so quickly as this fine correcting medicine.

Disorders of the Kidneys

In all diseases affecting these organs, whether they secrete too much or too little water; or whether they be afflicted with stone or gravel, or with aches and pains settled in the loins over the regions of the kidneys, these Pills should be taken according to the printed directions, and the Ointment should be well rubbed into the small of the back at bedtime. This treatment will give almost immediate relief when all other means have failed.

For Stomachs out of Order.

No medicine will so effectually improve the tone of the stomach as these Pills; they remove all acidity, occasioned either by intemperance or improper diet. They reach the liver and reduce it to a healthy action; they are wonderfully efficacious in cases of spasm—in fact they never fail in curing all disorders of the liver and stomach.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known to the world for the following diseases:

Ague,	Inflammation,
Asthma,	Jaundice,
Bilious Complaints,	Liver Complaints,
Blotches on the Skin,	Lumbago,
Bowel Complaints,	Piles,
Colics,	Rheumatism,
Constipation of the Bowels,	Retention of Urine,
Consumption,	Scrotula, or King's Evil,
Debility,	Sore Throat,
Dropsy,	Stone and Gravel,
Dysentery,	Secondary Symptoms
Erysipelas,	Tic-Douloureux,
Female Irregularities	Tumors,
Fevers of all kinds,	Ulcers,
Fits,	Venereal Affections,
Gout,	Worms of all kinds,
Headache,	Weakness from any cause, &c.
Indigestion,	

CAUTION!—None are genuine unless the signature of J. HAYDOCK, as agent for the United States, surrounds each box of Pills and Ointment. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

*** Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY & Co., New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, in boxes at boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents, and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box. [apr26, '76-1ycow.

Philadelphia & Reading Railroad.

Arrangement of Passenger Trains.

JUNE 14th, 1876.

Trains leave Harrisburg as follows:

For New York at 5 20, 6 15, 8 10 a. m. 2 00 and *7 40 p.m.

For Philadelphia at 5 20, 6 15, 8 10, 9 45 a. m., 2 00 and 3 50 p. m.

For Reading at 5 20, 6 15, 8 10, 9 45 a. m., 2 00, 3 50 and 7 40 p. m.

For Pottsville at 5 20, 8 10 a. m., and 3 50 p. m. and via Schuylkill & Susquehanna Branch at 2 40 p. m.

For Allentown at 5 20, 6 15, 8 10 a. m., 2 00, 3 50 and 7 40 p. m

The 5 20, 8 10 a. m., 2 00 and *7 40 p. m. trains have through cars for New York.

The 6 15, 8 10 a. m. and 2 00 p. m. trains have through cars for Philadelphia.

SUNDAYS.

For New York at 5 20 a. m.

For Allentown and way stations at 5 20 a. m.

For Reading, Philadelphia and way stations at 1 45 p. m.

Trains for Harrisburg leave as follows:

Leave New York at 8 45 a. m., 1 00, 5 30 and *7 45 p. m.

Leave Philadelphia at 9 15 a. m., 3 40, 5 25, 6 05, 7 10 and 7 45 p. m.

Leave Reading at 4 40, 7 40, 11 20 a. m., 1 50, 6 15, 8 00, 9 35 and 10 35 p. m.

Leave Pottsville at 6 00, 6 45, 9 00 a. m. and 4 35 p. m., and via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Branch at 8 05 a. m.

Leave Allentown at 2 30, 5 50, 8 55 a. m., 12 20, 4 30 and 9 00 p. m.

The 2 30 a. m. train from Allentown and the 4 40 a. m. train from Reading do not run on Mondays.

SUNDAYS.

Leave New York at 5 30 p. m.

Leave Philadelphia at 7 10 p. m.

Leave Reading at 4 40, 7 40 a. m. and 10 35 p. m.

Leave Allentown at 2 30 a. m. and 9 00 p. m.

*Via Morris and Essex Railroad.

JOHN E. WOOTTEN,
General Superintendent.

THE SENTINEL AND REPUBLICAN has no superior as an advertising medium in this county, and as a journal of varied news and reading it is not surpassed by any weekly paper in central Pennsylvania.

Drugs & medicines at Banks & Hamlin.'s

New Advertisements.

LIFE, GROWTH, BEAUTY.

London Hair Color Restorer.

London Hair Color Restorer.

Not a Dye; makes harsh hair soft and silky; cleanses the scalp from all impurities, causing the hair to grow where it has fallen off or become thin.

Can be applied by the hand, as it does not stain the skin or soil the finest linen. As a Hair Dressing it is the most perfect the world has ever produced. The hair is renovated and strengthened, and natural color restored without the application of mineral substances.

Since the introduction of this truly valuable preparation into this country, it has been the wonder and admiration of all classes, and as it has proved to be the only article that will absolutely, without deception, restore gray hair to its original color, health, softness, lustre and beauty, and produce hair on bald heads of its original growth and color.

This beautiful and fragrantly perfumed article is complete within itself, no washing or preparation before or after its use, or accompaniment of any kind being required to obtain these desirable results.

HERE IS THE PROOF

OF ITS

SUPERIOR EXCELLENCE.

Read this Home Certificate, testified to by Edward B. Garrigues, one of the most competent Druggists and Chemists of Philadelphia, & man whose veracity none can doubt.

I am happy to add my testimony to the great value of the "*London Hair Color Restorer.*" which restored my hair to its original color, and the hue appears to be permanent. I am satisfied that this preparation is nothing like a dye but operates upon the secretions. It is also a beautiful hair dressing and promotes the growth. I purchased the first bottle from Edward B. Garrigues, druggist, Tenth and Coates streets, who can also testify my hair was quite gray when I commenced its use.

MRS. MILLER,
No. 730 North Ninth street, Phila